

# **Jet Flavour Tagging for TeV Jets**

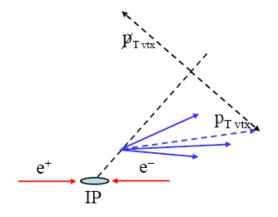
Tomáš Laštovička, University of Oxford CLIC09,15/10/2009 @ CERN

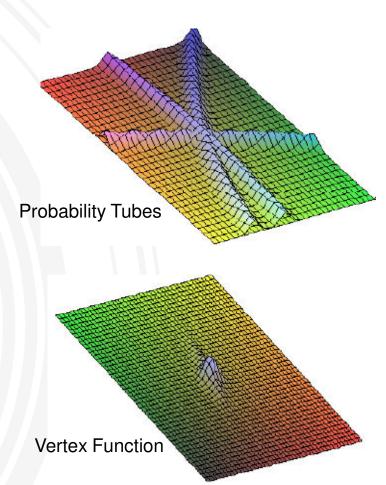
### **Overview**

- LCFI Package
- Monte Carlo Samples
- Jet Tag Performance and Comparisons
- Neural Net Inputs and Optimisation
- Current and Future Work
- Summary

# LCFI Package

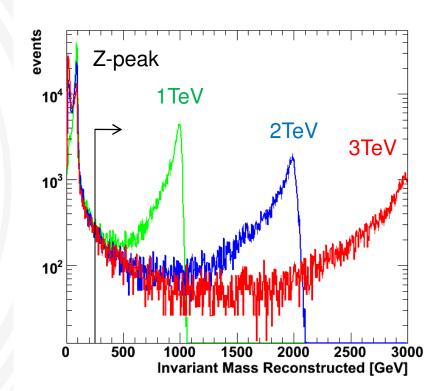
- Used for jet flavour tagging and secondary vertex reconstruction.
- Topological vertex finder ZVRES.
- Standard LCIO input/output
  - Marlin environment (used for both ILD/SiD)
- Flavour tagging based on Neural Nets.
  - Combine several variables (more details later)





# **Monte Carlo Samples I**

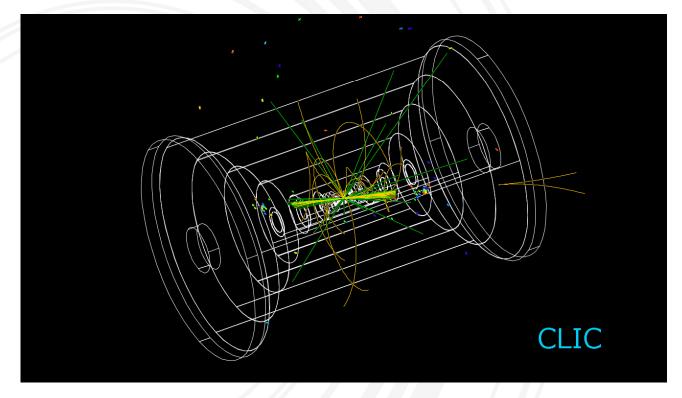
- Generated with CalcHEP 2.5.j
  - 500GeV, 1TeV, 2TeV, 3TeV center of mass energy
  - di-jets (e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> → qqbar) with ISR, no beamstrahlung
- Decayed and fragmented with Pythia 6.4.10
- 50k events for b,c and {u,d,s}
  - event weights are accounted for
- s-channel events frequently intensively "boosted" along z-axis due to high energy ISR
  - radiative return to the Z-peak
  - ~80% of s-channel b-events
  - cut on invariant mass (>250GeV)



# **Monte Carlo Samples II**

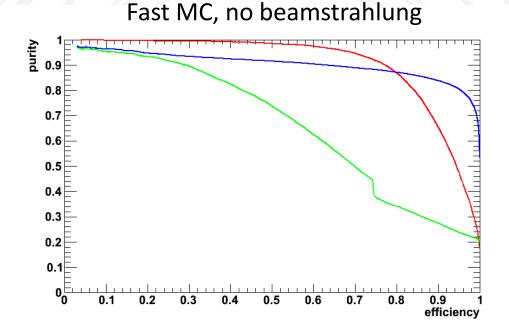
- Events passed to FastMC using both SiD (sid02) and CLIC (clic01\_sid) geometries.
- LCFI package run locally in Oxford (2x4x3x50k = 1.2M events in about 2 days)

3TeV bB-event vtx+tracker

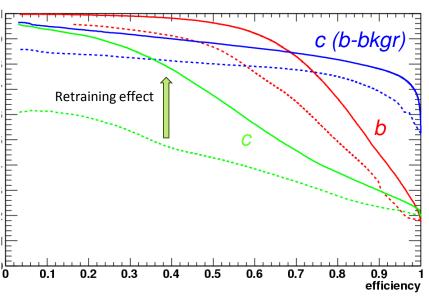


### 500GeV SiD

- A comparison to the previous (LoI) SiD result which was done with full digitisation/simulation, PFA and beamstrahlung effects.
  - Neural Nets need to be retrained (see dashed (default NNs) vs full line)
  - b-tag slightly better while c-tag is slightly worse, generally reasonable agreement.

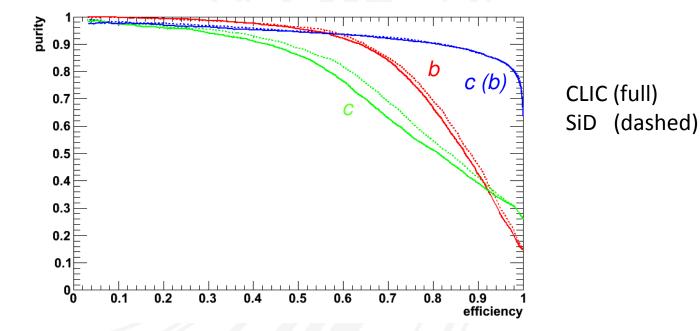


#### SiD LoI, full sim/dig/rec



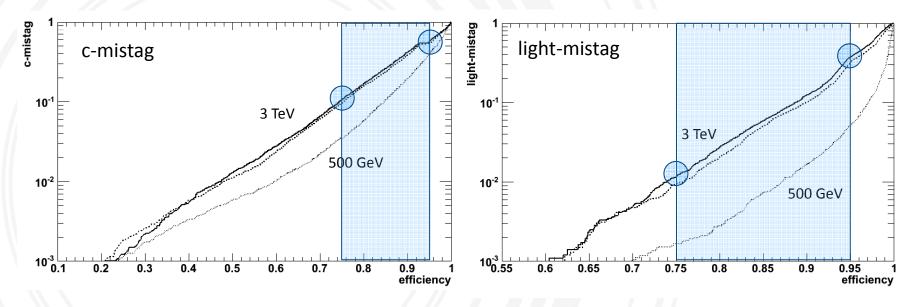
# 3TeV SiD vs. CLIC Geometry

- Purity vs. efficiency is perhaps not the best plot to look at, it involves cross sections and various acceptance effects.
- Comparison of SiD and CLIC geometry at 3 TeV (Z-peak removed)
  - SiD geometry slightly over-performs CLIC geometry due to better resolution (especially where light quarks are involved) – keep in mind that this is FastMC
  - At 3TeV more b-quarks decay after 15mm (1st SiD vtx layer) needs full sim/rec to study.



# Mistag Efficiency vs. B-tag Efficiency I

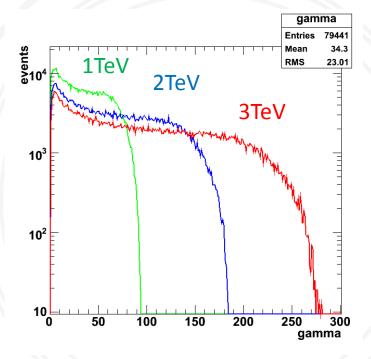
- Mistag efficiency vs. tag efficiency are less affected by cross sections/acceptance effects.
- B-tag NN example
  - This net was trained to separate b jets from both light and c-jets, not against c-jets only



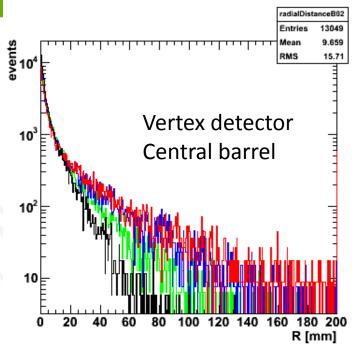
B-Tag efficiency region discussed yesterday by Marco for H<sup>0</sup>A<sup>0</sup> Mistag rate runs from 10% (1%) to huge 60% (40%) for c (light) jets!

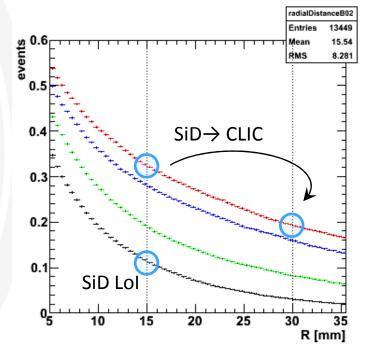
# **Decay Vertices of B-mesons**

- B-mesons are significantly more boosted at 3TeV.
  - And decay further from the interaction point.
  - In the central region, about 33% of B0s decay after 15mm (1<sup>st</sup> SiD layer) and 20% after 30mm @ 3TeV.



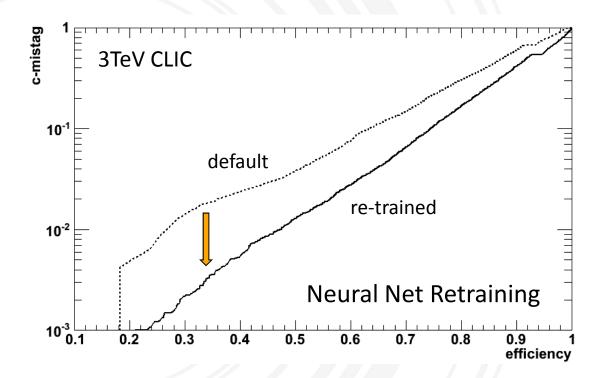






# **LCFI Package Optimisation I**

- LCFI package optimisation for 3TeV case is important
  - Neural Net re-training absolutely essential
  - Package parameters to be tuned and (very likely) new ideas needed
  - Forward regions to be studied more carefully



# **LCFI Package Optimisation II**

- Optimisation is not only a matter of Neural Net retraining. The package has plenty of parameters:
  - Track selection params
  - ZVRES params
  - Flavour Tag params
  - Vertex Charge params

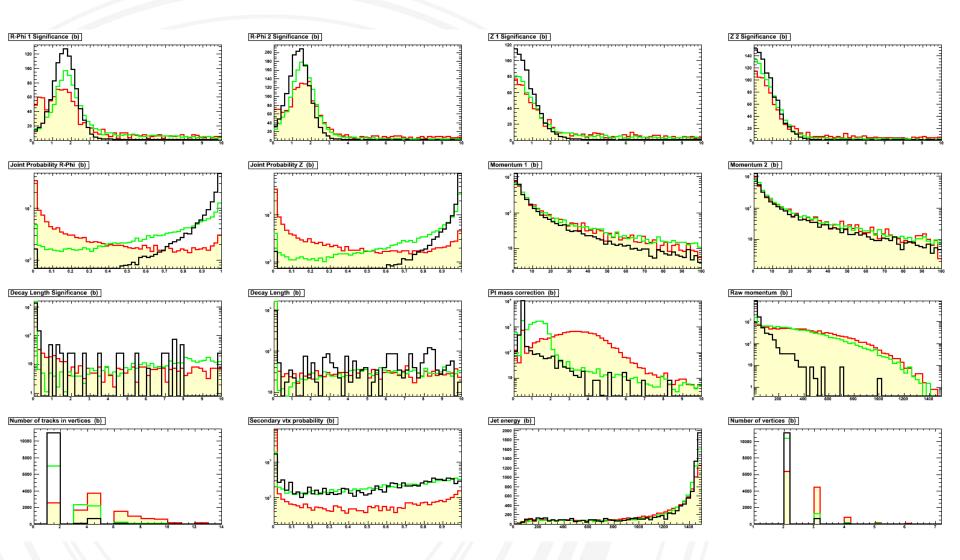
ZVRES		flavour tag		vertex charge	
parameter	value	parameter	value	parameter	value
$w_{ m IP}$	1	$N_L$	5	$T_{\rm qb,max} \ ({\rm mm})$	1
k	0.125	$p_{\rm trk,NL,min}$ (GeV)	1	$(L/D)_{\rm qb,max}$	2.5
$R_0$	0.6	$p_{\text{trk,NL-1,min}}(\text{GeV})$	2	$(L/D)_{ m qb,min}$	0.18
$\chi^2_{ m TRIM}$	10	$N_{ m trks,min}$	1	$T_{\rm qc,max} \ ({\rm mm})$	1
$\chi_0^2$	10	$\chi^2_{ m norm,max}$	20	$(L/D)_{\rm qc,max}$	2.5
		$T_{\rm max}~({ m mm})$	1	$(L/D)_{\rm qc,min}$	0.5
		$(L/D)_{\text{max}}$	2.5		
		$(L/D)_{\min}$	0.18		
		$N_{\sigma,\max}$	2		
		$w_{ m PT,max}$	3		
		$w_{\rm corr,max}$	2		
		$(b/\sigma_b)_{\mathrm{cut}}$	200		

Track Selection Parameters							
Parameter		IP Fit	Vertexing	Flavour Tagging			
$\chi^2/$ ndf of track fit		5	4	-			
$R - \phi$ impact parameter $d_0$ (mm)		20	2	20			
$z$ impact parameter $z_0$ (mm)		20	5	20			
$d_0$ uncertainty (mm)	<	-	0.007	-			
$z_0$ uncertainty (mm)	<	-	0.025	-			
$\operatorname{track} p_T (\operatorname{GeV})$	>	0.1	0.2	0.1			

# **Neural Net Inputs**

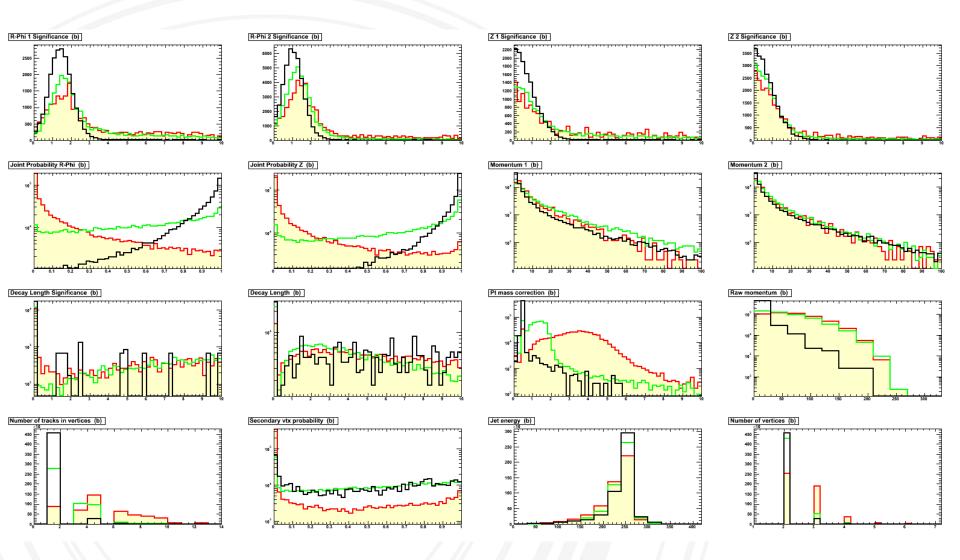
- LCFI package classifies jets in one of three Neural Nets based on #vtx
  - 1 vertex (only IP vertex), 8 Inputs
    - R-Phi and Z significance of 2 leading tracks and their momenta
    - Joint R-Phi and Z Probability
  - 2 vertices
    - Decay Length and its significance
    - Pt mass correction
    - Raw momentum
    - Number of tracks in vertices
    - Secondary vtx probability
    - Joint R-Phi and Z Probability
  - 3+ vertices, NN Inputs just as for the 2 vertices but separate NN.

# **Neural Net Inputs 3TeV – CLIC Geometry**



Page ■ 13

# **Neural Net Inputs 500GeV - SiD**

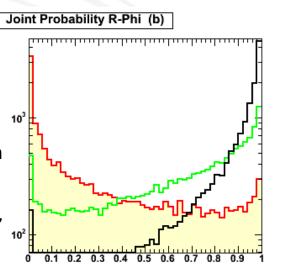


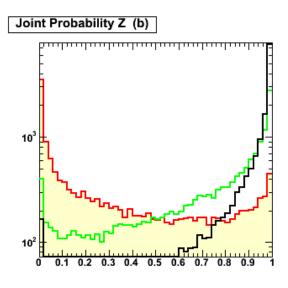
Page ■ 14

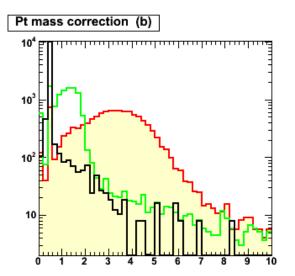
### **Selected Neural Net Inputs**

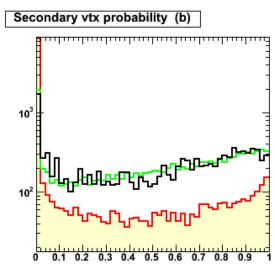
#### Most relevant NN inputs are

- joint probabilities in both R-Phi and Z coordinates
- Pt mass corrections for cases with secondary vertices.
- Also secondary vertex probability, raw vertex momentum etc.









### **Current Work**

- Neural Net training automatised
  - FANN package used instead of default LCFI NN package
    - Much faster and better training algorithms.
    - No need for GRID, can be quickly run on a laptop.
  - Options to go for 3x3 neural nets (LCFI default)
  - Or simply 3 nets, 1 per tag (SiD Lol preffered)
- XML writer written for FANN
  - To write out NNs in LCFI NN xml format
  - Not tested yet.
- FANN setup can be used for physics analyses (and it was for SiD LoI).

#### **Future Work**

### LCFI Package Optimisation

- First draft version of parameter+nets based on FastMC
- Full Sim/Rec studies required

#### Forward tagging

- "Neglected" for 500GeV ILC where tagging based on central events.
- Important for 3TeV physics.

### Physics

- Test the tagging performance with all backgrounds, PFA, ...
- Examples: H<sup>0</sup>A<sup>0</sup>, vvH, vvH<sup>0</sup>H<sup>0</sup>, Higgs branching ratios, bB, tT, ...
  - Don't forget about c-tagging: for 120GeV SM Higgs BR is ~3% vs ~70% for bB
- Essential for tagging evaluation!

# **Summary**

We have analysed FastMC so far: experience from LoI tells us that the full simulation and reconstruction is essential as well as full inclusion of beam backgrounds.

At this stage, 3TeV CLIC b- and c- tagging requires future work, LCFI package can't be used in its 500GeV version.

The package must be optimised for 3TeV CLIC and its neural nets retrained.

Physics analyses will provide a real benchmark of the tagging performance in a more realistic environment.

# Challenge