

Coupling of Mechanical and Magneto-Thermal Models of Superconducting Magnets by Means of Mesh-Based Interpolation

M. Maciejewski¹, P. Bayrasy⁴, K. Wolf⁴, M. Wilczek¹, T. Griesemer¹, B. Auchmann^{1,2}, L. Bortot¹, M. Prioli¹, A.M. Fernandez Navarro¹, M. Mentink¹, S. Schöps³, I. Cortes Garcia³, and A.P. Verweij¹ 31.8.2017, MT-25, Amsterdam, NE











Outline

- **STEAM**: Simulation of Transient Effects in Accelerator Magnets.
- Mesh-based coupling applied to magneto-thermal and mechanical co-simulation.



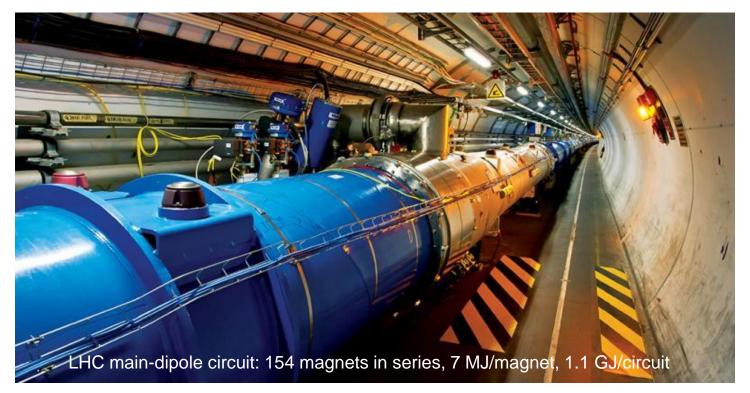








Protecting Complex SC Magnet Circuits in LHC, HL-LHC and FCC





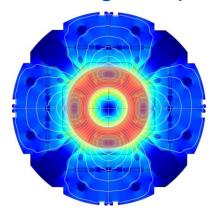


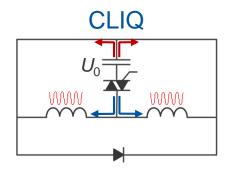






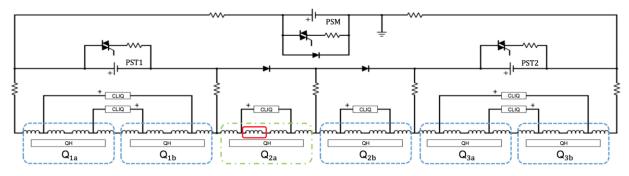
Protecting Complex SC Magnet Circuits in LHC, HL-LHC and FCC





[1] E. Ravaioli, et al. New, coupling loss induced, quench protection system for superconducting accelerator magnets. IEEE Trans. on App. SC., 24, 500905, 2013.

Six CLIQ units in the baseline protection scheme of the HL-LHC inner-triplet circuit with one main and two trim power converters.







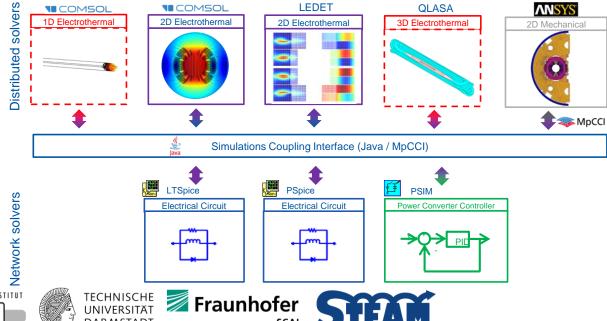






Co-Simulation Framework for Accelerator Community

- Provide flexible co-simulation environment to allow users to use software tools according to
 - (1) license availability and tool preference, (2) runtime and accuracy requirements,
 - (3) availability of validated models; and to run multiple instances of a tool.
- Currently available code adapters include: (dashed: experimental)







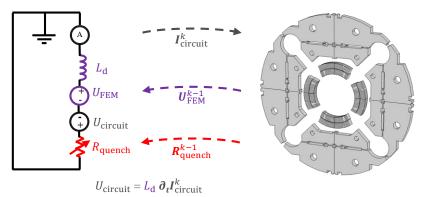


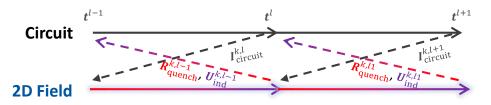




Field/Circuit Coupling, Waveform Relaxation

 We use a current-driven field problem and a circuit representation with an approximated differential inductance and updated resistance.





[1] I. Cortes Garcia, et al. Optimized Field/Circuit Coupling for the Simulation of quenches in Superconducting Magnets. IEEE Journal on Multiscale and Multiphysics Computational Techniques, accepted for publication, 2017.



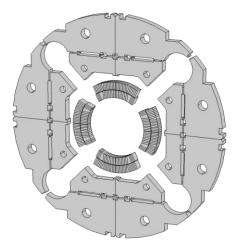








Coupled Field Formulation in COMSOL



Curl-Curl Equation

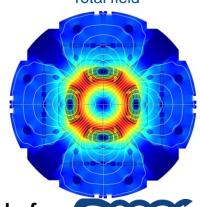
$$\nabla \times (\mu^{-1}\nabla \times \vec{A})$$

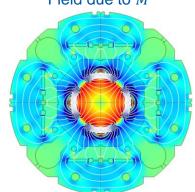
 $= \hat{J_s} + \sigma(B, T) \partial_t \hat{A} + \nabla \times \hat{M}$ Heat Balance Equation

$$\sigma C_{\rm p}(B,T)\partial_t T - \nabla \cdot \lambda \nabla T = Q$$

Total field

Field due to \vec{M}





[2] L. Bortot, et al., "A 2-D Finite-Element Model for Electro-Thermal Transients in Accelerator Magnets", IEEE Trans. on Magnetics, accepted for publication, 2017.



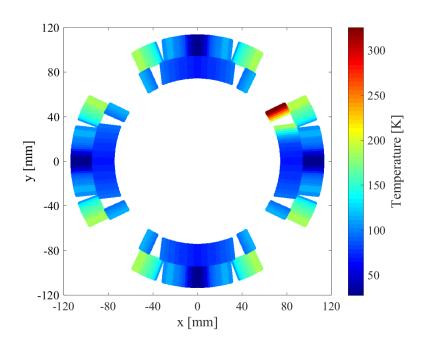


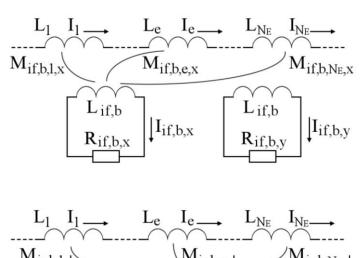


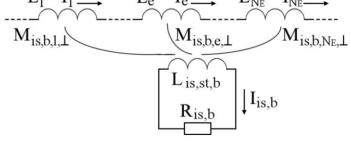




LEDET







[3] E. Ravaioli, B. Auchmann, M. Maciejewski, H. ten Kate, and A. Verweij, "Lumped-element dynamic electro-thermal model of a superconducting magnet," *Cryogenics*, vol. 80, pp. 346–356, 2016.



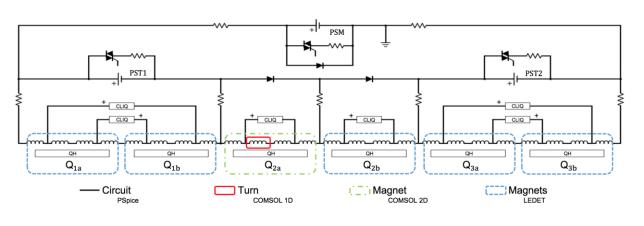


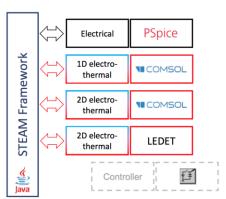


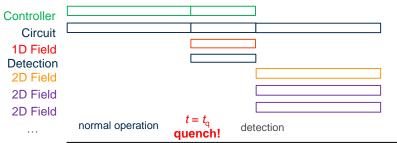




Hierarchical Co-Simulation







Hierarchical co-simulation controlled by a state machine.

[4] L. Bortot, et al., "STEAM: A Hierarchical Co-Simulation Framework for Superconducting Accelerator Magnet Circuits", IEEE Trans. on Appl. SC., submitted for publication, 2017.







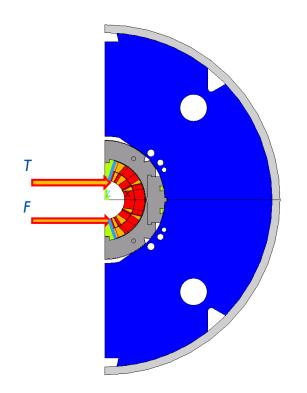






Mechanical Model in ANSYS APDL

- Reuse a validated mechanical model written in ANSYS APDL.
- Predict the internal stress states during a quench protected with CLIQ.
- Transfer temperature and Lorentz-force from 2-D COMSOL field model.
- Use one of the standard industry tools for generic mesh-based data interpolation.
- MpCCI by Fraunhofer SCAI supports
 - mesh-based interpolation
 - uni-directional coupling
 - bi-directional coupling.





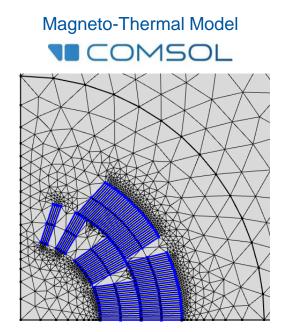


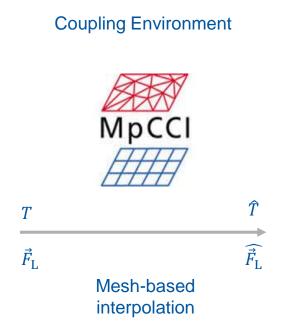


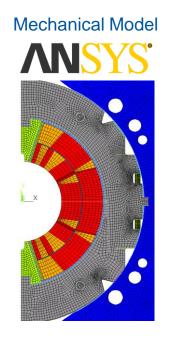




Mesh-Based Interpolation











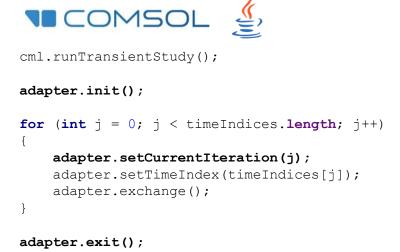






Implementation of One-way coupling with MpCCI

MpCCI server already supports ANSYS APDL models. For COMSOL it was necessary to develop a dedicated Java code adapter





Four MpCCI server commands are required for establishing connection, time-step synchronization, exchange of quantities, and synchronization.



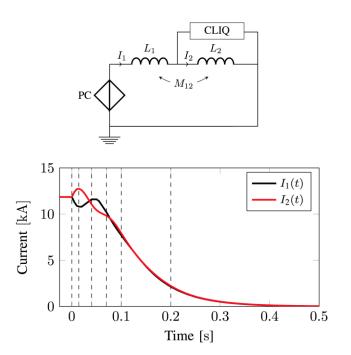


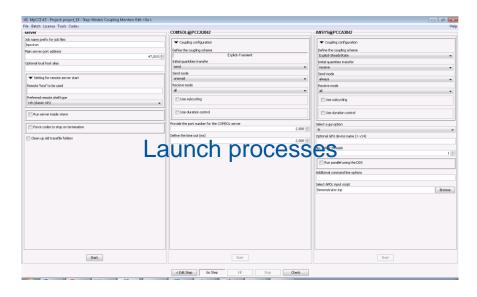






Automated Data Transfer





In this proof of concept we simulate a single-aperture 11-T magnet on a test bench during a CLIQ-protected quench.

103 time steps are executed.



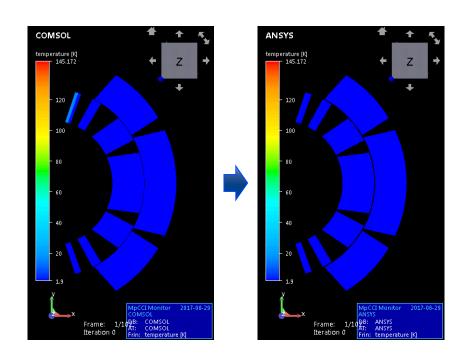


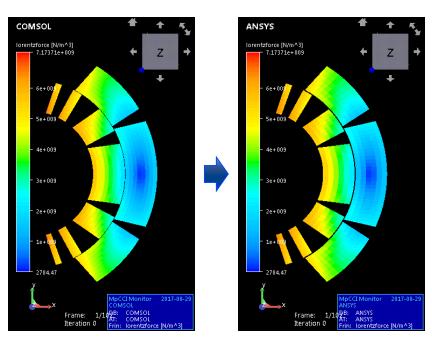






Data Transfer at Sample Times





Data transfer preview in MpCCI GUI





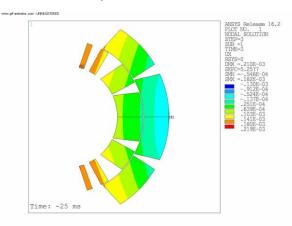




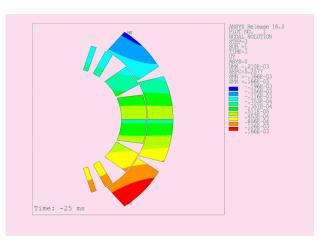


ANSYS Results

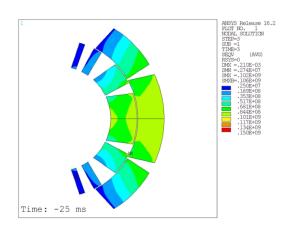
x-displacement



y-displacement



von Mises stress



Asymmetric stress and deformation due to CLIQ discharge and hot-spot evolution.











Conclusions

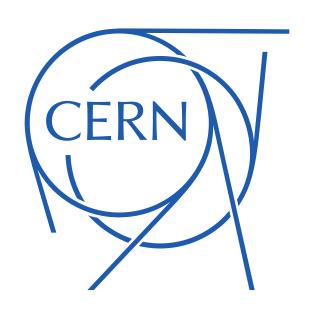
- The STEAN project is driven by accelerator-specific needs.
- We harness the power of hierarchical co-simulation with waveform relaxation to provide a new level of flexibility in tackling complex interdependent problems.
- The framework is used in the analysis of LHC, HL-LHC upgrade, and FCC.
- With SCAI, we introduce mesh-based interpolation to our co-simulation (http://mpcci.de).
- Next steps (in the pipeline):
 - extend model-generation modules, simplify model switching,
 - addition of open source FE solvers, HTS-specific models,
 - add model adapters for our 3D models,
 - performance improvements in waveform relaxation.
- On the horizon:
 - extend the availability of mesh-based tool adapters,
 - multi-directional mesh-based coupling with wave-form relaxation,
 - hardware-in-the-loop co-simulation with actual protection electronics,
 - multi-rate (geometrical) domain decomposition.





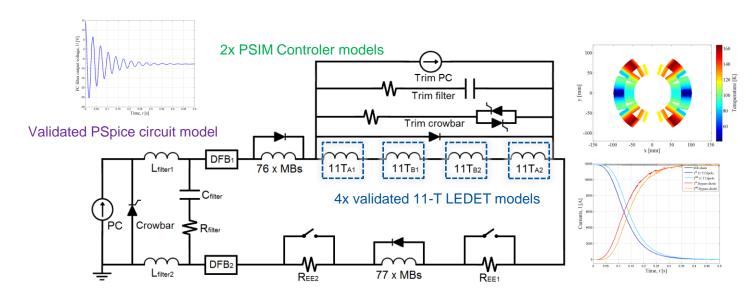






High-Luminosity Upgrade of the LHC Dipole Circuit

- Circuit model, validated to reproduce transmission-line effects.
- Models of quenching upgrade magnets, to be installed in 2020.
- New trim power-supply controllers are tested under realistic conditions.







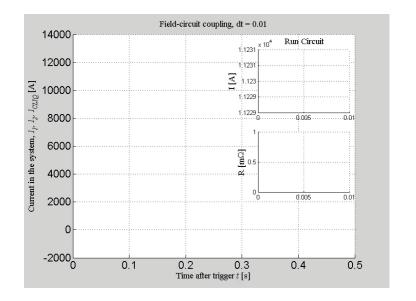


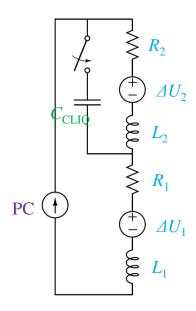






Iterative Solution





 C_{CLIQ} =20 mF, U_{CLIQ} =2 kV









