Particle production in nucleus-nucleus and pion-nucleus collisions at  $E_{kin} = 0.4 - 2A \text{ GeV}$ 

# Critical Point and Onset of Deconfinement 2016, Wrocław June 2, 2016

Vinzent Steinberg in collaboration with Hannah Petersen, Dima Oliinychenko and Janus Weil







## SMASH: A new transport approach

- SMASH: Smashing Many Accelerated Strongly-interacting Hadrons
- Microscopic simulation of hadronic reactions
- Solve relativistic Boltzmann equation for hadron species *i*:

$$p^{\mu}\partial_{\mu}f_{i}(x,p) = C_{\text{coll}}^{i}$$
(1)

- Motivation:
  - Understanding hadronic phase in heavy-ion collisions
  - Modeling non-equilibrium phenomena and microscopic physics
  - Open, maintainable, extensible code

# Basic features

- Mesons:
  - $\blacktriangleright \pi, \rho, \eta, \omega, \phi, \sigma, f_2$
  - ► K, K\*(892), K\*(1410)
- Baryons:
  - ▶ *N*, *N*\*, up to 2.25 GeV
  - Δ, Δ\*, up to 1.95 GeV
  - Λ, Λ\*, up to 1.89 GeV
  - Σ, Σ\*, up to 1.915 GeV
  - ▶ Ξ, Ω
- $2 \leftrightarrow 2$  and  $2 \leftrightarrow 1$  reactions
- Skyrme and symmetry potential
- Fermi motion
- Pauli blocking
- Dileptons

## Collision criterion

 Geometric collision criterion (as used by UrQMD) using the transverse distance in c.o.m. frame:

$$d_{\text{trans}} < d_{\text{int}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{\text{tot}}}{\pi}}$$
(2)  
$$d_{\text{trans}}^{2} = (\vec{r}_{a} - \vec{r}_{b})^{2} - \frac{\left((\vec{r}_{a} - \vec{r}_{b})(\vec{p}_{a} - \vec{p}_{b})\right)^{2}}{(\vec{p}_{a} - \vec{p}_{b})^{2}}$$
(3)  
$$t_{\text{coll}} = -\frac{(\vec{x}_{a} - \vec{x}_{b})(\vec{v}_{a} - \vec{v}_{b})}{(\vec{v}_{a} - \vec{v}_{b})^{2}}$$
(4)

Not Lorentz invariant

# Frame dependence of collision number

Au+Au b=2fm



#### Skyrme and symmetry potential

$$U = a\frac{\rho}{\rho_0} + b\left(\frac{\rho}{\rho_0}\right)^{\tau} + 2S_{\text{pot}}\frac{\rho_p - \rho_n}{\rho_0}\frac{I_3}{I}$$
(5)  
$$H_i = \sqrt{\vec{p}_i^2 + m_i^2} + U(\vec{r}_i)$$
(6)

where

$$a = -209.2 \text{ MeV}$$
  $b = 156.4 \text{ MeV}$   $\tau = 1.35$   $S_{pot} = 18 \text{ MeV}$ 

• Soft potential with incompressibility  $K_0 = 240 \text{ MeV}$ 

#### Decay width

Manley-Saleski ansatz for off-shell decay branching ratio:

$$\Gamma_{R \to ab}(m) = \Gamma^{0}_{R \to ab} \frac{\rho_{ab}(m)}{\rho_{ab}(m_{0})}$$
(7)  
$$\rho_{ab}(m) = \int dm_{a}^{2} dm_{b}^{2} \mathcal{A}_{a}(m_{a}^{2}) \mathcal{A}_{b}(m_{b}^{2}) \frac{p_{f}}{m} B_{L}^{2}(p_{f}R) \mathcal{F}_{ab}(m)$$
(8)

• Example: L=1 decay with stable daughters (e.g.  $\Delta \rightarrow \pi N$ )

$$\Gamma(m) = \Gamma_0 \frac{m_0}{m} \left(\frac{p_f}{p_{f0}}\right)^3 \frac{p_{f0}^2 + \Lambda^2}{p_f^2 + \Lambda^2}$$
(9)

#### Cross sections: theory

▶  $2 \rightarrow 1$  resonance production

$$\sigma_{ab\to R}(s) = \frac{2J_R + 1}{(2J_a + 1)(2J_b + 1)} \mathcal{S}_{ab} \frac{2\pi^2}{p_i^2} \Gamma_{ab\to R}(s) \mathcal{A}(\sqrt{s}) \quad (10)$$

▶  $2 \rightarrow 2$  resonance production

$$\sigma_{ab\to Rc}(s) = C_I^2 \frac{|M|_{ab\to Rc}^2}{64\pi^2 s} \frac{4\pi}{\rho_i} \int dm \mathcal{A}(m) \rho_f$$
(11)

where

$$\mathcal{A}(m) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{m\Gamma(m)}{(m^2 - m_0^2)^2 + m^2\Gamma(m)^2}$$
(12)

(Breit-Wigner, no in-medium modifications)

#### Cross sections compared to data



Cross section fully described via excitation of resonances

#### Cross sections compared to data



Elastic cross section fitted to PDG data

#### Detailed balance



Wait until box with limited species is in chemical equilibrium

#### Detailed balance



Compare number of forward and backward reactions











- Ratio reproduced, but total number overestimated
- Likely due to missing in-medium corrections to cross sections

### FOPI rapidity spectra in AuAu at $E_{kin} = 0.8A \,\text{GeV}$



Overestimation consistent with previous plot; correct shape

## HADES transverse mass spectra in CC at $E_{kin} = 1A \,\text{GeV}$



Overestimation at high rapidities

#### HADES transverse mass spectra in CC at $E_{kin} = 2A \,\text{GeV}$



Underestimation at mid rapidity and low m<sub>T</sub>

# HADES transverse mass spectra vs. UrQMD (1A GeV)



Agakishiev et al, Eur.Phys.J. A40 (2009) 45-59

# HADES transverse mass spectra vs. UrQMD (2A GeV)



Agakishiev et al, Eur.Phys.J. A40 (2009) 45-59

# HADES pion beam

- ► Upcoming HADES data:  $\pi^- C$  (and  $\pi^- W$ ) collisions at  $E_{kin} = 1.7 \text{ GeV}$
- Corresponds to  $\sqrt{s} \approx 2.1 \text{ GeV}$ , requires heavy  $N^*$  resonances for  $\pi^- p$  cross section (little experimental data on branching ratios)

## Pion beam: predicted particle production



Good statistics for strangeness

Predicted reactions in  $\pi^-C$  at  $E_{kin} = 1.7 \text{ GeV}$ 



•  $\Delta^*$  and  $N^*$  produced before  $\Delta$ ; no equilibrium

## HADES transverse mass spectra in $\pi^-$ C at $E_{kin} = 1.7 \text{ GeV}$



## Summary and outlook

- SMASH reproduces experimental pion multiplicities and momentum spectra at low energies fairly well
- Extensible implementation of hadronic transport
- Work in progress:
  - Strangeness
  - String fragmentation
  - Photons
- Future work:
  - Interface to hydro
  - Many-particle interactions, stochastic rates

# The SMASH team

Currently:

- Hannah Petersen (group leader)
- Janus Weil, Long-Gang Pang, Juan M. Torres-Rincon (postdocs)
- Dima Oliinychenko, Jean-Bernard Rose, V.S. (PhD students)
- Anna Schäfer, Jan Staudenmeyer, Markus Mayer, Christian Schwarz (master students)
- Niklas Ehlert, Justin Mohs, Ömür Erkiner, Niklas Cichutek (bachelor students)

Previously:

 Max Attems, Jussi Auvinen, Björn Bäuchle, Matthias Kretz, Marcel Lauf