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## Influence of H<sub>2</sub>O on SF<sub>6</sub> Discharge and Decomposition Characteristics Under Low Moisture Conditions

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The detection of gas decomposition products is an effective method to diagnose the partial discharge in SF<sub>6</sub> insulated electric power equipment for its anti-interference ability and high sensitivity. However, there inevitably exists trace level of water in the SF<sub>6</sub> insulated equipment. In order to study the influence of moisture under low volume fraction ( $<1350 \times 10^{-6}$ ) on discharge and decomposition characteristics of SF<sub>6</sub>. An experimental and testing platform for SF<sub>6</sub> gas-insulated electrical equipment was designed in this paper under different moisture contents (147 $\mu$ L/L, 347 $\mu$ L/L, 681 $\mu$ L/L, 909 $\mu$ L/L, and 1340 $\mu$ L/L). The influence of moisture on the magnitude of partial discharge caused by metal protrusions defects and content variation of SOF<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub> was observed in detail. The results indicate that average discharge amount and overall magnitude of charge decrease first and then increase with increasing volume fraction of moisture. H<sub>2</sub>O will promote the formation of all the four products, with a stronger influence on the sulfur-containing products than CO<sub>2</sub>. Besides, the value of  $\varphi(\text{SOF}_2 + \text{SO}_2) / \varphi(\text{SO}_2\text{F}_2)$  maintains stable with the variation of moisture. It is about 3-4 after 9h. The value of  $\varphi(\text{SOF}_2 + \text{SO}_2 + \text{SO}_2\text{F}_2) / \varphi(\text{CO}_2)$  presents overall increasing trend with moisture content. It ultimately increases to a stable value about 2.5-3 under low moisture condition ( $<681 \mu\text{L/L}$ ). Thus, the detection method of SF<sub>6</sub> decomposition products should be utilized with the consideration of moisture content.

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