

## Numerical models of the delamination behaviors in the 2G HTS tape under transverse tension and peel

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## Introduction **Numerical models 1. 2G HTS tape:** has a multi-layers composited construction. 2. Application: magnets and cables, etc. **3. Delamination**: with the fragile feature of the superconducting layer, ro-thickness cohesive laver betwee e YBCO and silver lavers the 2G HTS tape will separate physically under the tensile or shear l = 5 mmw = 2 mmstress, generated due to fabrication, Lorentz force and thermal Bottom anvi 1111111111111111 mismatch, etc. The delamination will result in serious degradation of the critical current. Anvil model (a) and peel model (b) RE)BCO - HTS (epitaxial) The mixed-mode traction-separation law e law can be described by the onset relative displacement, the final relative displacement and the acture toughness if $\delta_n > 0$ , if $\delta_n > 0$ , $\delta_m^f = \left\{ \frac{m}{K_p \delta_m^0} \right\}$ if $\delta_n \leq 0$ , if $\delta_{-} \leq 0$ . **Research status 1. Anvil test** for the transverse tensile strength $G_{mc} = G_{nc} + \left(G_{tc} - G_{nc}\right) \left(\frac{\beta^2}{1 + \beta^2}\right)', \qquad \begin{vmatrix} \sigma_n \\ \sigma_t \end{vmatrix} = \mathbf{C} \begin{vmatrix} \delta_n \\ \delta_t \end{vmatrix}$ delamination streng ▲— 4 mm x 8 mm a >— 2 mm x 8 mm a — 3 mm x 8 mm a **Results for the anvil model** Unit: MPa Anvil size, mm 2. Peel test for the peel strength $\sigma$ -2 mm width of top anvil 3 mm width of top anvil 4 mm width of top anvil $P_{-} = 0.906\sigma$ $-0.877\sigma_{c}^{2}$ $-0.851\sigma_a^j$ $\mathbb{P}/\sigma_n^f$ Force gauge → z (b) $76 \text{ MPa} \le P \le 1 \text{ N}$ $0.5 \text{ MPu} \le P \le 0.66 \text{ MPu}$ for 3 mm width -180 Deg $\sigma_{y_2}$ von Mises stress P = 0 MPa for 4 mm width Hastellov side Copper stabilizer side 1.5 2.5 $v_{top}^{}/\delta_{p}^{f}$ (d) Motivation ransverse tensile stress vs. displacement plot Stresses distribution under maximum tensile stress

large anvil.

1. Is the transverse tensile strength from the anvil test equal to the real strength?

2. Why is the peel strength at 180° larger than that at 90°?

3. Which factors affect the peel strength?





- ◆The maximum average tensile stress, 45.3 MPa, is smaller than the normal tensile strength, 50 MPa.
- $\bullet$  The maximum average tensile stress with a small anvil is larger than that with a



## Conclusions

- With considering the mixed-mode traction-separation law, two models  $\succ$ are built to investigate the delamination characteristics of the 2G HTS tape.
- The effects of the anvil size on the transverse tensile strength and the  $\succ$ stress distribution are analyzed.
- The factors of the peeling angle, the plastic deformation and thermal  $\succ$ mismatch, etc. are considered in the peel model.



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