

36th International Symposium on Physics in Collision (PIC 2016)

13–17 September 2016, Quy Nhon (Vietnam)



Search for additional Higgs Bosons

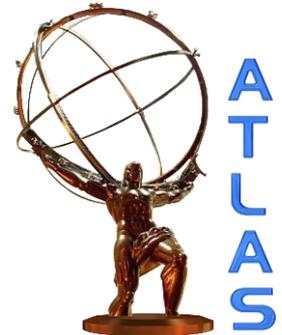
Somnath Choudhury

(for the ATLAS and CMS collaborations)

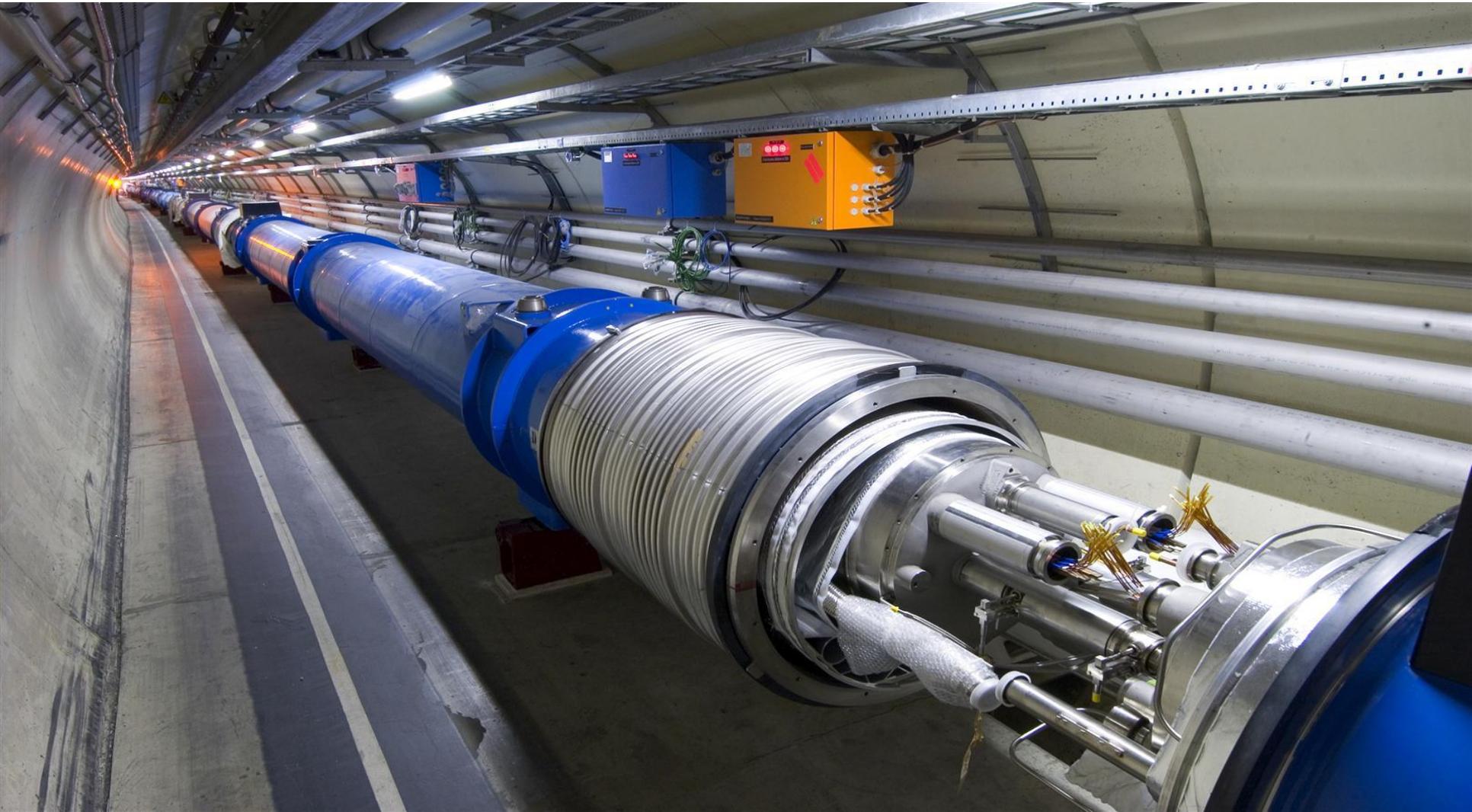


Outline – Run 1 and Run 2 Results

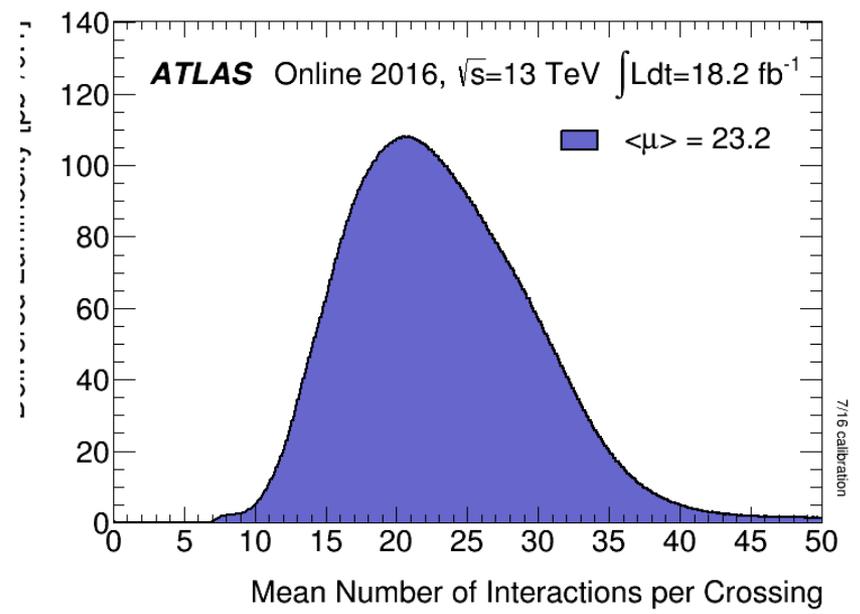
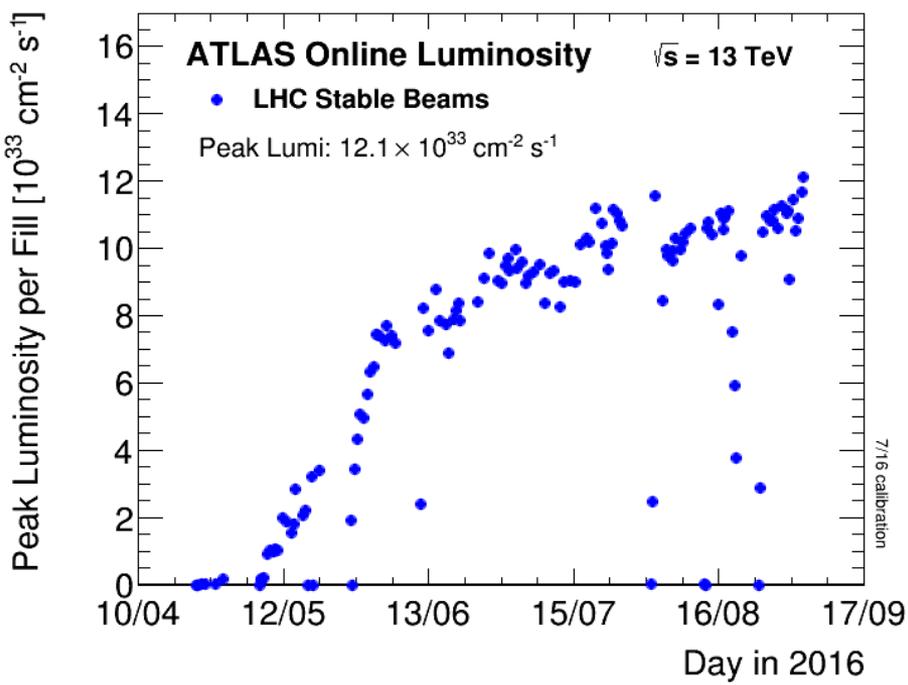
- LHC & the detectors
- BSM Higgs Searches
 - MSSM Neutral Higgs
 - MSSM Charged Higgs
 - Light NMSSM Higgs
 - Heavy Higgs searches
 - LFV Higgs decay
 - Invisible Higgs decay
- Summary & Outlook



The Large Hadron Collider



<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/LuminosityPublicResultsRun2>



ATLAS luminosity is determined using counting rates measured by the luminosity detectors, and is based on preliminary analysis of van-der-Meer beam-separation scans in 2016



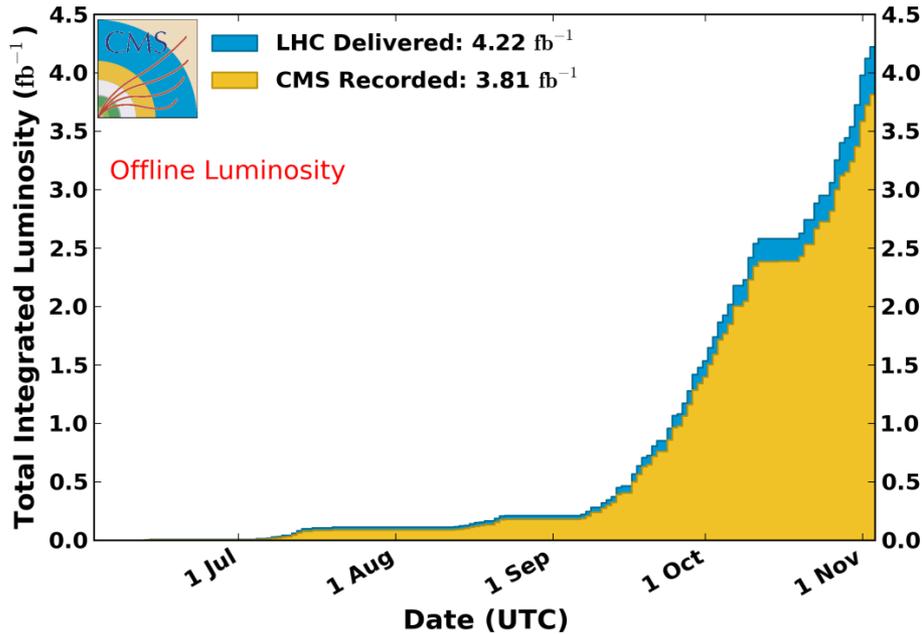
The LHC Run-2



<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/LumiPublicResults>

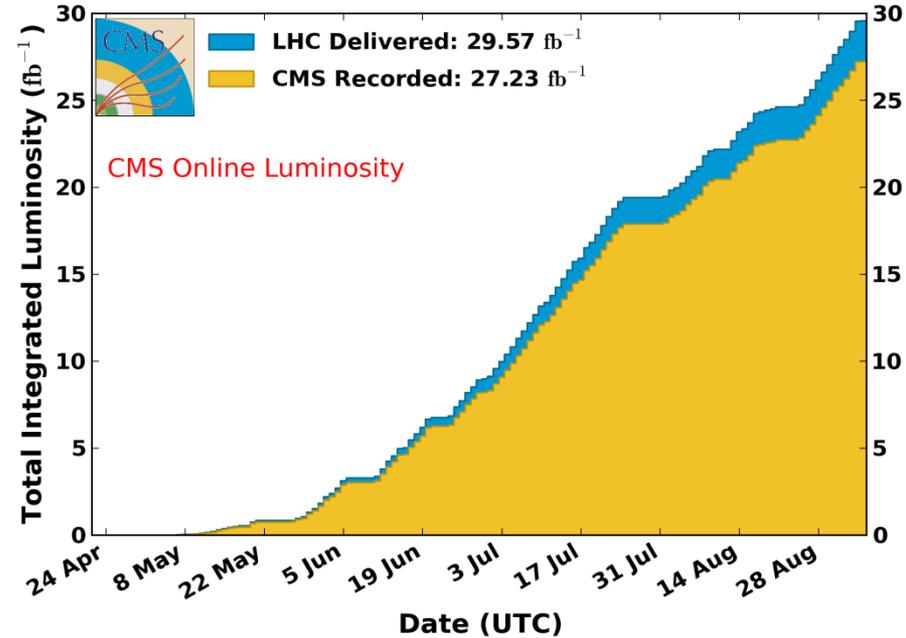
CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2015, $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

Data included from 2015-06-03 08:41 to 2015-11-03 06:25 UTC



CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2016, $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

Data included from 2016-04-22 22:48 to 2016-09-05 00:35 UTC

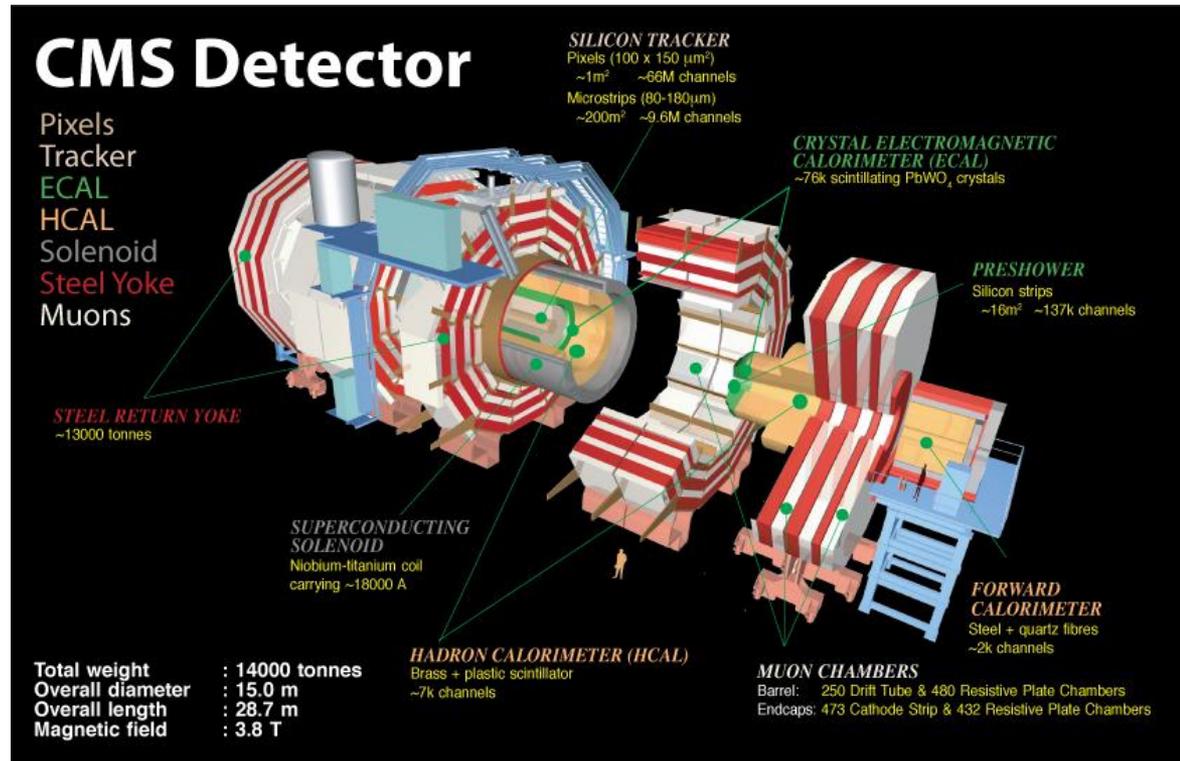


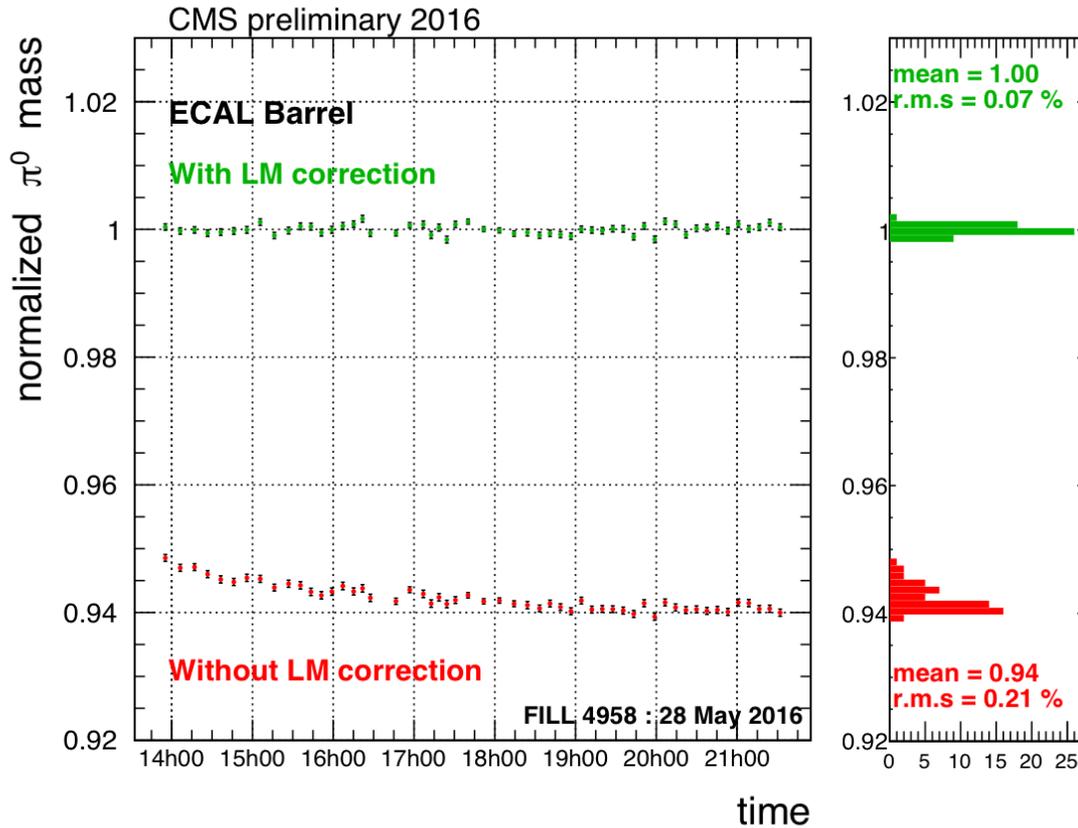
So far in 2016, LHC has delivered **1.2 times nominal instantaneous lumi**
Already at 30 fb^{-1} with few more weeks of running left in 2016...
If LHC continues at the same pace, could deliver **over 40 fb^{-1}** in 2016

The Detectors

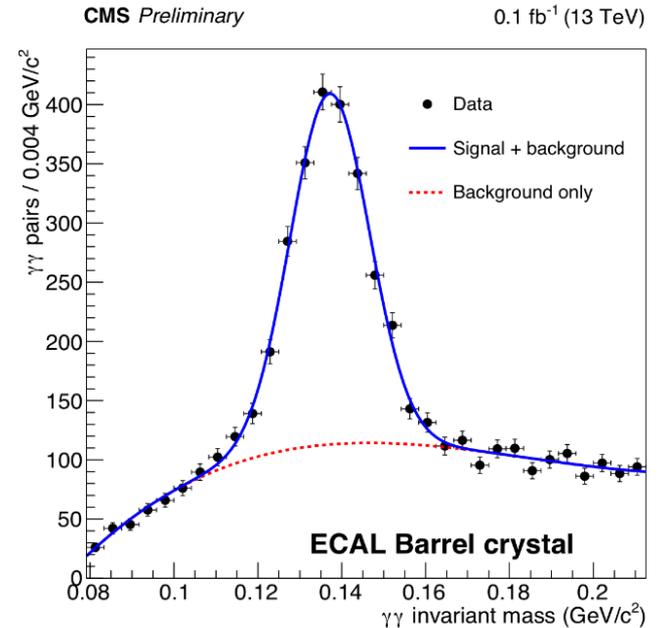
3.8 T superconducting solenoid envelop:

- Tracker (silicon pixel and strip detectors) $|\eta| < 2.5$
- ECAL (PbWO₄ crystals)
- HCAL (brass/scintillator samplers)
- Muon system – gas ionization detectors embedded in steel return yoke outside the solenoid, $|\eta| < 2.4$
Drift Tubes, Cathode Strips and Resistive Plate Chambers





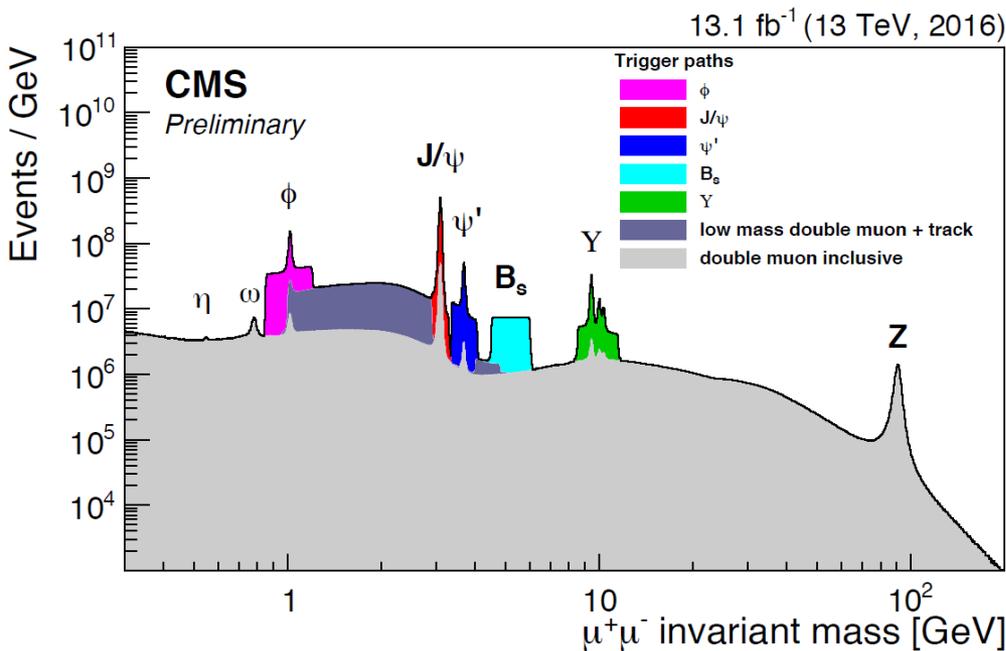
CMS-DP-2016-031



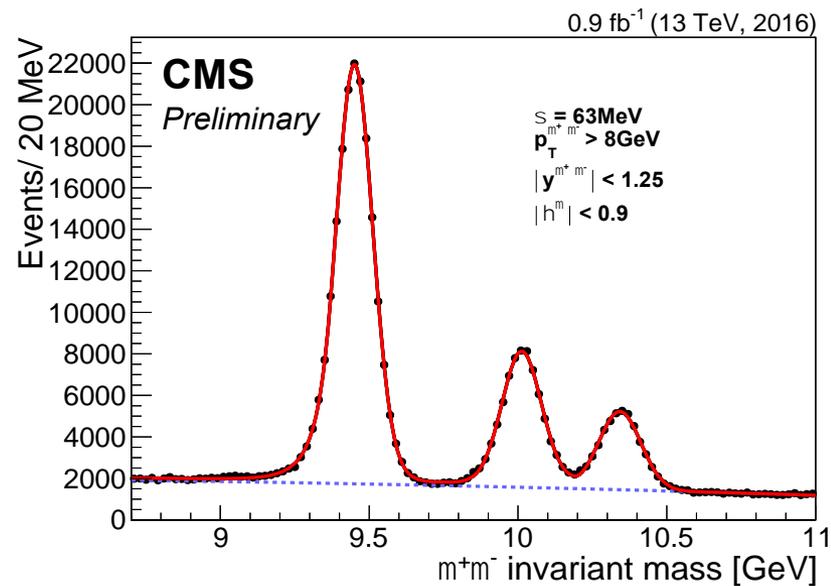
ECAL calibration uses a laser to monitor and correct for transparency loss

Stability of the relative energy scale measured from invariant mass distribution of $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ decays in the ECAL Barrel

CMS DP -2016/059

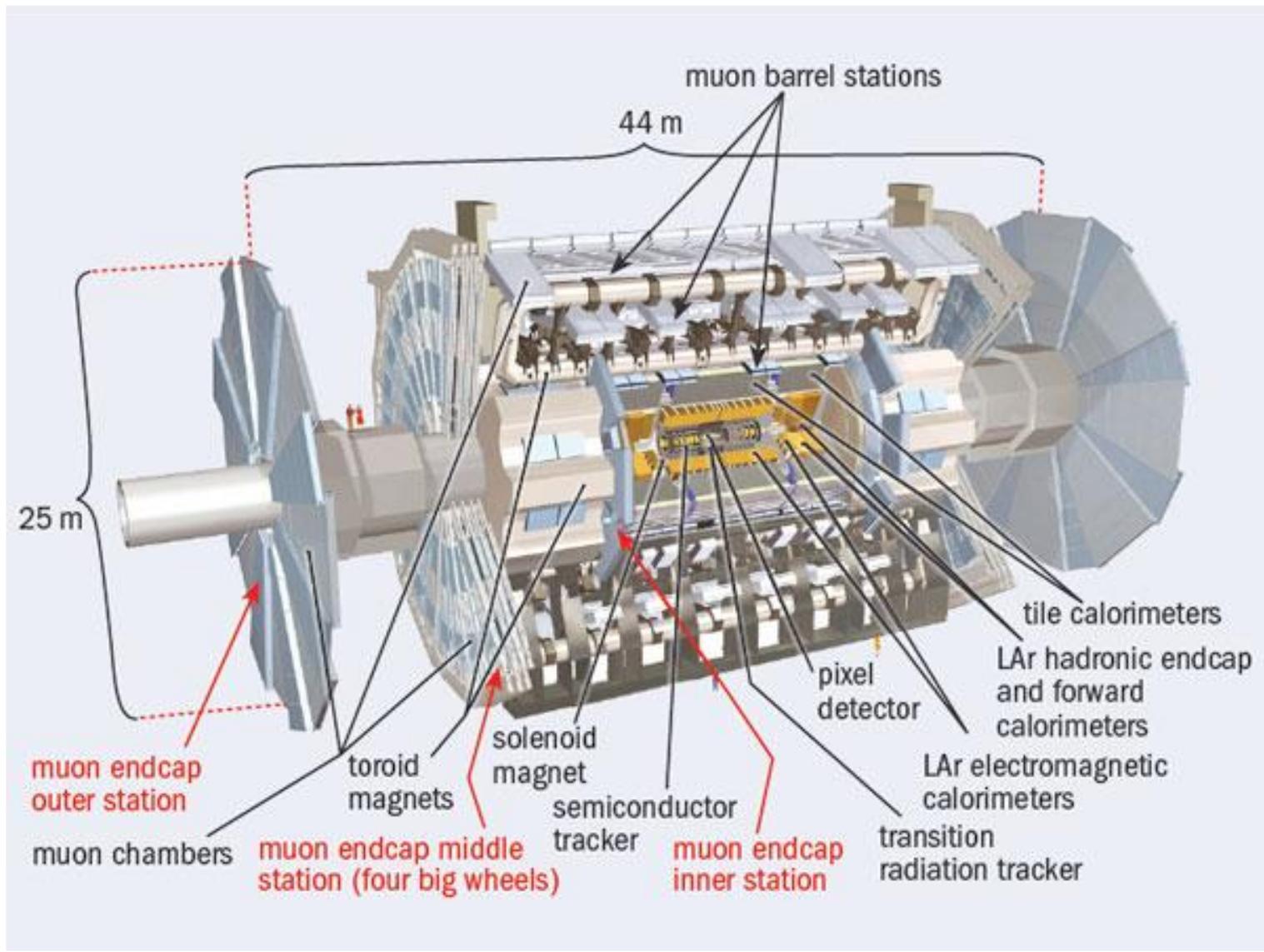


CMS-DP-2016-027

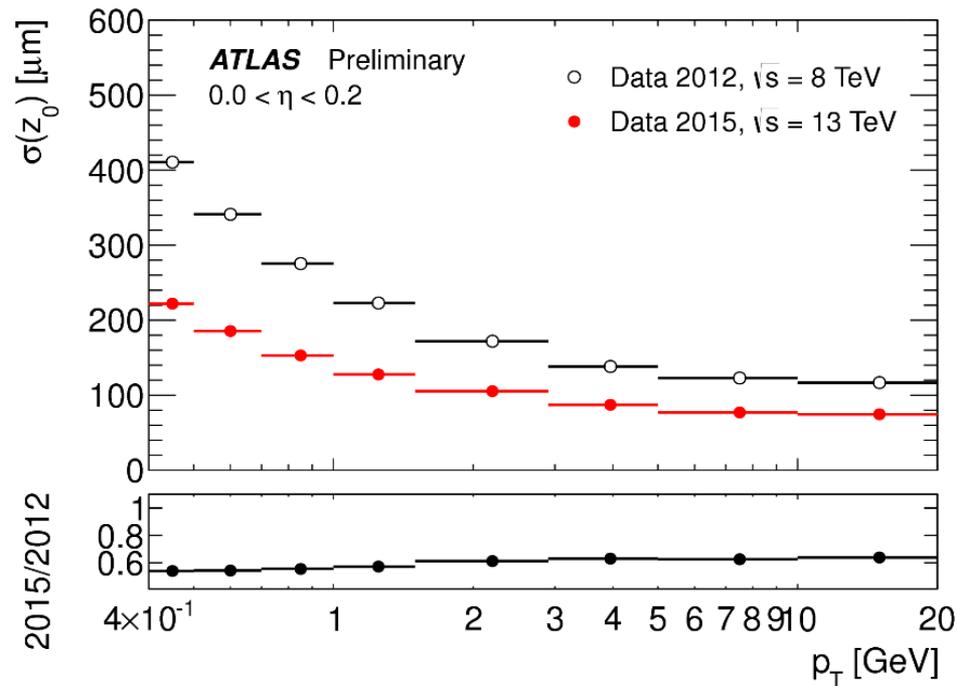
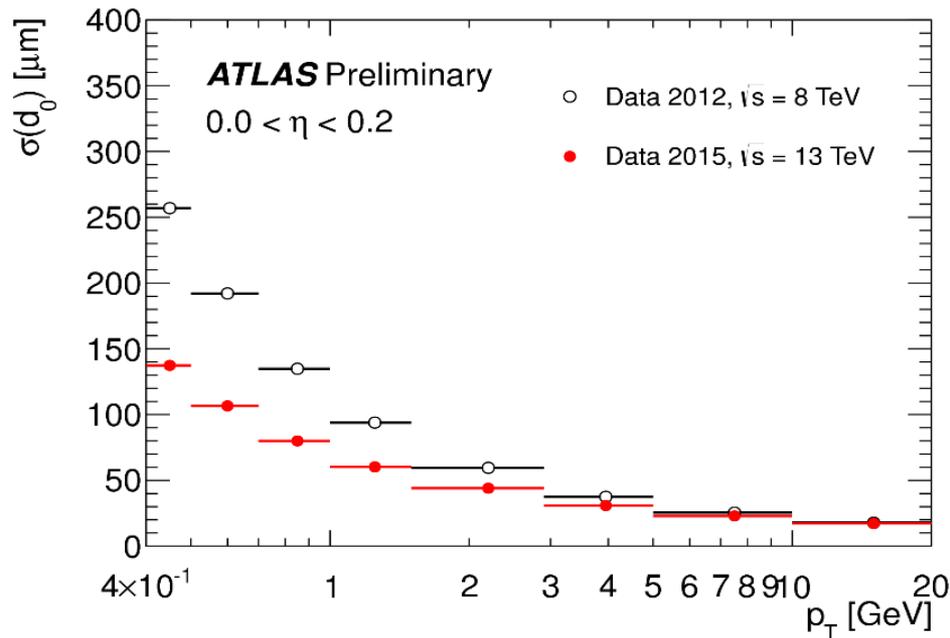


CMS muon detectors cover a wide range of kinematics

... this comes directly from the High Level Trigger selection of muons
 "out of the box"...



<https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PLOTS/IDTR-2015-007>

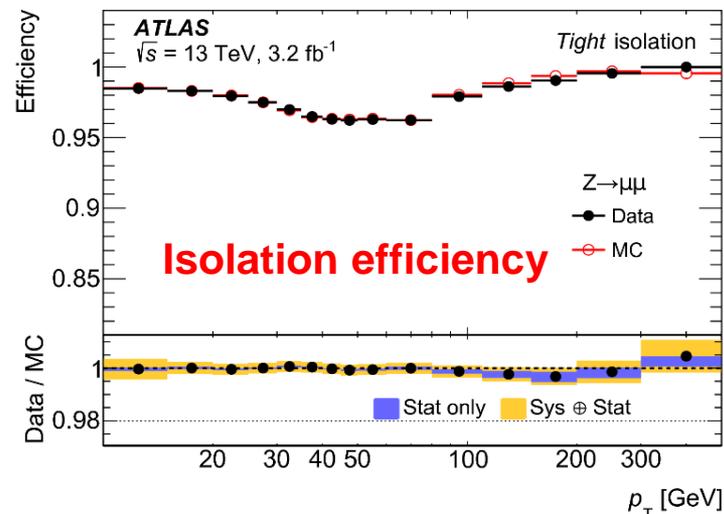
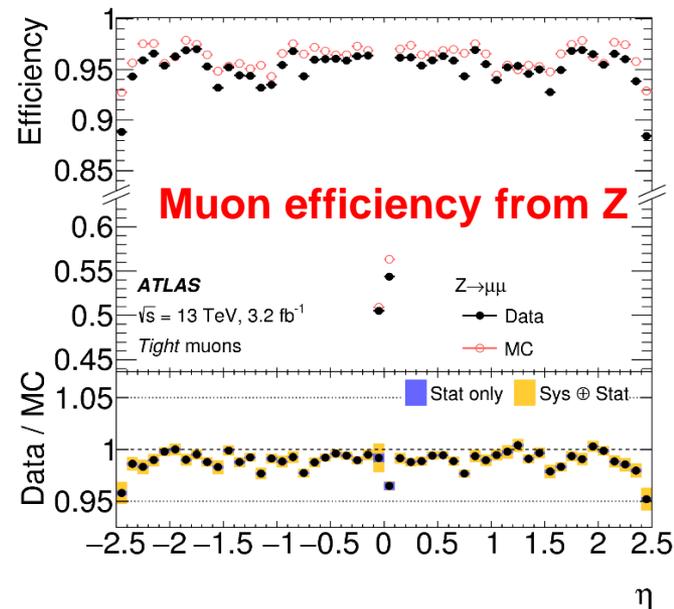
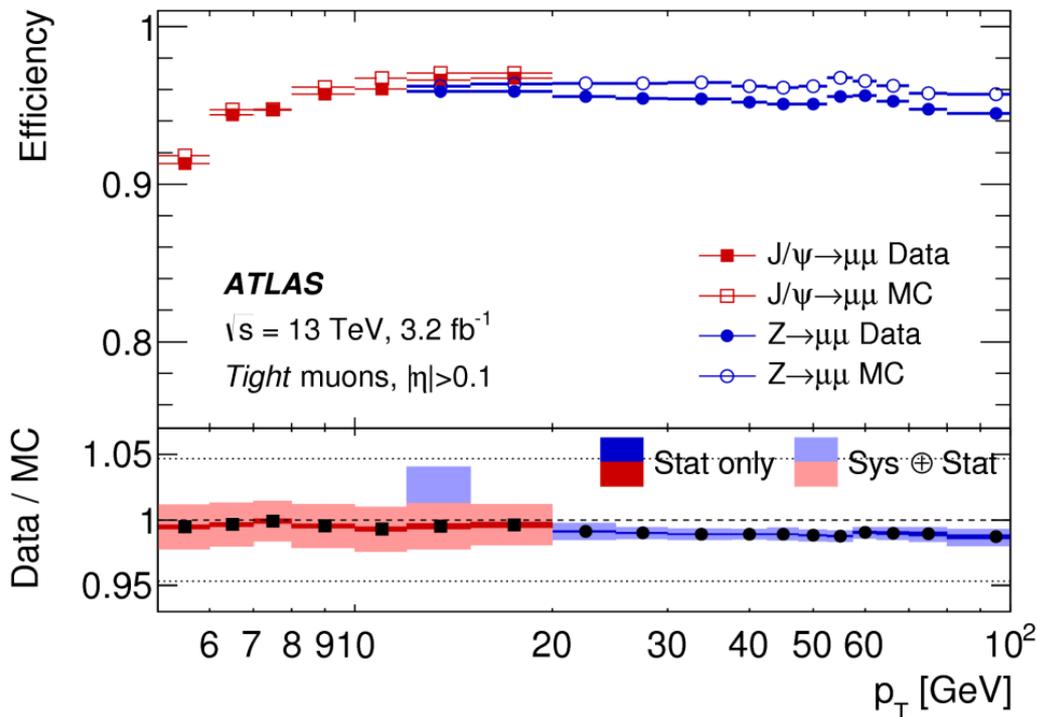


Insertable 4th pixel layer with planar and 3D sensors; at R=33 mm from the beam line, mounted on the new smaller beam-pipe

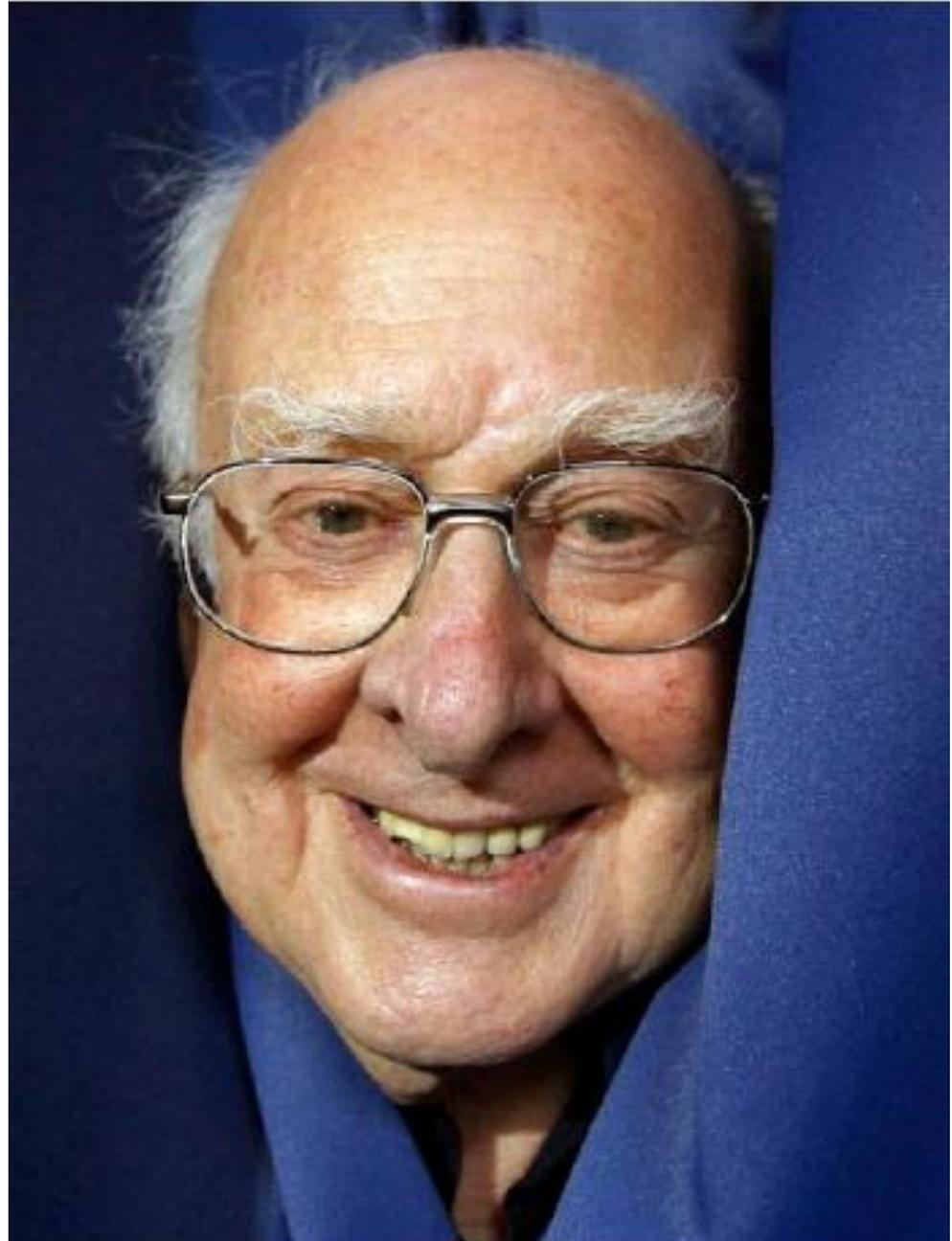
Impact parameter significantly improved in Run 2 after IBL– up to a factor 2 at low p_T

Eur. Phys. J. C 76 (2016) 292

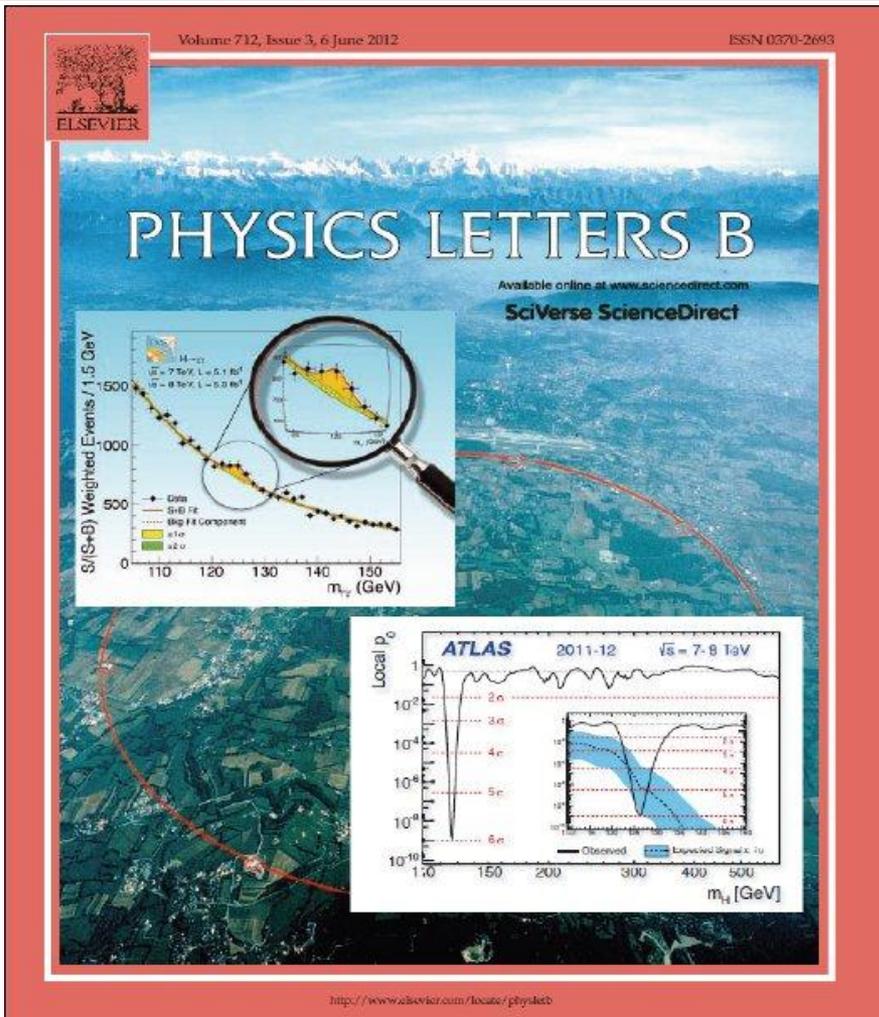
- ATLAS Muon spectrometer running smoothly
- Alignment $\sim 50 \mu\text{m}$ for both barrel and endcap



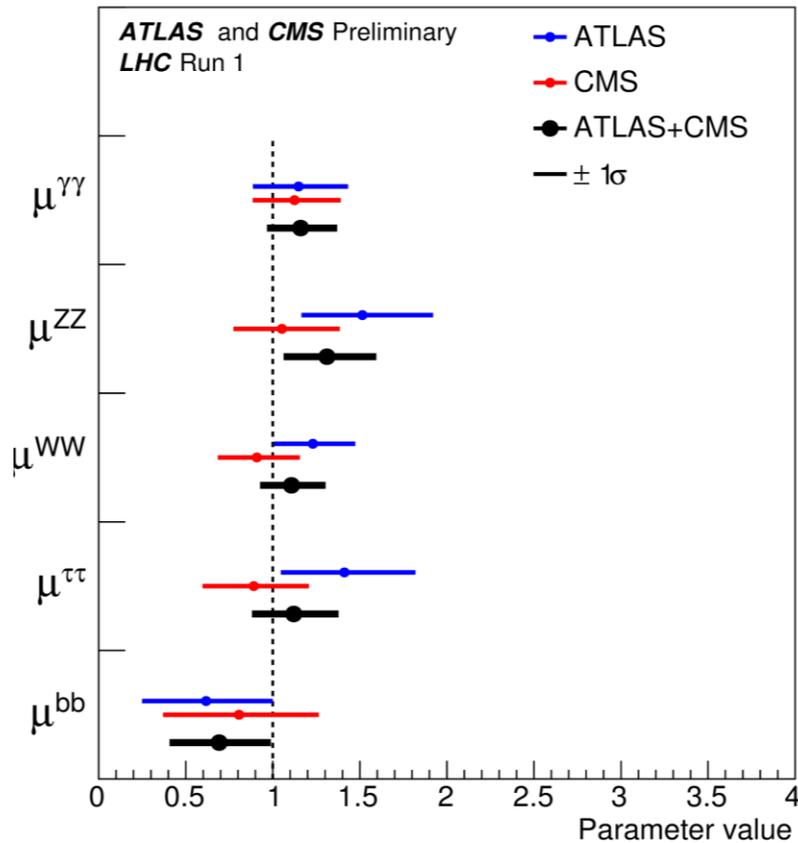
125 GeV Higgs Boson
Measurements



Great achievement to a four decade long quest
 A Higgs-like state pinned down at 125 GeV mass

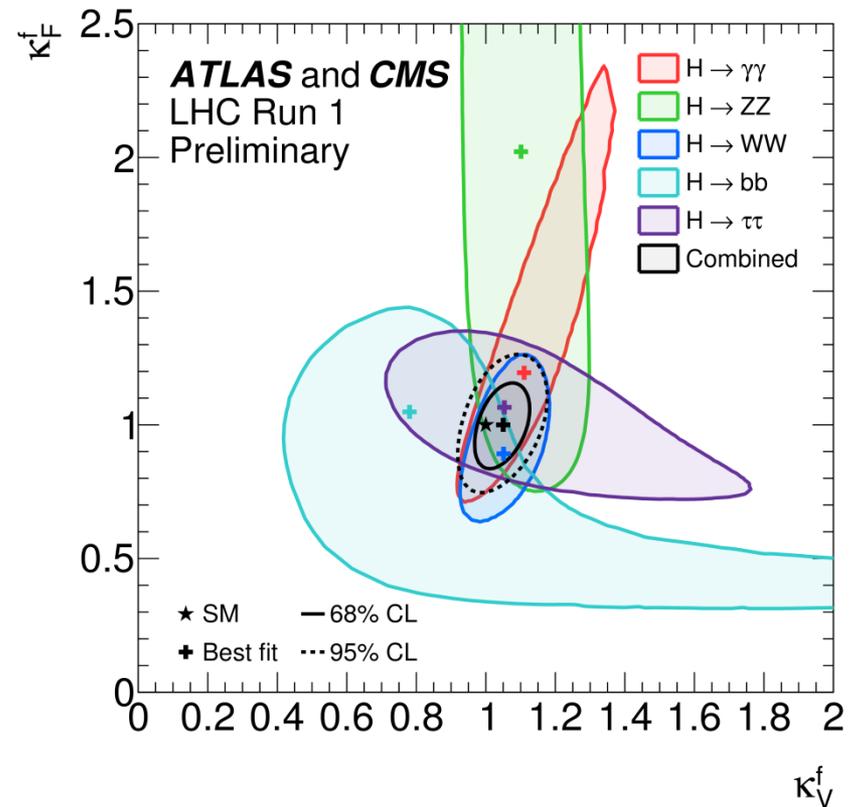


JHEP 08 (2016) 045

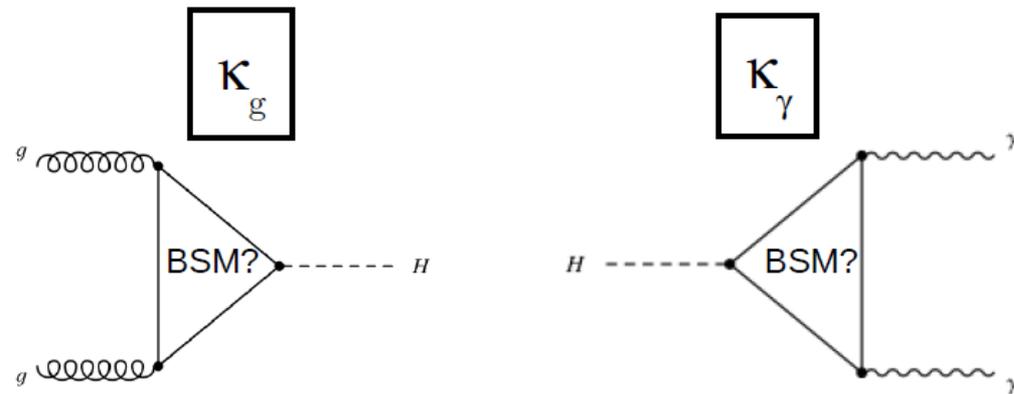


Best-fit results for decay signal strengths for the combination of ATLAS and CMS.

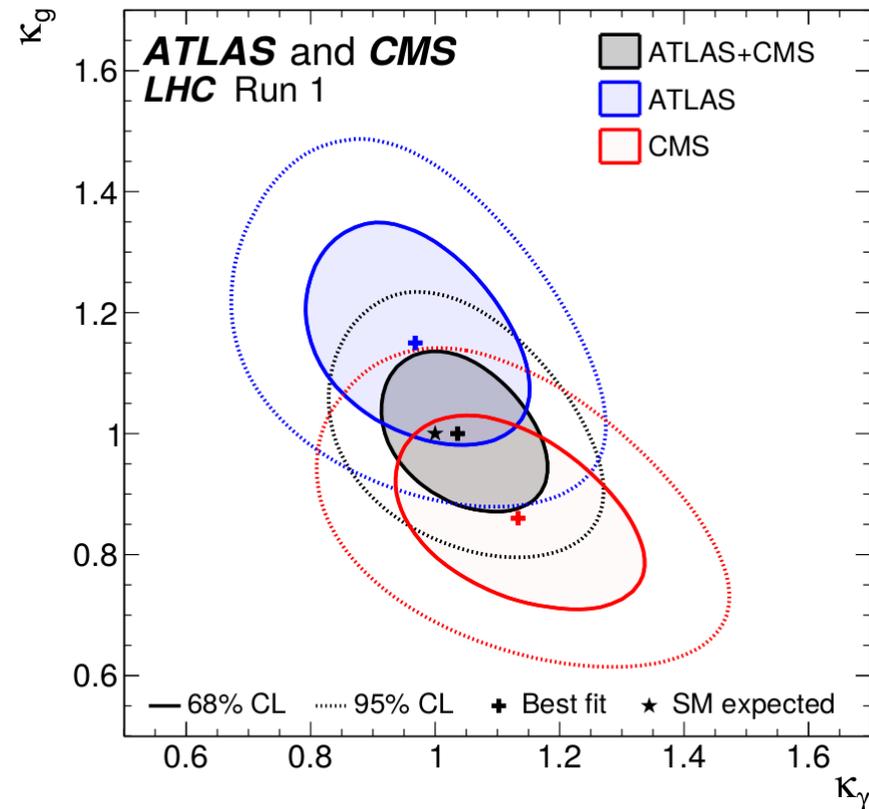
κ_F versus κ_V for the combination of ATLAS and CMS in the individual decay channels as well as their global combination

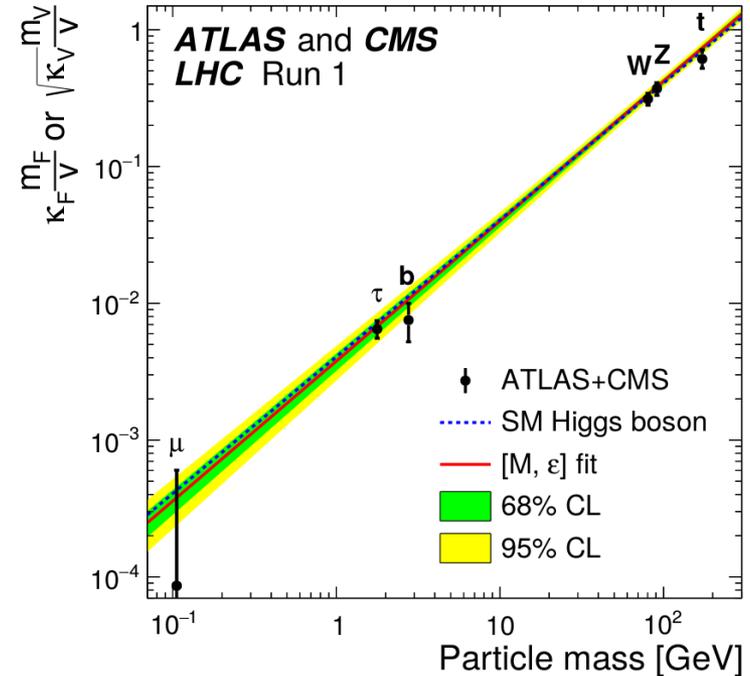
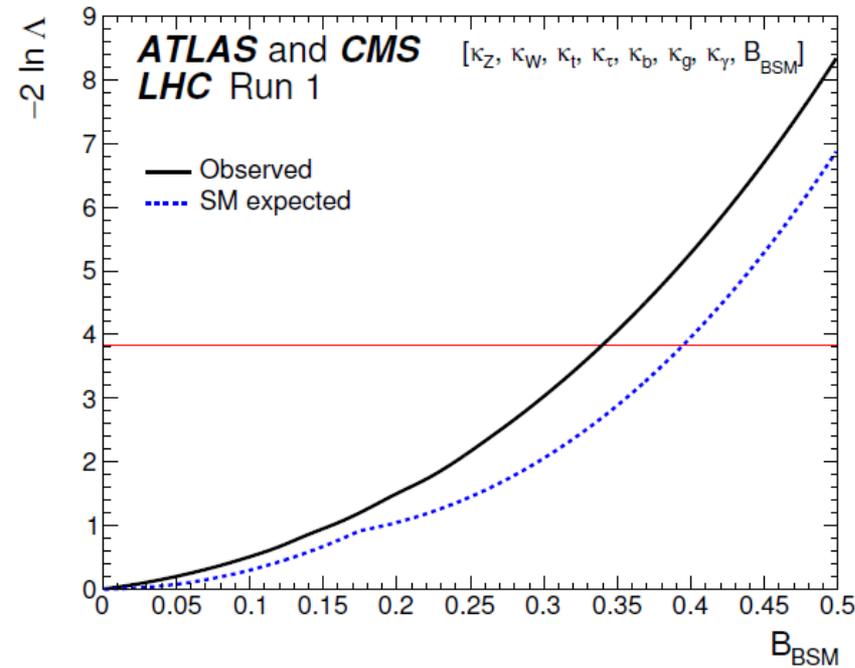


New Physics could modify the effective Higgs-gluon and Higgs- γ loop induced couplings.



- They have been fitted fixing all the other parameters to the SM prediction.
- Both κ_γ and κ_g have been found compatible with SM.





Results shown for the parameterisation with assumptions $\kappa_V \leq 1$ and $BR_{BSM} \geq 0$

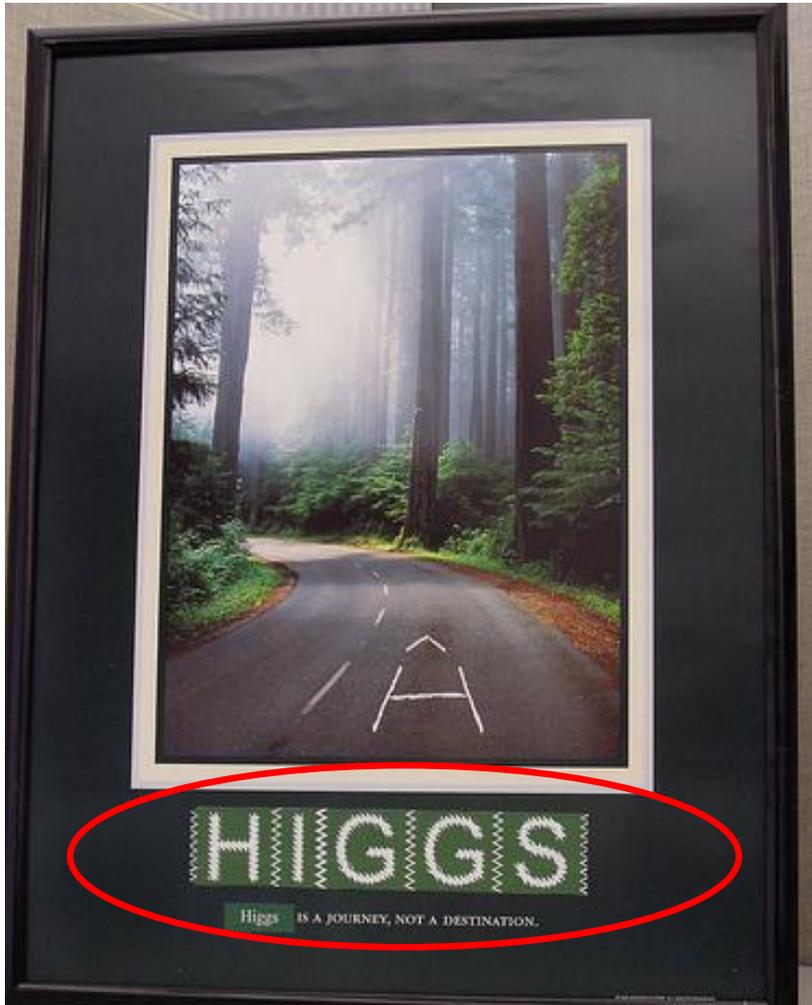
ATLAS and CMS Run-1 measurements/ searches provides indirect constraints:

$BR_{BSM} < 0.34$ (0.39)% at 95% CL

Dependence of couplings versus particle mass

The observed particle at 125 GeV is indeed a Higgs boson

Question remains: **Is it the Higgs boson of the SM or part of an extended Higgs sector?**



BSM Higgs Physics

Higgs is a journey,
not a destination

BSM Higgs Results @ Run 1 & 2

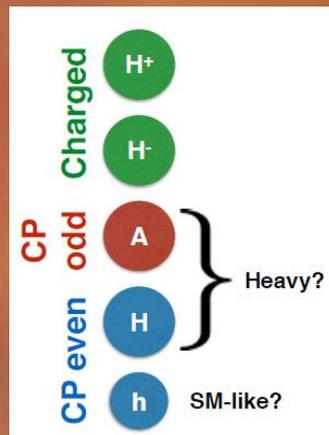
- Run I searches covered a large range of BSM Higgs boson signatures
Run II is continuing the searches
- **LHC is the discovery machine**
→ the adventure in the TeV energy regime has just begun



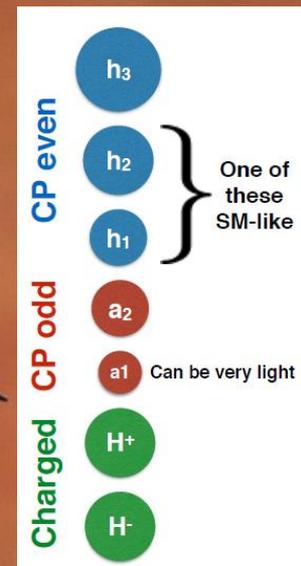
Lepton Flavour Violating
Higgs Decays

Invisible Higgs Decays

MSSM / 2 HDM



Next-to-MSSM
(NMSSM)



“They have been stuck in that model, like birds in a gilded cage, ever since.”



Neutral MSSM Higgs

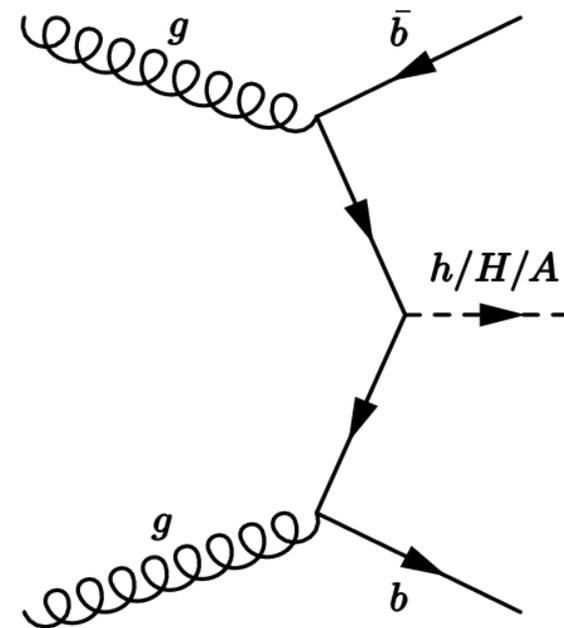
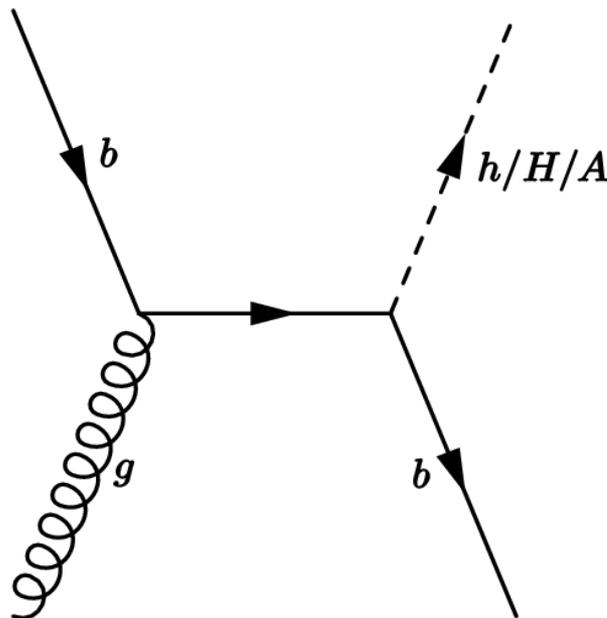
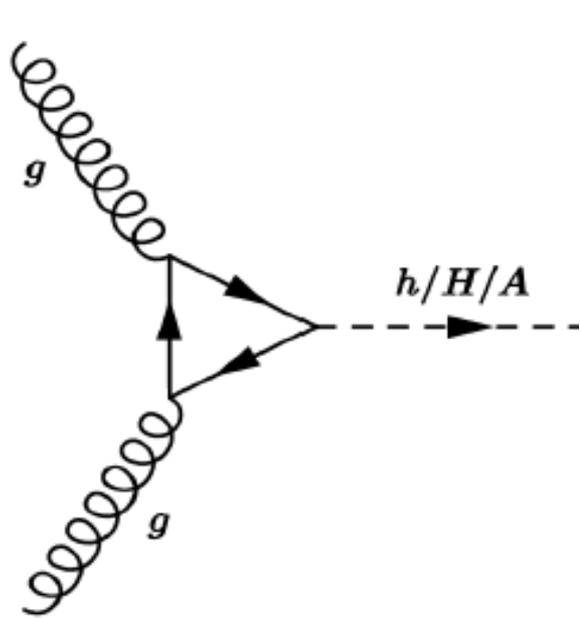
MSSM Higgs : $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

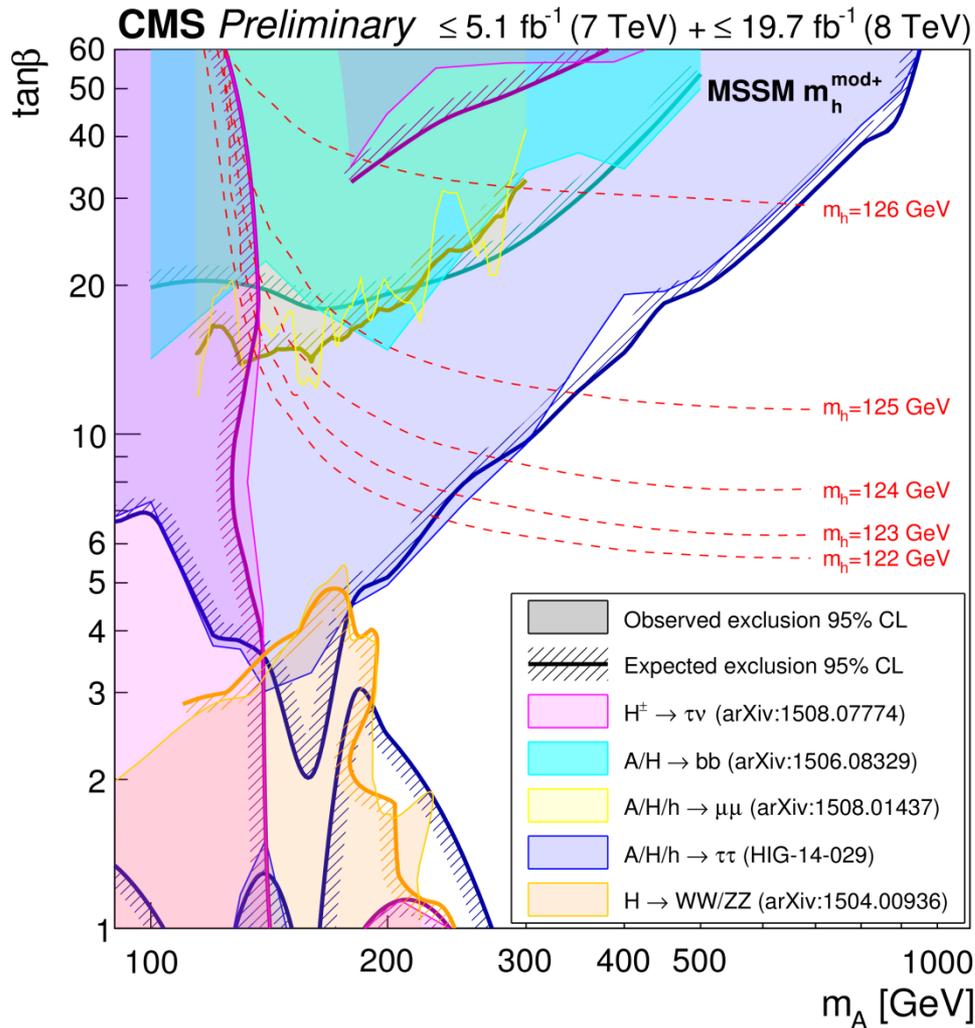
Is 125 GeV Higgs Boson the low mass Higgs in the MSSM sector?

Hadronic decays of tau lepton τ_h and leptonic decays $\tau_{e/\mu}$ exploited
 Decay of tau pair final states : $\mu + \tau_h$, $e + \tau_h$, $\mu + e$, $\tau_h + \tau_h$

Selected Events analyzed in 2 Categories: b-Tag and non-b-Tag
 (to enhance sensitivity of $bb\Phi$ coupling)

B-tagging : based on secondary vertex + track-based life-time info





CMS-HIG-16-007

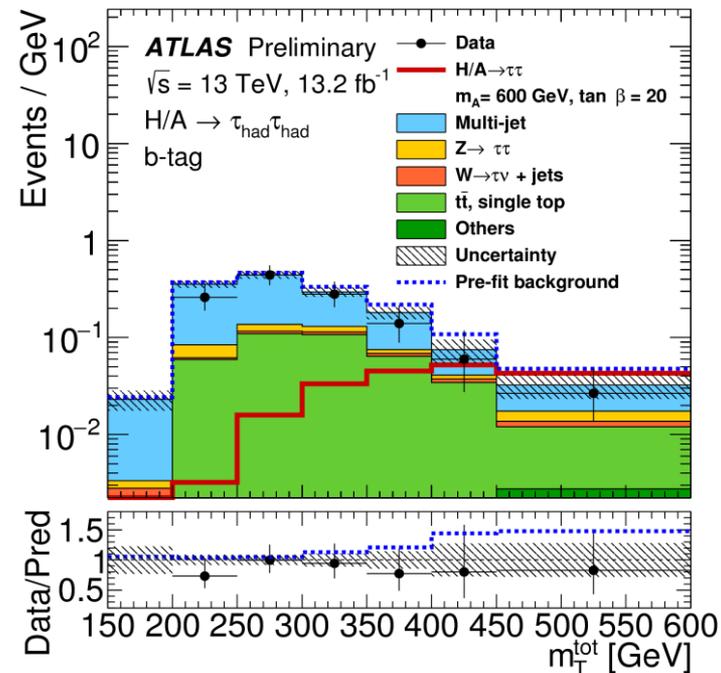
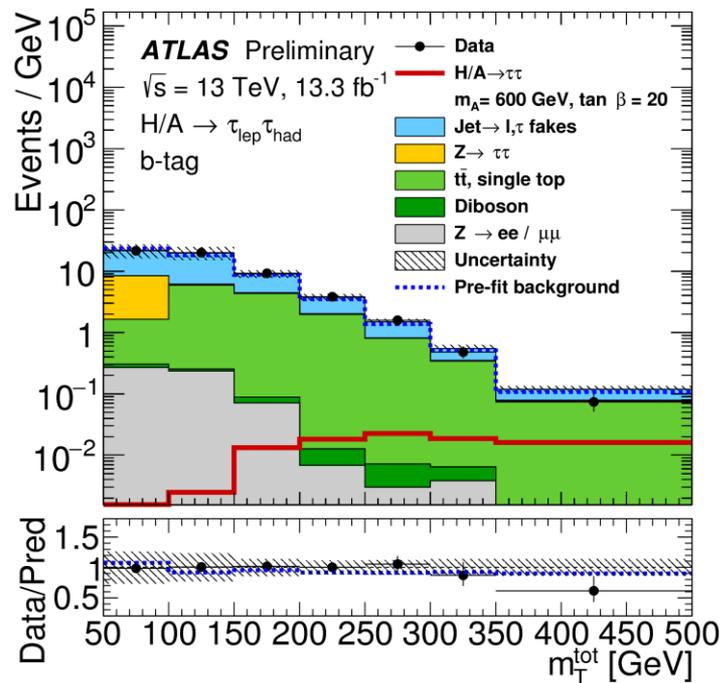
- > Interpretation of CMS Run-1 analyses in 2HDM and MSSM models
- > Choice of fixed parameters motivated from theory + experimental constraints
- > Complementarity of experimental BSM searches explores a large part of the parameter space

ATLAS-CONF-2016-085

> Gluon fusion and b-associated production

$T_{lep}T_{had}$ channel: 1 $T_{had-vis}$ and 1 lepton

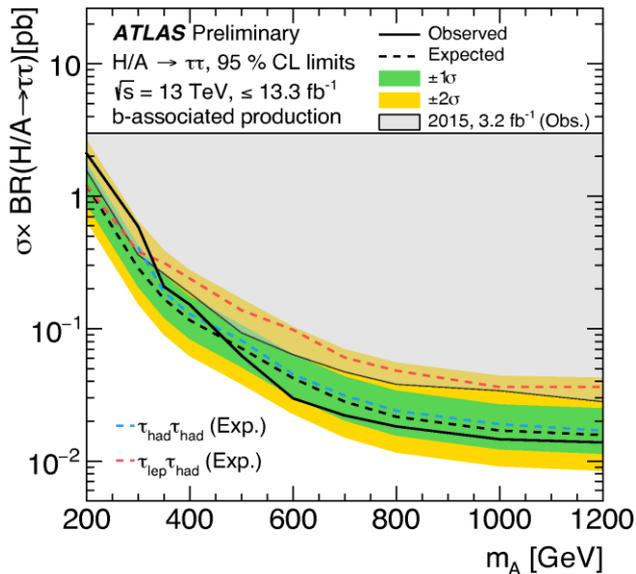
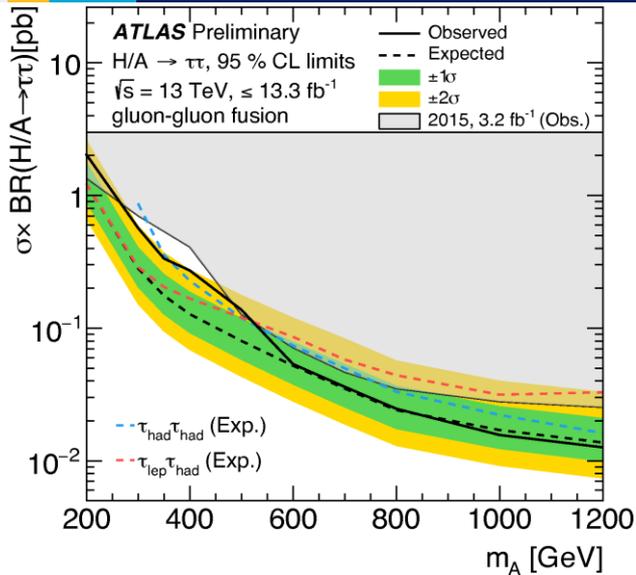
$T_{had}T_{had}$ channel: 2 $T_{had-vis}$



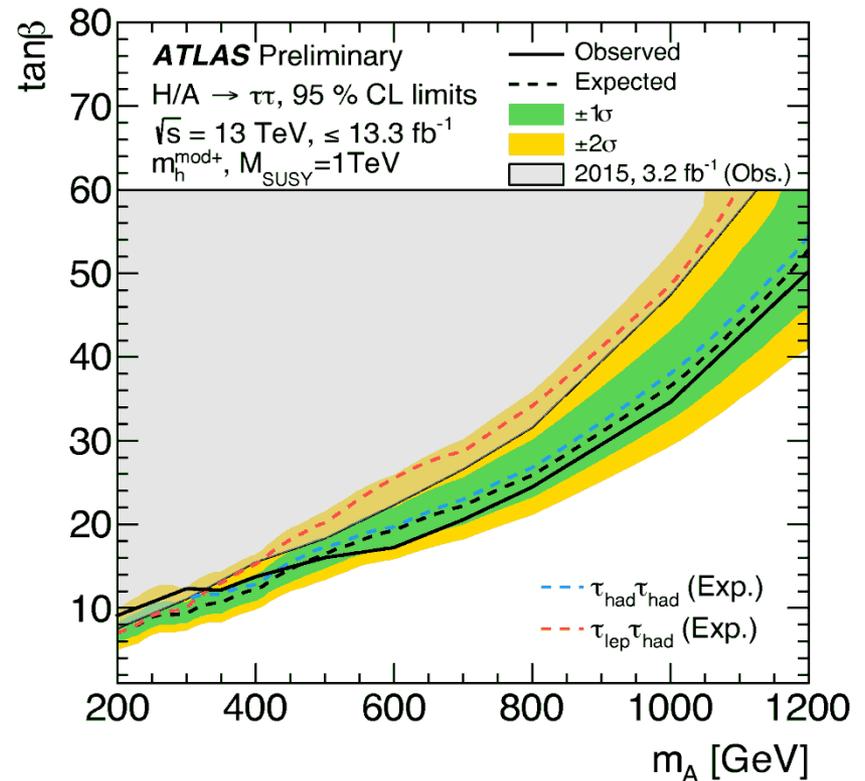
- angular and mass cuts for W/Z background removal
- event categories: presence of b-tagged jets, E_T^{miss}
- > Discriminating variable: **transverse mass of di-tau system**

$$m_T^{tot} = \sqrt{m_T^2(E_T^{miss}, \tau_1) + m_T^2(E_T^{miss}, \tau_2) + m_T^2(\tau_1, \tau_2)}$$

$$m_T(a, b) = \sqrt{2p_T(a)p_T(b)[1 - \cos \Delta\phi(a, b)]}$$



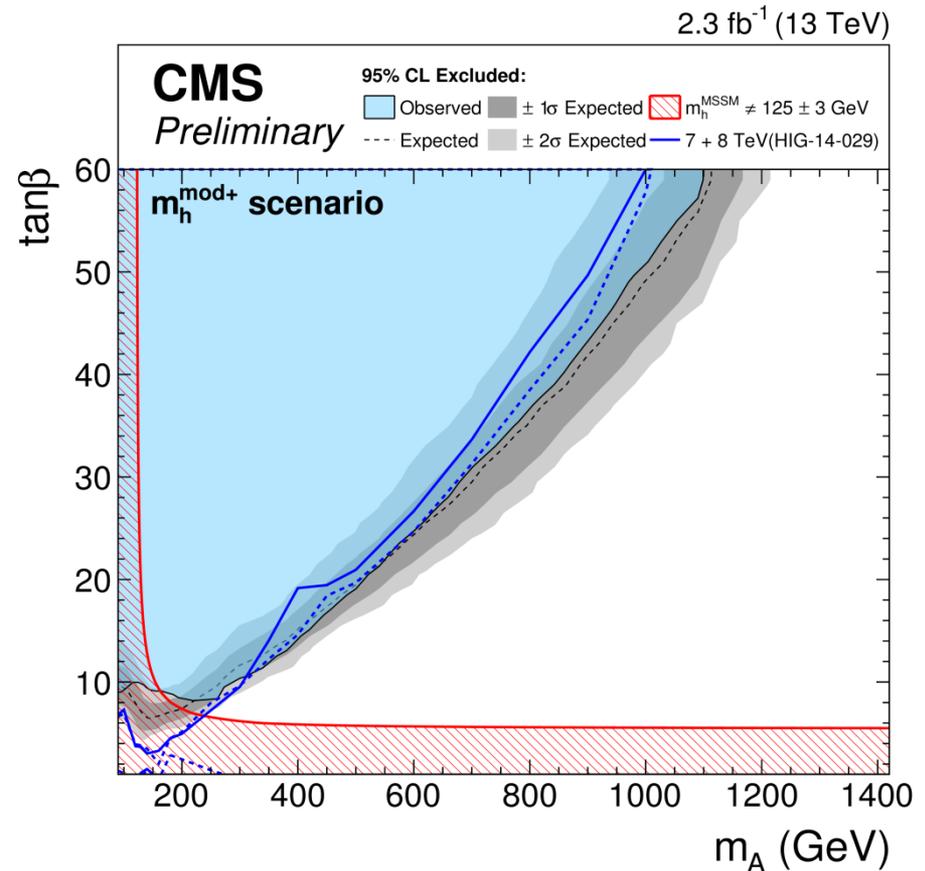
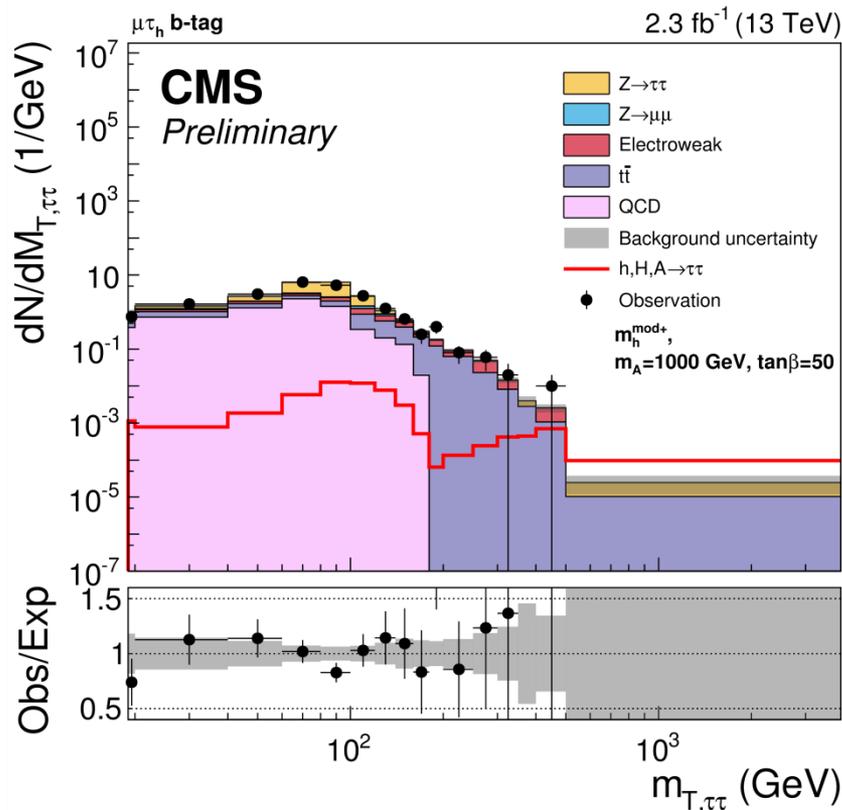
Systematic uncertainties: top background
 parton shower modelling, τ_{had} energy scale,
 multijet estimation, etc

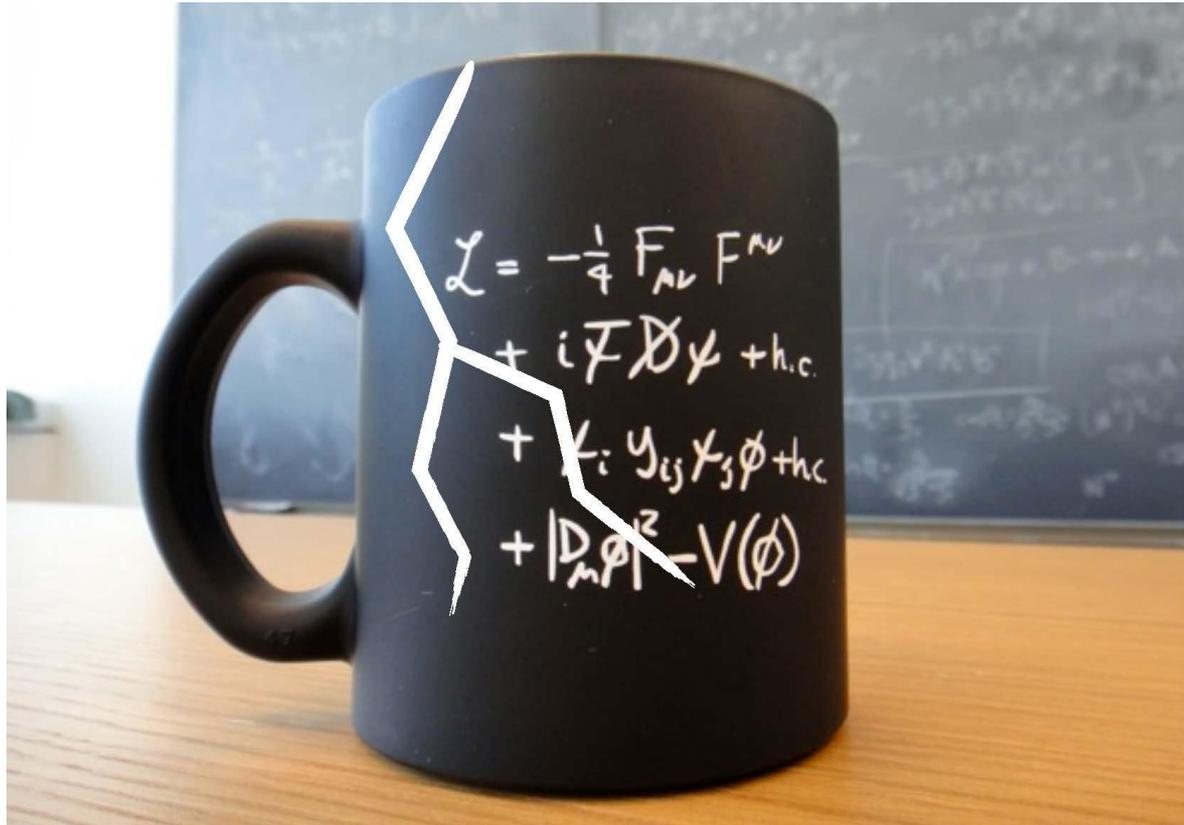


> Gluon fusion and b-associated production
 $T_\mu T_e$, $T_\mu T_{had}$, $T_e T_{had}$, $T_{had} T_{had}$ channels

> Discriminating variable: **transverse mass of di-tau system**

CMS-HIG-16-006

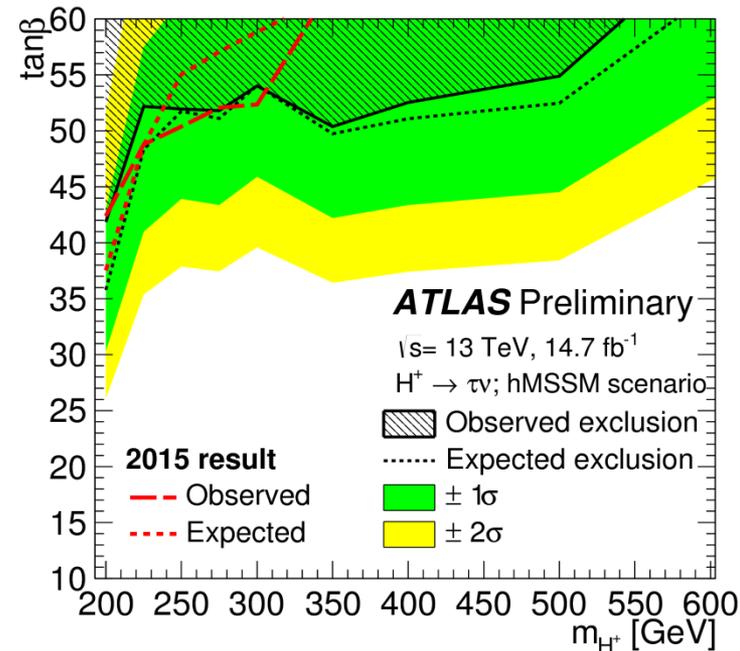
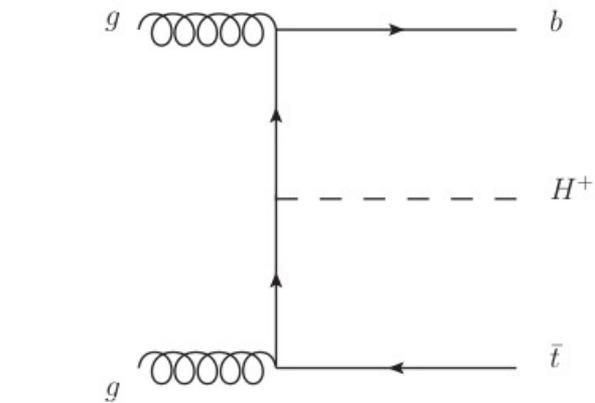
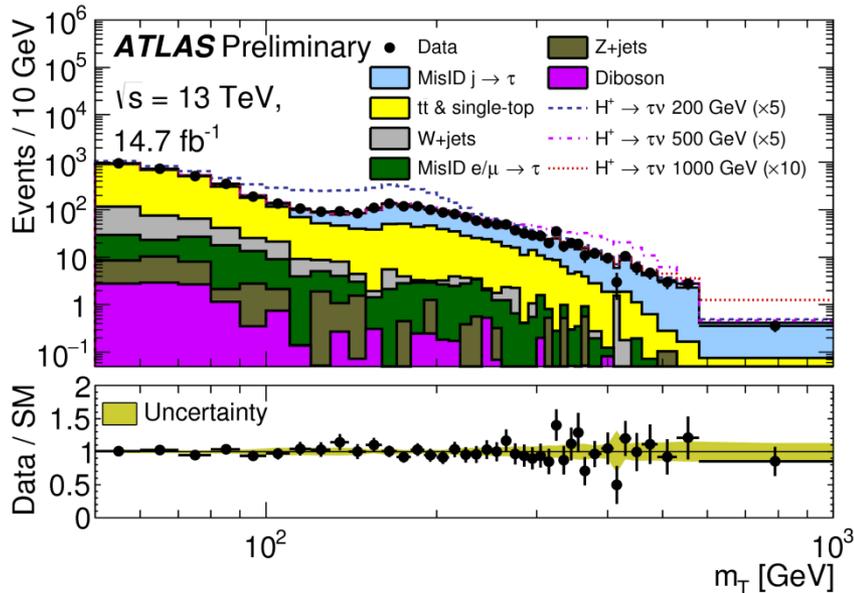




Charged Higgs

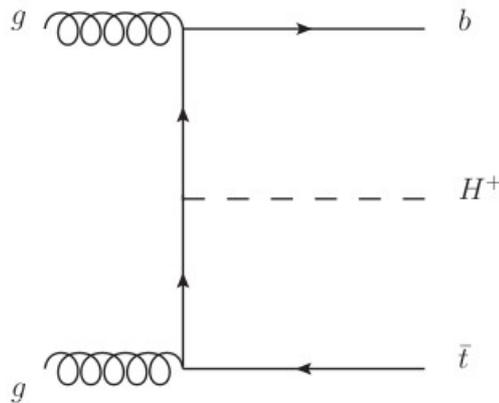
ATLAS-CONF-2016-088

- Production of $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu$ in association with top quark
- Data-driven background estimation for jets and e/μ identified as τ leptons by applying fake factors from control regions
- Systematic uncertainties: τ identification, b-tagging, energy scale of jets and τ



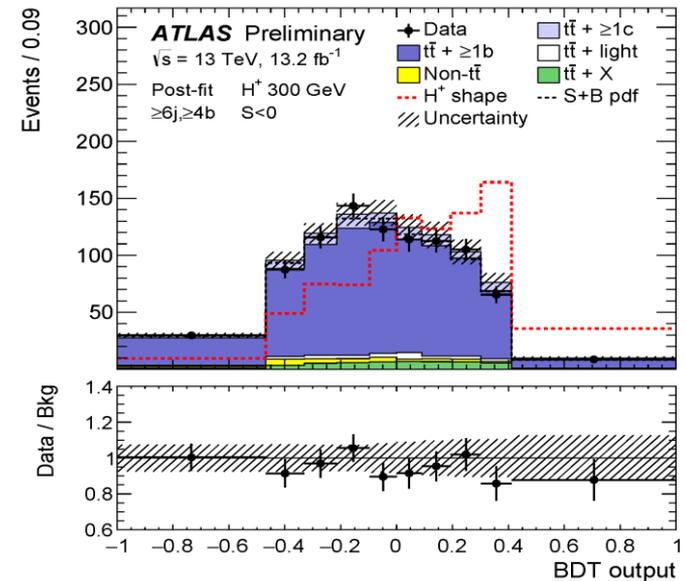
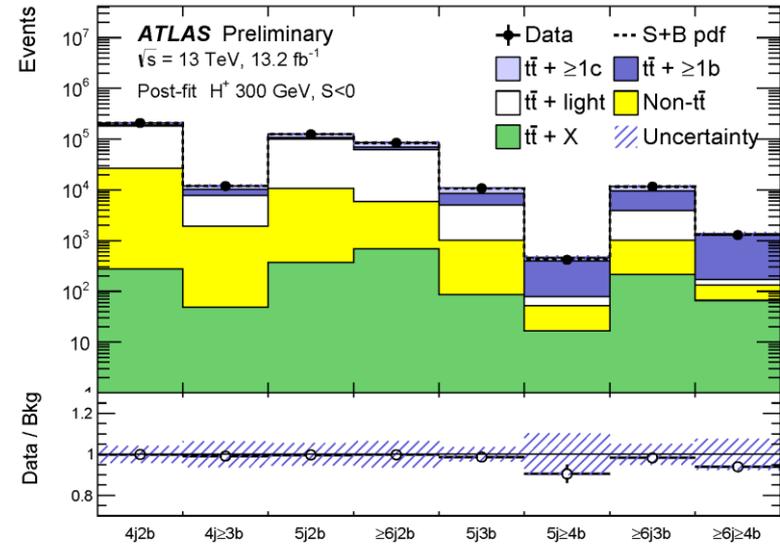
ATLAS-CONF-2016-089

➤ Production of $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$ in association with top quark



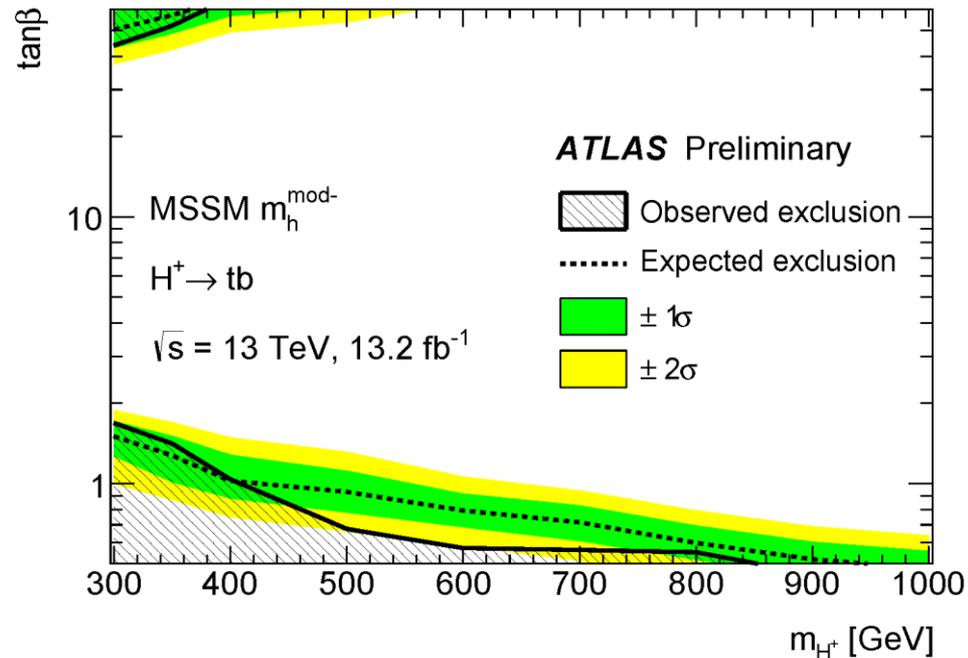
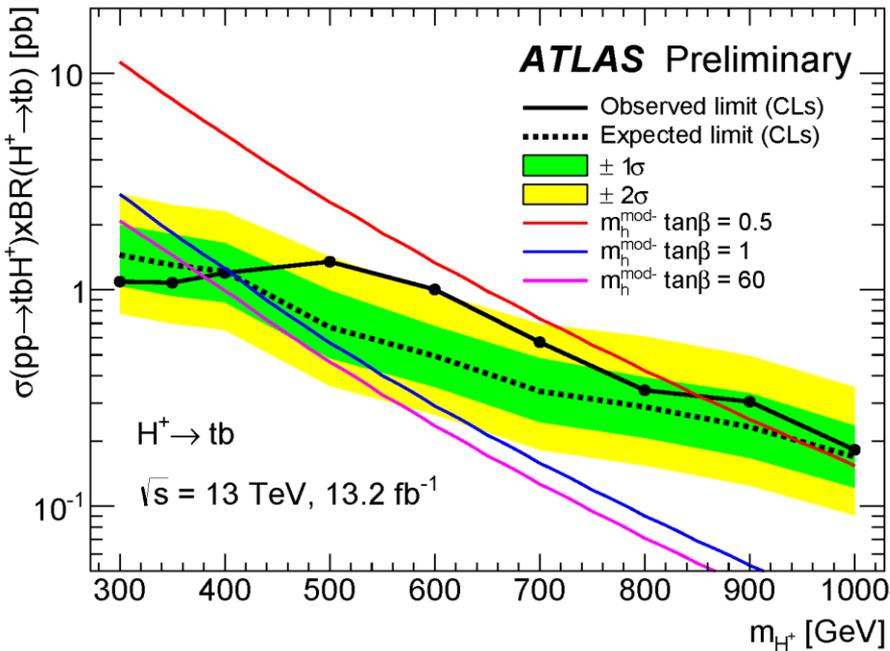
1 lepton (electron or muon) ≥ 4 jets with ≥ 2 b-tag
 Veto events with τ_{had}
 4 control regions, 4 signal regions; based on the number of jets and b-tagged jets

➤ Discriminating variable in signal region: BDT
 (leading jet p_T , mass of bb pair, $\Delta R(lep, bb \text{ pair})$, mass of jet triplet with largest p_T , ...)

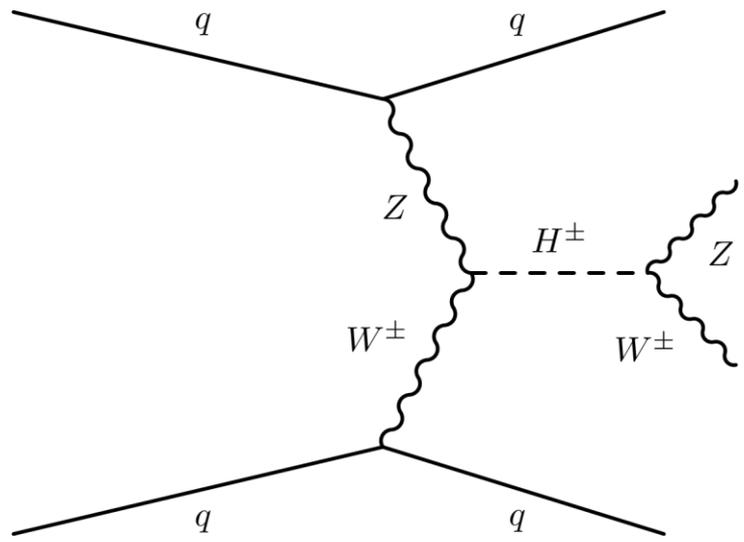


ATLAS-CONF-2016-089

- > Systematic uncertainties: $tt + \geq 1b/c$ modelling, jet flavour tagging, background model statistics, jet energy scale, ...
- > Limits on cross section times branching ratio, interpretation in MSSM context

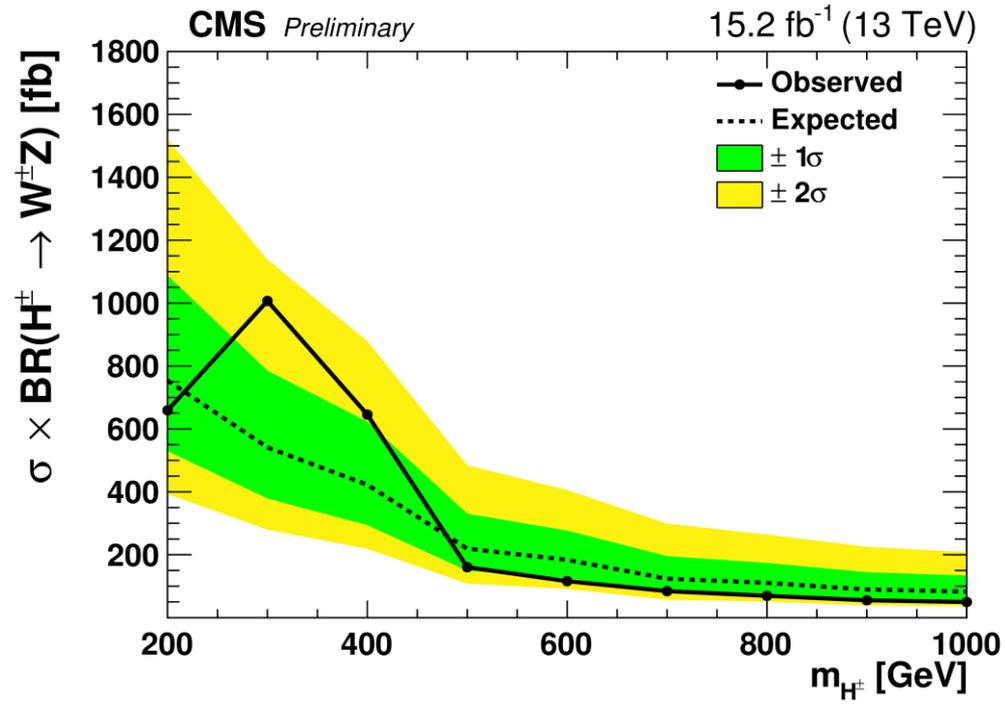


CMS-PAS-HIG-16-027

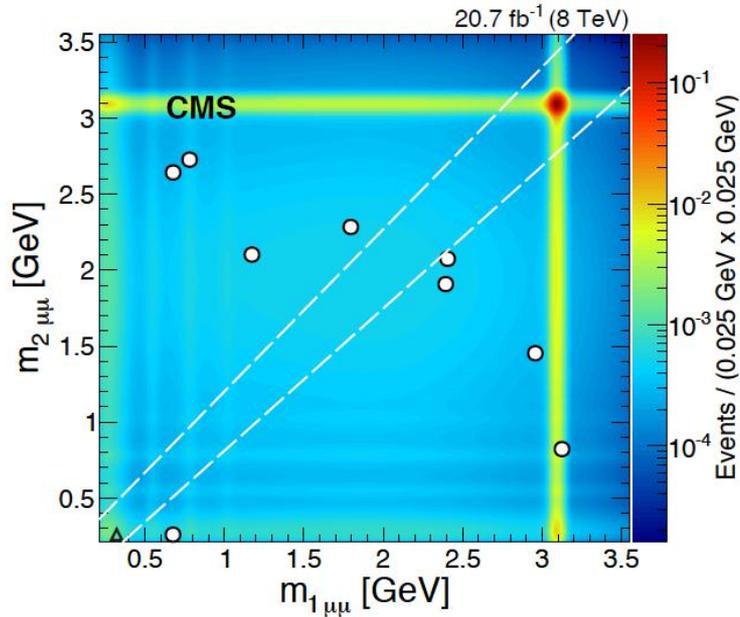


Events selected with three leptons (electron, muon), two jets with large rapidity separation and high dijet mass, and moderate missing E_T

Observation agrees with SM prediction
 Limits on the charged Higgs boson cross section times branching fraction given as function of charged Higgs mass
 Interpretation in Higgs triplet models.

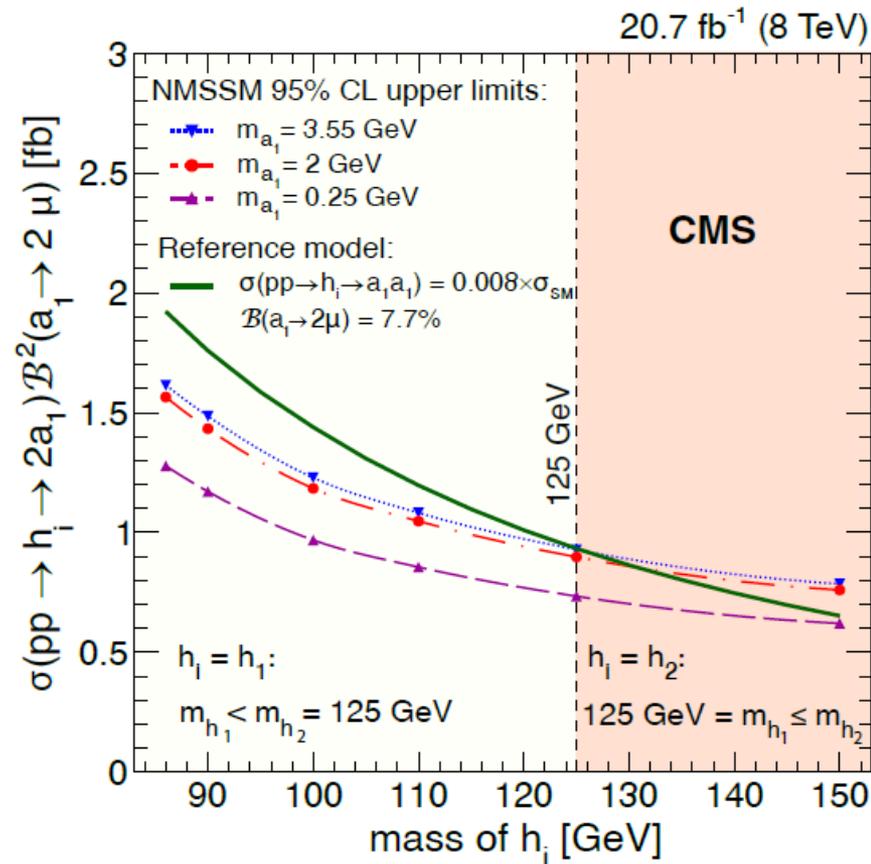


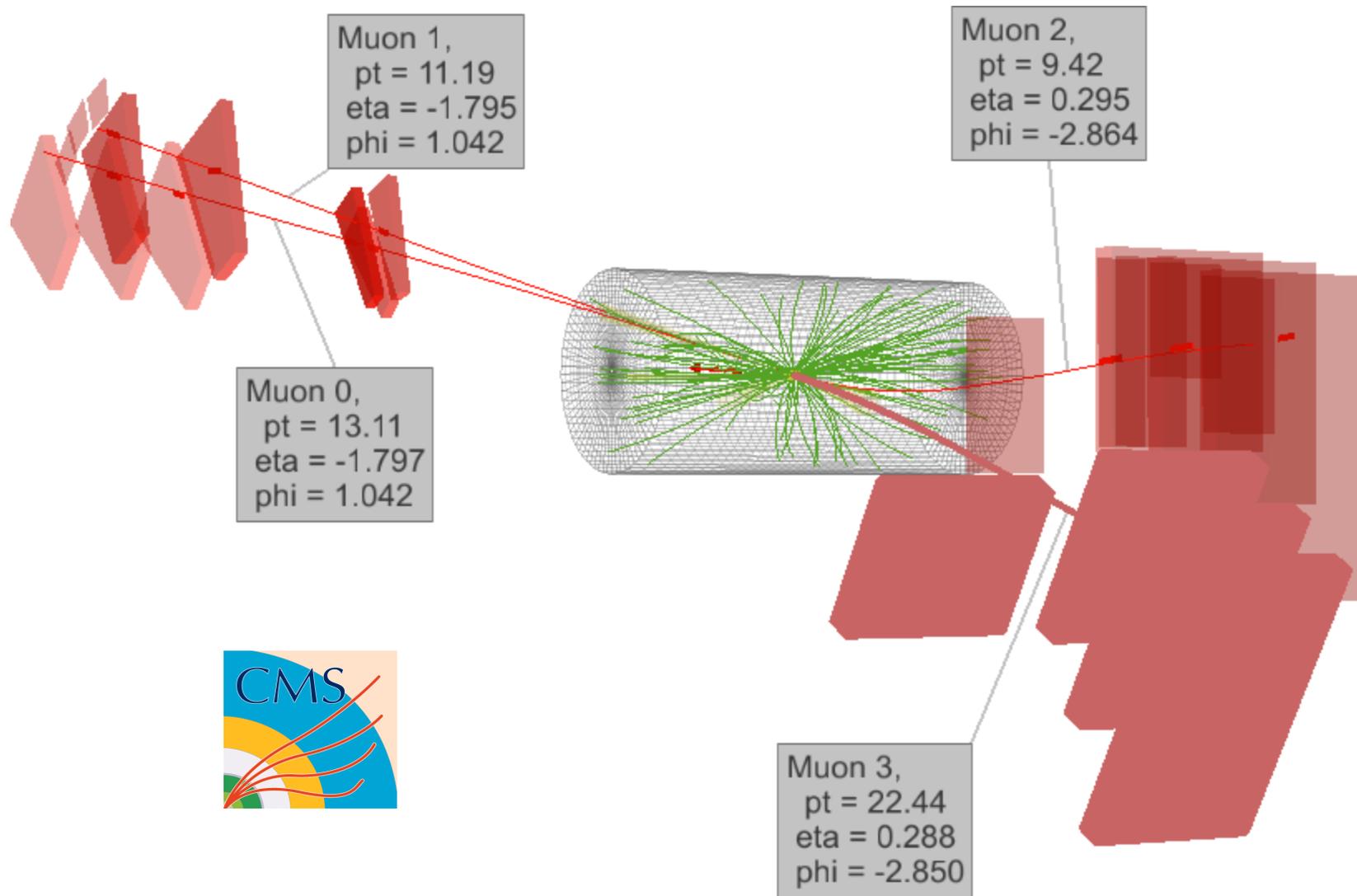
Light NMSSM Higgs



Phys. Lett. B 752 (2016) 146

- SM background dominated by **bb production**, small contributions from the electroweak production of **four muons** and **direct J/ψ pairs**
- **1 event is observed in signal region**, with 2.2 ± 0.7 events expected from SM backgrounds
- Upper limit at 95% CL on cross section times branching fraction times acceptance obtained for light boson masses in range $2m_\mu < m_a < 2m_\tau$. Result compared in the **NMSSM** scenario





Very light **NMSSM** Higgs boson

$gg \rightarrow h_{1,2}(125) \rightarrow 2\phi_1 \rightarrow 4\tau$
Probed masses of the ϕ_1 state:
 $4 \text{ GeV} < m_{\phi_1} < 8 \text{ GeV}$

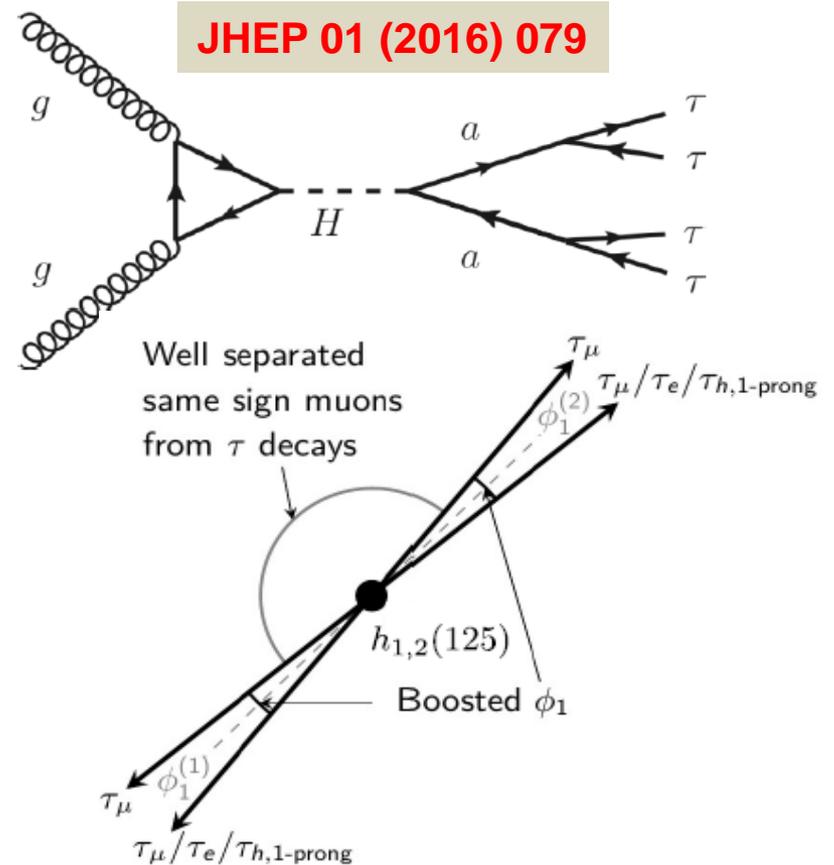
considered decays of each ϕ_1 state : $\phi_1 \rightarrow \tau_\mu + \tau_{1\text{-prong}}$

require two SS muons ($\mu^\pm \mu^\pm$) well separated in $(\eta, \phi) \rightarrow$ suppression of QCD, EWK and top pair backgrounds

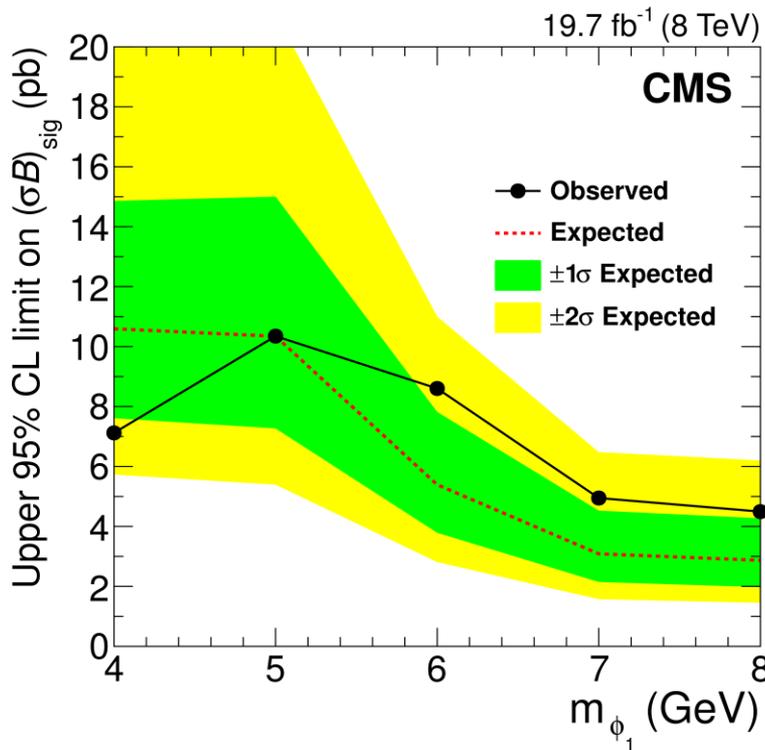
$m_{h(125)} \gg m_{\phi_1} \rightarrow$ **boosted ϕ_1**

- \rightarrow small opening angle between muon and track from 1-prong tau decays
- \rightarrow require each muon to be accompanied by only 1 track ($pt > 2.5 \text{ GeV}$)

Distribution of muon-track invariant masses used to extract signal



NMSSM Higgs : $H(125) \rightarrow 2\phi \rightarrow 4\tau$



JHEP 01 (2016) 079

No BSM Physics so far in this sector
Looking forward to more 13 TeV data

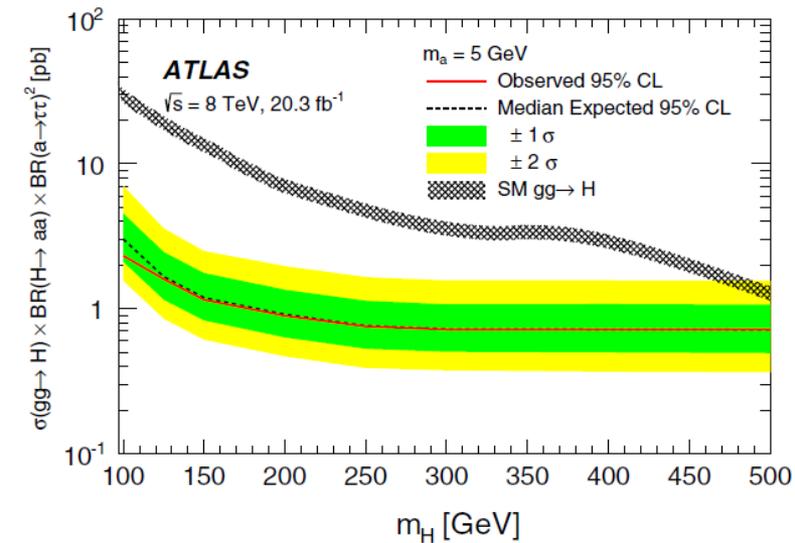
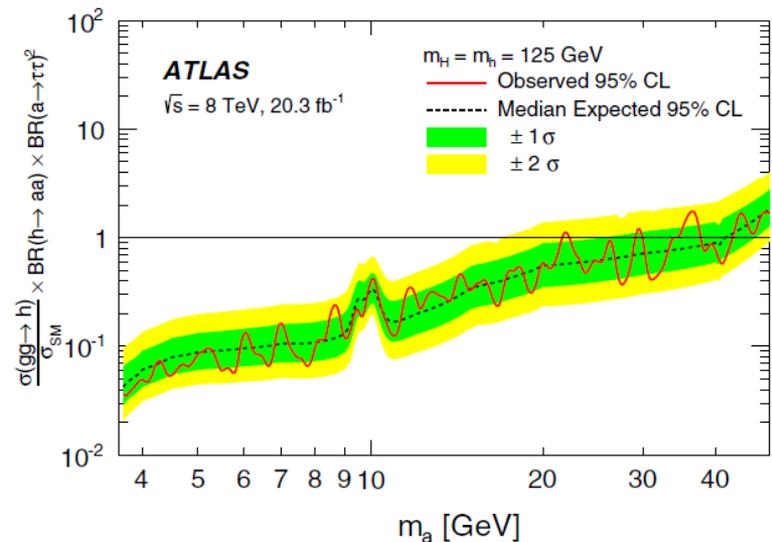
- factor ~ 2.3 increase of $gg \rightarrow H(125)$ cross section
- major background is QCD multijets : factor ~ 2.2 increase in cross section
 - need $\sim 9/\text{fb}$ @ 13 TeV to reach sensitivity of Run 1 analysis
 - need $\sim 34/\text{fb}$ @ 13 TeV to improve sensitivity by a factor of 2

Phys Rev D 92 (2015) 052002

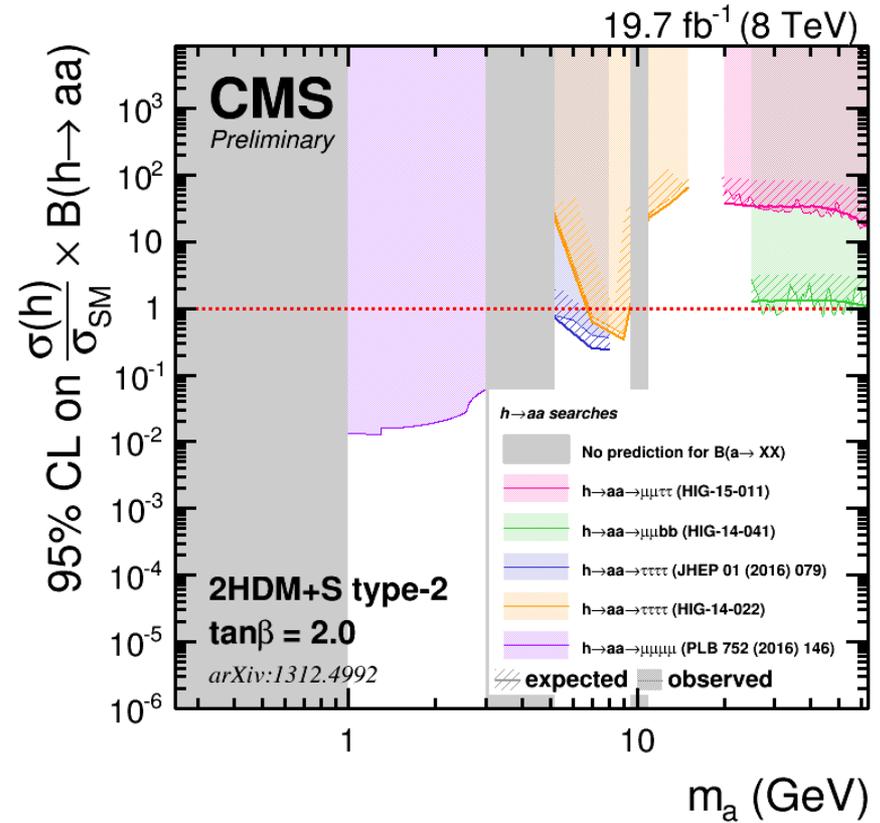
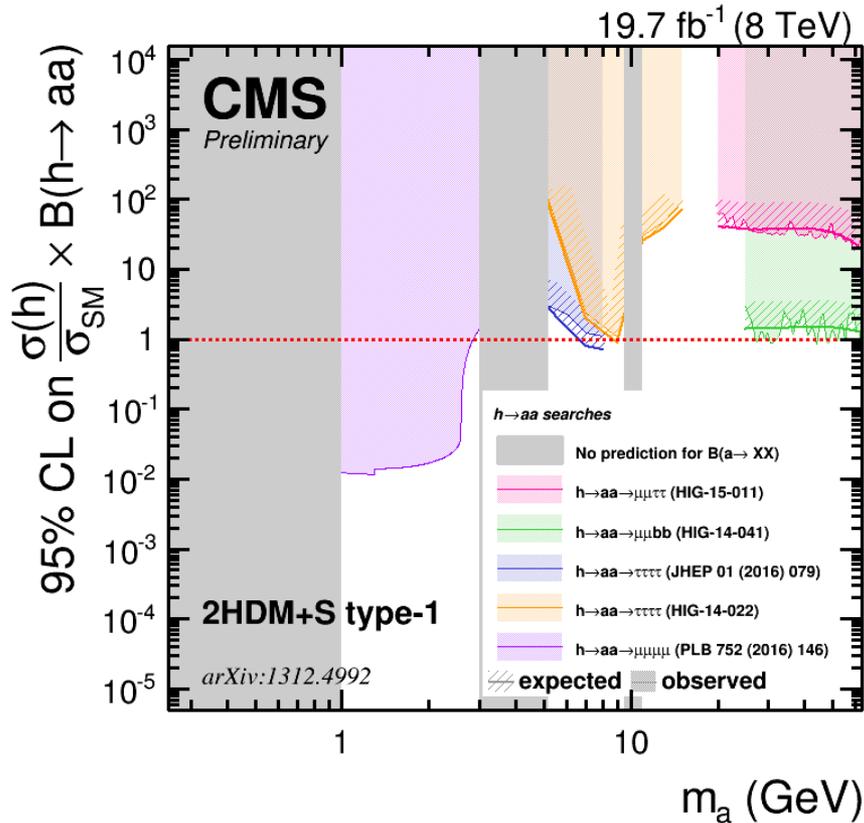
No significant excess observed above expected backgrounds in $m_{\mu\mu}$ range from 3.7 to 50 GeV

No evidence to support the NMSSM hypothesis, 95% CL limit set on rate relative to SM Higgs gluon fusion as function of m_a with $m_H=125$ GeV

Upper limits placed on production cross section of $H \rightarrow aa$ from 2.33 to 0.72 pb, for fixed $m_a=5$ GeV with m_H ranging from 100 to 500 GeV.



<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/CMSPublic/SummaryResultsHIG>

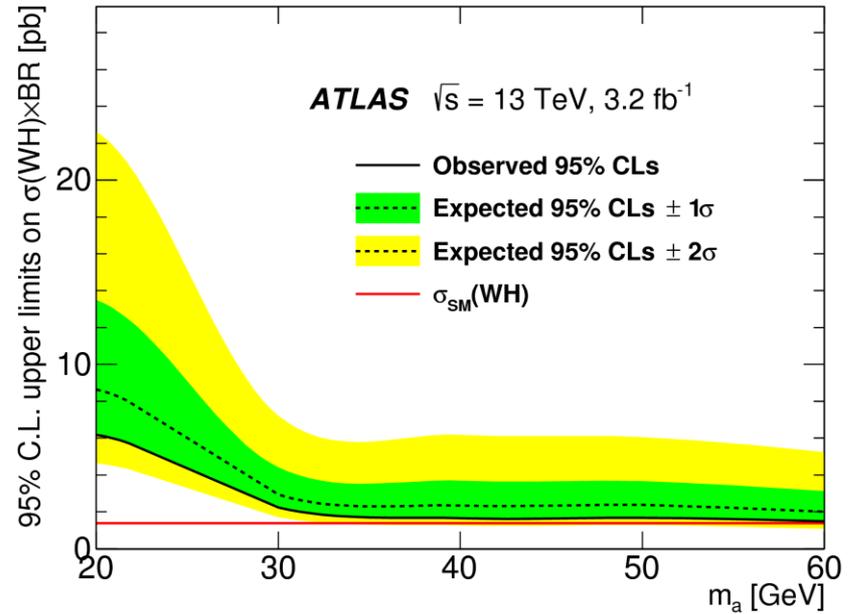
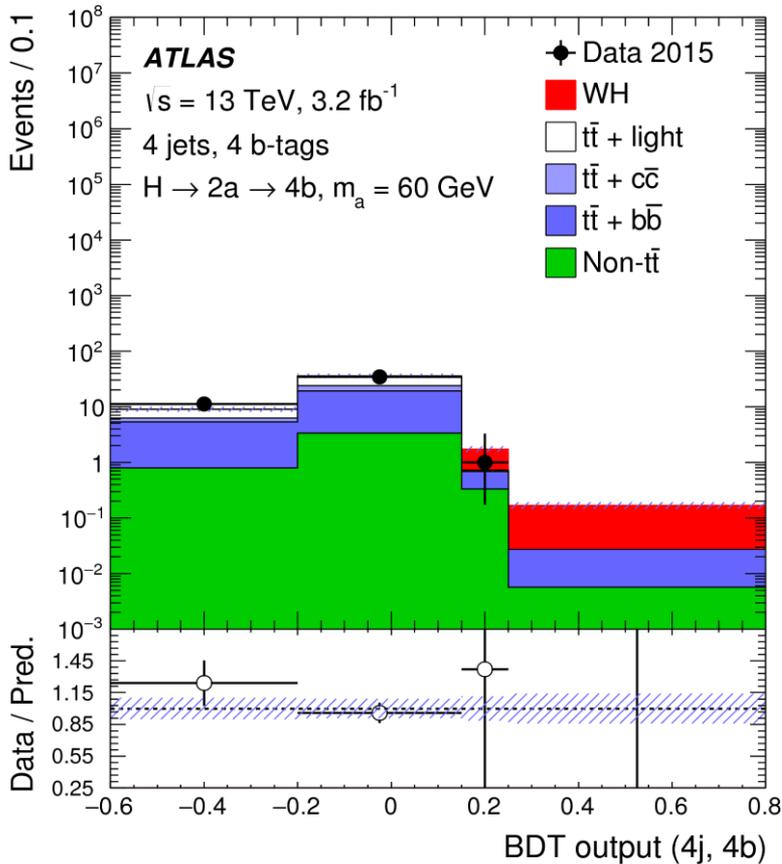


- ✓ Searches performed in several final states
- ✓ No excess was found and results are interpreted in several 2HDM + S scenarios

arxiv: 1606.08391

Higgs boson produced in association with W boson, giving rise to a signature of a lepton, missing E_T , and multiple jets from b-quark decays.

Upper limit for production cross-section $pp \rightarrow WH$ times branching ratio for the decay $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$ ranges from 6.2 pb for the light pseudoscalar mass $m_a = 20$ GeV to 1.5 pb for $m_a = 60$ GeV.



Heavy Higgs

Several Heavy Higgs searches performed by both ATLAS and CMS

CMS

Heavy Neutral Higgs Boson:

- ✓ Higgs \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l **CMS PAS HIG-16-033**
- ✓ Higgs \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2l2 ν **CMS PAS HIG-16-001**
- ✓ Higgs \rightarrow WW \rightarrow $lv'l'\nu'$ **CMS PAS HIG-16-023**
- ✓ Higgs \rightarrow bb **CMS PAS HIG-16-025**

ATLAS

Heavy Neutral Higgs Boson:

- ✓ Higgs \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l **ATLAS-CONF-2016-079**
- ✓ Higgs \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2l2 ν **ATLAS-CONF-2016-056**
- ✓ Higgs \rightarrow WW \rightarrow lvqq **ATLAS-CONF-2016-062**
- ✓ Higgs \rightarrow WW \rightarrow $lv'l'\nu'$ **ATLAS-CONF-2016-074**
- ✓ Higgs \rightarrow VV \rightarrow llqq/ $\nu\nu$ qq **ATLAS-CONF-2016-082**

Heavy Neutral Higgs Boson $H \rightarrow hh$ ($h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, \tau\tau, bb, WW$)
(this part will focus on decay to 125 GeV Higgs boson pair)

CMS-HIG-16-032

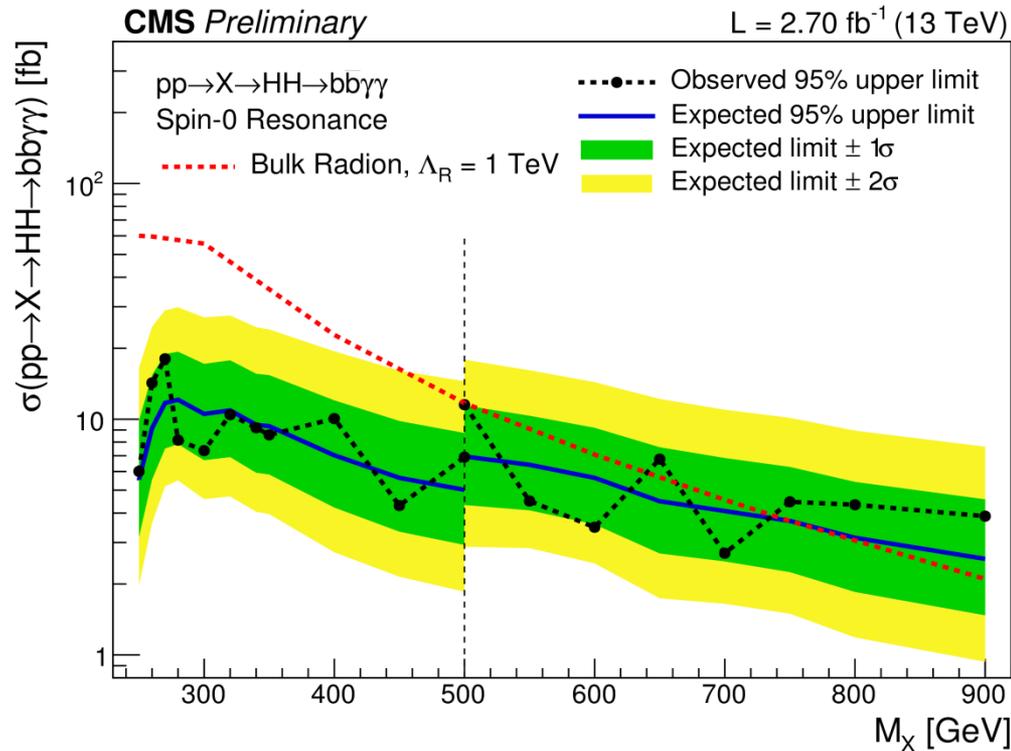
> Search for resonant production of two SM-like h bosons ($hh \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$)

≥ 2 photon candidates
 dijet candidate (2 jets with highest b-tag scores)

resonance search: window of mass($jj\gamma\gamma$) depending on signal hypothesis

$$M_X = M(jj\gamma\gamma) - M(jj) + 125 \text{ GeV}$$

> Parametric fit of 2D plane defined by diphoton and dijet mass.



> Systematic uncertainties: jet and photon energy scales and resolutions, b-tagging efficiency, ...

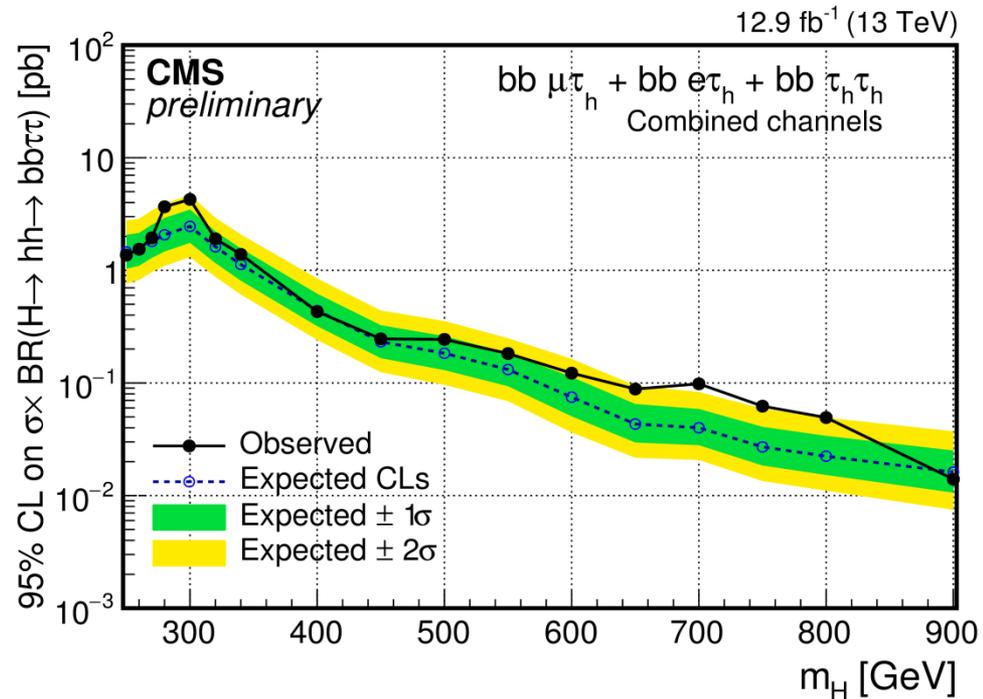
> Interpretation as new spin-0 resonance

- Resonant production of two SM-like h bosons ($h \rightarrow bb$ and $h \rightarrow \tau\tau$)

$T_\mu T_{had}$, $T_e T_{had}$, $T_{had} T_{had}$ di-tau decay modes

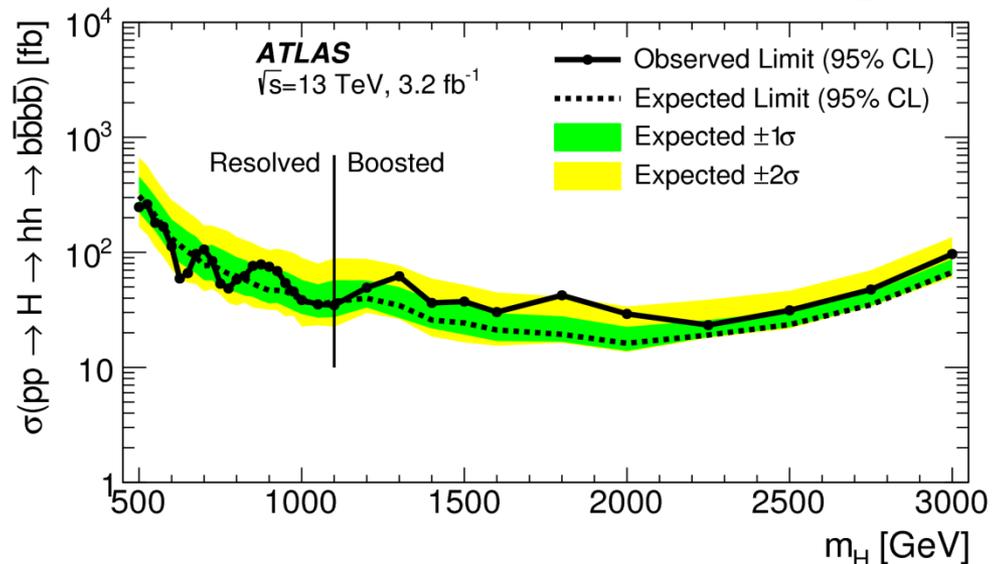
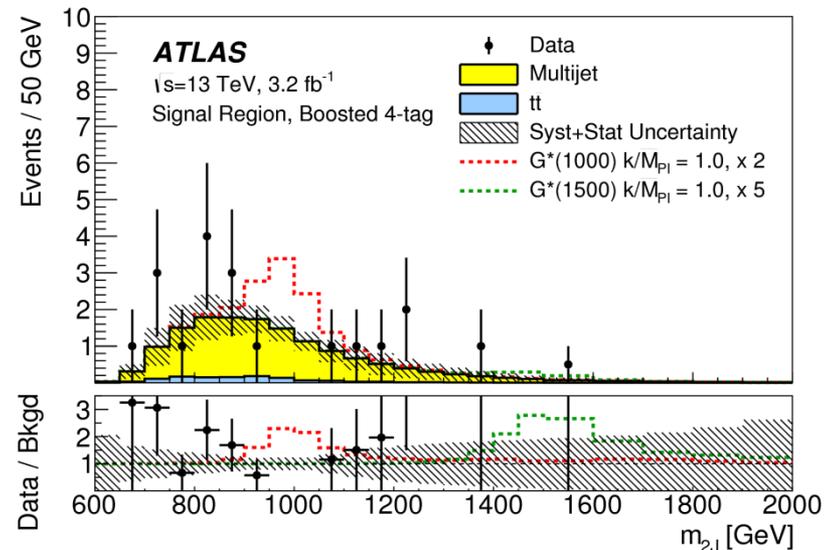
- Distributions of the four-body mass reconstructed with kinematic fit after applying the event selections.
- No excess over the SM background prediction observed
- Model independent upper limit on values of cross section times branching ratio derived for different signal mass hypotheses between 250 and 900 GeV

CMS-PAS-HIG-16-029



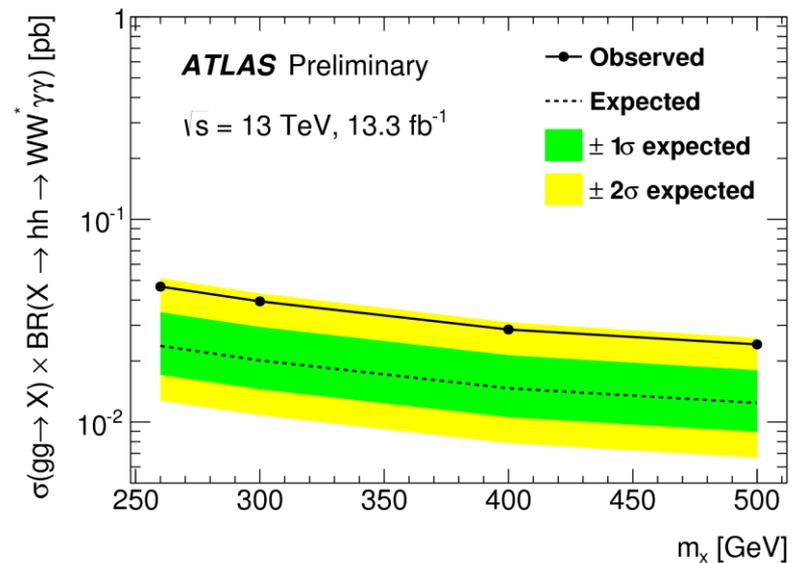
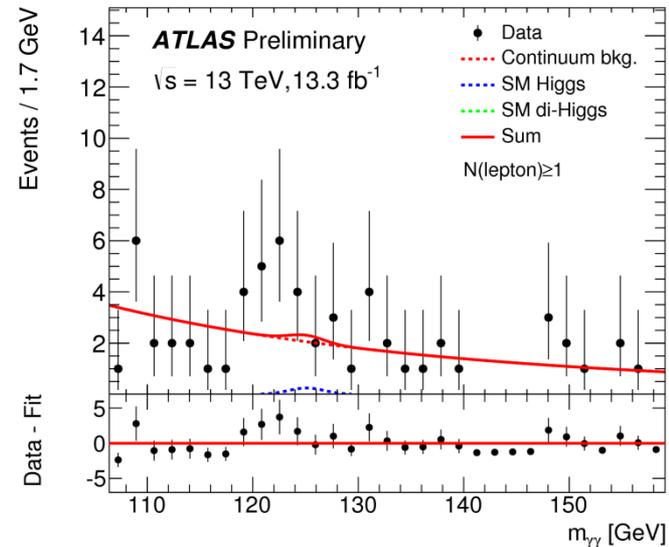
arxiv: 1606.04782

- Resonant production of two SM-like h bosons ($h \rightarrow bb$)
- **“Resolved” regime**
 ≥ 4 b-tagged jets forming 2 dijet systems with small ΔR
 $m_{4\text{jet}}$ dependent p_T requirements on dijets
- **“Boosted” regime**
 3 or 4 b-tagged jets
 ≥ 2 large-R jets with ≥ 2 smaller-R track jets associated to each
- Systematics: b-tagging, multijet background, large-R jet mass scale and resolution
- Interpretation as new narrow width Higgs resonance



ATLAS-CONF-2016-071

- Search for resonant production of two SM-like h bosons $hh \rightarrow \gamma\gamma WW (\rightarrow l\nu jj)$
at least 2 photons, ≥ 2 jets with no b-jet
- Events split into 2 categories according to **lepton multiplicity**: requiring at least one lepton or no lepton
- Final signal region defined in 1-lepton region: with a tight mass window $|m_{\gamma\gamma} - m_h| < 2\sigma_{\gamma\gamma}$
- Observed 95% CL upper limit on resonant production times the branching fraction of $X \rightarrow hh$ ranges between **47.7 pb** and **24.7 pb** in the mass range of **260–500 GeV**



Lepton Flavour Violating Higgs Decays

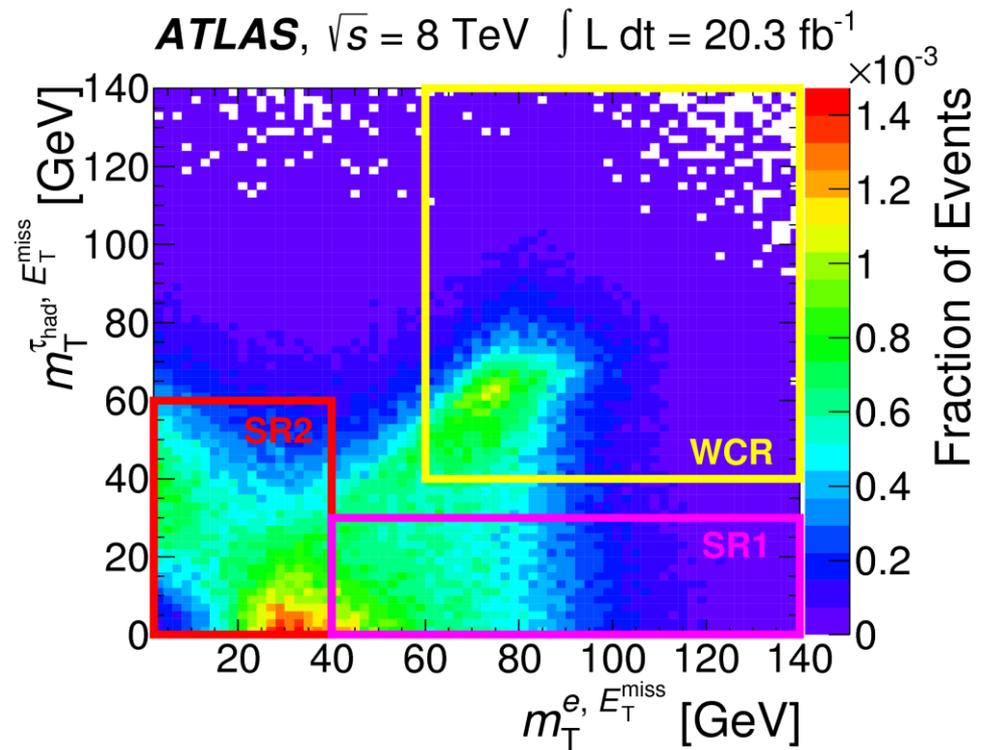
arXiv:1604.07730

Misidentified τ_{had} have much **softer** $p_T(\tau_{\text{had}})$ spectrum and a **larger angular separation** between the τ_{had} and E_T^{miss}

Two signal regions are defined using **transverse mass** m_T , of the eE_T^{miss} and $\tau_{\text{had}}E_T^{\text{miss}}$ systems

Choice of m_T cut defining signal and control regions motivated by correlations between $m_T(eE_T^{\text{miss}})$ and $m_T(\tau_{\text{had}}E_T^{\text{miss}})$ in signal and major background W+jets and Z events

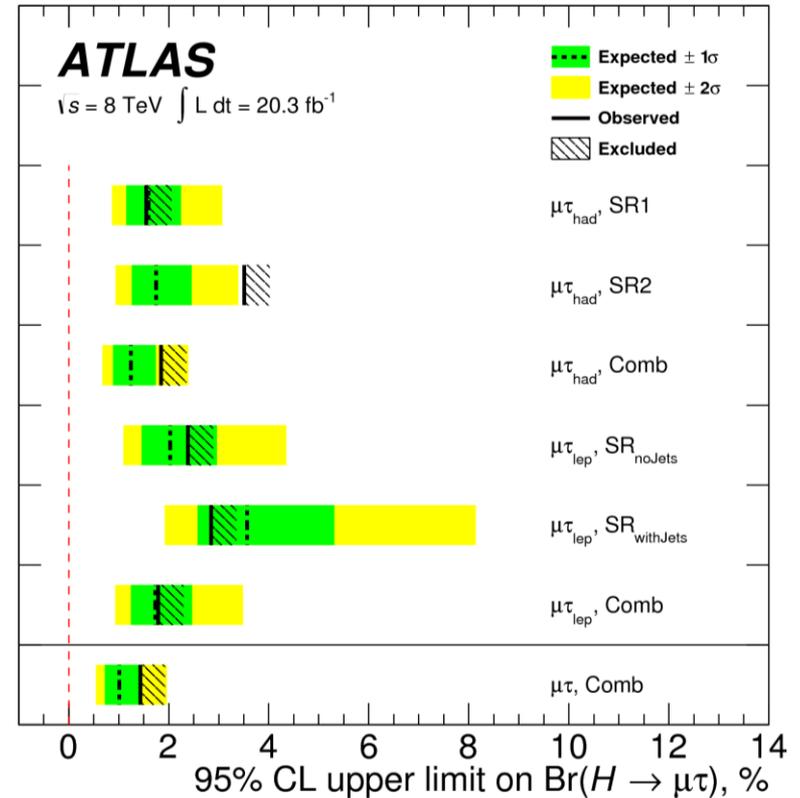
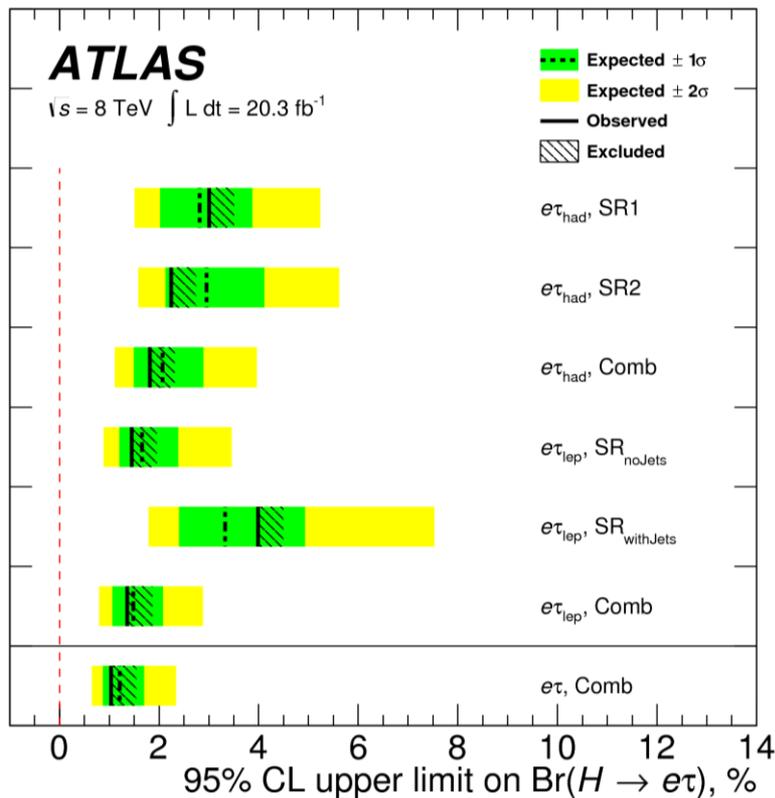
LFV signal is searched by performing a fit to the mass distribution in data



Upper limits on LFV Higgs decays in $H \rightarrow \mu\tau$ hypothesis and $H \rightarrow e\tau$ hypothesis

$Br(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) < 1.43\%$ and $Br(H \rightarrow e\tau) < 1.04\%$

Limits computed under the assumption that either $Br(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) = 0$ or $Br(H \rightarrow e\tau) = 0$

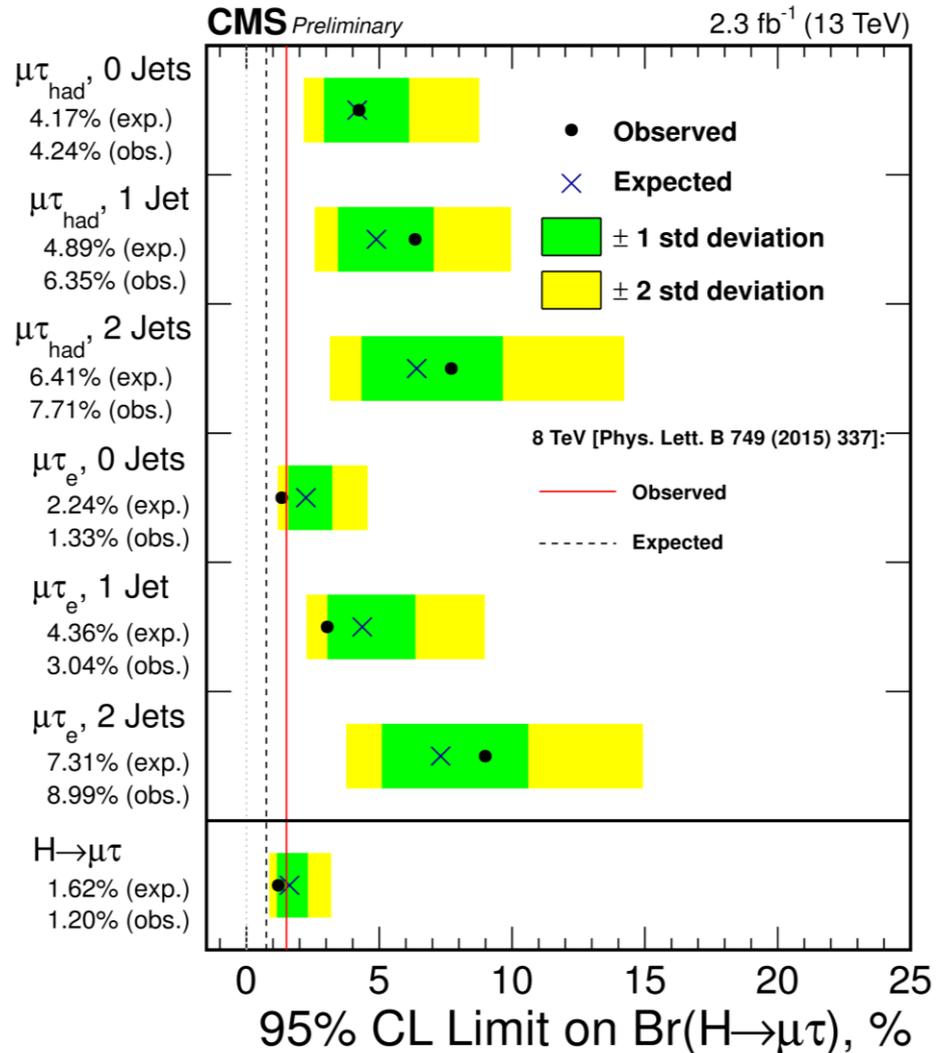


CMS-PAS-HIG-16-005

- Decay modes in $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e$ and $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_{had}$ channel
- Dominant background in the $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e$ channel is $Z \rightarrow \tau_\mu \tau_e$
- Dominant background in the $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_{had}$ channel from jets faking taus in W^+ jets, QCD multi-jet and $t\bar{t}$ jets events

At 8 TeV collisions a small excess was observed, corresponding to 2.4σ , with integrated luminosity 19.7 fb^{-1}

More data at 13 TeV required to refine our understanding!



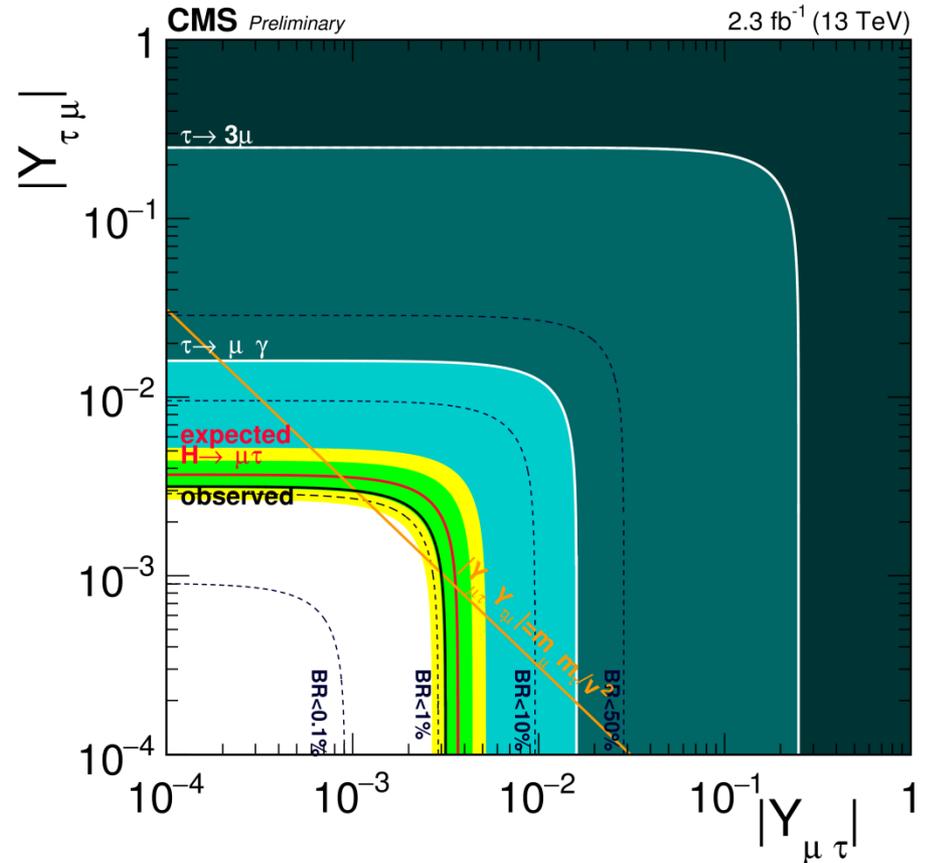
CMS-PAS-HIG-16-005

$$B(H \rightarrow l^\alpha l^\beta) = \frac{\Gamma(H \rightarrow l^\alpha l^\beta)}{\Gamma(H \rightarrow l^\alpha l^\beta) + \Gamma_{SM}}$$

$$\Gamma(H \rightarrow l^\alpha l^\beta) = \frac{m_h}{8\pi} (|Y_{l^\beta l^\alpha}|^2 + |Y_{l^\alpha l^\beta}|^2)$$

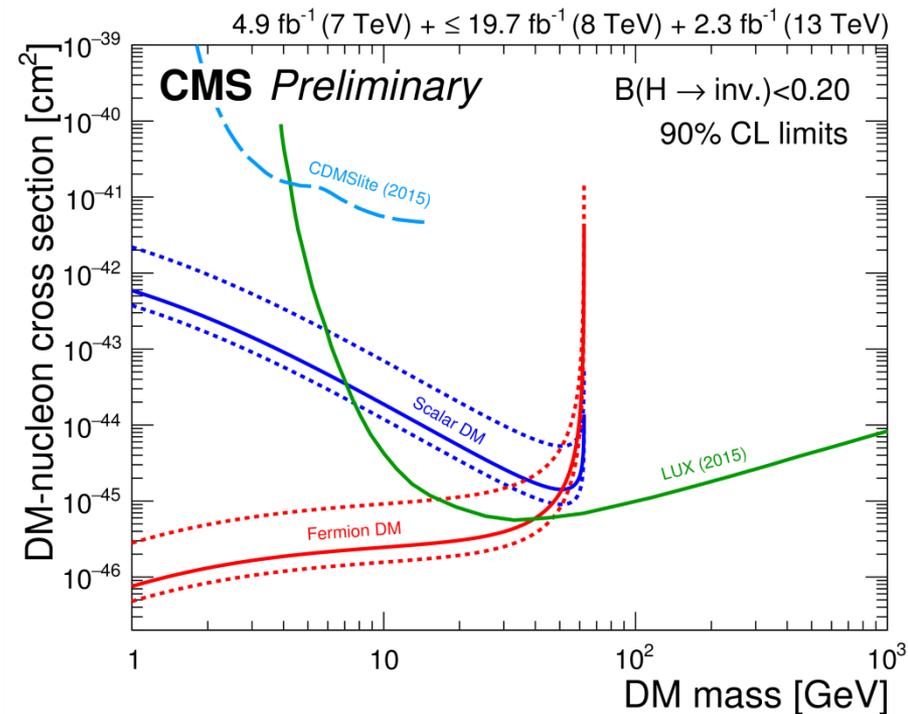
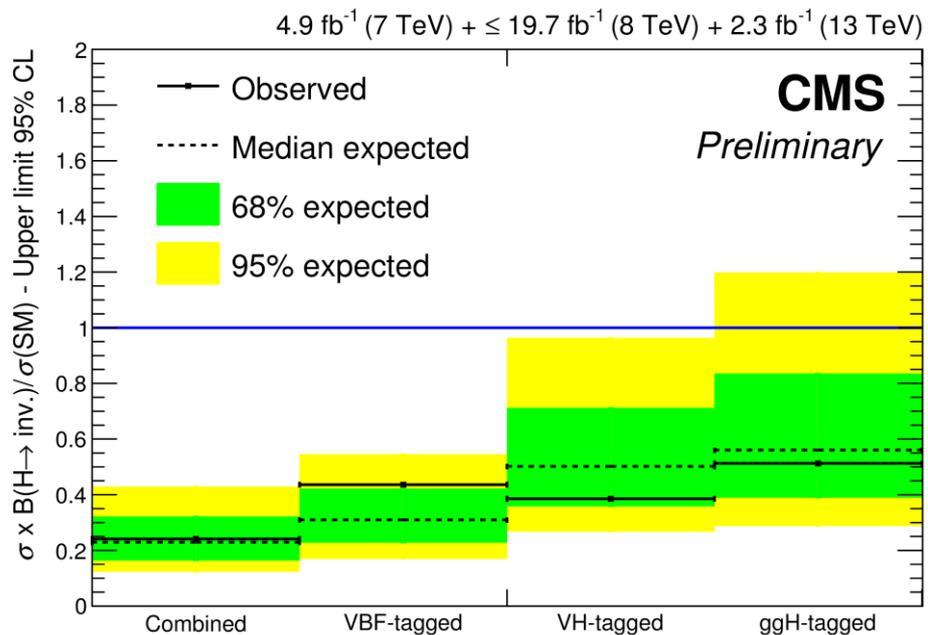
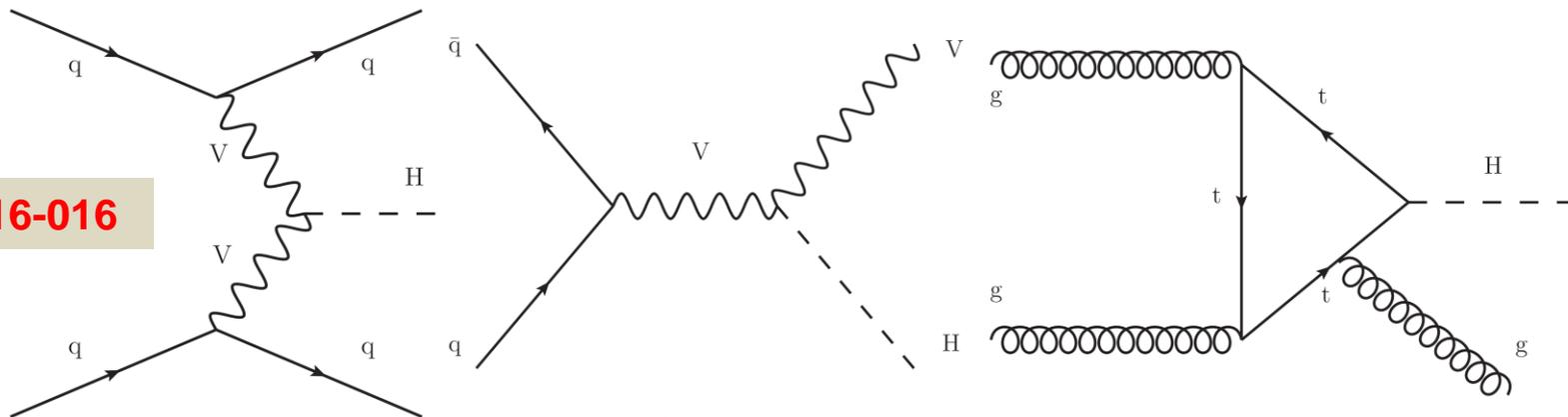
- Constraint placed on $B(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) < 1.2\%$ at 95% CL
- The best fit branching fraction is $B(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) = (-0.76^{+0.81}_{-0.84})\%$
- The limit is subsequently used to constrain the $Y_{\mu\tau}$ Yukawa coupling

$$\sqrt{|Y_{\mu\tau}|^2 + |Y_{\tau\mu}|^2} < 3.16 \times 10^{-3}$$

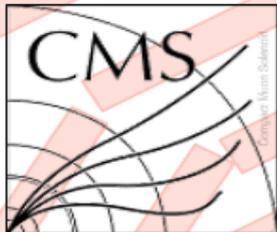


Invisible Higgs Decays

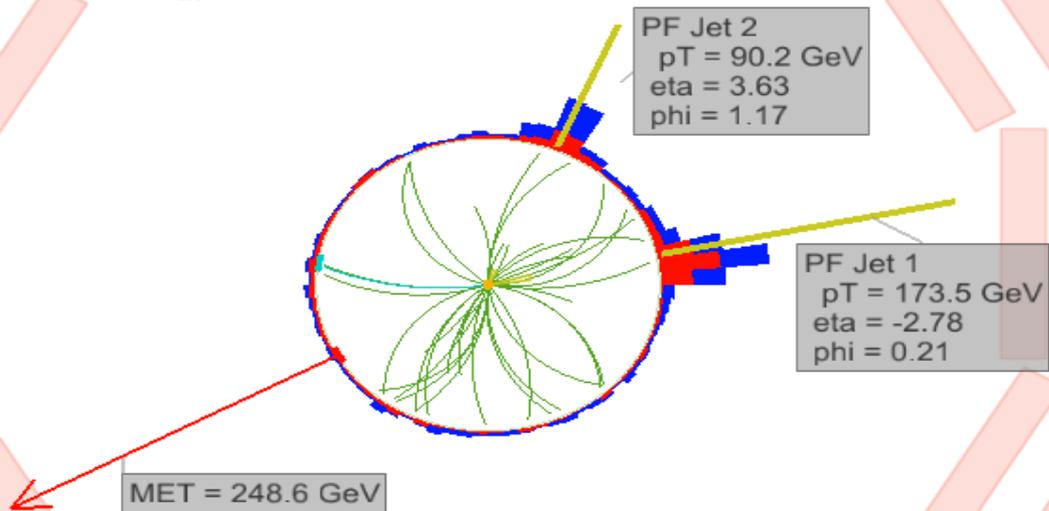
CMS-PAS-HIG-16-016



Invisible Higgs Decays



CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Mon Sep 17 04:50:40 2012 BST
Run/Event: 203002 / 1762672184
Lumi section: 1570
Orbit/Crossing: 411409864 / 423
MET = 248.6 GeV
M(jj) = 3371.7 GeV
eta(jj) = 6.41
phi(jj) = 0.96



Search	Topology	Excess	Local σ	Global σ	Citation
$H \rightarrow WW$	lvJ	700 GeV	2.6	0.5 combination	CMS, 1504.00936
reso $\rightarrow Z+bb$	llbb	$(m_{bb}, m_{llbb}) =$ (95,285) GeV	2.6	1.6	CMS, 1603.02991
		$(m_{bb}, m_{llbb}) =$ (575,660) GeV	2.85	1.9	
$A \rightarrow Zh$	llbb	560 GeV	2.6	1.1	CMS, 1504.04710
$H^\pm \rightarrow tb$	t t (b)	200-500 GeV	up to 2.4		ATLAS, 1512.03704
reso $\rightarrow hh$	various	300 GeV ($\gamma\gamma bb$)	2.5		ATLAS, 1509.04670

No evidence or observations, but **interesting channels to follow up at 13 TeV !**



- ✓ All measured H(125) properties so far found compatible with SM predictions. Observed Higgs boson at mass 125 GeV may be part of an **extended Higgs sector**
- ✓ Many BSM models predicting new scalar, pseudoscalar and charged or neutral Higgs bosons (2HDM, MSSM, NMSSM ...) have been explored
No signs for BSM in the Higgs boson sector...
- ✓ but now exploration with **larger data sample at an increased energy**, also new channels are opening and new searches becoming possible!
- ✓ Exciting times ahead of us, Run II has just started!