Design method of an ultra-high speed PM Motor/Generator for Electric-Turbo Compounding System Dong-Hoon Jung¹, Ju Lee¹, Jong Suk Lim¹, Gang Seok Lee¹, Sol Kim²

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In various industries, ultra-high speed motor is actively studied and developed for diverse industrial applications like generators/starters for micro gas turbines, turbo-compressor, vacuum pump and turbine generator. Electric Turbo Compounding System (E-TCS), which operates with motor/generator unit at a very-high speed, is the most realistic alternative technology that can respond to fuel efficiency regulation by applying an electrical system to the existing turbocharger. This paper presents the design of an ultra-high speed PM motor for applying E-TCS.

safety using RSM with the results of FEA and structural analysis.







Background

Objectives

Design of an ultra-high speed PM motor driven by 10kW at the rated speed 70,000 rpm and the maximum speed 100,000 rpm for applying E-TCS The optimal design of PM motor to not only reduce the eddy-current loss, prominently occur at very-high speed, but also ensure the structural

Output characteristics



Core loss by Sleeve thickness



Most eddy current loss occur in the sleeve Therefore, the thickness of sleeve is better to be as thin as possible considering loss for the efficiency.



- Electric -Turbo Compounding System(E-TCS)
- are analyzed.
- occur at very-high speed, but also ensure the structural safety.



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Conclusion

This paper presents the design of an ultra-high speed PM motor driven by 10kW at the rated speed 70,000 rpm for applying

* The optimal design of the ultra-high speed PM motor is performed with Finite Element Method(FEM) and structural analysis. Especially, Carbon fiber is used as a material of sleeve, the electromagnetic and structural and characteristics by material of sleeve

* The optimal design method of PM motor, using carbon fiber is proposed to not only reduce the eddy-current loss, prominently

| Constraints | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Contents | Value | Unit | | |
| Voltage limit | 400 | V _{dc} | | |
| Current limit | 80 | A _{peak} | | |
| Operating temperature | 150~200 | °C | | |
| Number of poles | 2 ⁽¹⁾ | _ | | |
| Magnet | SmCo(2:17) ⁽²⁾ | - | | |

• Design Constraints

(1) Consider the electrical frequency for control

The electrical frequency by poles @ 100,000rpm

1666Hz (2 poles), 3333Hz (4 poles)

- → if, switching frequency 20 kHz, Number of switching : 12 (2 poles), 6 (4 poles)
- (2) Consider the demagnetization at very-high operating temperature





| Speed [rpm] | Vdc [V] | Adv_ang [deg] | Torque [Nm] | Efficiency [%] |
|----------------|------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 70,000 | 342 | 10 | 1.39 | 95.69 |
| 100,000 | 400 | 35 | 1.17 | 95.29 |

The PM motor for E-TCS, driven by 10kW at ultra-high speed is verified using FEA. The required torque at the rated speed and max speed is satisfied.