

High resistivity, nitrogen-enriched FZ Si wafers for particle detectors

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OUTLINE

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- Wafer specification
- Supply Chain of Si Wafer @ Topsil
- Resistivity Control
- Nitrogen Control
- Phosphorus Control
- Lifetime Control
- Wafer availability
- Summary

Introduction

- NitroSil project objectives included:
- development of Crystal growth and wafer production technology of a new product: nitrogen enriched high resistivity FZ silicon wafers
- this objective has been achieved
- features of nitrogen doped wafers compared to standard Si:FZ wafers are presented

FZ Si:N wafer parameters

Prime Material

Single Side Polished

Silicon: FZ

Diameter: 4"

Orientation: <100>

Type: n

Thickness: 300 +/- 15 µm

Resistivity: 2200 +/- 200 Ohm-cm

Dislocations: free

N concentration: 1-2E15 at/cm⁻³

O concentration: <1E16 at/cm⁻³

C concentration: <5E15 at/cm⁻³

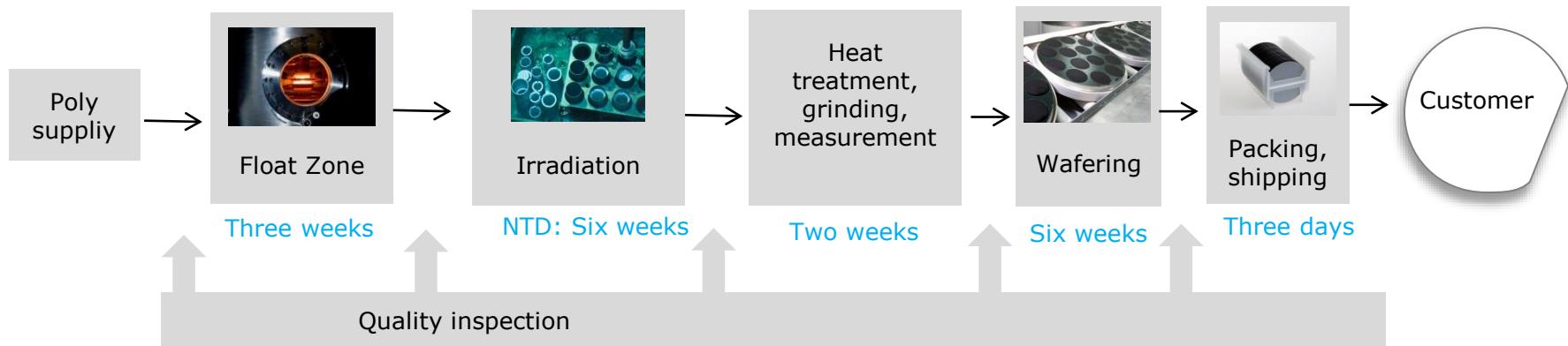
Dopant : Phosphorus (~2.3E12 at/cm⁻³)



Doped with phosphorus in Neutron Transmutation Process

TOPSIL SUPPLY CHAIN IN OVERVIEW

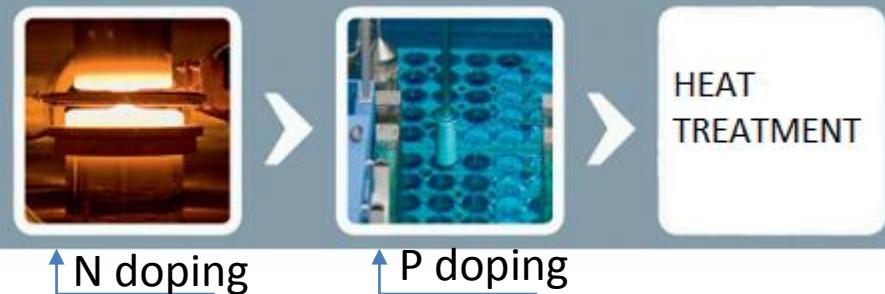
Standard process:



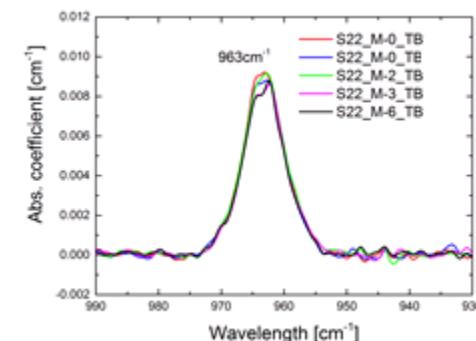
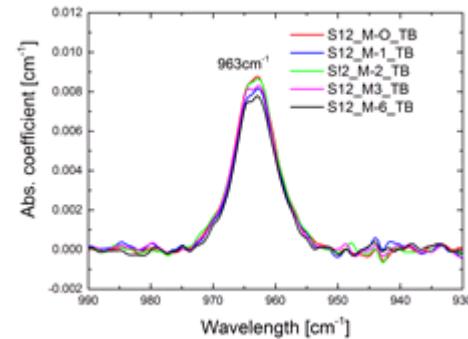
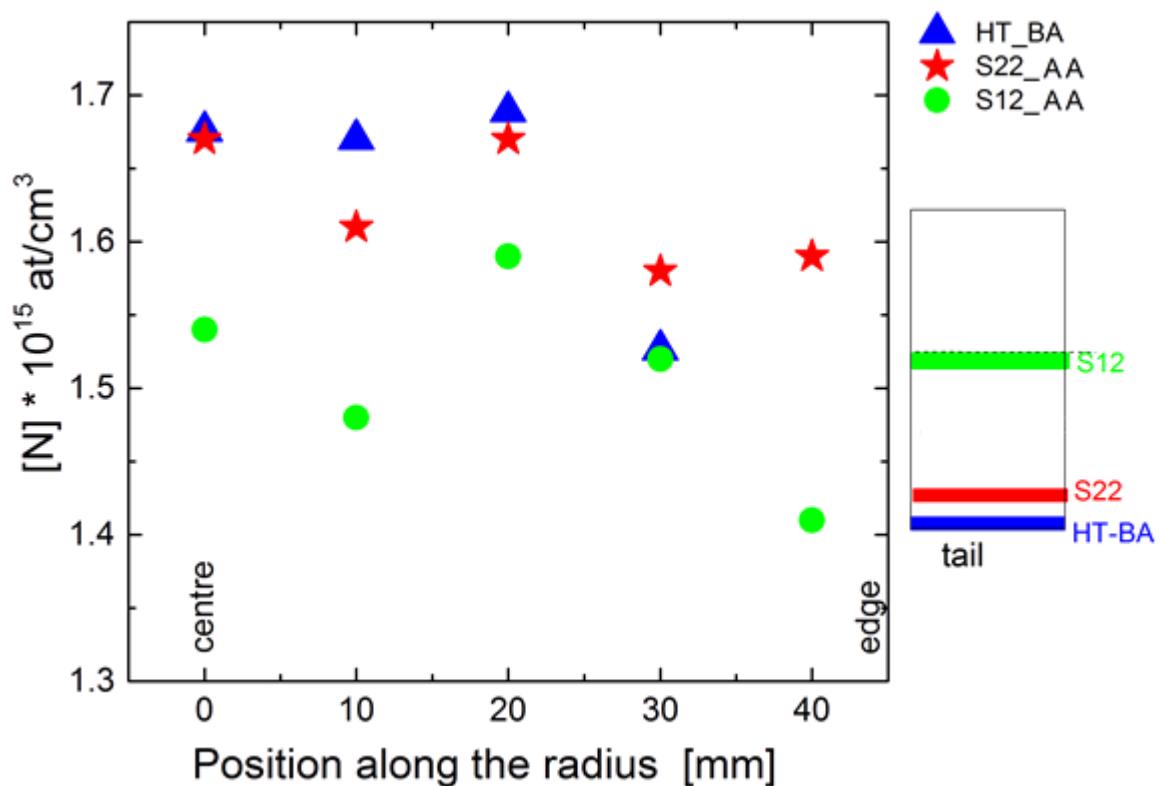
Nitrogen enriched wafers:

- Nitrogen doping during the crystal growth
- Phosphorus doping by Neutron Transmutation (NTD)
- Annealing to remove radiation damage
- Annealing to obtain target resistivity (decomposition of Nitrogen-Oxygen complexes)
- Key is nitrogen control on ingot level, after each step

FTIR Nitrogen Concentration



Lower part of the rod, after annealing removing radiation damage



SIMS Nitrogen Concentration

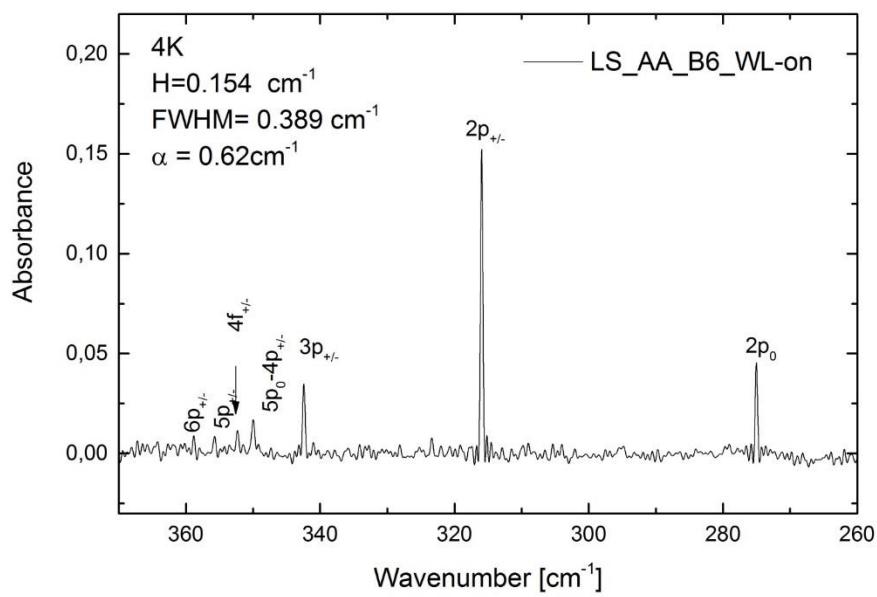


Evans Lab. (USA)
Job# C0FRF644

**Average bulk nitrogen concentration
in FZ Si:N wafer: 1.4E15 cm⁻³**

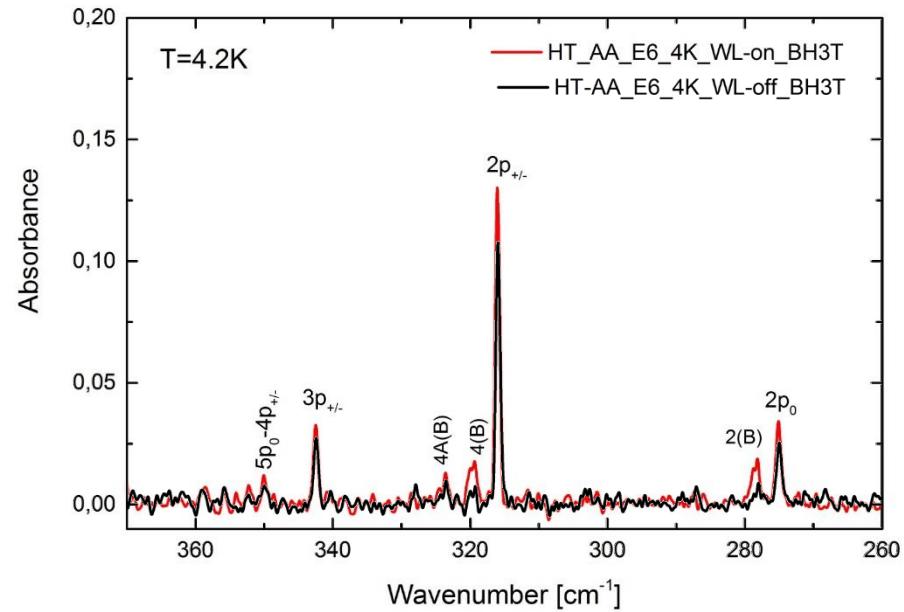
FTIR Phosphorus Concentration

Standard FZ Si



[P] 2.4E12 cm⁻³

FZ Si:N

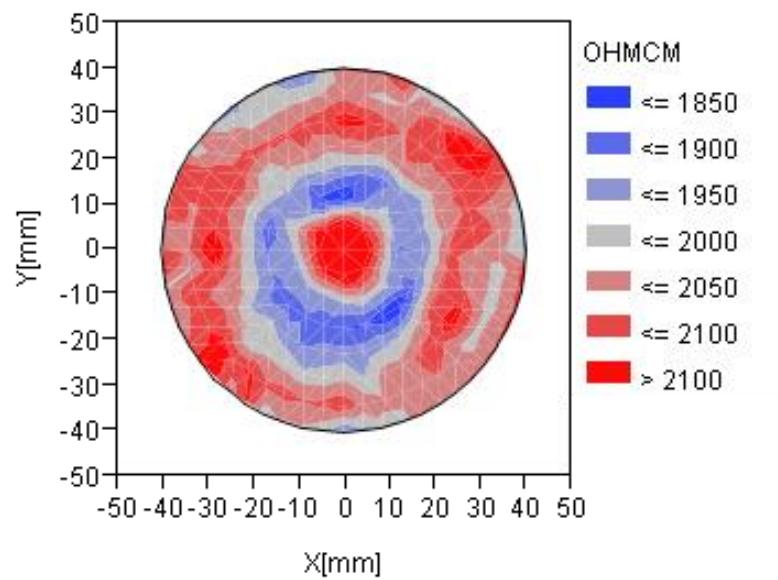


[P] 3.94E12 cm⁻³

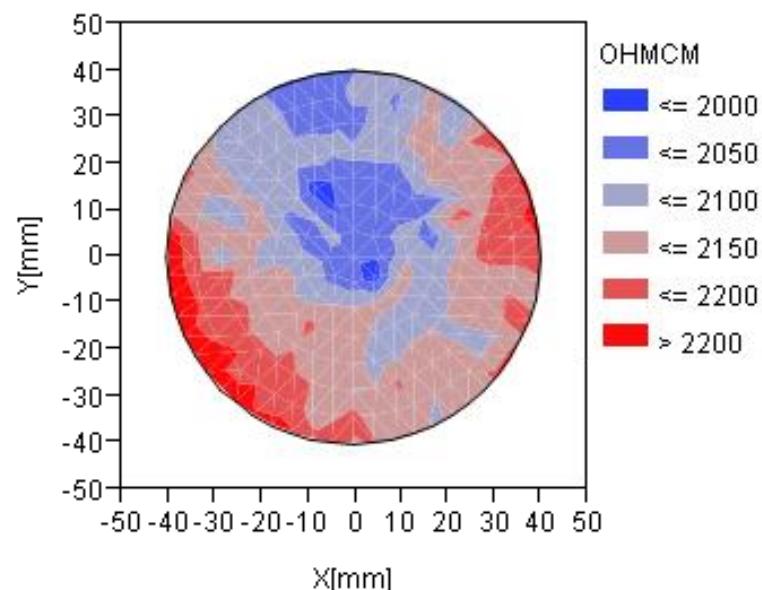
Resistivity control

Resistivity distribution on *n*-type high-purity FZ Si wafers (T=300 K)

Standard FZ Si



FZ Si:N



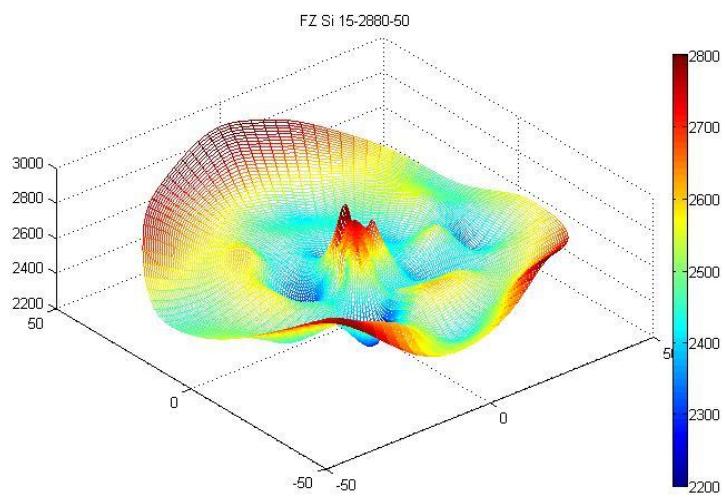
Nitrogen-lean wafer
 $[N] < 1E14 \text{ cm}^{-3}$

Nitrogen-enriched wafer
 $[N] \approx 1.5E15 \text{ cm}^{-3}$

Resistivity control

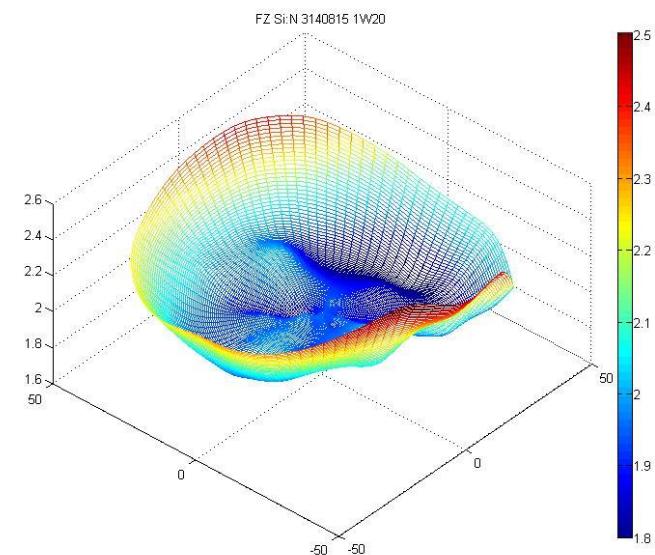
Resistivity distribution on *n*-type high-purity FZ Si wafers (T=300 K)

Standard FZ Si



Nitrogen-lean wafer
[N] < 1E14 cm⁻³

FZ Si:N

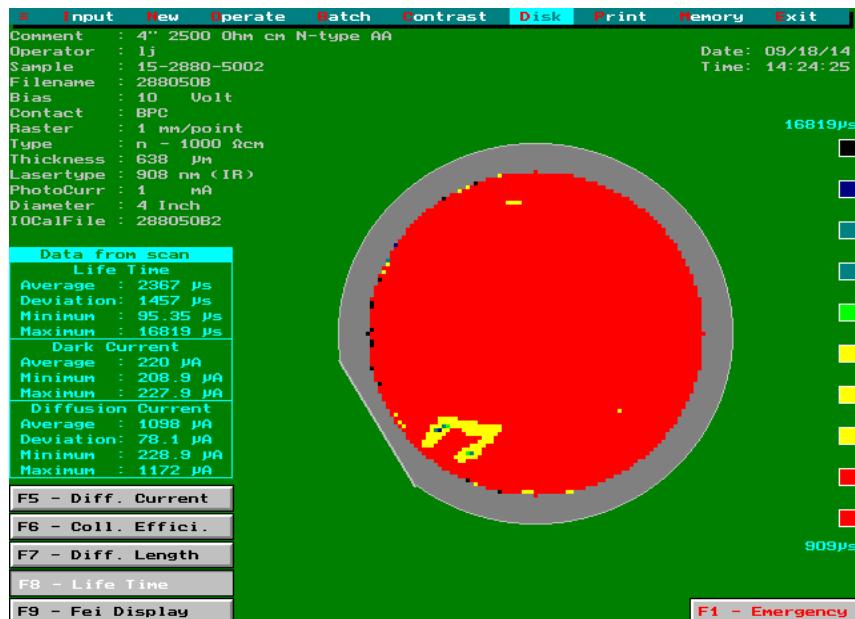


Nitrogen-enriched wafer
[N] ≈ 1.5E15 cm⁻³

Lifetime measurements

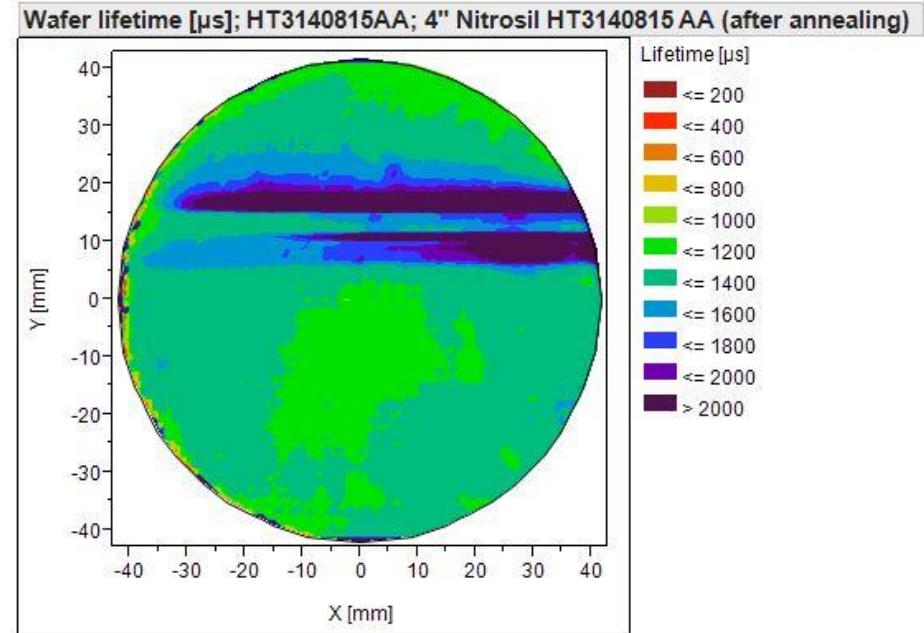
Lifetimes distribution after NTD process and annealing removing radiation damage

Standard FZ Si



$T > 1000 \mu\text{s}$

FZ Si:N



$T > 1000 \mu\text{s}$

Availability of N-enriched wafers

Availability of N-enriched wafers

- **4" wafers**
 - **2016 – wafers for testing (FOC)**
 - **Q2 2017 – commercially available**
- **6" wafers**
 - **Early stage development product available**
(type n, orientation 100resistivity >5kOhm, nitrogen conc. >1E15 cm⁻³)

Summary

Summary

- The NitroSil project milestone that is fabrication of the first high resistivity, 4", n-type, <100>, nitrogen enriched FZ Si wafers has been achieved.
- Both the nitrogen free and the nitrogen reach wafers are characterized by a uniform resistivity distribution and a high bulk purity: [O]<1E16 cm⁻³ , [C]<5E15 cm⁻³.

Acknowledgements

This work has been partially supported by the Polish Centre for Research and Development within the framework of the NitroSil project (ID: 208346) financed by the Program for Applied Research (Contract No. PBS2 / A9 / 26/2014).

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Thank you for attention

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Nitrogen impact on microdefects

- V. Voronkov *et al.* Solid State Phenomena Vols. 131-133 (2008) pp 219-224
- Doping of silicon crystals with nitrogen has an effect on the properties of grown-in microdefects
- In Si crystals vacancies are agglomerated into voids (the voids are revealed by chemical etching as flow pattern effects)
- The void nucleation in FZ crystals occurs at temperature around 1000 °C
- The voids density is at $10^5 - 10^7 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- The void may include $10^3 - 10^5$ vacancies

Nitrogen atoms in Si lattice

- W. von Ammon *et al.* Journal of Crystal Growth 226 (2001) 19–30
- N-N pairs are stable up to 1270 °C
- Interaction of N-N pairs rather than single nitrogen atoms with vacancies leads to suppression of vacancy aggregation

The following reactions are proposed to be responsible for vacancy annihilation:

- (1) $I + V \rightleftharpoons 0$
- (2) $2N_i \rightleftharpoons N_2$
- (3) $N_s + N_i \rightleftharpoons N_2V$
- (4) $N_2 + V \rightleftharpoons N_2V$
- (5) $N_2V + I \rightleftharpoons N_2$

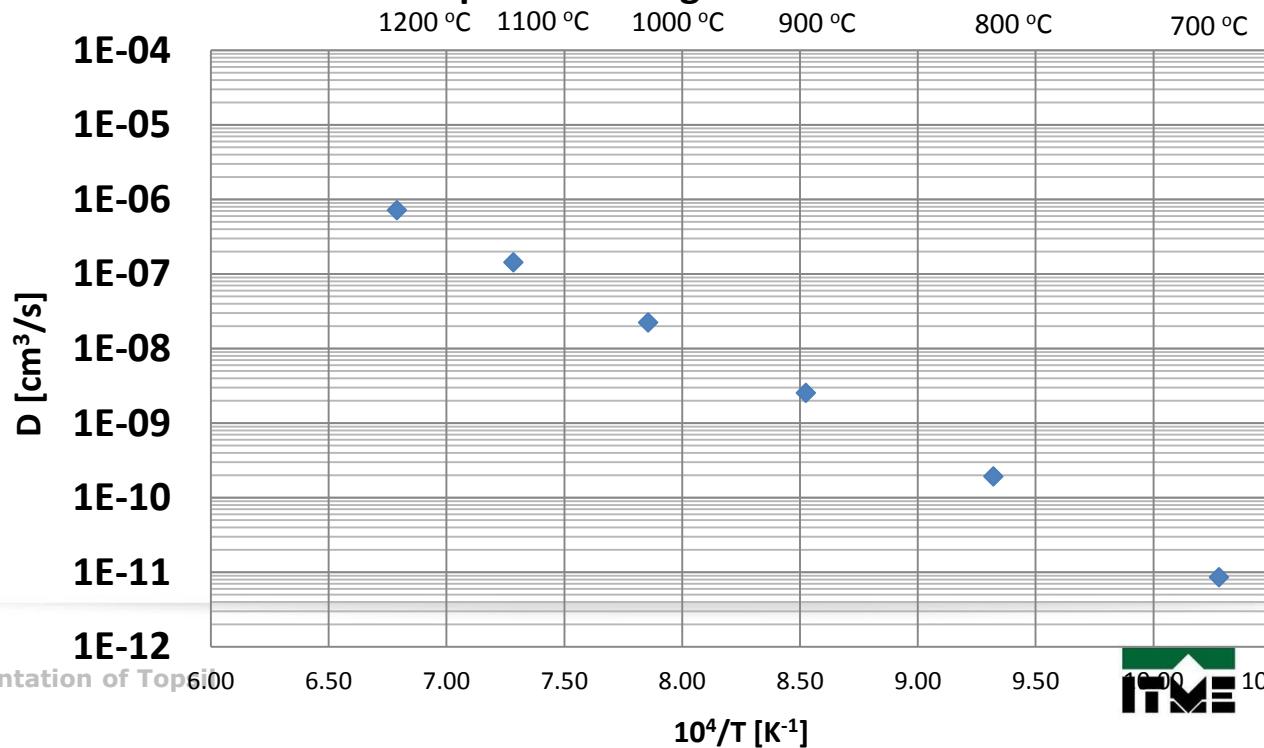
Nitrogen atoms in Si lattice

- T. Itoh and T. Abe Appl. Phys. Lett **53** (1988) p39-41

Diffusion coefficient of nitrogen N-N pairs is given by

$$D = 2.7 \times 10^3 \exp(-2.8 \text{ eV}/kT) \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$$

**Diffusion coefficient of N-N pairs
in temperature range 700 - 1200 °C**



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