

# How to store multidimensional data

Dmitri Konstantinov  
Geant Validation DB Meeting  
November 18  
2015

# PostgreSQL

For this study I have created a sandbox:

virtual machine with postgresql 9.2

PyGreSQL - python API – to read/write data into database

- Using PostgreSQL we can keep
  - a) JSON (any data can be serialized into JSON, even with axis names etc )
  - b) arrays – REAL 1D\_ARRAY[]
    - many dimensional data - REAL 2D\_ARRAY[][]  
but only for same dimensions, i.e.  $m \times m$

# 1D histograms

- 1D histogram
  - xlow[m]
  - xfoci[m]
  - xhigh[m]
  - yval[m]
  - yerr\_stat[m]
  - yerr\_sys\_plus[m]
  - yerr\_sys\_minus[m]

And this can be easily described by very same postgres table.

# 2D histograms

- 2D histogram

- x1\_low[m]
- x1\_foci[m]
- x1\_high[m]
- x2\_low[n]
- x2\_foci[n]
- x2\_high[n]

- yval[m x n]
- yerr\_stat[m x n]
- yerr\_sys\_plus[m x n]
- yerr\_sys\_minus[m x n]



- 2D histogram

- dimensions[] = { m, n }
- x\_low[m + n]
- x\_foci[m + n]
- x\_high[m + n]

- yval[m x n]
- yerr\_stat[m x n]
- yerr\_sys\_plus[m x n]
- yerr\_sys\_minus[m x n]

**Therefore we can easily to keep any dimensional data using Postgres arrays.**

- The similar can be done using JSON data type
  - In python it can be easily read/written using standard “json” module
  - In C++ API it can be done using Boost library

# Plan

- draw a DB schema which will satisfy our requirements
- fill DB prototype with all possible data “types” we have up to now for validation to see possible shortcomings.