



## Questions Addressed

- Klystrons per cavity
- Requirement for high power vector modulators
- Essential R&D to meet LHC upgrade requirement
- Essential R&D to meet  $\nu$  factory and Eurosol requirement
- Requirement for flexible power division
- Is cavity phase control as opposed to cavity vector modulation adequate for high beta cavities

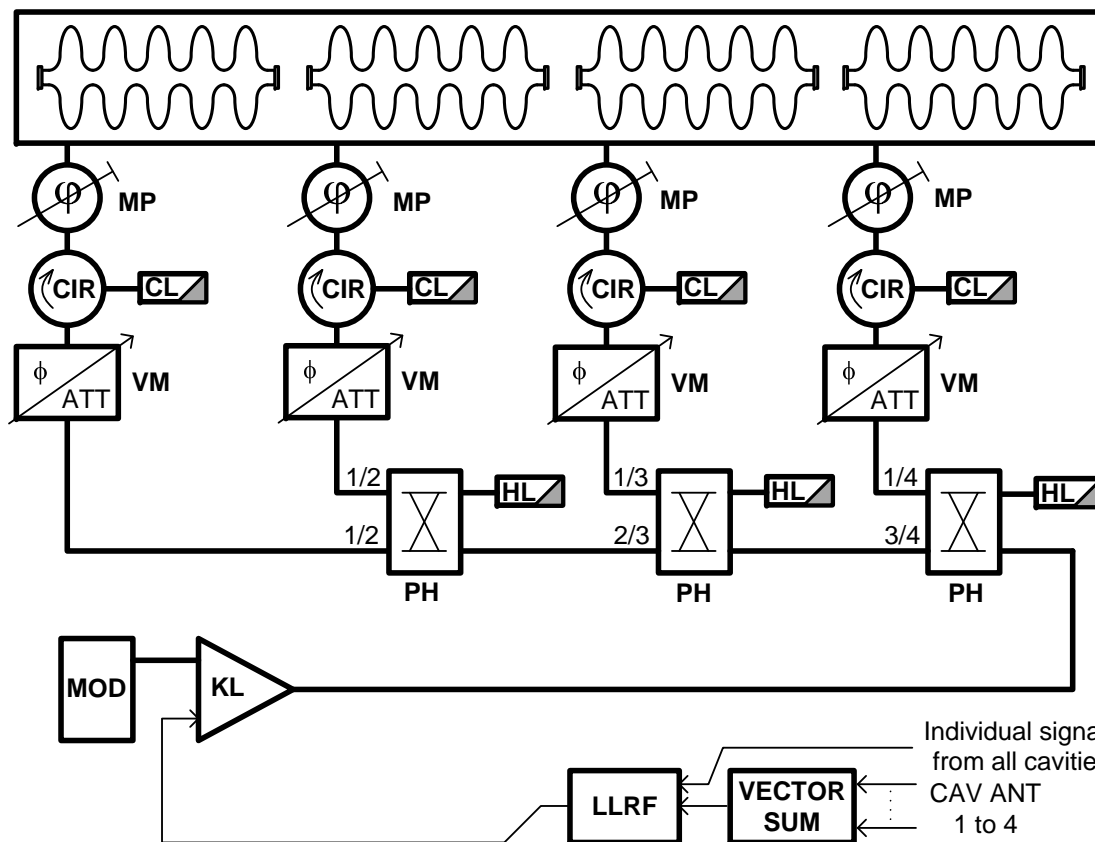


# RF distribution scheme

Daniel Valuch



- If 1 klystron/4 cavities this would be a preferred layout
  - Linear distribution using less space consuming “planar” hybrids with individually adjusted coupling
  - Vector modulators for fast phase/amplitude field control
  - Mech. phase shifters for cavity phasing or isolation



KL 5MW<sub>PK</sub> klystron  
CIR 1MW<sub>PK</sub> circulator  
CL 100kW<sub>RMS</sub> circ. Load  
PH hybrid (e.g. planar 90°)  
HL hybrid load  
VM 1MW<sub>PK</sub> vector modulator  
MP Mech. phase-shifter/switch  
MOD Klystron modulator



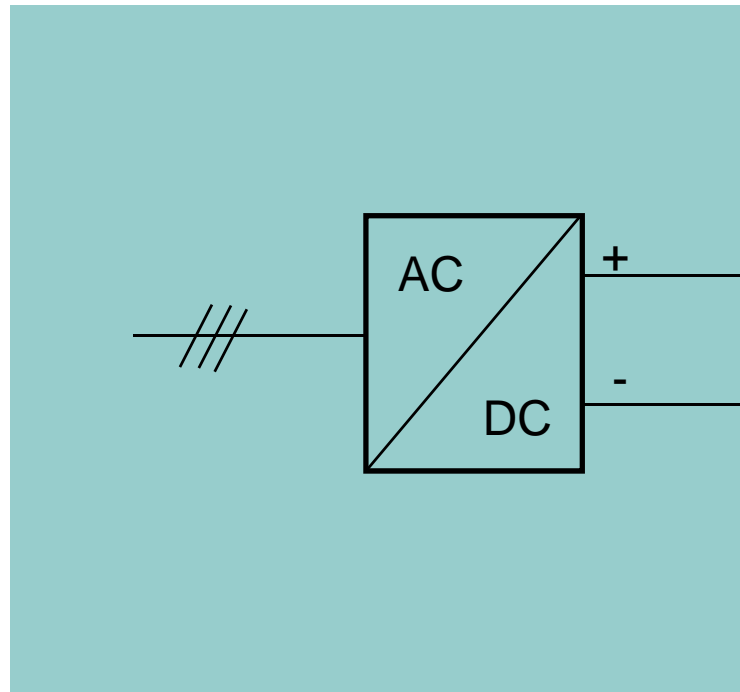
# Modulator - Proposed topology for the HP-SPL

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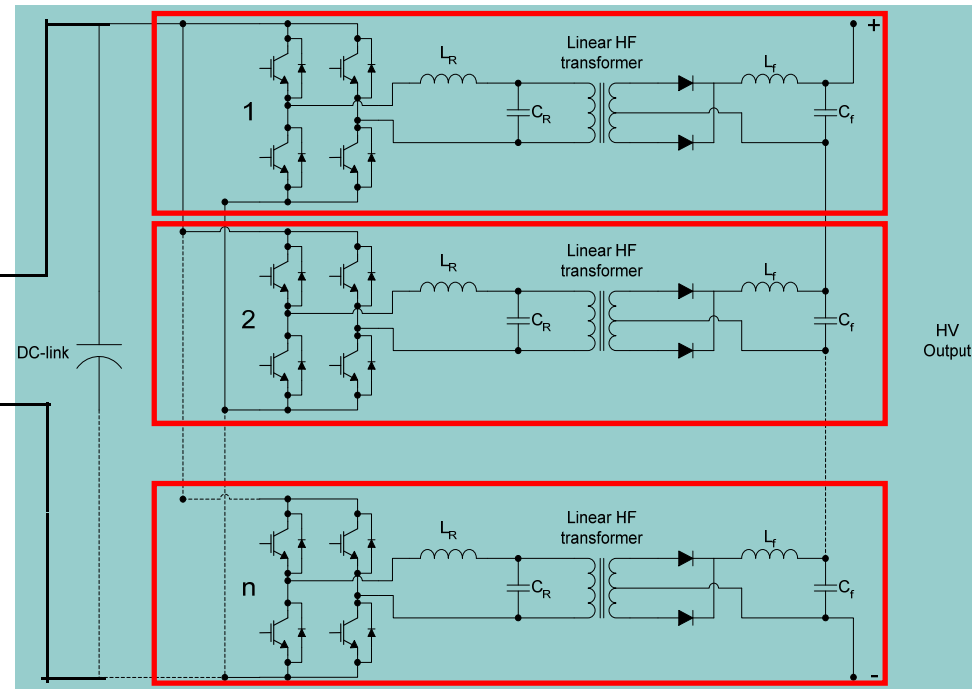


**110 kV, 91A, 2.3ms, 50 Hz (10 MWpk, 1.15 MWav)**

Capacitor charger: In surface building



Pulse former: In the tunnel



### Pulse former:

- Modular topology (4 or 5 independent modules in parallel/series);
- Easier imposition of “soft switching” in all operating points (no coupling between modules);
- However, former hard points related to the transformers, thermal management and mechanical layout remain.



## WG1 Preliminary Review of Specifications and Technical Choices



- 5 MW klystron
- No. of Cavities / Klystron 1, 4, 8 (16) ?  
Unit cost of klystrons & klystron modulators favours 4/8
- Power splitting – Use **90° Hybrid** - Variable coupling by placing posts inside  
(XFEL asymmetric shunt Tee does not provide sufficient isolation)
- Need to get specs & demonstrate vector modulators (CI collab)  
Can we do without in LPSPL ? Specs for HPSPL
- Slow ('Manual') phase shifters – DESY design (Sliding inner plate)
- Waveguide sizing. WR1150 - HOMs  
Do we need SF6? - Constraints with SF6
- **Integration & layout is a concern...**
- Tolerable power losses, realistic power overhead for feedback loops
- Study of overall HPRF system Intercavity coupling due to reflections, Beam induced signals,  
(related to field stability studies)
- Modulator – HPSPL 50 Hz is a new & very different device – complete upgrade LP to HP SPL (ESS Bilbao collab)



R&D

## Primary

1. Model string of four cavities with its control system to determine the minimum requirement for high power vector modulation
2. Develop high power RF vector modulation (1 MW – 50 Hz)
3. Develop technology for 50 Hz 10 MW Klystron Modulator
4. Understand power overhead for microphonics and Lorentz detuning
5. Impact of Lorentz detuning with respect to 50 Hz operation

## Secondary

1. Investigate solution using one phase locked magnetron per cavity
2. Develop remote variable splitting



## Working Group 1

Upgrade requirement from 2Hz (LHC) to 50Hz ( $\nu$  factory)

- Same number of cavities
- Almost same number of waveguide component
- Twice as many Klystrons (10 M€  $\rightarrow$  20 M€ )
- Four times the modulator cost (10 M€  $\rightarrow$  40 M€ ?)
- High power vector modulators beyond state of art

Likely scenario is to build for LHC upgrade and then upgrade with new modulators and extra Klystrons for  $\nu$  factory or Eurosol



## TDR Requirements

1. Costing of Klystrons
2. Costing of modulators
3. Costing of other components
4. Foot print
5. Alternatives and upgrade routes