

Geant4 simulation of a high-granular calorimeters for performance studies

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FCC hadron detector meeting

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Requirements for the FCC-hh hadronic calorimeter

(what we know already)

- **Good containment up to 30 TeV jets**
 - affects jet energy resolution & leakage biases
 - $12 \lambda_1$ is baseline for FCC-hh
- **Good longitudinal segmentation**
 - Realistic Geant4 simulation helps to determine
- **Good transverse segmentation for resolving boosted particles**
 - baseline 5x5 cm for FCC-hh (from previous Delphes studies)

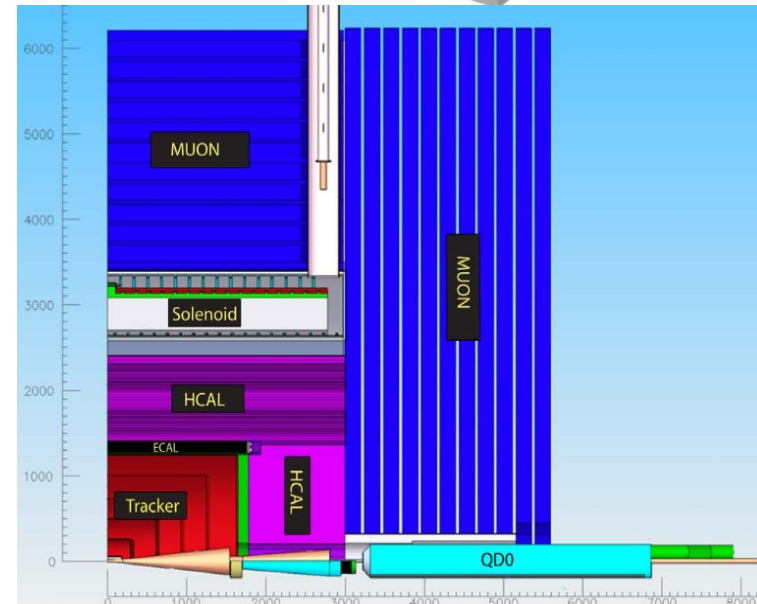
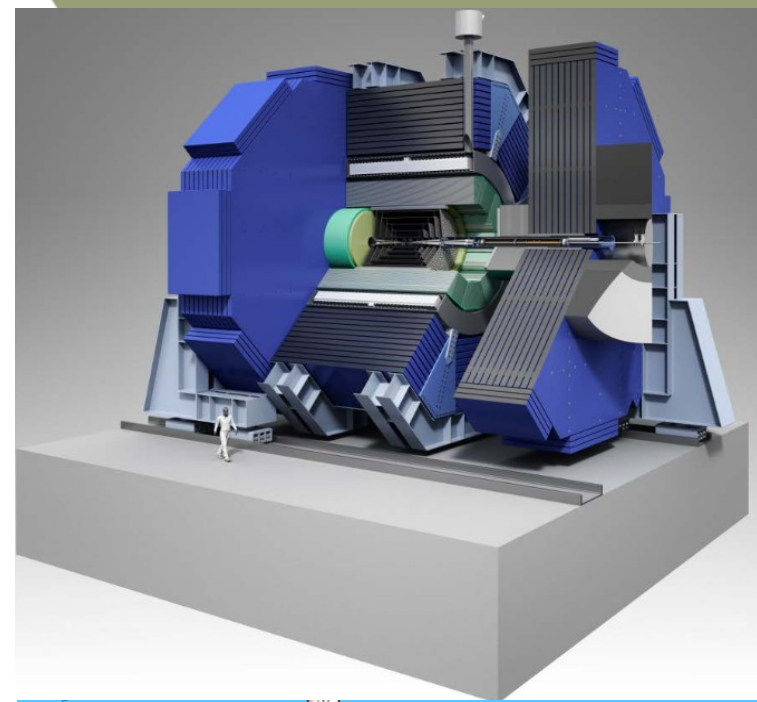
Optimize performance and sensitivity to new physics using appropriate technologies

Require detailed Geant4 simulations

SiD detector for ILC



- Multi-purpose detector for the ILC
- The key characteristics of the SiD detector:
 - 5 Tesla solenoid
 - Silicon tracker: 50 um readout pitch
 - ECAL: (0.35 cm cell size, W / silicon)
 - HCAL:
 - 1x1 cm cell size (RPC)
 - 40 layers for barrel (HCAL) $\sim 4.5 \lambda_1$
- Optimized for particle-flow algorithms (PFA)
- Fully configurable using SLIC software



Leverage large investments to R&D and software designs
Re-purpose SLIC software for FCC-hh performance studies

Geant4 simulations for FCC calorimeter. S.Chekanov (ANL)

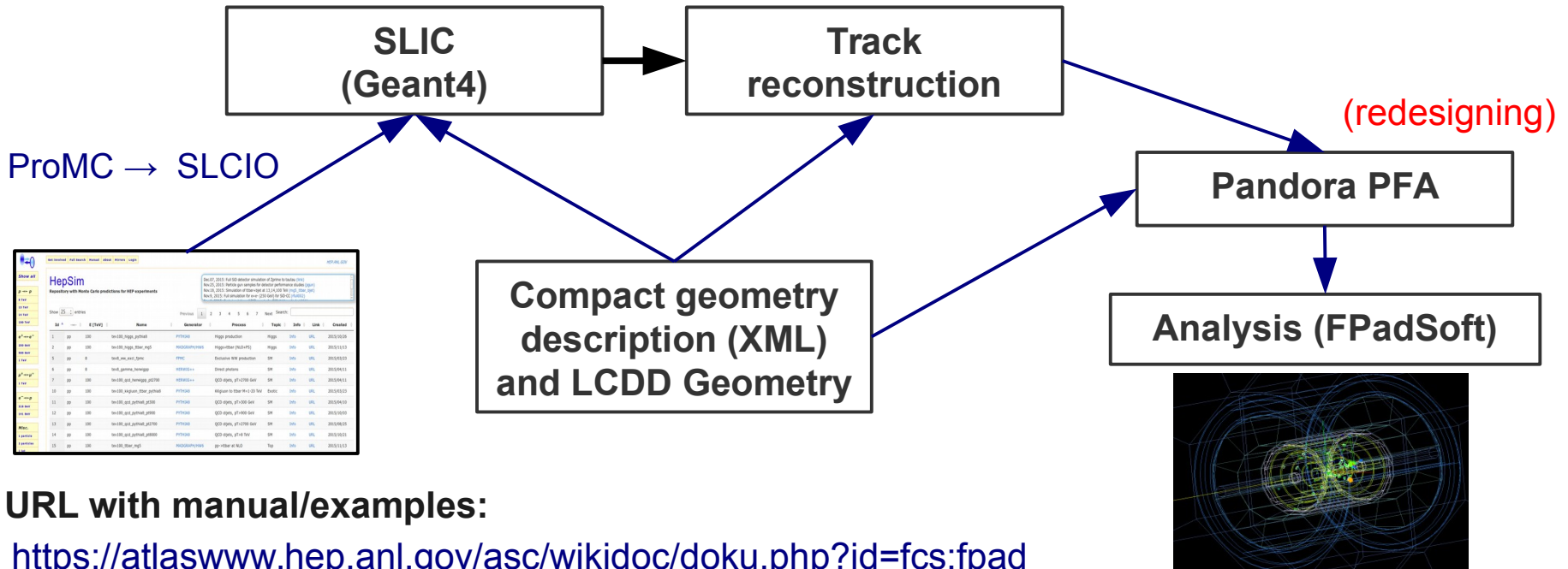


Software for future circular colliders

Re-purposing the Simulator for the Linear Collider (SLIC)

- Developed for the ILC.
- Optimized for the SiD detector at SLAC (T.Johnson, N.Graf, J.McCormick, J.Strube)
- Optimizing for future pp collider studies (S.C., A.Kotwal, J.Strube)
 - Integrated with **HepSim**. Output files are publicly accessible
 - Deployed on Open-Science Grid (OSG)

Analysis package: FPadSoft - software for “Future Particle Detector” studies



URL with manual/examples:

<https://atlaswww.hep.anl.gov/asc/wikidoc/doku.php?id=fcs:fpad>

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Designing calorimeters for FCC-hh

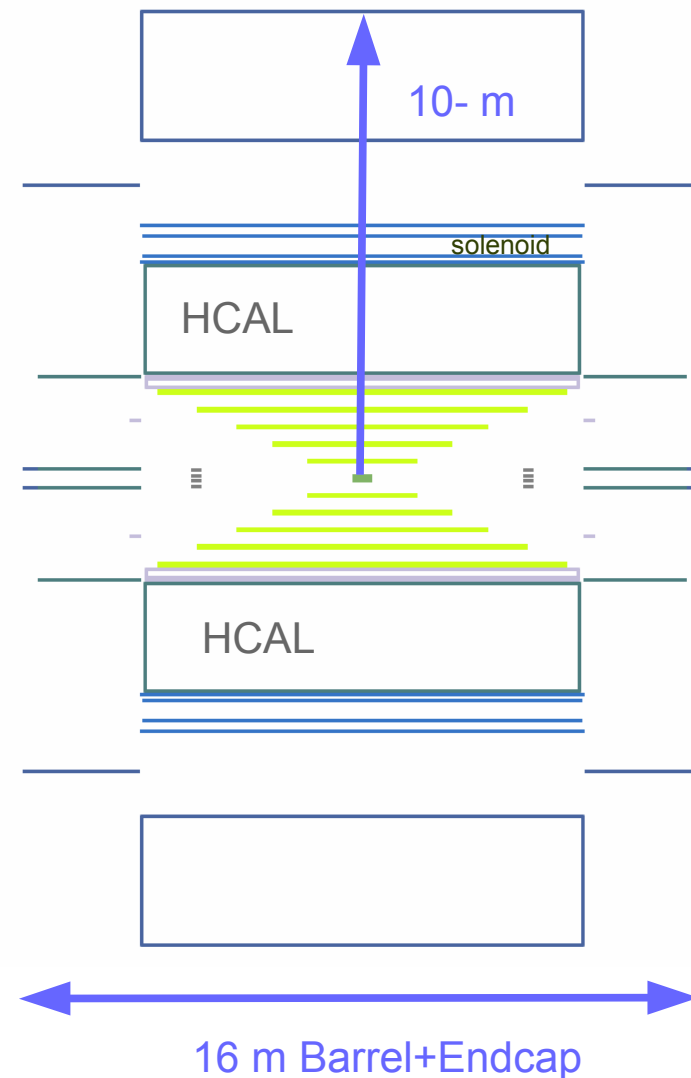
SiFcc2

<http://atlaswww.hep.anl.gov/asc/hepsim/detectors/sifcch2.html>

SiFcc2 geometry:

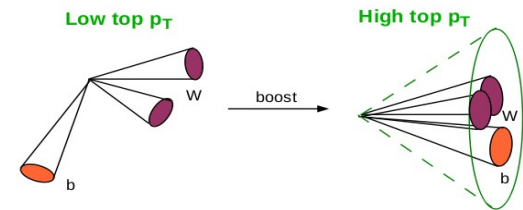
- 5 T solenoid as for SiD
- Increase Z-position of outer tracking, vertex detector and ECAL/HCAL by a factor 3
 - $|\eta| < 1.7$ for barrel calorimeter
- Increase the outer radius of ECAL, HCAL, solenoid and muon detector by a factor ~ 2
- **HCAL (Scint+Fe):** ~ FCC baseline
 - 5x5 cm cells + analog readout
 - 12 lambda depth. 40 layers (as for SiD)
 - 5 cm absorber / layer (Fe)
- **ECAL (Si/W):**
 - 1x1 cm cells + analog readout
 - 32 layers, $\sim 58 X_0$ (need optimization!)

Note: SiFcc1 geometry with “imaging” calorimeter was presented previously by S.Sen



Physics processes for boosted jet studies

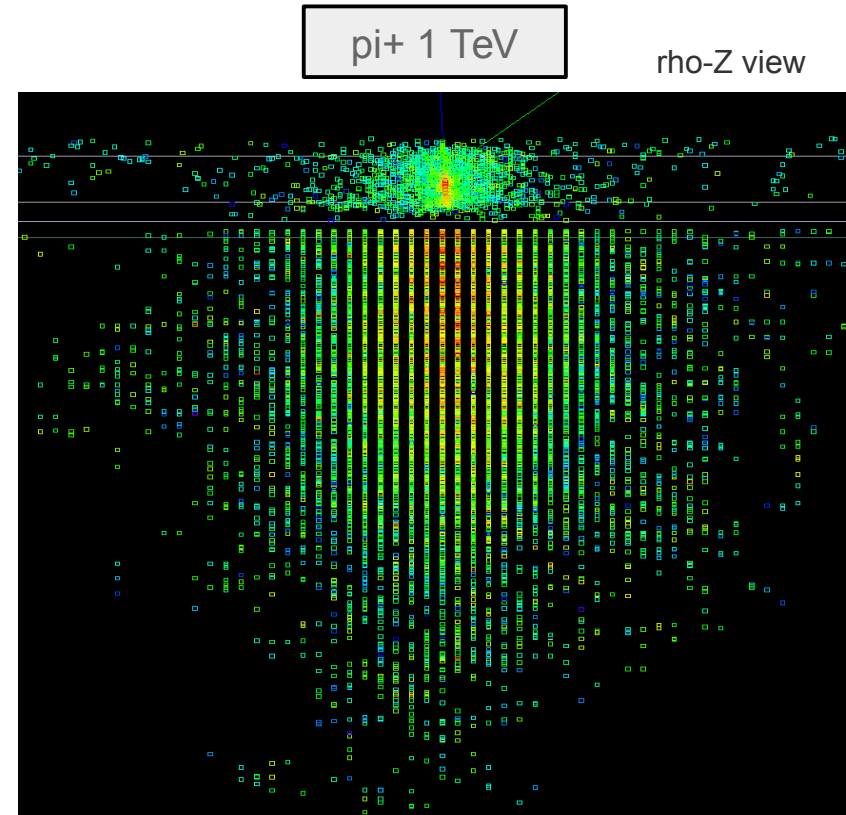
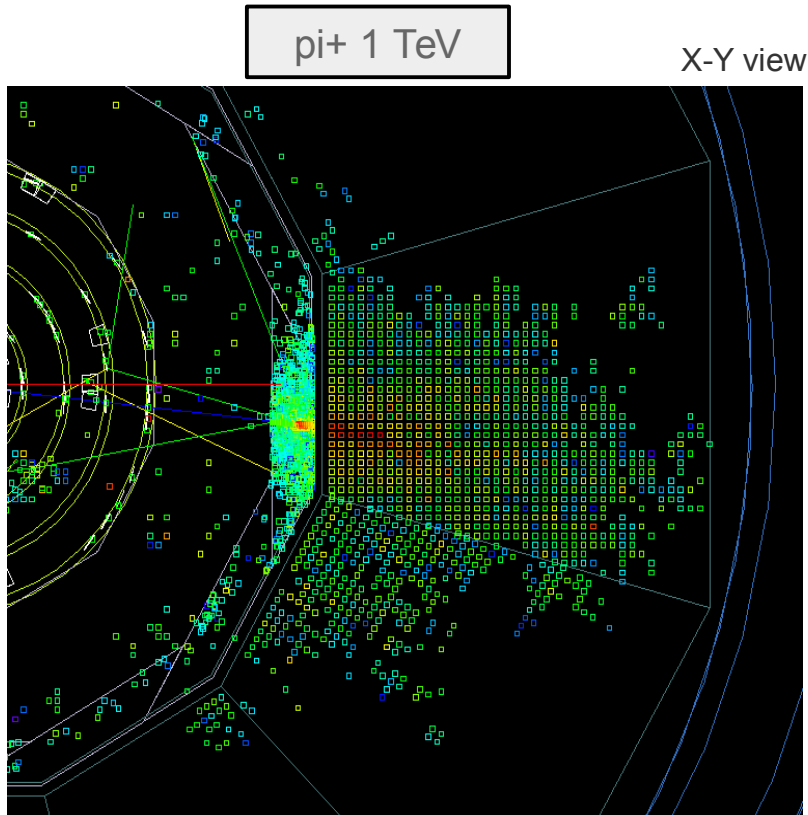
- Avoid complications due proton beams
- Processes for benchmarks using Pythia6:
 - $\mu+\mu^- \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow W+W^-$
 - $\mu+\mu^- \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow qq$
 - $\mu+\mu^- \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
 - $\mu+\mu^- \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow \text{tau}+\text{tau}^-$
- LCIO reconstructed samples assuming:
 - $\Delta\Gamma(Z') \sim 1 \text{ MeV}$
 - $Z'(20 \text{ TeV}), Z'(30 \text{ TeV}), Z'(40 \text{ TeV})$
- Apply favorite jet substructure techniques to identify $W+W^-$, $t\bar{t}$ (and compare with $Z' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$)



Response to 1 TeV pions

SiFch2

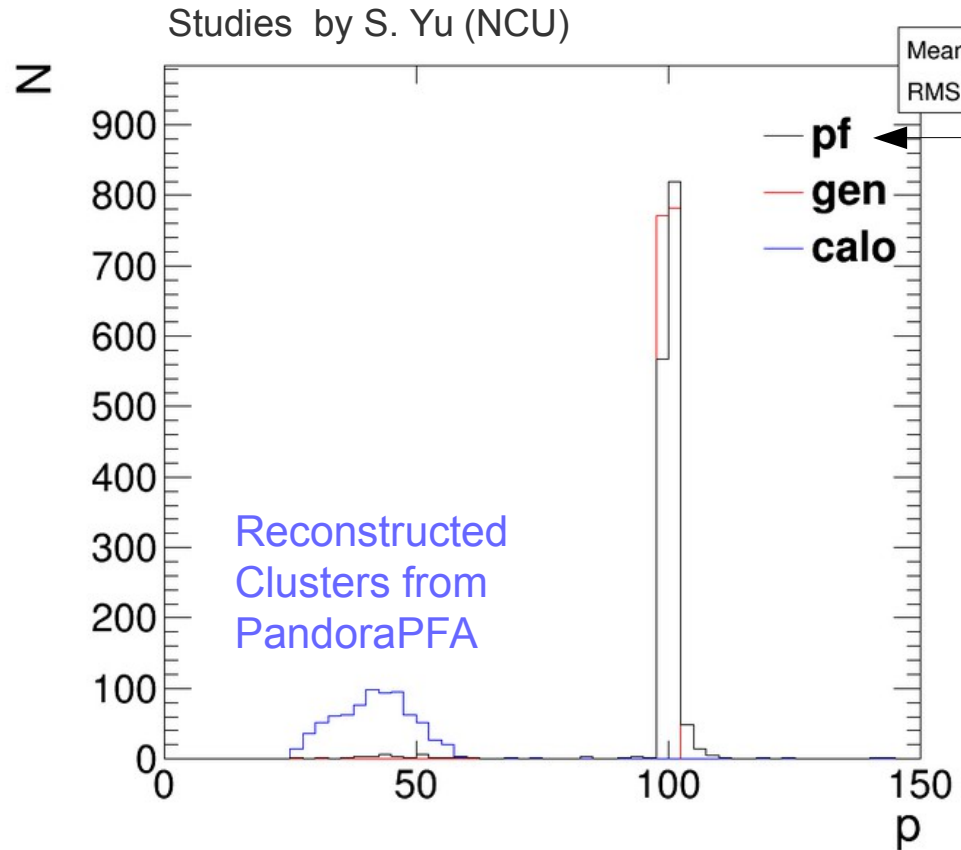
- 1 TeV pions are important for “benchmarking” (C.Helsens & C.Solans studies)
 - ~10% will be carried by 1 TeV hadrons (~9 hadrons/jet) for $p_T(\text{jet}) > 30$ TeV



Based on <http://atlaswww.hep.anl.gov/hepsim/info.php?item=182>

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Response to 100 GeV pions



Calorimeter clusters are miscalculated

Lost calibration for HCAL during the transition “imaging → analog”?

Working on PandoraPFA reconstruction to recalibrate hits and clusters

Based on: <http://atlaswww.hep.anl.gov/hepsim/info.php?item=182>

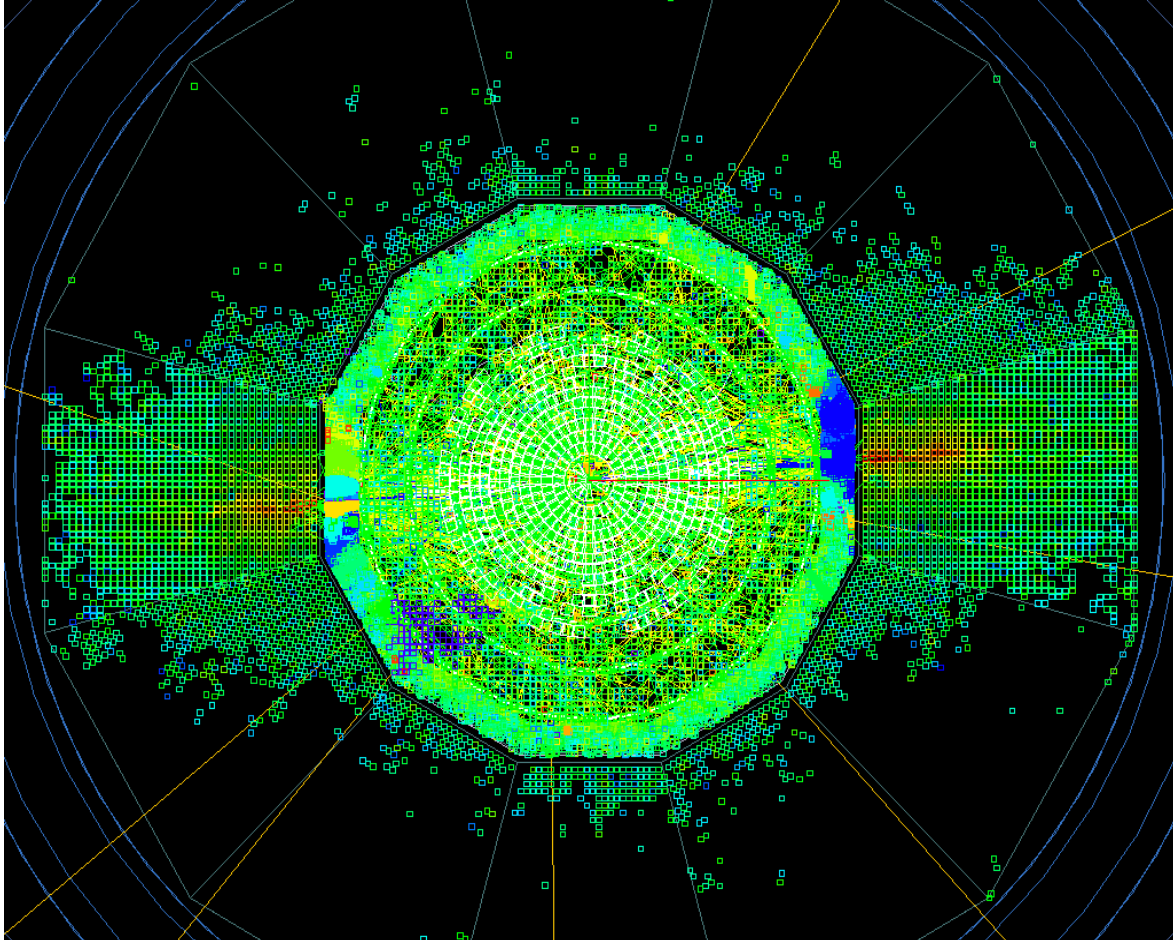


Event display of Z' (40 TeV) \rightarrow $q\bar{q}$

SiFch2

Known issues:

- HCAL hits are miscalibrated
- Graphics needs to be improved:
 - remove low-energy cells, correct cell sizes



Simulation & reconstruction
of 1 event takes ~4h

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Preliminary MC reconstructed samples

SiFCCh2 geometry description. Reco tag rfull004

<http://atlaswww.hep.anl.gov/asc/hepsim/detectors/sifcch2.html>

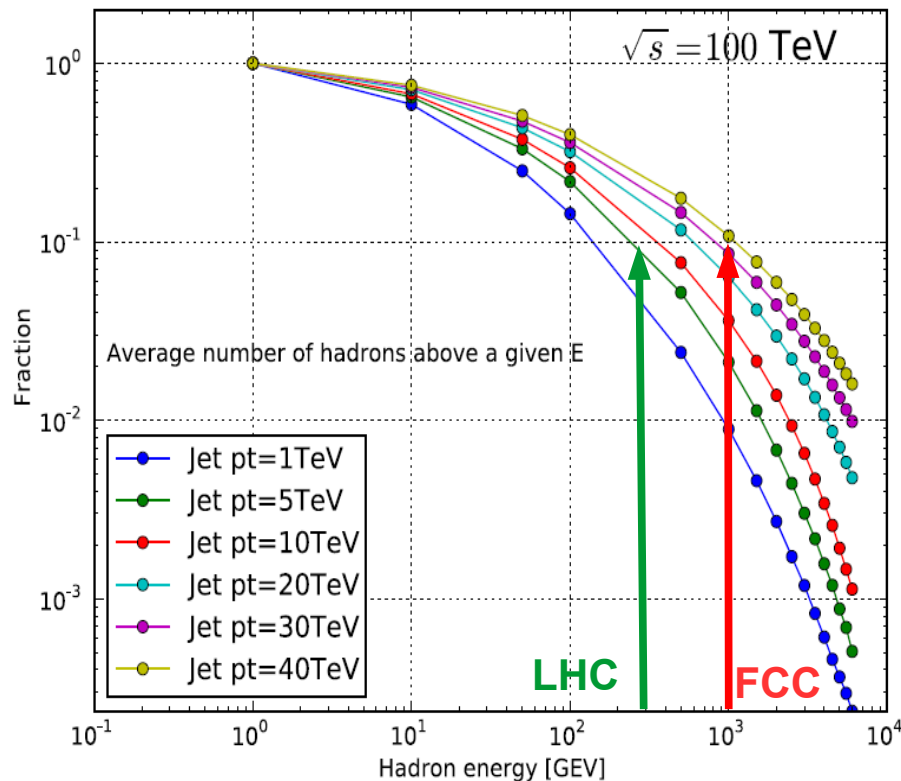
- Available single-particle samples after full reconstruction:
 - Pions with $P=10, 100, 1000, 10000$ GeV. Uniform Eta and Phi
 - <http://atlaswww.hep.anl.gov/hepsim/info.php?item=182>
- $Z'(10 \text{ TeV})$ decaying to $q\bar{q}$, $t\bar{t}$, $W+W-$
 - ~2000 fully reconstructed events per sample (Tracks, PFA, CaloClusters, HITS)
 - created on Open-Science Grid (UChicago/ANL. ~100,000 CPU*h)
 - <http://atlaswww.hep.anl.gov/hepsim/index.php?c=mupmum&e=10000&t=all>
- Warning/known issues:
 - RecoCalor clusters are miscalibrated
 - Use HCAL HITS offline and apply sampling fractions / corrections?
 - Work in progress (changing the Pandora algorithm)

Backup

Estimating HCAL depth

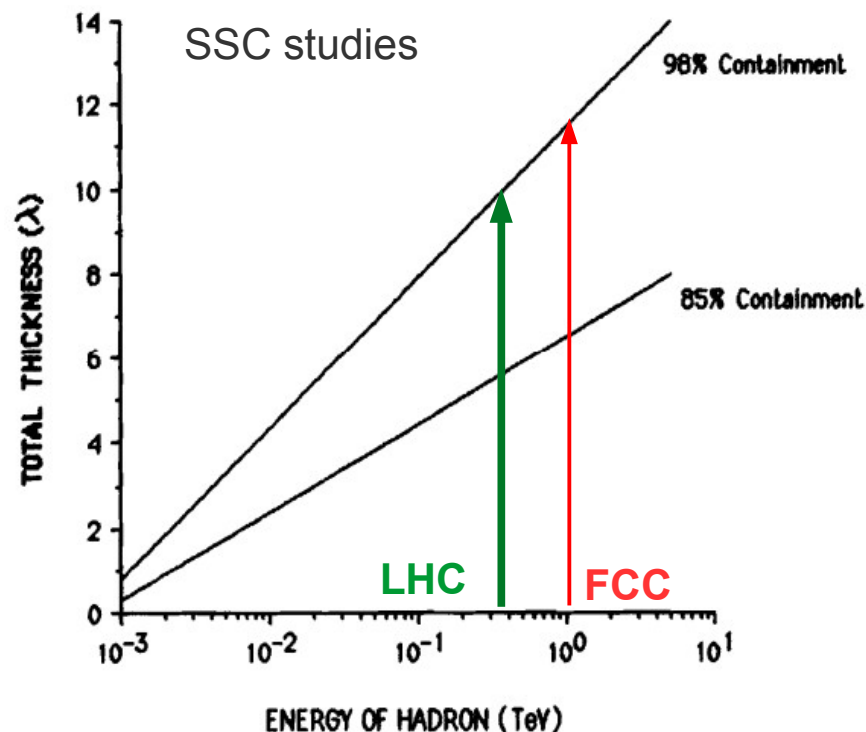
Leading particles in high-pT jets

C.Helsens, C.Solans



<http://lss.fnal.gov/conf/C860623/p355.pdf>

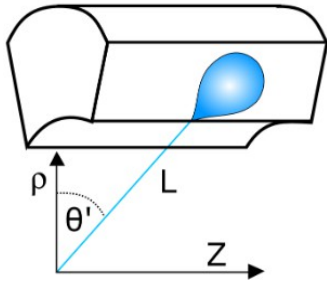
Containment of hadron showers



pT(jet) > 30 TeV: ~10% will be carried by 1 TeV hadrons (~9 hadrons/jet)
12 λ_1 is needed to contain 98% of energy of a 1 TeV hadron

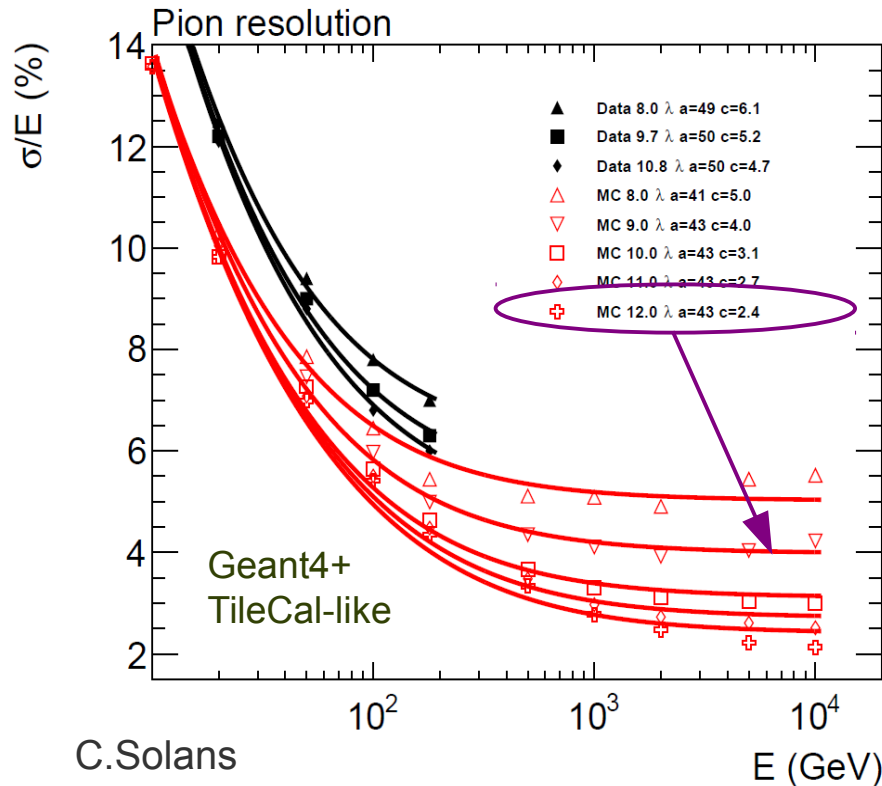
Geant4 simulation agrees with calculations for SSC (.. 1984 Gordon&Grannis. Snowmass)

Resolution for single pions



$$\frac{\sigma(E)}{E} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus \frac{b}{E} \oplus c$$

a – stochastic/sampling term,
b – electronic noise term
c – constant term



“c” dominates for jet with $p_T > 5$ TeV

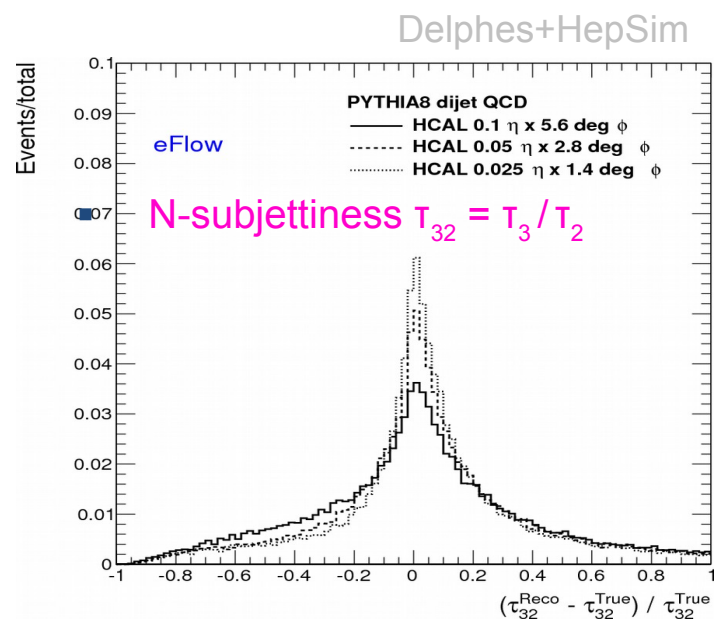
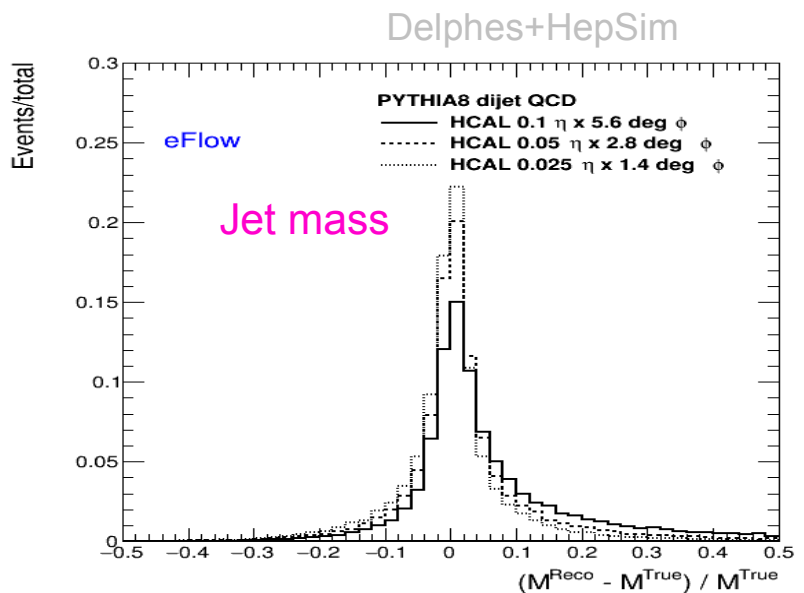
- Geant4 TileCal inspired simulation based on FTFP_BERT
- Calculate single-particle resolution
- Stochastic term is close to $45\%/\sqrt{E}$
- Constant term improves by $\sim 20\%$ with increase of $1\lambda_1$

Constant term $c \sim 2.5\%$ is achievable for $12\lambda_1$

Resolutions for substructure variables for $pT(\text{jet}) > 10$ TeV (fast simulation)

Presented at

Boost2015. Chicago, Aug. 10-15, 2015



Decrease in RMS values compared to $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.1 \times 0.1$

	$\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.05 \times 0.05$	$\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.025 \times 0.025$
tau21	18%	28%
tau32	9%	13%
jet mass	80%	120%

Large improvement in resolution for $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.025 \times 0.025$

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