Design and Manufacturing of the First Industrial-Grade CLIQ Units for the Protection of Superconducting Magnets for the High-Luminosity LHC Project at CERN

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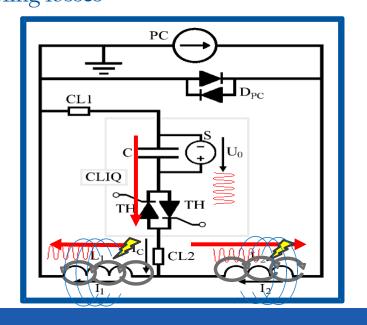
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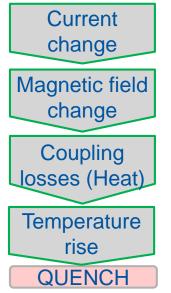




Introduction

Coupling-Loss Induced Quench (CLIQ) is an innovative quench protection method based on a discharge resulting in high inter-filament and inter-strand coupling losses





Courtesy Emmanuele Ravaioli



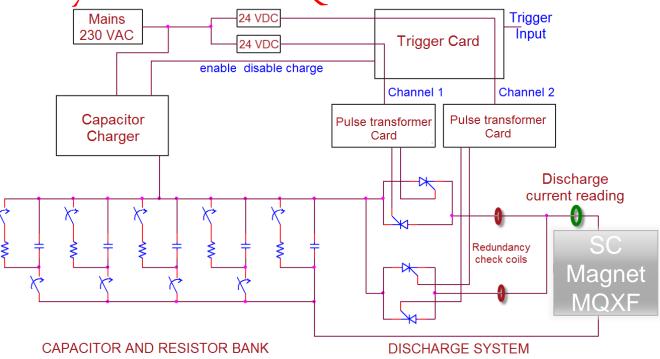
Introduction

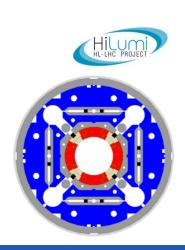
- Δ It will be used in the HL-LHC as a complement of the Quench Heater systems
- Δ Two different prototype versions of CLIQ have been manufactured at CERN



How to create the capacitive discharge?

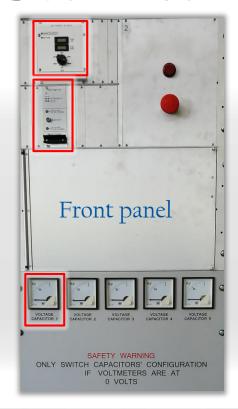
Layout of the CLIQ unit







User interface





Capacitor charger panel



Trigger card panel







Safety first

- Δ Equipment stop button stop, mains current breaker, on/off switch
- Δ Interlock triggers when user opens the door for capacitance selection
- Δ Padlocks on the capacitance selectors
 - -> The stored energy is dissipated in the resistor bank









Energy storage circuit

Δ Capacitor Bank: 5x10 mF, 1000 V capacitors in parallel (dry, bipolar, metallized polypropylene)

Δ Charger: 100 mA charging current, 1000 V in ~8 min for 50 mF

 Δ Resistor bank: 40 resistors, 100 W, 1 k Ω (Req=400 Ω)

 Δ 24 VDC relays



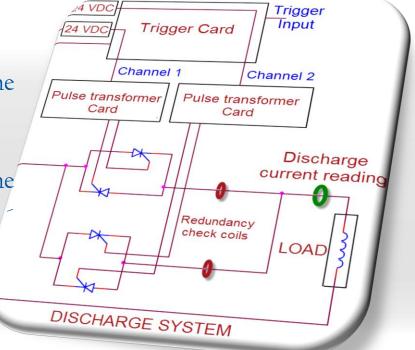


Capacitor Charger

CAPACITOR AND RESISTOR BANK

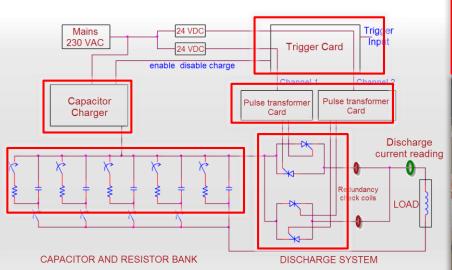
Trigger and discharge circuit

- Δ Two 24 VDC power supplies
- Δ Two trigger circuit generators (on the same board)
- Δ Two pulse transformers boards
- The user (i.e. Quench Detectors) starts the trigger by opening a current loop → 500 ms 10 kHz pulse train
- Δ Two Bi-directional Controlled Thyristors



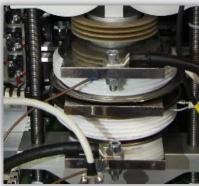


A glimpse into the CLIQ unit





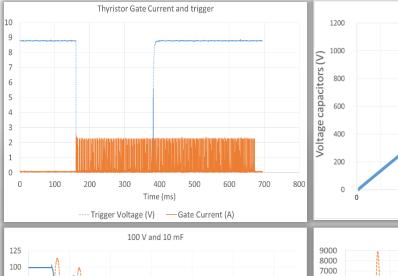


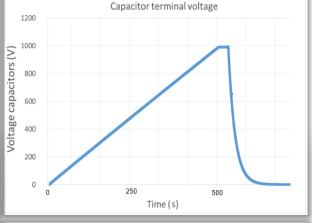


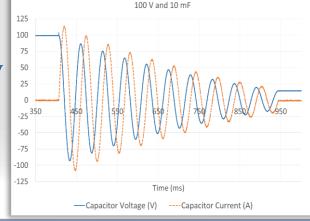


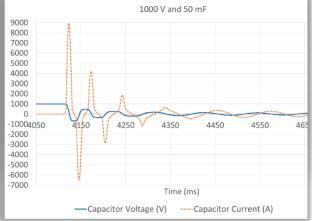
Individual System Tests

- Δ Warm 7 mH load
- Δ Hi-pot 2 kV
- Δ Thyristors performance
- Δ Power shutdown
- Δ Discharge 100 V to 1000 V
- Δ Visual displays











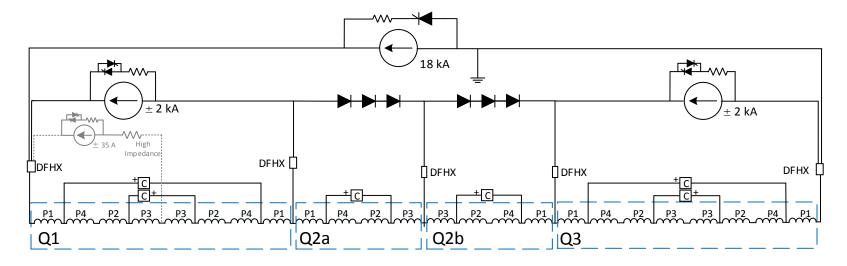
Conclusions

- The CLIQ v2 units are on the starting block to be used in an extensive R&D program at the test facilities at CERN on superconducting magnets also for the HL- LHC program
- Δ A further optimization of parameters and the unit is expected in the following months -> CLIQ v3



Conclusions

Δ CLIQ v3 is intended to protect the LHC inner triplet magnets following their installation in 2024-25





Thank you for your attention



References

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