

Perspectives for Vector Bosons +Jets physics at LHC Run 2

Simon de Visscher (F.N.R.S-UCL-CP3)
on behalf of CMS & ATLAS

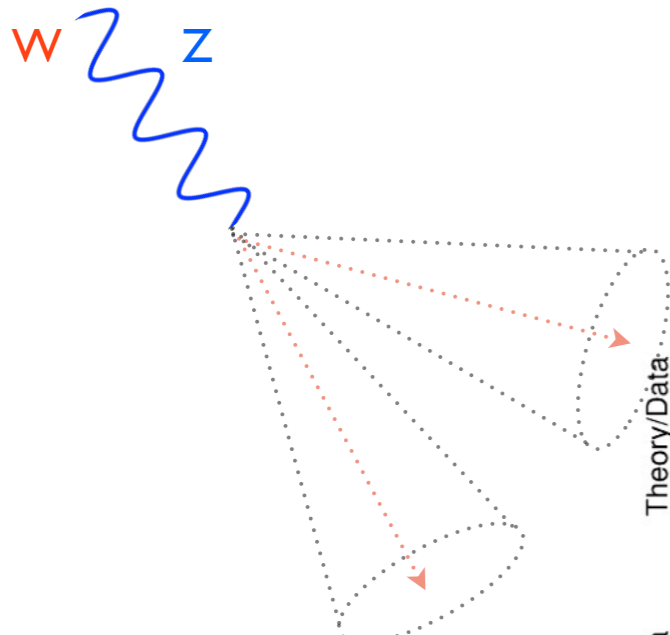


- Direct: large background for many searches (Higgs, SUSY, Exotic,..) and measurements (top, diboson,...)
 - ▶ Need to control them when data driven method is not possible.
- Indirect: provides stringent test of $p(\text{QCD})$ and EWK sectors: lever for signals and (other) background prediction
 - ▶ PDF
 - ▶ ME+PS description (FNS, merging, scale)
 - ▶ higher order QCD and EWK corrections, e.g. at high P_t/H_t

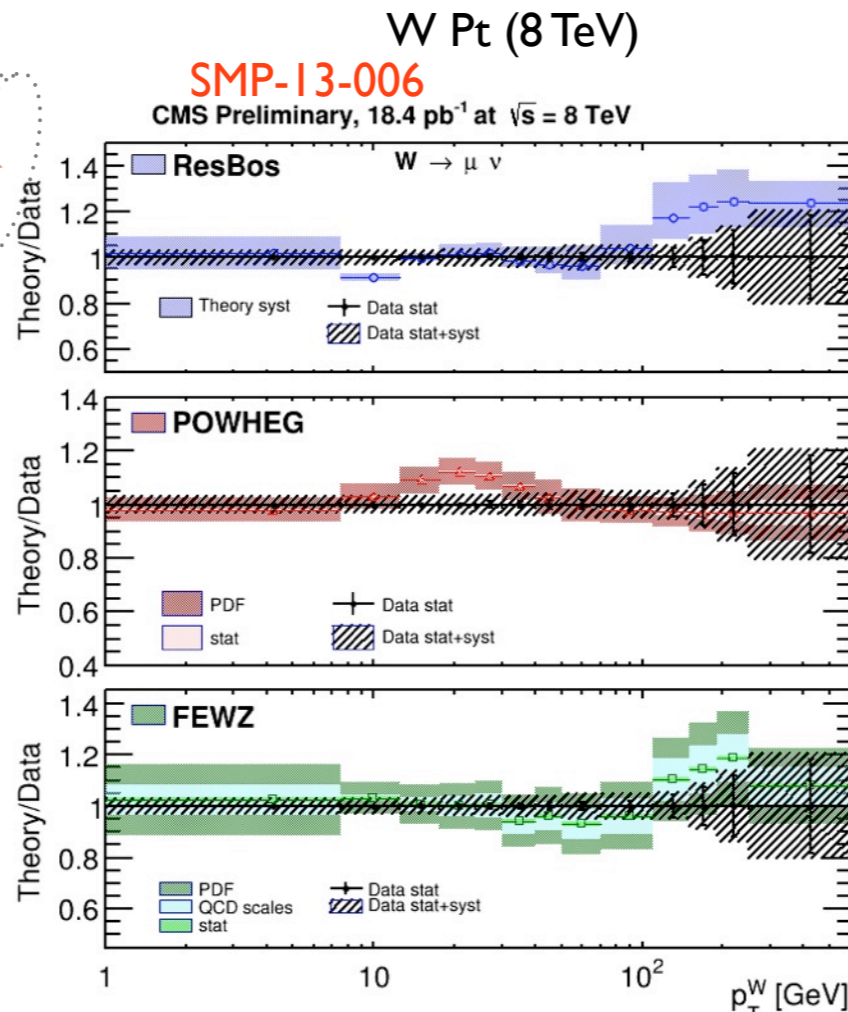
- V+jets SM studies: testing/validating predictions from theory
 - ▶ Most up-to-date version of ME+PS generators used for full simulation (searches, measurements)
 - ▶ Madgraph_aMC@NLO+P8/HWG (FxFx, UNLOPS, KtMLM, ShowerKt, UMEPS), ALPGEN+P8/HWG (MLM), Sherpa (CKKW-L), POWHEG+P8 (MinLO),...
 - ▶ Most recent parton-level solution (PDF, α_s)
 - ▶ LoopSIM, BlackHat+Sherpa, MEPS@NLO, DYNNLO,...
 - ▶ Validation based on
 - ▶ 7,8 TeV Rivet analyses
 - ▶ 13 TeV data (coming analyses + Rivet analyses)
- Find ‘comfort’ zone(s) for each generator: **which** solution is used for **which** process (background for searches, measurement), and **where**, i.e. in which phase-space region it applies.

V(+jets)

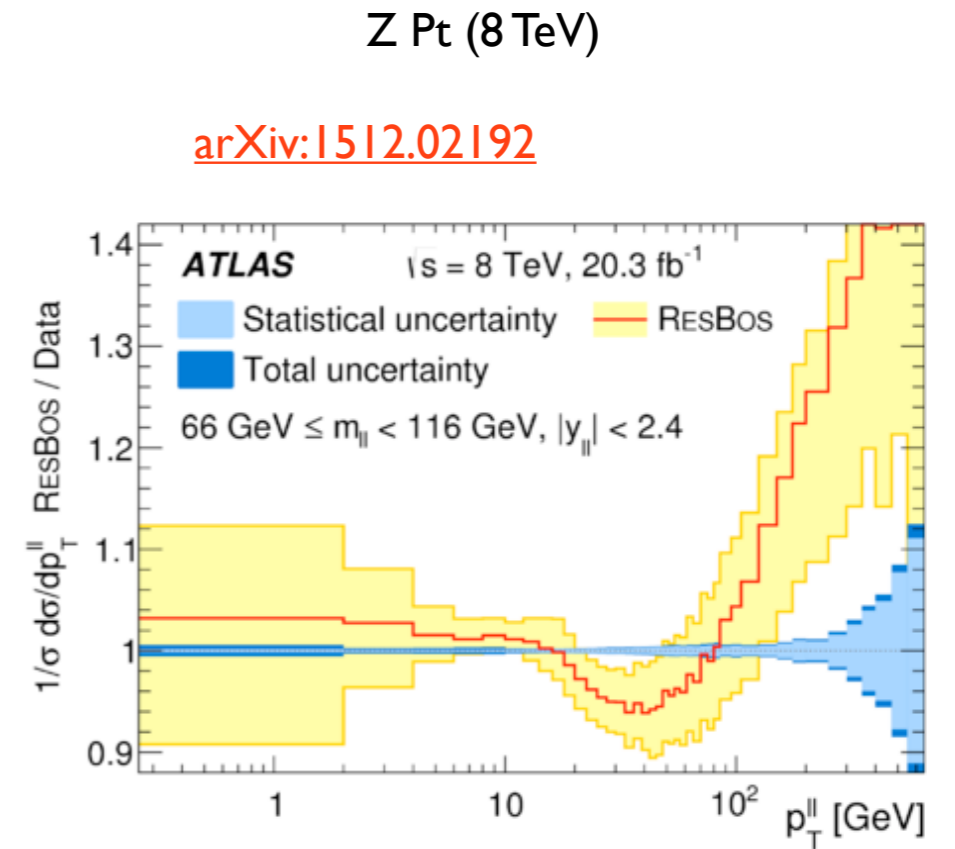
Vector boson kinematics



No explicit mention to jets, only look at V



$Pt(e) > 25$ GeV $|\eta(e)| < 2.5$
 $Pt(m) > 20$ GeV $|\eta(m)| < 2.1$
 pre-FSR



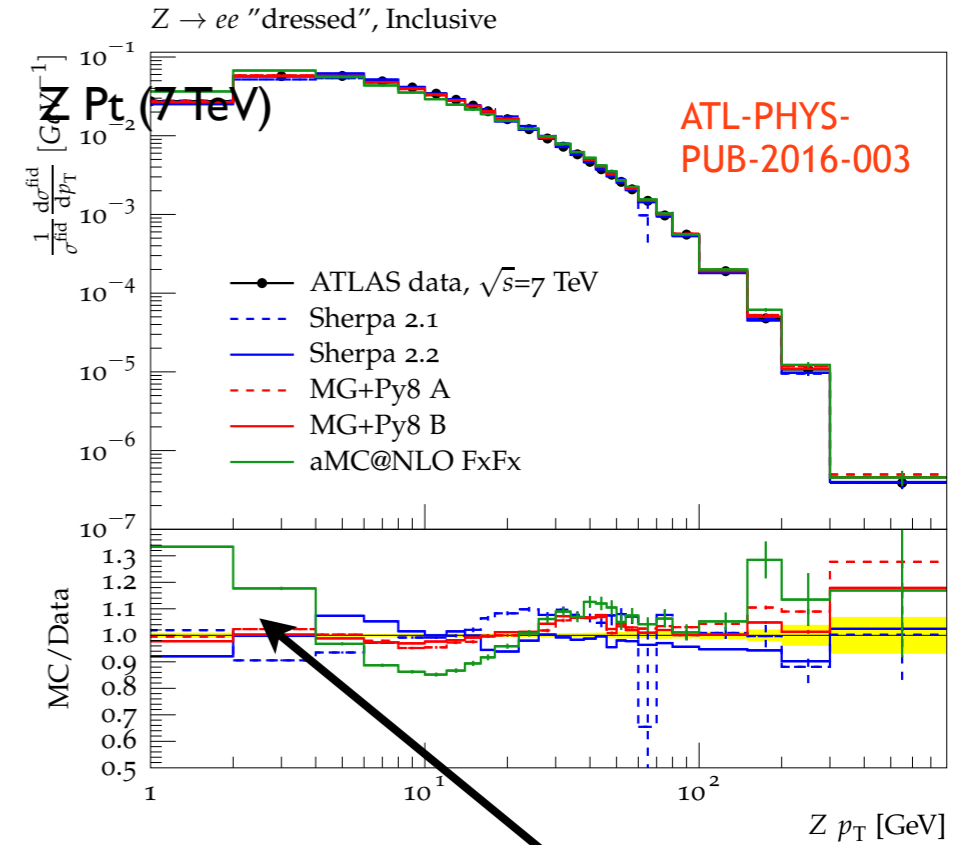
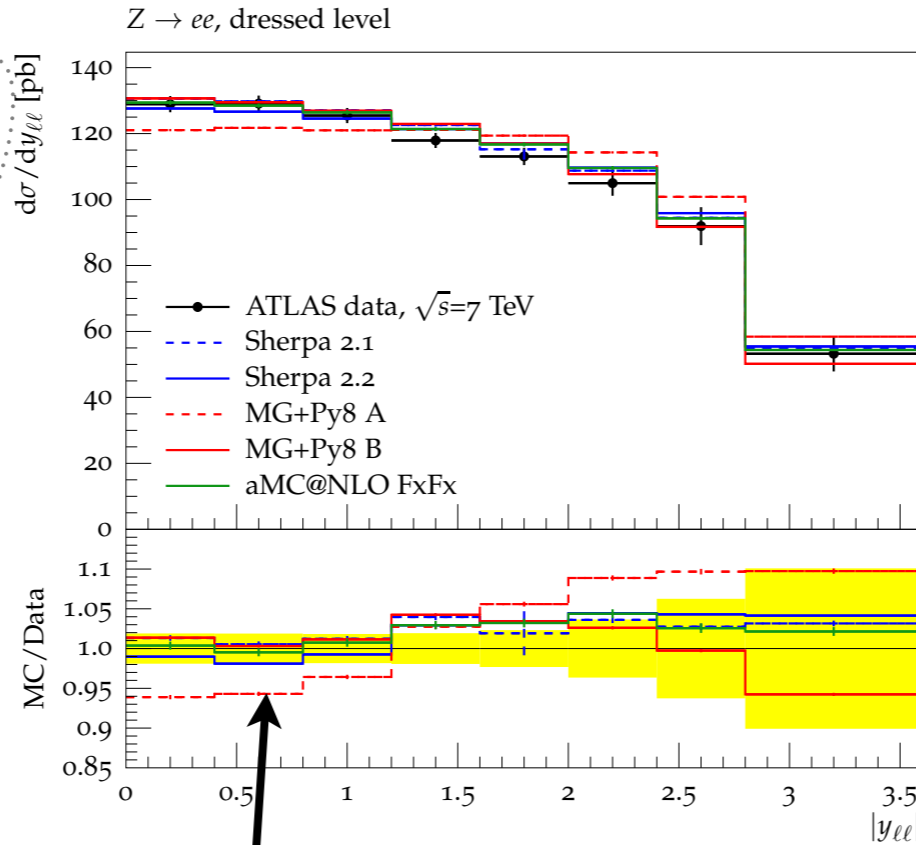
$Pt(lep) > 20$ GeV $|\eta(lep)| < 2.4$
 $y(dilep) < 2.4, dR(dilep) > 0.15$
 pre-FSR

NNLO prediction follow the same trend: MC deficit below ~ 100 , excess above 100
 Powheg+pythia 6.4, excess in [10-30]

Vector boson kinematics



No explicit mention to jets, only look at V



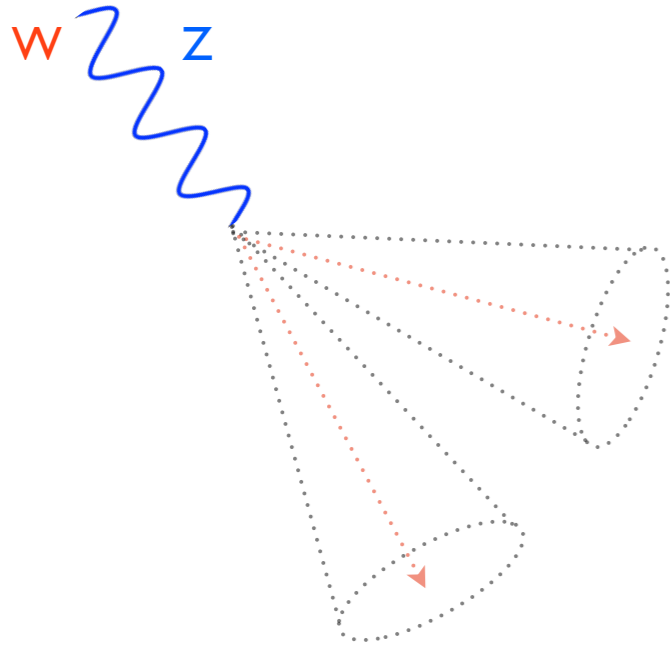
New tests with tree-level and NLO prediction (no k-factor)

MGaMC+P8
off?

MGaMC off?

Generator	ME	PS/Tune	ME+PS	PDF
MGaMC +P8 A	V+0..4p v5.2.2.2	v8.186 A14	Kt-MLM @20 GeV	NNPDF NLO v3.0
MGaMC +P8 B	V+0..4p v5.2.2.3	v8.210 A14	Kt-MLM @30 GeV	NNPDF NLO v2.0
Sherpa 2.1	V+0..2 NLO V+3..4 LO v2.1.1	v2.1.1	CKKW-L @20 GeV	NLO CT10
Sherpa 2.2	V+0..2 NLO V+3..4 LO v2.2.0	v2.2	CKKW-L @20 GeV	NNLO NNPDF 3.0
MGaMC +FxFx	V+0..2 NLO v2.3.2	v8.210 Monash	FxFx @15 GeV	NNPDF 2.3

Vector boson kinematics

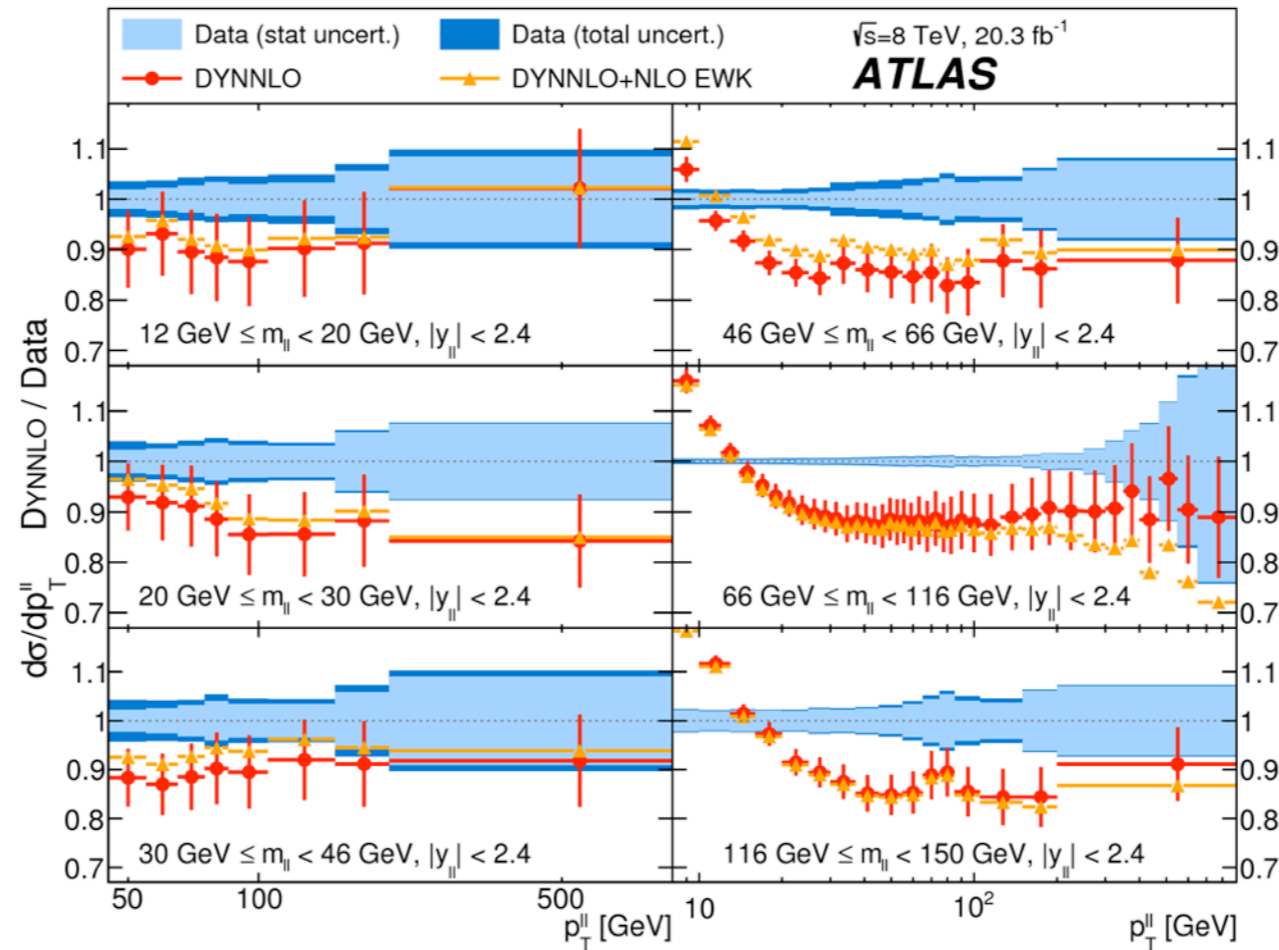


No explicit mention to jets, only look at V

$Pt(lep) > 20 \text{ GeV}$ $|\eta(lep)| < 2.4$
 $y(dilep) < 2.4$, $dR(dilep) > 0.15$
 pre-FSR

Z Pt (8 TeV)

[arXiv:1512.02192](https://arxiv.org/abs/1512.02192)

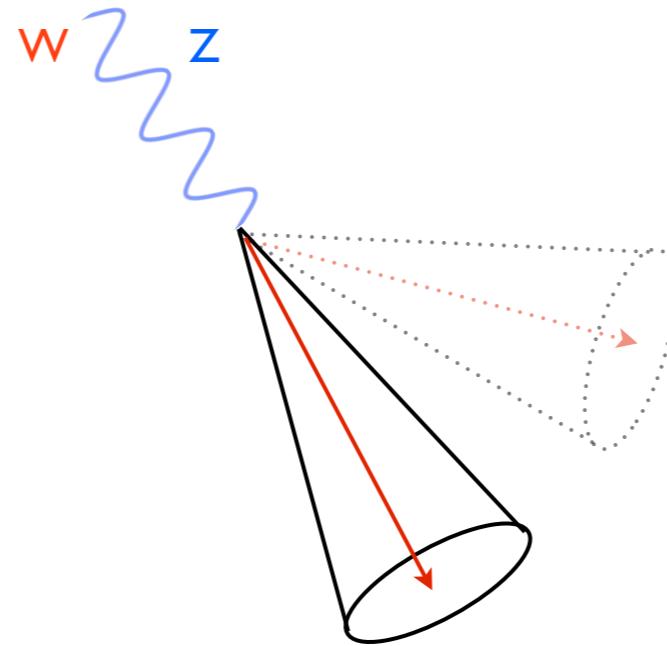
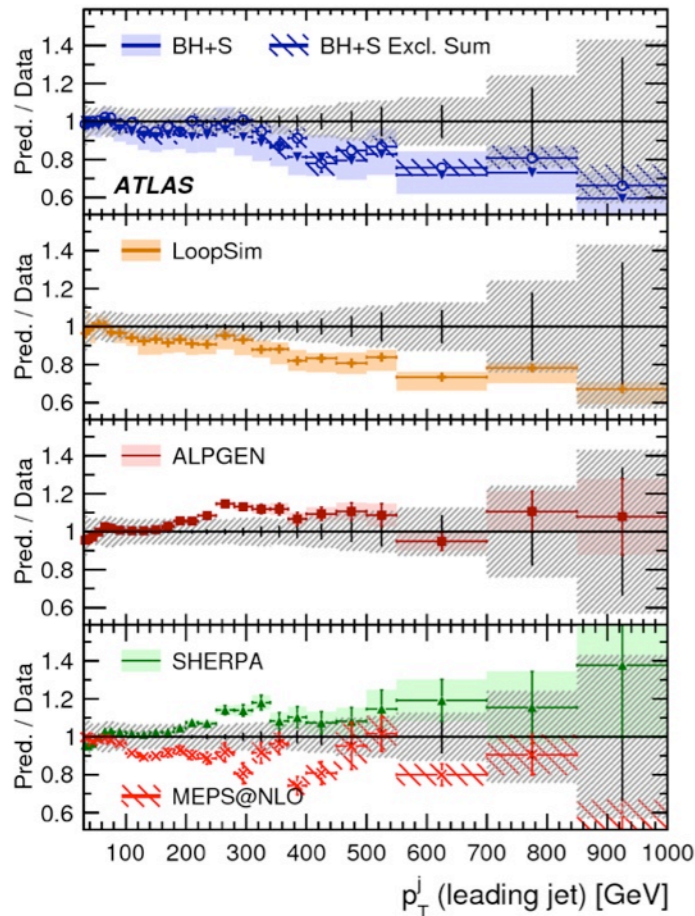


The Run I statistics does not allow sensitivity to EWK correction (max ~5%)
 Need to consider this at the Run II.

V + jets

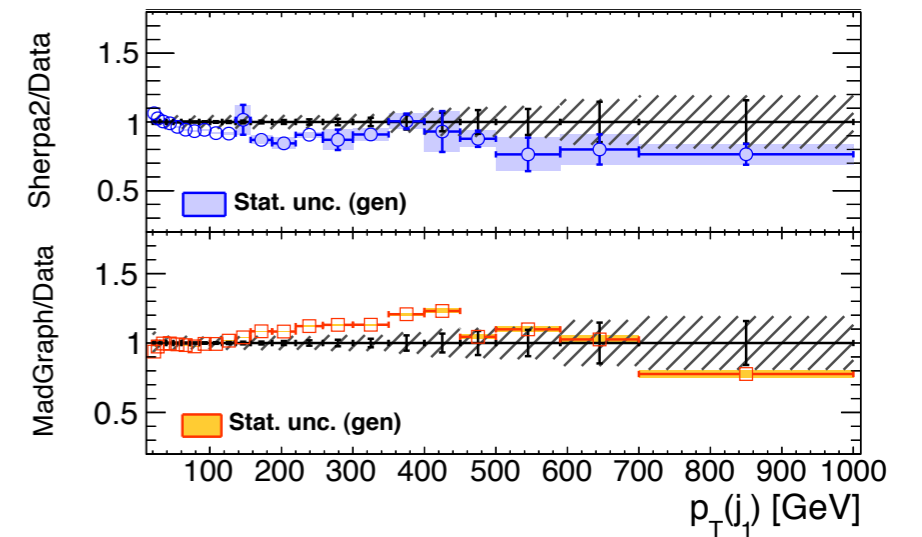
Leading jet kinematics

Eur. Phys. J. C (2015) 75:82
W+jets (7 TeV)



CMS-SMP-13-007

Z+jets (8 TeV)



Generator	ME	PS	ME+PS	PDF
BH+Sherpa	V+0.4p	/	/	CT10
Loopsim	NNLO: 1p max NLO:2p max LO:3p max	/	/	CT10
ALPGEN	V+0.5	HG++	MLM	CTEQ6L1
Sherpa	V+0.4	v.2.2	CKKW	CT10
MEPS@NLO	virt.: BH (1j,2j) corr from LO	Sherpa	Sherpa	CT10

Agreement to 1σ for most of prediction (tree-l. or NLO)

Generator	ME	PS	ME+PS	PDF
Sherpa2	V+0.2p@NLO V+3.4@LO	Sherpa	à la MEPS@ NLO	CT10
Madgraph	V+0.4@LO	P6.4	KtMLM @20 GeV	CT10

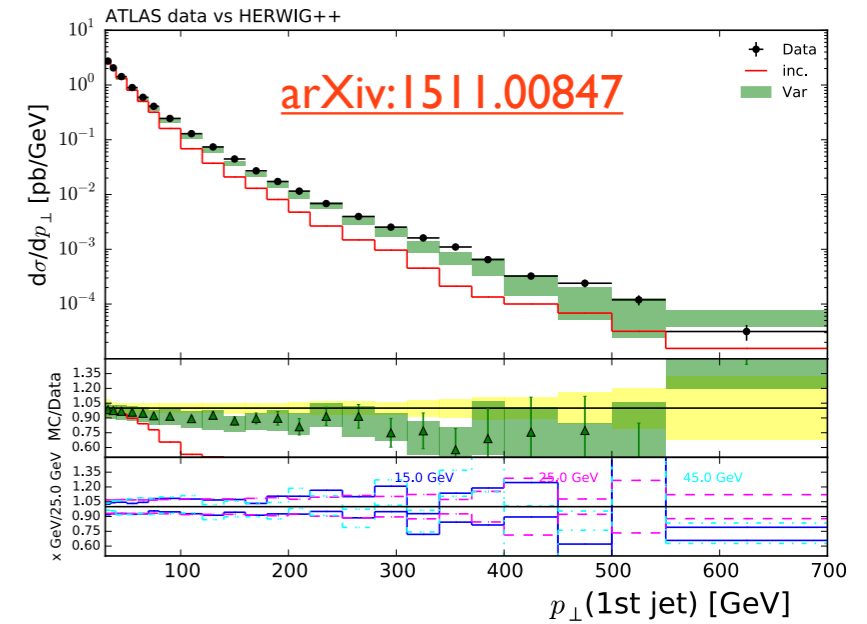
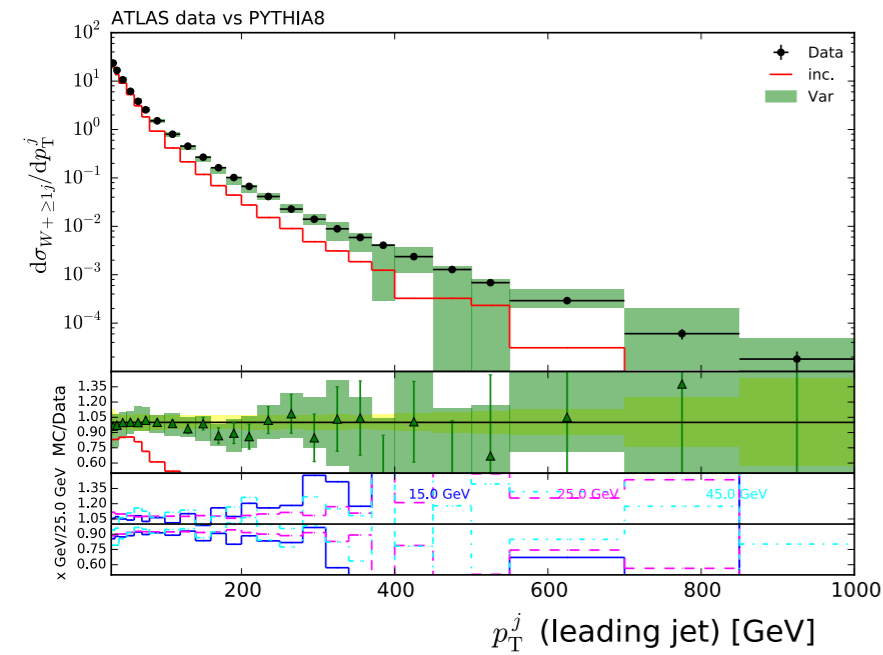
Leading jet kinematics

Eur. Phys. J. C (2015) 75:82

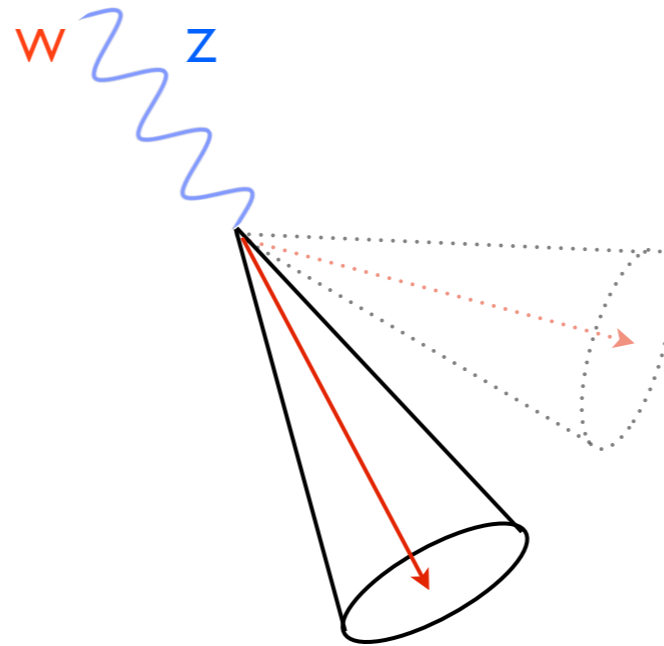
New data/MC comparisons. Agreement to $\sim 1\sigma$ for most of prediction (tree-l. or NLO)

W+jets (7 TeV)

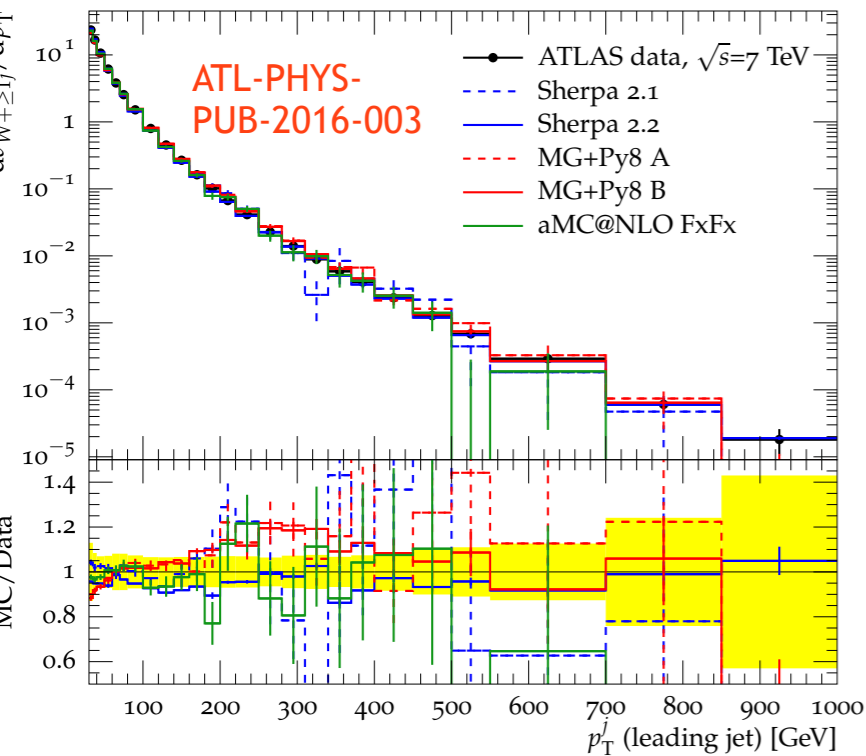
Z+jets (7 TeV)



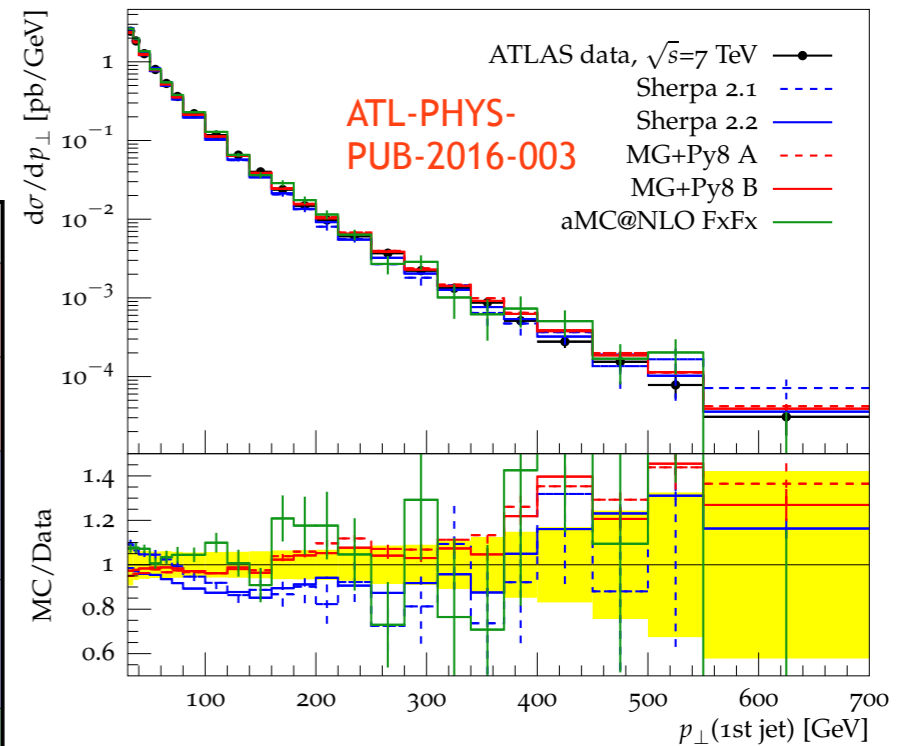
MGaMC v2.2.1
V+0,1,2 @ NLO
Pythia 8.210 or HWG++2.7.1
FxFx merging @ 15, 25, 45
NNPDF2.3 NLO



W → eν (MC) vs W → ℓν (data), dressed level



Transverse momentum of 1st jet



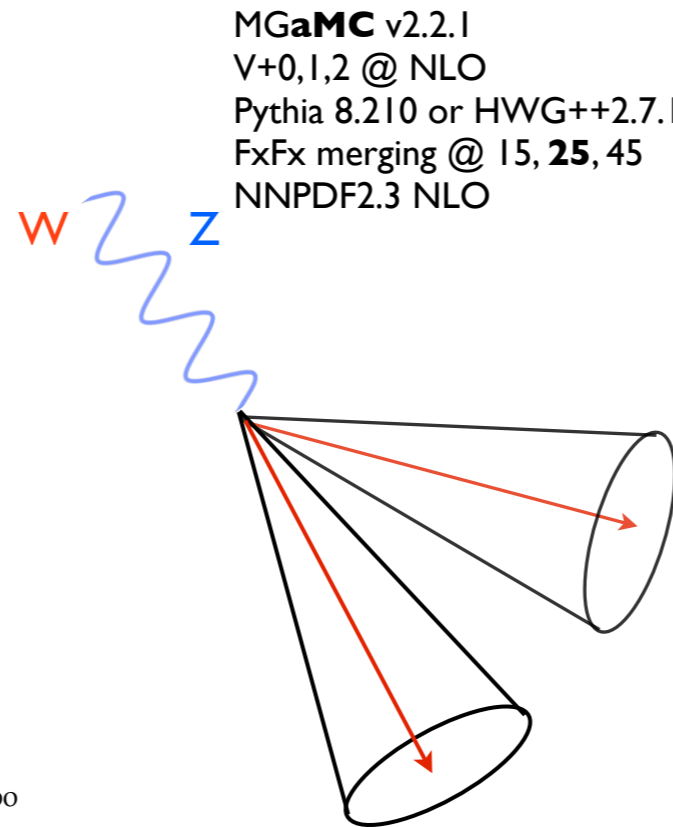
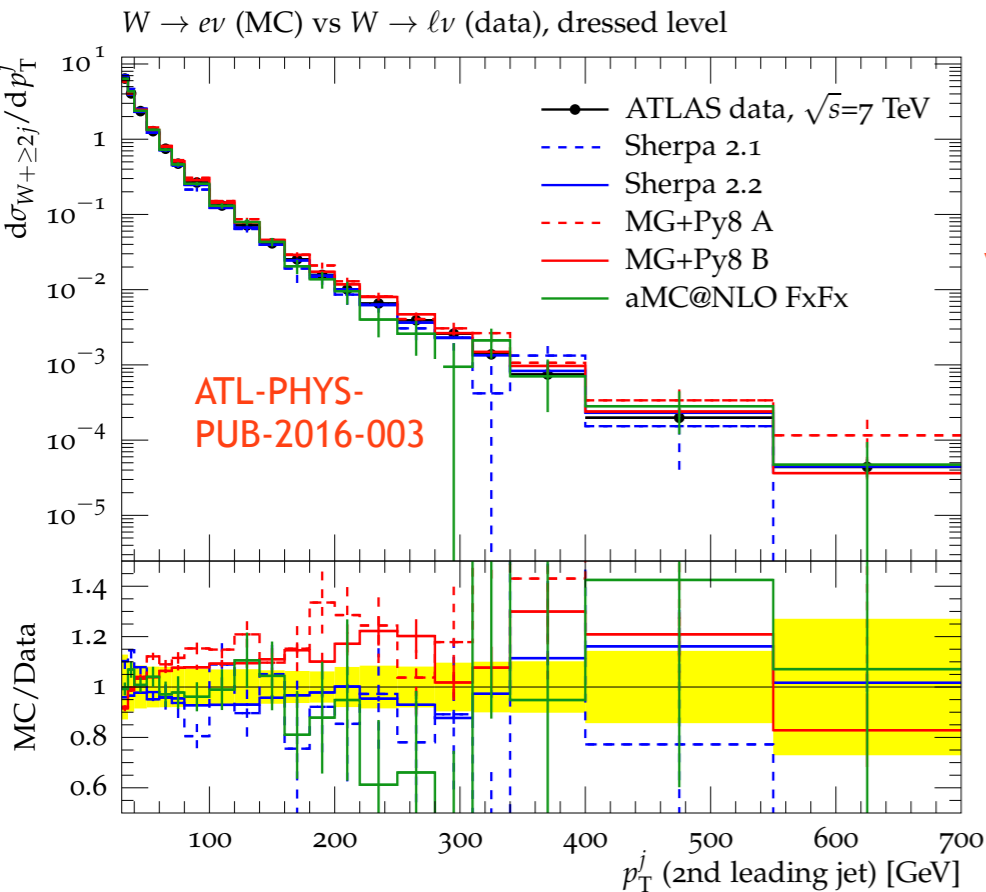
Generator	ME	PS/Tune	ME+PS	PDF
MGaMC +P8 A	V+0.4p v5.2.2.2	v8.186 A14	Kt-MLM @20 GeV	NNPDF NLO v3.0
MGaMC +P8 B	V+0.4p v5.2.2.3	v8.210 A14	Kt-MLM @30 GeV	NNPDF NLO v2.0
Sherpa 2.1	V+0.2 NLO V+3.4 LO v2.1.1	v2.1.1	CKKW-L @20 GeV	NLO CT10
Sherpa 2.2	V+0.2 NLO V+3.4 LO v2.2.0	v2.2	CKKW-L @20 GeV	NNLO NNPDF 3.0
MGaMC +FxFx	V+0.2 NLO v2.3.2	v8.210 Monash	FxFx @15 GeV	NNPDF 2.3

subleading jets kinematics

Eur. Phys. J. C (2015) 75:82

New data/MC comparisons. Agreement to $\sim 1\sigma$ for most of prediction (tree-l. or NLO).

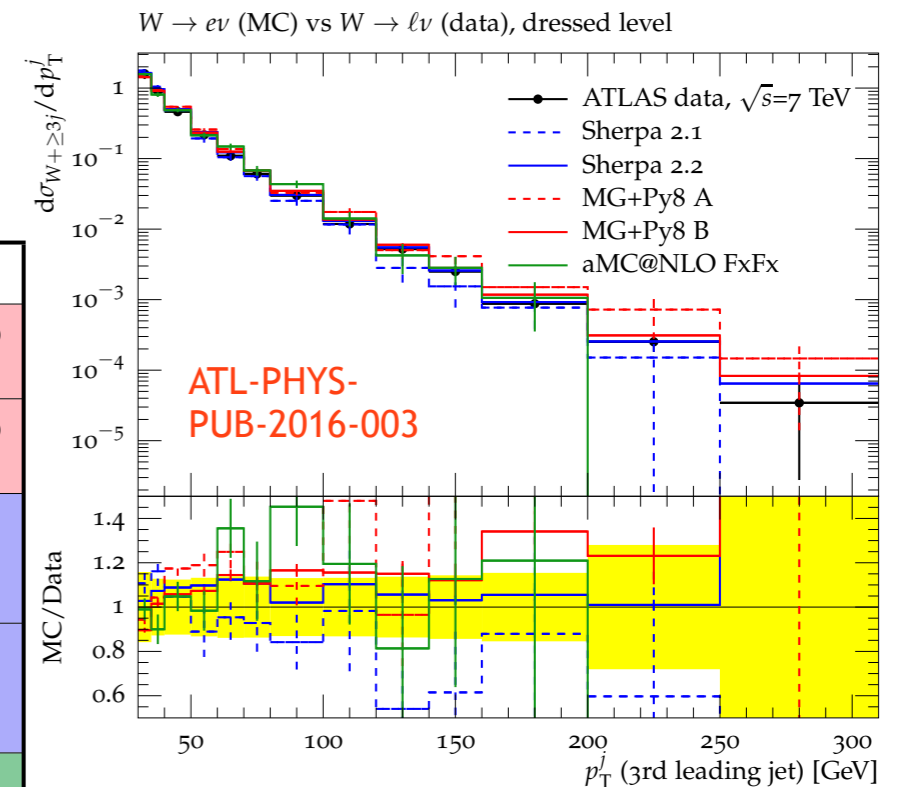
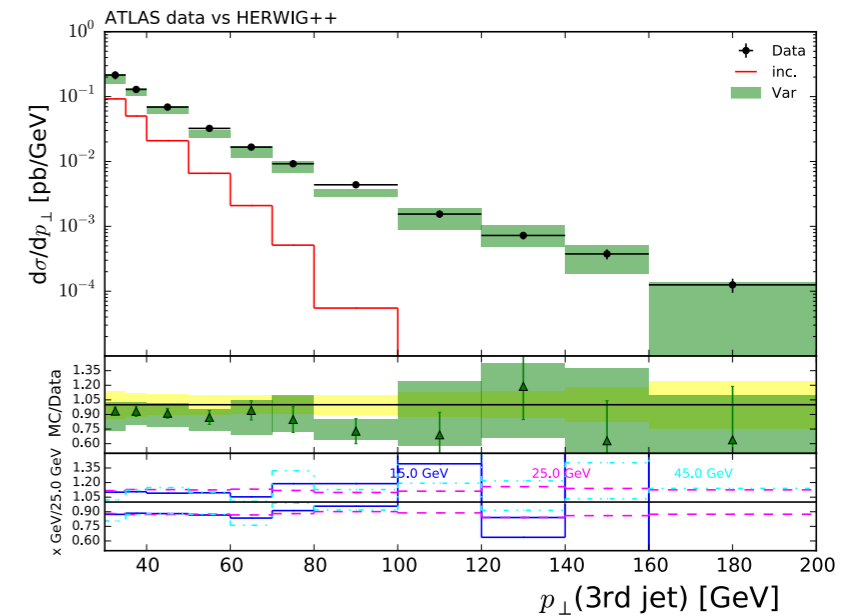
2nd jet in W+jets (7 TeV)



MGaMC v2.2.1
 V+0,1,2 @ NLO
 Pythia 8.210 or HWG++2.7.1
 FxFx merging @ 15, 25, 45
 NNPDF2.3 NLO

3rd jet in Z+jets (7 TeV)

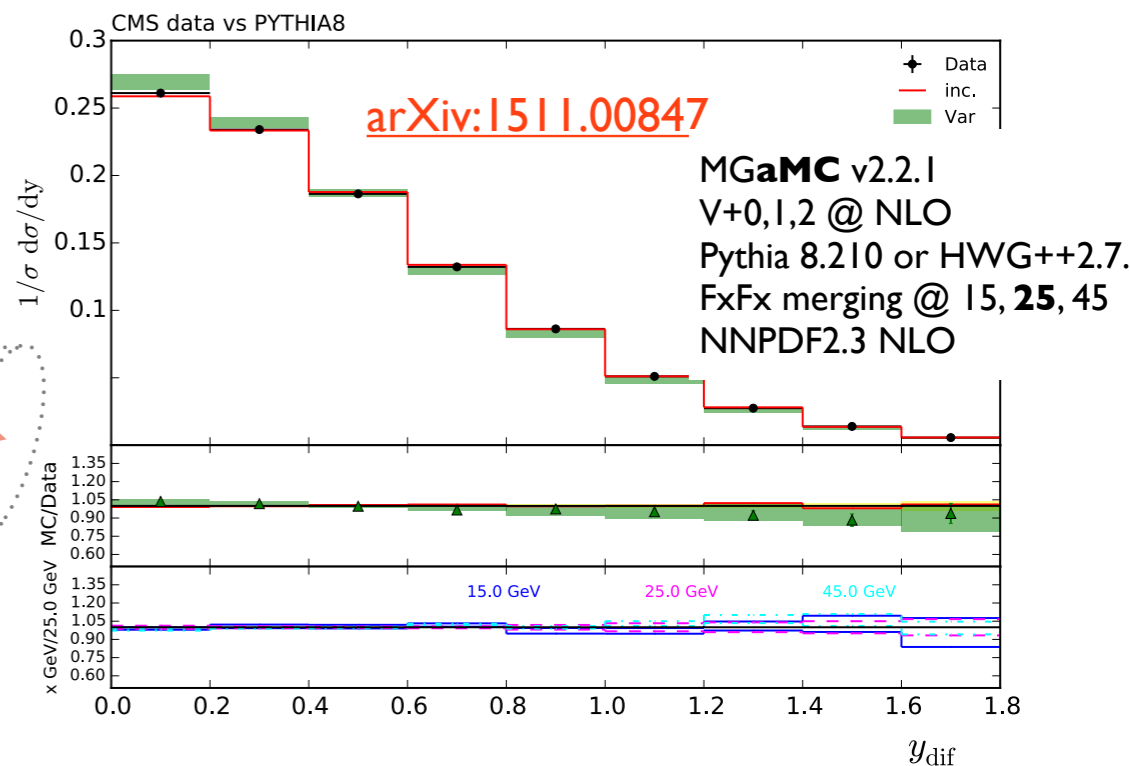
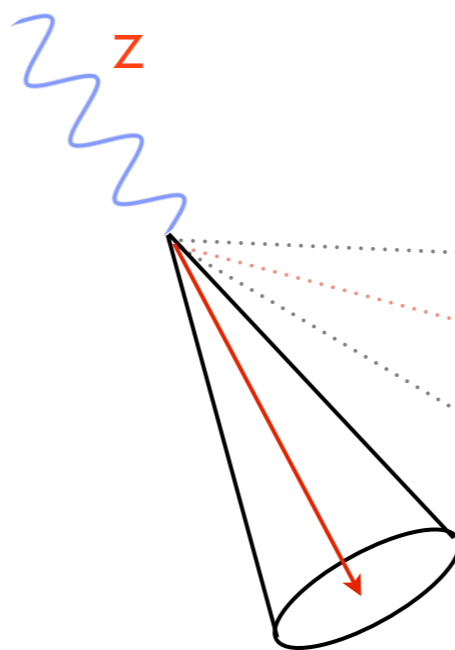
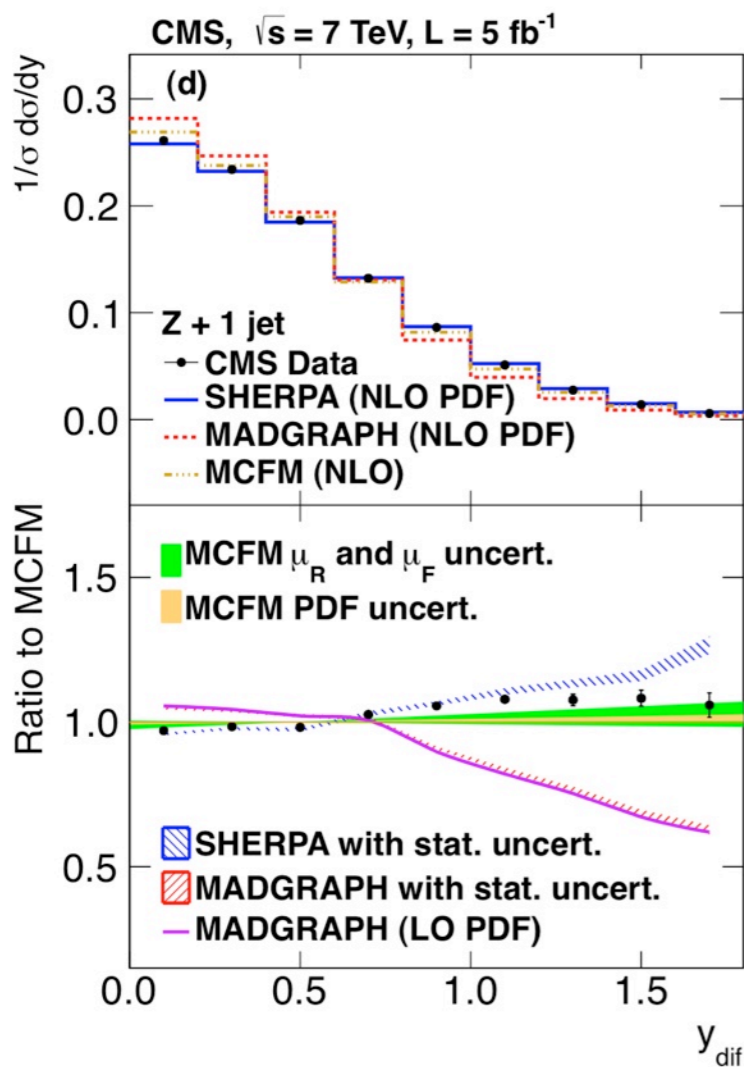
arXiv:1511.00847



Generator	ME	PS/Tune	ME+PS	PDF
MGaMC +P8 A	V+0..4p v5.2.2.2	v8.186 A14	Kt-MLM @20 GeV	NNPDF NLO v3.0
MGaMC +P8 B	V+0..4p v5.2.2.3	v8.210 A14	Kt-MLM @30 GeV	NNPDF NLO v2.0
Sherpa 2.1	V+0..2 NLO V+3..4 LO v2.1.1	v2.1.1	CKKW-L @20 GeV	NLO CT10
Sherpa 2.2	V+0..2 NLO V+3..4 LO v2.2.0	v2.2	CKKW-L @20 GeV	NNLO NNPDF 3.0
MGaMC +FxFx	V+0..2 NLO v2.3.2	v8.210 Monash	FxFx @15 GeV	NNPDF 2.3

- y_{diff} : rapidity difference between Z and leading jet

Phys. Rev. D 88 (2013) 112009

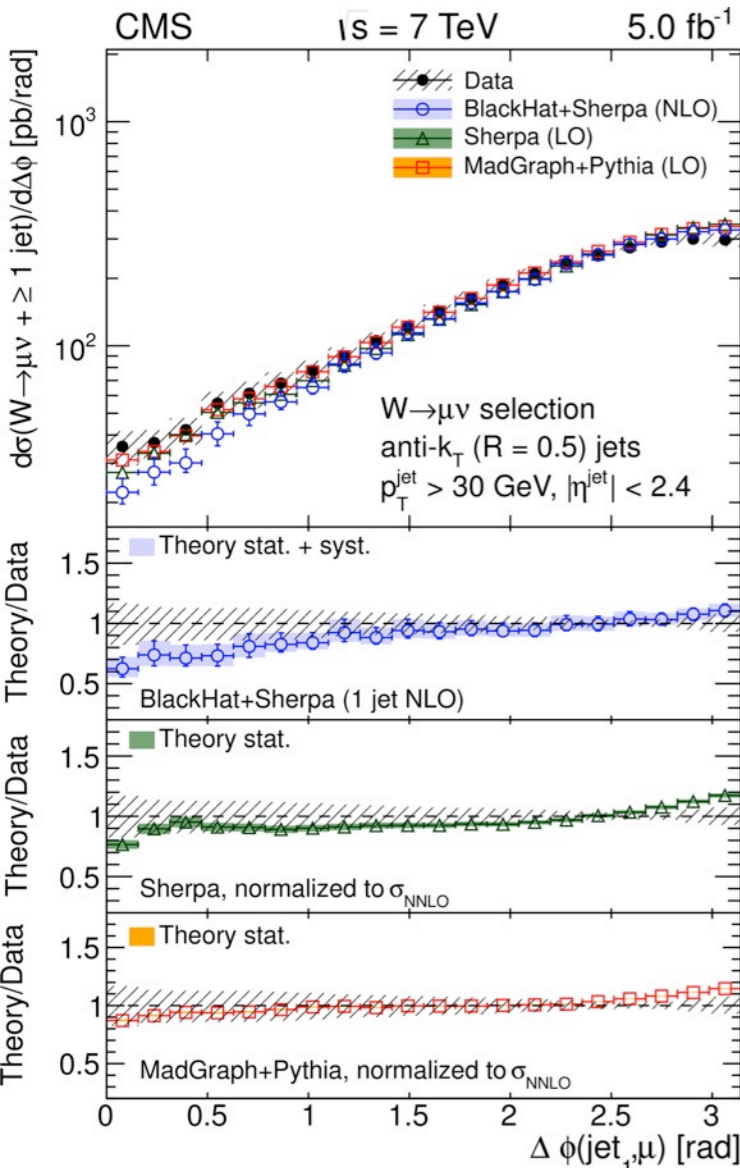


MGaMC+Pythia8
(FxFx): recovers the issue
(same with Herwig)

Madgraph, Sherpa, MCFM
severely deviating from
data, uncovered by
systematic uncertainties

Data/MC@Run I: W+jets angular correlation

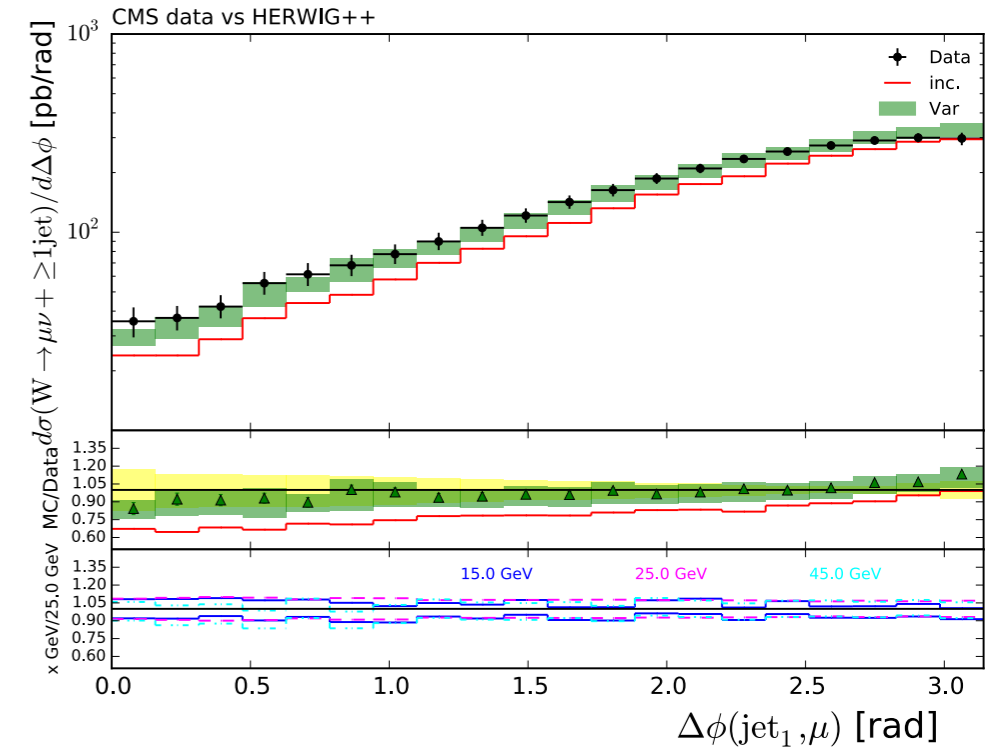
Phys. Lett. B 741 (2015) 12
W+jets (7 TeV)



lep

MGaMC v2.2.1
 V+0,1,2 @ NLO
 Pythia 8.210 or HWG++2.7.1
 FxFx merging @ 15, 25, 45
 NNPDF2.3 NLO

arXiv:1511.00847



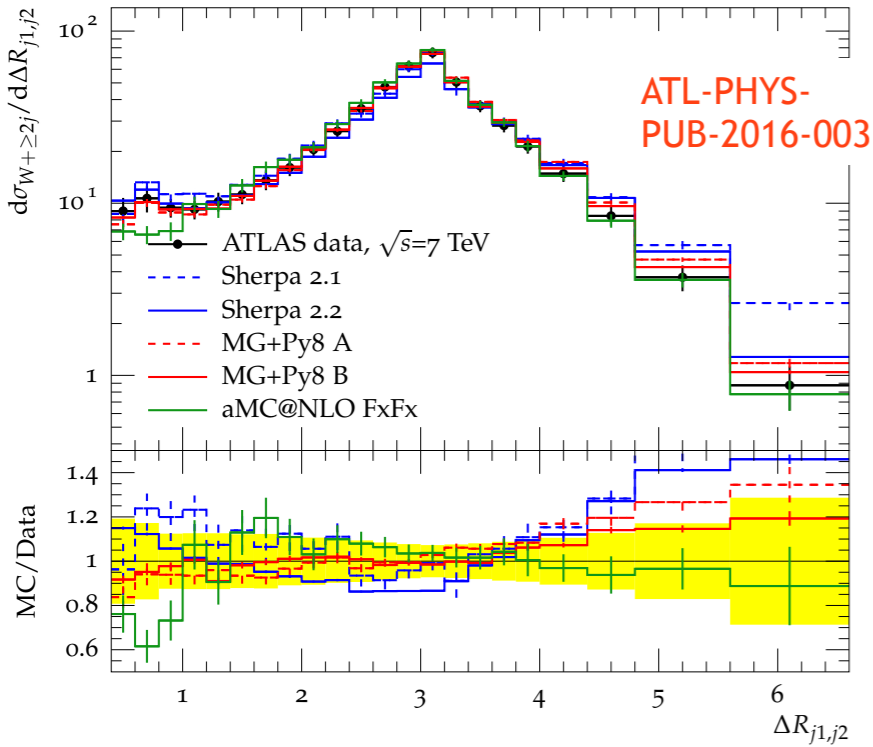
Trends at NLO (BH) and LO (Sherpa, MG). Still present with aMC@NLO (FxFx)

Generator	ME	PS	ME+PS	PDF
BH+Sherpa	V+0..4p	/	/	CT10
Sherpa	V+0..4 v1.4	v.2.2	CKKW	CT10
MG	V+0..4	P6.4 (Z)	Kt-MLM @ 20 GeV	CTEQ6L1

Data/MC@Run I: W+jets angular correlation

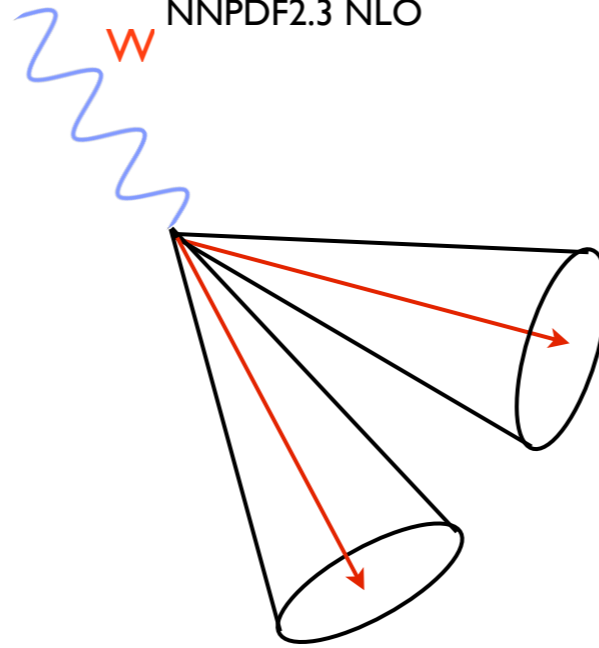
W+jets (7 TeV)

W → eν (MC) vs W → ℓν (data), dressed level

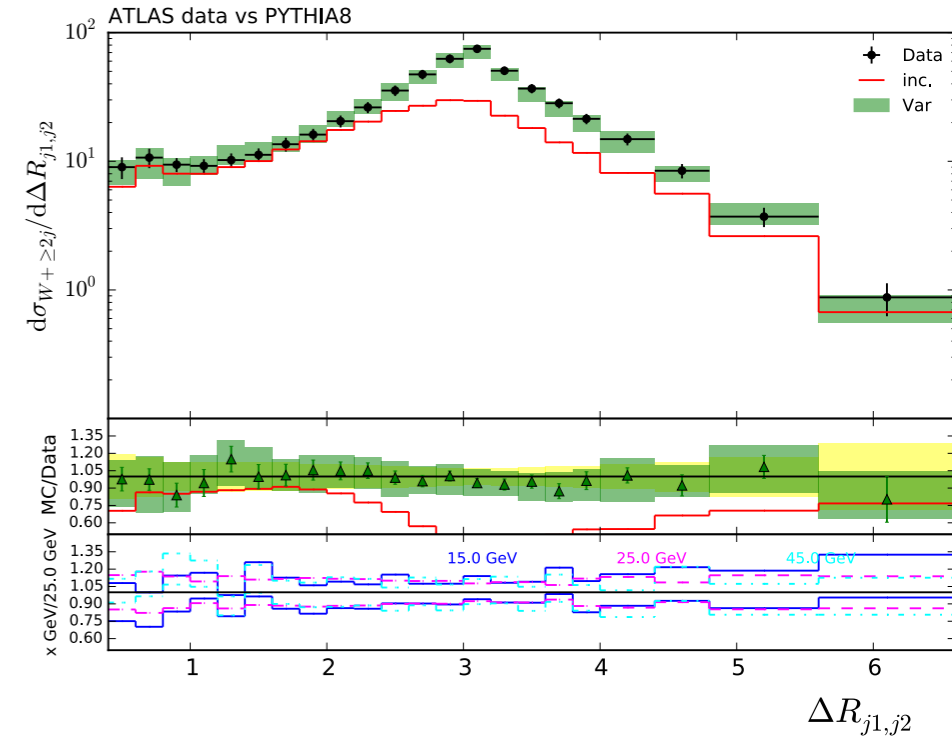


ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-003

MGaMC v2.2.1
 V+0,1,2 @ NLO
 Pythia 8.210 or HWG++2.7.1
 FxFx merging @ 15, 25, 45
 NNPDF2.3 NLO



arXiv:1511.00847



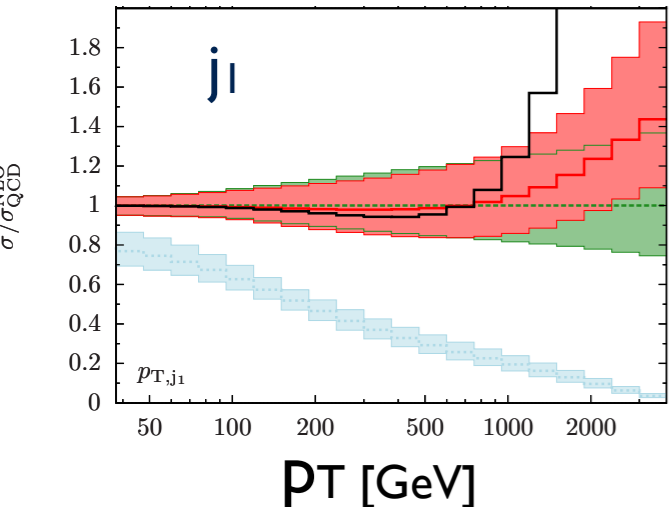
Excellent description with aMC@NLO

All in agreement, except aMC@NLO (low dPhi) Sherpa 2.1 & 2.2 (high dPhi)

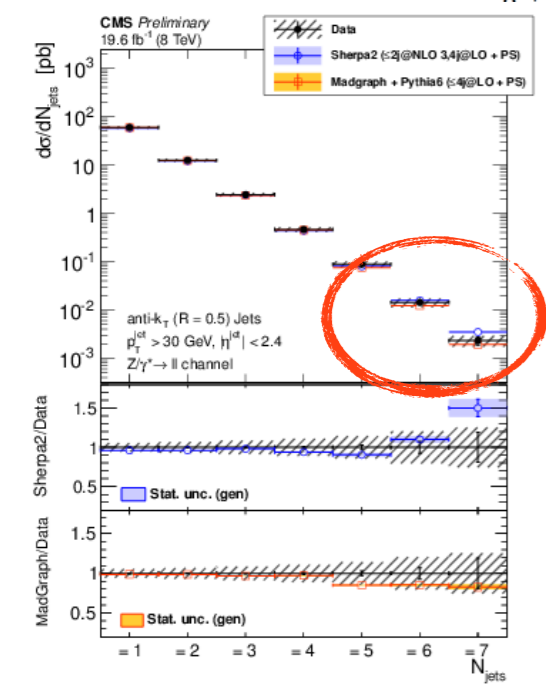
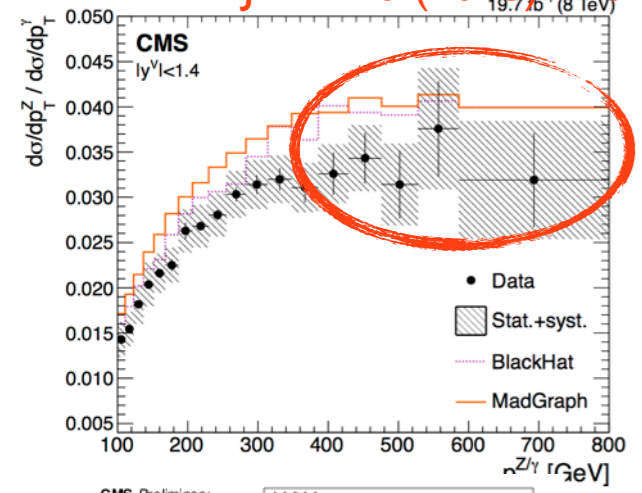
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Sherpa 2.2	V+0..2 NLO V+3..4 LO v2.2.0	v.2.2	CKKW-L @20 GeV	NNLO NNPDF 3.0
MGaMC +FxFx	V+0..2 NLO v2.3.2	v8.210 Monash	FxFx @15 GeV	NNPDF 2.3

V+jets in Run II

Kallweit et al., arXiv:1511.08692



JHEP 10 (2015) 128

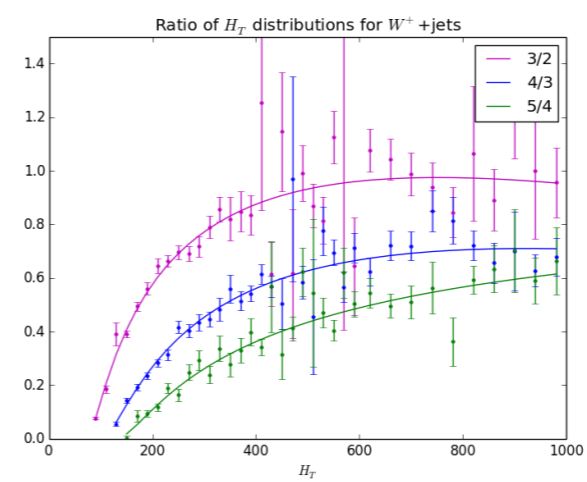


● Test NLO QCD + EWK

- ▶ Use high Pt of V or leading jet to test impact of EWK correction
 - ▶ Probably no sensitivity at Run I (effect~uncertainty), reduction of stat uncertainty at Run II should help
- ▶ Use V/V' ratio
 - ▶ Milder sensitivity to QCD and EWK correction, but also partial cancellation of uncertainties
 - ▶ Example: Z/g ratio: plateau height sensitive to EWK correction...but most probably not in Run I. What about W+jets/Z+jets?

● Test V+I jets NNLO QCD

- ▶ Gehrmann-De Ridder et al., arXiv:1507.02850, Boughezal et al., arXiv:1512.01291, Boughezal et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 062002 (2015)
- Large number of jets from NLO prediction
 - ▶ Knowing $\sigma(V+n \text{ jet})/\sigma(V+(n-1) \text{ jet})@NLO$: estimate $\sigma(V+n+1 \text{ jet})$



Bern et al.
Phys. Rev. D 92, 014008 (2015)

V+HF

TH

Number of quark flavour in p (NQF)
 ME-PS merging vs NQF
 Scales
 Q mass
 fragmentation, decay
 ...

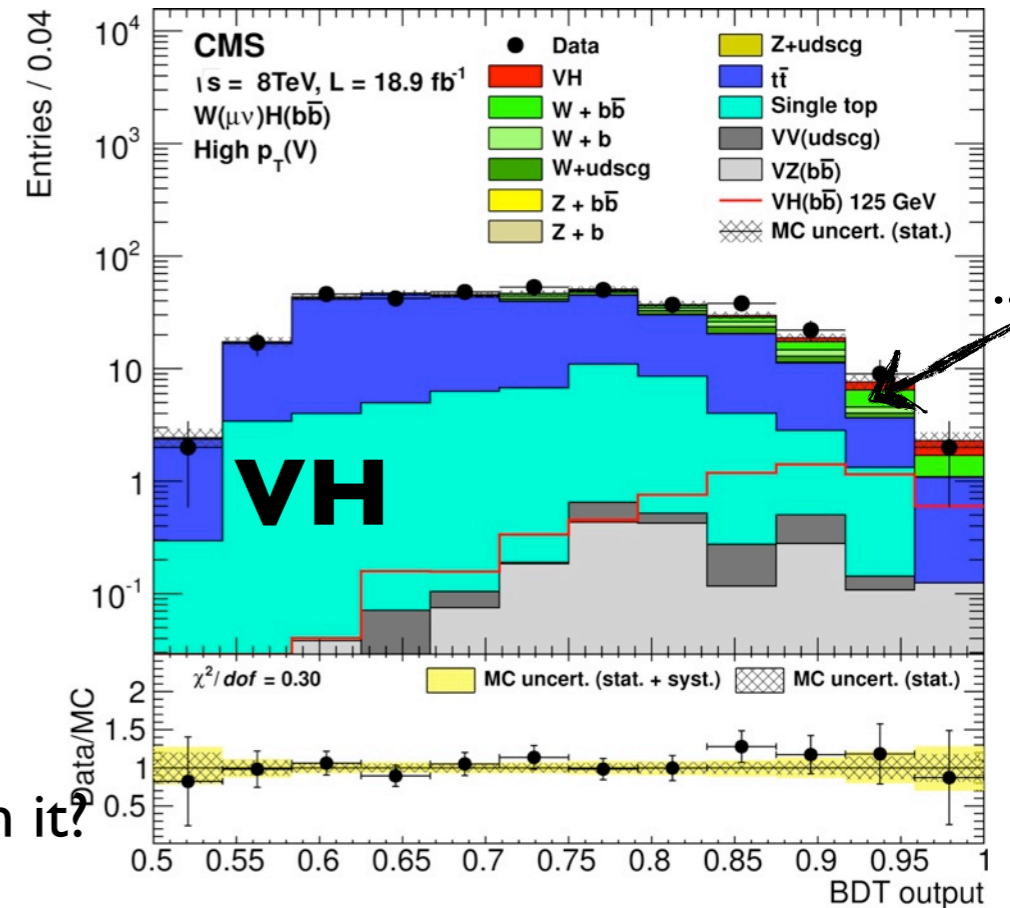
V+HF

Exp.

heavy flavours tagging
 much smaller statistics
 potentially large background
 removing DPS component
 ...

Really worth spending time on it?

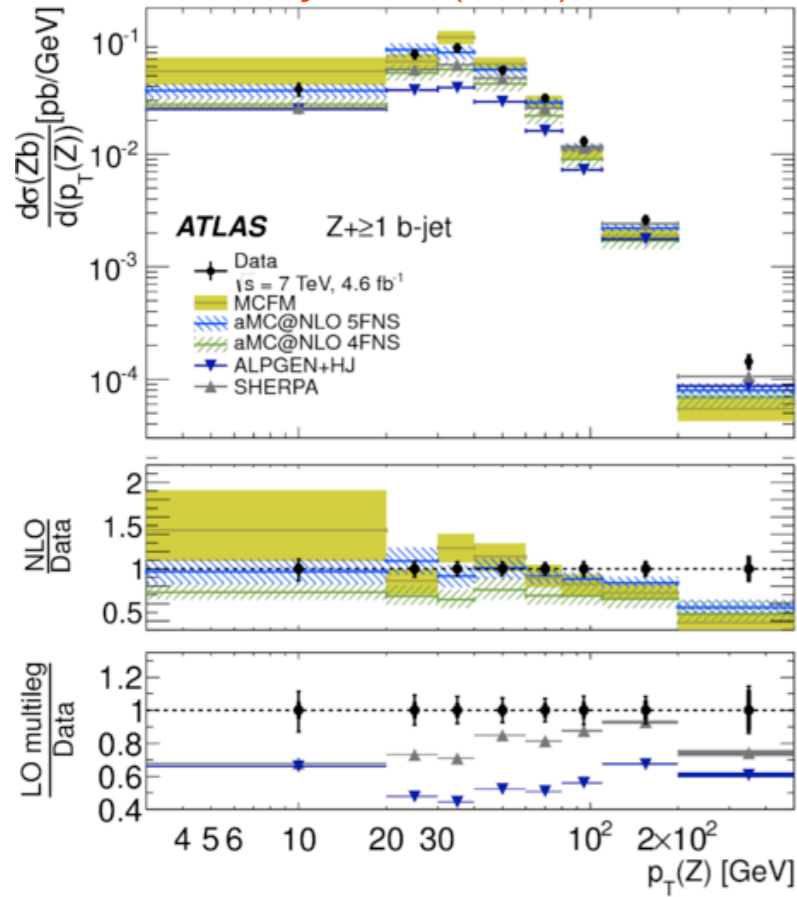
[Phys.Rev. D89 (2014) 012003]



- + indirect insight on possible $pp \rightarrow bbX, \dots$
- + access to IQ proton content
- + ...

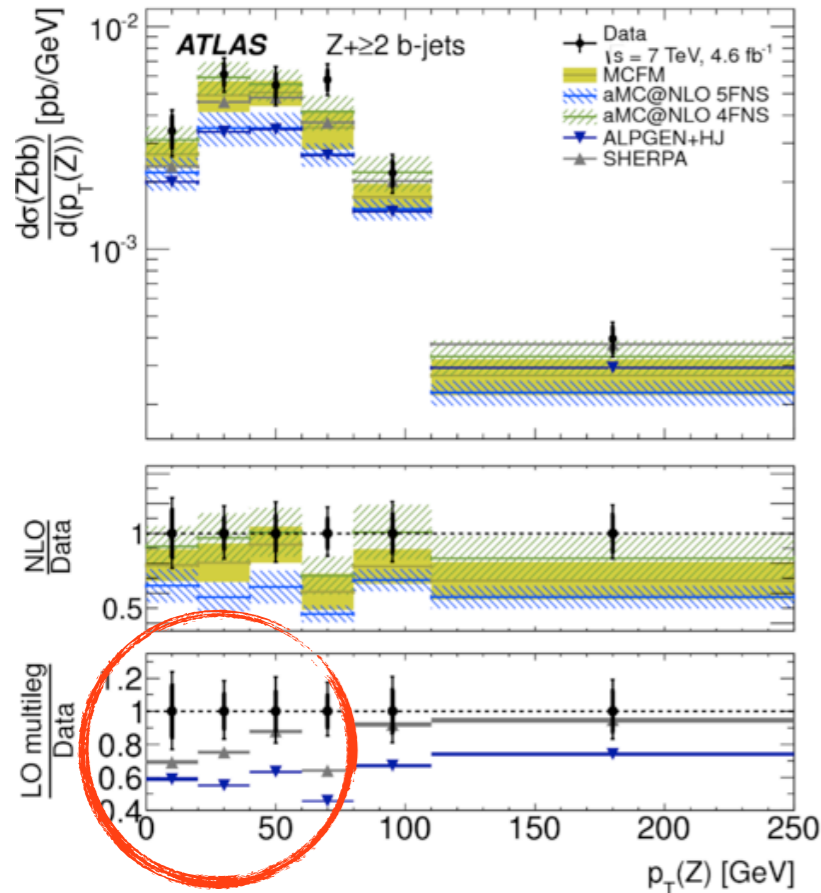
Data/MC@Run I: $Z+\geq 1, 2$ b-jet in Run I

JHEP10(2014)141



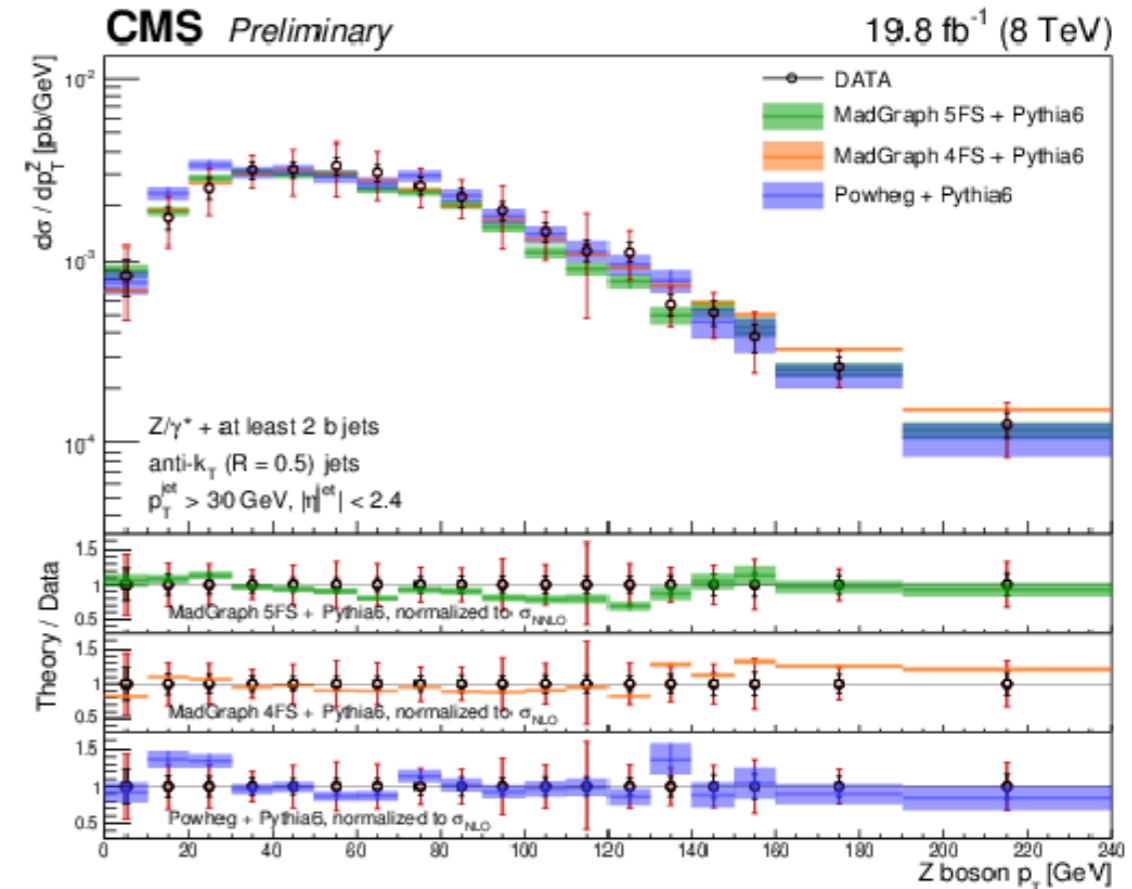
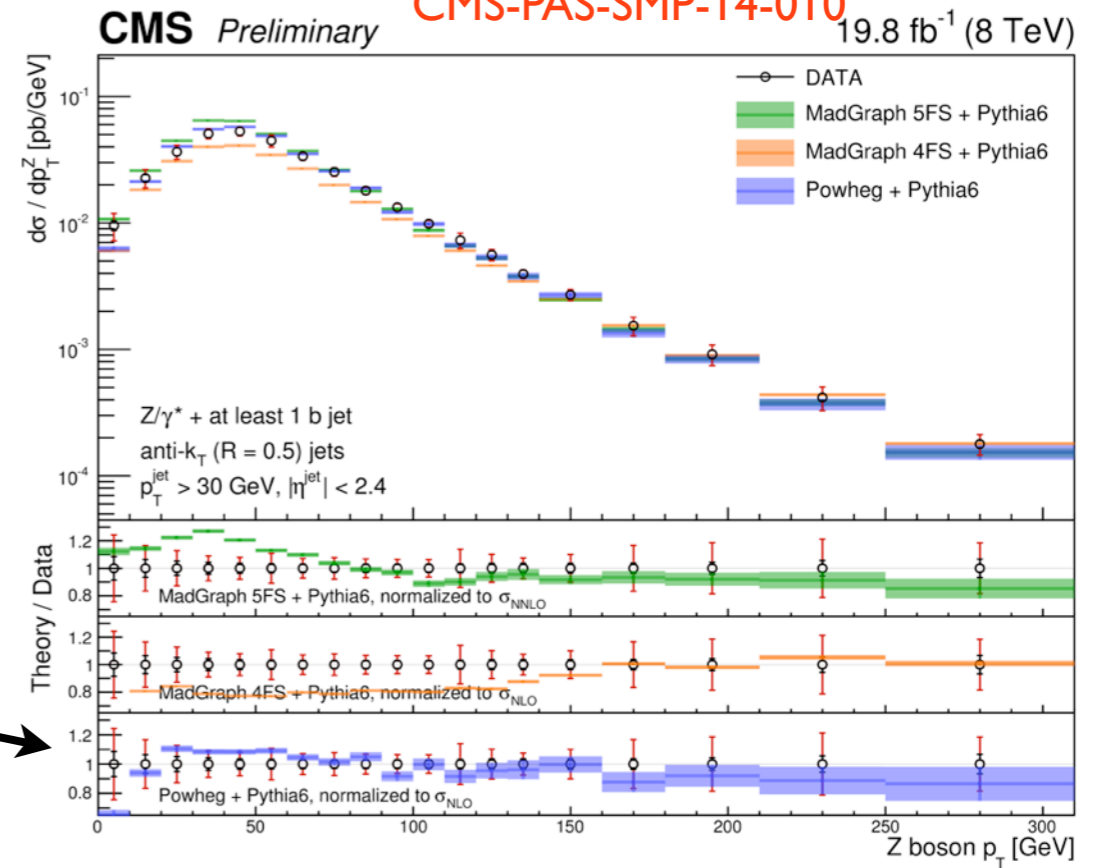
$Z+\geq 1$ b jet

NLO prediction have the same behaviour. HO corr. missing?



$Z+\geq 2$ b jet

CMS-PAS-SMP-14-010

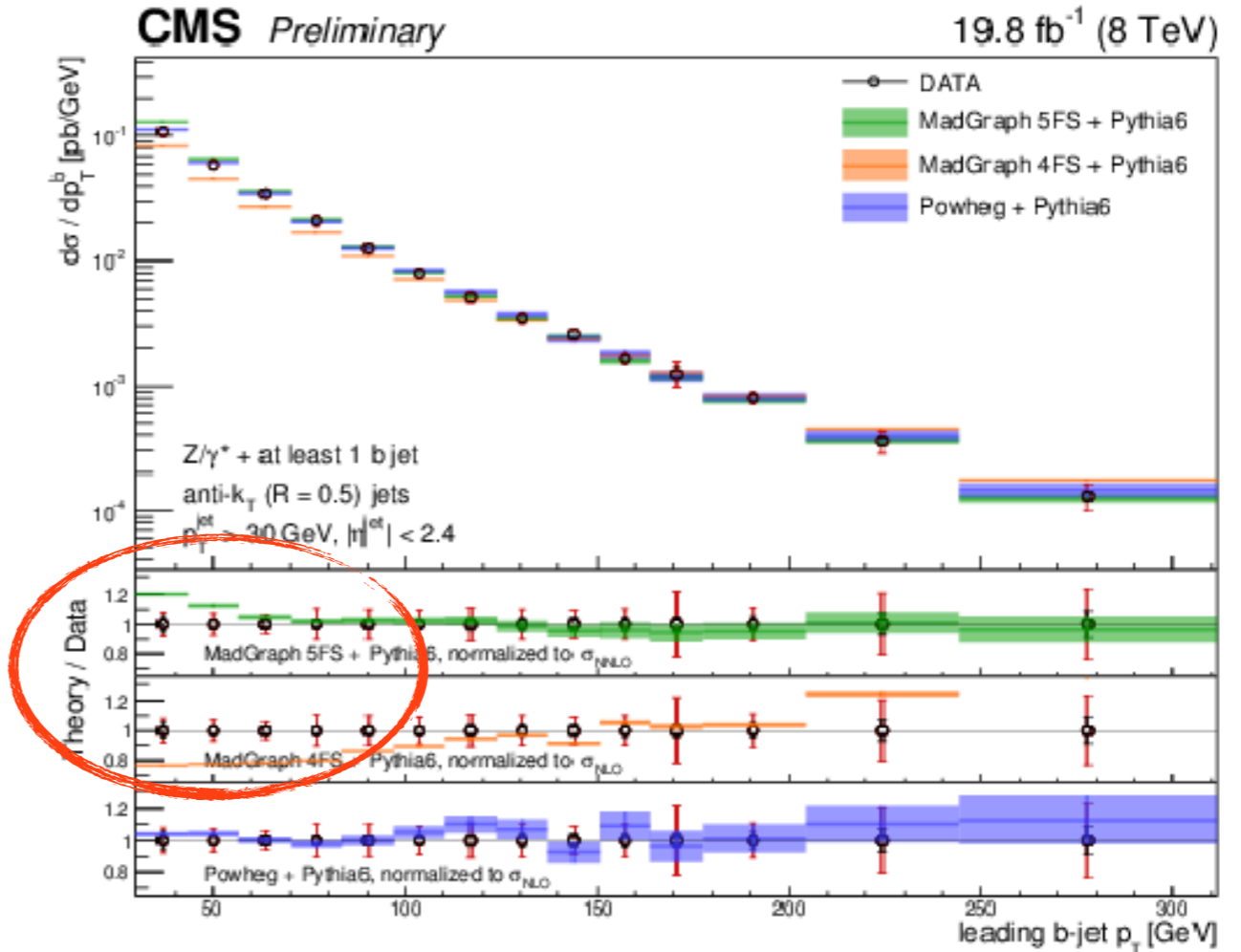
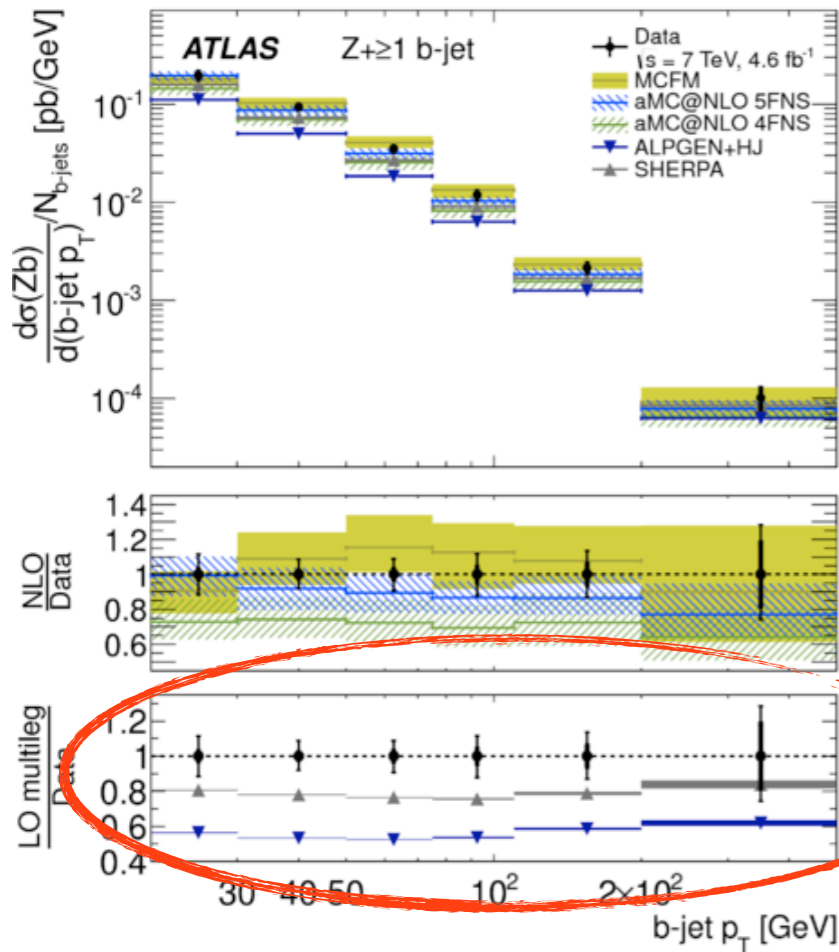


Data/MC@Run I: Z+>=1,2 b-jet in Run I

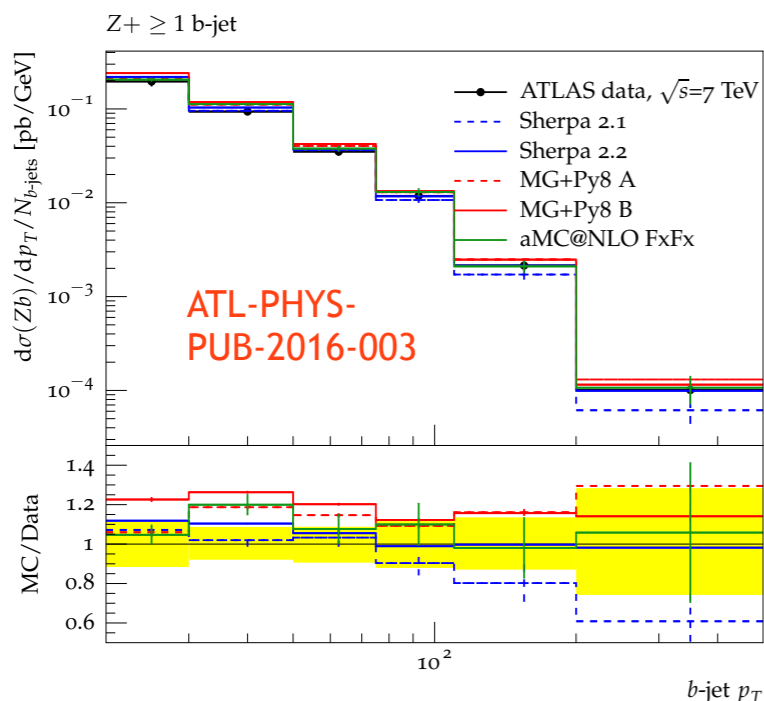
JHEP10(2014)141

Z+>=1 b jet

CMS-PAS-SMP-14-010

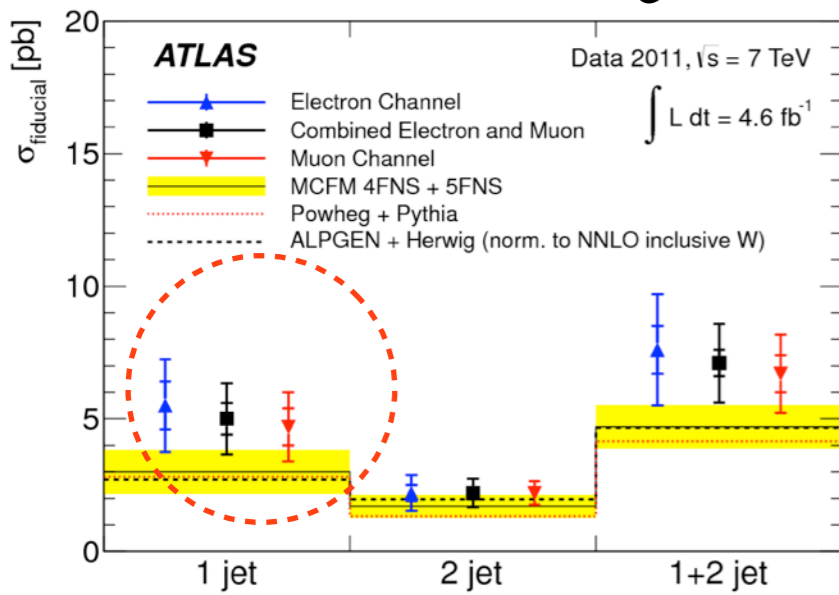
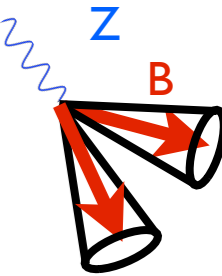
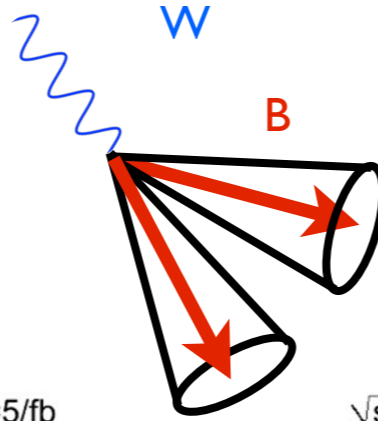
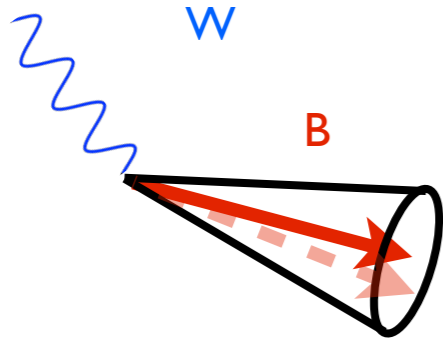


ALPGEN+H, Sherpa: shape ok, normalisation off
 MG 4F/5F+P6: large disagreement in soft Pt region only

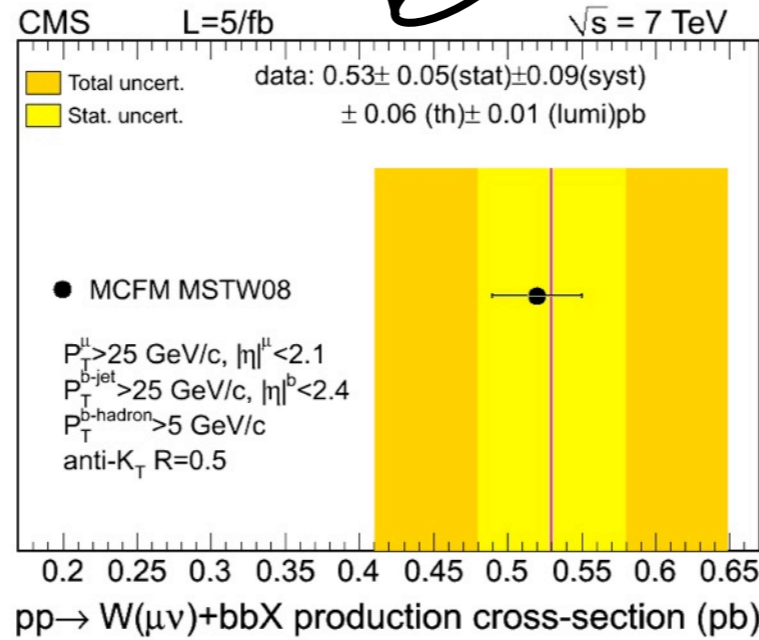


Good agreement apart
 MG 5F «25ns»: soft pt
 Sherpa 2.1: high pt.

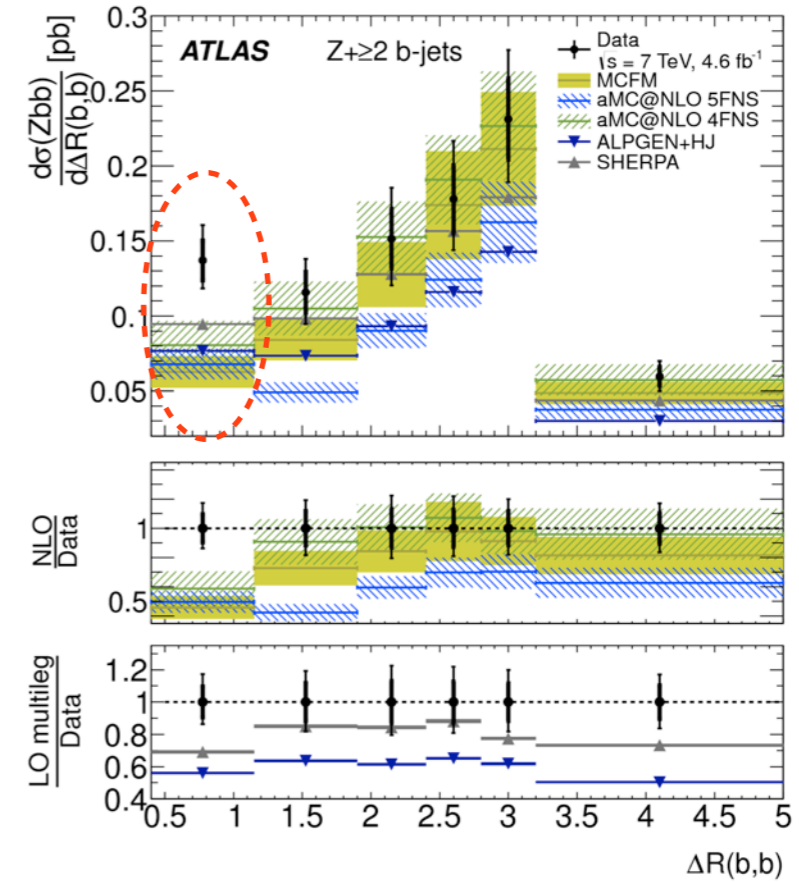
W+1b/2b, Z+2b



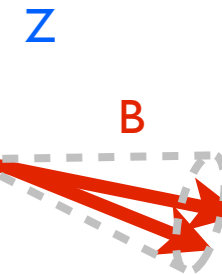
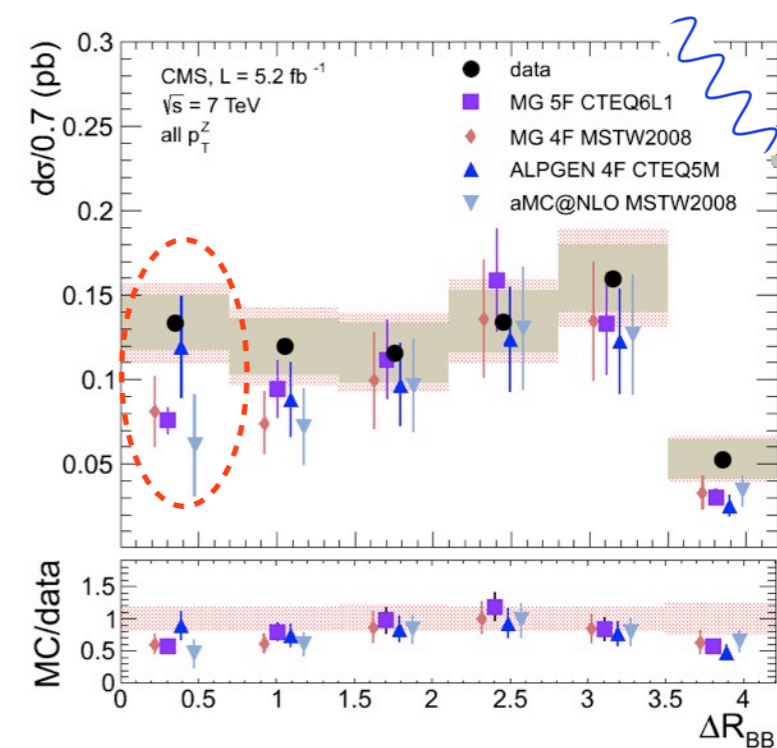
W+ \geq 1b
1- σ excess



W+2b
no excess

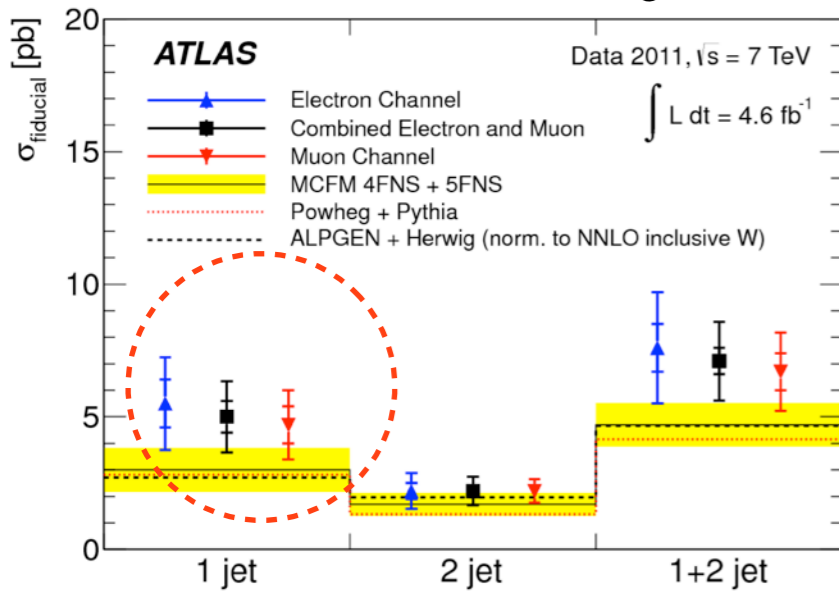
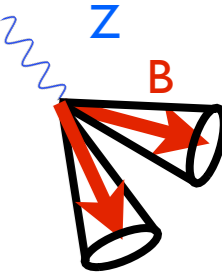
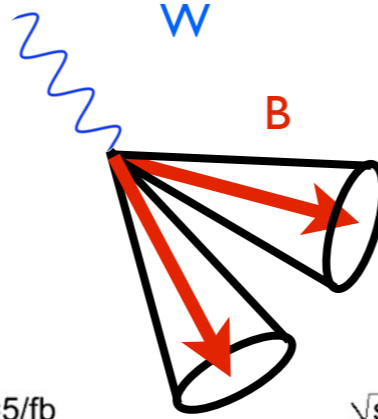
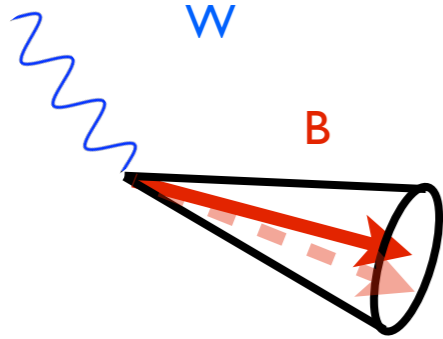


Z+2b
excess in
collinear
bb region

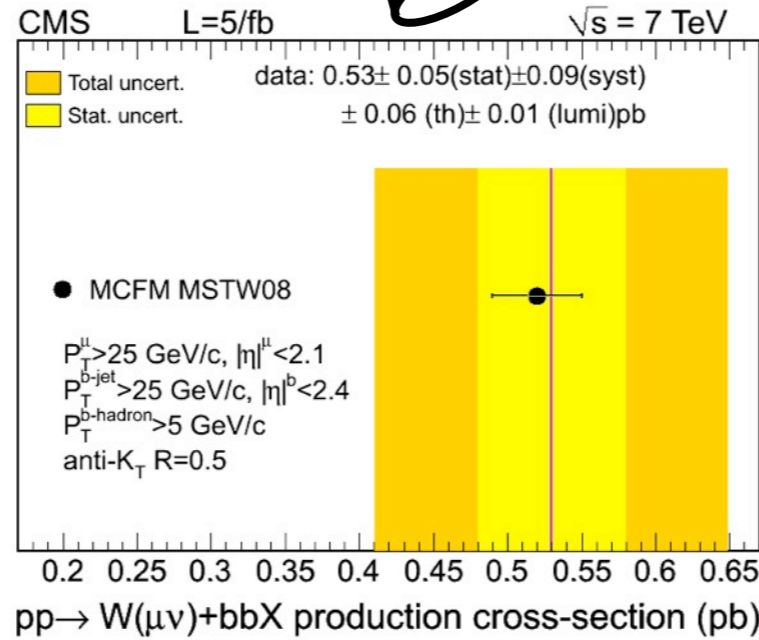


Compatible with mismodeling of b-quark collinear production

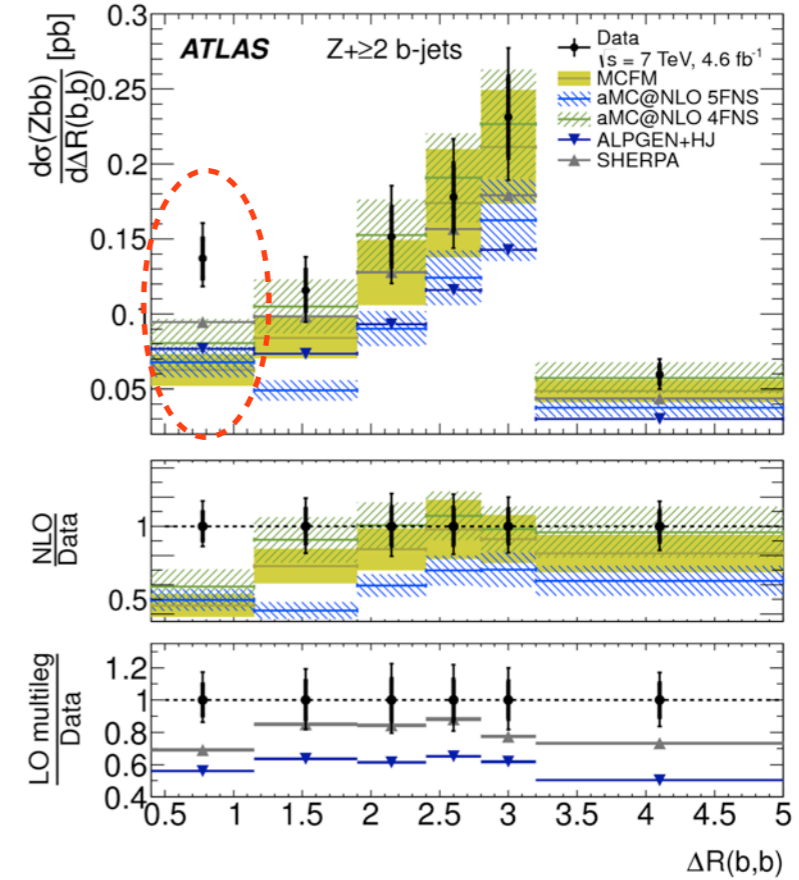
W+1b/2b, Z+2b



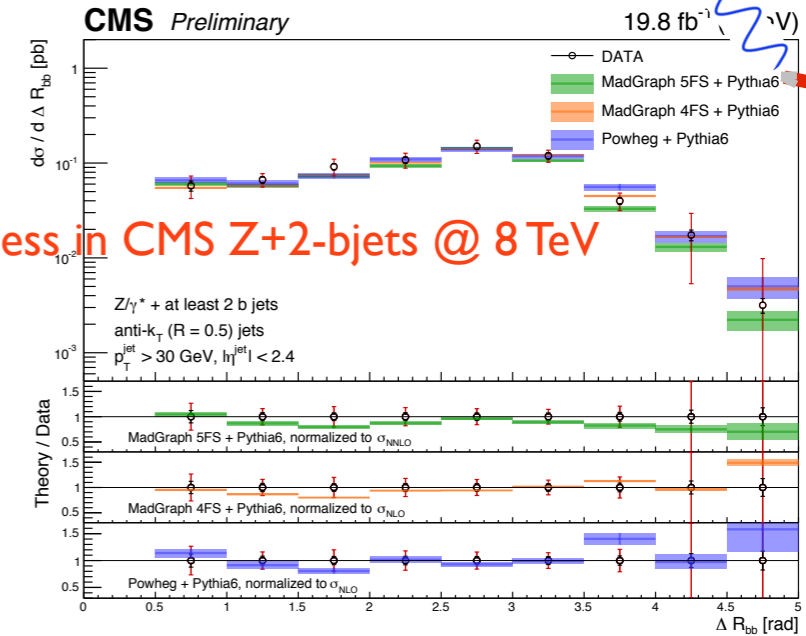
W+ \geq 1b
 $1-\sigma$ excess



W+2b
 no excess



Z+2b
 excess in
 collinear
 bb region



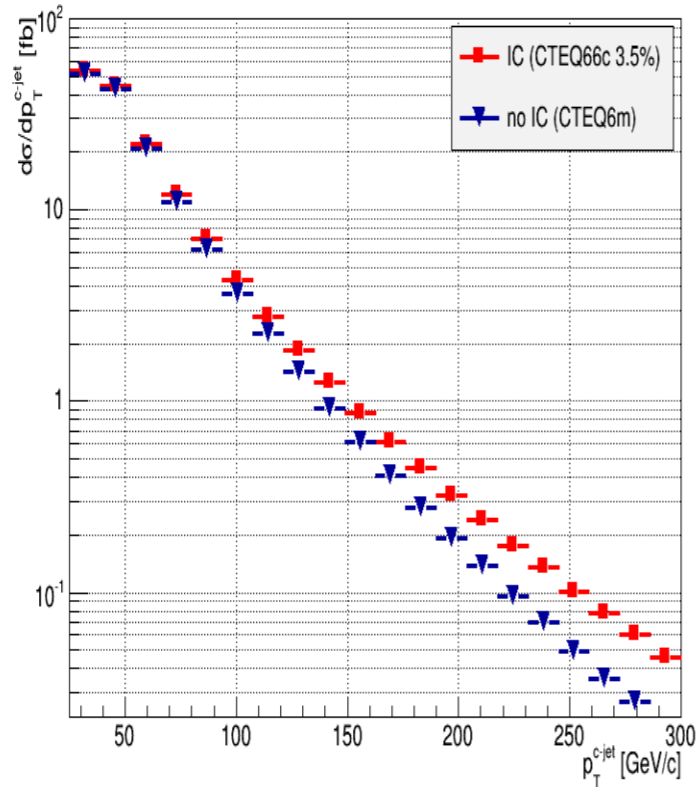
No excess in CMS Z+2-bjets @ 8 TeV

Compatible with mismodeling of b-quark collinear production

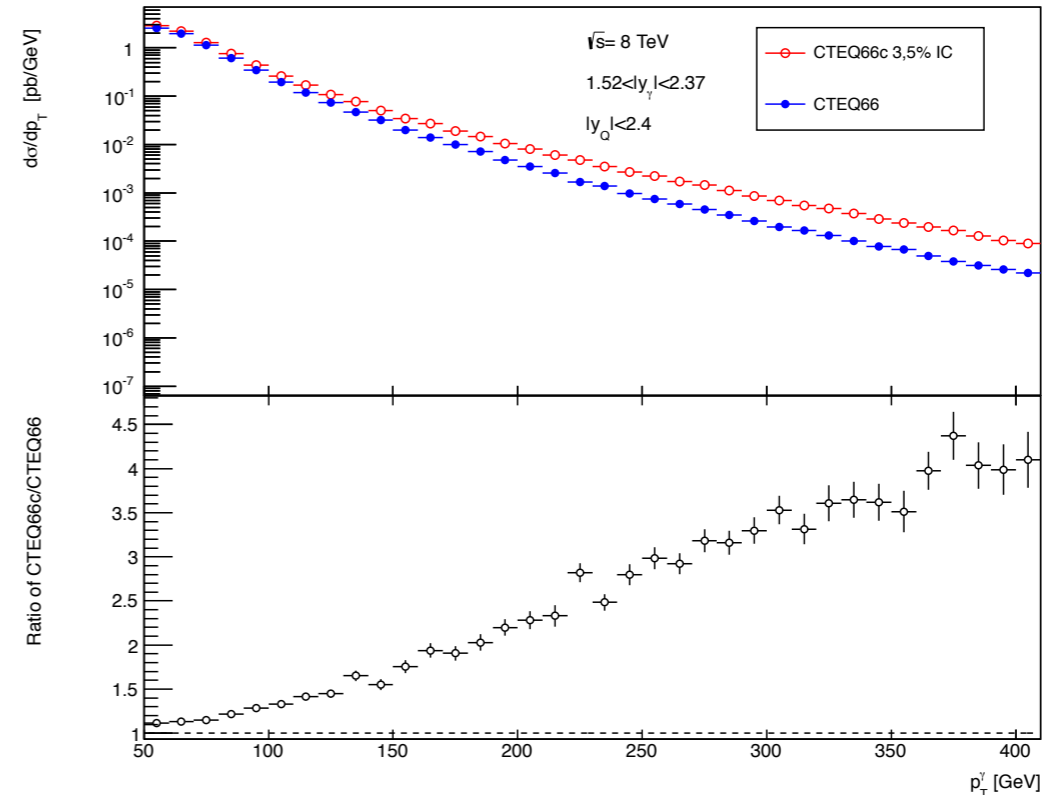
- For Run II
 - ▶ predictions vs $W+1b$ and $Z+2B$ -hadrons/ $2b$ -jets
 - ▶ Add $\gamma + HF$
 - ▶ consider V_{cc} , with D meson exclusive decays? Full Run II stat to be considered in this case
 - ▶ Clarify the use of 4F and 5F predictions
 - ▶ 4F prediction
 - ▶ Tree level or NLO?
 - ▶ Impact of scale choices at NLO for 4F
 - ▶ Need also a more coherent of MC treatment between ATLAS and CMS in the data/MC comparison

- Test experimentally the hypothesis of an NP HQ (charm) contribution in the proton, using $\gamma+c$, $Z+c$, $W+b$

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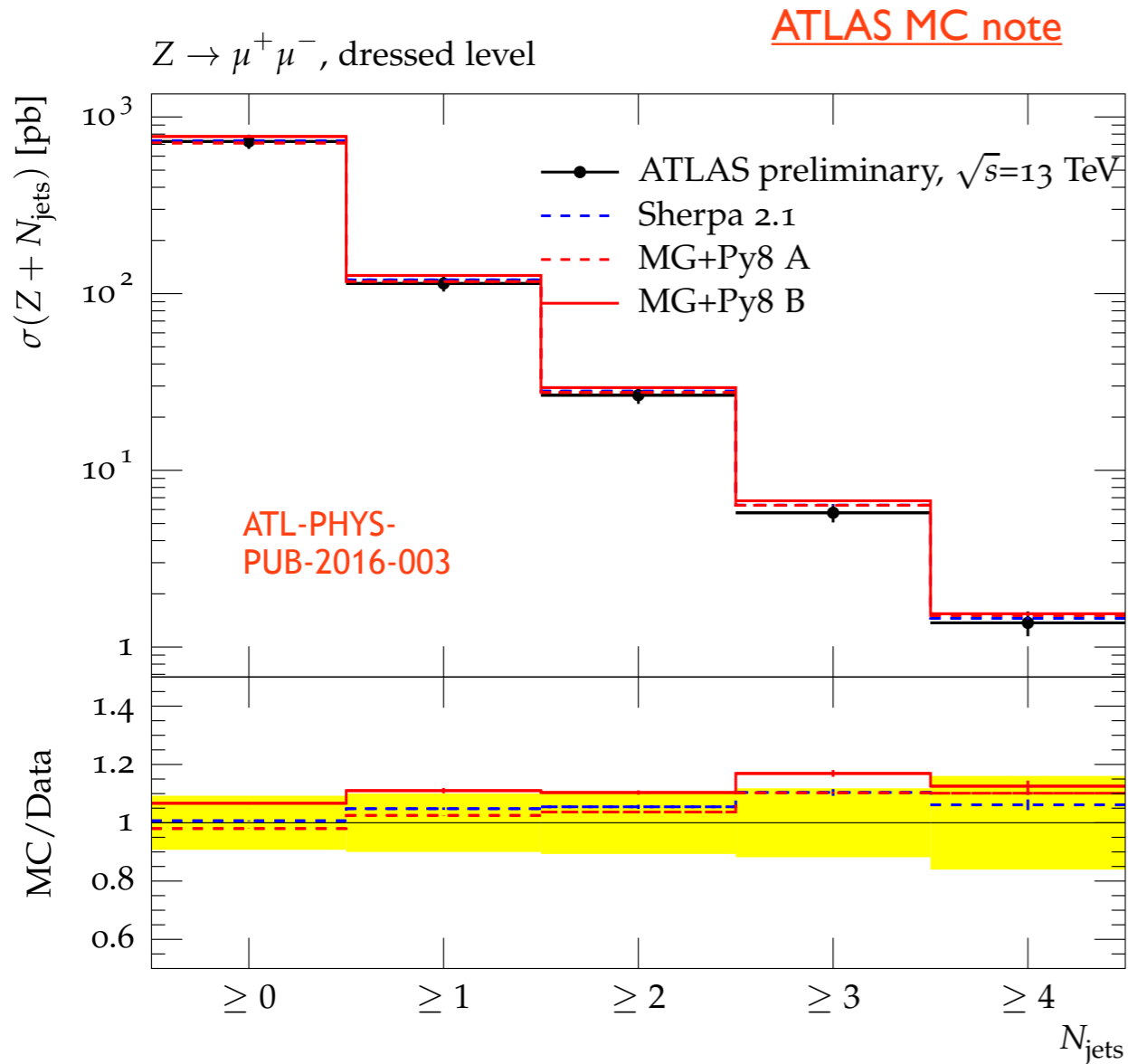
Phys.Lett. B728 (2014) 602-606



- Recent (NN)PDF developments to include IC in global fit [Ball et al. arXiv:1510.00009]
- Might be challenging depending on the ability to control the scale, PDF, merging uncertainties and dependency to FNS choice. Not clear how to attack this problem efficiently.

A quick look to 13 TeV data/MC comparisons

Z (+jets) from ATLAS

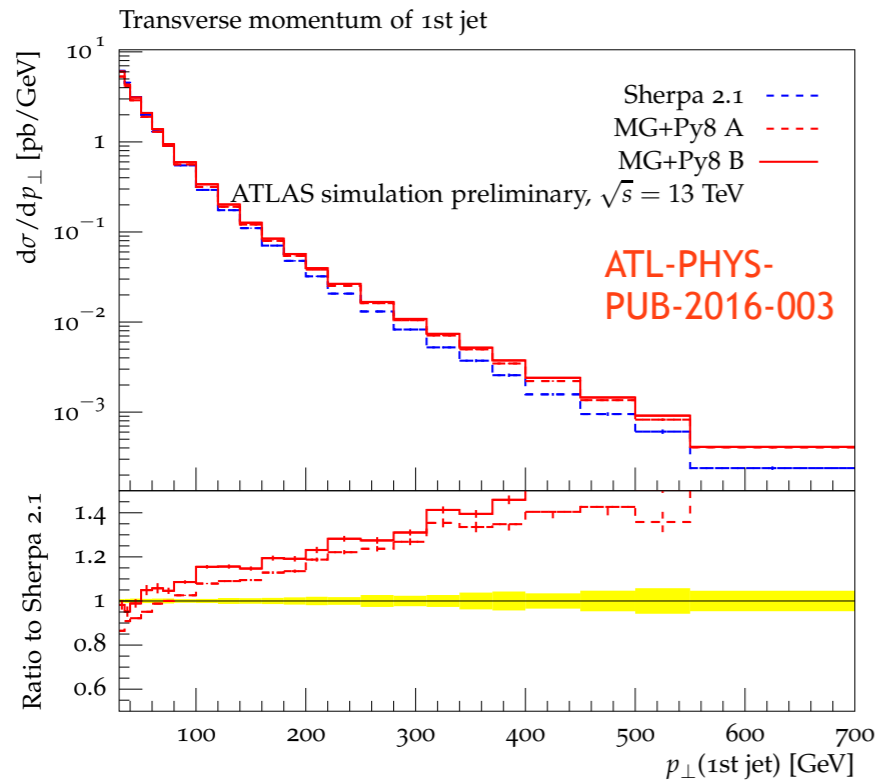


MG predictions behave similarly (apart for rapidity), but show a large difference w.r.t. Sherpa

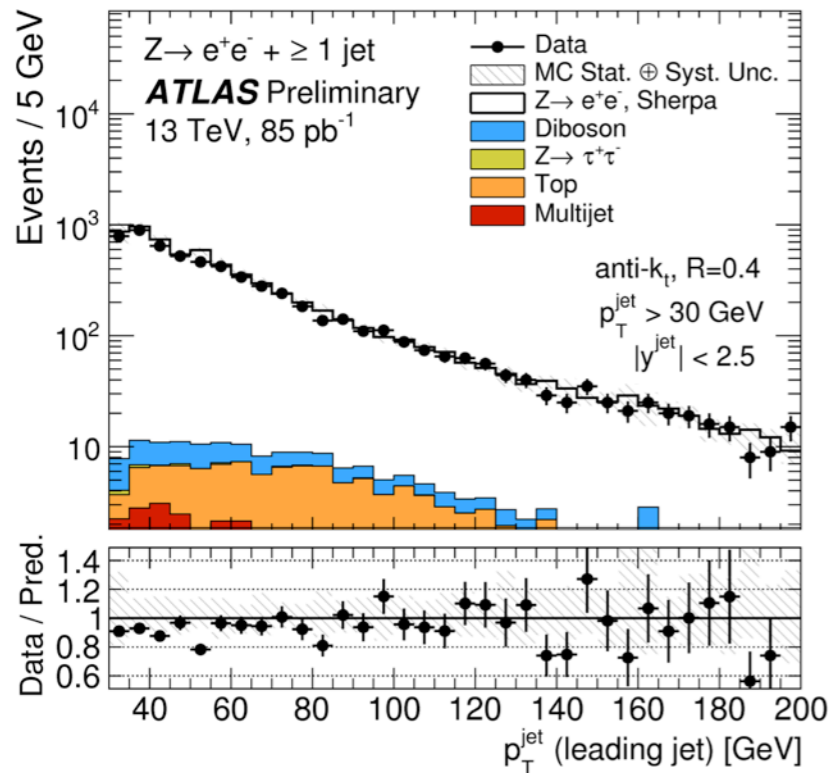
Generator	ME	PS	ME+PS	PDF
MG+P8 A	V+0..4p v5.2.2.2	v8.186	Kt-MLM @20 GeV	NNPDF NLO v3.0
MG+P8 B	V+0..4p v5.2.2.3	v8.210	Kt-MLM @30 GeV	NNPDF NLO v2.0
Sherpa 2.1	V+0..2 NLO V+3..4 LO v2.1.1	v2.1.1	CKKW-L @20 GeV	NLO CT10

Z+jets from ATLAS

[ATLAS MC note](#)



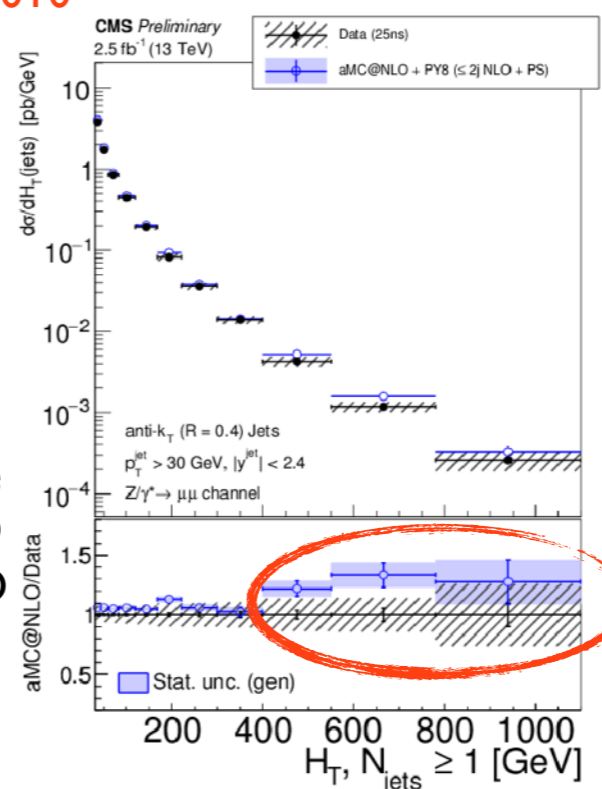
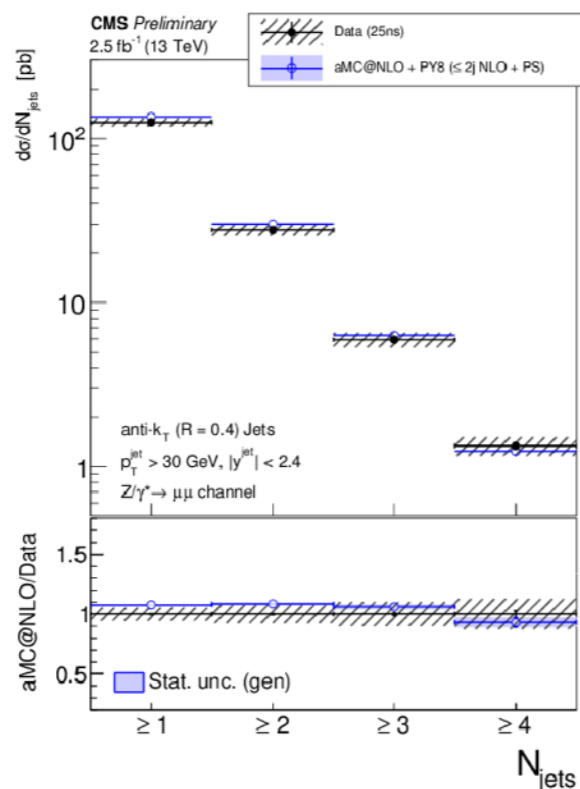
Generator	ME	PS	ME+PS	PDF
MG+P8 A	V+0..4p v5.2.2.2	v8.186	Kt-MLM @20 GeV	NNPDF NLO v3.0
MG+P8 B	V+0..4p v5.2.2.3	v8.210	Kt-MLM @30 GeV	NNPDF NLO v2.0
Sherpa 2.1	V+0..2 NLO V+3..4 LO v2.1.1	v2.1.1	CKKW-L @20 GeV	NLO CT10



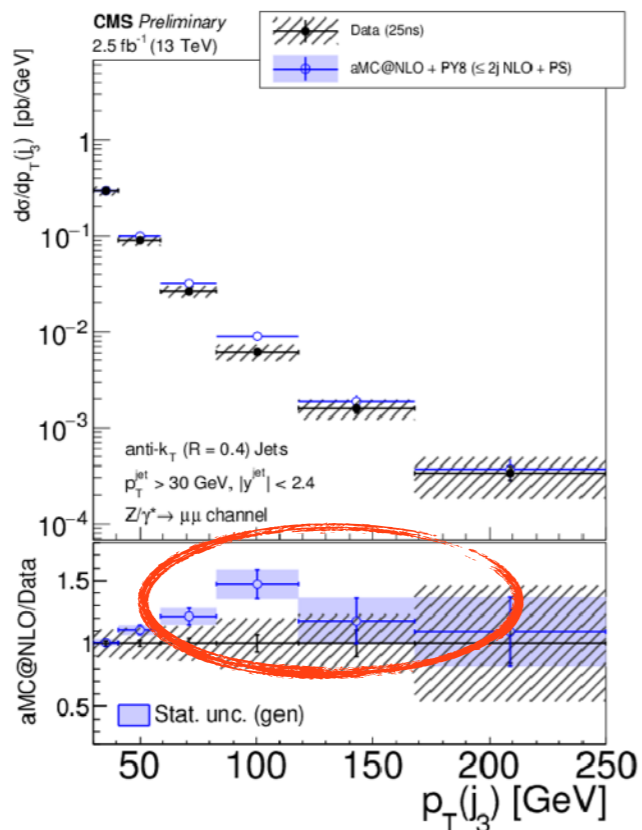
MG predictions behave similarly, but show a large difference w.r.t. Sherpa (which seems to match the data).

Z+jets from CMS

CMS-PAS-SMP-15-010



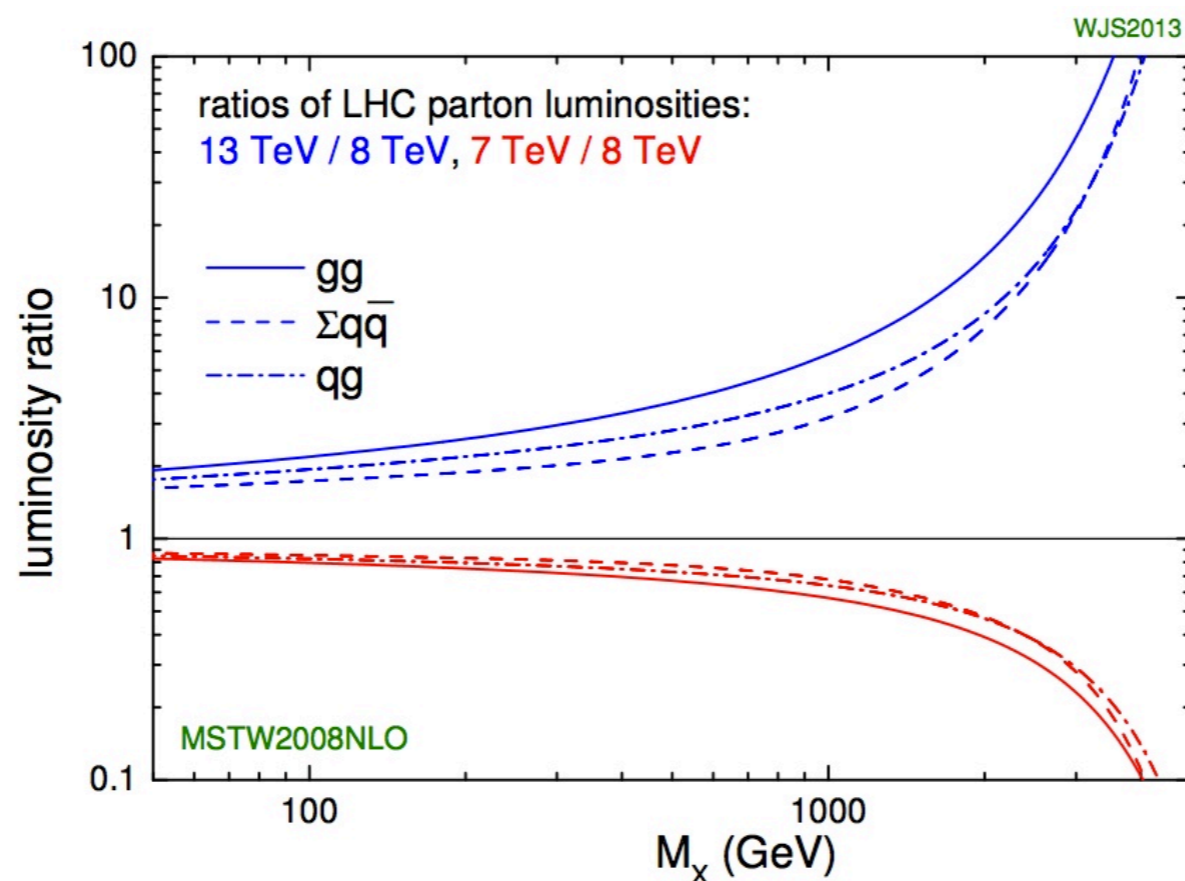
MGaMC+P8
CUETP8MI tune
Norm. to NNLO
NNPDF 3.0 NLO



- CMS and ATLAS have provided many V(+jets) results during Run I
 - ▶ V+light: test predictions from theory and refine knowledge of (p)QCD and EWK higher order corrections. The understanding of the data/MC discrepancies is partial so far.
 - ▶ V+HF:
 - ▶ Run I confirmed known effects (W+b), and even seem to enforce them (Z+bb)
 - ▶ Need a coherent understanding of these processes, the direct and indirect impact on search is potentially large.
- Need to identify how the most up-to-date/recent prediction do work at 13 TeV: which solution for which process, where it makes sense
 - ▶ Coordination between ATLAS and CMS?
- Data/MC comparison with Run II started.
 - ▶ Run II statistics + new HO prediction from theory
 - ▶ More sensitivity to understand impact of EWK corrections
 - ▶ access new corners of the phase, also using 2/3/..-D slicing: better understanding of particular kinematic configurations

Backup slides

- Let's assume $L=100/\text{fb}$ per experiment at 13 TeV
 - ▶ Xsec increase x lumi increase w.r.t. 8 TeV ($p_{t,\text{jet},l} > 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{\text{jet},l}| < 2.5$)
 - ▶ $\Rightarrow > \sim 8$ x more statistics available at the end of the Run 2 for W and Z+jets (more for gg and gg initial states)



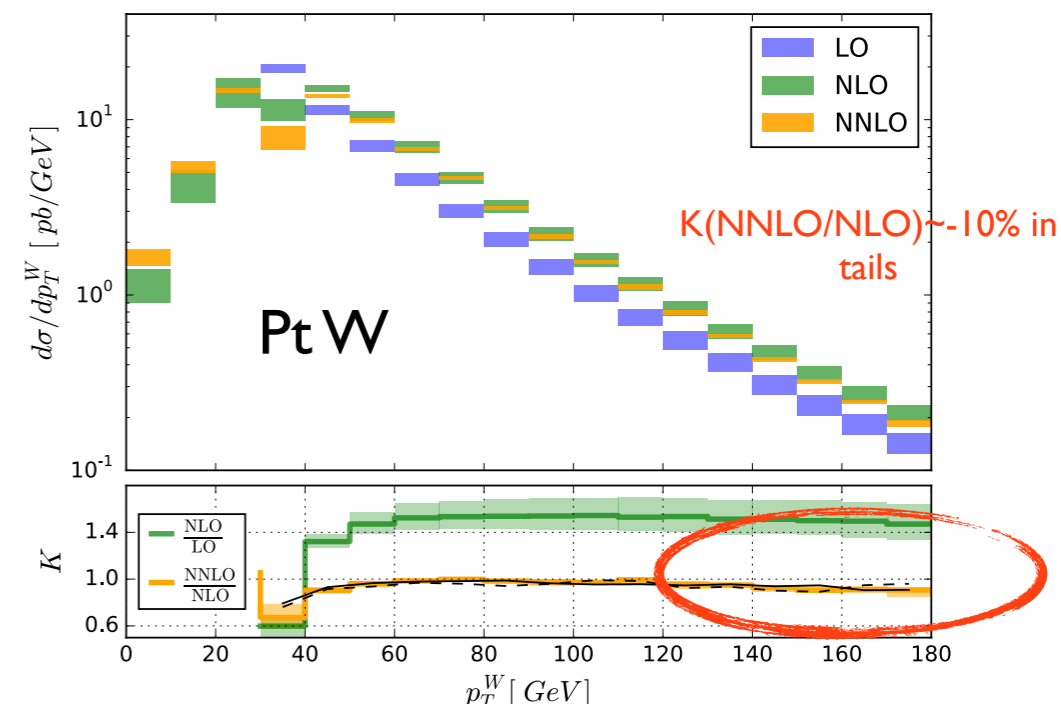
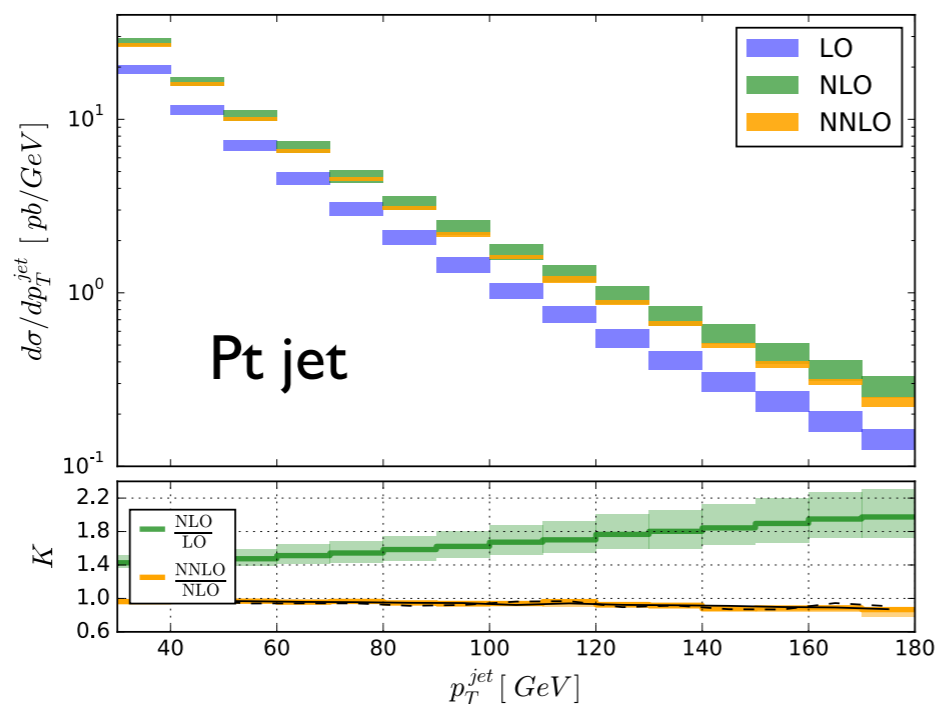
- Statistical uncertainty reduction allows to
 - ▶ probe higher scales (P_t , H_t ,...)
 - ▶ slice the phase-space (2/3/..-D measurements)

W and Z+I jet @ NNLO: Data vs MC

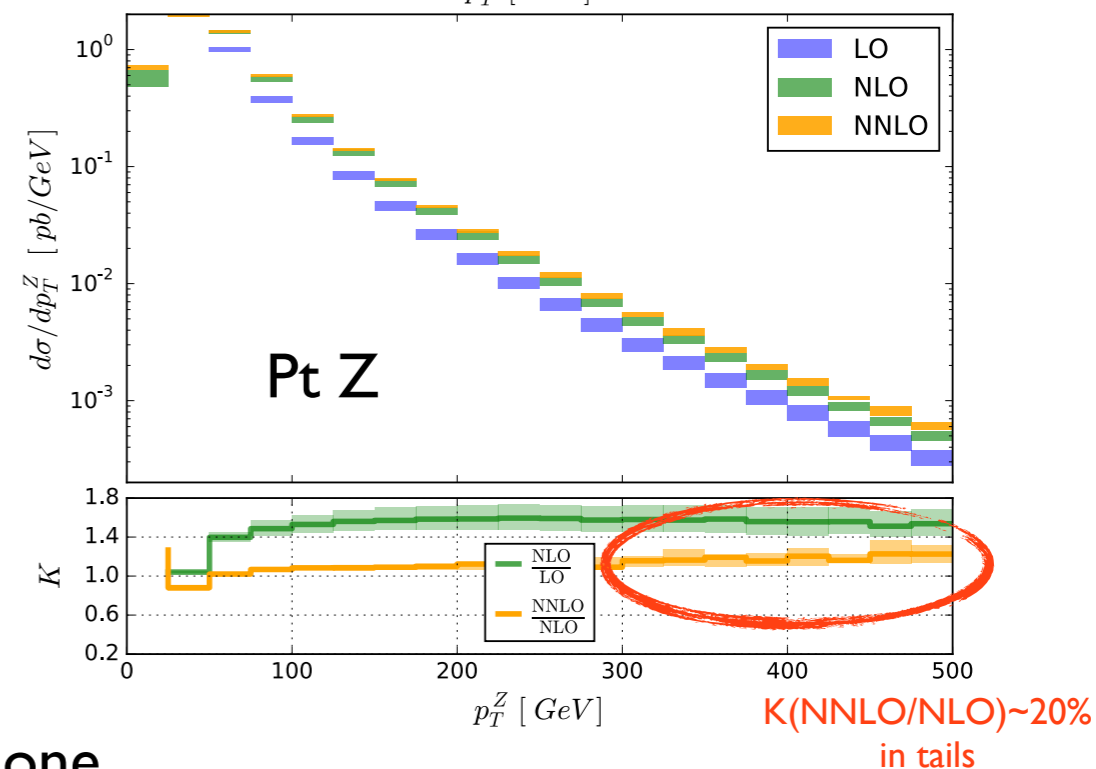
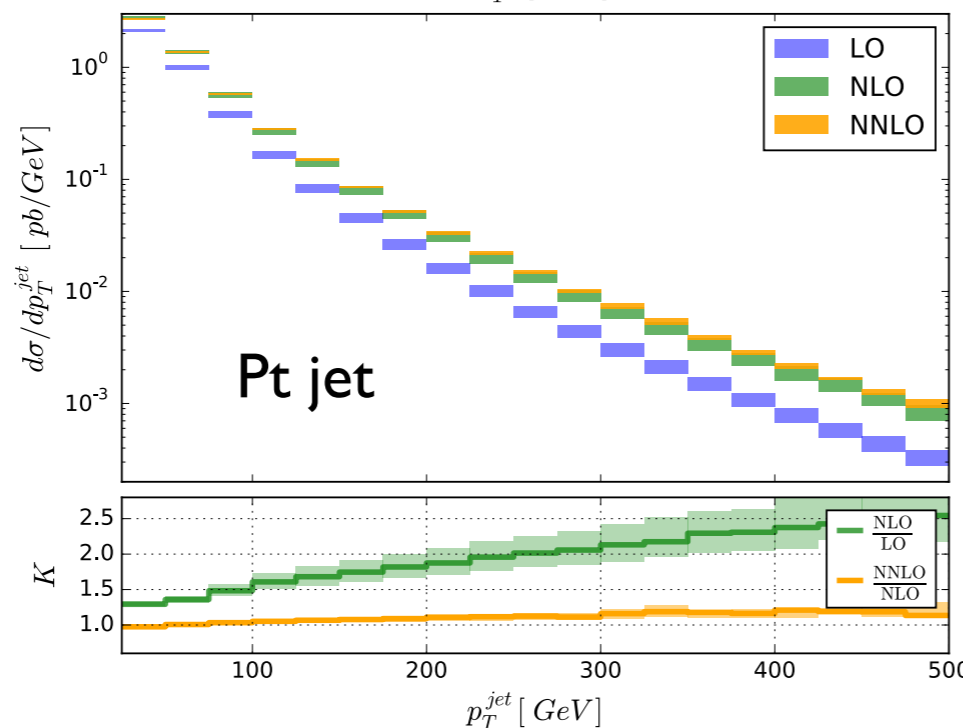
- Extraction of (g-)PDF, measurement of α_s

Gehrmann-De Ridder et al., arXiv:1507.02850
 Boughezal et al., arXiv:1512.01291
 Boughezal et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 062002 (2015)

W+I jet



Z+I jet



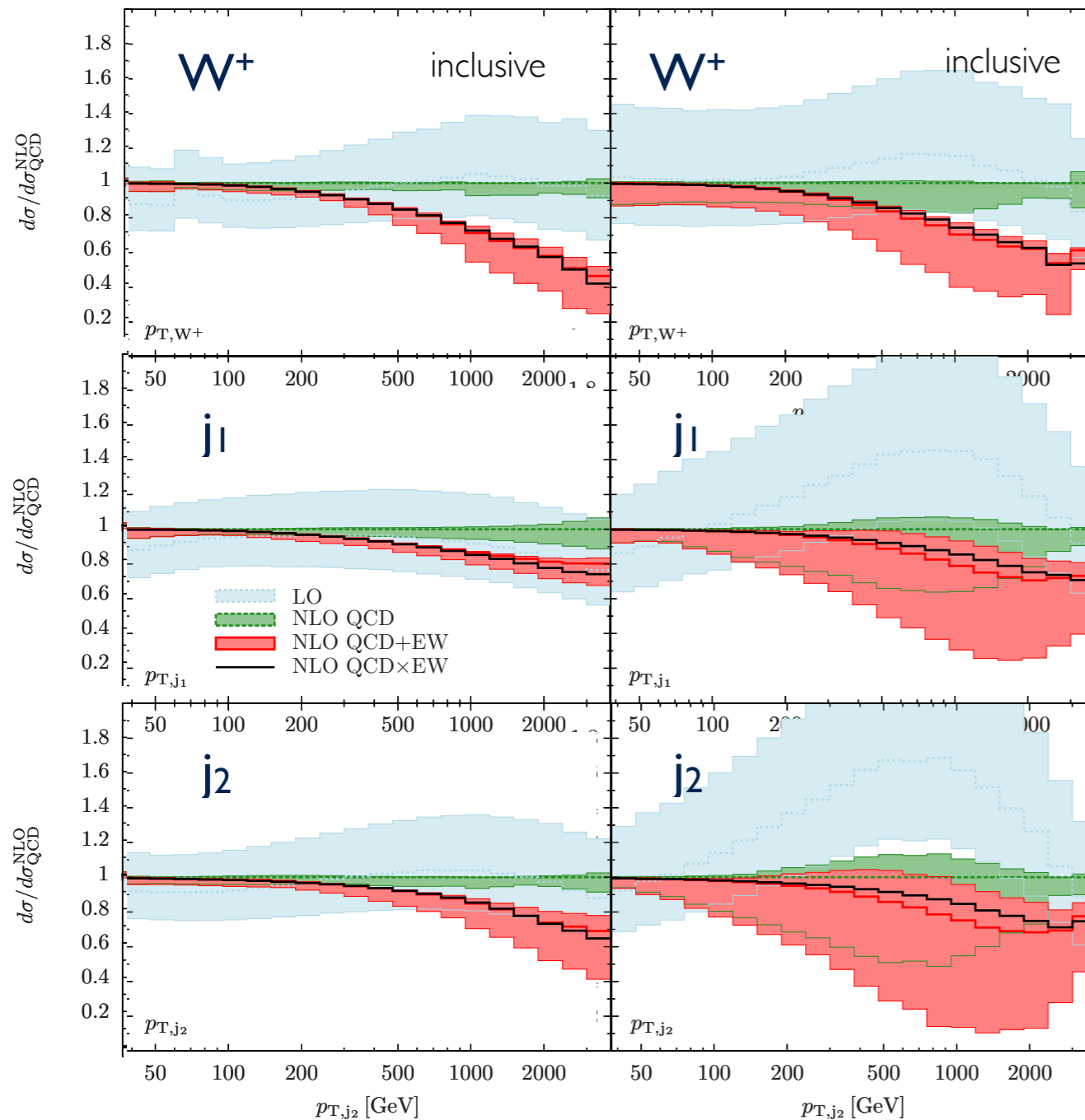
- NNLO uncertainty smaller than the experimental one

- Need to quantify the improvement with Data/MC comparison

Kallweit et al., [arXiv:1511.08692](https://arxiv.org/abs/1511.08692)

W+2j

W+3j



- $W/Z/\gamma$ et jet production at higher scale: larger effect of QCD and EW correction

▶ W pt:

▶ LO→NLO (QCD): ~ 1 (but very large uncertainties on the LO)

▶ Adding EW:

▶ -10% at ~ 600 GeV (8 TeV data)

▶ -50% at 2 TeV

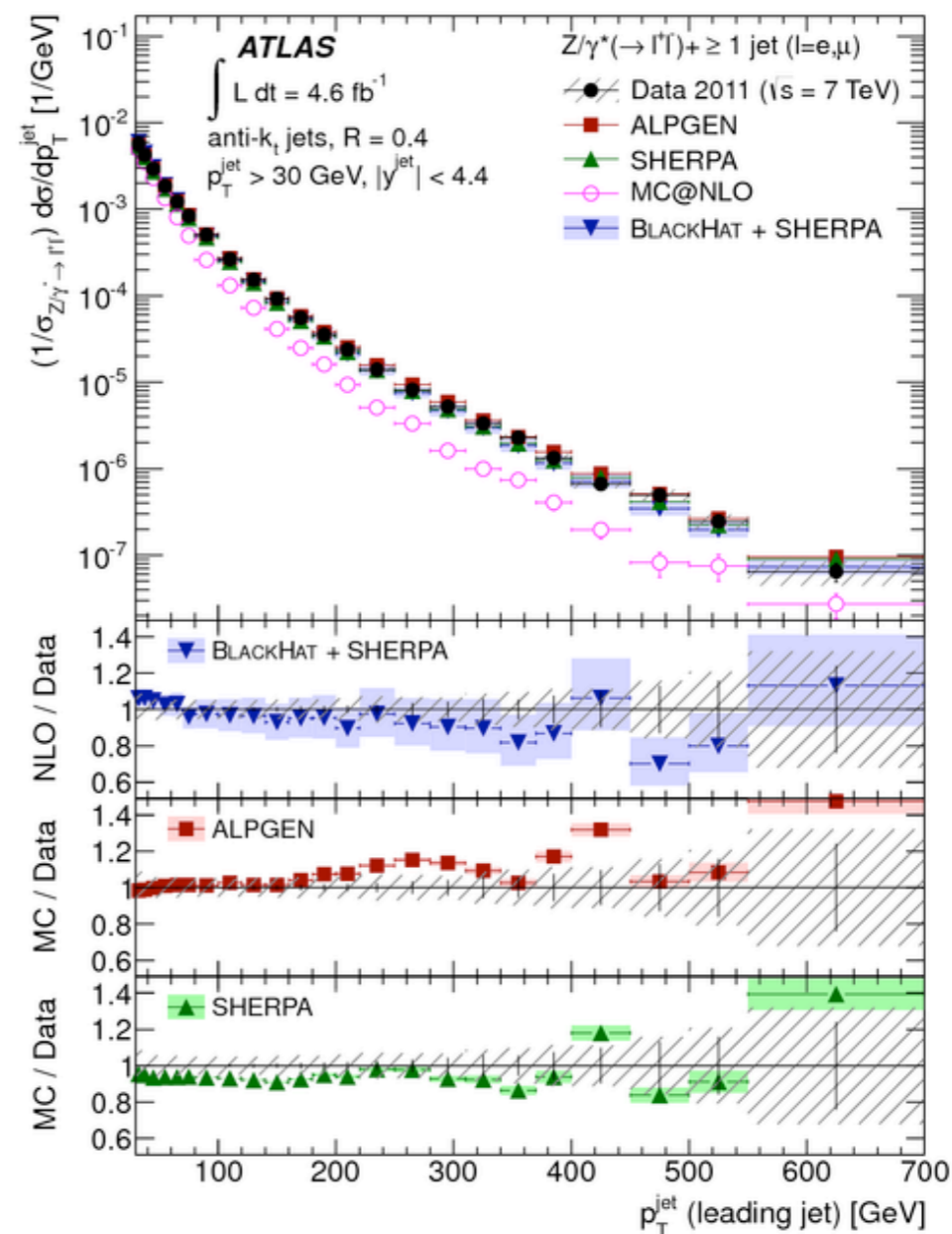
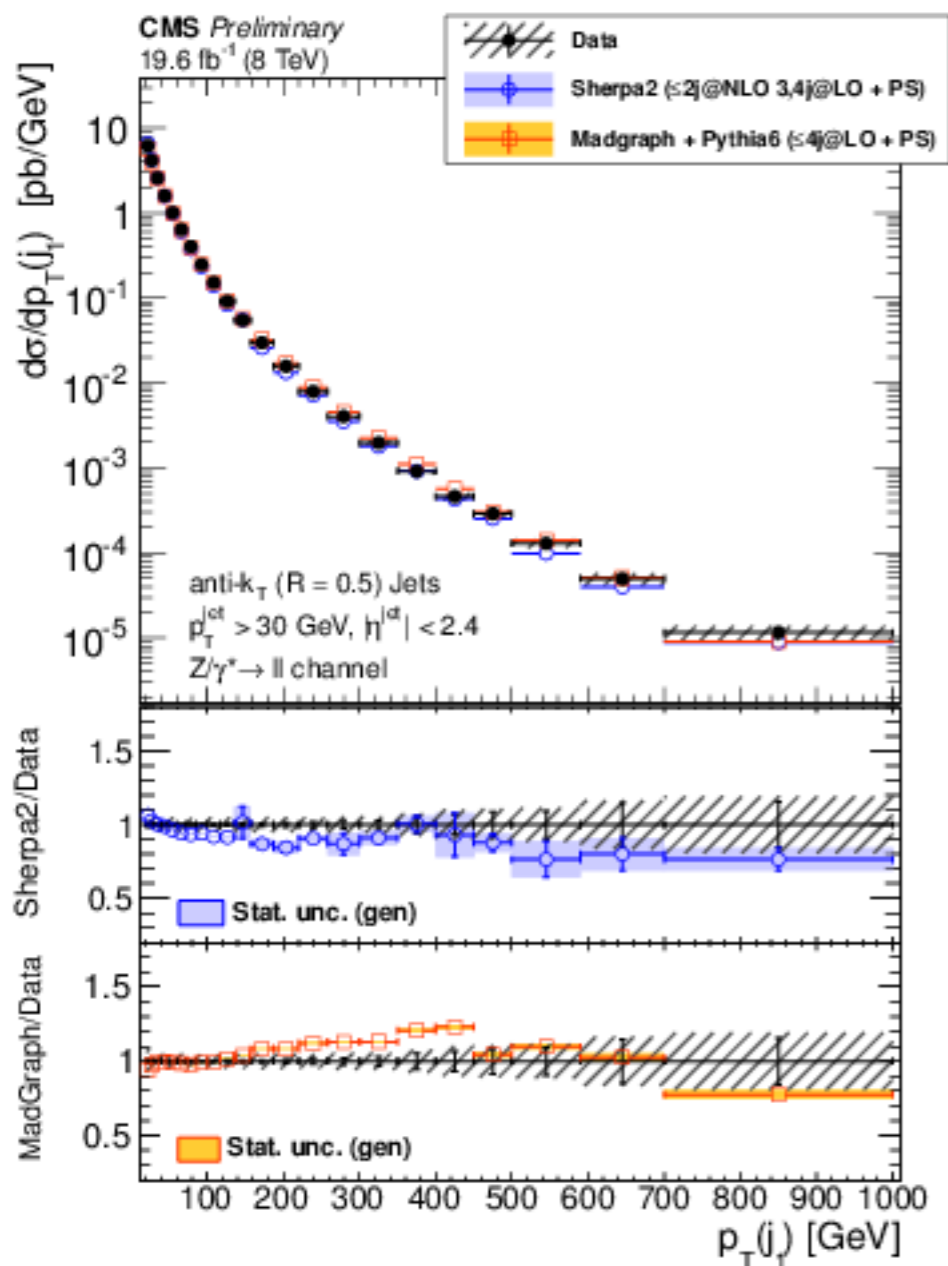
▶ Jet pt:

▶ LO→NLO (QCD): same as for W pt

▶ Adding EW:

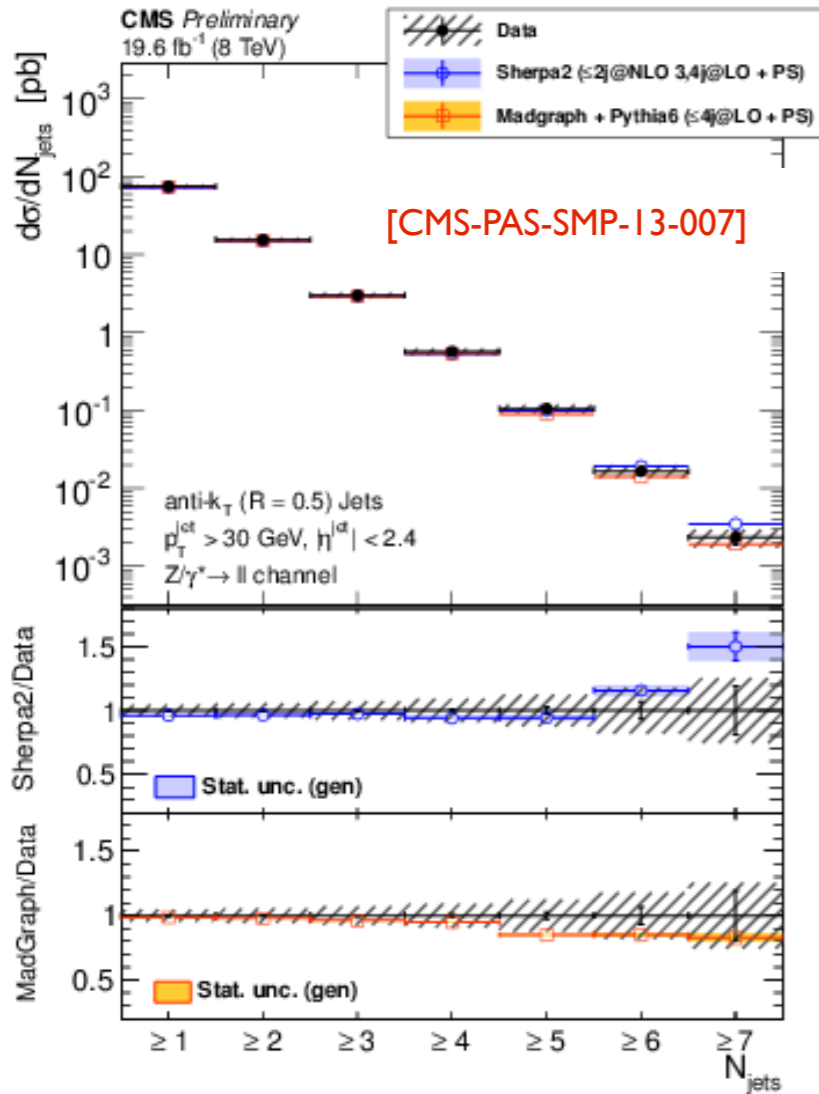
▶ $W+1j$ remains the best probe (smaller uncertainties)

V+jets main 'features': Z+jets

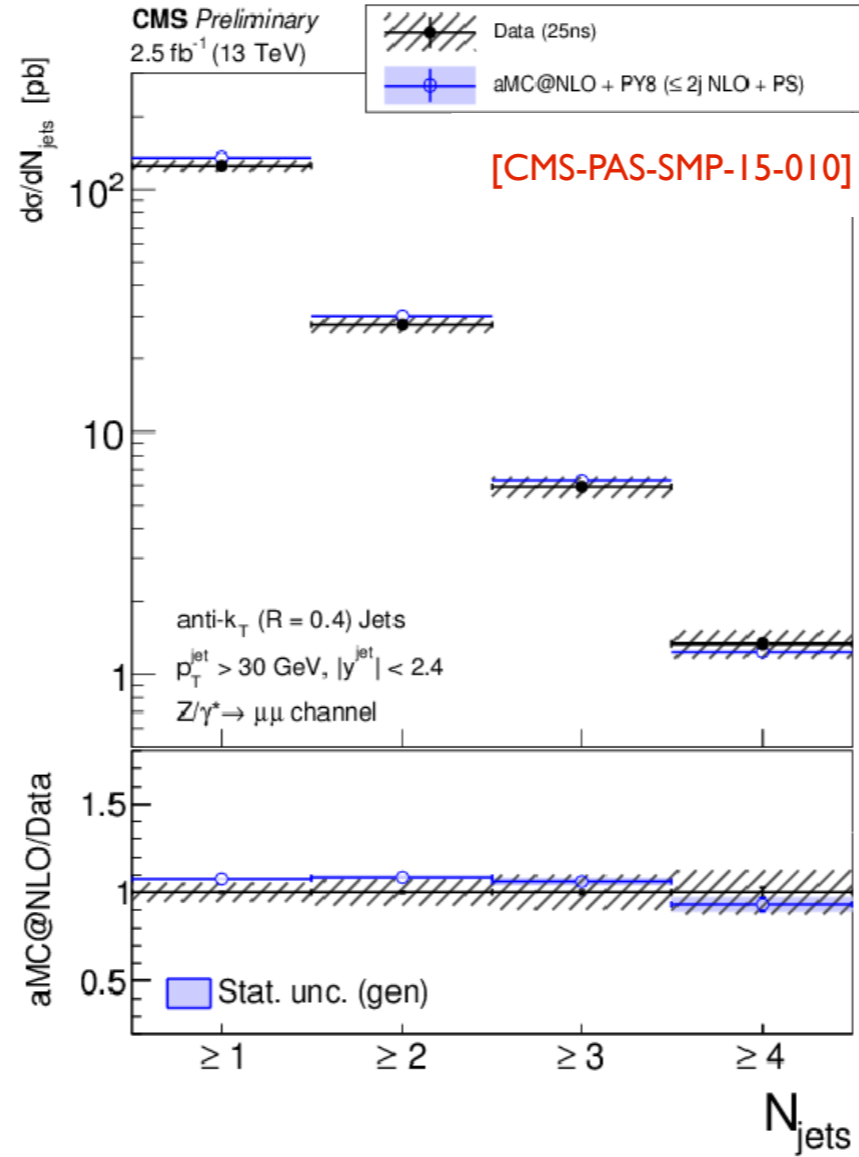


Leading jet pt: issue less pronounced for Z+jets than for W+jets

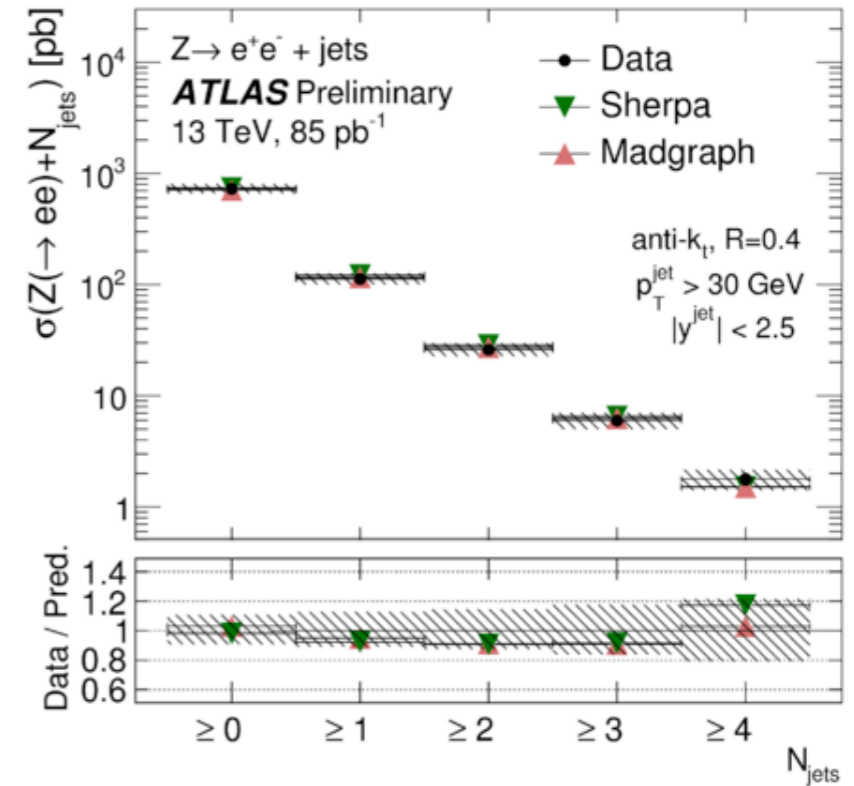
CMS@8 TeV



CMS@13 TeV

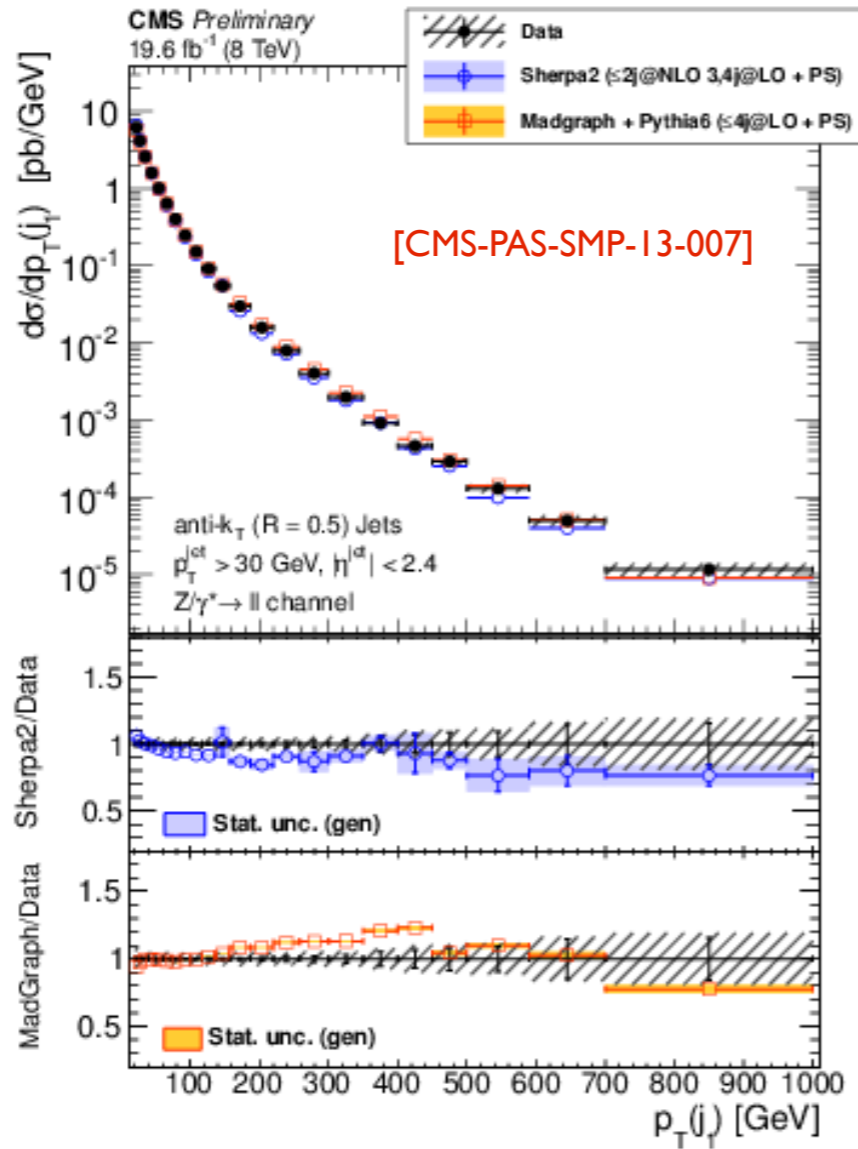


ATLAS@13 TeV

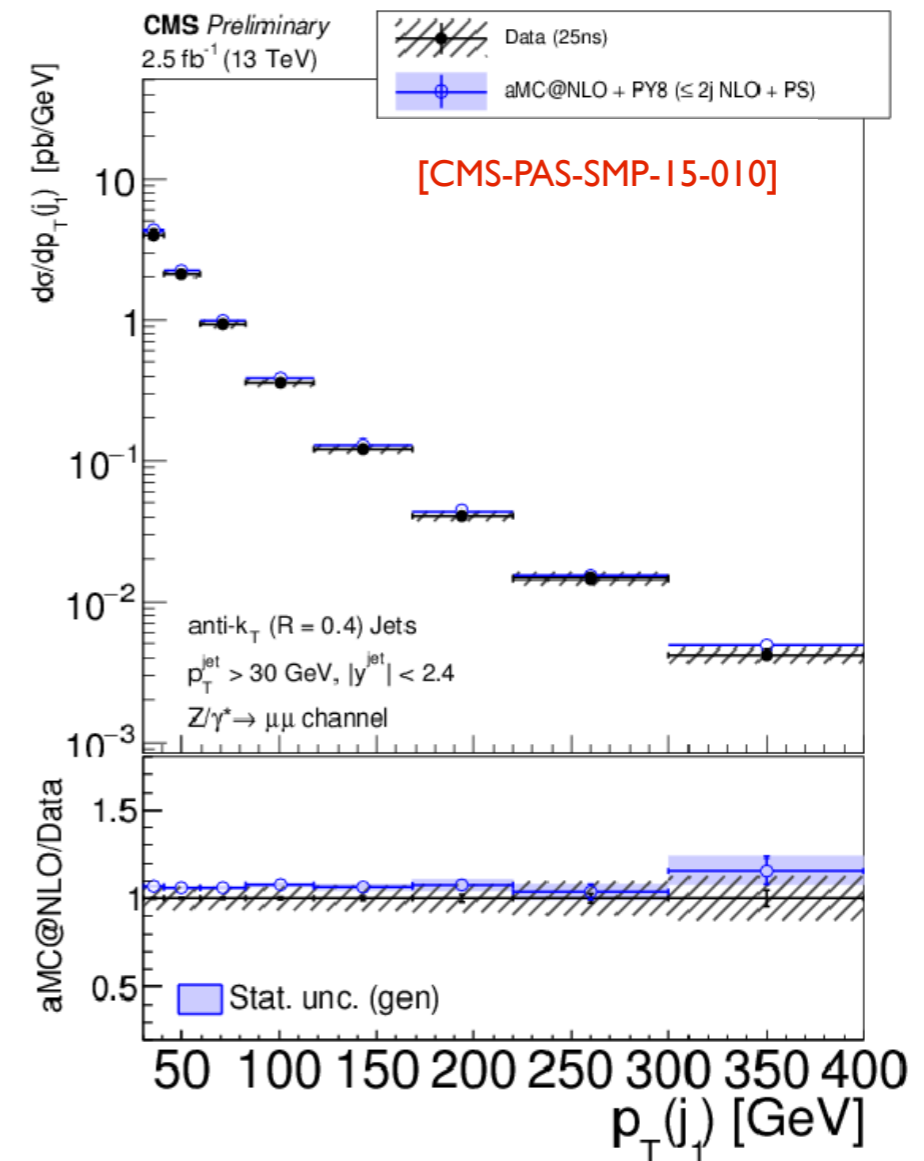


Different trends observed. Generally very reasonable agreement, even with tree-level predictions

CMS@8 TeV



CMS@13 TeV

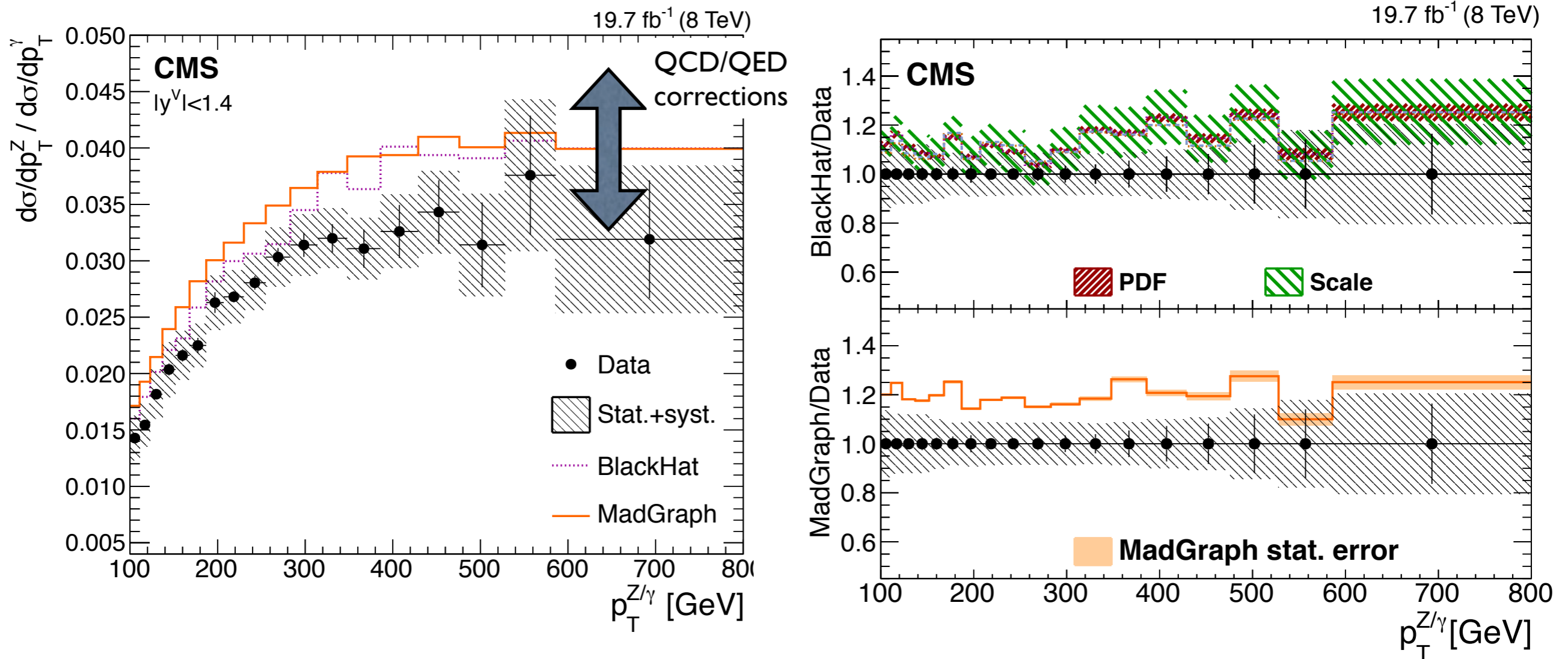


Different trends observed. Generally very reasonable agreement, even with tree-level predictions

V+jets ratio: Z+jets/ γ +jets @ 8 TeV

- 1) Precision measurement (partial cancellation of systematics)
- 2) Data-driven prediction of Z+jets through γ +jets

[arxiv.1505.06250]

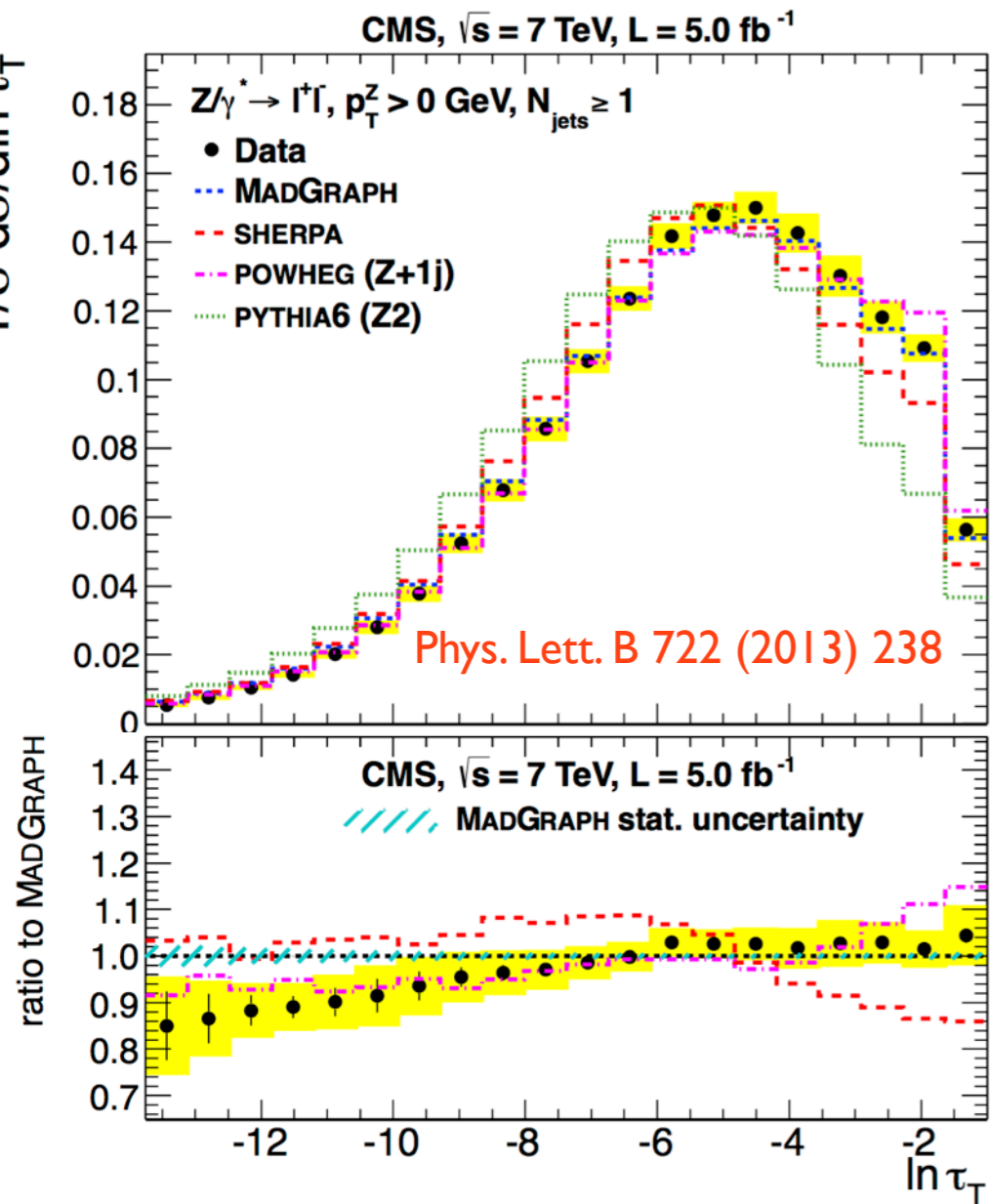


Data and MC agree within uncertainties.
tree-level and NLO behave similarly

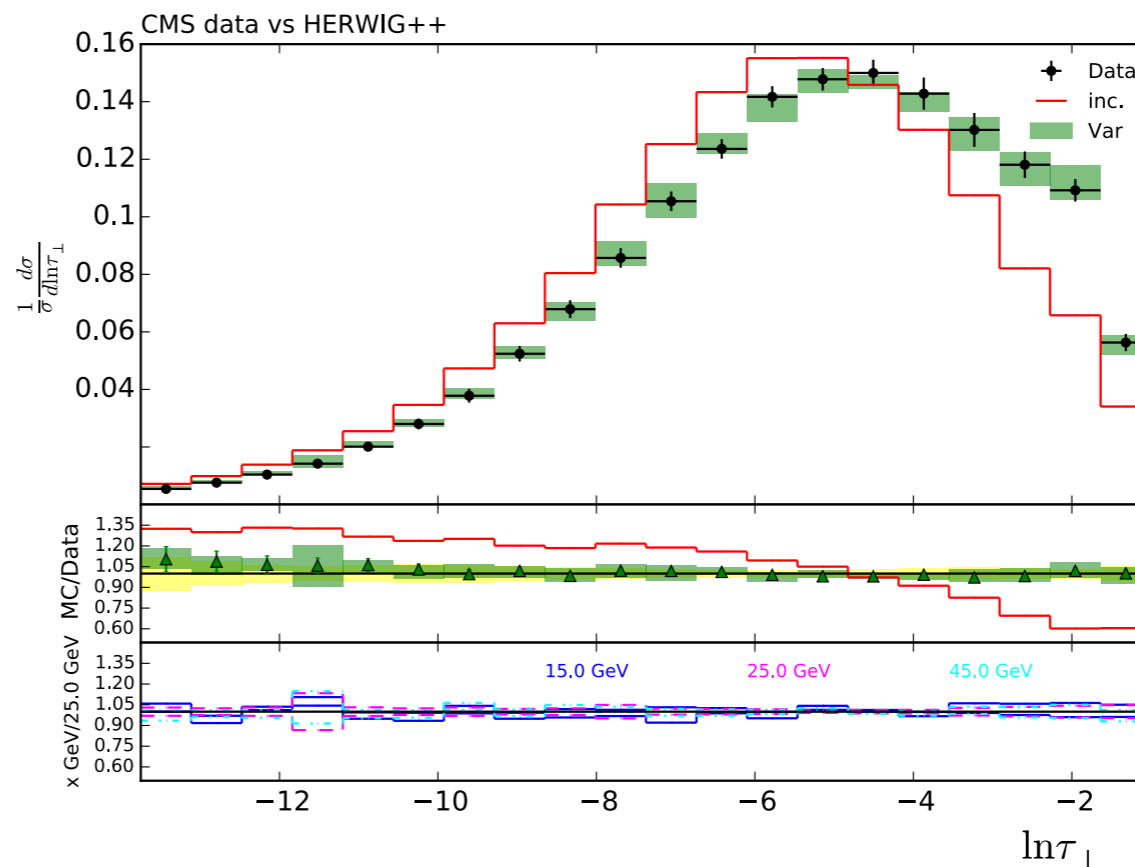
Z+jets angular correlation: event shapes

- Event shapes

$$\tau_T \equiv 1 - \max_{\vec{n}_\tau} \frac{\sum_i |\vec{p}_{T,i} \cdot \vec{n}_\tau|}{\sum_i p_{T,i}}$$



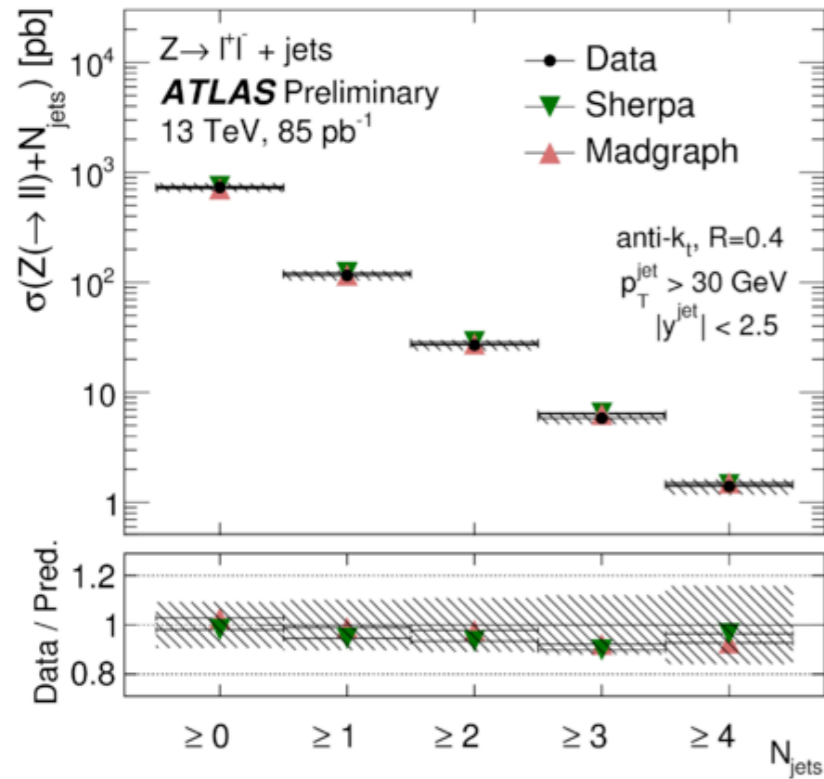
Pythia, MG and Sherpa deviate strongly, Powhcg does a good job



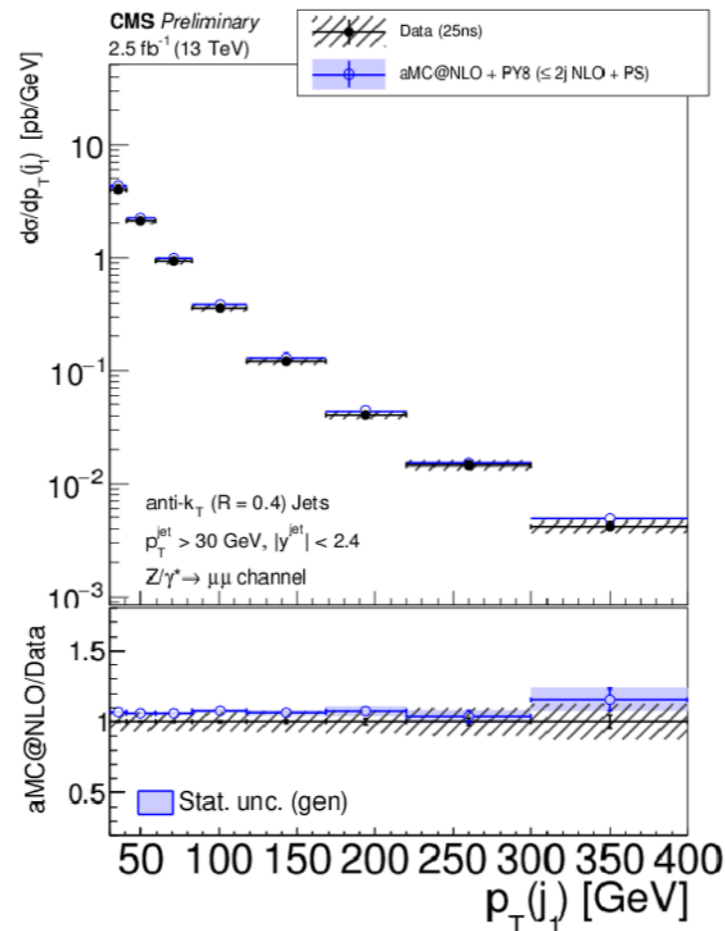
aMC@NLO
+Pythia8 (FxFx):
in agreement
(same with
Herwig)

Preliminary public V+jets results

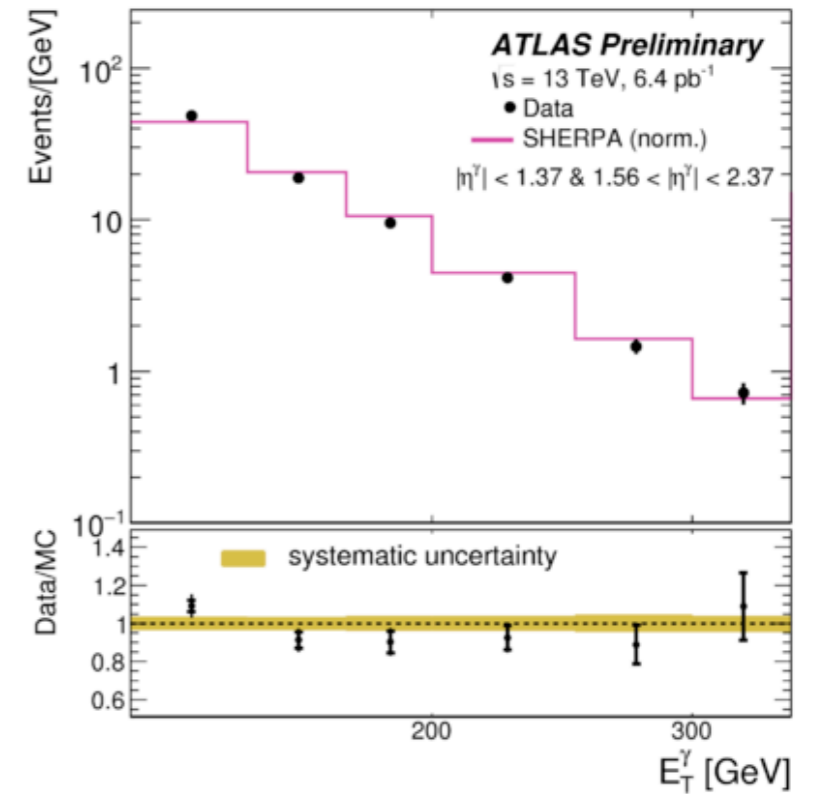
Z+jets (ATLAS)



Z+jets (CMS)



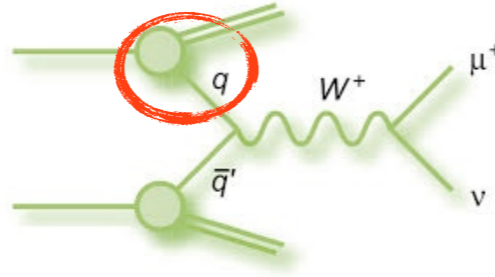
γ +jets (ATLAS)



No superseding of physics message from Run I yet, but new results will come fast

- PDF from photon+jets
 - ▶ Current LHC only allow mild reduction of g-PDF uncertainty. A reduction of systematic uncertainties is the key.
 - ▶ One promising solution: use ratio between 13 and 8 TeV photon spectra for a partial cancellation of uncertainties (both experimental and theoretical)
 - ▶ Consider different photon isolation isolation?
- N-jetiness: test of jet resummation
 - ▶ Experimentally: problematic of using vetos on soft radiation in searches (lower background, etc...)
 - ▶ Measure 0-, 1-, 2-jetiness first using jets, then using charged particles
- $W+c$: extract strange PDF
 - ▶ Increase of statistics will allow more precise PDF fit: shed light on s-PDF tension between CMS and ATLAS.

- Light q-PDF in low/high x



- Moving from 7/8 TeV to 13 TeV: access different x regions

- Exploit inclusive xsec (W, Z)

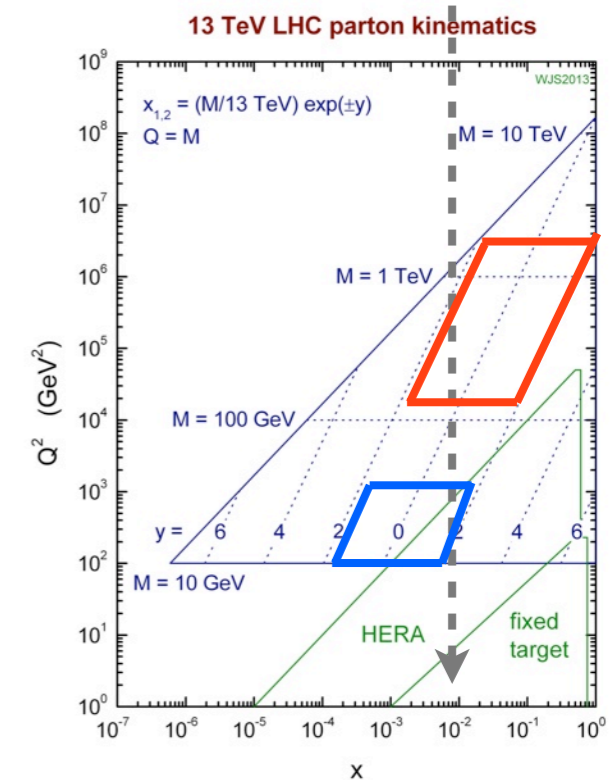
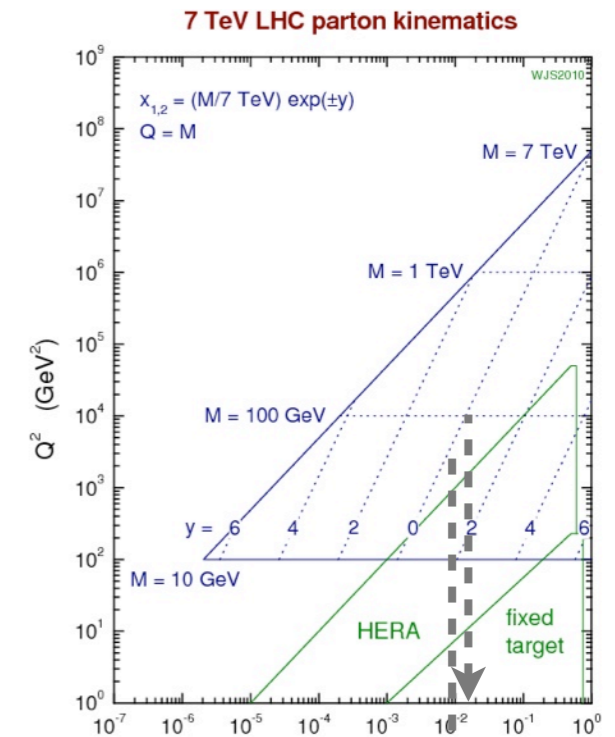
- ▶ W Pt, Z Pt, W charge asymmetry,...
- ▶ e.g. **high** DY mass or **low** DY mass ranges to target specific x ranges

- ▶ high mass range:

- ▶ Run II can make a big difference in stat.
- ▶ Access to photon PDF

- Inclusive xsec ratio

- ▶ less sensitivity to α_s and PDF, but (partial) cancellation of exp. systematics and scale uncertainties.
- ▶ Double ratio: using ratio of processes at 2 different energies?



ATLAS MC note: Z+jets

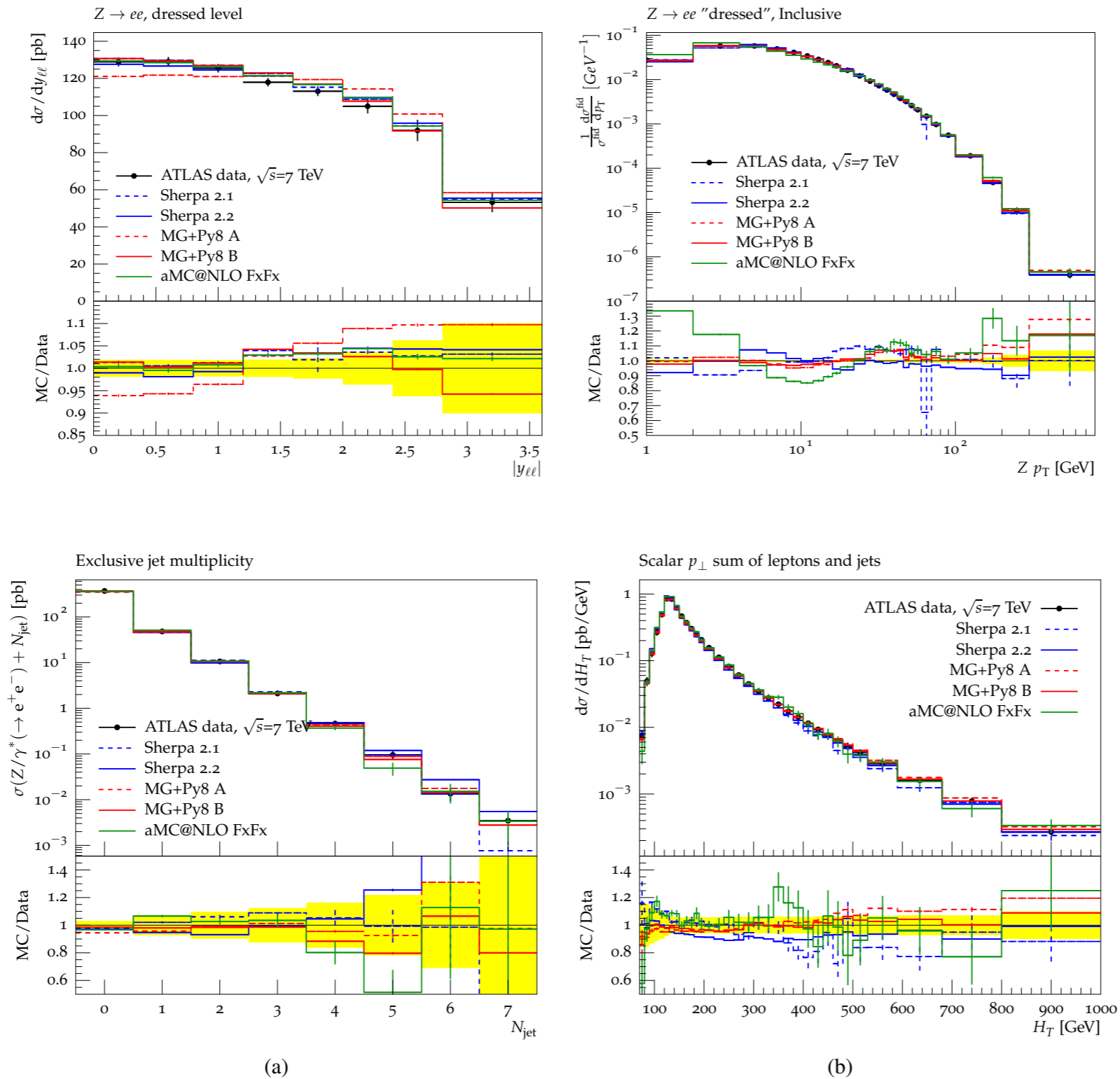


Figure 2: (a) Exclusive jet multiplicity and (b) H_T (the scalar sum of lepton and jet transverse momenta) in the 7 TeV Z+jets analysis. No k-factor is applied to the aMC@NLO sample.

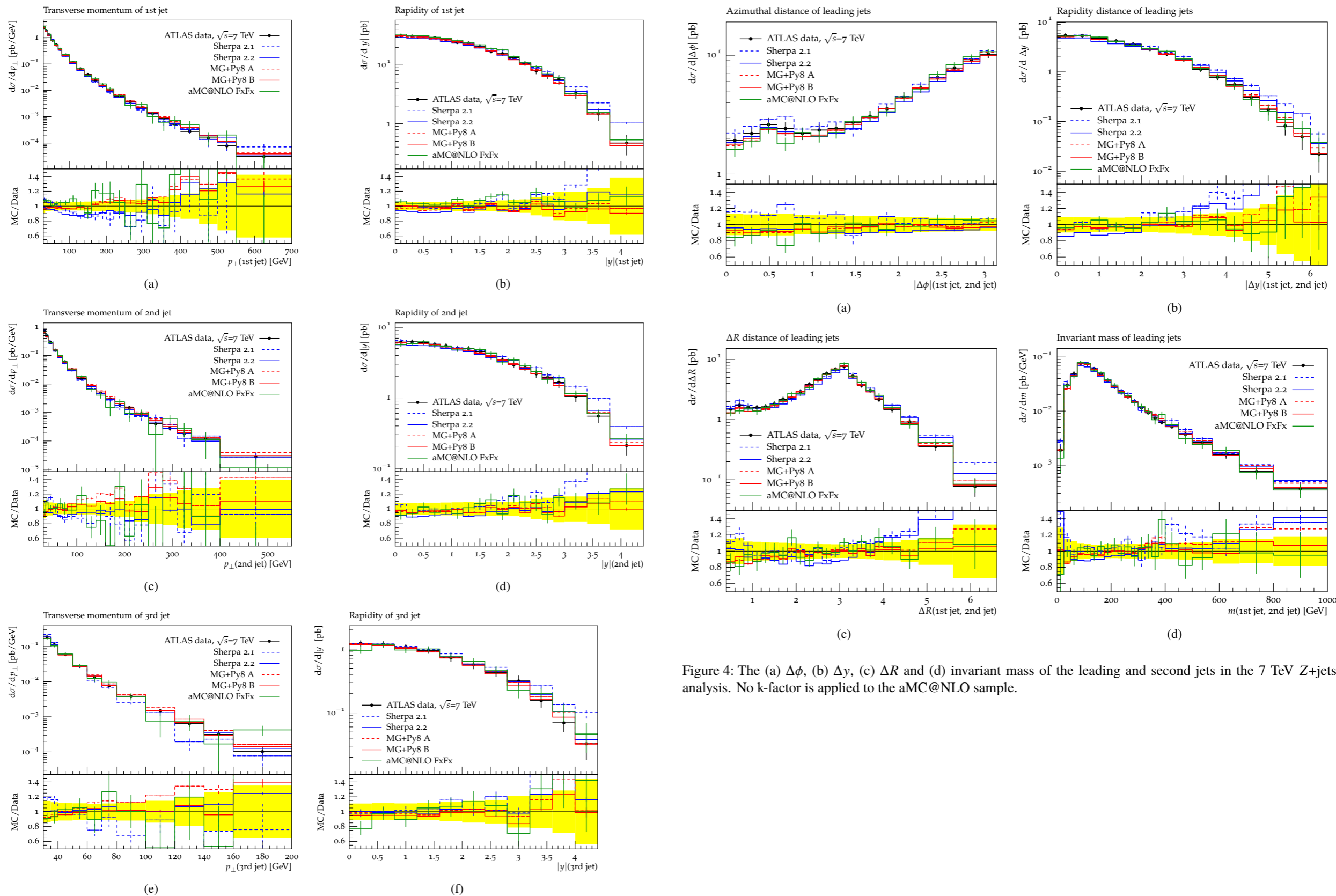


Figure 3: Transverse momentum and rapidity of the leading (a,b), second (c,d) and third (e,f) jets, in the 7 TeV Z+jets analysis. No k-factor is applied to the aMC@NLO sample.

Figure 4: The (a) $\Delta\phi$, (b) Δy , (c) ΔR and (d) invariant mass of the leading and second jets in the 7 TeV Z+jets analysis. No k-factor is applied to the aMC@NLO sample.

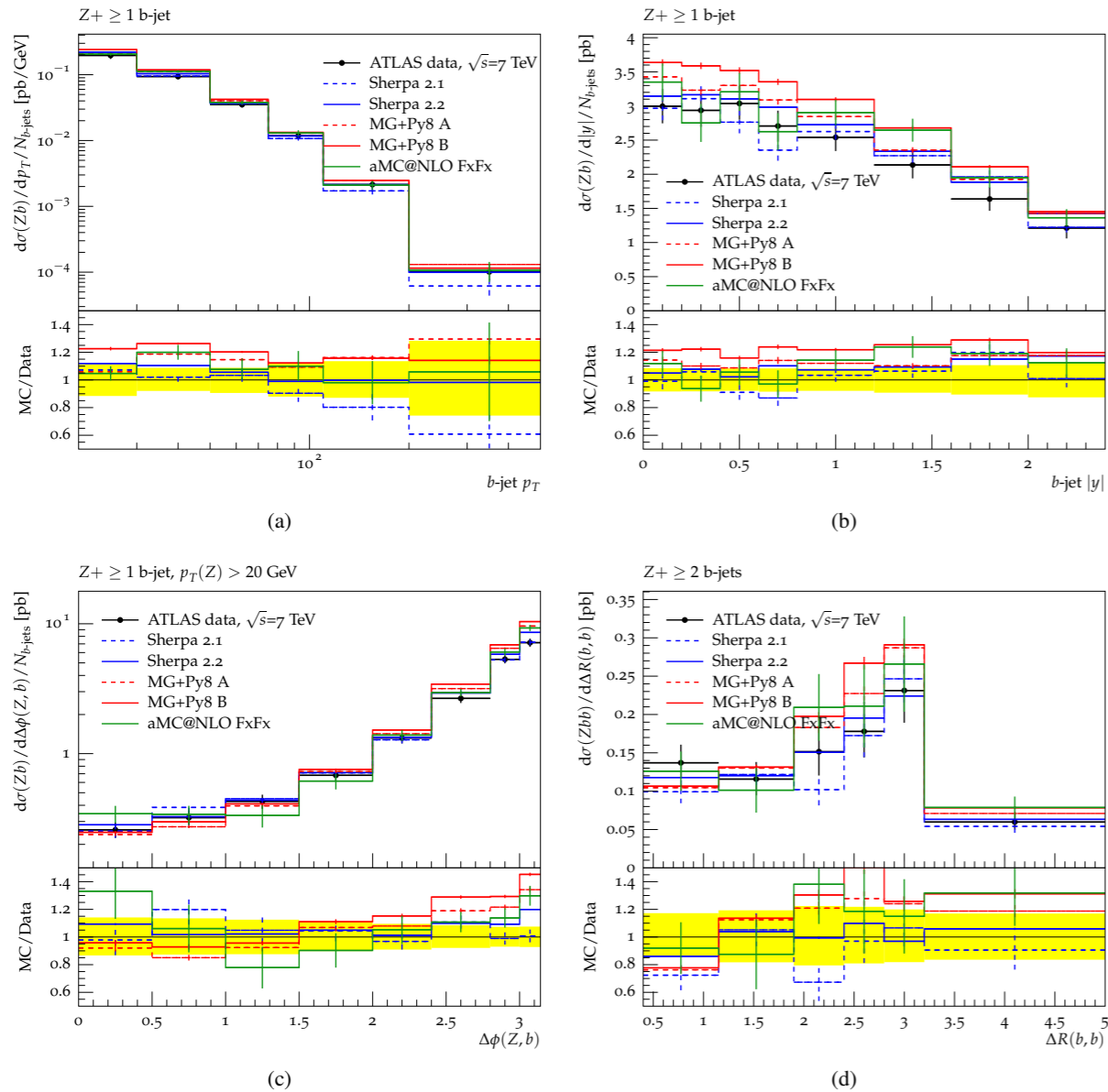


Figure 5: Transverse momentum (a) and rapidity (b) of b -jets in Z events, and (c) $\Delta\phi$ between the Z and b -jet for the Z+ b -jets analysis at 7 TeV. For Z events with at least two b -jets, (d) ΔR between the two leading b -jets. No k-factor is applied to the aMC@NLO sample.

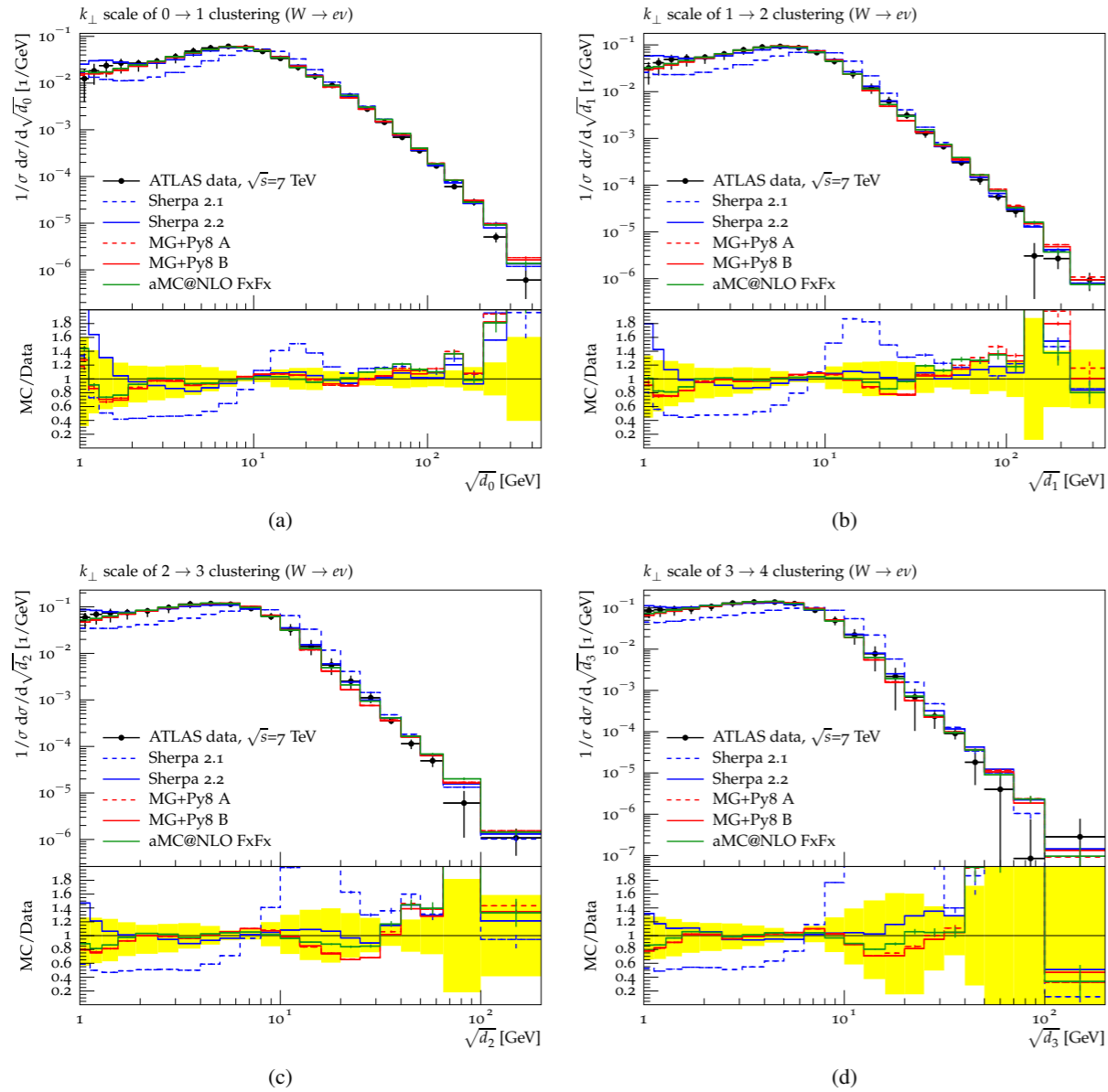


Figure 6: k_{\perp} scale of the (a) $0 \rightarrow 1$, (b) $1 \rightarrow 2$, (c) $2 \rightarrow 3$, and (d) $3 \rightarrow 4$ clusterings in the W +jets analysis at 7 TeV. No k-factor is applied to the aMC@NLO sample.

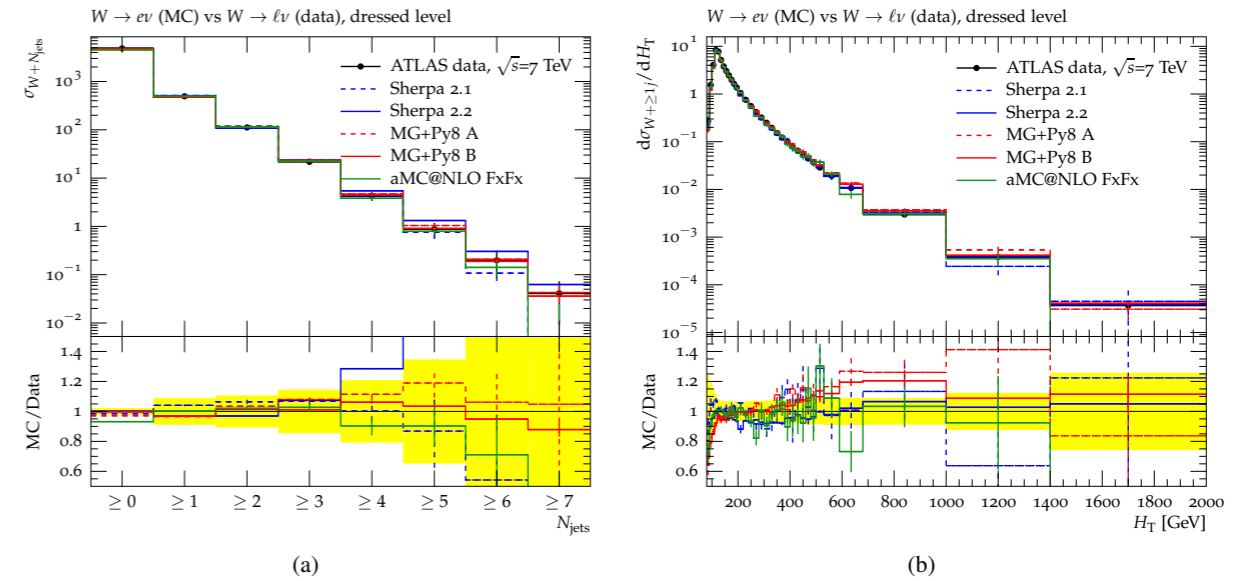


Figure 7: The (a) inclusive jet multiplicity and (b) H_T in the 7 TeV W +jets analysis. No k-factor is applied to the aMC@NLO sample.

ATLAS MC note: W+jets

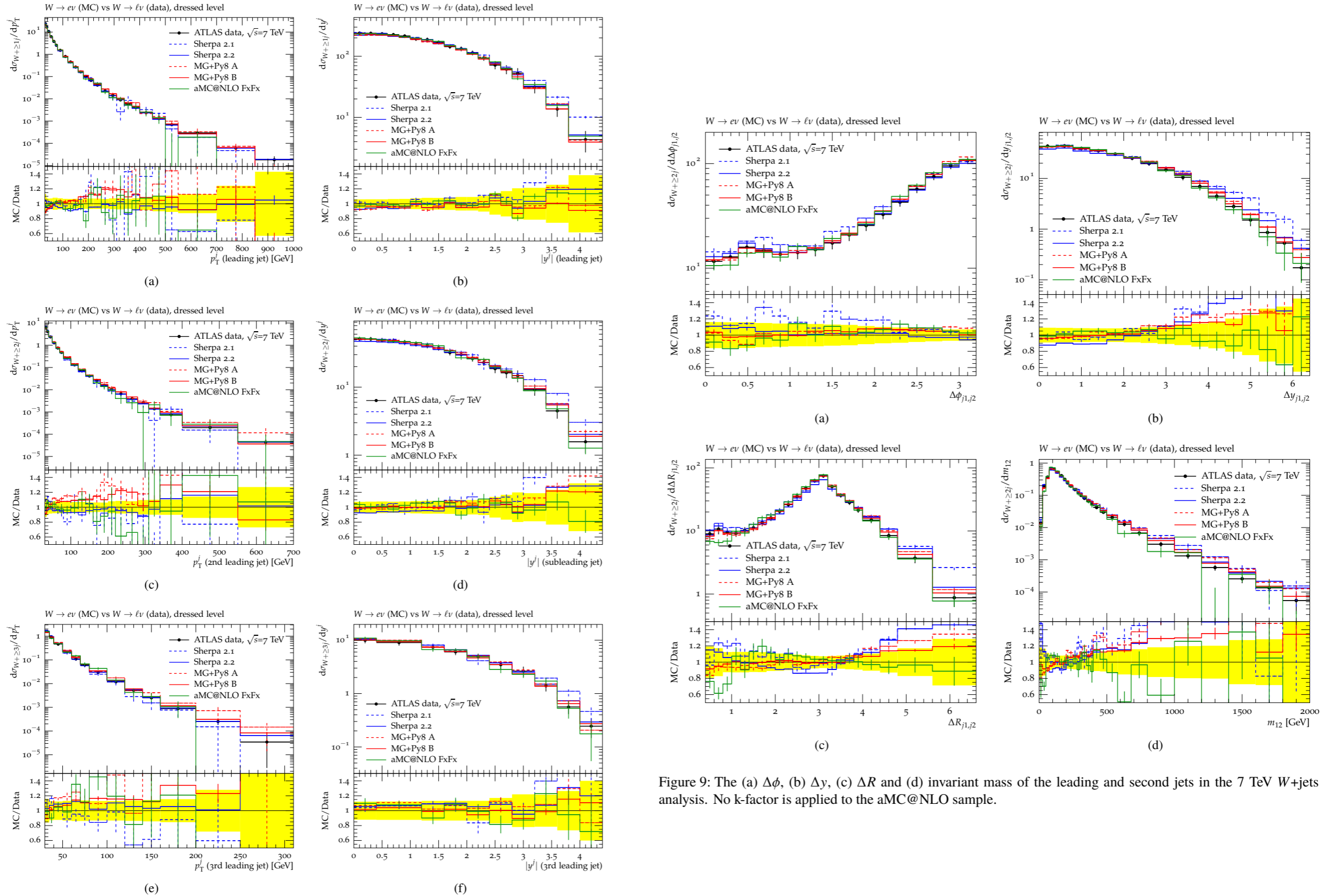
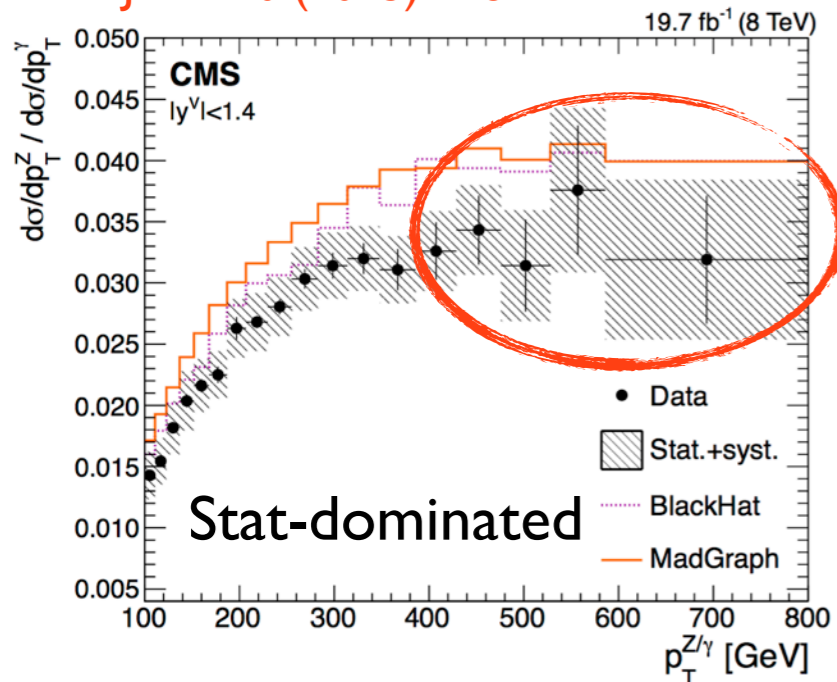


Figure 8: The p_T and rapidity of the (a,b) leading, (c, d) subleading (e,f) third jets in the 7 TeV W +jets analysis. No k-factor is applied to the aMC@NLO sample.

Figure 9: The (a) $\Delta\phi$, (b) Δy , (c) ΔR and (d) invariant mass of the leading and second jets in the 7 TeV W +jets analysis. No k-factor is applied to the aMC@NLO sample.

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- Z+j/ γ +j ratio of pt spectra:

- ▶ partial cancellation of uncertainties (jets,...), hence gets to more precision

- ▶ Useful for SUSY search (control Z via γ)

- Run I: up to 800 GeV

- ▶ LO→NLO (**QCD**): effect on ratio is very small

- ▶ Adding **EWK**: effect on ratio:

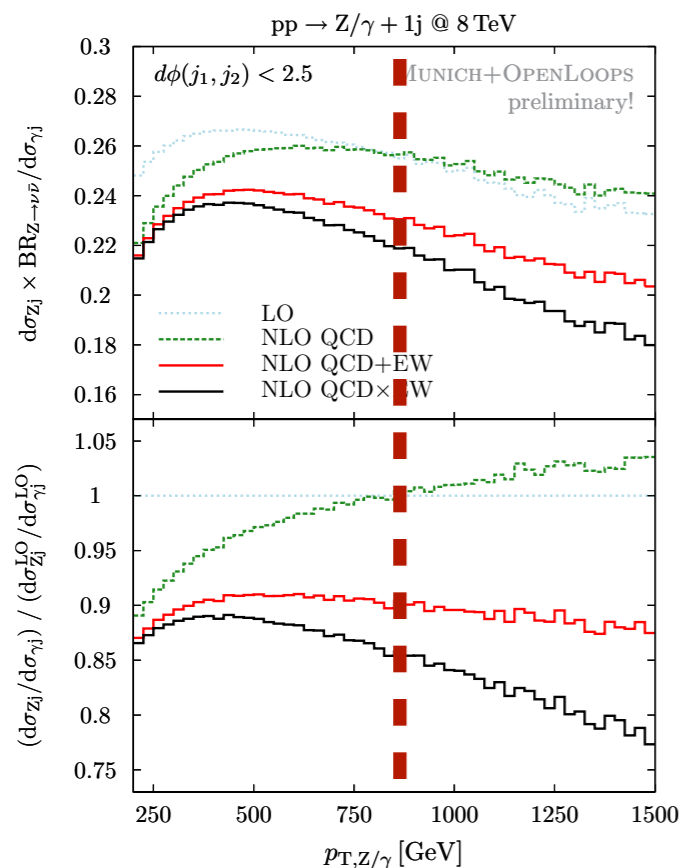
- ▶ -15% at 600 GeV (Run I), but large exp. uncertainty

- ▶ -20% at 1.5 TeV

- At 13 TeV, expect sensitivity to **EWK** corrections at 500-600 GeV?

- ▶ Below, exp. systematics might still dominate

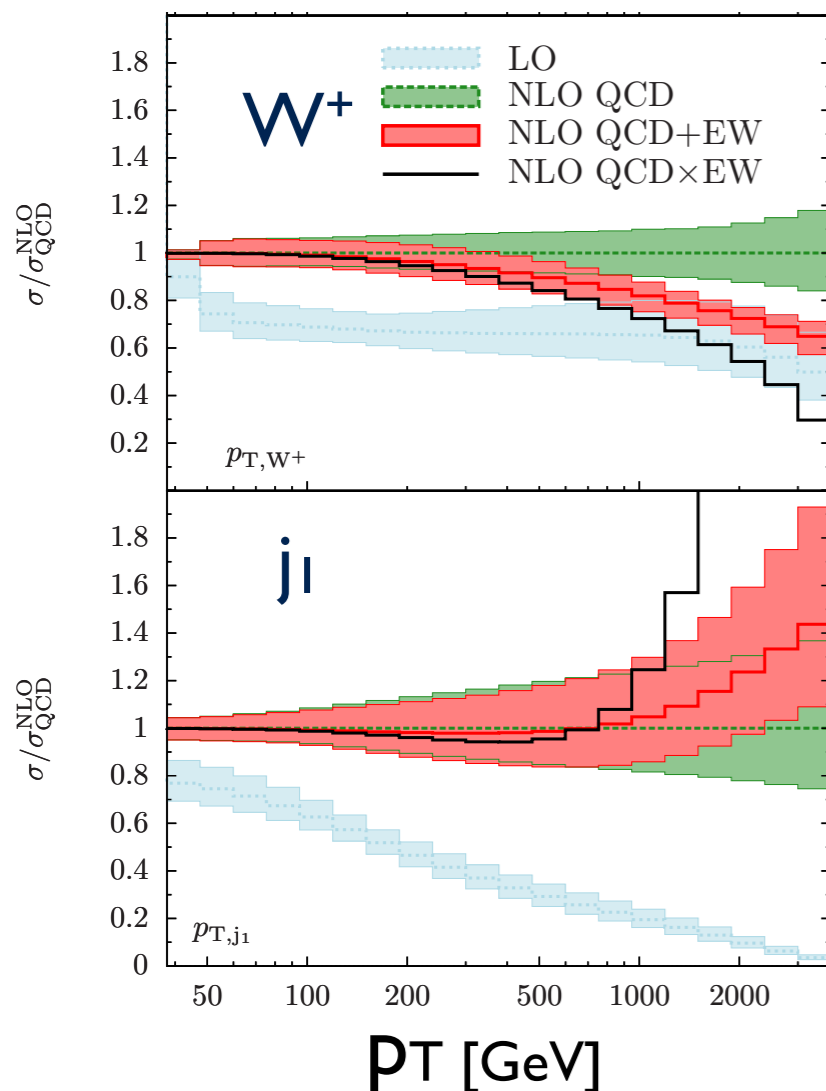
- What effect for W/Z ratio (better exp. cancellation)?



Kallweit et al., [arXiv:1511.08692](https://arxiv.org/abs/1511.08692)

Kallweit et al., arXiv:1511.08692

$pp \rightarrow W^+ + 1j @ 13 \text{ TeV}$



- Test NLO QCD+EWK correction:

- ▶ W Pt

- ▶ LO \rightarrow NLO (**QCD**): +100% above $\sim 200 \text{ GeV}$

- ▶ Adding **EW**:

- ▶ -10% at $\sim 600 \text{ GeV}$ (8 TeV data)

- ▶ -40% at 2 TeV

- ▶ Jet pt:

- ▶ LO \rightarrow NLO (**QCD**): +1000% in tail

- ▶ Adding **EW**:

- ▶ probably no sensitivity for Run I ($\sim 1 \text{ TeV}$)

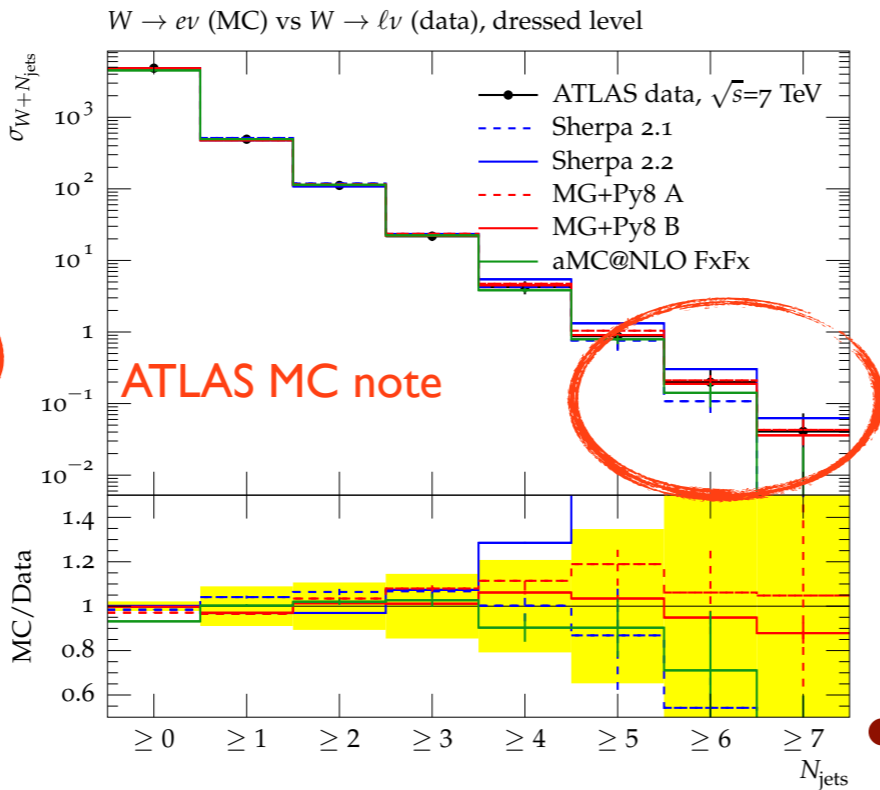
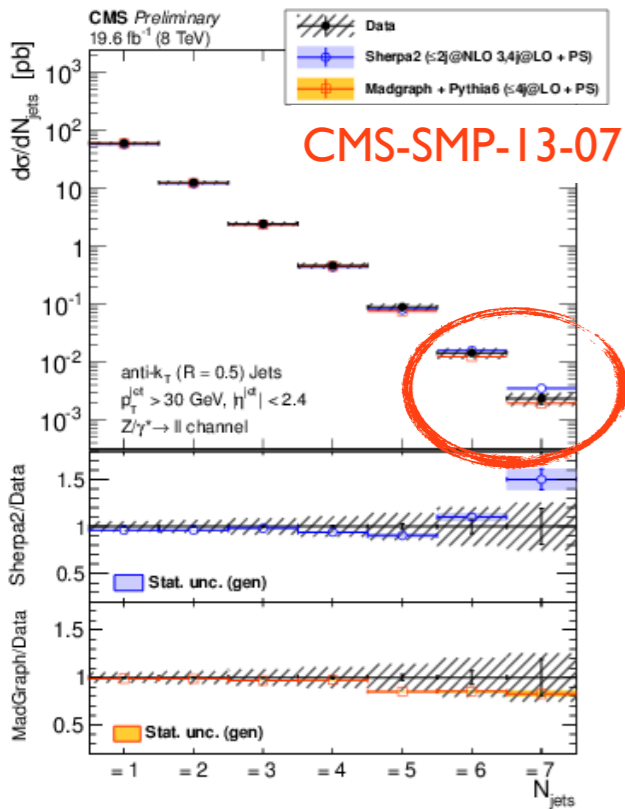
- ▶ +10% at 1.5 TeV (Run II)

- Test NNLO QCD:

- ▶ Gehrmann-De Ridder et al., arXiv:1507.02850, Boughezal et al., arXiv:1512.01291, Boughezal et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 062002 (2015)

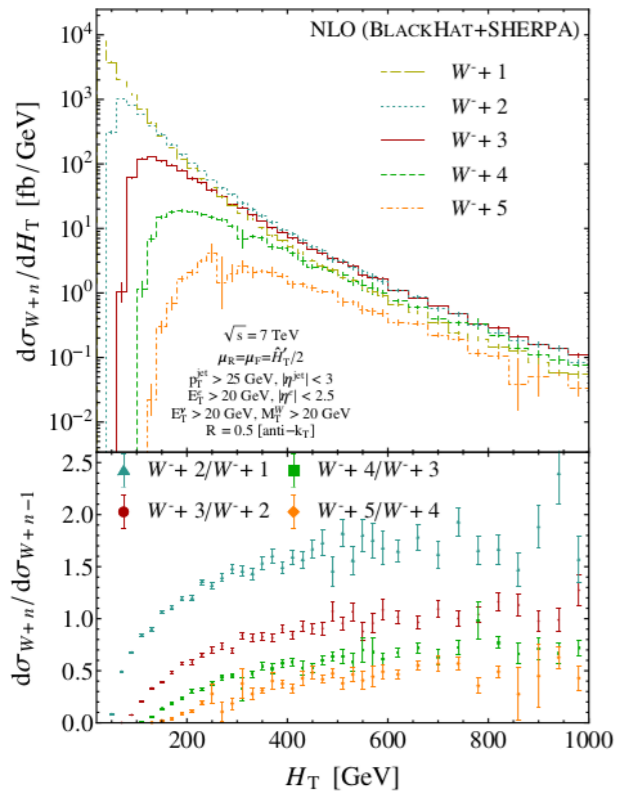
- Run II will be a nice playground for all of this

For Run II: V+n jets/V+jets: predict higher jet multiplicities



- Predict large number of jets at NLO is complex. One possibility:
 - ▶ Use NLO pred. for $\sigma(V+n \text{ jet})/\sigma(V+(n-1) \text{ jet})$ to estimate $\sigma(V+n+1 \text{ jet})$.
 - ▶ Ratio: partial cancellation of experimental (jet,..) and theoretical (scale, PDF,..) uncertainties
 - ▶ Fit to derive the evolution of a given distribution when passing from n-1 to n jets
 - ▶ Propagate to n+1, including uncertainties
- W+n+1 jet xsec
- Differential? Example with H_T in W+jets

Bern et al. Phys. Rev. D 92, 014008 (2015)



fit and get the parameters dependency to n jets

