

Improving theory interfaces in xFitter

S. Glazov, xFitter workshop, Dubna, 20 Feb 2016

Current implementation

- Fortran-based implementation
- Theory modules are activated for given data set using REACTION variable in the data namelist, e.g. REACTION = 'NC PP'
- All modules are called at several stages: initialization; at the beginning of iteration; and computation of predictions for a data set.
- For adding new theory modules, corresponding functions need to be modified. They already contain many if-statements.

Theory expression user interface

We already have a flexible way to compute predictions based on APPLGRID, FastNLO and k-factor corrections, using expression interface

```
TheoryType      = 'expression'  
TermName       = 'A1', 'K1', 'K2', 'K3'  
TermType       = 'applgrid', 'kfactor', 'kfactor', 'kfactor'  
TermSource     = 'datafiles/lhc/atlas/drellYan/1404.1212/low_fidu.root' ,  
                'datafiles/lhc/atlas/drellYan/1404.1212/kf.nominal.NNLO-NLOEW.txt' ,  
                'datafiles/lhc/atlas/drellYan/1404.1212/kf.nominal.PI.txt'  
                'datafiles/lhc/atlas/drellYan/1404.1212/kf.nominal.scheme.txt'  
TheorExpr= 'K1*K3*A1/1.e5+K2'
```

At the moment expressions are limited to APPLGRID, FastNLO and k-Factors. Would be great to extend to all theory modules, including DIS.

ITheoryModule.h

```
class ITheoryModule {
public:
    ITheoryModule(std::string name)
        { fName = name; }
    virtual ~ITheoryModule();
    virtual void InitializeModule() {}
    virtual void AddDataSet(int IDDataSet) {}
    virtual void InitBeforeIteration( const abstractParameters* pars, int* const iFlag )
    virtual void GetPrediction(int IDDataSet, double* prediction) = 0;
    virtual void AfterIteration() {}
    virtual void FinalizeModule() {}
private:
    std::string name;
}
;
static std::map <std::string, ITheoryModule*> theoryModulesRegistry;
```

- Interface class to register theory modules with a pure virtual GETPREDICTION method.
- Registry of theory modules by name in a map.
- Theory modules can become a part of Theory Expression, using the same name.

Things to consider

- Single instance theory module for multiple data set of the same type (easier fortran interface). Data sets are registered using `ADDDATASET` function. Need to figure out simplest exchange of binning information, could be perhaps done by a helper function (or method), based on `IDDATASET`.
- Allow theory modules to have individual input parameters, not always namelist driven (?)
- Move to shared libraries for theory modules, dynamically loadable using common python interface (?)

In case of fire



1. `git commit`



2. `git push`



3. `leave building`