

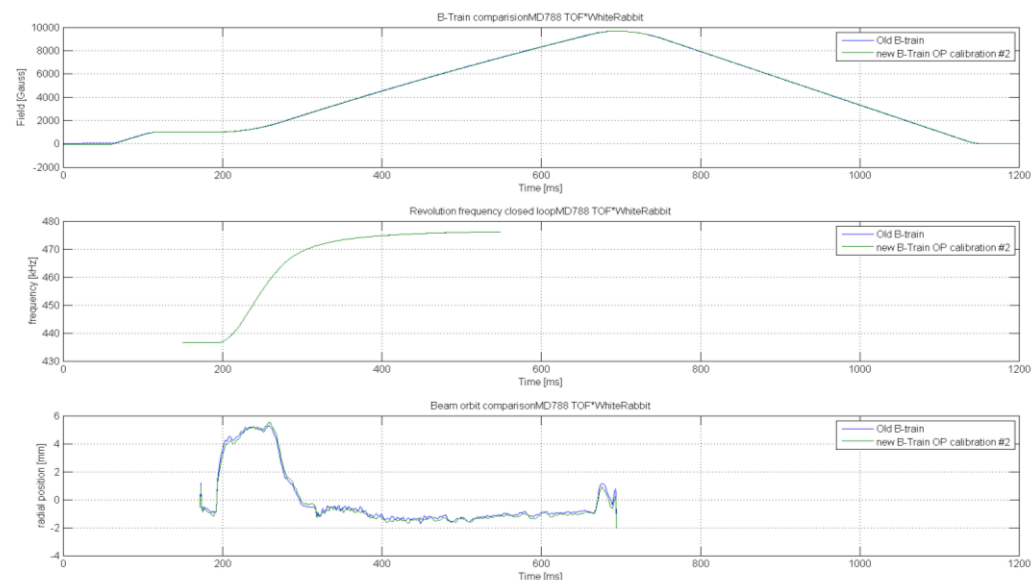
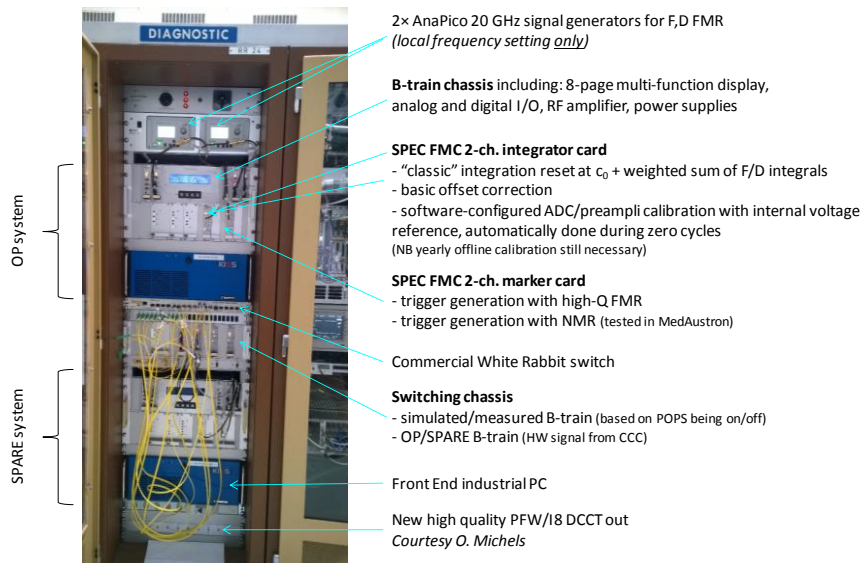
Status of PSB B-train system upgrade

Anthony Beaumont, Marco Buzio, Regis Chritin, Martino Colciago, David Giloteaux, Marco Roda
(TE/MS)

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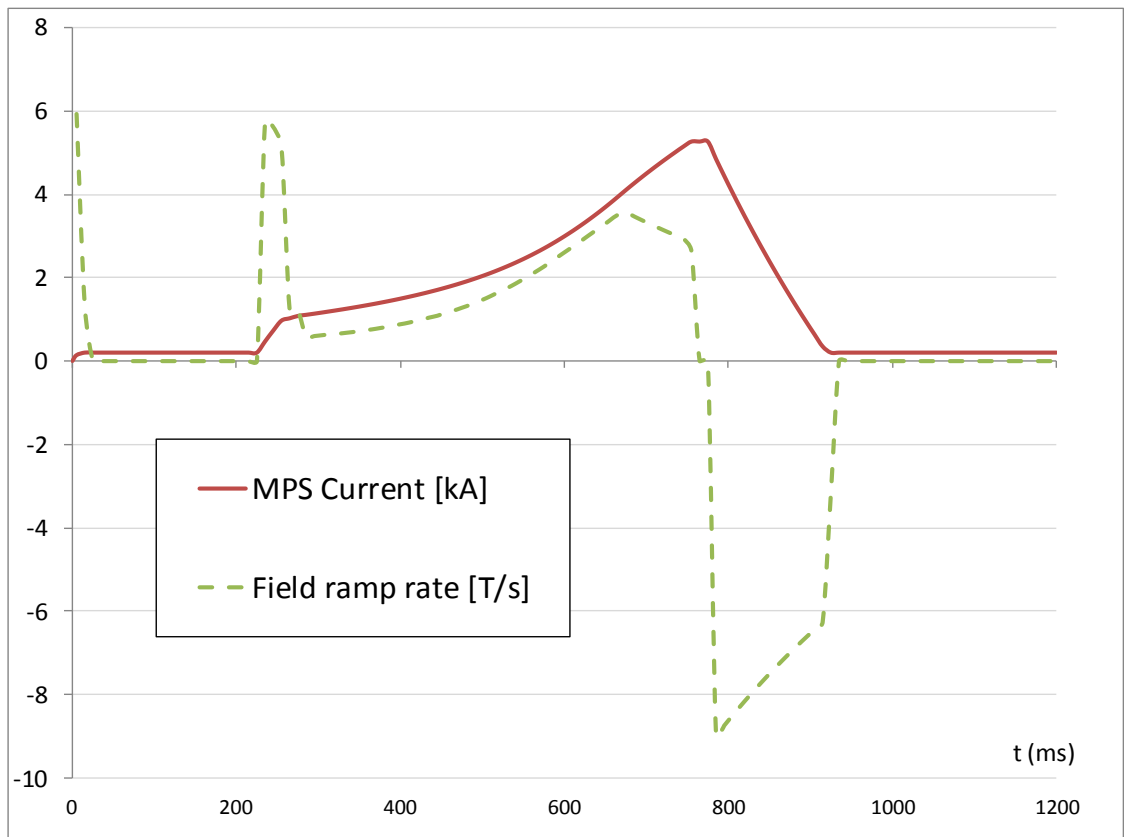
- 1) Status of PS B-train upgrade project
- 2) Status of PSB system
- 3) Planning and open issues

- Basis for all other B-train upgrades
- Prototype PS system deployed in 2014, now measuring in parallel with the old system
- Sensors: 2×FMR markers in F/D + one spare, spare flux loops in F/D, additional harmonic coils and Hall probes
- Two FESA classes to control basic properties + display some 10 kHz signals (FMR output, Bdot, Bmeas) being tested
- Successful tests of OP/SPARE with WR feedback to RF with and w/o beam, protons or ions
- Calibrated to be as close as possible to old B-train (selected cycles only, for the moment)
- Ongoing work: finalization of the FPGA firmware and FESA classes, sensor improvement, test and calibration in all relevant cycling conditions
- Foreseen to be switched on-line for long-term testing mid 2017, old system dismissed after LS2



PSB B-train upgrade – specifications

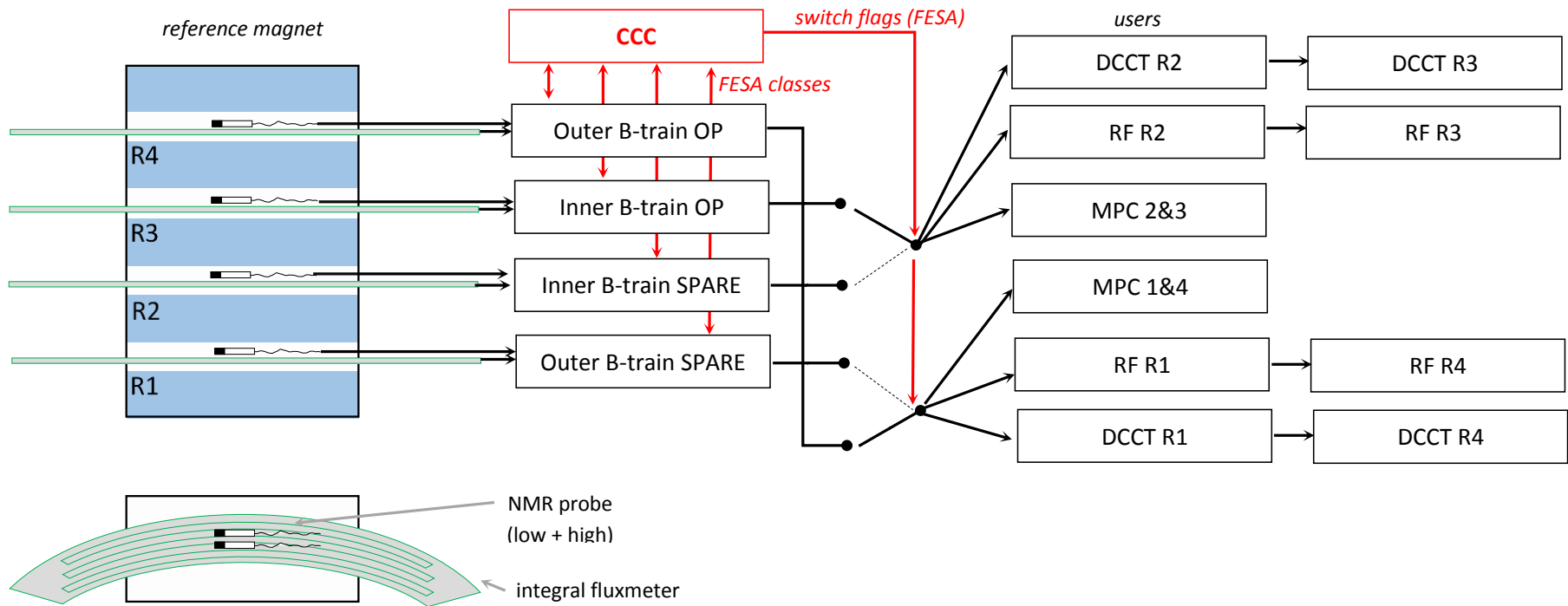
Parameter	Value	Unit
Max. magnetic field B	1.2	T
Min. magnetic field B	0.1	T
Max. dB/dt	6 (-9)	T/s
Measurement uncertainty	30	μT
Measurement resolution ramp-up and flat-top (ramp-down)	10 (15)	μT
Cycle duration	1.2	s
Field broadcast rate	600	kHz



(see: PSB Upgrade TDR, talk at LIU-PSB WG of 16/10/2014)



PSB B-train upgrade – layout and status

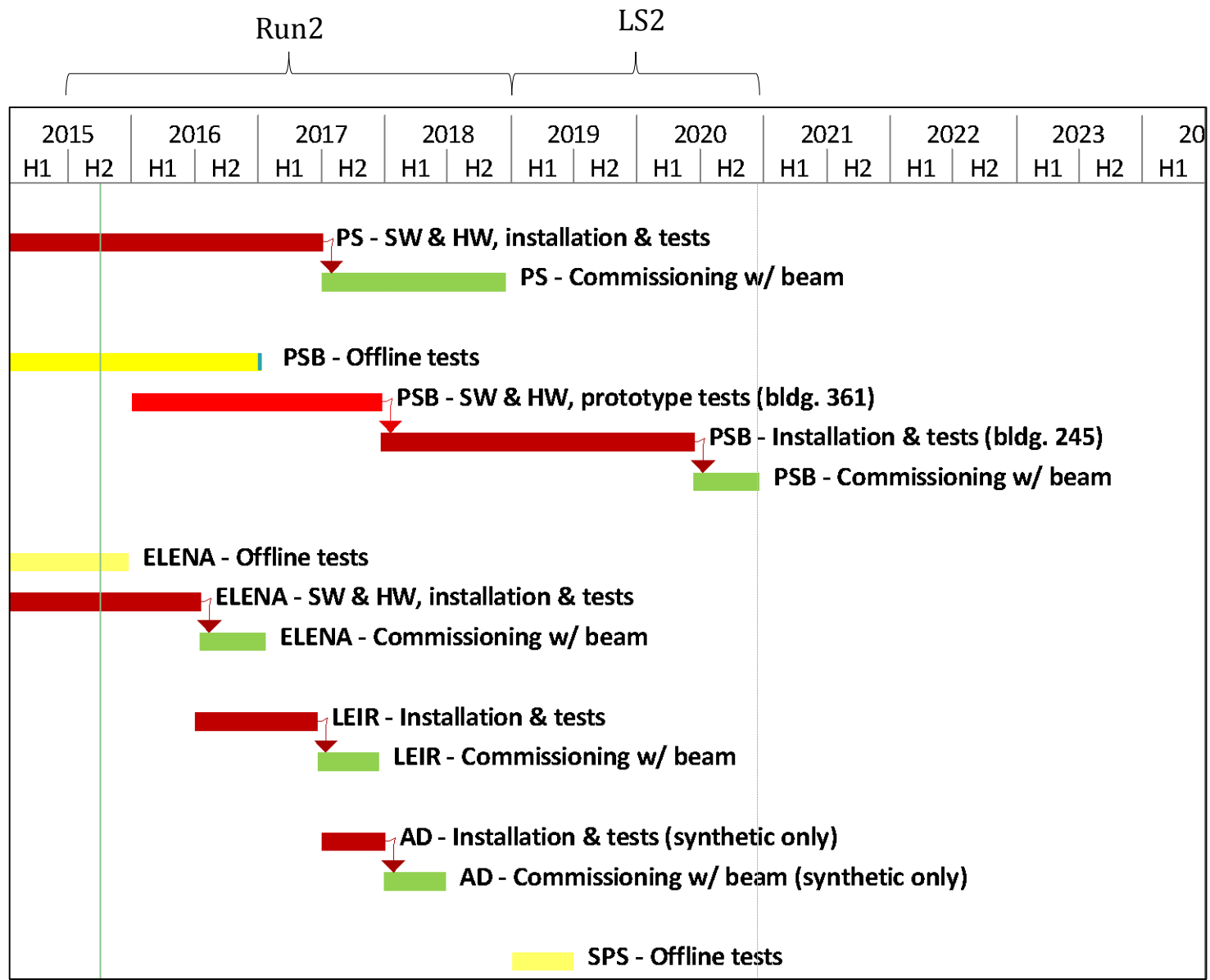


- Electronic components (and spares) for all approved systems in production: (early 2016) B-train chassis, integrator and marker FMC carrier and mezzanine cards, power supplies etc.
- Linux Front-Ends and CTRi timing cards: stock components
- NMR components already at CERN (or available rapidly)
- Still being defined:
 - integral PCB fluxmeters (4-10 months to procure)
 - sensor supports, cabling
 - FESA classes with control and diagnostic parameters, OASIS diagnostic signals

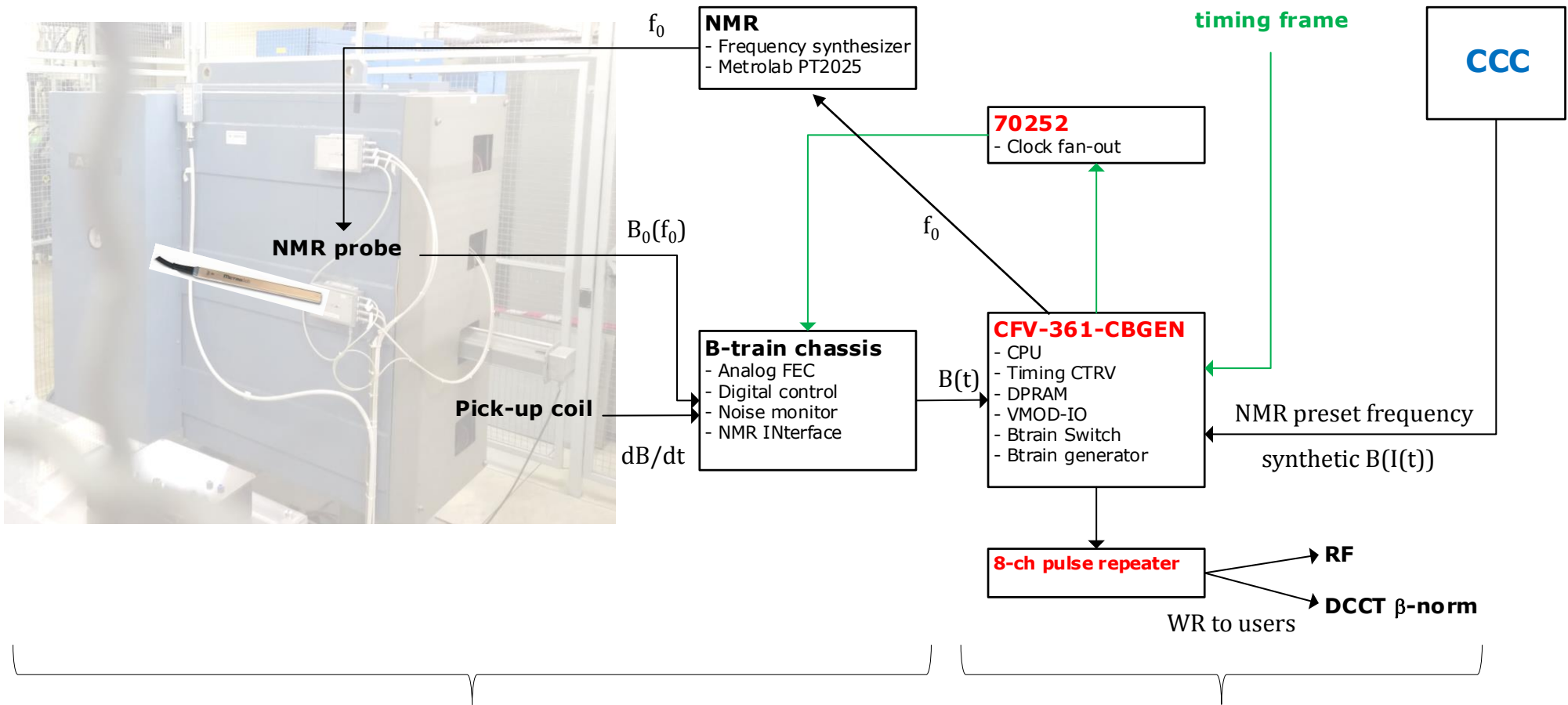
- **Overall architecture:** where to put SPARE sensors / use SPARE as OP ?
Top/bottom asymmetry $< 2 \cdot 10^{-4}$ → hot-spare duplicated sensors possible, can be added in the bottom rings at little additional cost
- **NMR frequency programming:** how is it done now, who will do it in operation ?
CCC via FESA parameters
- 3 full-height racks needed for the production system (as close as possible to the ref magnet)
can we fill in free space in the B-train racks now ?
Yes (needed for component tests in the immediate future)
- $2 \times I_{MPS}$ (+ $4 \times I_{trim}$) broadcast via White Rabbit: in parallel or merged ?
Still to be discussed, depends on White Rabbit latency and its impact on operation
- define **signals, variable and alarms** to be exchanged with the CCC
Still to be discussed
- what about the **synthetic B-train** ? Define uses and tolerances
Common new architecture being defined for all machines (was not included in the TDR)
- *are there any other users ?* NO
- Internal drift/gain correction may generate **steps in the distributed B-train**.
Maximum acceptable step size (→ need to smooth out over a certain time)
Must be tested, can be changed at any time

- Artificial $B_{\text{up}}/B_{\text{down}}$ corresponding to a cycle type (user) selected by the CR, triggered in synch with standard timing, transmitted along the measured B-train channels. Aim:
 - RF cavity tuning w/o beam, typically on each restart
 - Run the beam in lieu of the measured B-train, e.g. in case of faults or for testing purposes
- Same system in PSB, AD, LEIR: VME FEC + BTG (B-train Generator) cards that simulate directly the $B_{\text{up}}/B_{\text{down}}$ pulse trains based on a simple field model $B(I, dI/dt) = B_0 + kI + k' dI/dt$, Setup done by FESA software (last inheritor: J. M. Nonglaton)
- Today not TE/MSR responsibility; logically part of the B-train system; standardization is a goal
- Upgrade proposal: system based on an additional FMC card able to operate in two modes:
 - Real-time (default) measured I received in real time via WR, $B(I)$ computed on-the-fly
Considerable scope for improvements with modern mathematical models, (e.g. Jiles-Atherton coupled with eddy current circuits): the model is a basis for real-time diagnostic comparison with the measured B-trains, and it could provide operational flexibility and robustness by replacing the measured B-train in a wider range of cases
 - Preset (equivalent to BTG today) when no measured I is available, the card receives a preset $I(t)$ waveform, computes $B(I(t))$ and plays it in synch with timing

Deployment schedule (DRAFT)



Existing PSB B-train



Responsibility accepted by TE in 2008

Responsibility of BE/CO

Obsolete hardware and software (in particular measured and synthetic VME FEC, CTRV and PLS-SU timing cards, FESA2 classes), maintenance hard to ensure after LS2

handover to TE/MS C or switchover to new system to be decided in June 2017

- 0) Existing B-train and reference magnet kept “as is”
Risk: unmaintained(-able) components

Recommended alternative: existing B-train electronics should be dismantled after the new system has been successfully commissioned with beam.

B_{up}/B_{down} no longer useful since MPS does not require feedback

RF is compatible with White Rabbit already today

(what about DCCT beta-normalization ? will this require B_{up}/B_{down} ?)

- 1) new reference magnet connected in series to MPS
(power cables to be pulled, trim circuit to be added ?)
new B-train system unchanged
White Rabbit signal representing the field in Ring 3 is transmitted to RF/BI
- 2) new B-train system modified to use sensors inside existing reference magnet
(long signal cables to be pulled or electronics to be moved to 361, new calibration necessary)
White Rabbit signal representing the field in Ring 3 is transmitted to RF/BI

- Fully detailed snapshot of existing system:
 - roundup of old documentation
 - detailed list of spares
 - details of the synthetic B-train generation software
 - split up sensor output for measurements in parallel with a separate acquisition system
 - identification and removal of old/disconnected sensors inside the existing reference magnet
- Definition of FESA classes and OASYS signals
(e.g. NMR output in the CCC, alarms based on difference between OP/SPARE chains, etc. etc.)
- Offline magnetic tests in bldg. 867:
 - NMR/FMR as field markers with the faster cycles
 - magnetic coupling between ring 1/4 and 2/3 (possible impact on the MPS control system)
 - possibility/need of a high field marker (used in the past, then dropped)
 - impact of dynamics and hysteresis effects on the calibration of the new B-train
 - full characterization of new reference/spare bending
 - test of quadrupoles (field quality, dynamics, hysteresis)
- No beam tests with new system before end LS2 → test in advance as much as possible
 - test new B-train system in 867 with existing/new reference magnet
 - (partial) install of new B-train in 361, use existing sensors/add new ones in the free gaps to run in parallel with existing B-train (feedback to RF possible)
 - when new reference magnet in 245, test whole system with new POPS/another power converter