

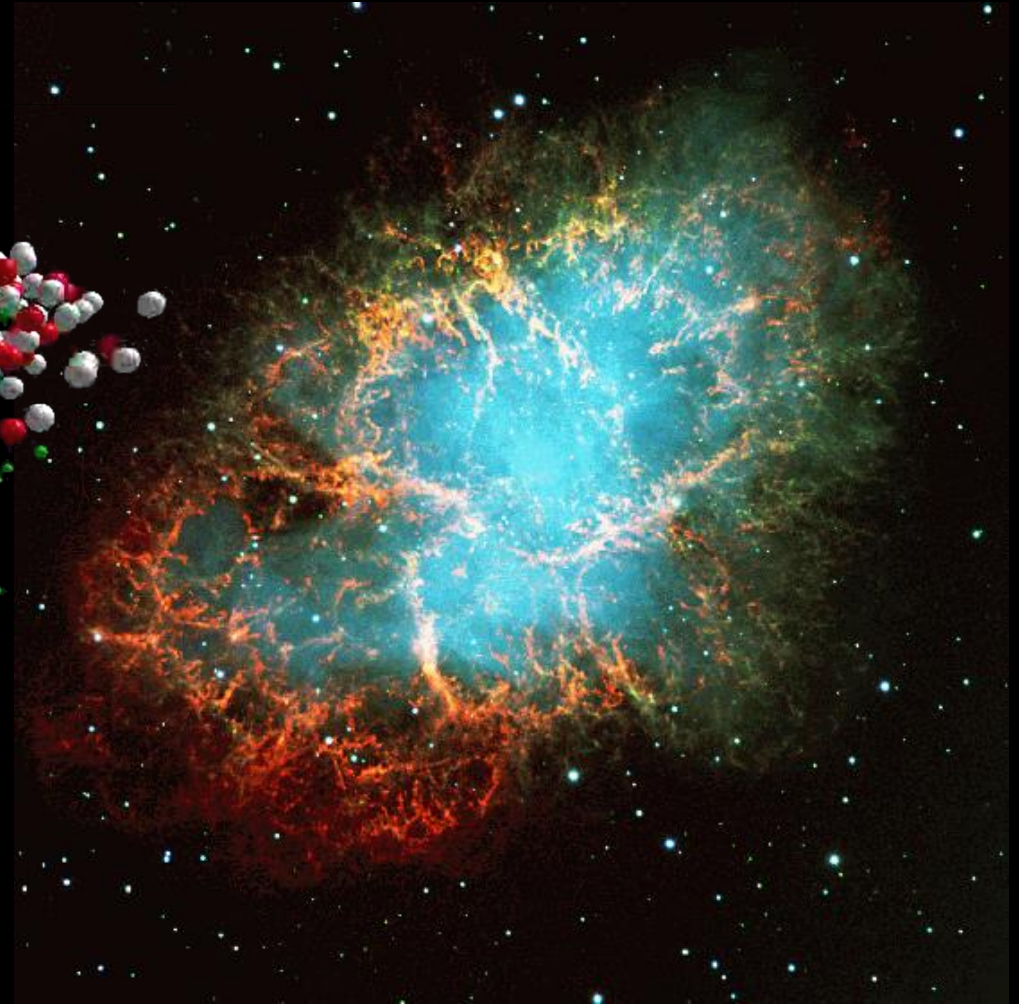
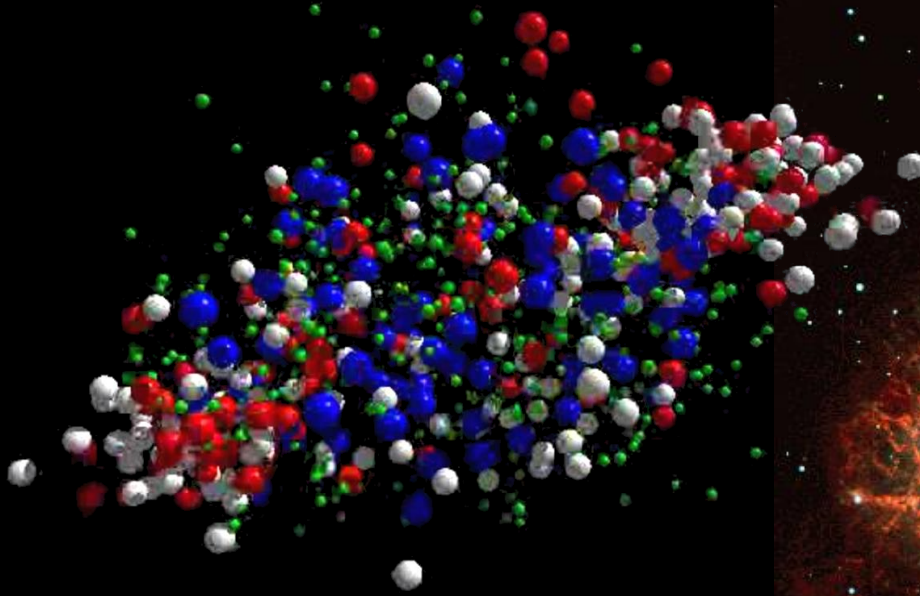
Status of the CBM Experiment at FAIR and its Silicon Tracking System

- *Compressed Baryonic Matter: The physics case*
- *Status of experiment preparation*
- *The Silicon Tracking System*
- *Funding and timeline*

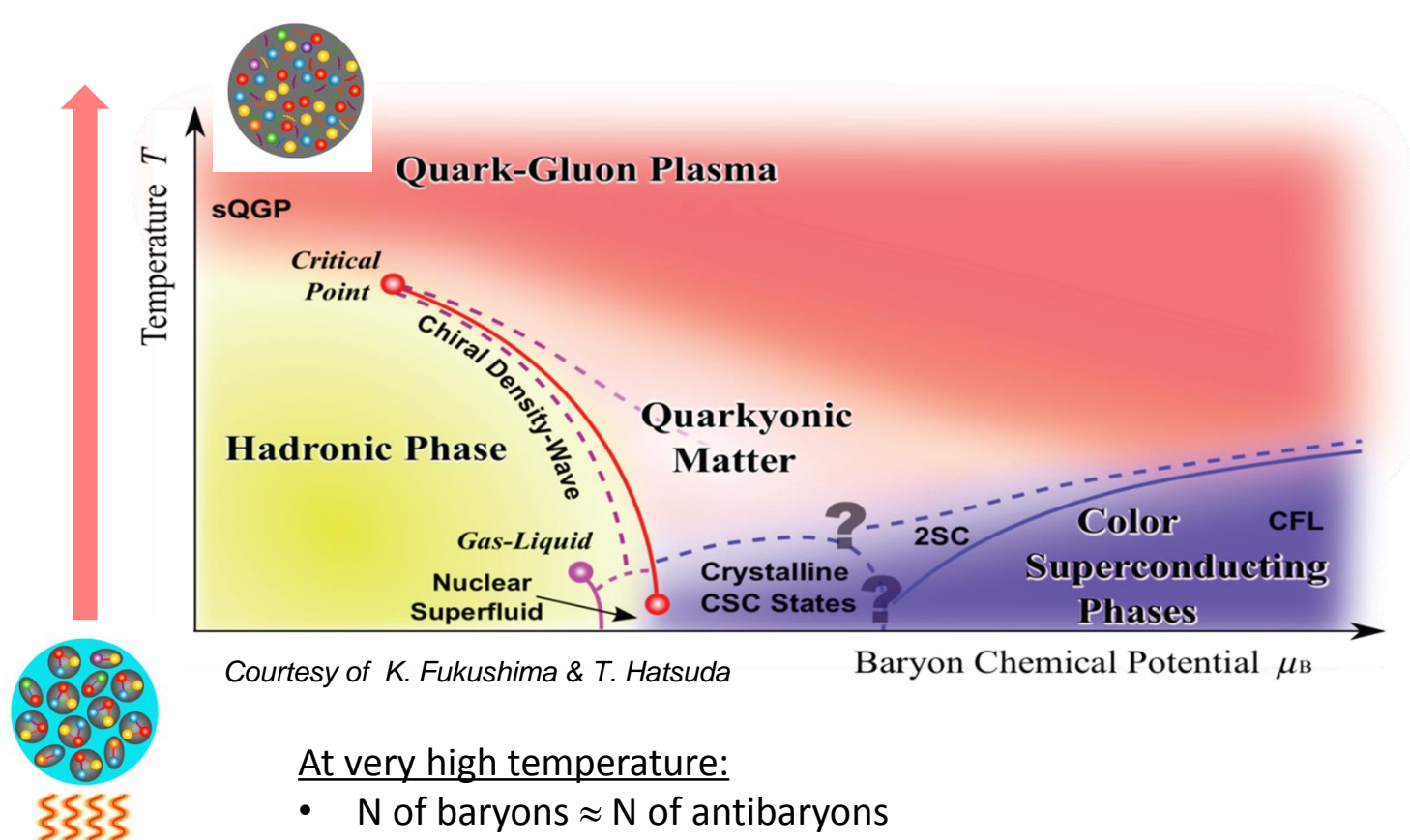
Johann M. Heuser
GSI Helmholtz Center for Heavy Ion Research, Darmstadt, Germany
for the CBM Collaboration

NICA Days 2015, Warsaw Technical University, Poland, 3-6 November 2015

Compressed Baryonic Matter



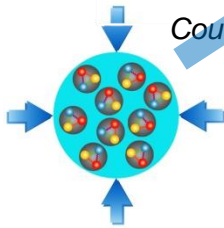
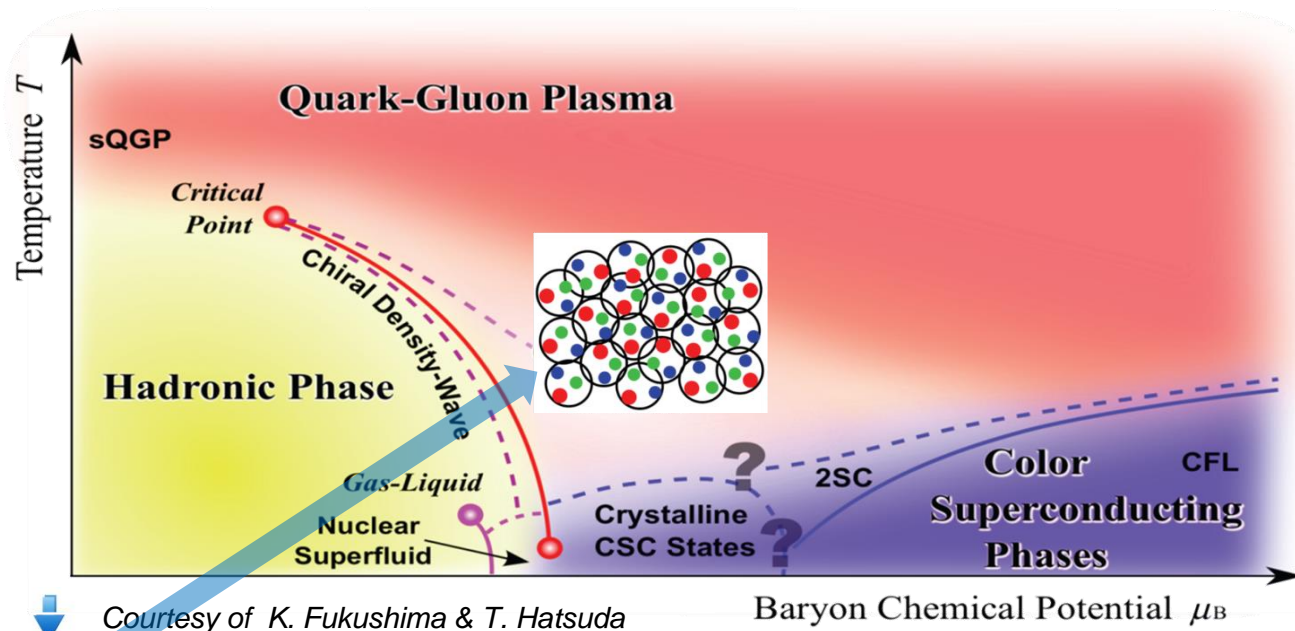
Exploring the QCD phase diagram



At very high temperature:

- N of baryons $\approx N$ of antibaryons
Situation similar to early universe
- L-QCD finds crossover transition between hadronic matter and Quark-Gluon Plasma
- Experiments: [ALICE, ATLAS, CMS at LHC](#)
[STAR, PHENIX at RHIC](#)

Exploring the QCD phase diagram



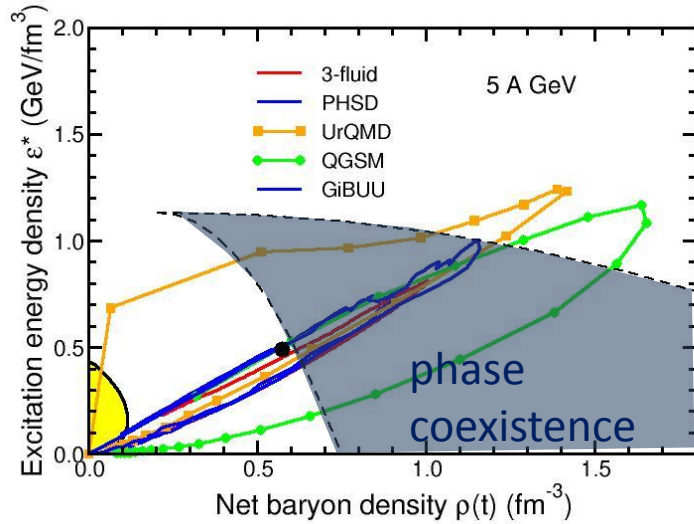
At high baryon density:

- N of baryons \gg N of antibaryons
Densities like in neutron star cores
- L-QCD not (yet) applicable
Models predict first order phase transition with mixed or exotic phases
- Experiments: [BES at RHIC](#), [NA61 at CERN SPS](#),
[CBM at FAIR](#), [NICA at JINR](#)

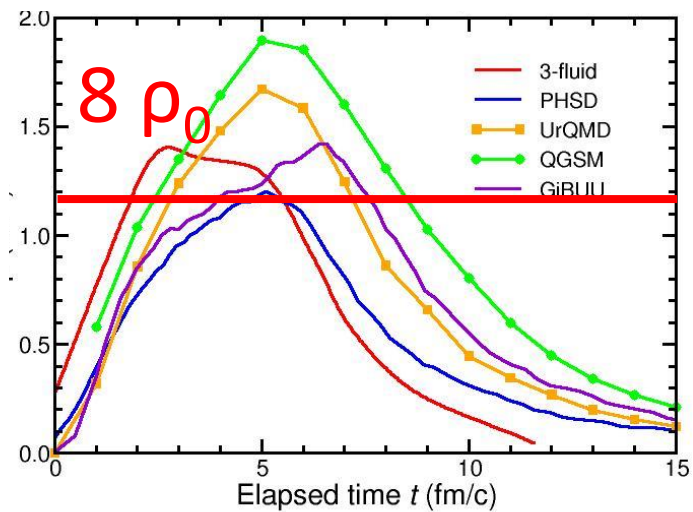
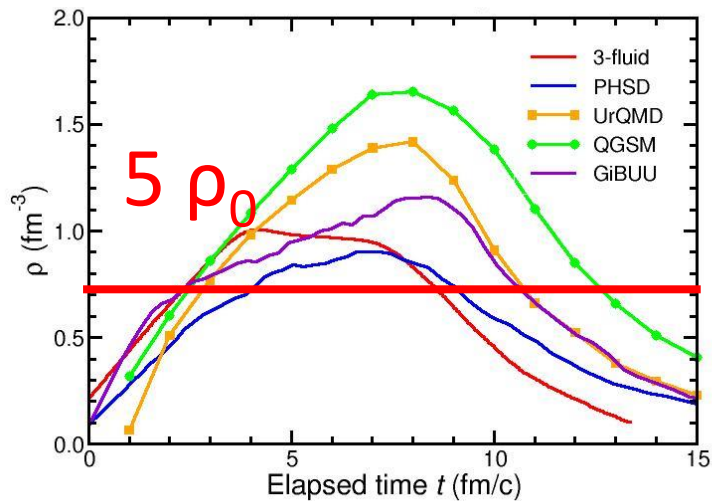
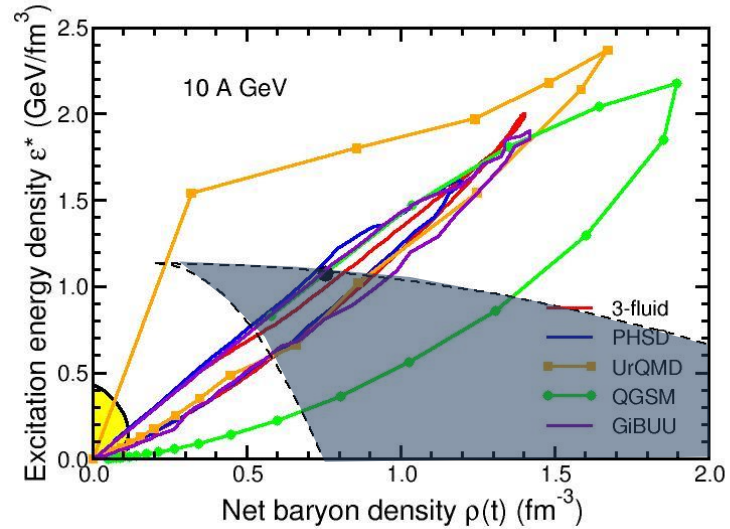
Baryon densities in central Au+Au collisions

I.C. Arsene et al., Phys. Rev. C 75, 24902 (2007)

5 A GeV

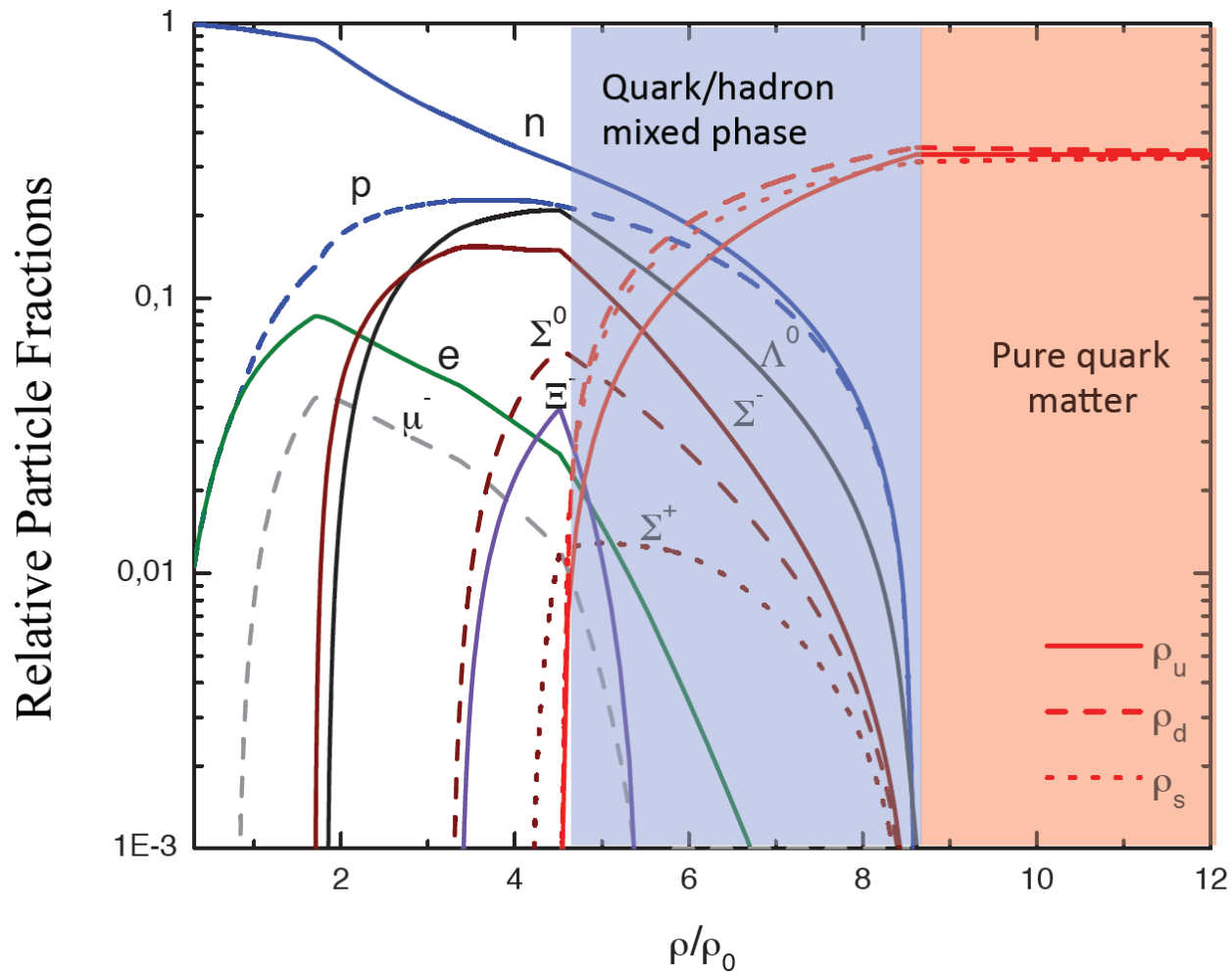


10 A GeV



Quark matter in massive neutron stars?

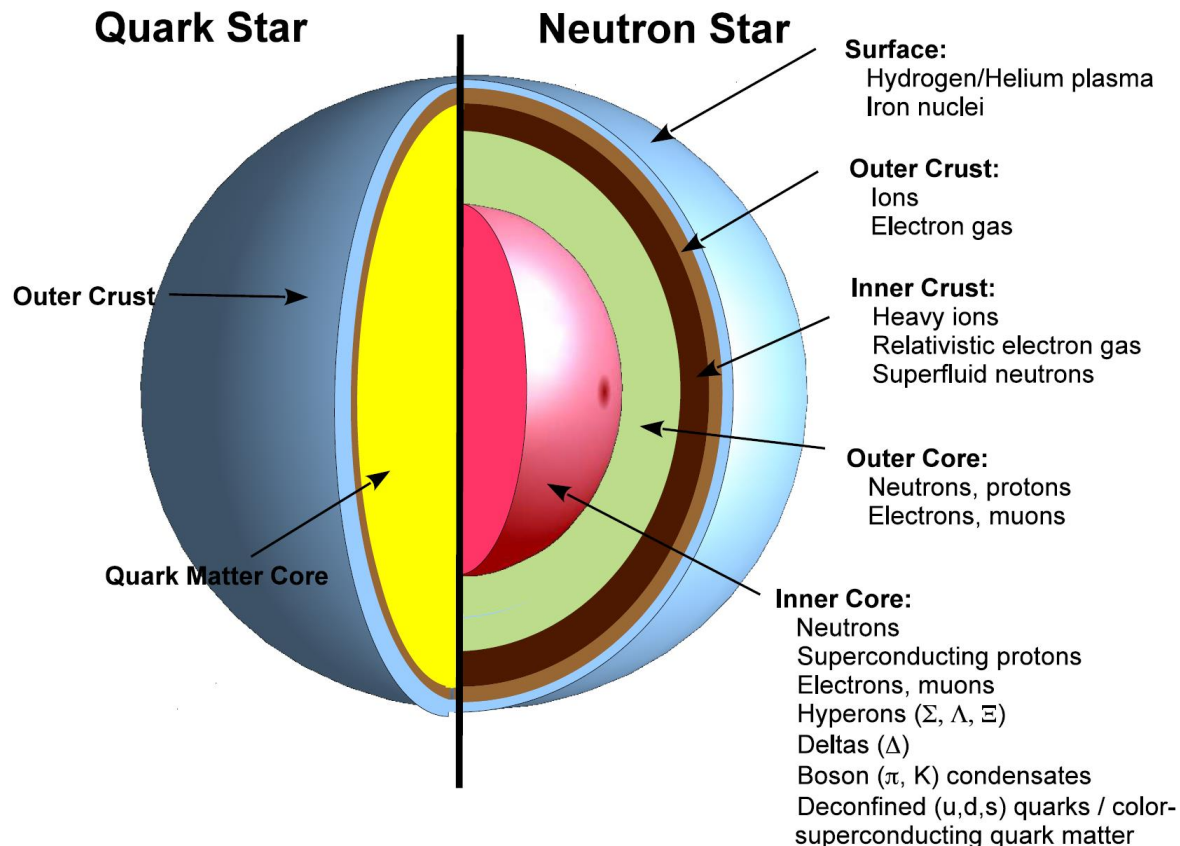
Equation-of-state: Non-local SU(3) NJL with vector coupling
M. Orsaria, H. Rodrigues, F. Weber, G.A. Contrera, arXiv:1308.1657



CBM physics case and observables

The equation-of-state at neutron star core densities

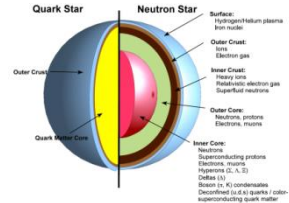
- collective flow of hadrons (driven by pressure)
- particle production at threshold energies (multi-strange hyperons)



CBM physics case and observables

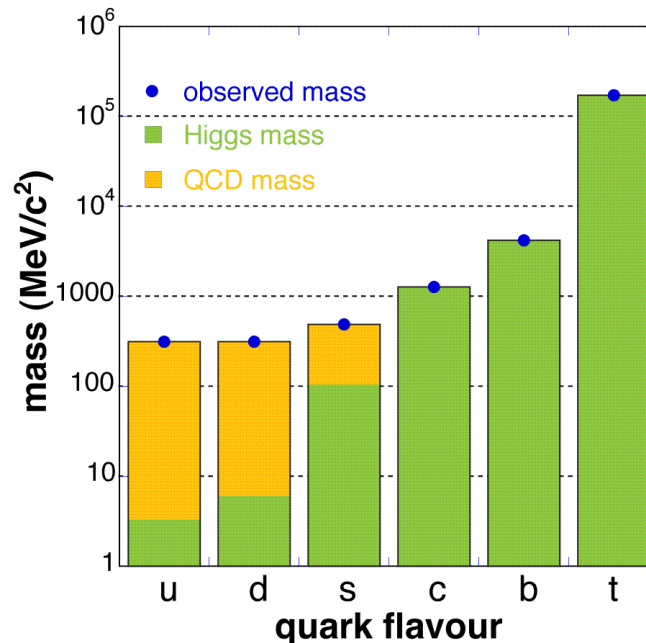
The equation-of-state at neutron star core densities

- collective flow of hadrons (driven by pressure)
- particle production at threshold energies (multi-strange hyperons)



Onset of chiral symmetry restoration at high ρ_B

- in-medium modifications of hadrons ($\rho, \omega, \phi \rightarrow e^+e^-(\mu^+\mu^-)$)
- dileptons at intermediate invariant masses: ρ - a_1 chiral mixing



CBM physics case and observables

The equation-of-state at neutron star core densities

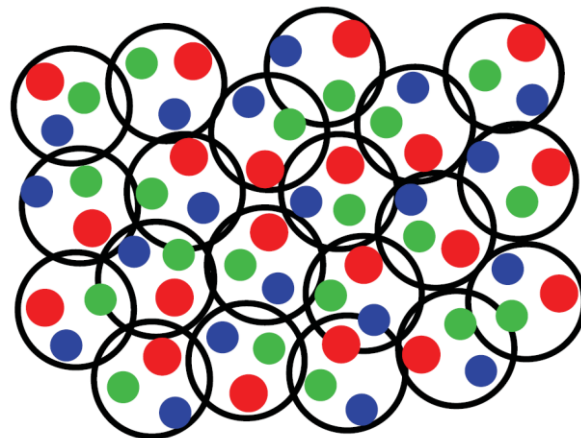
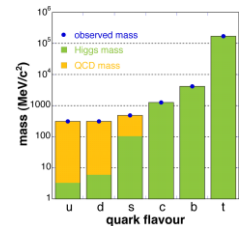
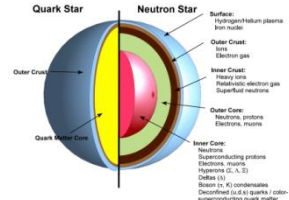
- collective flow of hadrons (driven by pressure)
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Onset of chiral symmetry restoration at high ρ_B

- in-medium modifications of hadrons ($\rho, \omega, \phi \rightarrow e^+e^-(\mu^+\mu^-)$)
- dileptons at intermediate invariant masses: ρ - a_1 chiral mixing

New phases of strongly-interacting matter

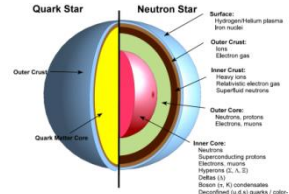
- excitation function and flow of lepton pairs
- excitation function and flow of strangeness ($K, \Lambda, \Sigma, \Xi, \Omega$)



CBM physics case and observables

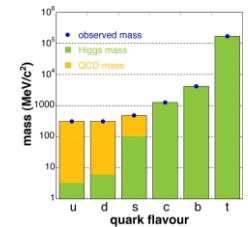
The equation-of-state at neutron star core densities

- collective flow of hadrons (driven by pressure)
- particle production at threshold energies (multi-strange hyperons)



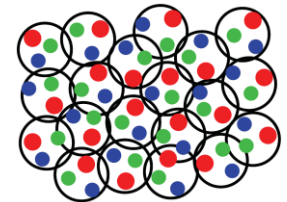
Onset of chiral symmetry restoration at high ρ_B

- in-medium modifications of hadrons ($\rho, \omega, \phi \rightarrow e^+e^-(\mu^+\mu^-)$)
- dileptons at intermediate invariant masses: ρ - a_1 chiral mixing



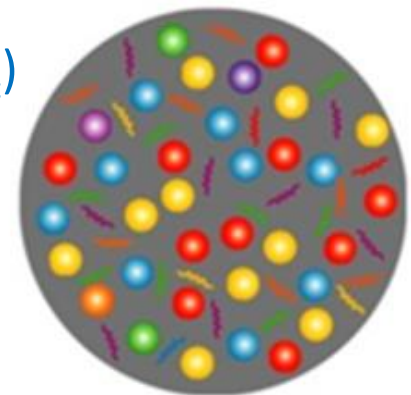
New phases of strongly-interacting matter

- excitation function and flow of lepton pairs
- excitation function and flow of strangeness ($K, \Lambda, \Sigma, \Xi, \Omega$)



Deconfinement phase transition at high ρ_B

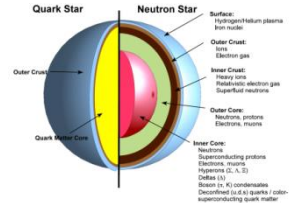
- excitation function and flow of charm ($J/\psi, \psi', D^0, D^\pm, \Lambda_c$)
- anomalous charmonium suppression



CBM physics case and observables

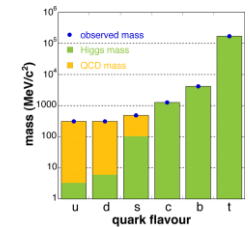
The equation-of-state at neutron star core densities

- collective flow of hadrons (driven by pressure)
- particle production at threshold energies (multi-strange hyperons)



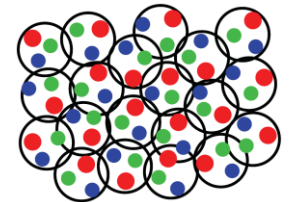
Onset of chiral symmetry restoration at high ρ_B

- in-medium modifications of hadrons ($\rho, \omega, \phi \rightarrow e^+e^-(\mu^+\mu^-)$)
- dileptons at intermediate invariant masses: ρ - a_1 chiral mixing



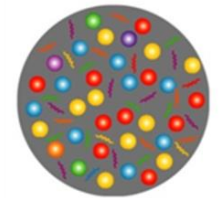
New phases of strongly-interacting matter

- excitation function and flow of lepton pairs
- excitation function and flow of strangeness ($K, \Lambda, \Sigma, \Xi, \Omega$)



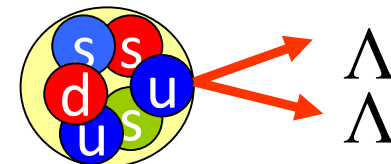
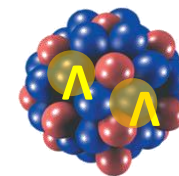
Deconfinement phase transition at high ρ_B

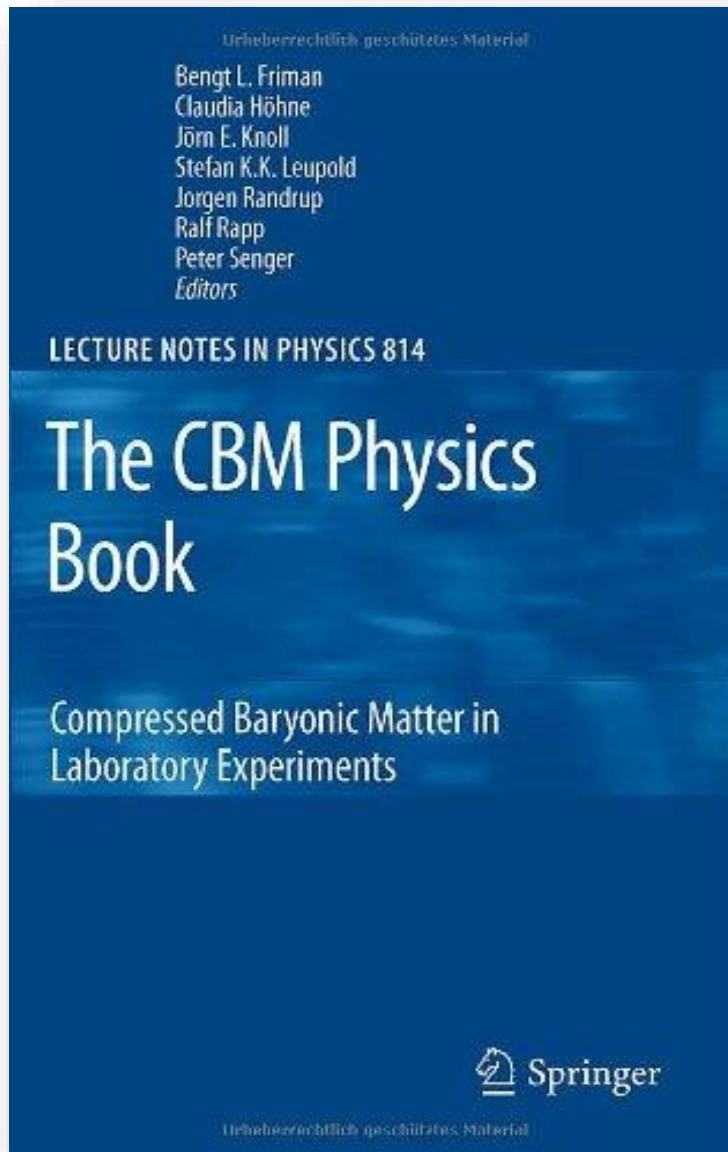
- excitation function and flow of charm ($J/\psi, \psi', D^0, D^\pm, \Lambda_c$)
- anomalous charmonium suppression



Strange matter

- (double-) lambda hypernuclei
- strange meta-stable objects (e.g. strange dibaryons)





The CBM Physics Book

Foreword by Frank Wilczek

Springer Series:

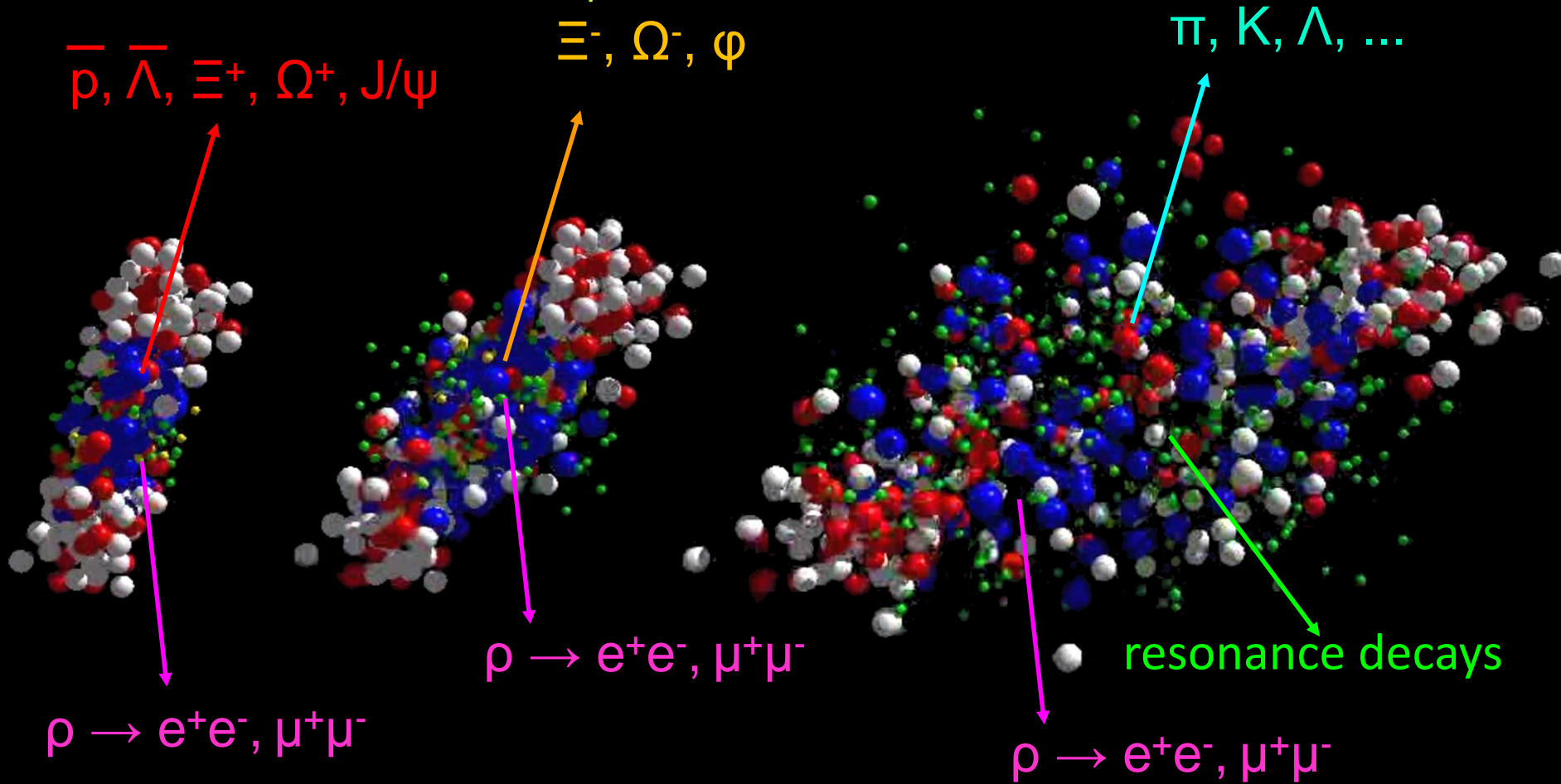
Lecture Notes in Physics, Vol. 814
1st Edition., 2011, 960 p., Hardcover
ISBN: 978-3-642-13292-6

Electronic Authors version:

<http://www.gsi.de/documents/DOC-2009-Sep-120-1.pdf>

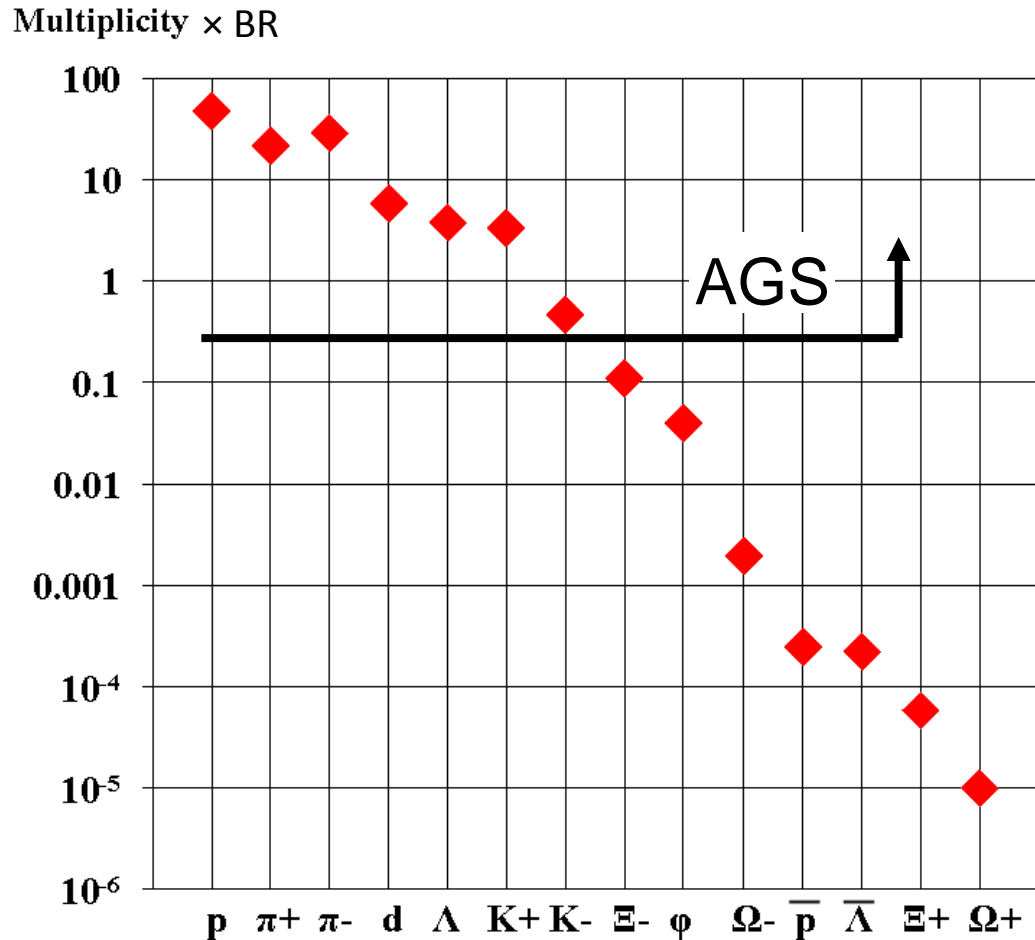
Messengers from the dense fireball: CBM at SIS100

UrQMD transport calculation Au+Au 10.7 A GeV

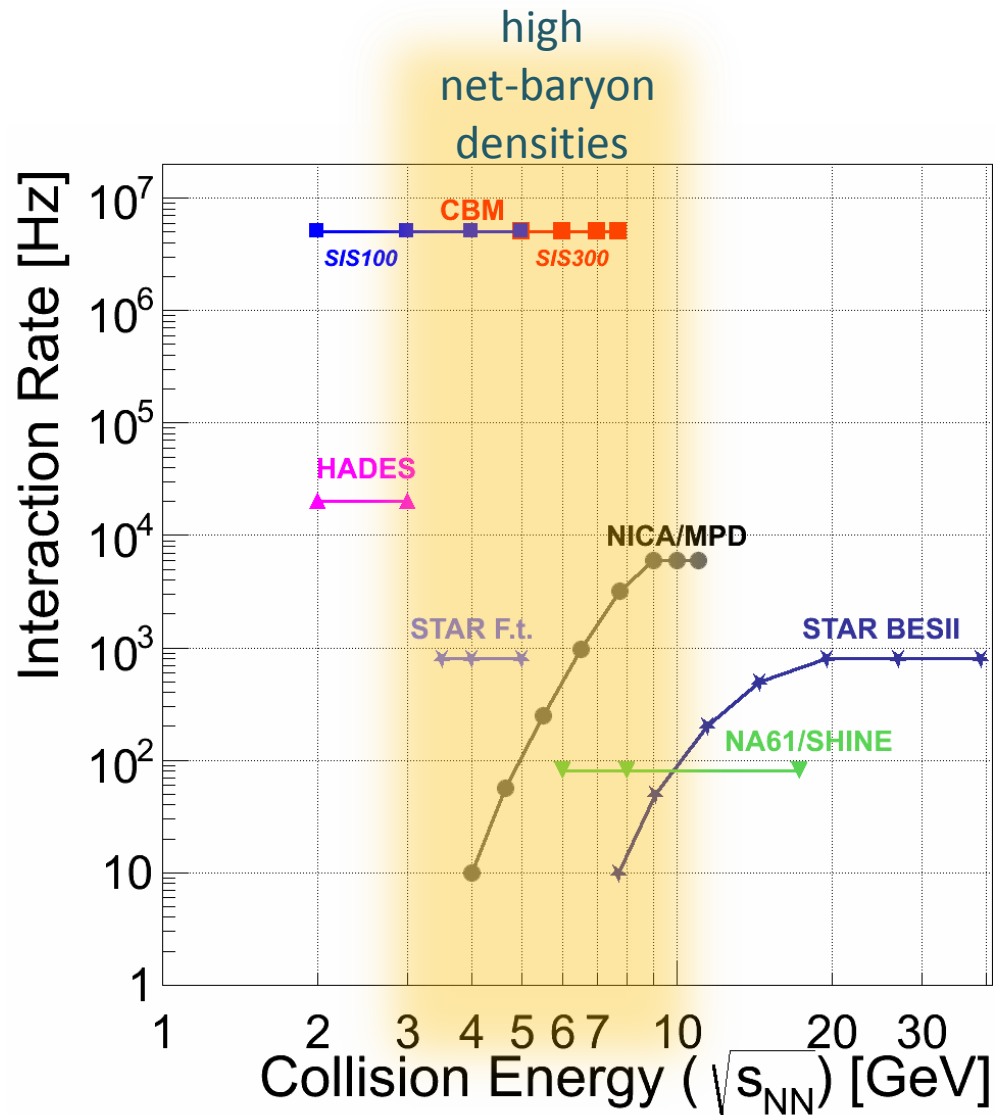


Experimental challenges

Particle yields in central Au+Au 4 A GeV



Experiments exploring dense QCD matter



Experimental requirements

- $10^5 - 10^7$ Au+Au reactions/sec
- determination of displaced vertices ($\sigma \approx 50 \mu\text{m}$)
- identification of leptons and hadrons
- fast and radiation hard detectors
- free-streaming readout electronics
- high speed data acquisition and high performance computer farm for online event selection
- 4-D event reconstruction

Experimental requirements

(Hadrons incl. hyperons, hypernuclei)

HADES

p+p, p+A

A+A (low mult.)

Dipole
Magnet

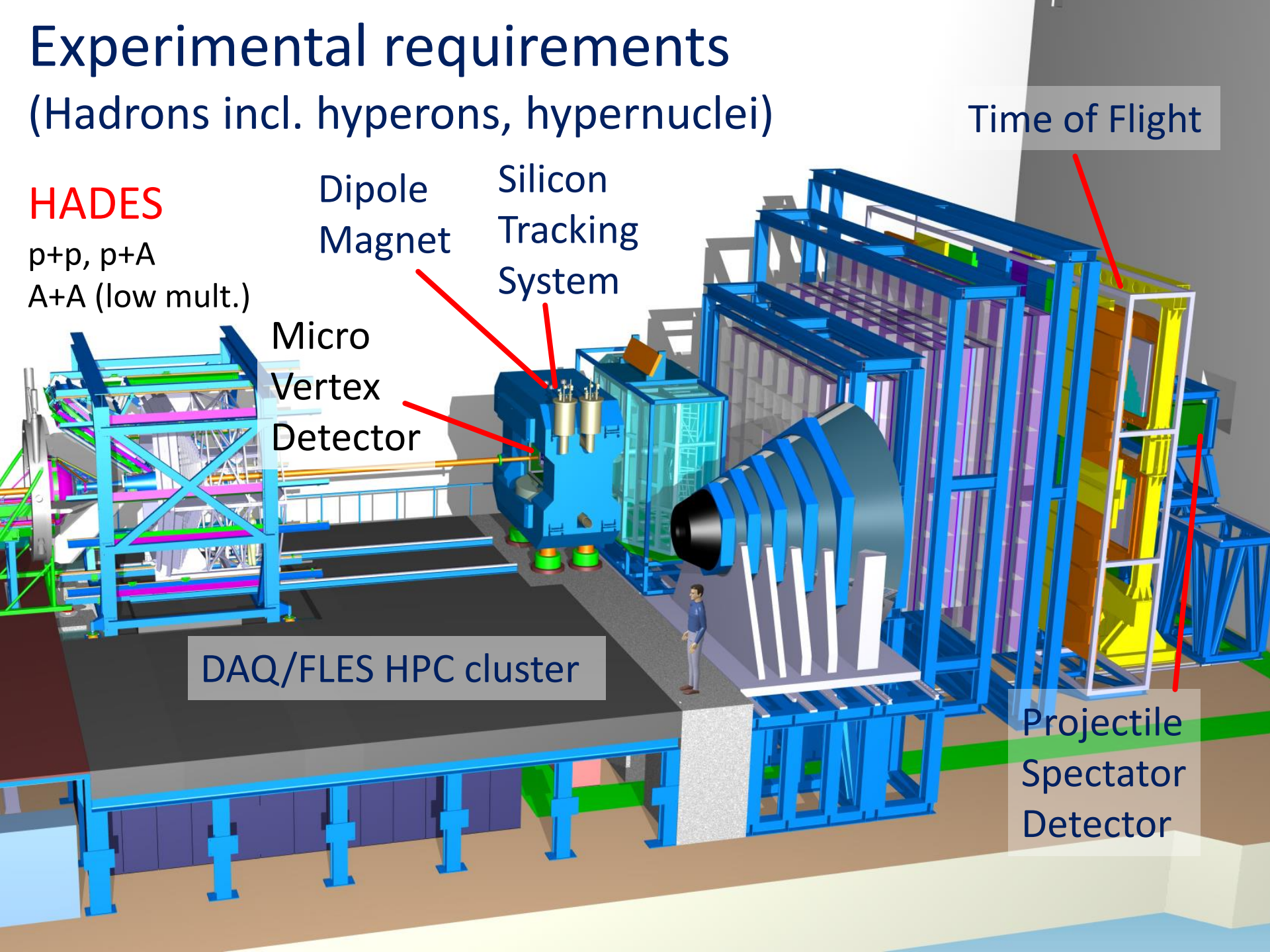
Silicon
Tracking
System

Micro
Vertex
Detector

Time of Flight

DAQ/FLES HPC cluster

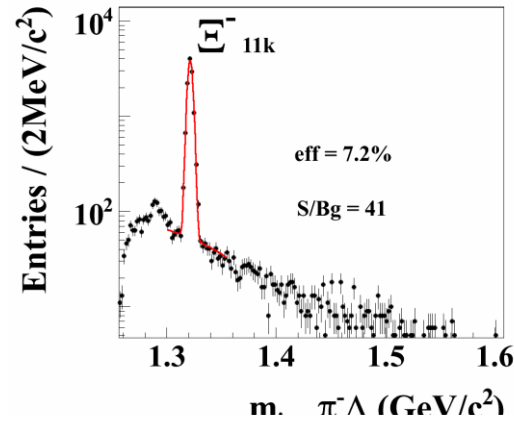
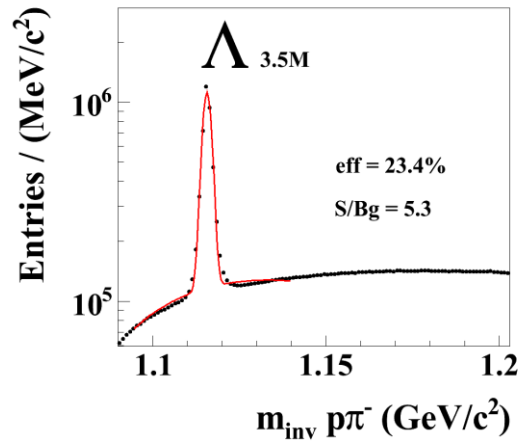
Projectile
Spectator
Detector



Hyperons in CBM at SIS100

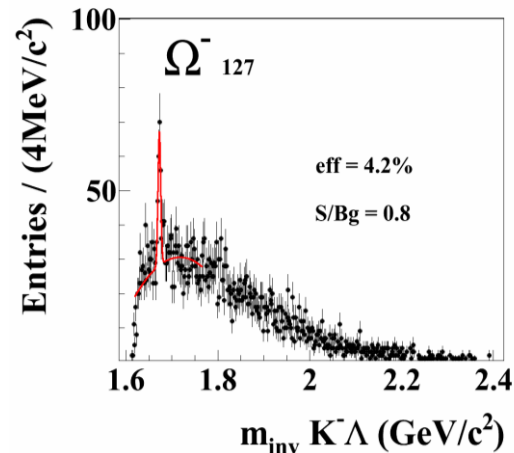
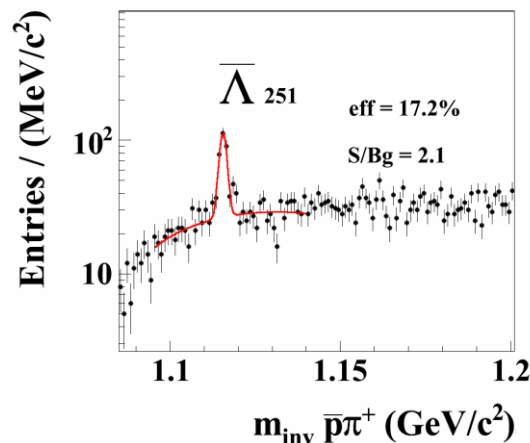
Running scenario: Au+Au, C+C at 4, 6, 8, 10 A GeV

Example: Au+Au at 8 A GeV, 10^6 central collisions



- In addition:
 $K^*, \Lambda^*, \Sigma^*, \Xi^*, \Omega^*$

- Event rate:
100 kHz to 1 MHz

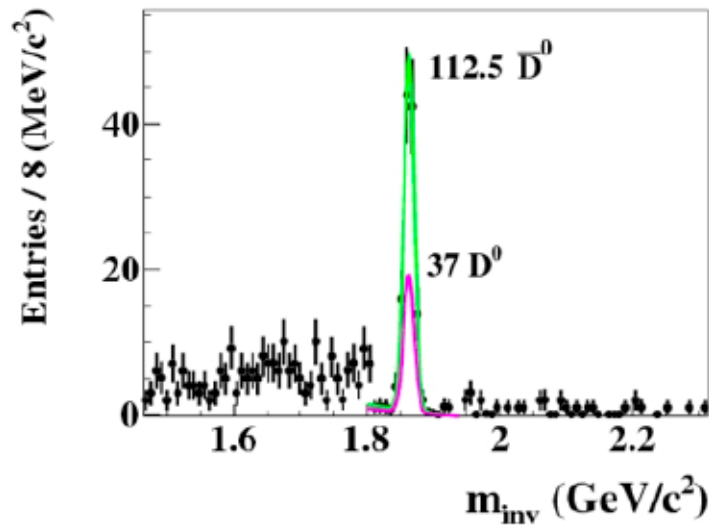


Open charm in CBM at SIS100

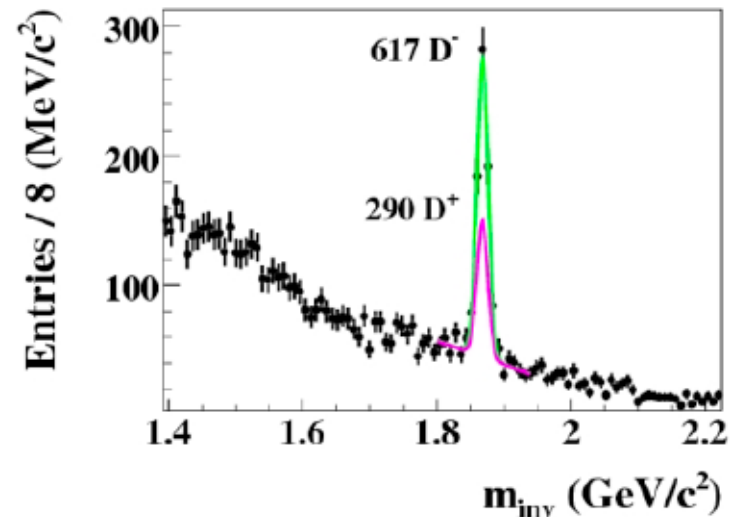
- Charm production cross sections at threshold energies
- Charm propagation in cold nuclear matter

30 GeV p + C

$D^0 \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi$

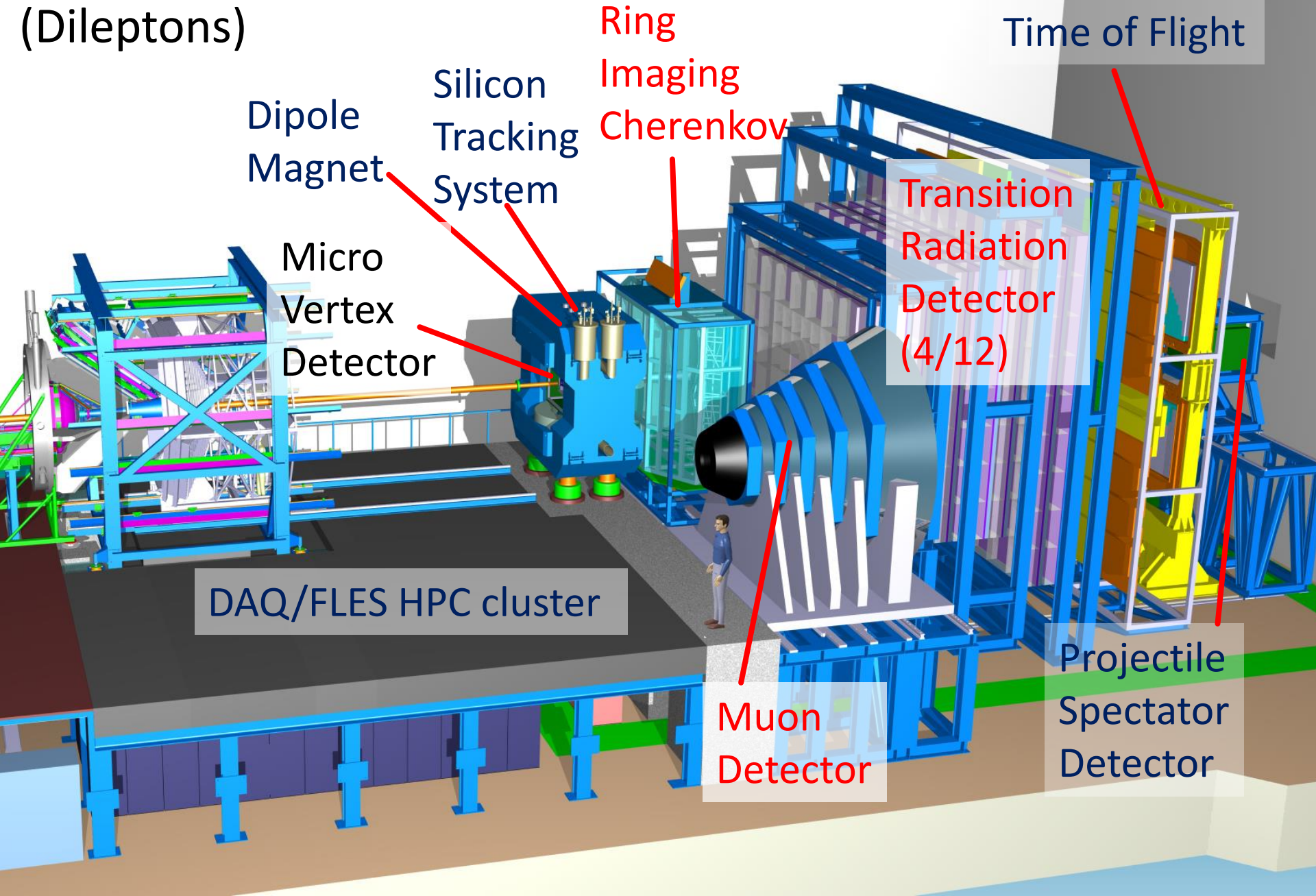


$D^\pm \rightarrow K\pi\pi$



Experimental requirements

(Dileptons)



Dipole Magnet

Silicon Tracking System

Ring Imaging Cherenkov

Time of Flight

Micro Vertex Detector

Transition Radiation Detector (4/12)

DAQ/FLES HPC cluster

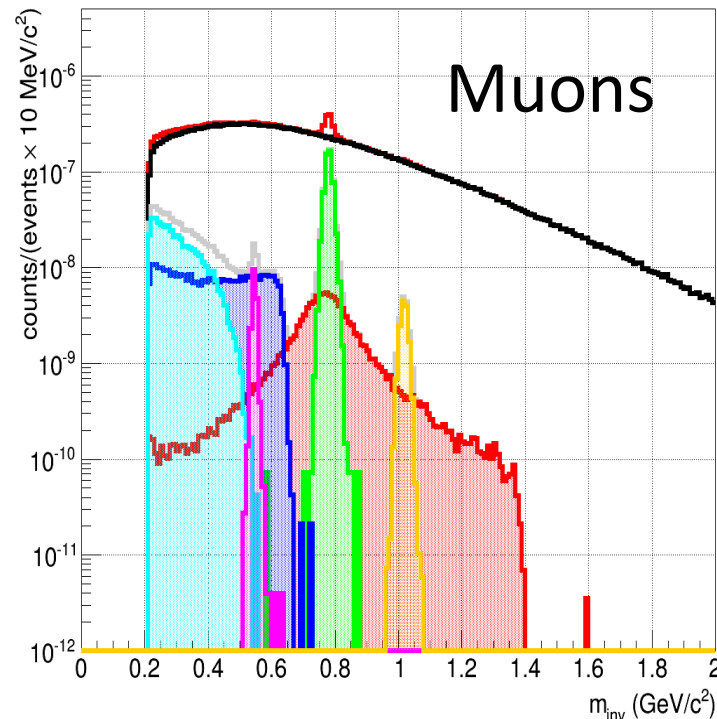
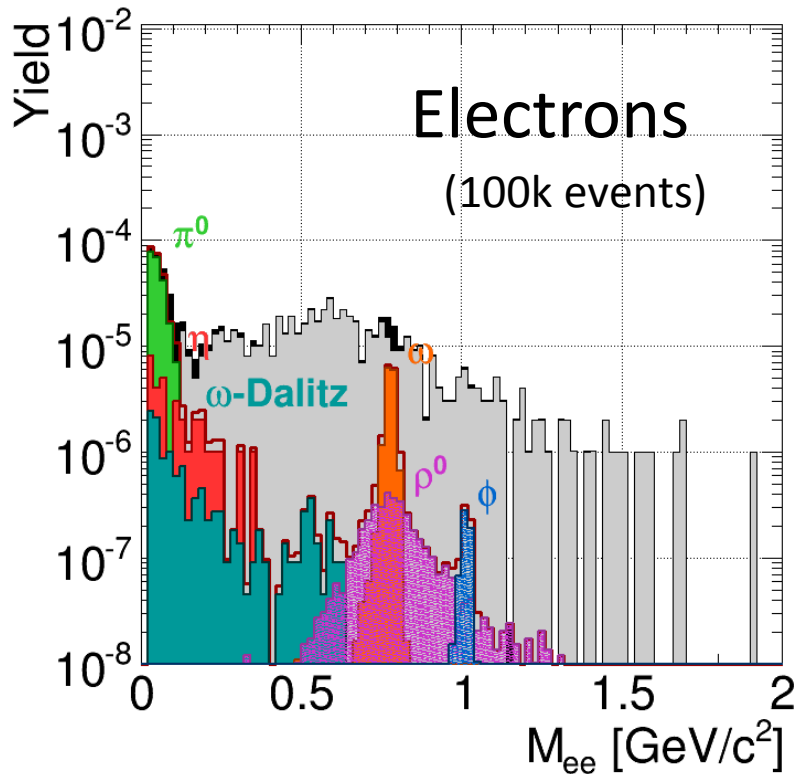
Muon Detector

Projectile Spectator Detector

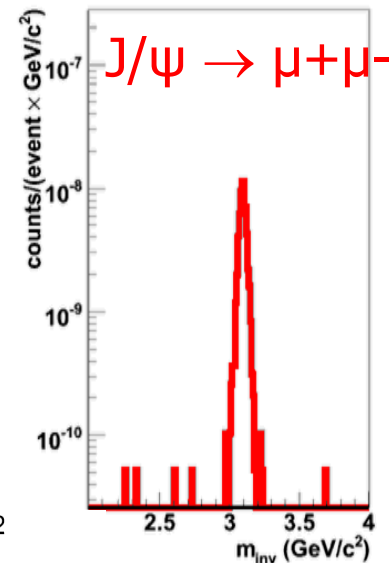
Leptons in CBM at SIS100

Simulation: Signal yields from HSD, Background from UrQMD

central Au+Au at 8 A GeV: $2 \times 10^6 \omega$ in 2 weeks



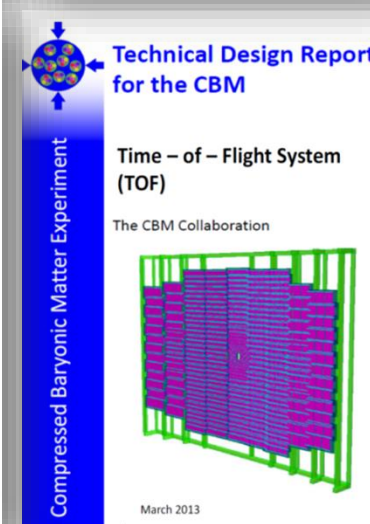
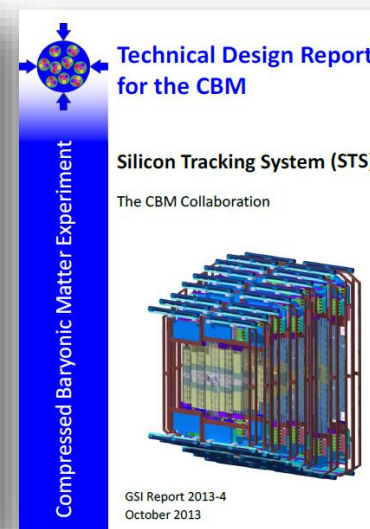
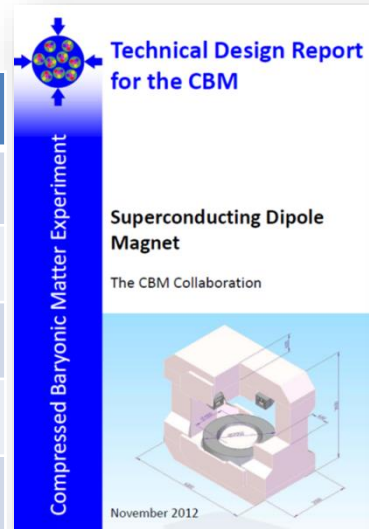
30 GeV p+Au



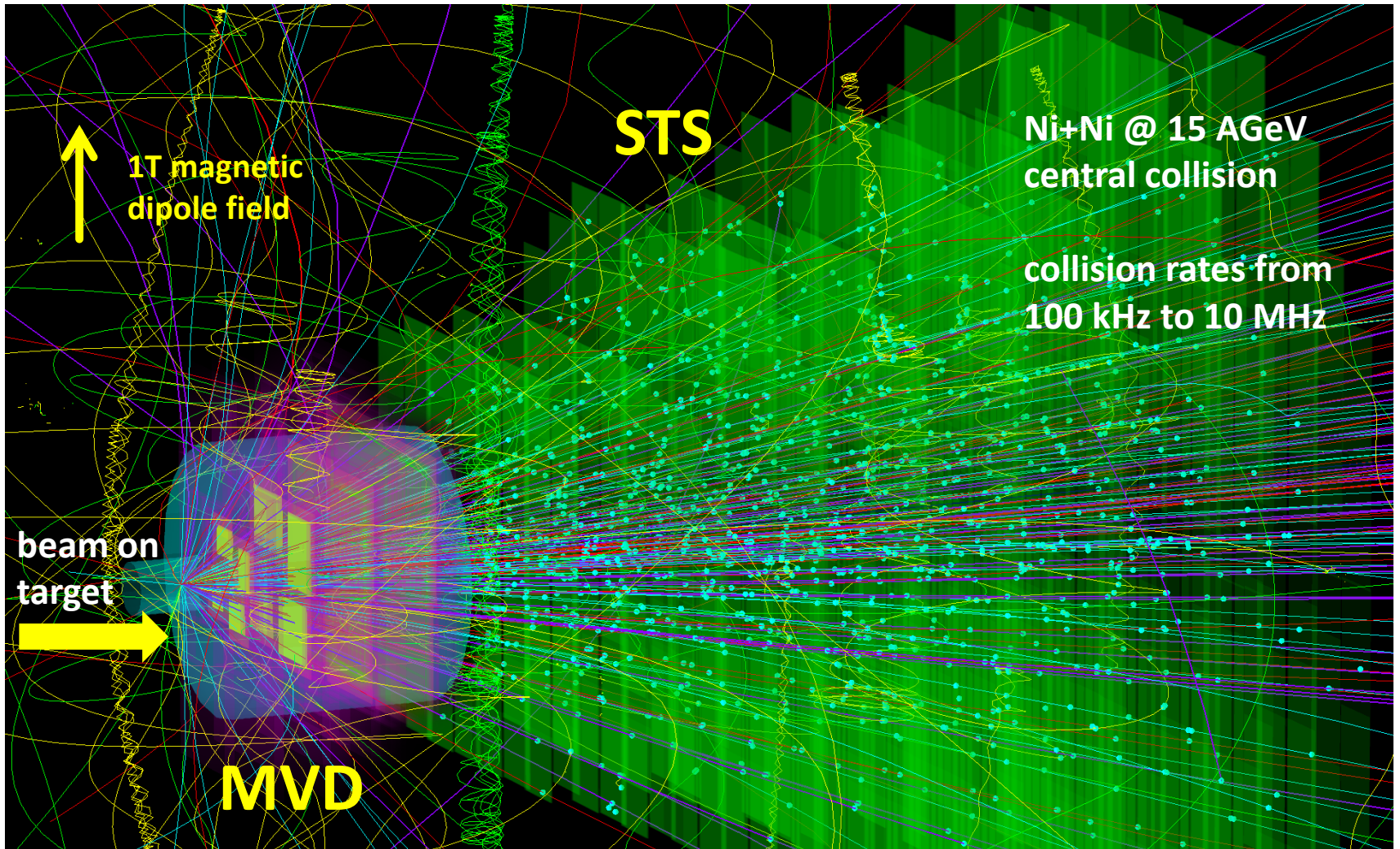
1000 J/ψ
in 10^{12} events
(1 day)

CBM Technical Design Reports

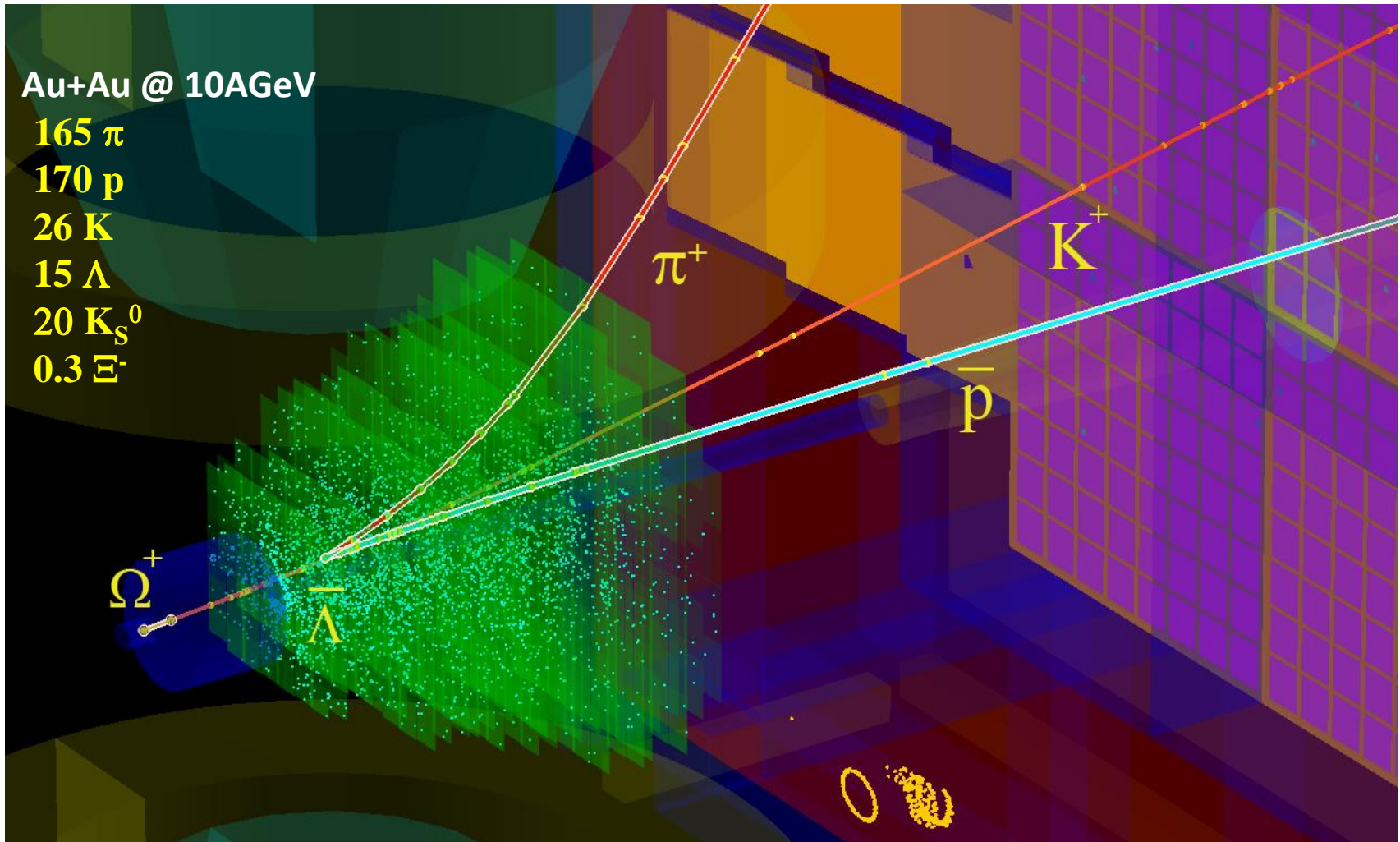
#	Project	TDR Status
1	Magnet	approved
2	STS	approved
3	RICH	approved
4	TOF	approved
5	MuCh	approved
6	HADES ECAL	approved
7	PSD	approved
8	MVD	submission 2016
9	DAQ/FLES	submission 2016
10	TRD	submission 2016
11	ECAL	submission 2016



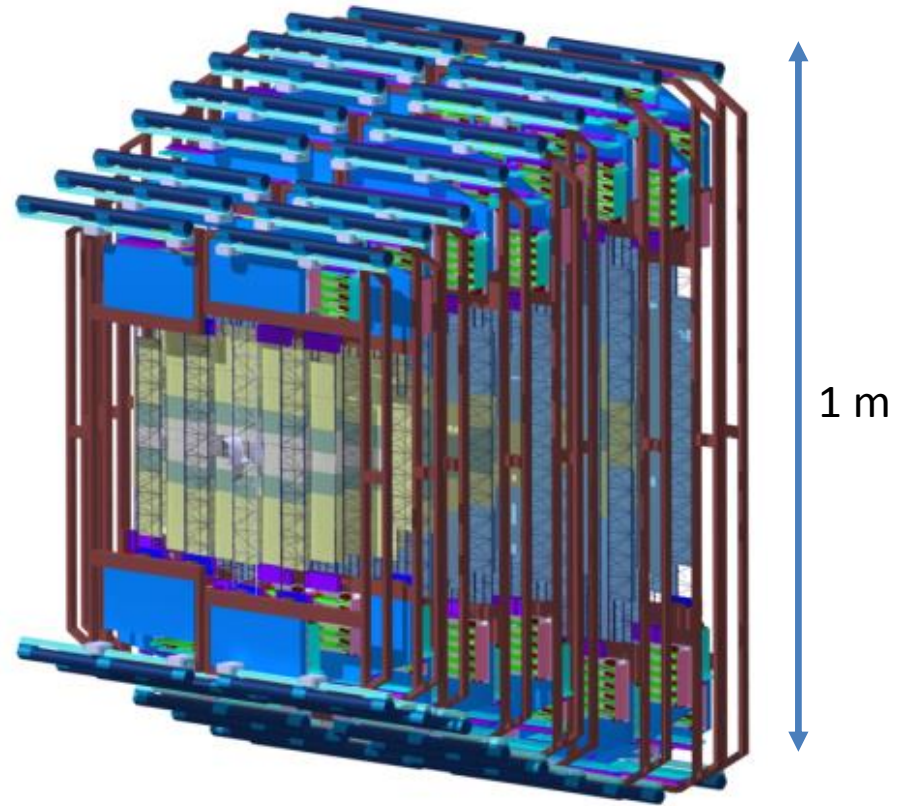
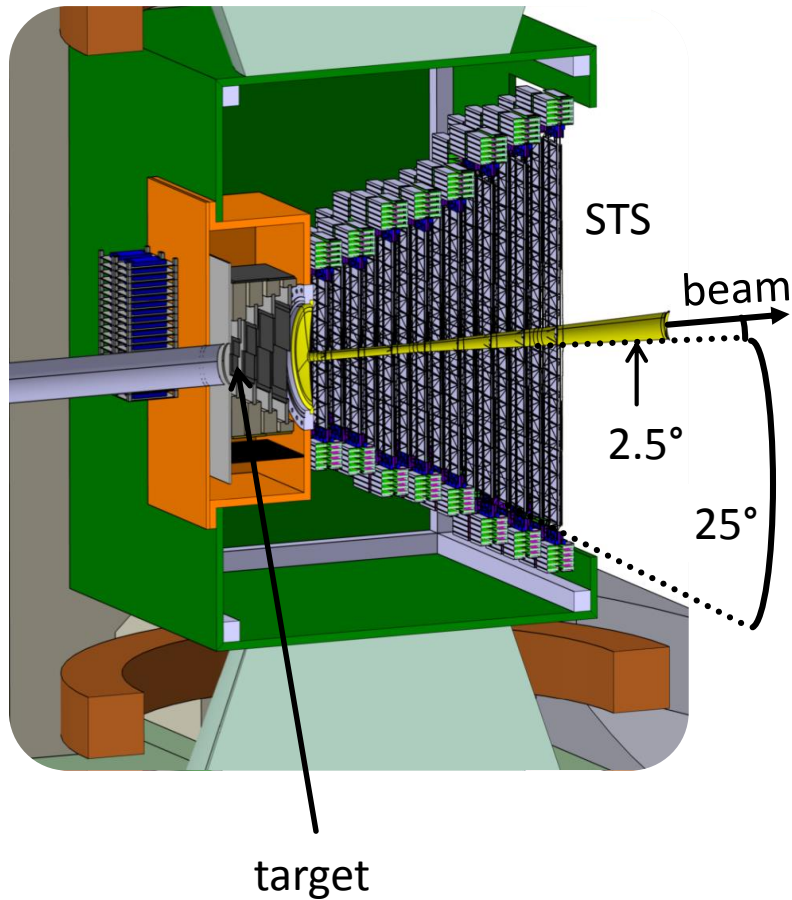
Tracking nuclear collisions



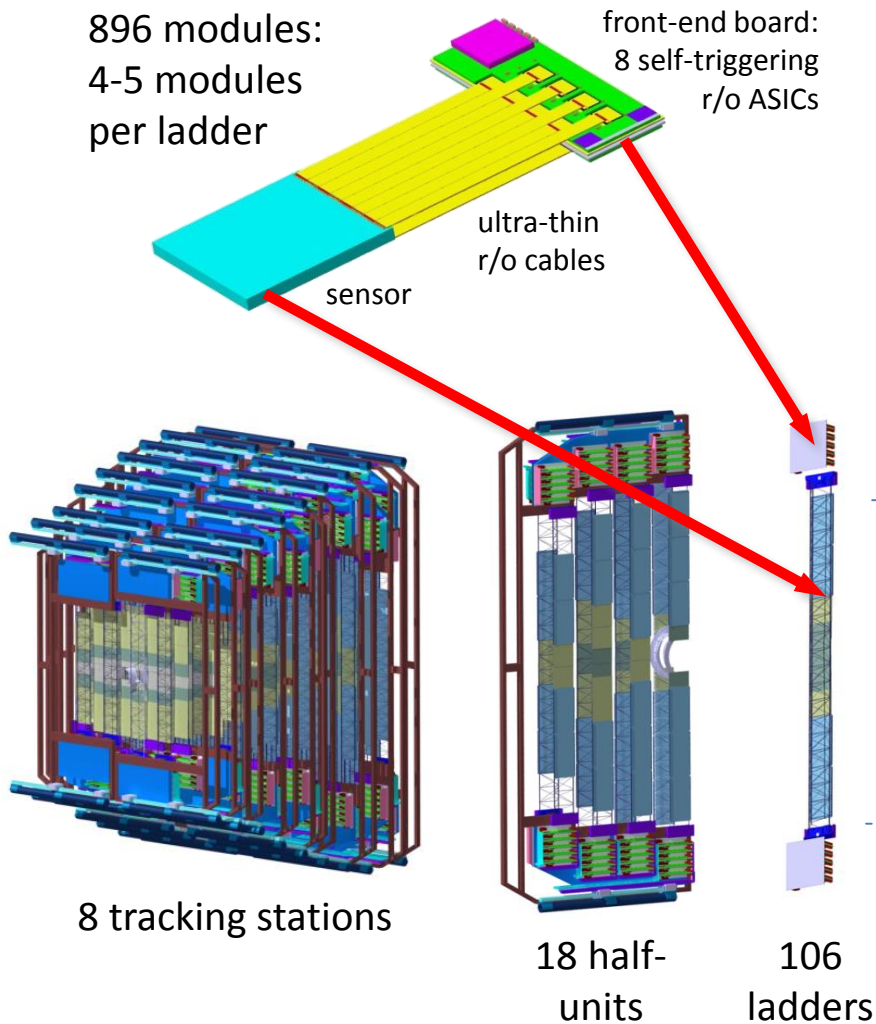
Physics signatures



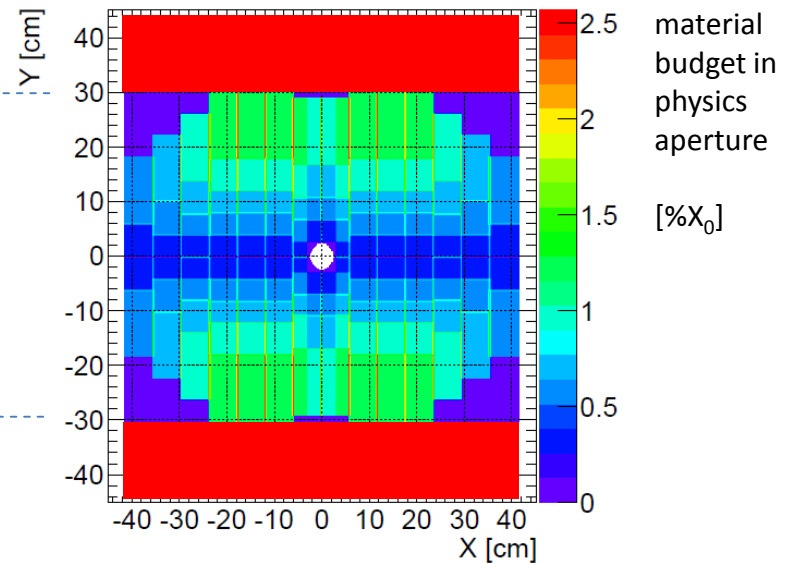
Silicon Tracking System



STS integration



- 8 stations, volume 2 m³, area 4 m²
- 896 detector modules
 - 1220 double-sided microstrip sensors
 - ~ 1.8 million read-out channels
 - ~ 16 000 r/o STS-XYTER ASICs
 - ~ 58 000 ultra-thin r/o cables
- 106 detector ladders with 4-5 modules
- power dissipation: 42 kW (CO₂ cooling)



CBM-STS teams

17 groups
from
4 countries

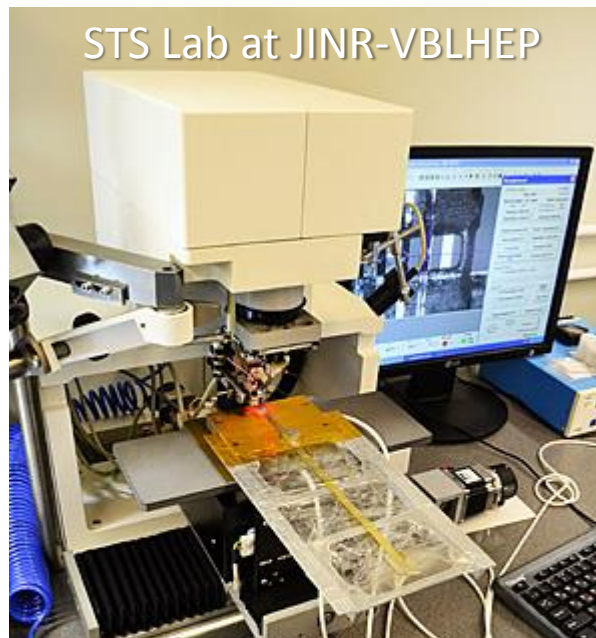
- **Darmstadt, Germany, GSI Helmholtz Center (GSI)**
- *Karlsruhe, Germany, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)*
- *Tübingen, Germany, Eberhard Karls University (EKU)*

- *Katowice, Poland, University of Silesia (Usilesia)*
- *Krakow, Poland, AGH University of Science and Technology*
- *Krakow, Poland, Jagiellonian University (JU)*
- *Warsaw, Poland, Warsaw University of Technology (WUT)*
- *Warsaw, Poland, University of Warsaw (UWarsaw)*

- **Dubna, Russia, Joint Institute for Nuclear Research (JINR)**
- *Moscow, Russia, Inst. for Theoretical and Exp. Physics (ITEP)*
- *Moscow, Russia, Moscow State University (SINP-MSU)*
- *Protvino, Russia, Institute for High Energy Physics (IHEP)*
- *St. Petersburg, Russia, Ioffe Physical-Technical Institute (Ioffe)*
- *St. Petersburg, Russia, Khlopin Radium Institute (KRI)*
- *St. Petersburg, Russia, St. Petersburg State Polytechnic Univ. (SPbSPU)*

- *Kharkov, Ukraine, LED Technologies of Ukraine Ltd (LTU) * Partner*
- *Kiev, Ukraine, Kiev Institute for Nuclear Research (KINR)*

STS assembly centers: GSI and JINR

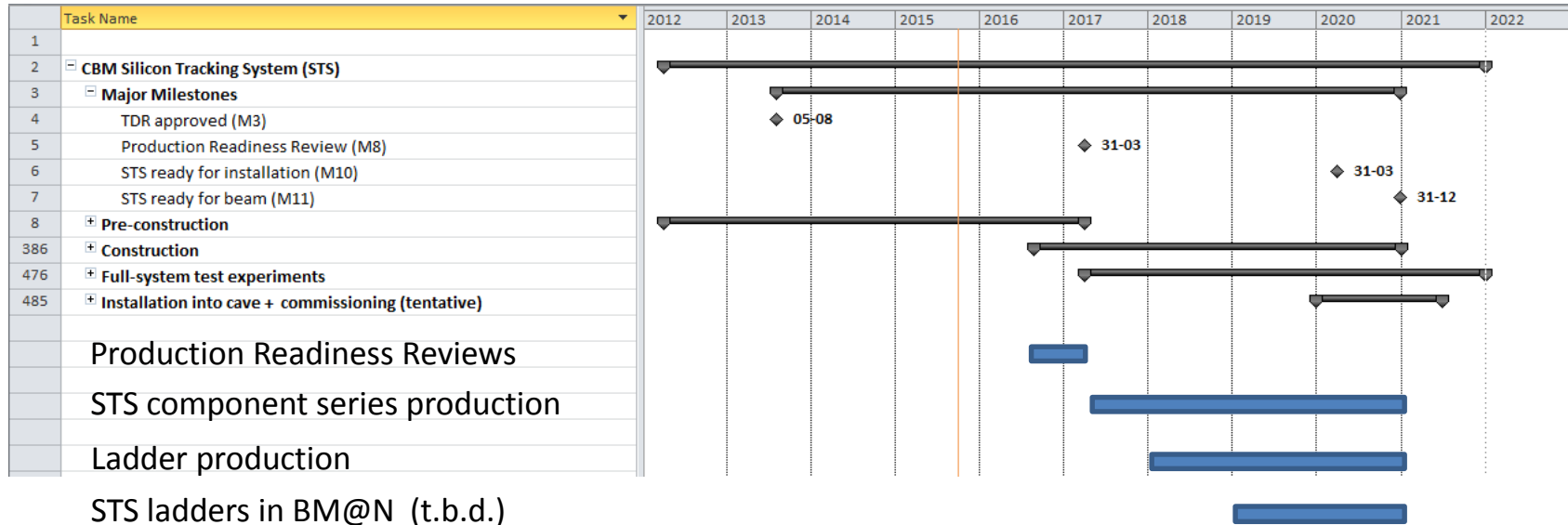


support by BMBF-JINR and EU-Horizon2020 CREMLIN grants

CBM-STS Workshops



CBM-STS project plan



- Possible use of additional CBM-STS ladders in the BM@N experiment (t.b.d.)
- CBM-STS ladders can only be available after the start of component series production:
 - start of ladder production: early 2018
 - ladders in experiments: 2019 onwards

CBM time line

1.1.1 CBM Experiment

M11 Ready for beam

1.1.1.1 Micro Vertex Detector (MVD)

Prototyping and Engineering design

M3 TDR approved

Pre-production

M8 Production Readiness Review

Production

M10 Ready for Installation

Installation

M11 Ready for beam

1.1.1.2 Silicon Tracking System (STS)

Prototyping and Engineering design

M3 TDR approved

Pre-production

M8 Production Readiness Review

Production

M10 Ready for Installation

Installation

M11 Ready for beam

1.1.1.3 Lepton ID Detector

1.1.1.3.1 Ring Imaging Cherenkov Detector (RICH)

Prototyping and Engineering design

M3 TDR approved

Pre-production

M8 Production Readiness Review

Production

M10 Ready for Installation

Installation

M11 Ready for beam

1.1.1.3.2 Muon Detector (MUCH)

Prototyping and Engineering design

M3 TDR approved

Pre-production

M8 Production Readiness Review (prototype testing done)

Production

M10 Ready for Installation

Installation

M11 Ready for beam

1.1.1.4 Transition Radiation Detector (TRD)

Prototyping and Engineering design

M3 TDR approved

Pre-production

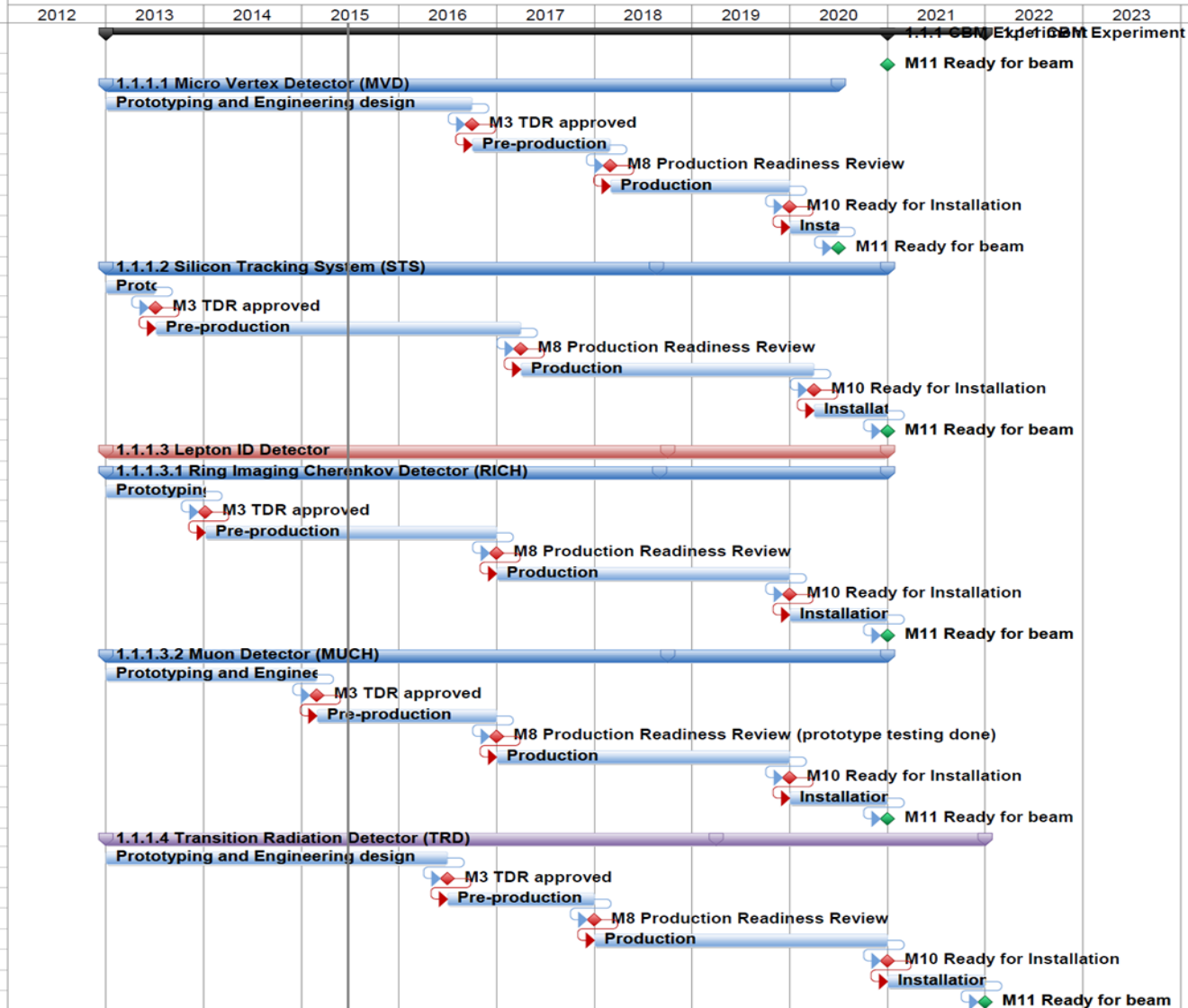
M8 Production Readiness Review

Production

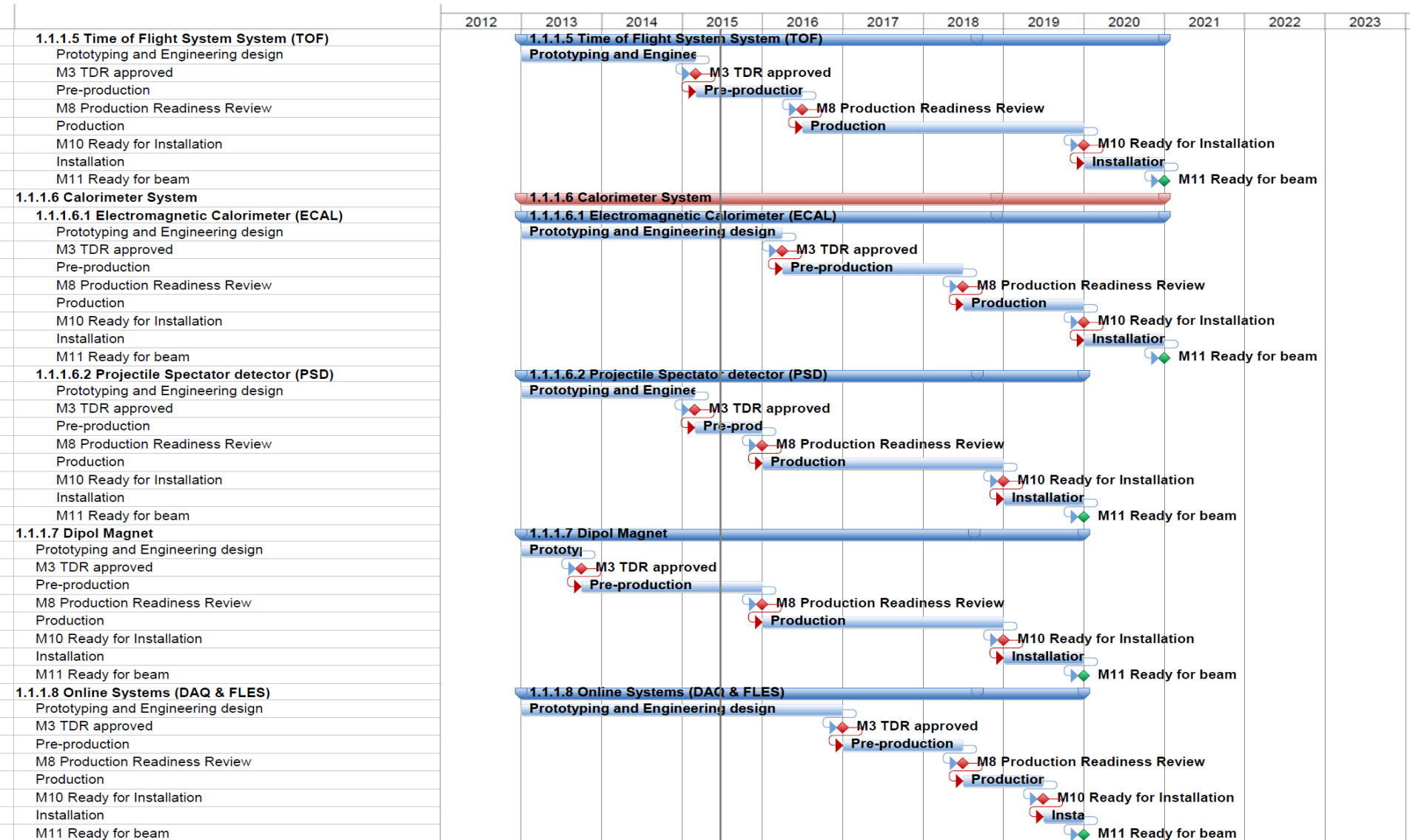
M10 Ready for Installation

Installation

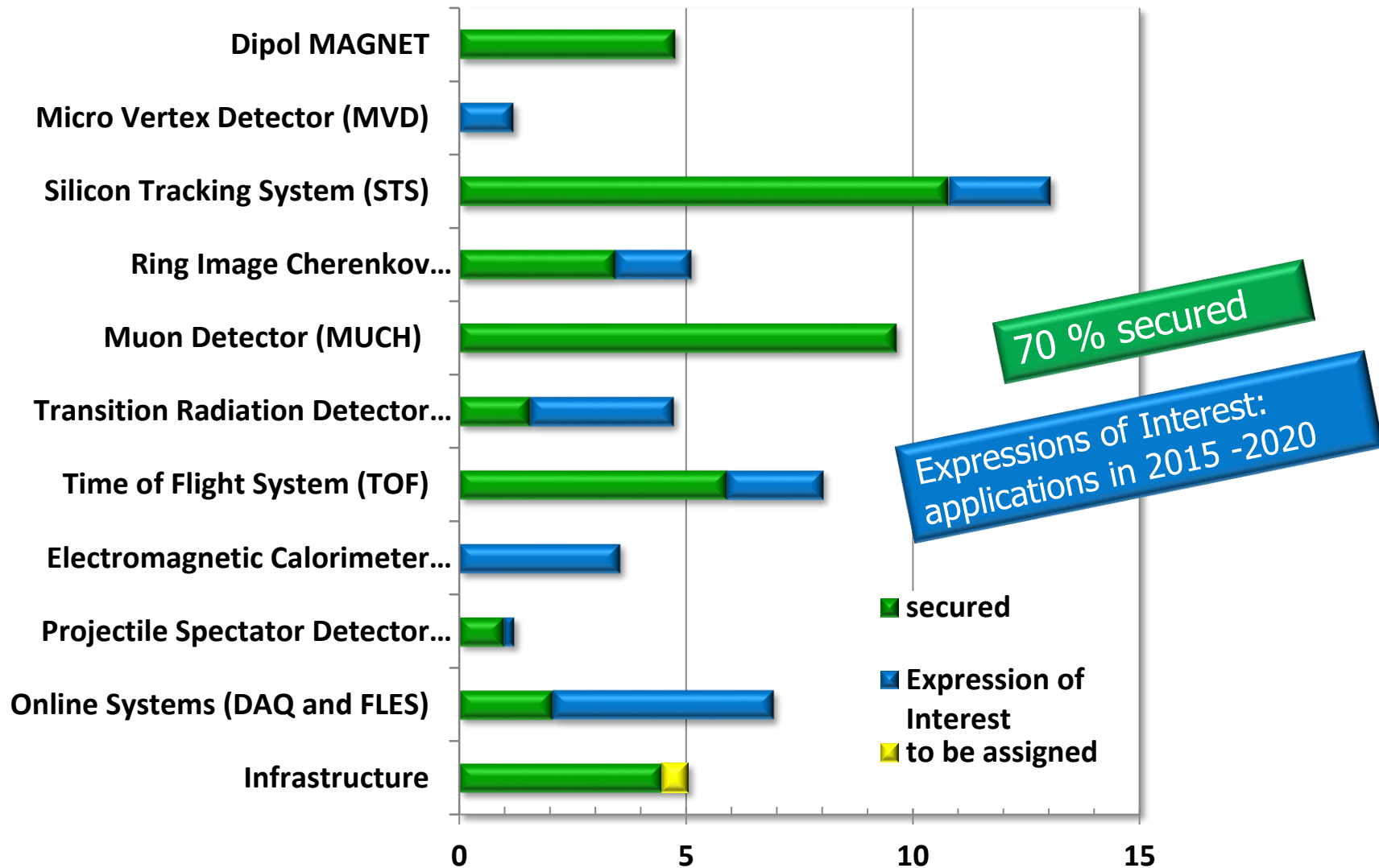
M11 Ready for beam



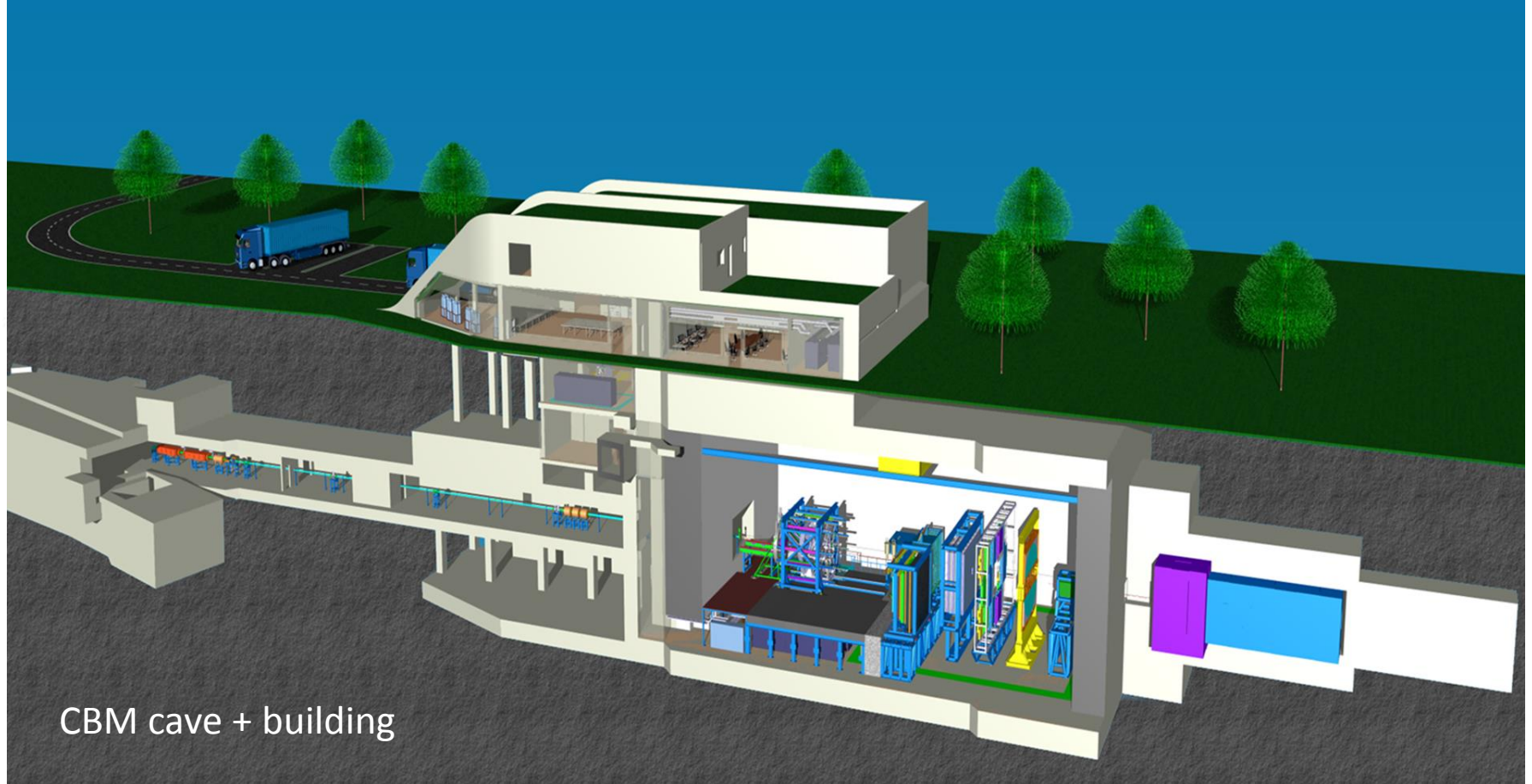
CBM time line



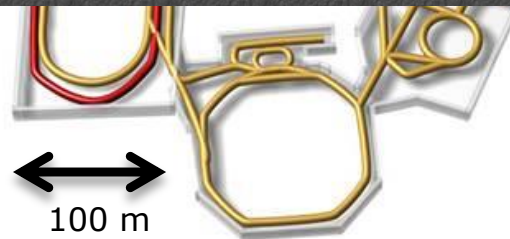
Costs and funding – CBM Start version



Facility for Antiproton & Ion Research



CBM cave + building



FAIR phase 1
FAIR phase 2

The CBM Collaboration: 60 institutions, 530 members

Croatia:

Split Univ.

China:

CCNU Wuhan

Tsinghua Univ.

USTC Hefei

CTGU Yichang

Czech Republic:

CAS, Rez

Techn. Univ. Prague

France:

IPHC Strasbourg

Hungary:

KFKI Budapest

Budapest Univ.

Germany:

Darmstadt TU

FAIR

Frankfurt Univ. IKF

Frankfurt Univ. FIAS

Frankfurt Univ. ICS

GSI Darmstadt

Giessen Univ.

Heidelberg Univ. P.I.

Heidelberg Univ. ZITI

HZ Dresden-Rossendorf

KIT Karlsruhe

Münster Univ.

Tübingen Univ.

Wuppertal Univ.

ZIB Berlin

India:

Aligarh Muslim Univ.

Bose Inst. Kolkata

Panjab Univ.

Rajasthan Univ.

Univ. of Jammu

Univ. of Kashmir

Univ. of Calcutta

B.H. Univ. Varanasi

VECC Kolkata

IOP Bhubaneswar

IIT Kharagpur

IIT Indore

Gauhati Univ.

Korea:

Pusan Nat. Univ.

Romania:

NIPNE Bucharest

Univ. Bucharest

Poland:

AGH Krakow

Jag. Univ. Krakow

Silesia Univ. Katowice

Warsaw Univ.

Warsaw TU

Russia:

IHEP Protvino

INR Troitzk

ITEP Moscow

Kurchatov Inst., Moscow

LHEP, JINR Dubna

LIT, JINR Dubna

MEPHI Moscow

Obninsk Univ.

PNPI Gatchina

SINP MSU, Moscow

St. Petersburg P. Univ.

Ioffe Phys.-Tech. Inst. St. Pb.

Ukraine:

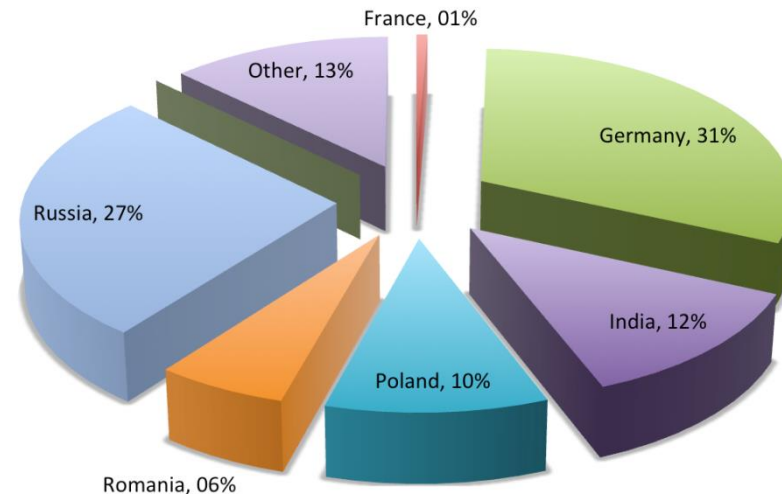
T. Shevchenko Univ. Kiev

Kiev Inst. Nucl. Research

26th CBM Collaboration meeting in Prague, CZ
14 -18 Sept. 2015



Scientist fraction, CBM



Summary

- **CBM scientific program at SIS100:**
Exploration of the QCD phase diagram in the region of neutron star core densities
→ large discovery potential.
- **First measurements with CBM:**
High-precision multi-differential measurements of hadrons incl. multistrange hyperons, hypernuclei and dileptons for different beam energies and collision systems → terra incognita.
- **Status of experiment preparation:**
Prototype detector performances fulfill CBM requirements.
7 TDRs approved, 4 TDRs in preparation.
- **Silicon Tracking System:**
Central detector of the experiment: charged-particle tracking, momentum measurement.
Development and construction in close cooperation of GSI and JINR. Electronics from Poland.
Using part of the STS detector for system tests at GSI and/or physics runs at external labs is under consideration: → BM@N, JINR
- **Funding:**
Substantial part of the CBM start version is financed (+ Expressions of Interest).
- **CBM time line:**
Resource loaded schedules for most of the detectors.
Ready to take first beam end of 2020.