



FIRST LHC OBSERVATIONS AT 13 TEV



André David (CERN)
on behalf of the ATLAS and CMS collaborations



FIRST LHC MEASUREMENTS AT 13 TEV



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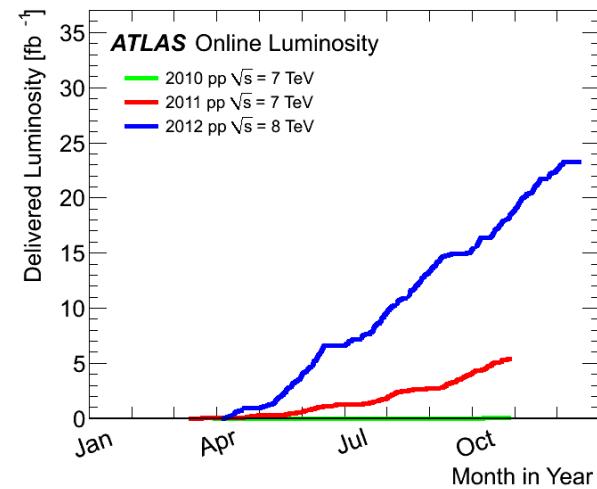
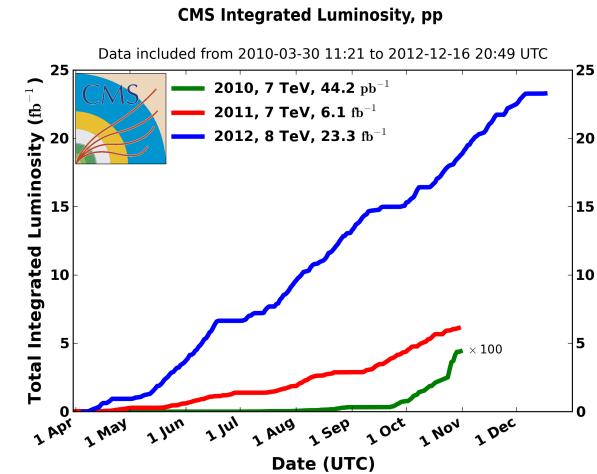
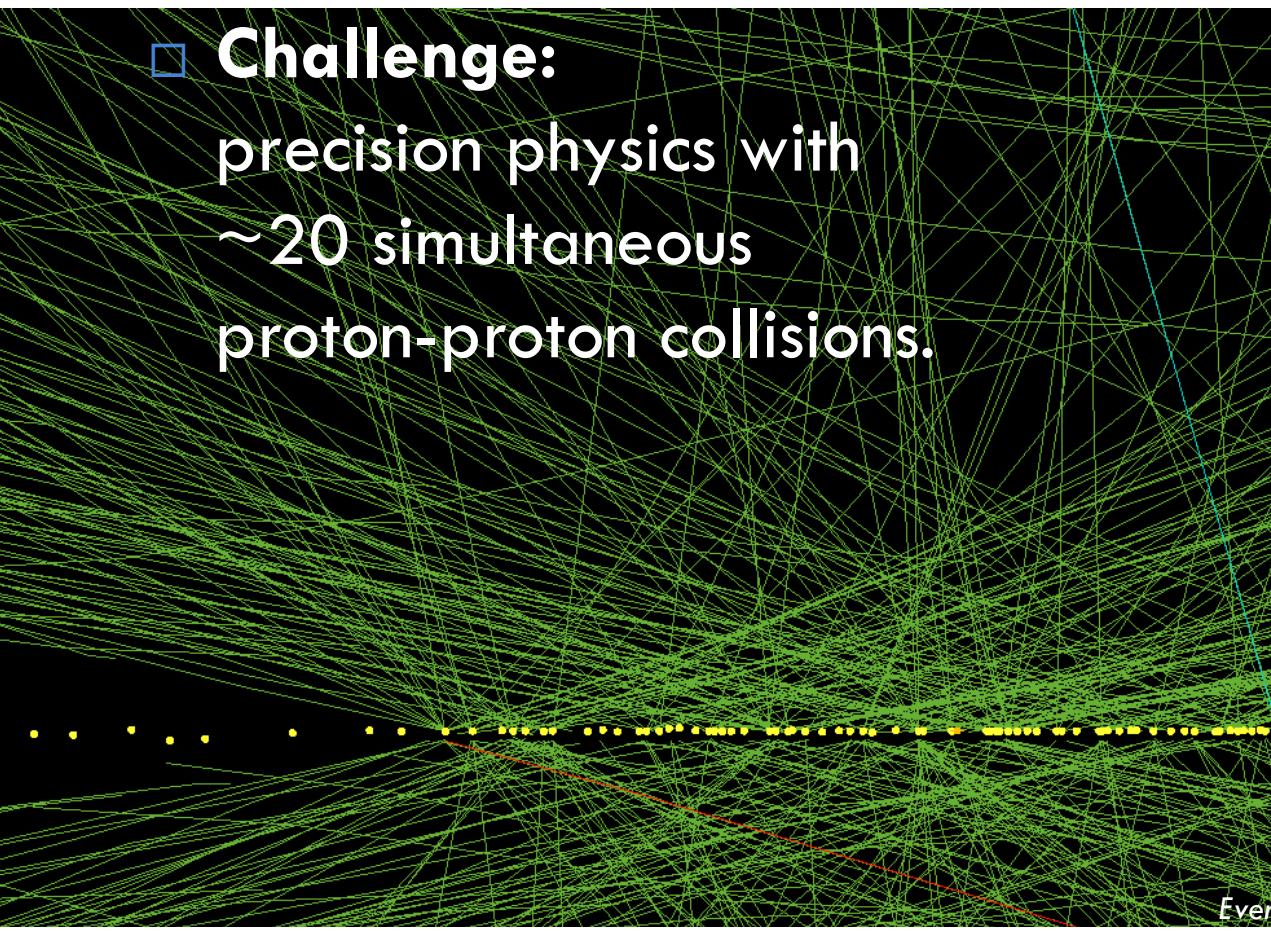
The LHC Run 1: a bountiful harvest

3

[<http://cern.ch/go/K8Tj>] [<http://cern.ch/go/ZW9S>]

- LHC delivered $\sim 30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$.

- Challenge:
precision physics with
 ~ 20 simultaneous
proton-proton collisions.



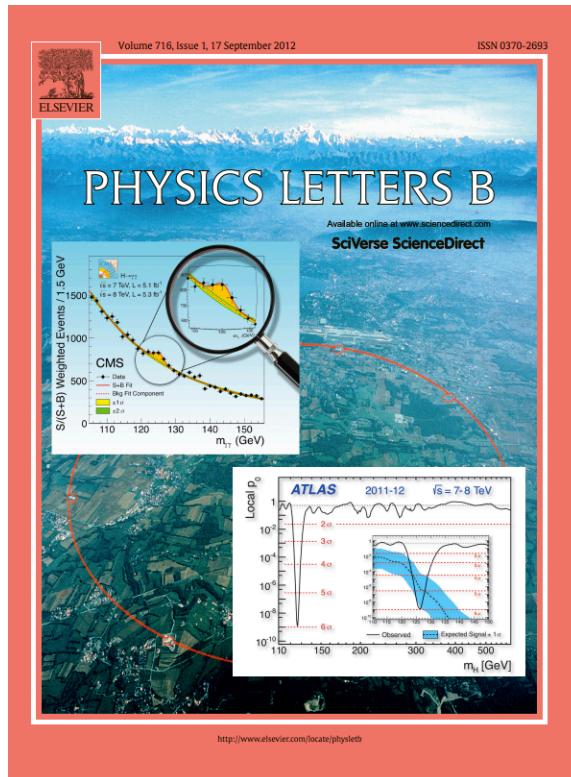
Event with 78 reconstructed vertices along $\sim 10 \text{ cm}$.

July 4, 2012

Looking up to a new boson

4

[<http://cern.ch/go/q8jx>]



Who Should Be TIME's Person of the Year 2012?

As always, TIME's editors will choose the Person of the Year, but that doesn't mean readers shouldn't have their say. Cast your vote for the person you think most influenced the news this year for better or worse. Voting closes at 11:59 p.m. on Dec. 12, and the winner will be announced on Dec. 14.

1.5k

536

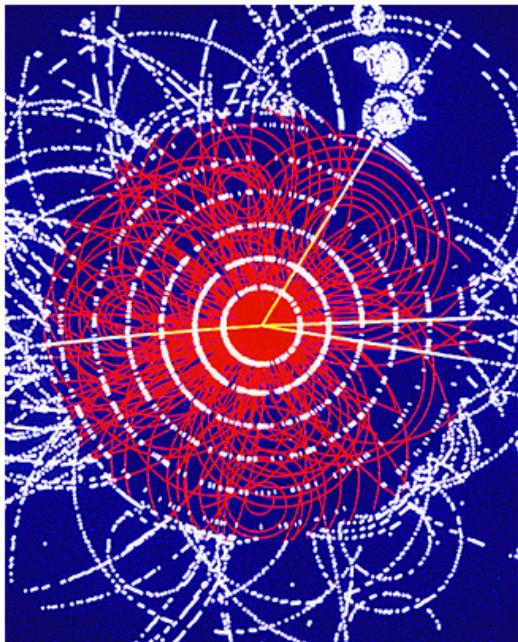
20

7

THE CANDIDATES

The Higgs Boson

By Jeffrey Kluger | Monday, Nov. 26, 2012



SSPL/GETTY IMAGES

Simulation of a Higgs-Boson decaying into four muons, CERN, 1990.

What do you think?

Should The Higgs Boson be TIME's Person of the Year 2012?

Definitely No Way

VOTE

Take a moment to thank this little particle for all the work it does, because without it, you'd be just inchoate energy without so much as a bit of mass. What's more, the same would be true for the entire universe. It was in the 1960s that Scottish physicist Peter Higgs first posited the existence of a particle that causes energy to make the jump to matter. But it was not until last summer that a team of researchers at Europe's Large Hadron Collider — Rolf Heuer, Joseph Incandela and Fabiola Gianotti — at last sealed the deal and in so doing finally fully confirmed Einstein's general theory of relativity. The Higgs — as particles do — immediately decayed to more-fundamental particles, but the scientists would surely be happy to collect any honors or awards in its stead.

Photos: Step inside the Large Hadron Collider.

WHO SHOULD BE TIME'S PERSON OF THE YEAR 2012?

[The Candidates](#)

[Video](#)

[Poll Results](#)

PAST PERSONS OF THE YEAR



2011: The Protester

2010: Facebook's Mark Zuckerberg



2009: Ben Bernanke



2008: Barack Obama

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1 Who Should Be TIME's Person of the Year 2012?

2 LIFE Behind the Picture: The Photo That Changed the Face of AIDS

3 Nativity-Scene Battles: Score One for the Atheists

4 The \$7 Cup of Starbucks: A Logical Extension of the Coffee Chain's Long-Term Strategy

[2012](#) [2011](#) [2010](#) [2009](#) [2008](#)

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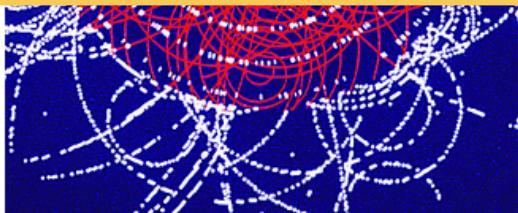
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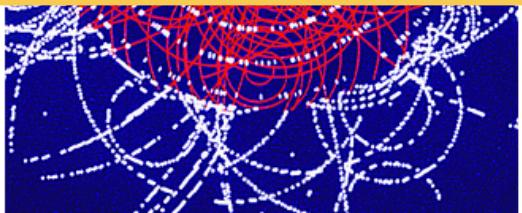
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◀ 18 of 40 ▶

Simulation of a Higgs-Boson decaying into four muons, CERN,

~~1990~~ 1995



SSPL/GETTY IMAGES

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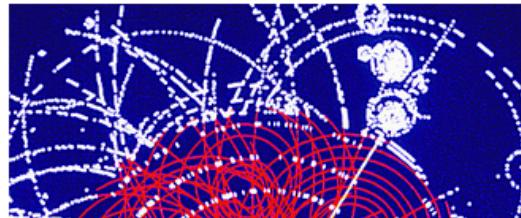
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Excluding SUSY scenarios...

9

[<http://cern.ch/go/W6Wp>]

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

 $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$

Reference

Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit		$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$	Reference
					\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$			
MSUGRA/CMSSM	0-3 $e, \mu / 1-2 \tau$	2-10 jets/3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}			1.8 TeV	
	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}		850 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = m(\tilde{g})$
$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (compressed)	mono-jet	1-3 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}		100-440 GeV	780 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0 \text{ GeV}, m(1^{\text{st}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q}) = m(2^{\text{nd}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})$
$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q(\ell\ell/\ell\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (off-Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}				$m(\tilde{q}) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 10 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}				$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}W^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	2-6 jets	Yes	20	\tilde{g}		1.33 TeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 300 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{g}^\pm) = 0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) + m(\tilde{g}))$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}(\ell\ell/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20	\tilde{g}		1.26 TeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0 \text{ GeV}$
GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 $e + 0-1 \ell$	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}		1.32 TeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0 \text{ GeV}$
GGM (bind. NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}		1.29 TeV		$c\tau(\text{NLSP}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}$
GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}		1.3 TeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 900 \text{ GeV}, c\tau(\text{NLSP}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}, \mu < 0$
GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}		1.25 TeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 850 \text{ GeV}, c\tau(\text{NLSP}) < 0.1 \text{ mm}, \mu > 0$
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}		850 GeV		$m(\text{NLSP}) > 430 \text{ GeV}$
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	$F^{1/2} \text{ scale}$	865 GeV		$m(\tilde{g}) > 1.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ eV}, m(\tilde{g}) = m(\tilde{q}) = 1.5 \text{ TeV}$
Inclusive Searches									
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}		1.25 TeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 400 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}		1.1 TeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 350 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}		1.34 TeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 400 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{t}_1^+$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}		1.3 TeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 300 \text{ GeV}$
3rd gen. squarks									
$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{b}_1		100-620 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 90 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{b}_1		275-440 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 2 m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 55 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7/20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-191 GeV	230-460 GeV	210-700 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 1 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow W\tilde{b}_1^0$ or $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-2 e, μ	0-2 jets/1-2 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-240 GeV			$m(\tilde{t}_1) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 85 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1		150-580 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 150 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2		290-600 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 200 \text{ GeV}$
EW direct									
$\tilde{\ell}_R\tilde{\ell}_R, \tilde{\ell}_R \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\ell}$		90-325 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow l\nu(\bar{l}\bar{\nu})$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		140-465 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu}) = 0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) + m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\nu(\bar{\tau}\bar{\nu})$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		100-350 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu}) = 0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) + m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}_1\tilde{\ell}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell}(\bar{\ell}\ell\bar{\nu}\nu)$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$		700 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0, m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu}) = 0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) + m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0$	2-3 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$		420 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0$	4 e, μ, γ	0-2 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$		250 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$
GGM (wino NLSP) weak prod.	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{W}		620 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0, m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu}) = 0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) + m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$
							124-361 GeV		$c\tau < 1 \text{ mm}$
Long-lived particles									
Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		270 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0 \text{ GeV}$
Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	dEdx trk	-	Yes	18.4	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$		482 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) = 0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu}) = 0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) + m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm))$
Stable, stopped \tilde{g} -hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	27.9	\tilde{g}		832 GeV		$m(\tilde{g}) = 100 \text{ GeV}, 10 \mu\text{s} < \tau(\tilde{g}) < 1000 \text{ s}$
Stable \tilde{g} -hadron	trk	-	-	19.1	\tilde{g}				
GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}(\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\mu}) + \tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	-	19.1	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		537 GeV		$10 < \tan\beta < 50$
GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		435 GeV		$2 < \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 3 \text{ ns}, \text{SPS8 model}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow ee/\nu\mu/\nu\mu$	displ. ee/ee/uu/uu	-	-	20.3	\tilde{g}		1.0 TeV		$7 < \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 740 \text{ mm}, m(\tilde{g}) = 1.3 \text{ TeV}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	displ. vtx + jets	-	-	20.3	\tilde{g}		1.0 TeV		$6 < \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 480 \text{ mm}, m(\tilde{g}) = 1.1 \text{ TeV}$
RPV									
LFB $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_e + X, \tilde{\nu}_e \rightarrow e\mu/\mu\tau/\mu\tau$	$e\mu, \mu\tau, \mu\tau$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\nu}_e$				$\lambda'_{311} = 0.11, \lambda_{132/132/33} = 0.07$
Bilinear RPV CMSSM	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}				$m(\tilde{g}) = m(\tilde{q}), c\tau_{LSF} < 1 \text{ mm}$
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\tilde{\nu}_e, e\tilde{\nu}_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		750 GeV		$\lambda'_{111} = 0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), \lambda_{121} \neq 0$
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau\tilde{\nu}_e, e\tau\tilde{\nu}_e$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		450 GeV		$\lambda'_{111} = 0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), \lambda_{121} \neq 0$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}		917 GeV		$BR(\tilde{g}) = BR(b) = BR(c) = 0\%$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}		870 GeV		$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 600 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1		850 GeV		1502.05686
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	0	2 jets + 2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1		100-308 GeV		1404.250
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bl$	2 e, μ	2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1		0.4-1.0 TeV		$ATLAS\text{-CONF-2015-026}$
Other									
Scalar charm, $\tilde{c} \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 c	Yes	20.3	\tilde{c}		490 GeV		$m(\tilde{c}) < 200 \text{ GeV}$

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1 σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.



...and Exotics scenarios

[<http://cern.ch/go/W6Wp>]

ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (4.7 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$$

Model	ℓ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Limit			Reference
Extra dimensions	ADD $G_{KK} + g/q$	–	$\geq 1 j$	Yes	20.3	M_D	5.25 TeV	$n = 2$
	ADD non-resonant $\ell\ell$	$2e, \mu$	–	–	20.3	M_S	4.7 TeV	$n = 3 \text{ HLZ}$
	ADD OBH $\rightarrow \ell q$	$1 e, \mu$	$1 j$	–	20.3	M_{bh}	5.2 TeV	$n = 6$
	ADD QBH	–	$\geq 2 j$	–	20.3	M_{bh}	5.82 TeV	$n = 6$
	ADD BH high N_{trk}	2μ (SS)	–	–	20.3	M_{bh}	4.7 TeV	$n = 6, M_D = 3 \text{ TeV, non-rot BH}$
	ADD BH high $\sum p_T$	$\geq 1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 j$	–	20.3	M_{bh}	5.8 TeV	$n = 6, M_D = 3 \text{ TeV, non-rot BH}$
	ADD BH high multijet	–	$\geq 2 j$	–	20.3	M_{bh}	5.8 TeV	$n = 6, M_D = 3 \text{ TeV, non-rot BH}$
	RS1 $G_{KK} \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2 e, \mu$	–	–	20.3	G_{KK} mass	2.68 TeV	$k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 0.1$
	RS1 $G_{KK} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	2γ	–	–	20.3	G_{KK} mass	2.66 TeV	$k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 0.1$
	Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow qq\ell\ell$	$2 e, \mu$	$2 j \geq 1 J$	–	20.3	G_{KK} mass	740 GeV	$k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 1.0$
	Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow WW \rightarrow qq\ell\nu$	$1 e, \mu$	$2 j \geq 1 J$	Yes	20.3	W' mass	760 GeV	$k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 1.0$
Gauge bosons	Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	–	$\geq 4 b$	–	19.5	G_{KK} mass	$500-720 \text{ GeV}$	$k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 1.0$
	Bulk RS $g_{KK} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 J/2$	Yes	20.3	g_{KK} mass	2.2 TeV	$BR = 0.925$
Cl	2UED / RPP	$2 e, \mu$ (SS)	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	20.3	KK mass	960 GeV	1504.04605
	SSM $Z' \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2 e, \mu$	–	–	20.3	Z' mass	2.9 TeV	1405.4123
	SSM $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$	2τ	–	–	19.5	Z' mass	2.02 TeV	1502.07177
	SSM $W' \rightarrow \ell\nu$	$1 e, \mu$	–	Yes	20.3	W' mass	3.24 TeV	1407.7494
	EGM $W' \rightarrow WZ \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell'\ell'$	$3 e, \mu$	–	Yes	20.3	W' mass	1.52 TeV	1406.4456
	EGM $W' \rightarrow WZ \rightarrow qq\ell\ell$	$2 e, \mu$	$2 j \geq 1 J$	–	20.3	W' mass	1.59 TeV	1409.6190
	HVT $W' \rightarrow WH \rightarrow qqbb$	–	$\geq 2 J$	–	20.3	W' mass	$1.3-1.5 \text{ TeV}$	1506.00962
	LRSR $W_R^L \rightarrow tb$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, 0-1 J$	Yes	20.3	W' mass	1.47 TeV	1503.08089
	LRSR $W_R^L \rightarrow tb$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, 0-1 J$	Yes	20.3	W' mass	1.92 TeV	1410.4103
	LRSR $W_R^L \rightarrow tb$	$0 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, 1 J$	–	20.3	W' mass	1.76 TeV	1408.0886
DM	Cl $qqqq$	–	$\geq 2 j$	–	17.3	Λ	12.0 TeV	$\eta_{LL} = -1$
	Cl $qq\ell\ell$	$2 e, \mu$	–	–	20.3	Λ	21.6 TeV	$\eta_{LL} = -1$
	Cl $uut\bar{t}$	$2 e, \mu$ (SS)	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	20.3	Λ	4.3 TeV	$ \mathcal{C}_{LL} = 1$
LQ	EFT D5 operator (Dirac)	$0 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 j$	Yes	20.3	M_{L}	974 GeV	at 90% CL for $m(x) < 100 \text{ GeV}$
	EFT D9 operator (Dirac)	$0 e, \mu$	$1 J, \leq 1 j$	Yes	20.3	M_{L}	2.4 TeV	at 90% CL for $m(x) < 100 \text{ GeV}$
Heavy quarks	Scalar LQ 1 st gen	$2 e$	$\geq 2 j$	–	20.3	LQ mass	1.05 TeV	$\beta = 1$
	Scalar LQ 2 nd gen	2μ	$\geq 2 j$	–	20.3	LQ mass	1.0 TeV	$\beta = 1$
	Scalar LQ 3 rd gen	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	20.3	LQ mass	640 GeV	$\beta = 0$
Excited fermions	VLO $TT \rightarrow Ht + X$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	20.3	T mass	855 GeV	T in (T,B) doublet
	VLQ $YY \rightarrow Wb + X$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	20.3	Y mass	770 GeV	Y in (B,Y) doublet
	VLQ $BB \rightarrow Hb + X$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	20.3	B mass	735 GeV	isospin singlet
	VLQ $BB \rightarrow Zb + X$	$2/3 e, \mu$	$\geq 2/2 b$	–	20.3	B mass	755 GeV	B in (B,Y) doublet
	$T_{5/3} \rightarrow Wt$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 5 j$	Yes	20.3	$T_{5/3}$ mass	840 GeV	$T_{5/3}$ in (B,Y) doublet
Other	Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow q\gamma$	1γ	$1 j$	–	20.3	q^* mass	3.5 TeV	only u^* and d^* , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$
	Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow q\bar{q}$	–	$\geq 2 j$	–	20.3	q^* mass	4.09 TeV	only u^* and d^* , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$
	Excited quark $b^* \rightarrow Wt$	$1 \text{ or } 2 e, \mu$	$1 b, 2 j \geq 1 j$	Yes	4.7	b^* mass	870 GeV	left-handed coupling
	Excited lepton $\ell^* \rightarrow \ell\gamma$	$2 e, \mu, 1 \gamma$	–	–	13.0	ℓ^* mass	2.2 TeV	$\Lambda = 2.2 \text{ TeV}$
	Excited lepton $\nu^* \rightarrow \ell W, \nu Z$	$3 e, \mu, \tau$	–	–	20.3	ν^* mass	1.6 TeV	$\Lambda = 1.6 \text{ TeV}$
	LSTC $a_T \rightarrow W\gamma$	$1 e, \mu, 1 \gamma$	–	Yes	20.3	a_T mass	960 GeV	only u^* and d^* , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$
Other	LRSM Majorana ν	$2 e, \mu$	$2 j$	–	20.3	N^0 mass	2.0 TeV	$m(W_R) = 2.4 \text{ TeV}, \text{ no mixing}$
	Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2 e, \mu$ (SS)	–	–	20.3	$H^{\pm\pm}$ mass	551 GeV	DY production, $\text{BR}(H_L^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\ell) = 1$
	Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\tau$	$3 e, \mu, \tau$	–	–	20.3	$H^{\pm\pm}$ mass	400 GeV	DY production, $\text{BR}(H_L^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\tau) = 1$
	Monotop (non-res prod)	$1 e, \mu$	$1 b$	Yes	20.3	spin-1 invisible particle mass	657 GeV	$a_{\text{non-res}} = 0.2$
	Multi-charged particles	–	–	–	20.3	multi-charged particle mass	785 GeV	DY production, $ q = 5e$
	Magnetic monopoles	–	–	–	7.0	monopole mass	1.34 TeV	DY production, $ q = 1g_D$, spin 1/2

$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.



A possible Run1 summary

11

BBC | News | Sport | Weather | Shop | Earth | Travel | C...

SPORT FOOTBALL

Home | Football | Formula 1 | Cricket | Rugby U | Tennis | Golf | Athletics | Cycling

Premier League > Results | Fixtures | Table | Predictor

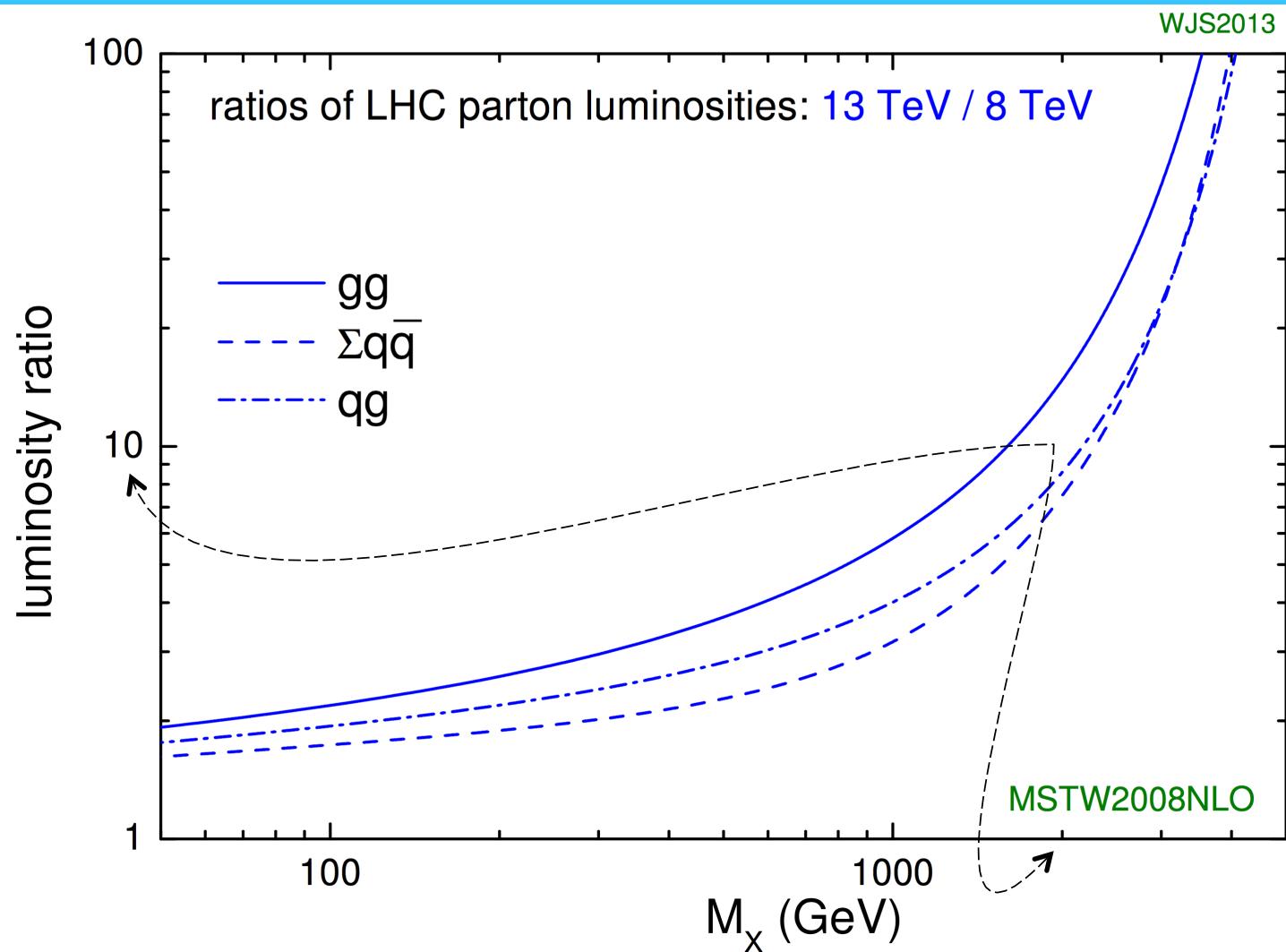
All BSM FC 0 | 1 SM Utd

Run1 5 yr h(125) '12

LIVERPOOL MANCHESTER UNITED

The reach of higher energies

12

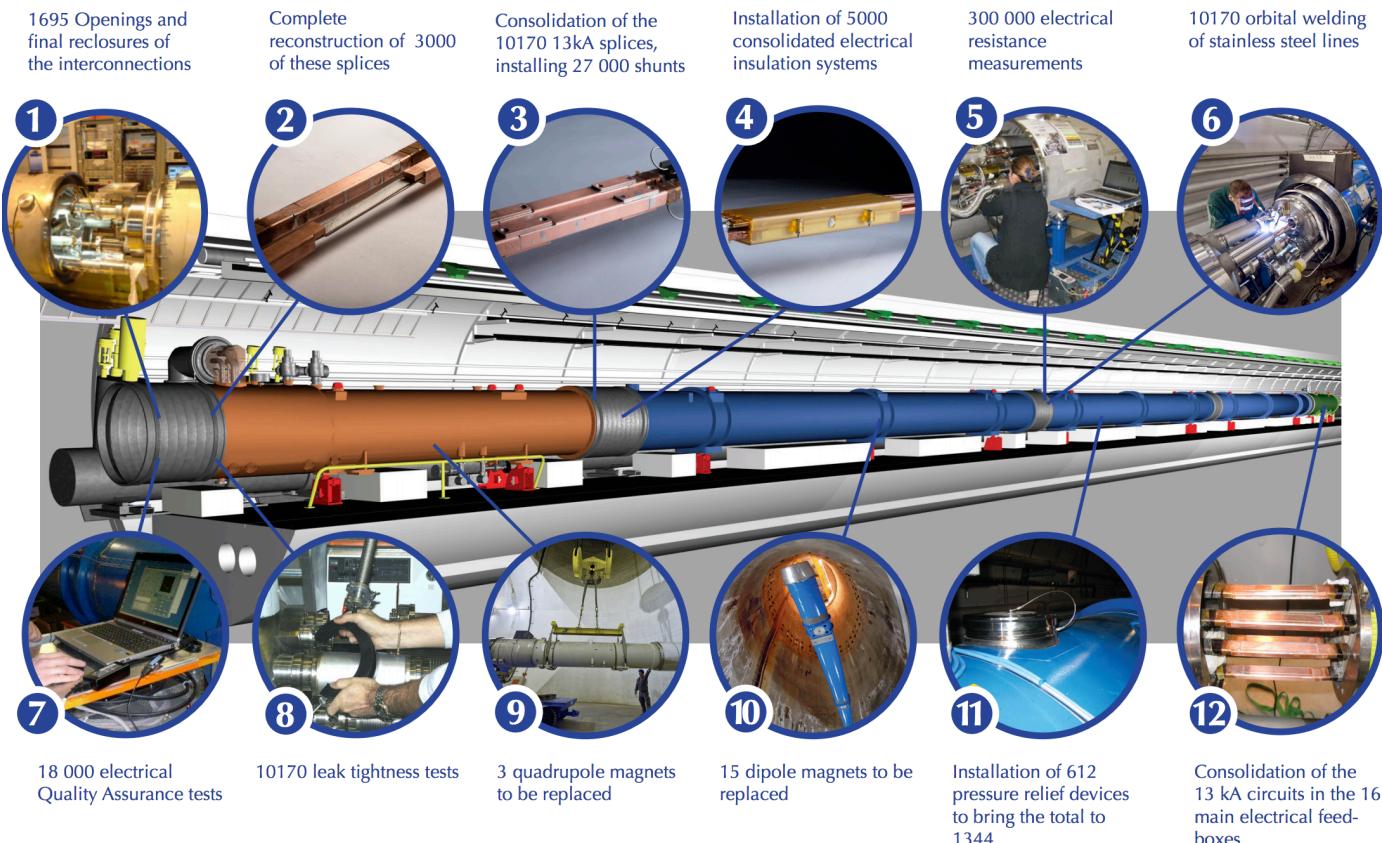
[<http://cern.ch/go/FnH6>]

Run2 preparation and operation

- 6.5 TeV.
- 25 ns bunch spacing.
- $\beta^* = 40$ cm.



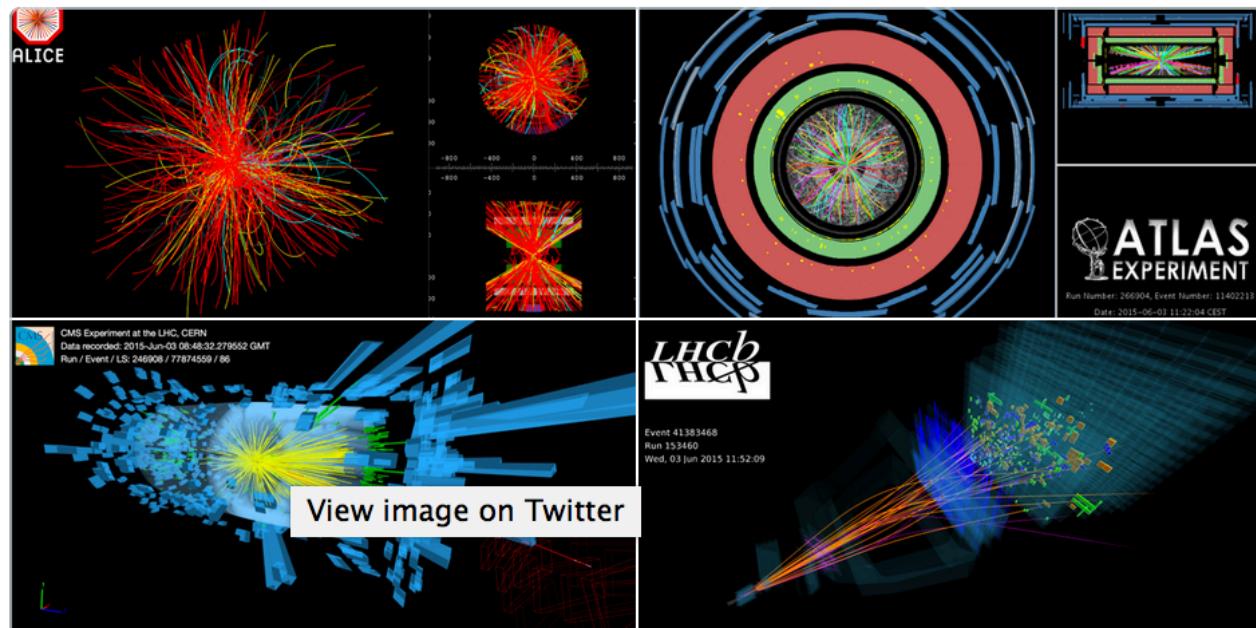
The main 2013-14 LHC consolidations





Back to the #13TeV future

14



CERN
@CERN

Follow

The LHC experiments are back in business with record energy collisions of **#13TeV**: cern.ch/go/D7z6

12:41 PM - 3 Jun 2015



853

558

Run2 preparation and operation

ATLAS

- Inner b-layer (IBL).**
 - 4th Si pixel layer.
- Finalize muon coverage.
- Trigger/DAQ
 - L1 rate: 75 to 100 kHz.
 - L1 Calo: better MET.
 - L1 Muon: rate reduction from coincidences.

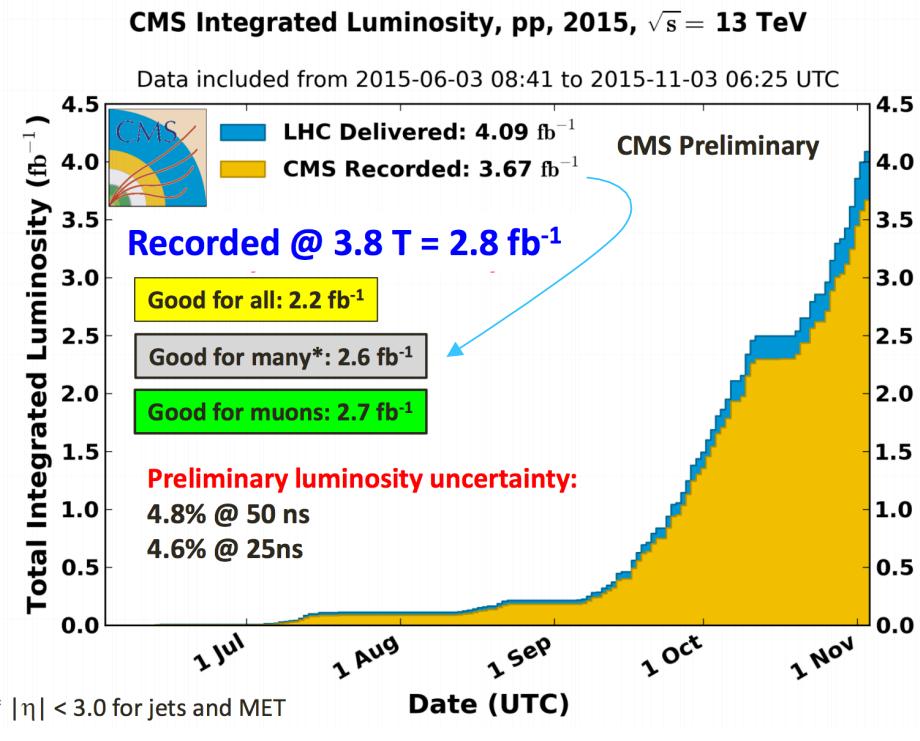
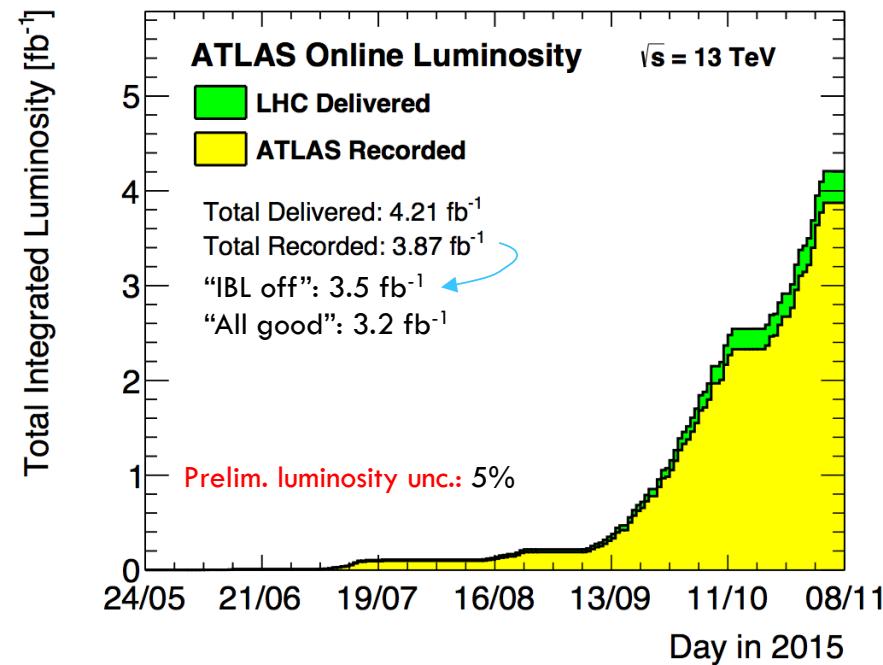


CMS

- Liquid He supply to magnet.**
 - Field-off periods.
- New lumi. detectors.
- Trigger/DAQ
 - L1 Calo: better tau trigger.
 - DAQ2: new hardware.

The 2015 harvest

- Already average **13 interactions per bunch crossing at 25 ns.**
- Gaining experience for the long haul:
 - **ATLAS IBL** operation.
 - **CMS liquid Helium supply** for solenoid.

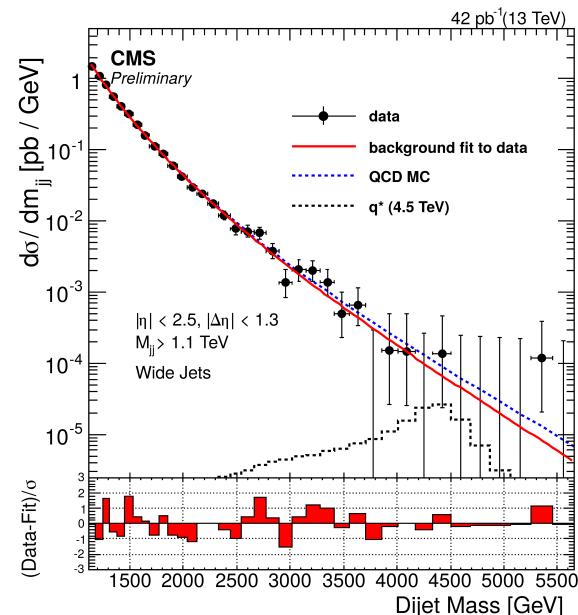
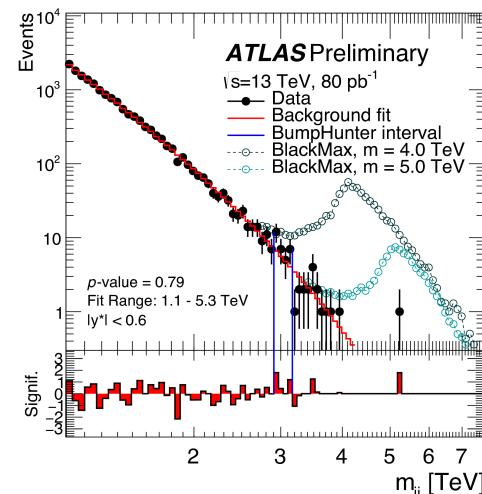


Many early results during Summer

17

[ATLAS-CONF-2015-042][CMS-PAS-EXO-15-001]

- Charged particle densities and correlations.
- (Single) top production.
- Single boson production.
- First (negative) search results.
 - *But the first events in the tails.*



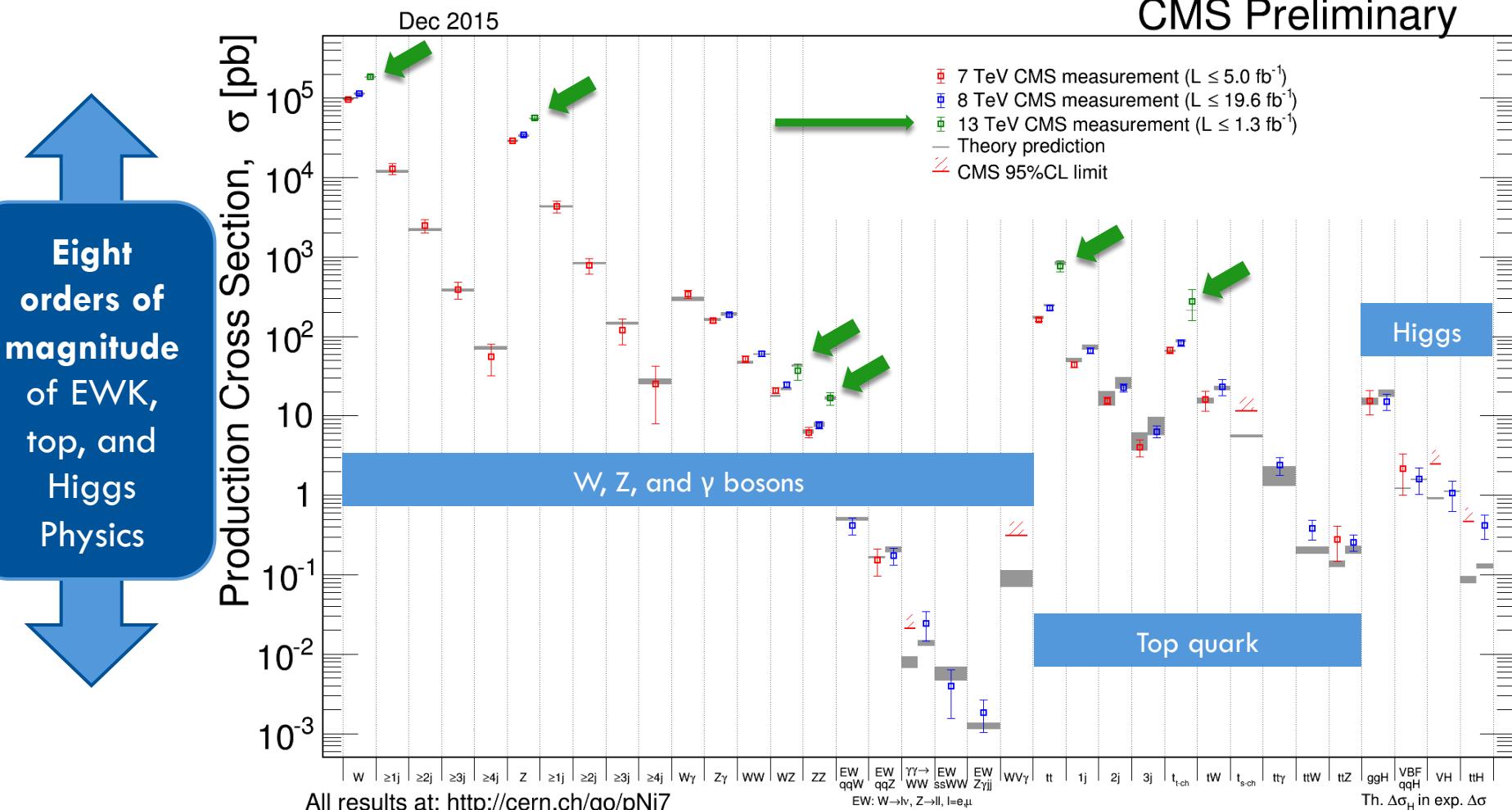
On the shoulders of giants detector makers & theory calculators



18

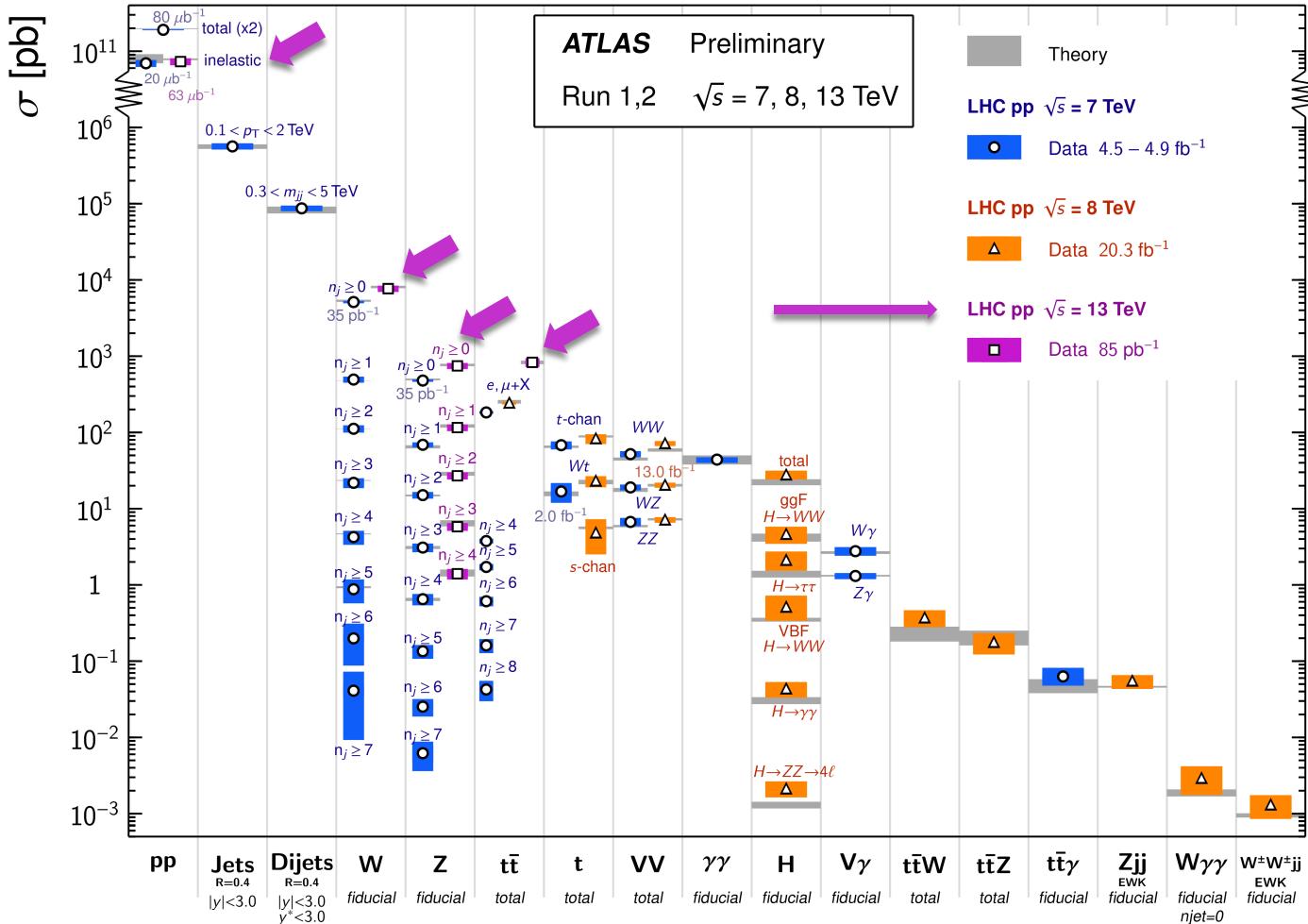
"Yesterday's discovery is today's calibration, and tomorrow's background." – V. L. Telegdi [<http://cern.ch/go/lf9C>] [<http://cern.ch/go/KD8D>]

Inelastic collisions: $\sim 7 \times 10^{10}$



Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: Nov 2015



47+ analyses on full 2015 dataset

[<http://cern.ch/go/hK8r>] [<http://cern.ch/go/QT7H>] [See also <https://indico.cern.ch/event/442432>]

ATLAS EXPERIMENT - Public Results

CONF notes of the ATLAS Collaboration

This page lists ATLAS CONF notes. This series of notes covers preliminary results using data.

See also: [List of ATLAS CONF notes by Group](#)

Full Title	Ref Code	Publication Date	Groups
A search for Supersymmetry in events containing a leptonically decaying Z boson, jets and missing transverse momentum in $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ pp collisions with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-082	2015/12/15	SUSY
Search for resonances decaying to photon pairs in 3.2 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-081	2015/12/15	EXOT / HIGG
Search for dark matter produced in association with a hadronically decaying vector boson in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector at the LHC	ATLAS-CONF-2015-080	2015/12/15	EXOT
Measurement of the inclusive cross-section of single top-quark t-channel production in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$	ATLAS-CONF-2015-079	2015/12/15	TOPQ
Search for supersymmetry at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ in final states with jets and two same-sign leptons or three leptons with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-078	2015/12/14	SUSY
Search for new phenomena in final states with large jet multiplicities and missing transverse momentum with ATLAS using $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ proton-proton collisions	ATLAS-CONF-2015-077	2015/12/14	SUSY
Search for gluinos in events with an isolated lepton, jets and missing transverse momentum at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-076	2015/12/15	SUSY
Search for WW/WZ resonance production in the $\pi^+\pi^-$ final state at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector at the LHC	ATLAS-CONF-2015-075	2015/12/14	EXOT / HIGG
Search for new physics in VH resonances at 13 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2015-074	2015/12/14	EXOT / HIGG
Search for resonances with boson-tagged jets in 3.2 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ collected with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-073	2015/12/15	EXOT / HIGG
Search for beyond the Standard Model phenomena in $\pi^+\pi^-$ final states in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-072	2015/12/14	EXOT
Search for diboson resonances in the $\pi^+\pi^-$ final state in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-071	2015/12/15	EXOT / HIGG
Search for new phenomena in the dilepton final state using proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-070	2015/12/14	EXOT
Measurements of the total cross sections for Higgs boson production combining the $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ decay channels at 7, 8 and 13 TeV center-of-mass energies with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-069	2015/12/14	HIGG / HIGG
Search for diboson resonances in the $\pi^+\pi^-$ final state in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-068	2015/12/15	EXOT / HIGG
Search for gluino-mediated stop and sbottom pair production in events with b-jets and large missing transverse momentum in $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ pp collisions with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-067	2015/12/14	SUSY
Search for Bottom Squark Pair Production with the ATLAS Detector in proton-proton Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$	ATLAS-CONF-2015-066	2015/12/14	SUSY
Measurement of jets produced in top quark events using the di-lepton final state with 2 b -tagged jets in p p collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-065	2015/12/15	TOPQ
SB \rightarrow pm \bar{p} mass reconstruction in SB \rightarrow pm \bar{p} decay at ATLAS at 13 TeV pp collisions at the LHC	ATLAS-CONF-2015-064	2015/12/14	BPHY
Search for new resonances in events with one lepton and missing transverse momentum in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-063	2015/12/15	EXOT
Search for squark and gluinos in final states with jets and missing transverse momentum at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-062	2015/12/14	SUSY
Search for Neutral Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model Higgs Bosons H/A $\rightarrow t\bar{t}$ produced in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS Detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-061	2015/12/14	HIGG / EXOT
Measurement of the Higgs boson production cross section at 7, 8 and 13 TeV center-of-mass energies in the H- $\gamma\gamma$ channel with the ATLAS detector	ATLAS-CONF-2015-060	2015/12/15	HIGG
Measurement of the fiducial cross sections of the Higgs boson and search for new physics in the ZZ $\rightarrow 4l$ final state with ATLAS using 2015 LHC pp collisions	ATLAS-CONF-2015-059	2015/12/14	HIGG

CMS Physics Results in Proton-Proton Collisions at 13 TeV

Forward Physics and Small-x QCD

- Pseudorapidity Distributions of Charged Hadrons
- Two-Particle Correlations (the "Ridge")
- Underlying Event

Standard Model

- Inclusive Jet Production
- Inclusive W and Z Production
- Z+jets Differential Cross Section
- WZ Production Cross Section
- ZZ Production Cross Section

Heavy Flavours

- B Production Cross Section

Top Quark

- Inclusive tt Cross Section in Dileptons
- Inclusive and Differential tt Cross Sections in $\ell^+\ell^-$ jets
- Differential tt Cross Sections in Dileptons
- Differential tt Distributions as a Function of Event Variables
- Underlying Event Measurements in tt+X Events
- Single Top-Quark Cross Section

125-GeV Higgs Boson

- Performance Studies

Search for Supersymmetry

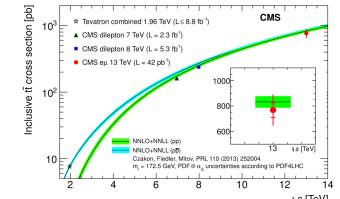
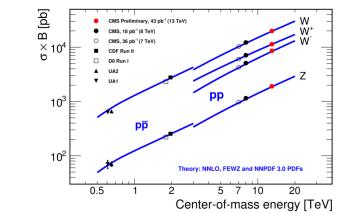
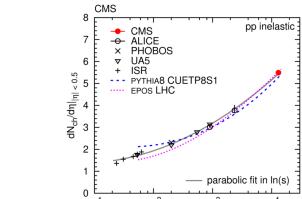
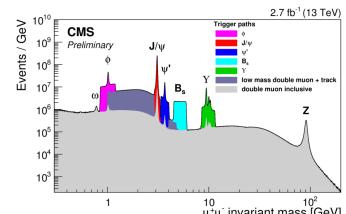
- Supersymmetry in Multijet + Missing E_T
- Supersymmetry in All-Hadronic Using M_{T2}
- Supersymmetry in All-Hadronic Using α_T
- Supersymmetry in All-Hadronic Using Razor Variables
- Supersymmetry in One-Lepton Events Using Large Radius Jets
- Supersymmetry in Same-Sign Dilepton Events
- Supersymmetry in Opposite-Sign Dilepton Events

Search for Exotic Phenomena

- Search for Resonances in Dijet Events
- Search for Quark Compositeness in Dijet Events
- Search for Z' in Dilepton Events
- Search for W' in Lepton+Emiss_T Events
- Search for Resonances in Diphoton Events
- Search for Resonances in Diboson Events
- Search for Dark Matter in Monjet Events
- Search for Quantum Black Holes
- Search for Heavy Stable Charged Particles

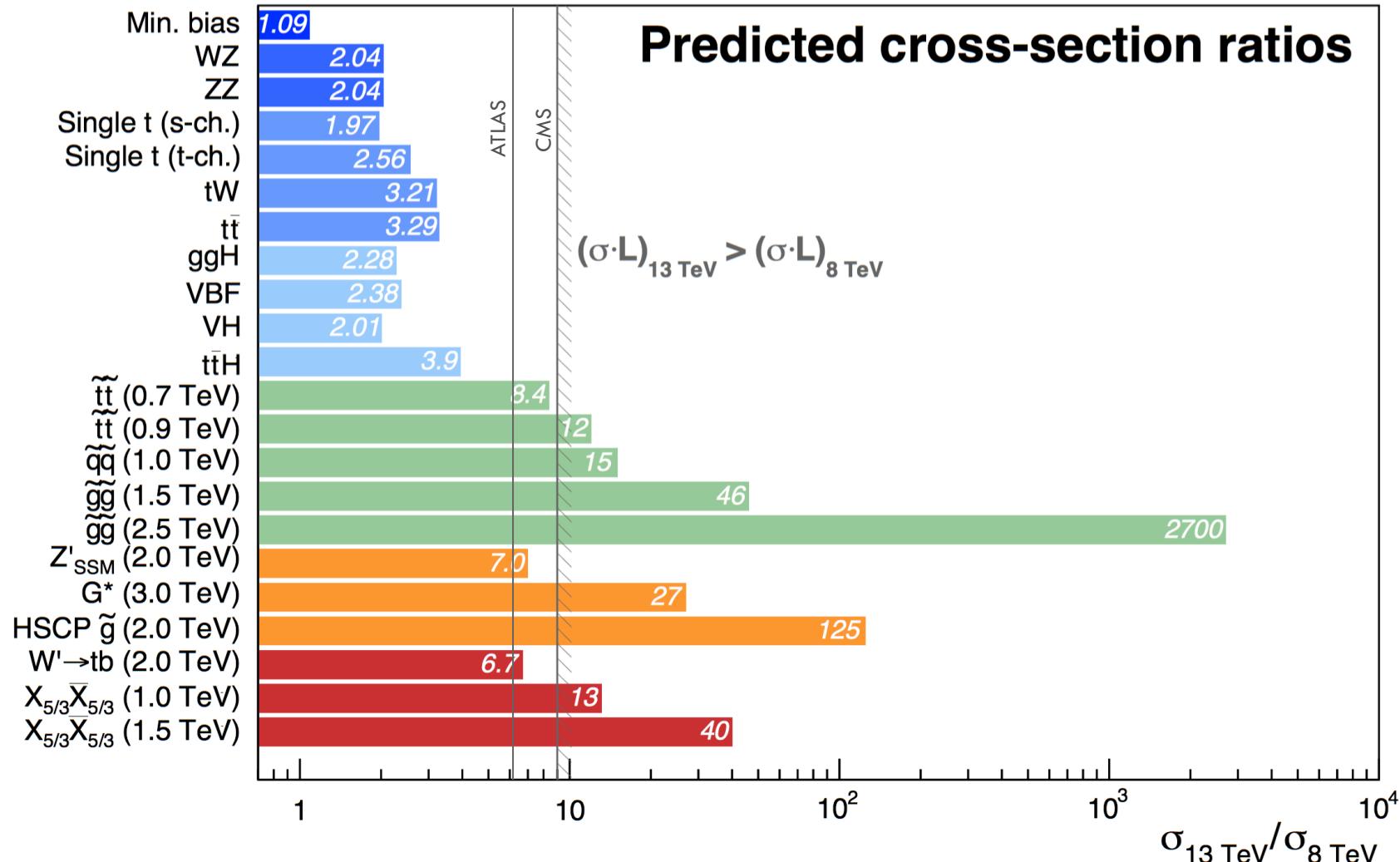
Search for Exotic Phenomena (Topologies with Heavy Quarks)

- Search for W' in tb Events
- Search for X_{3/2} in SS Dilepton and Lepton+Jets Events



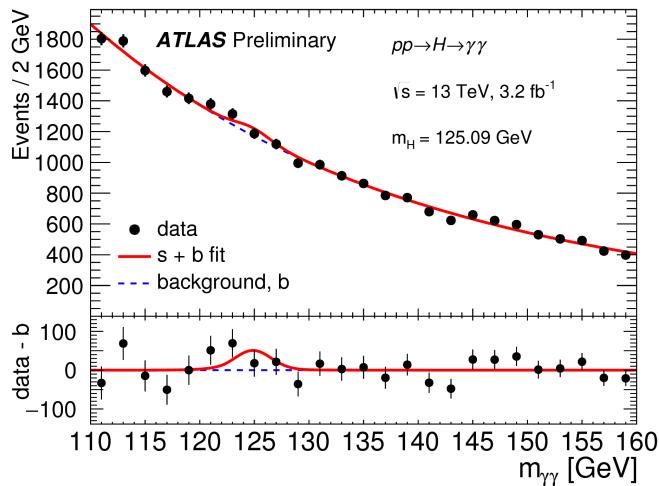
Cannot cover all. Focus on new reach and previous or new “hints”.

Where 2015 goes beyond Run 1



h(125) in ATLAS

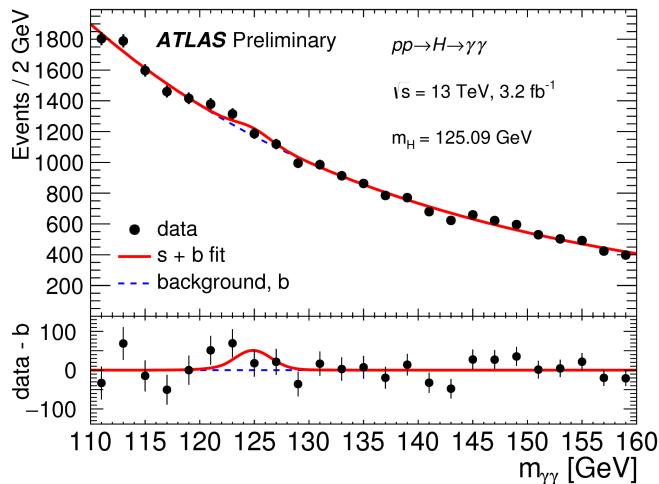
22



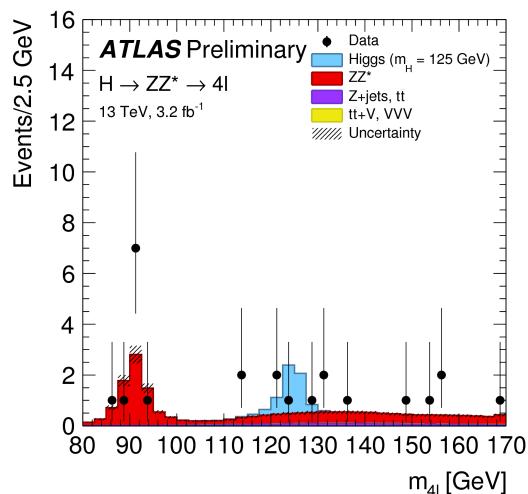
1.5 σ obs.
(1.9 σ exp.)

h(125) in ATLAS

23



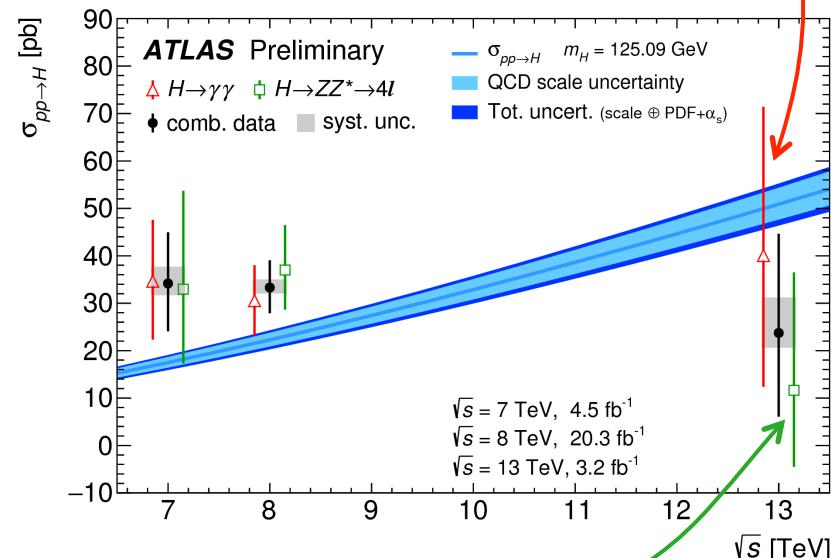
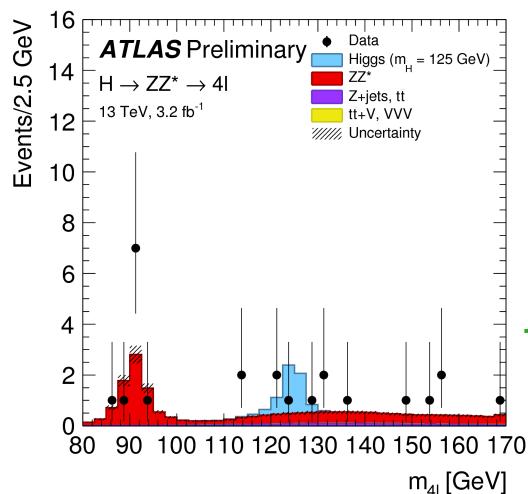
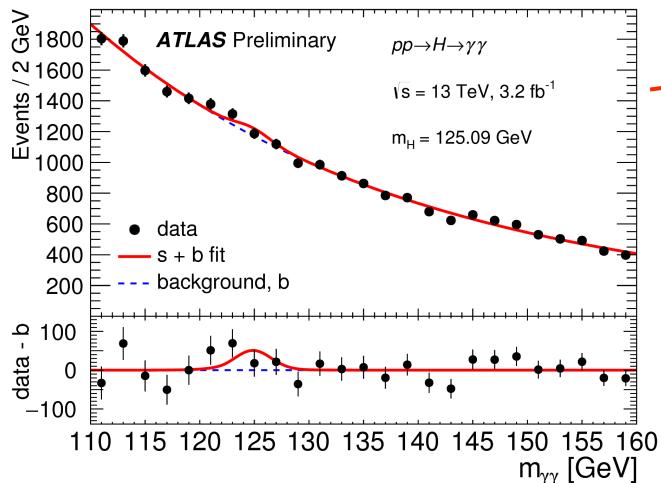
1.5 σ obs.
(1.9 σ exp.)



0.7 σ obs.
(2.8 σ exp.)

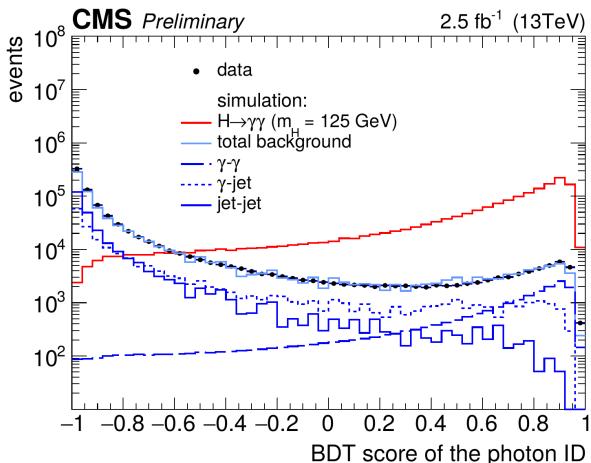
h(125) in ATLAS

24

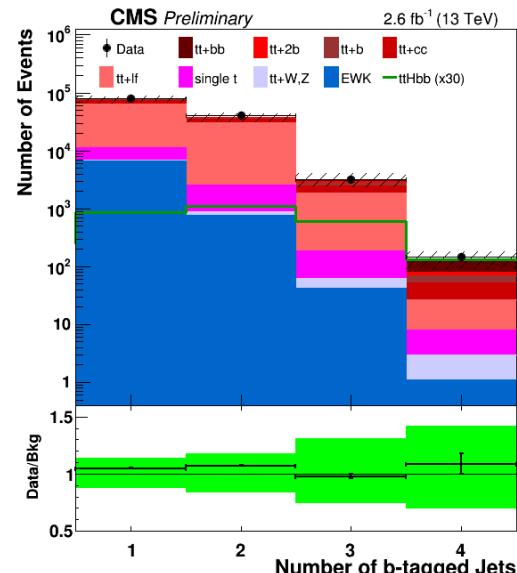


Towards $h(125)$ in CMS

25

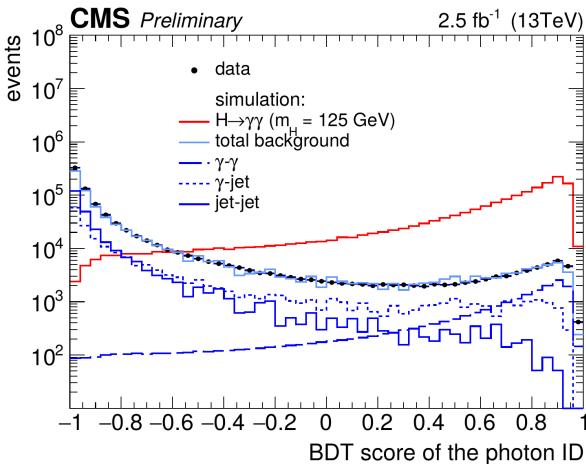


$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: Photon identification score in diphoton events.

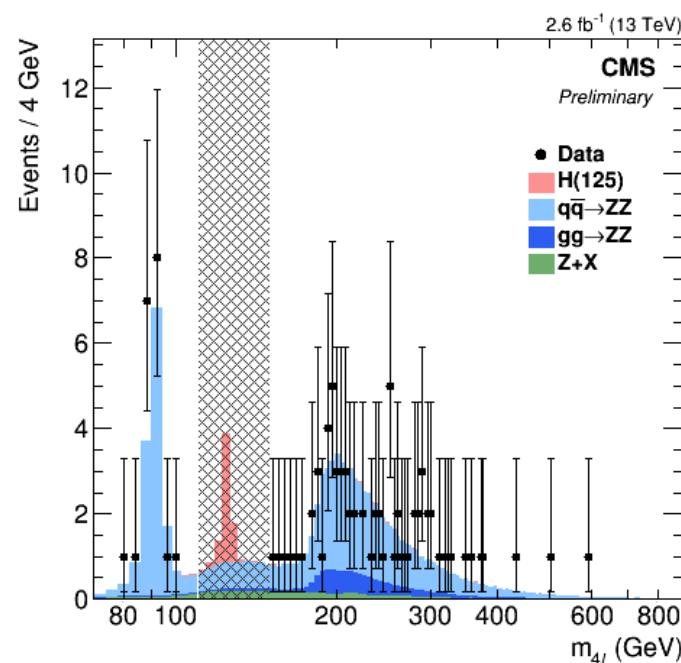


ttH , $H \rightarrow bb$: multiplicity of b-tagged jets.

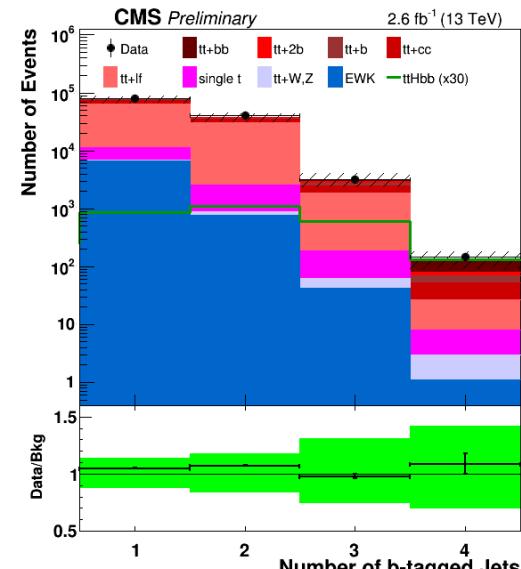
Towards h(125) in CMS



$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: Photon identification score in diphoton events.

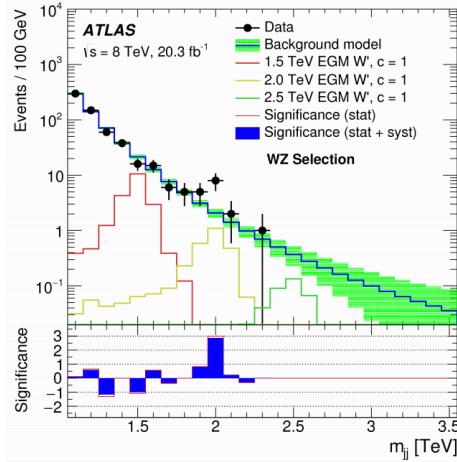


$H \rightarrow ZZ$: four-lepton mass distribution; $Z \rightarrow 4\ell$ peak and on-shell ZZ turn-on visible.



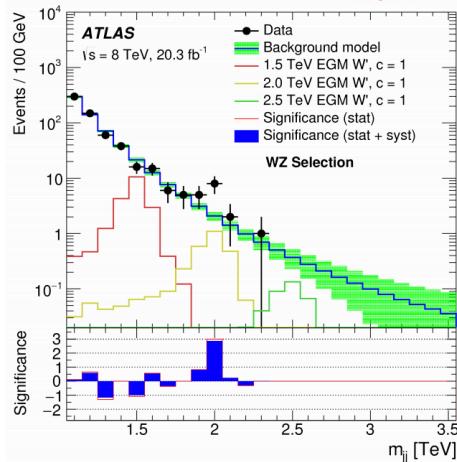
tH , $H \rightarrow bb$: multiplicity of b-tagged jets.

Diboson resonance searches



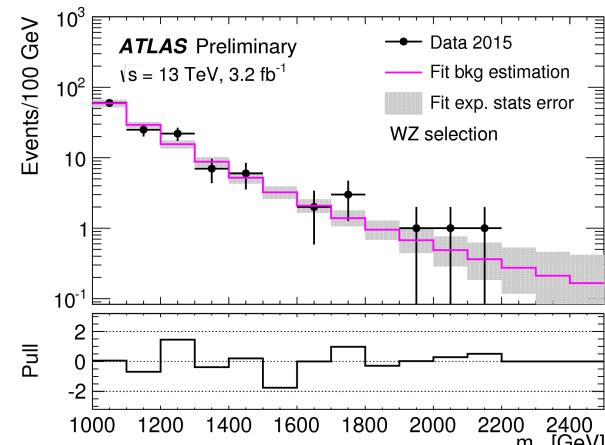
8 TeV
For $m \sim 2$ TeV
 $3.4\sigma \rightarrow 2.5\sigma$ after LEE

Diboson resonance searches

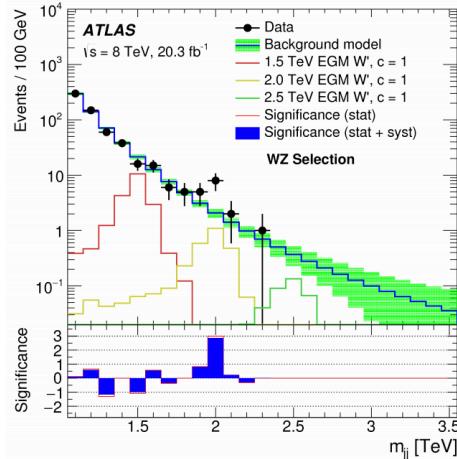


8 TeV
 For $m \sim 2 \text{ TeV}$
 $3.4\sigma \rightarrow 2.5\sigma$ after LEE

→ 13 TeV
**No significant excess,
 but not conclusive.**

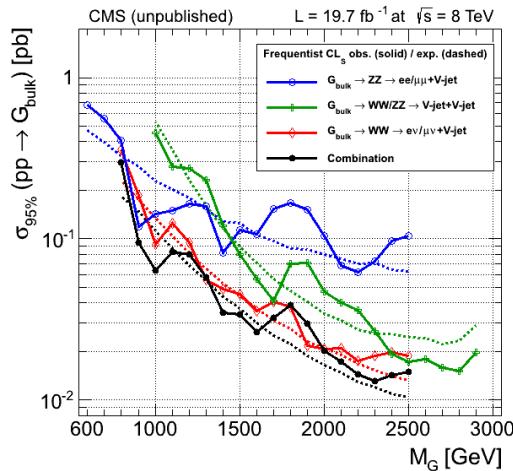
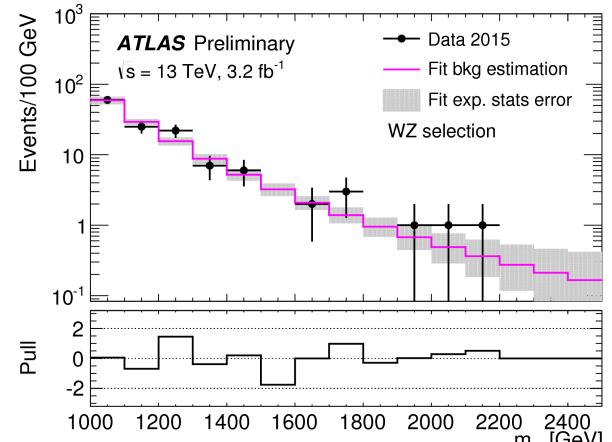


Diboson resonance searches



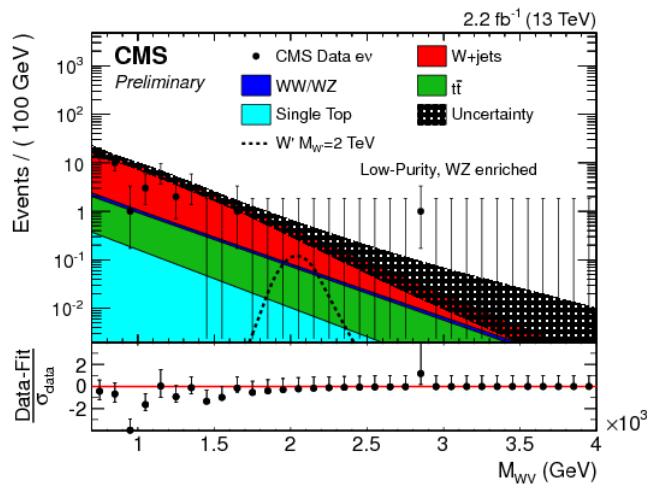
8 TeV
 For $m \sim 2 \text{ TeV}$
 $3.4\sigma \rightarrow 2.5\sigma$ after LEE

13 TeV
**No significant excess,
but not conclusive.**



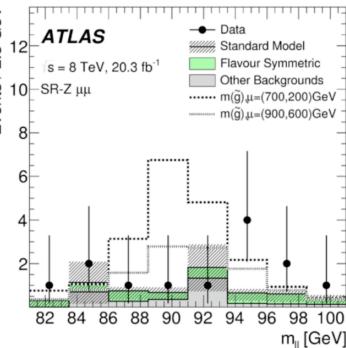
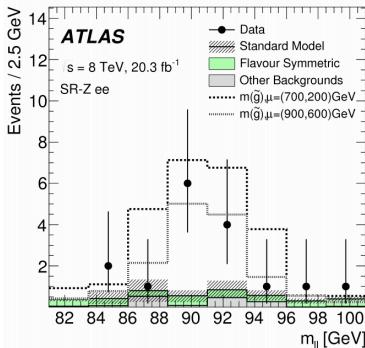
8 TeV
 For $m \sim 1.8 \text{ TeV}$
 $\sim 2\sigma$

13 TeV
**No significant excess,
but not conclusive.**



SUSY opposite-sign dileptons

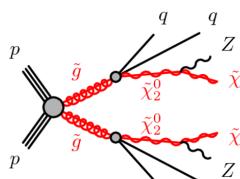
30



8 TeV [arXiv:1503.03290]

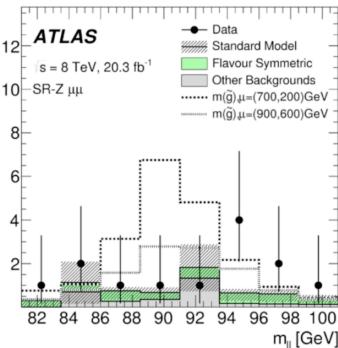
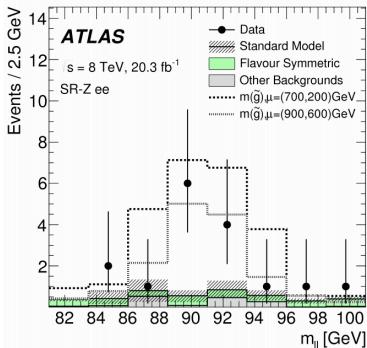
on-Z

3.0 σ only in ATLAS



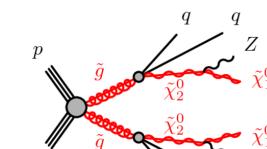
SUSY opposite-sign dileptons

31

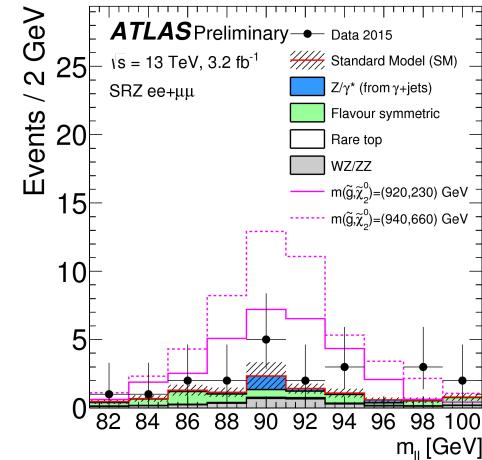


8 TeV [arXiv:1503.03290]

on-Z
3.0 σ only in ATLAS

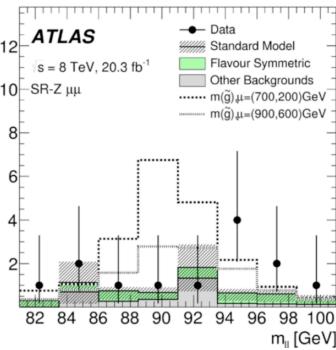
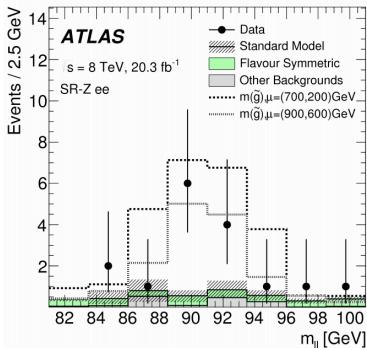


13 TeV
21 obs. (10.3 ± 2.3 exp.): **2.2 σ**

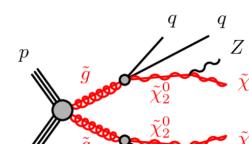


SUSY opposite-sign dileptons

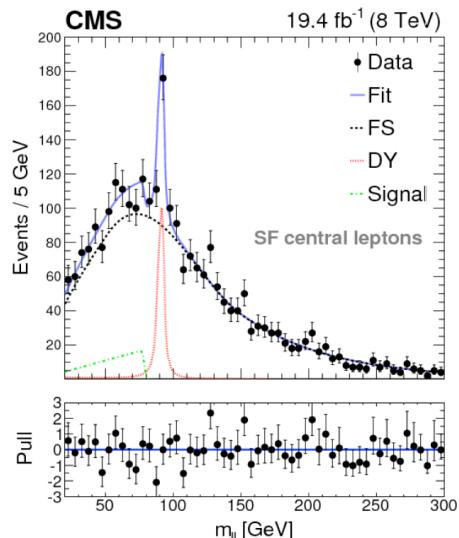
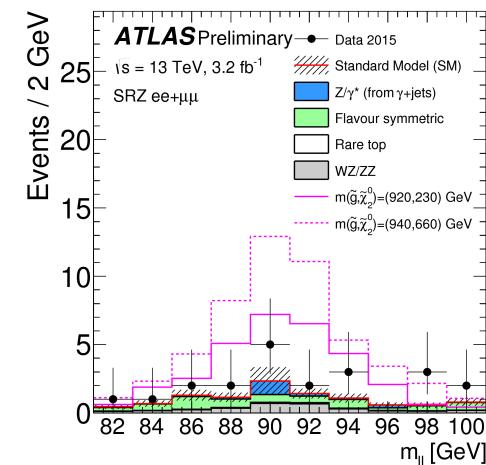
32



8 TeV [arXiv:1503.03290]
on-Z
3.0 σ only in ATLAS

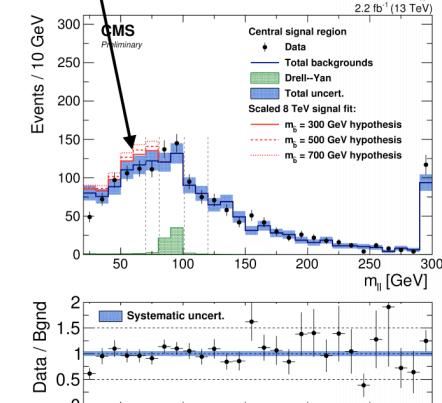


13 TeV
21 obs. (10.3 ± 2.3 exp.): **2.2 σ**

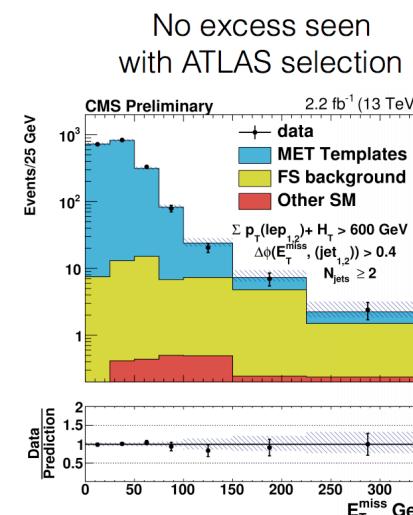


8 TeV [arXiv:1502.06031]
Below Z
2.6 σ only in CMS

Scaled 8 TeV signal hypothesis



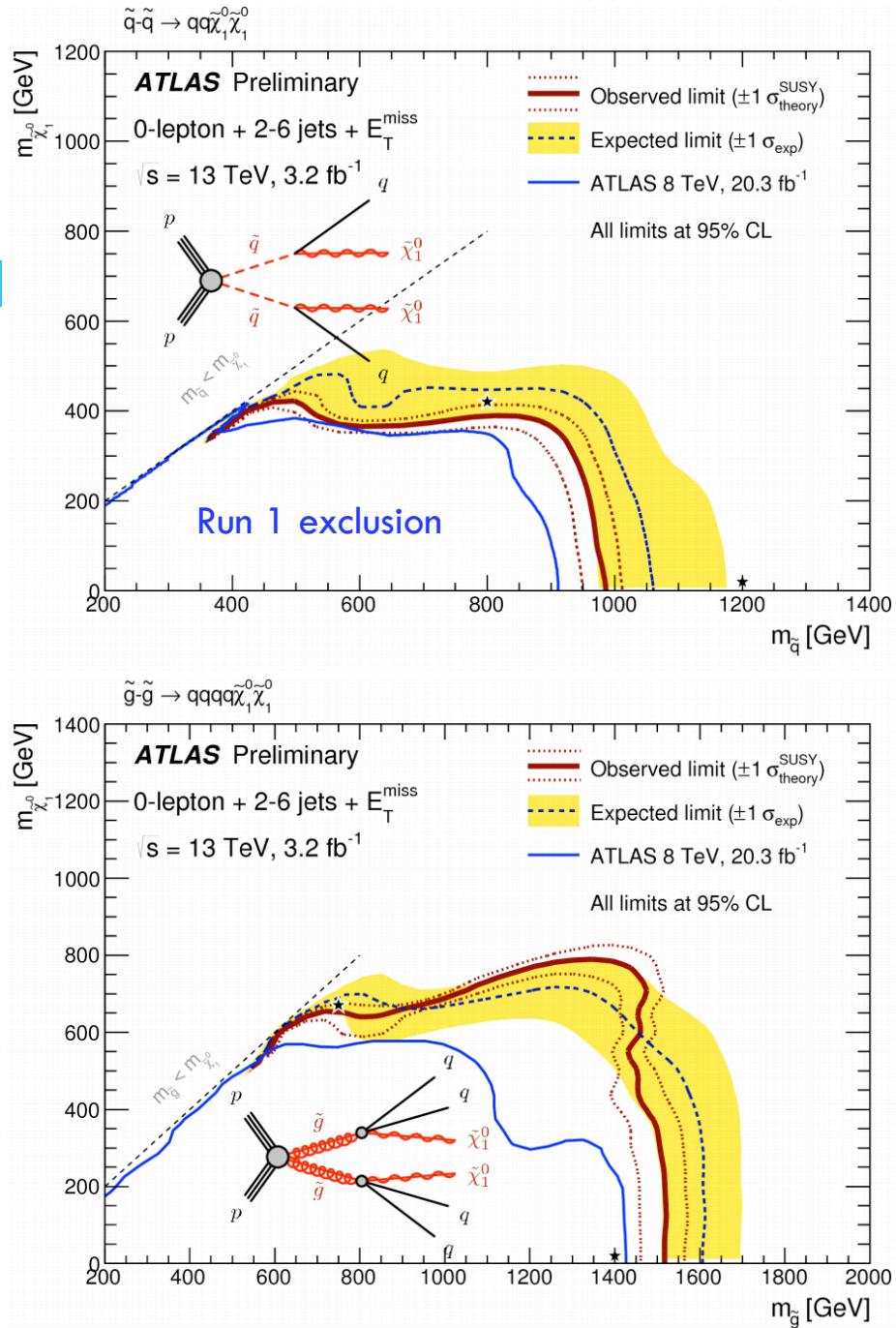
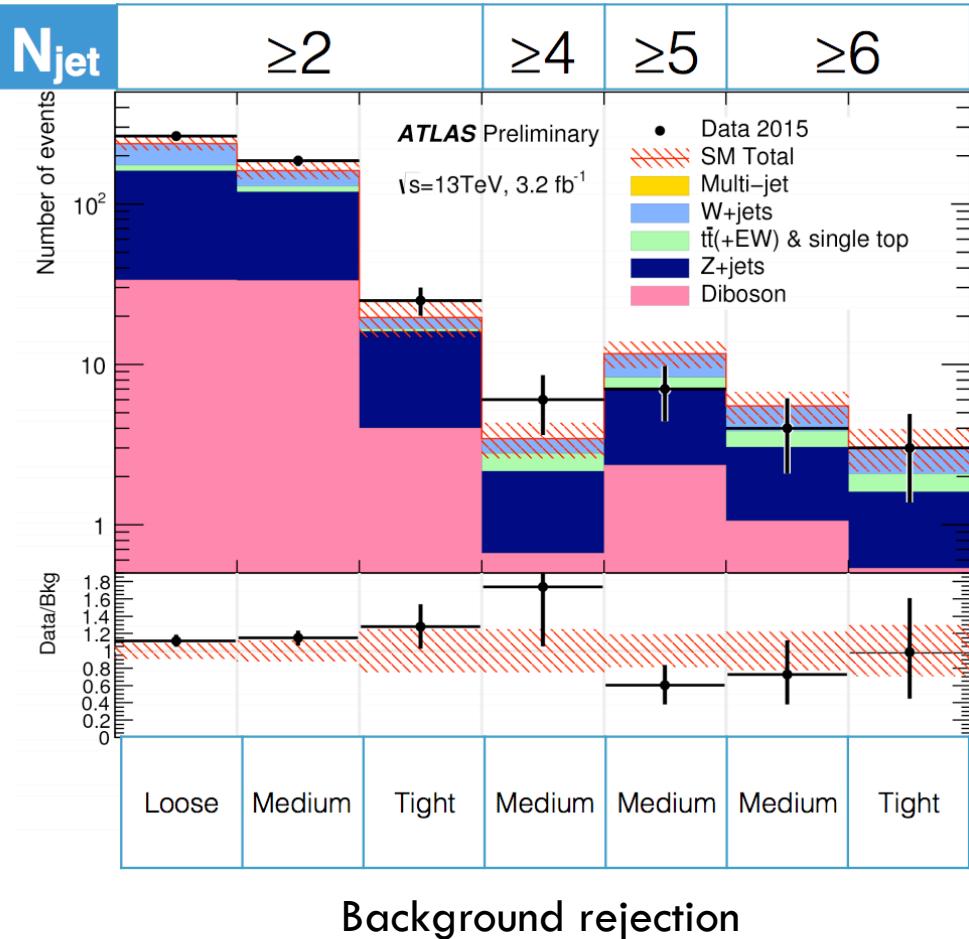
13 TeV
Both 8 TeV
excesses
disfavored



ATLAS

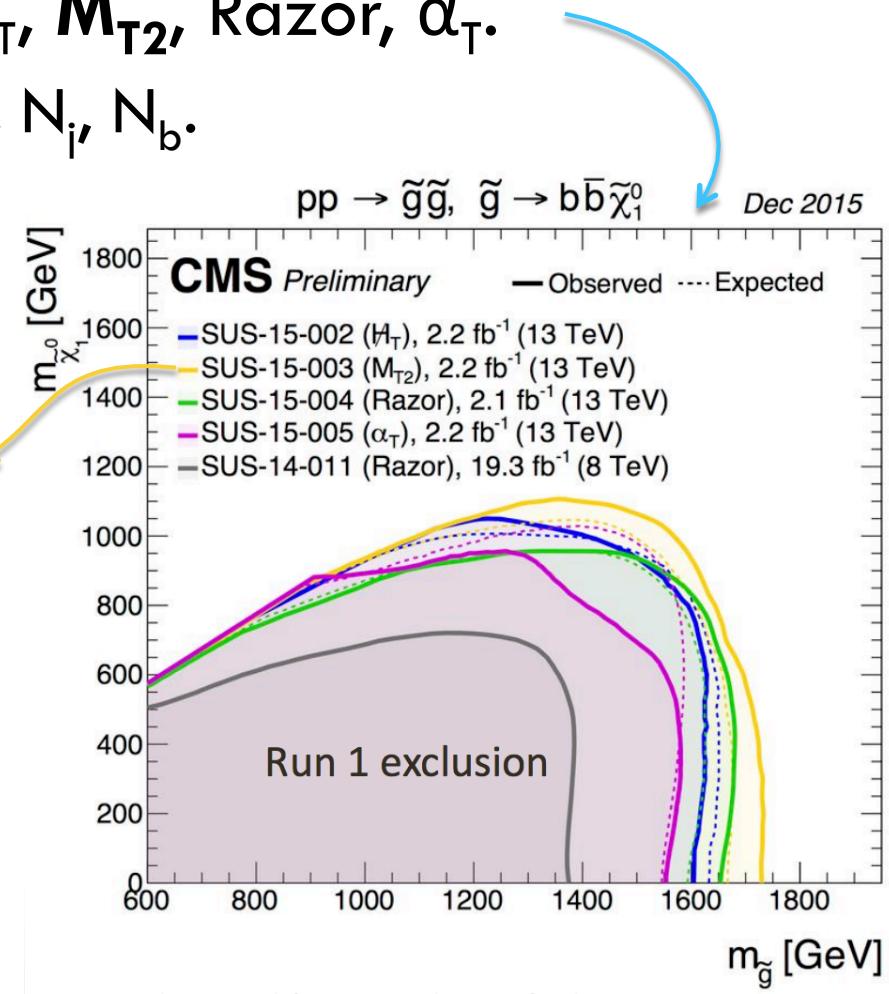
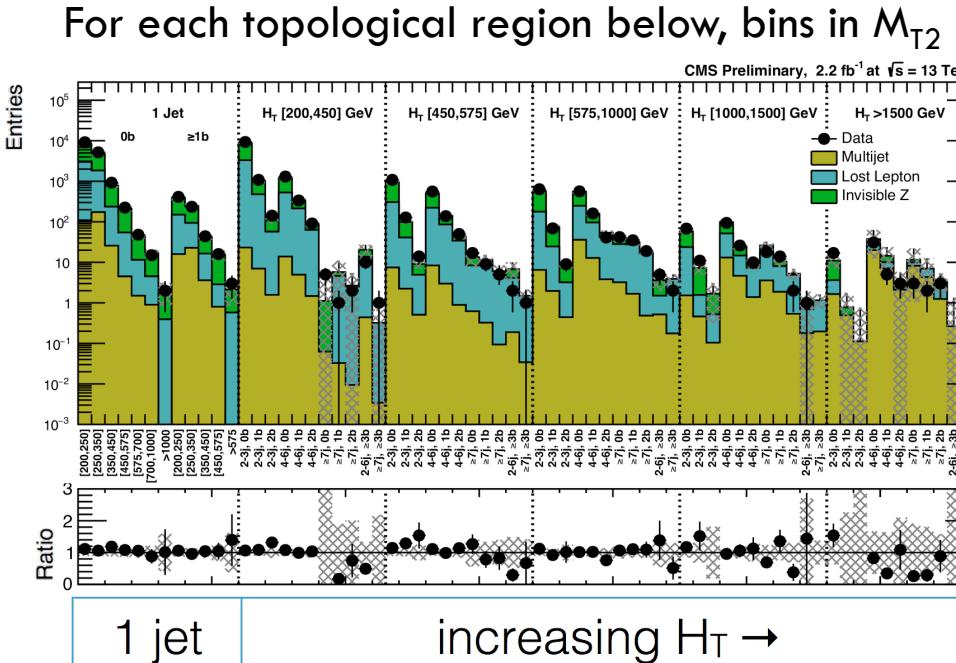
fully hadronic

33



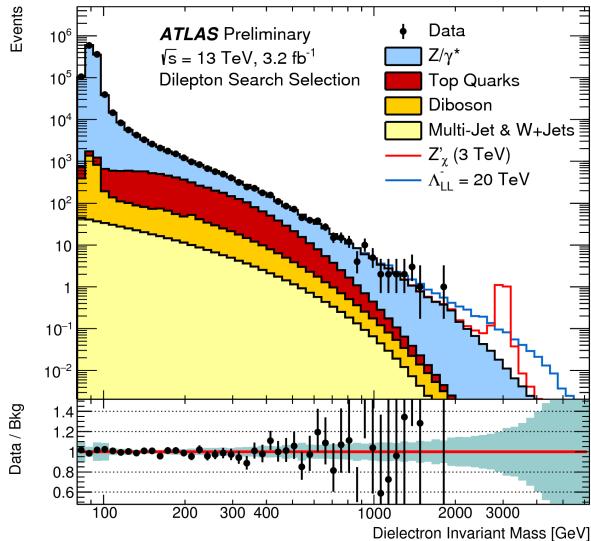
CMS fully hadronic

- Multiple analyses: MH_T , H_T , M_{T2} , Razor, α_T .
 - M_{T2} analysis in bins of H_T , N_j , N_b .



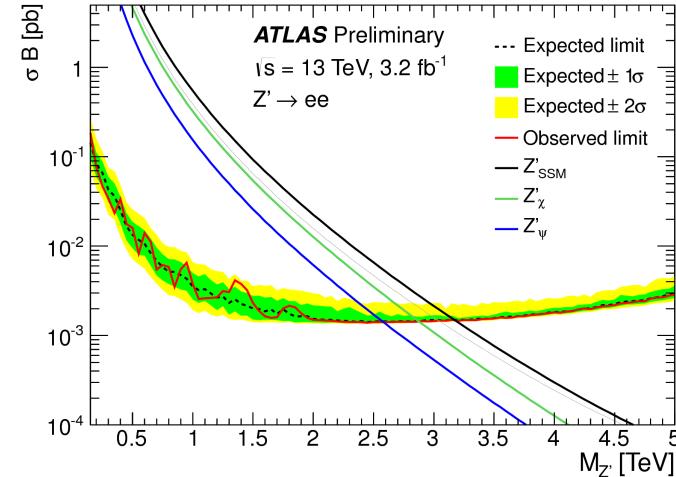
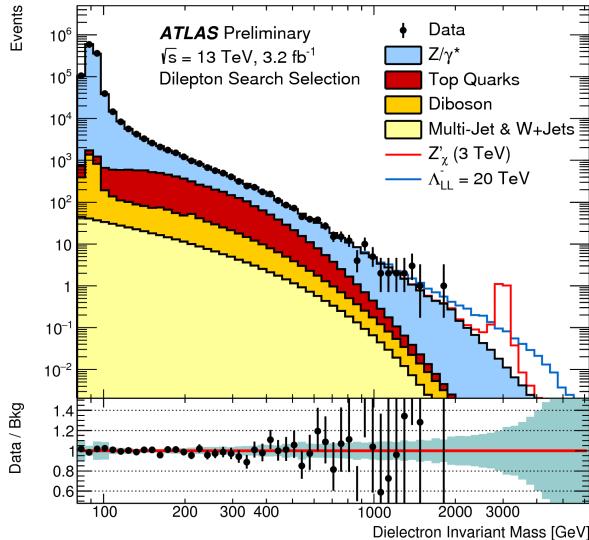
Dielectron resonance searches

Similarly for dimuons.

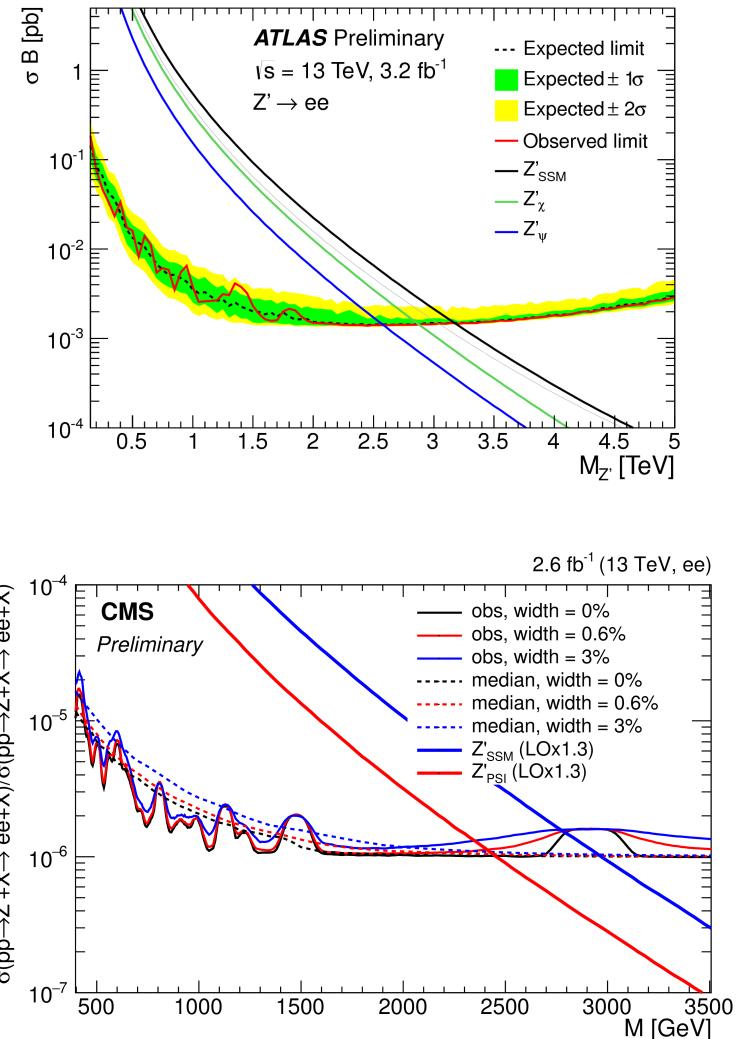
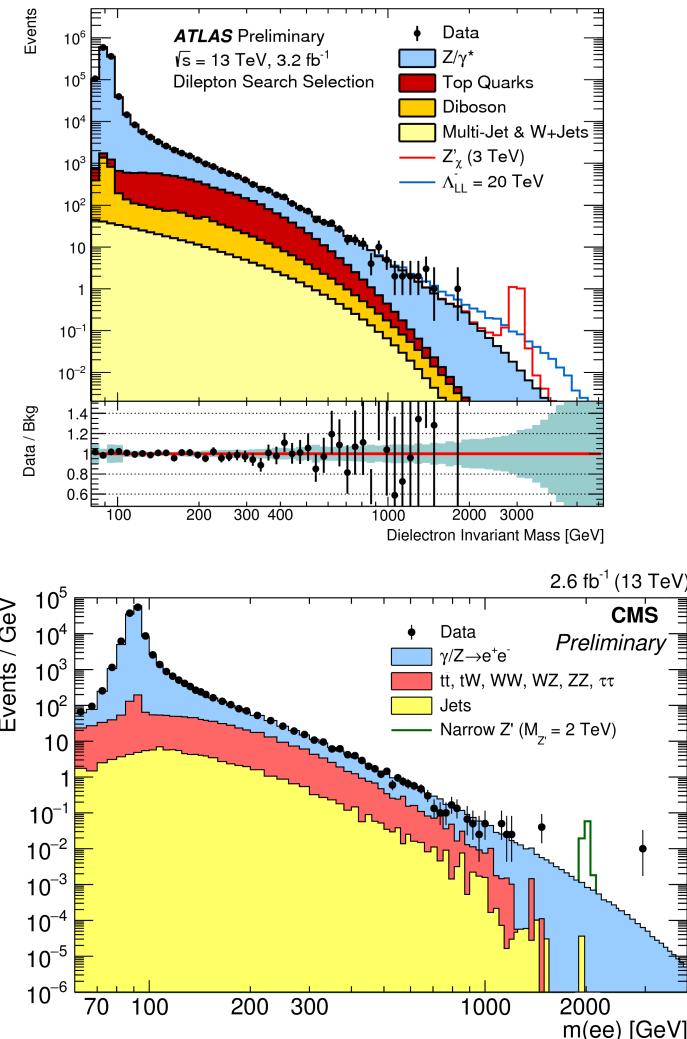


Dielectron resonance searches

Similarly for dimuons.



Dielectron resonance searches

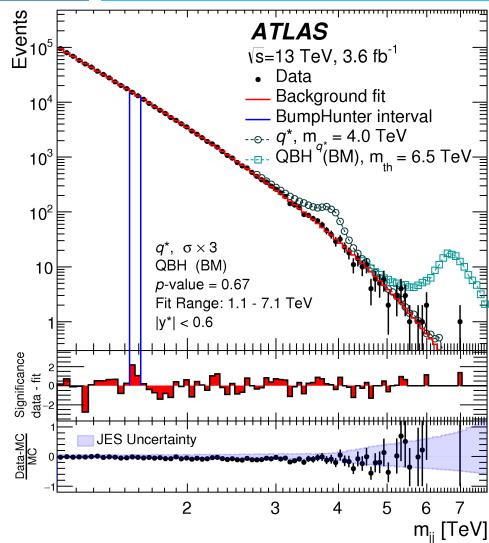


Similarly for dimuons.

Dijet resonance searches

38

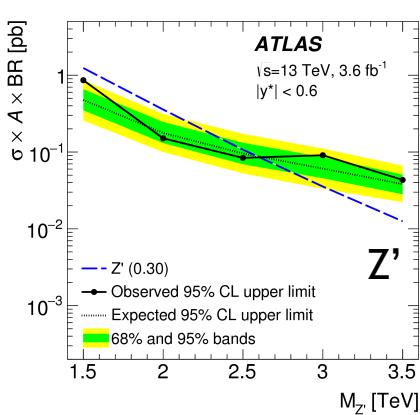
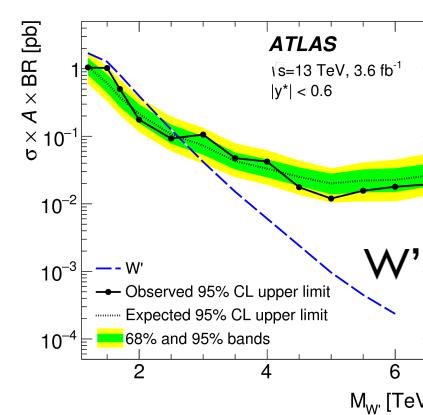
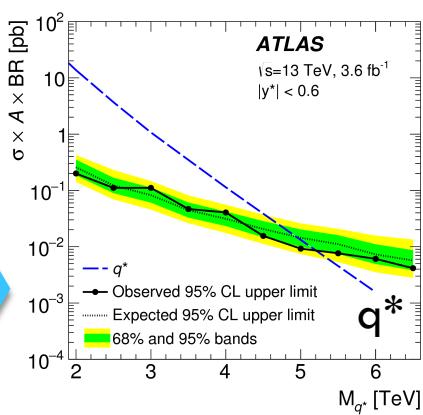
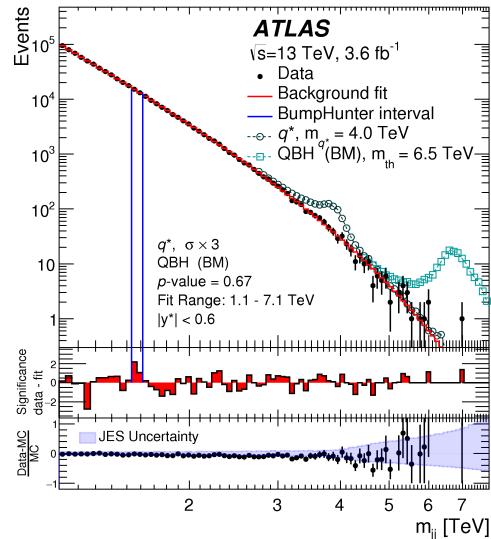
[arXiv:1512.01530][arXiv:1512.01224]

 Z'

Dijet resonance searches

39

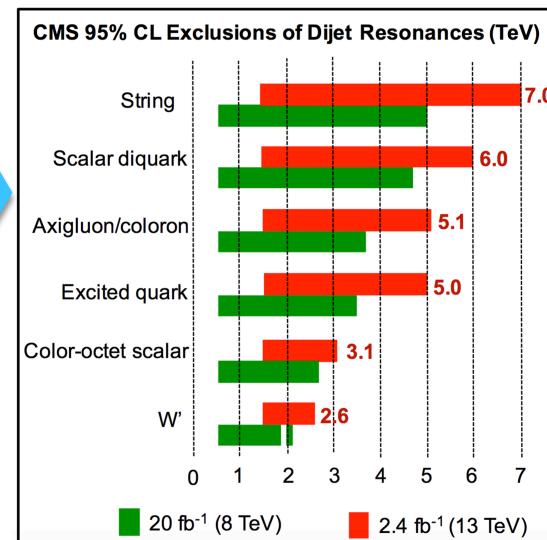
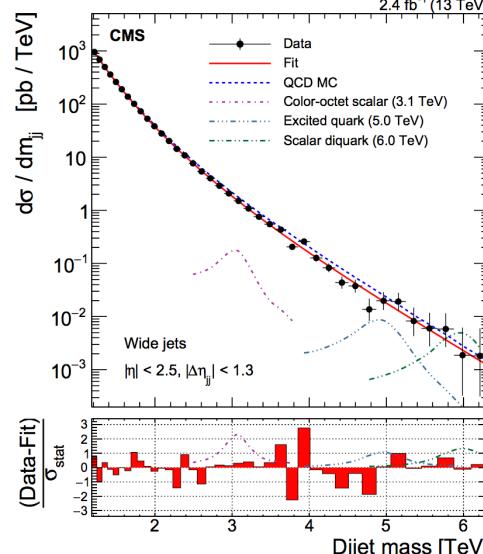
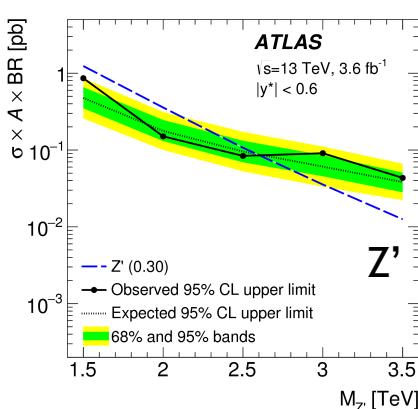
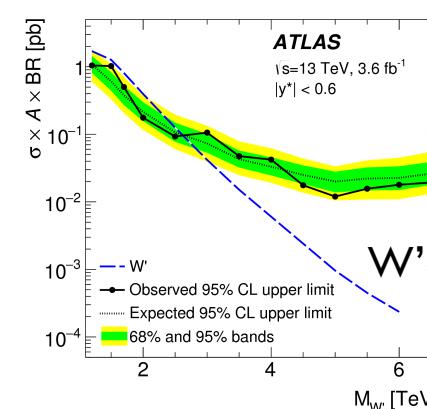
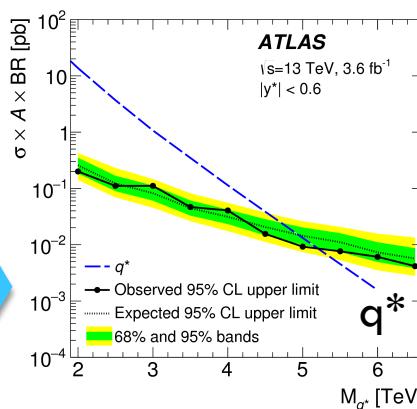
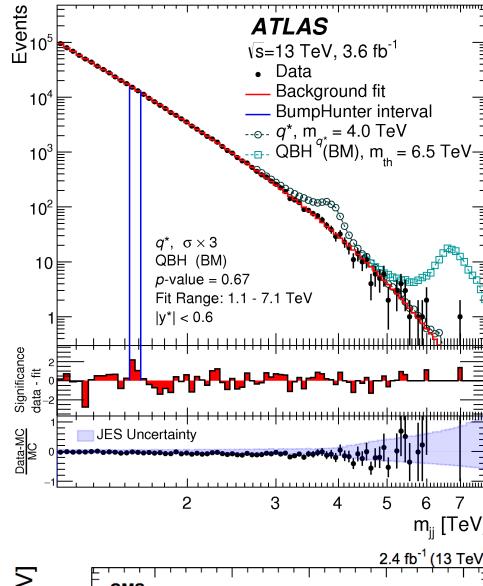
[arXiv:1512.01530][arXiv:1512.01224]



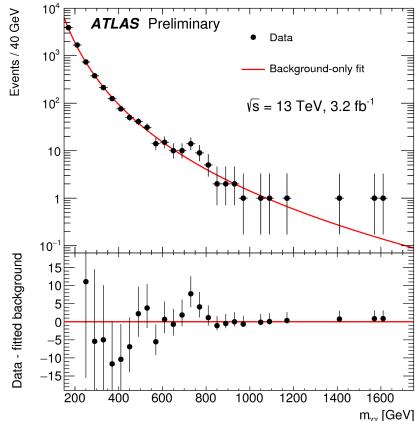
Dijet resonance searches

40

[arXiv:1512.01530][arXiv:1512.01224]

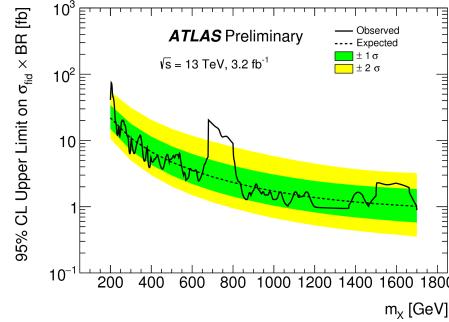
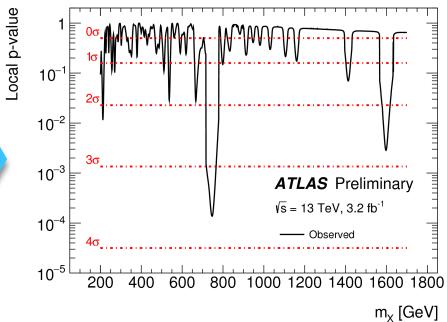
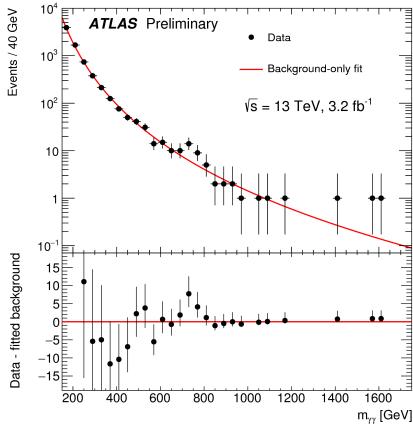


Diphoton resonances



>90% prompt-prompt, $\sigma_m/m \sim 1\%$

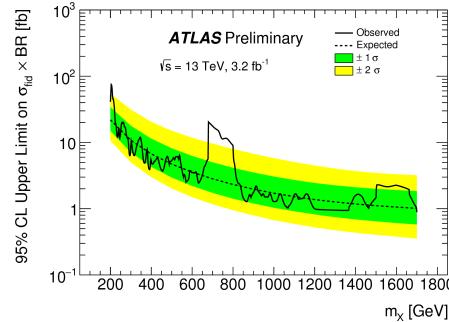
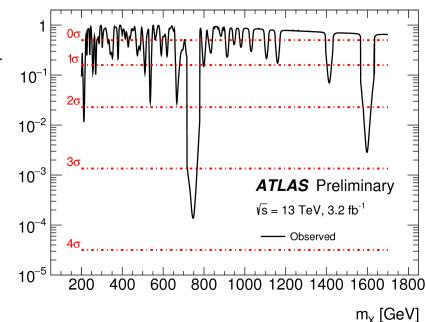
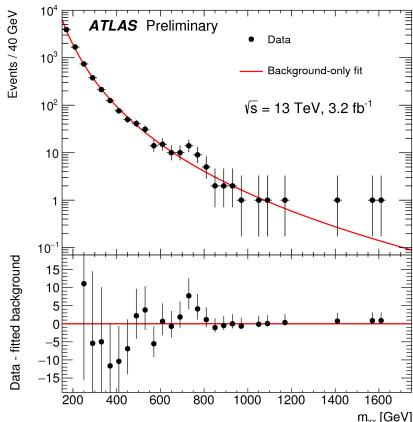
Diphoton resonances



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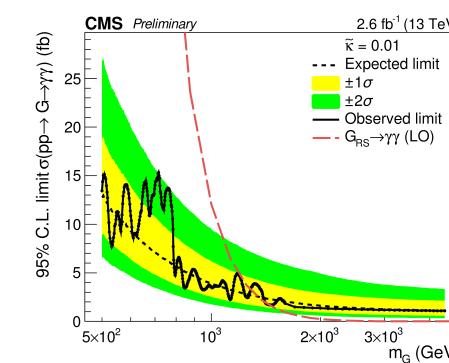
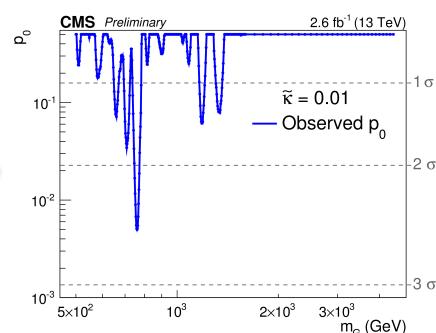
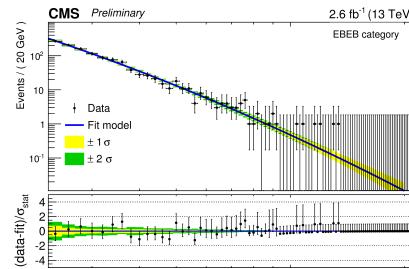
For $m_X = 750 \text{ GeV}$
 $3.6\sigma \rightarrow 2.0\sigma$ after LEE
($3.9\sigma \rightarrow 2.3\sigma$ for $\Gamma = 6\%$)

Diphoton resonances

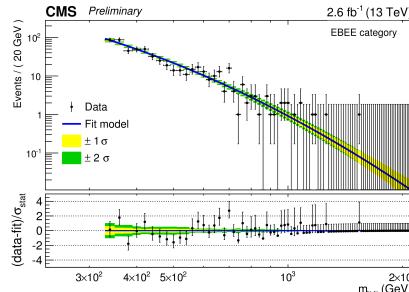


For $m_X = 750$ GeV
 $3.6\sigma \rightarrow 2.0\sigma$ after LEE
 $(3.9\sigma \rightarrow 2.3\sigma \text{ for } \Gamma = 6\%)$

>90% prompt-prompt, $\sigma_m/m \sim 1\%$



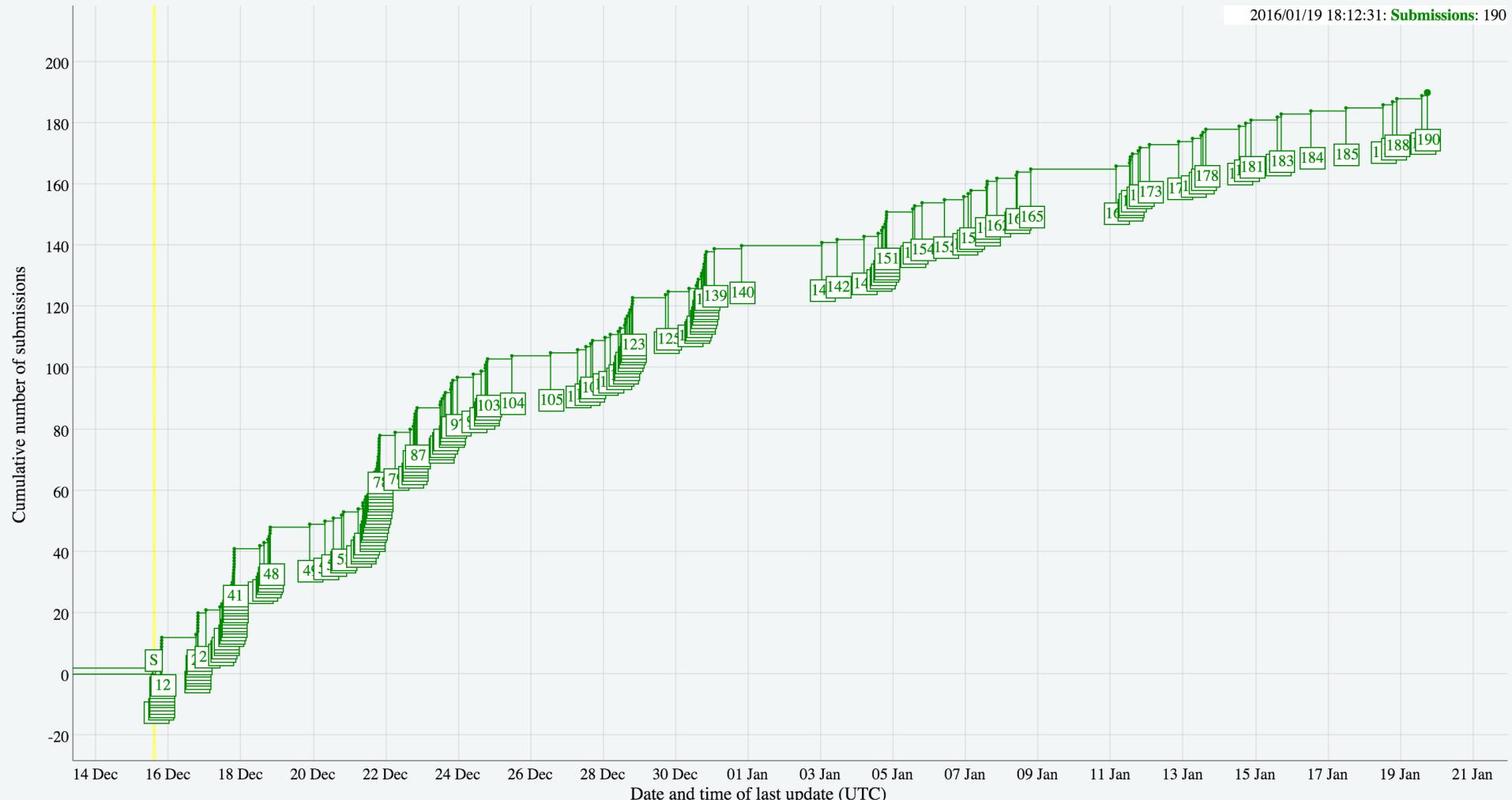
For $m_G = 760$ GeV
 $2.6\sigma \rightarrow 1.2\sigma$ after LEE





Post-seminar stampede

44

[<http://cern.ch/go/DZt8>]#Run2Seminar and subsequent $\gamma\gamma$ -related arXiv submissions



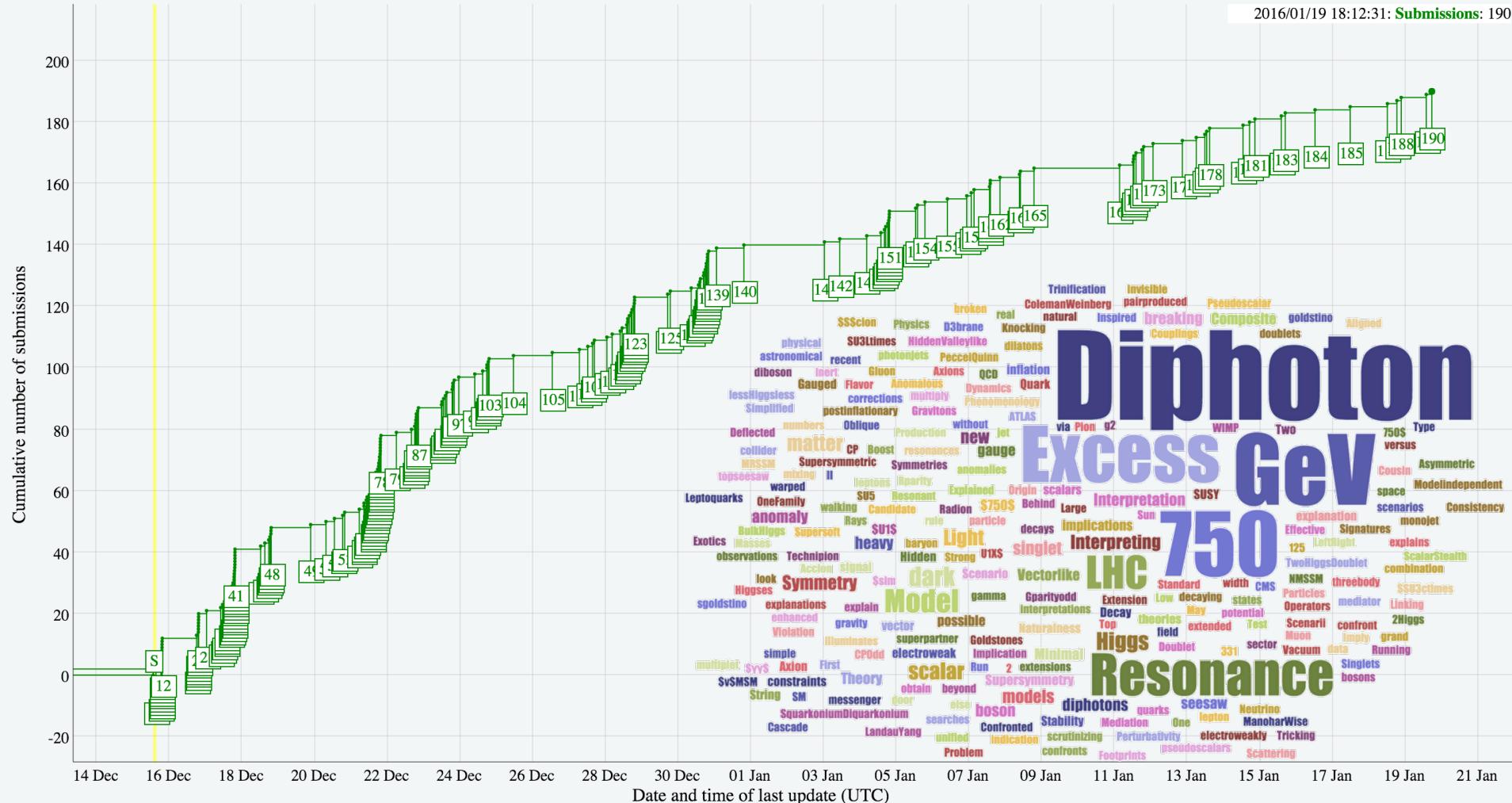
Post-seminar stampede

45

[<http://cern.ch/go/DZt8>]

#Run2Seminar and subsequent $\gamma\gamma$ -related arXiv submissions

2016/01/19 18:12:31: **Submissions:** 190



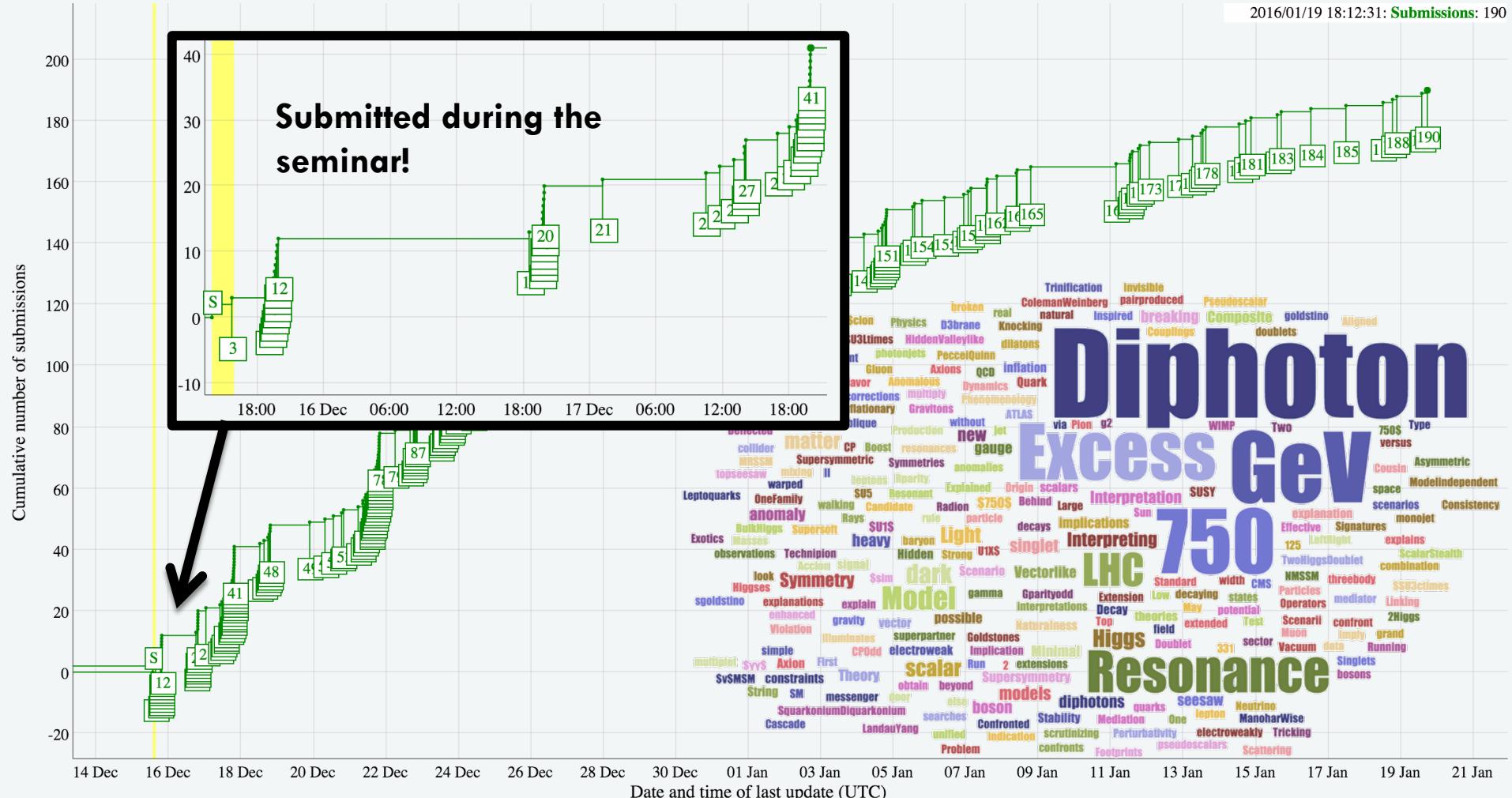


Post-seminar stampede

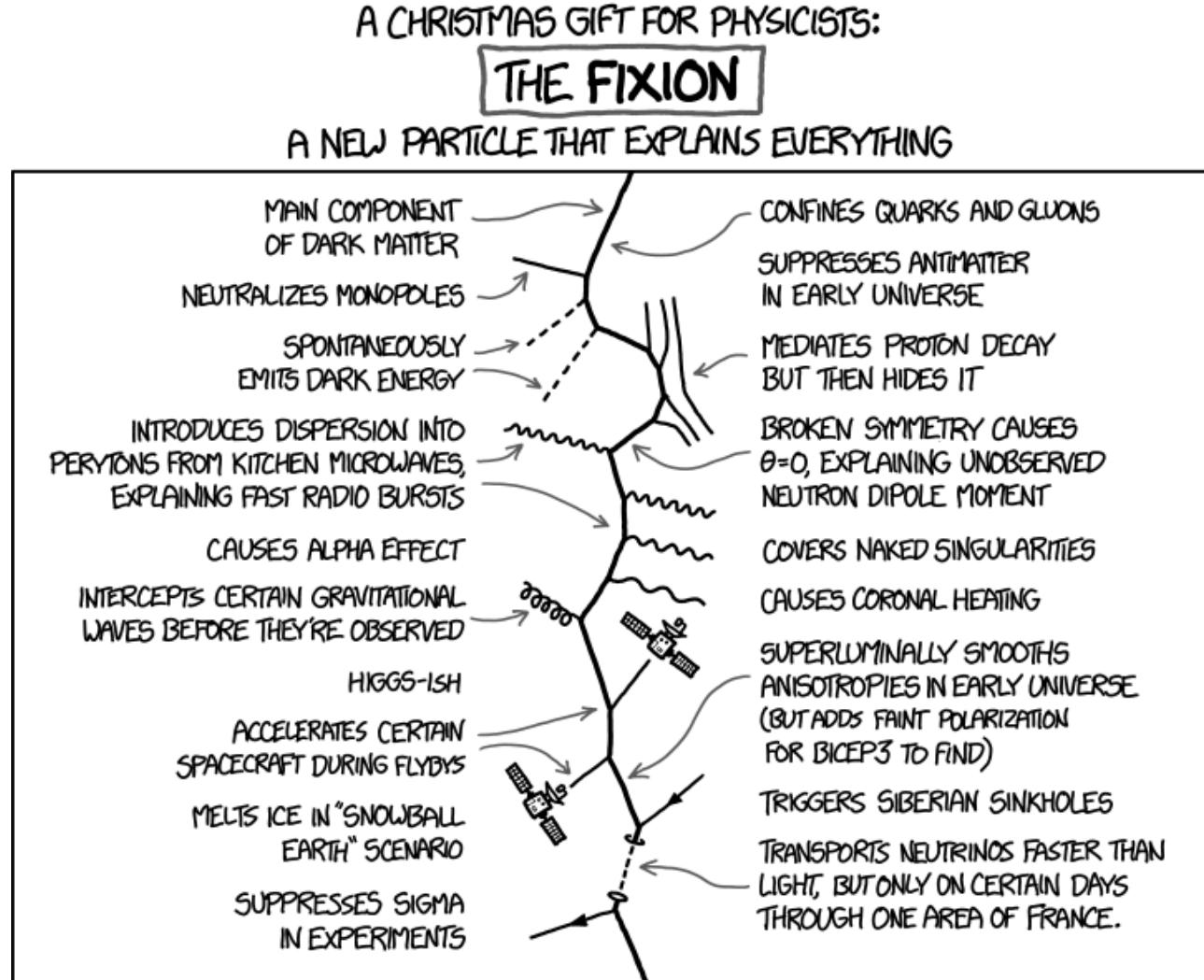
46

[<http://cern.ch/go/DZt8>]

#Run2Seminar and subsequent $\gamma\gamma$ -related arXiv submissions



Perhaps a whole fixion sector?





Is it trivial to combine significances?

48

[<http://cern.ch/go/9spl>]

Mythology of Two Data Sets

Very common myth re bump-hunting:

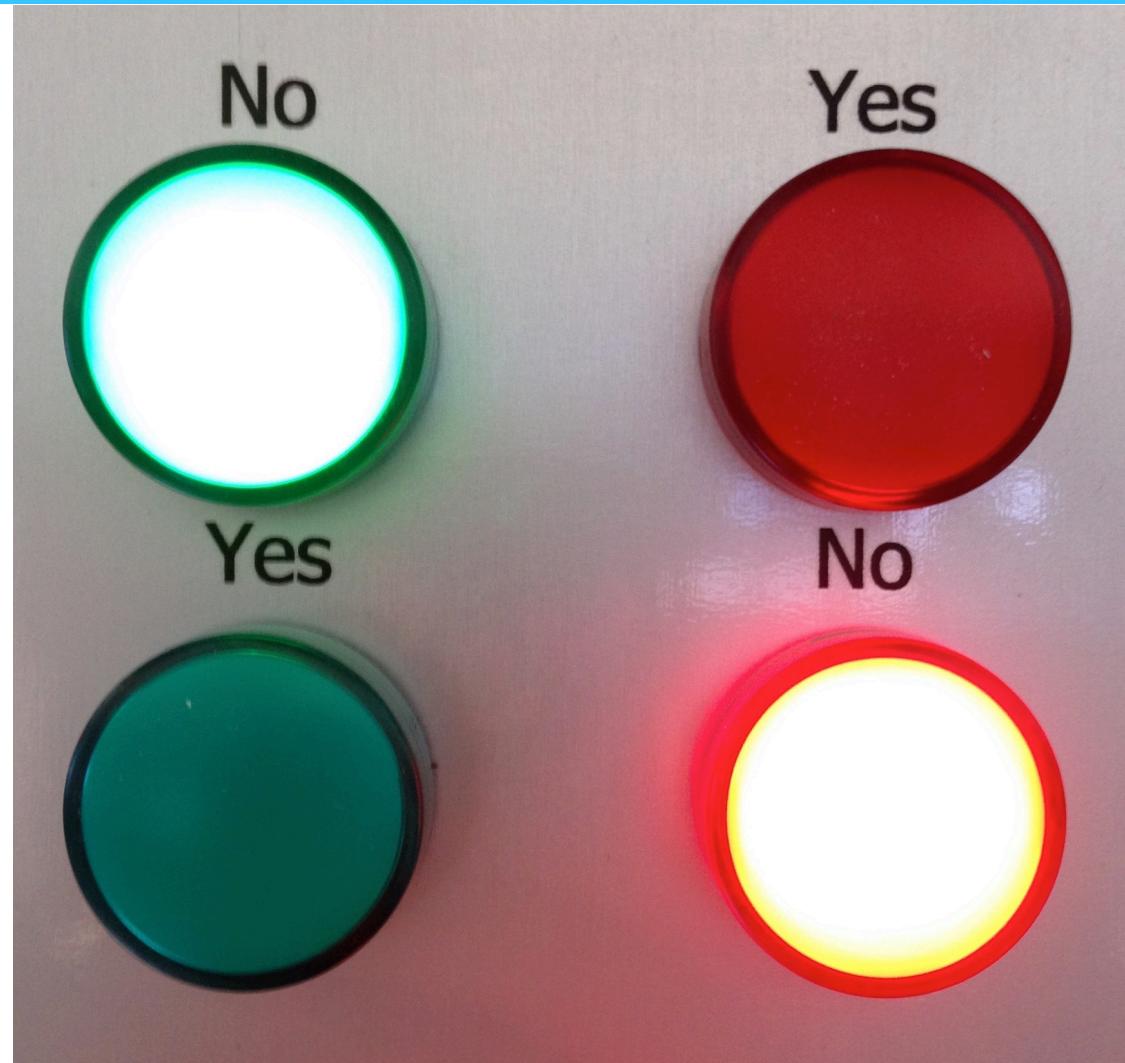
Look for bump in one data set (or one experiment), and identify candidate bump and its location in spectrum. Then in the next data set (or other experiment), look in same location. *Then no LEE correction needed.*

This is “bad” on several levels, and the Gross-Vittels paper gives another reason why.

This is presumably known to experts, but I think it is useful to advertize, given the persistence of the myth.

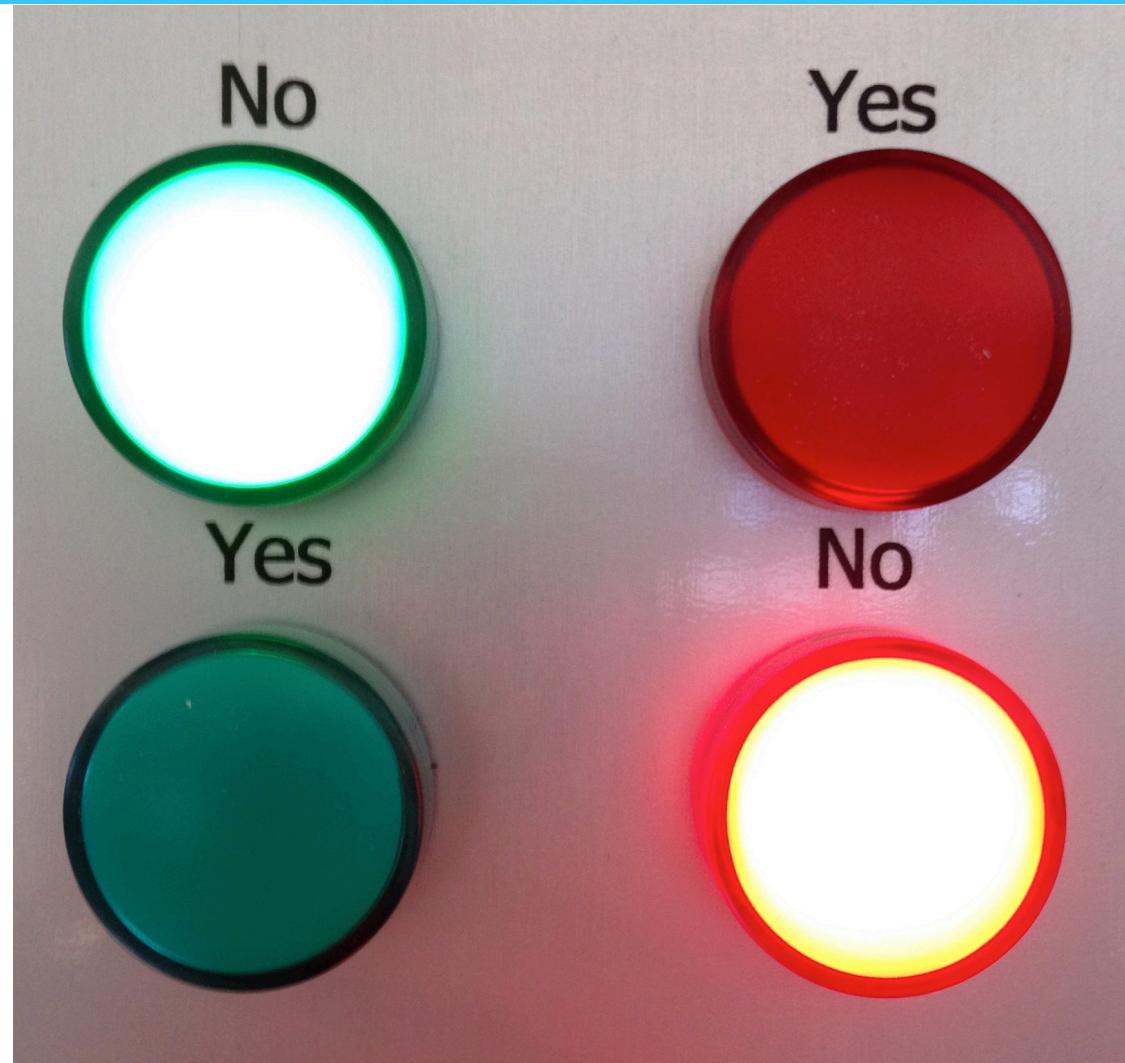
Bob Cousins, LEE, LL Wkshp, 13 Feb 2013

Summary



Summary

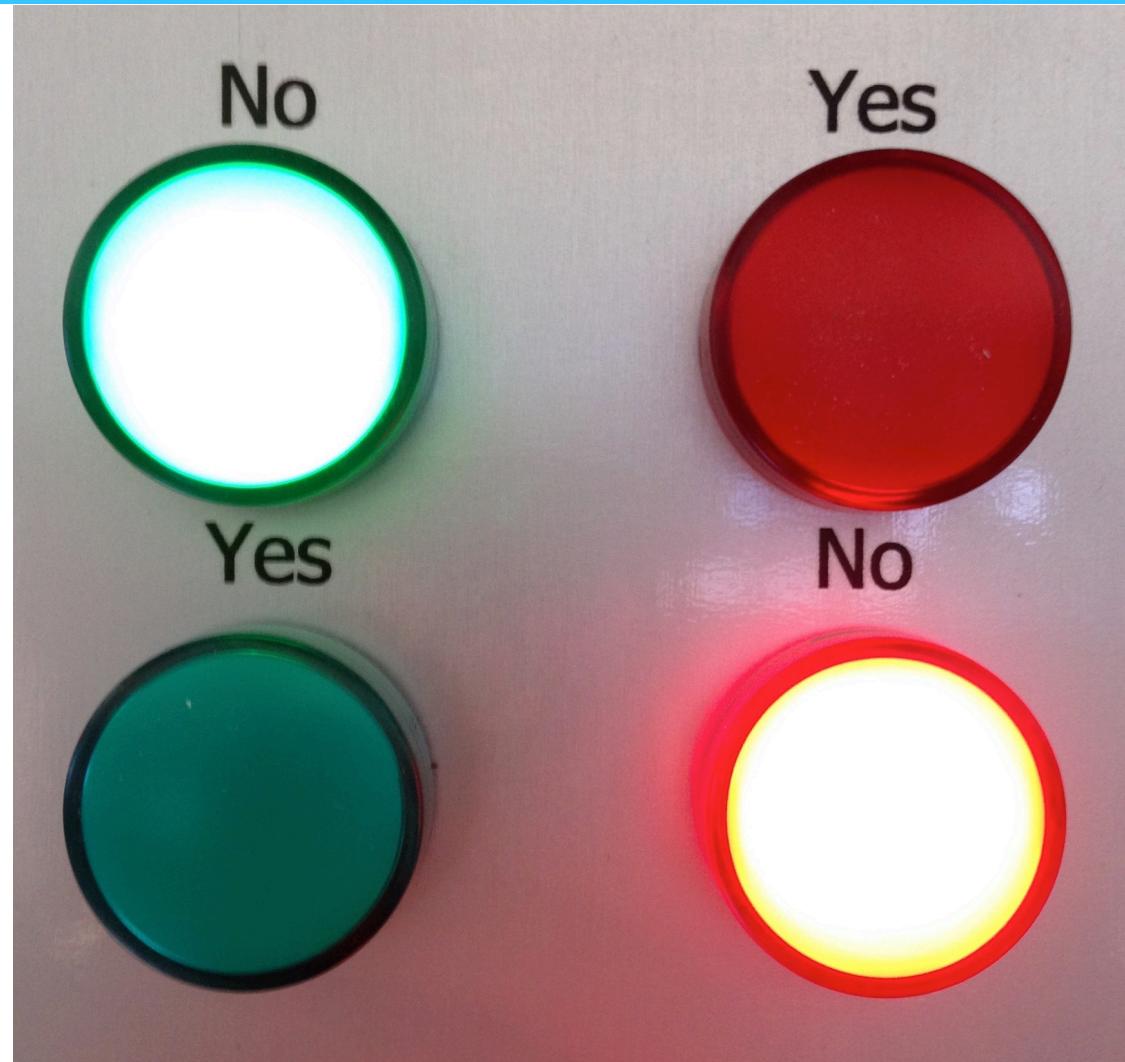
Is the SM all
there is?



Summary

Is the SM all
there is?

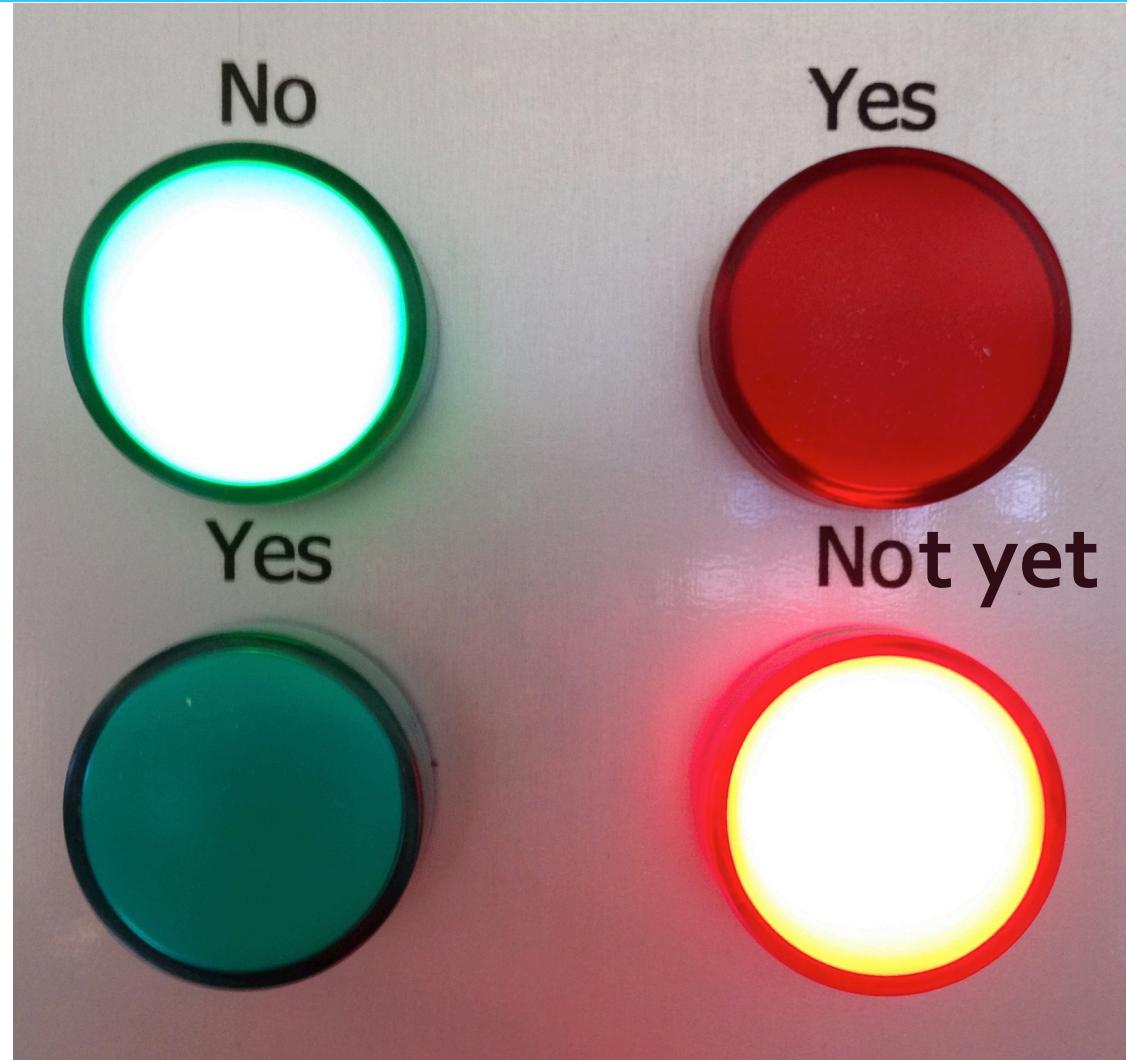
Do we know
what's next?



Summary

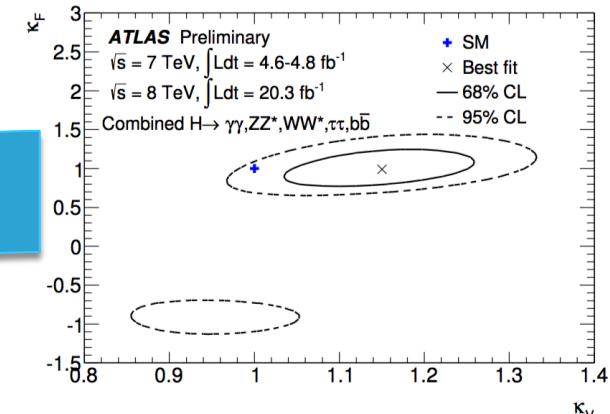
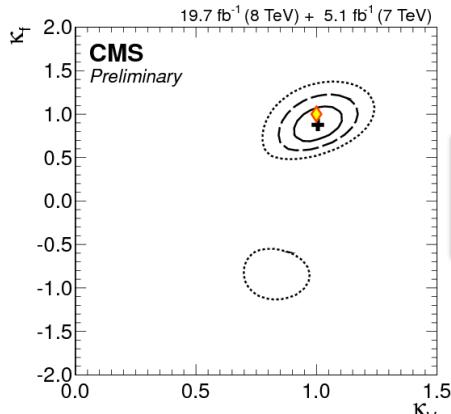
Is the SM all
there is?

Do we know
what's next?



Outlook

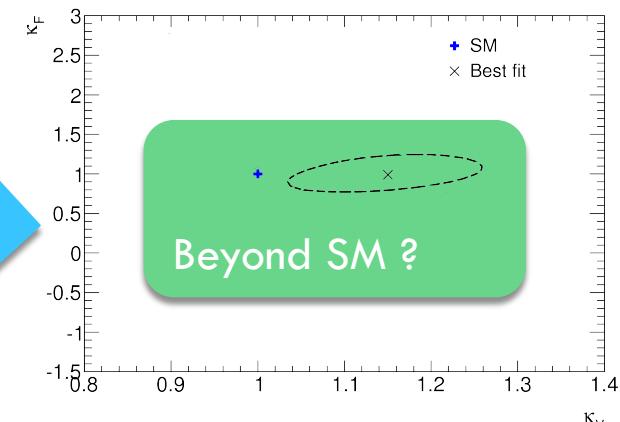
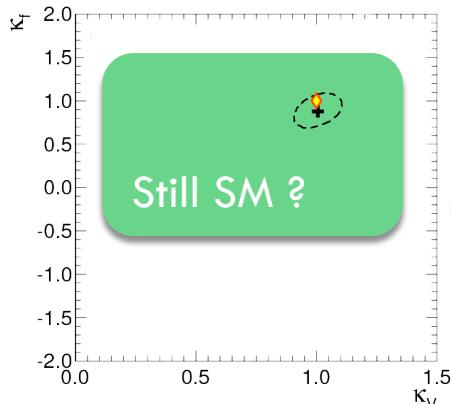
53



Accelerator physicists
More & other collisions

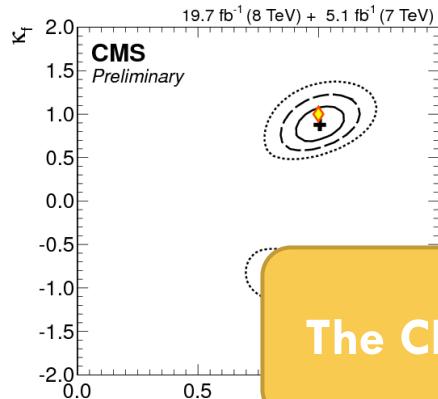
Experimentalists
Better detectors & analyses

Theorists
Better predictions & tools

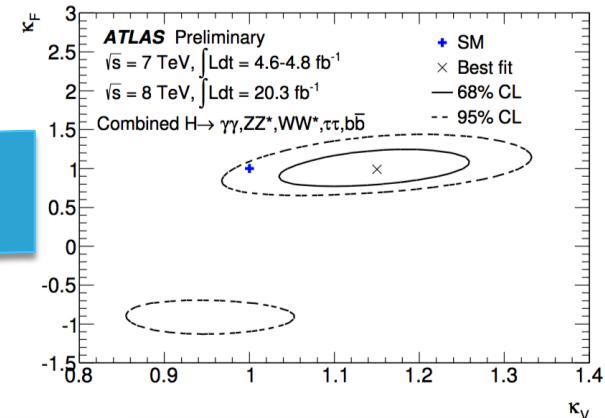


Outlook

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The CLIC effort

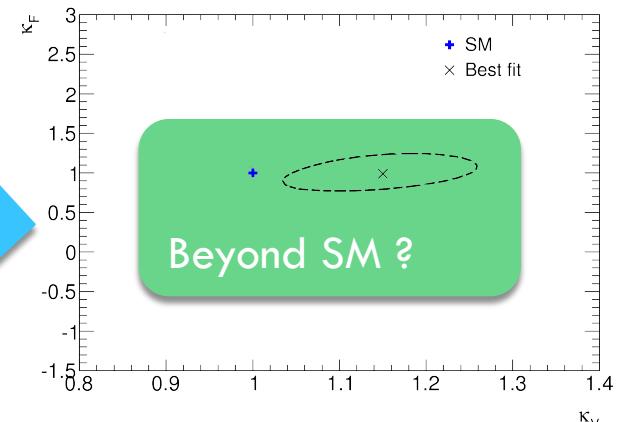
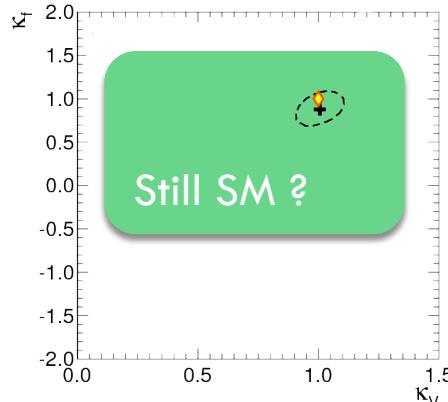


Present

Accelerator physicists
More & other collisions

Experimentalists
Better detectors & analyses

Theorists
Better predictions & tools



Future

Outlook



- **LHC13: last chance before “direct BSM desert”.**
 - Tevatron: Run I → top discovery, Run II → SM precision.
 - LHC 2010: early SUSY and EXO exclusions.
- **Run2 potential still to be fully explored.**
 - Higgs physics barely started.
 - Top physics to open new chapters.
 - SM measurements to be improved.
 - Much BSM phase-space still to be probed.
- **We have a long way to go.
All it takes is one deviation.**



CLIC workshop 2019 ?

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BBC

News

Sport

Weather

Shop

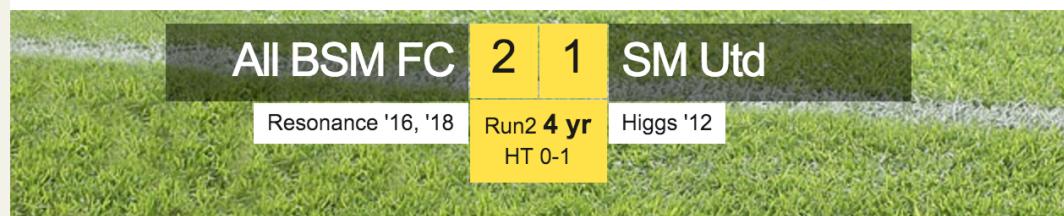
Earth

Travel

SPORT FOOTBALL

Home Football Formula 1 Cricket Rugby U Tennis Golf Athletics Cycling

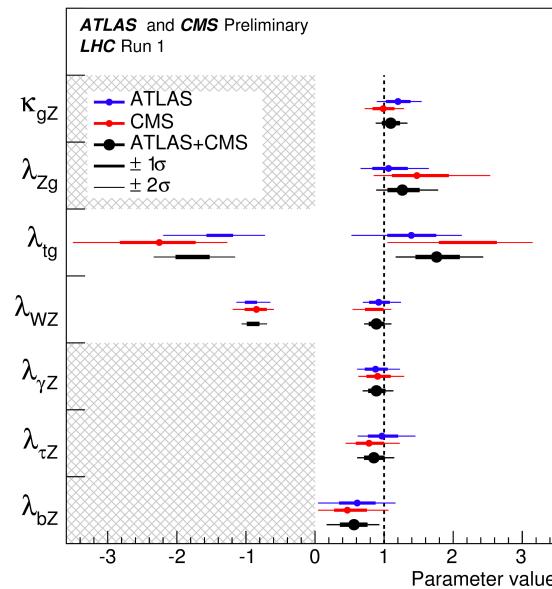
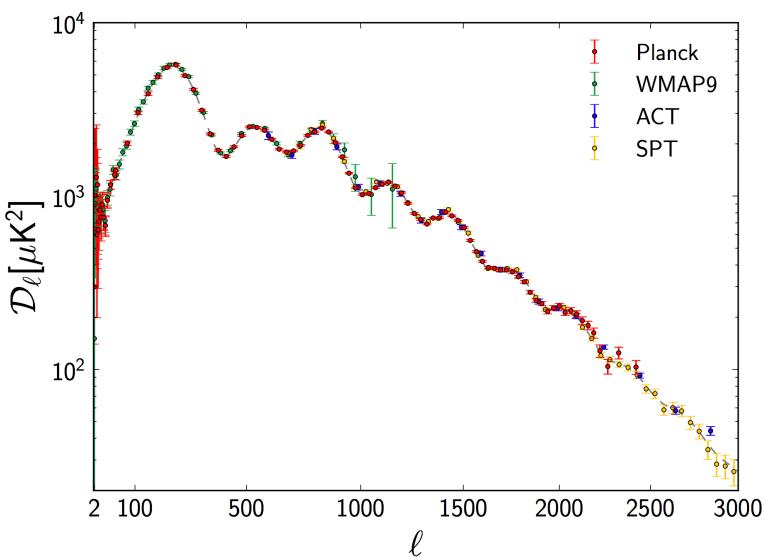
European Football > Results | Fixtures | Tables | Champions League | Europa League



The ~~beautiful~~ boring Universe today

[arXiv:1303.5062][ATLAS-CONF-2015-044/CMS-PAS-HIG-15-002]

- **Up above:** “Simple six-parameter Λ CDM”.
- **Down below:** (Not-as-simple) ~ 20 -parameter Standard Model of Particle Physics.



Looking forward to surprises at higher energies: PeV neutrinos, LHC 13 TeV, ...

For discussion



Diphoton resonance searches

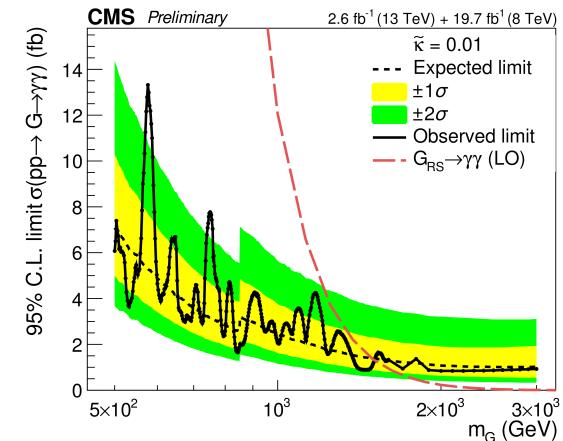
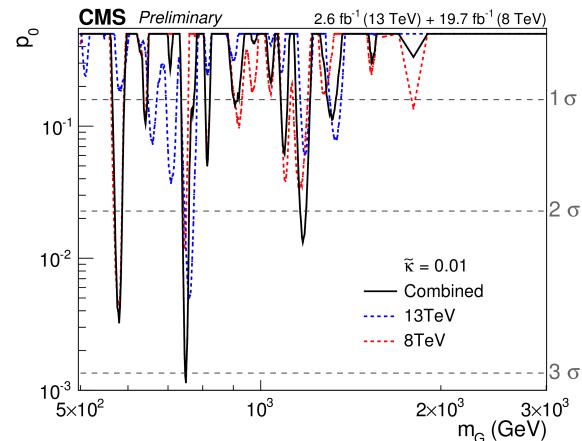
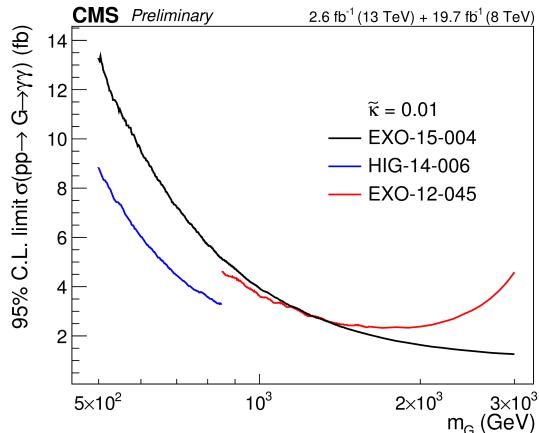
59

[<http://cern.ch/go/8KNW>]

Reference	Exp.	Collision energy [TeV]	m_X search range [GeV]	Interpretation benchmark
PRL 113 171801	ATLAS	8	65 – 600	Scalar
PRD 93 (2015) 3032004			500 – 2800	Spin-2
PLB 750 (2015) 494	CMS		150 – 800	Scalar and Spin-2
CMS-PAS-EXO-12-045			500 – 3000	Spin-2
ATLAS-CONF-2015-081	ATLAS	13	200 – 2000	Scalar
CMS-PAS-EXO-15-004	CMS		500 – 4500	Spin-2

CMS: combination with 8 TeV

60



Expected limits.
8 TeV cross-section
scaled to 13 TeV
assuming G_{RS} .

For $m_G = 750 \text{ GeV}$
 $3.0\sigma \rightarrow 1.7\sigma$ after LEE

