Expectations and opportunities for the run 2 of the LHC

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Michelangelo L. Mangano

TH Unit, Physics Department, CERN

michelangelo.mangano@cern.ch

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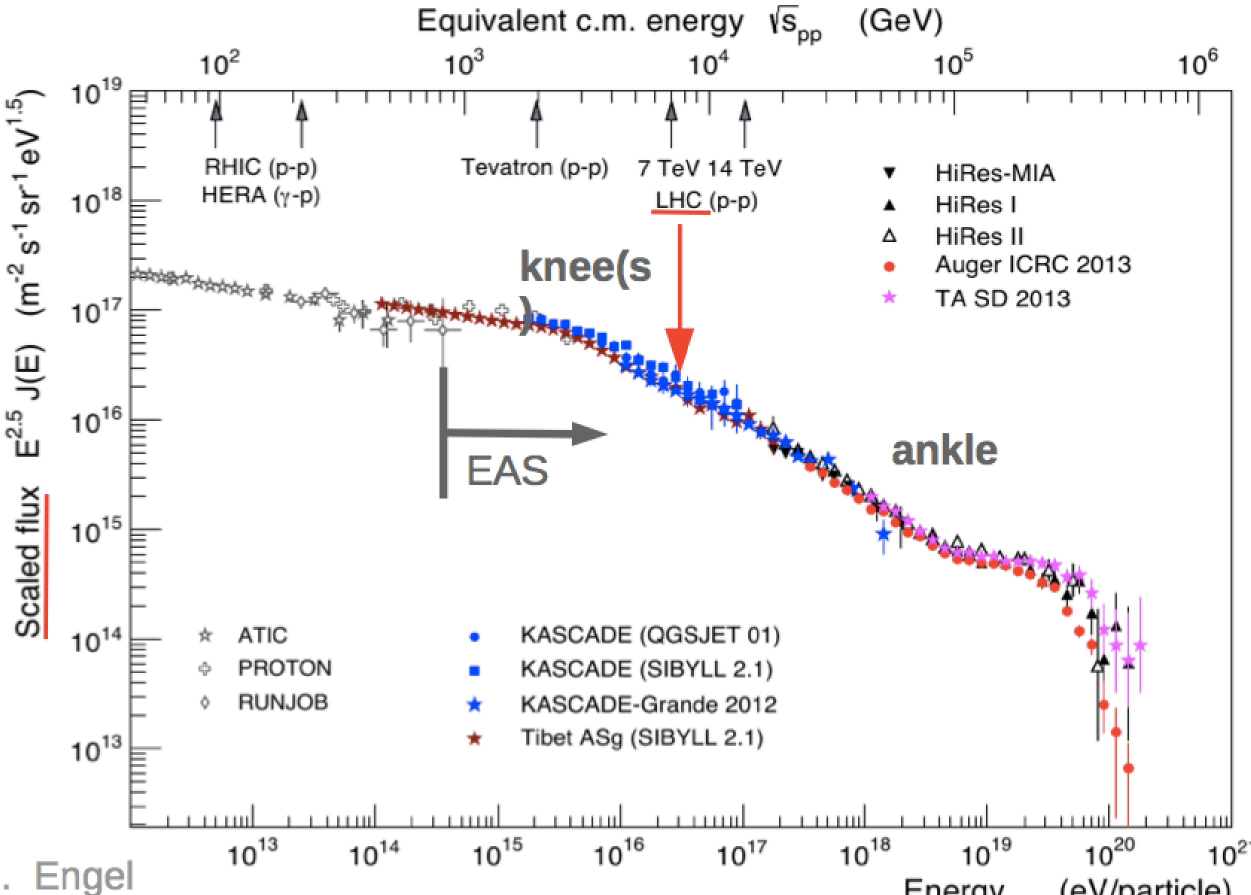
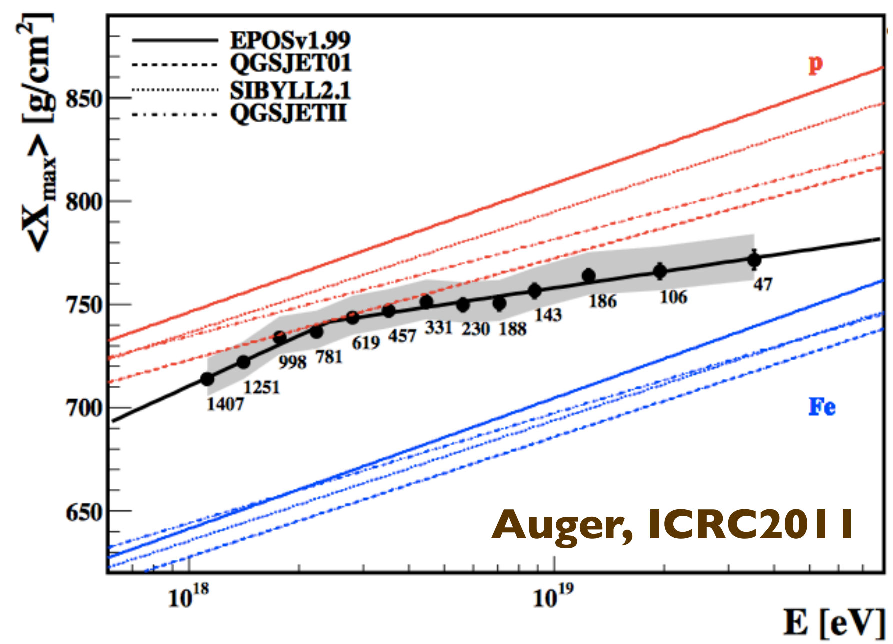
➡ *how much richer and broader can the physics programme become? which new surprises?*

some examples, off the beaten path of higgs, susy etc

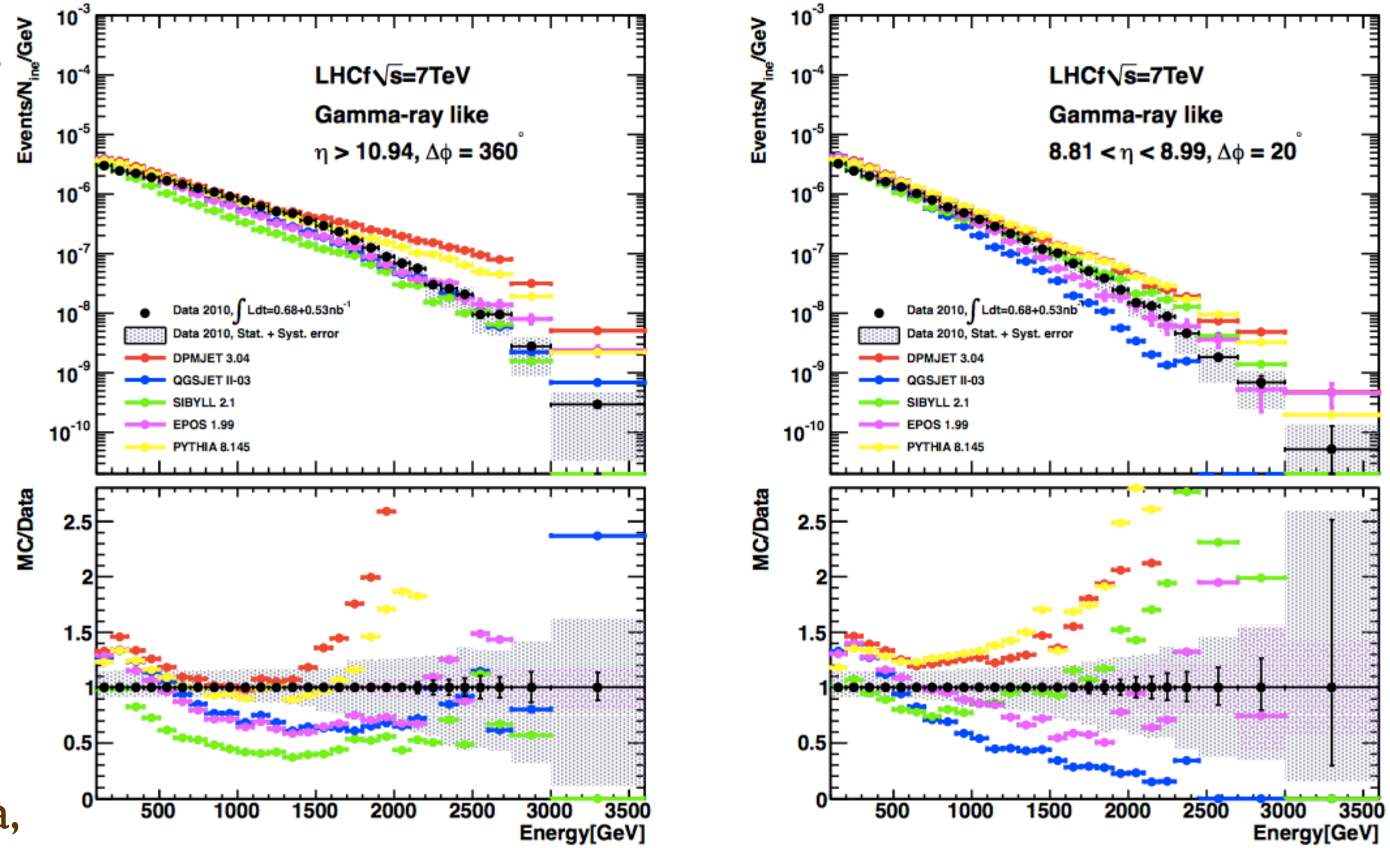
LHC & CRs



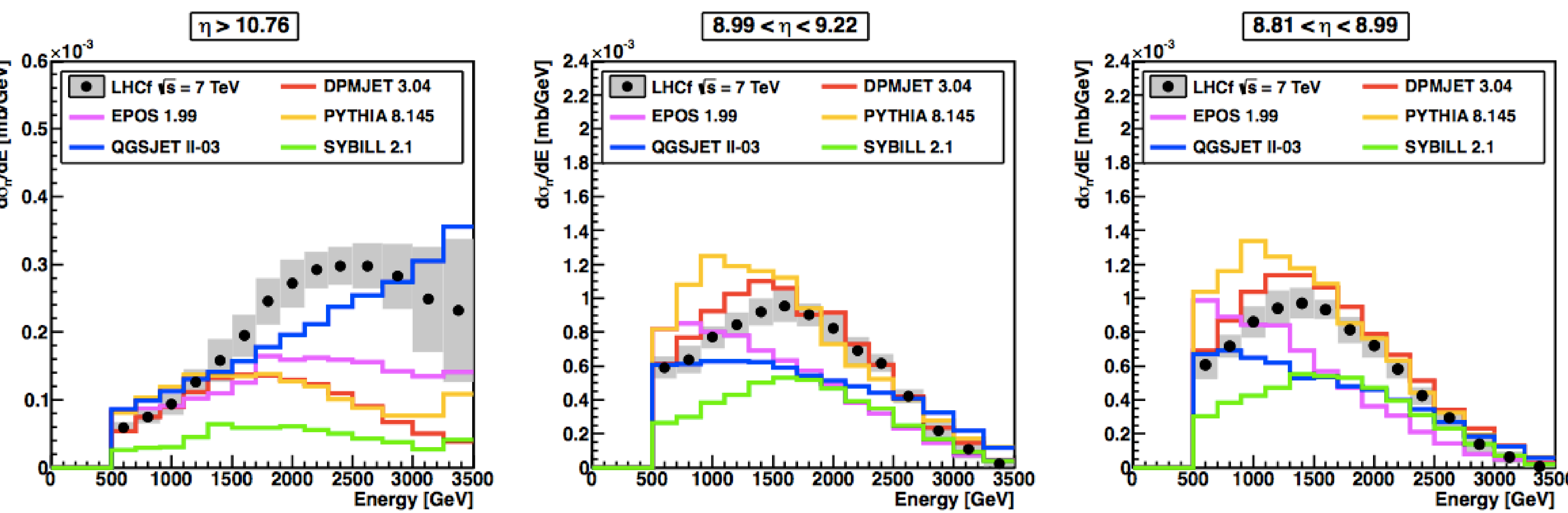
R. Engel (KIT)



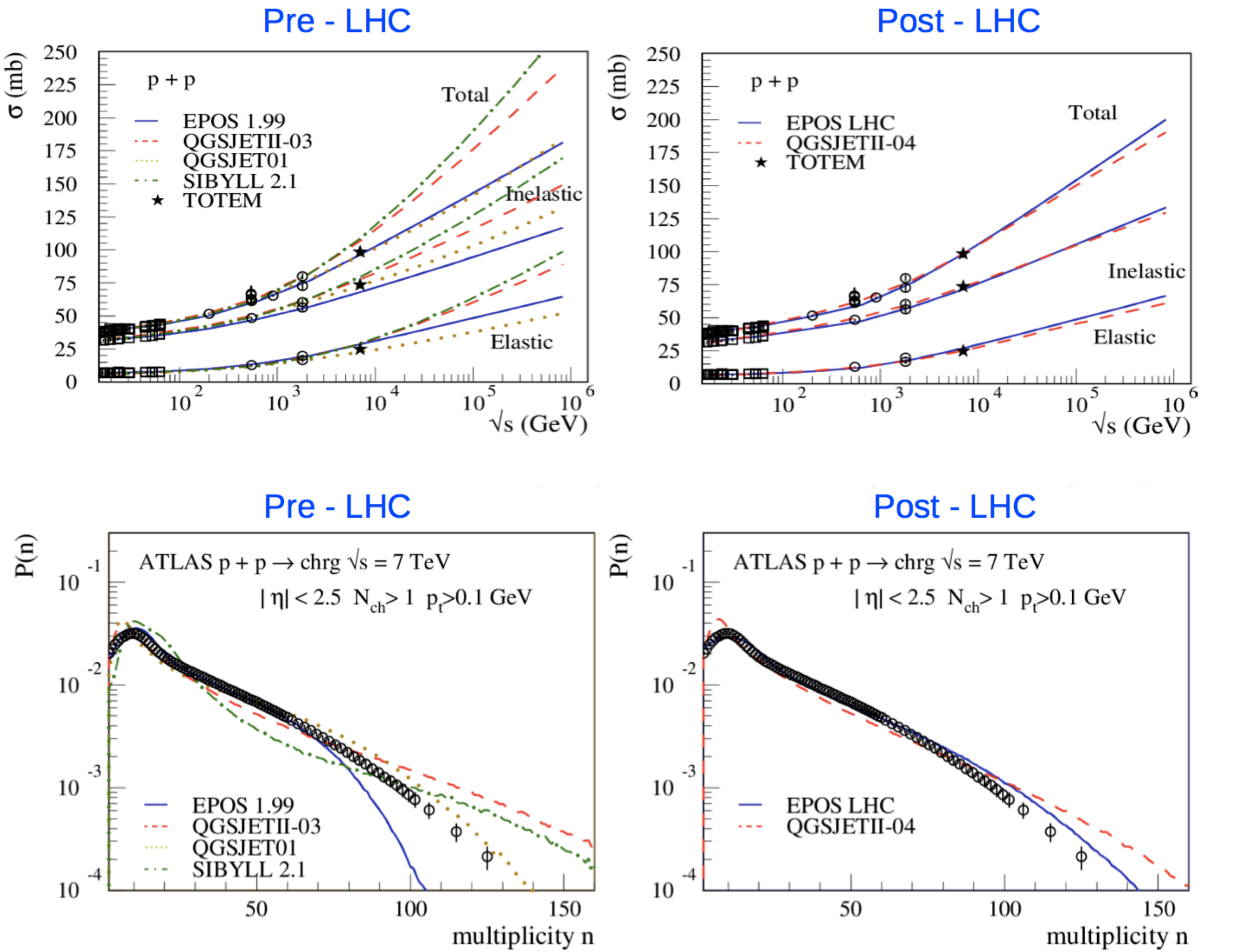
LHCf, fwd photon energy spectra, arXiv:1104.5294

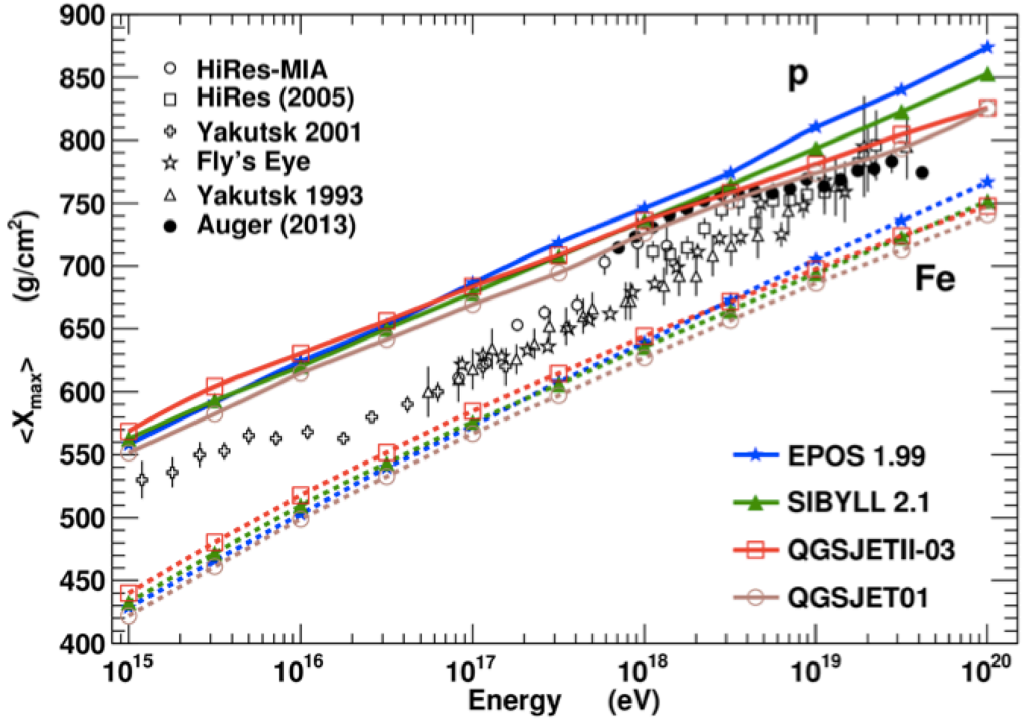


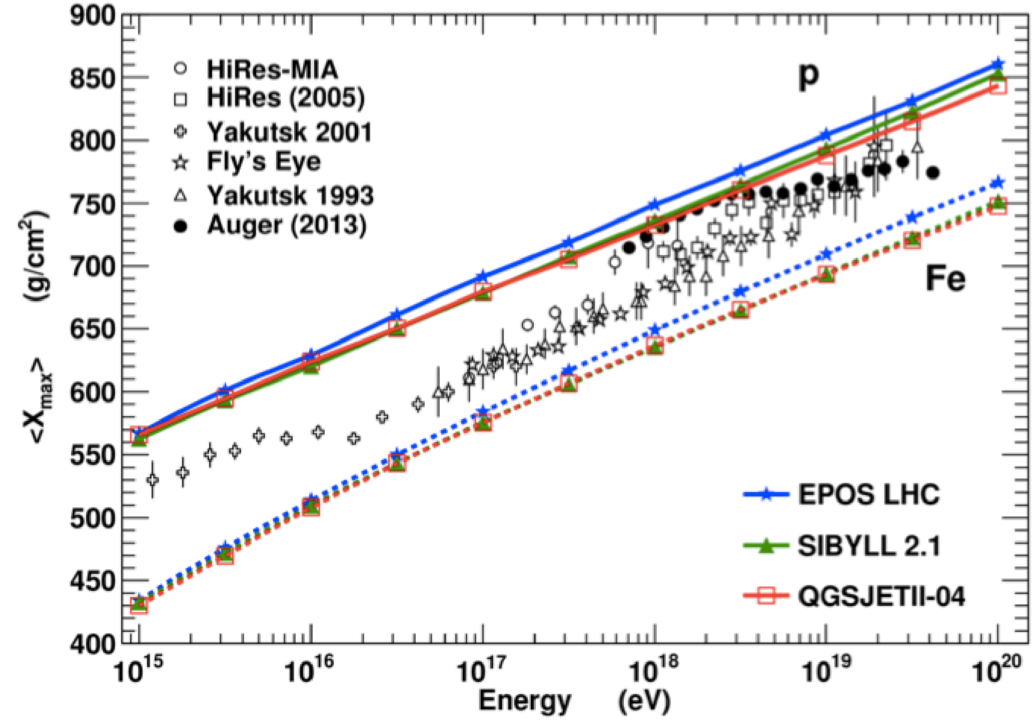
LHCf, fwd neutron energy spectra, arXiv:1503.03505



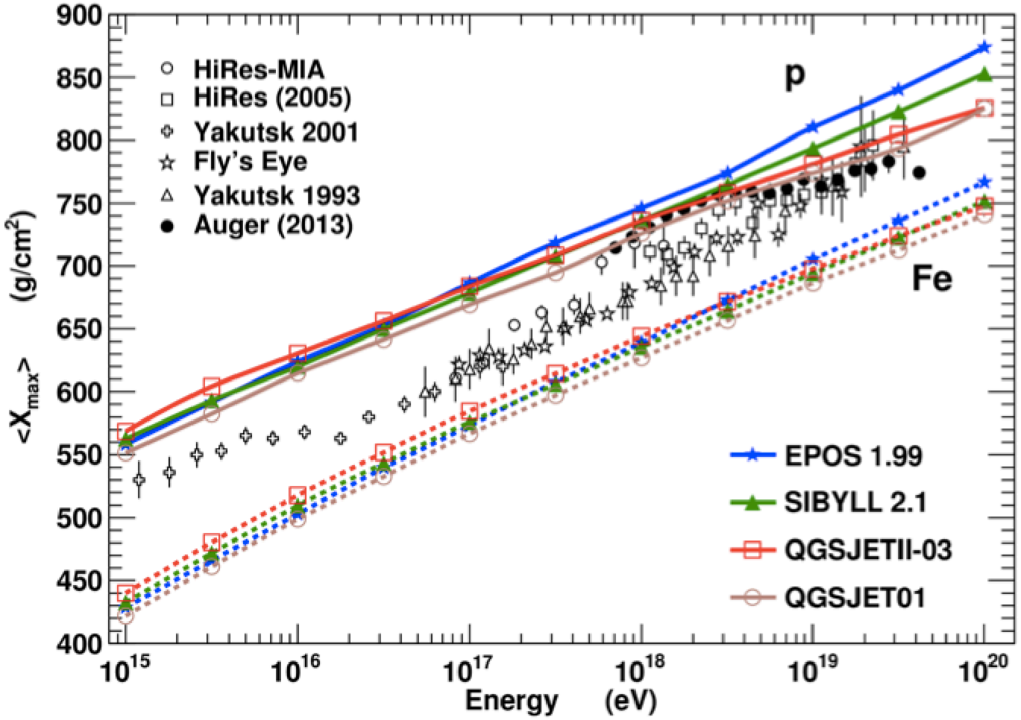
Tuning CR MCs with LHC data (mostly from the first few pb^{-1} ....)

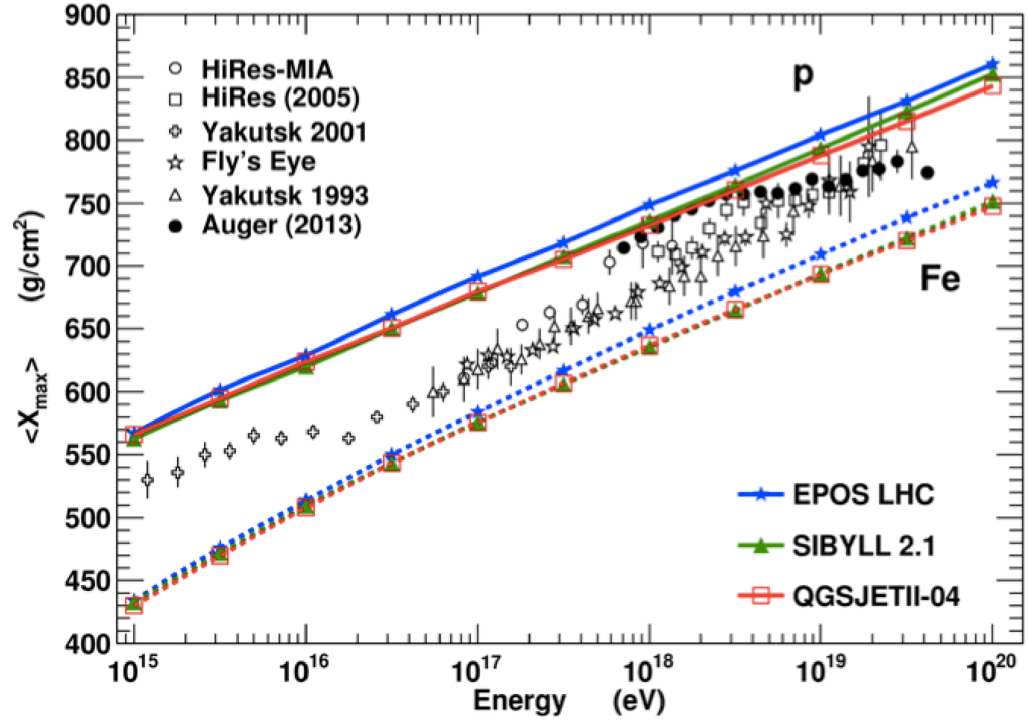






Uncertainty on ⟨X_{max}⟩ reduced from ~50 g/cm^2 to ~20 g/cm^2 ([proton – iron]~100 g/cm^2)





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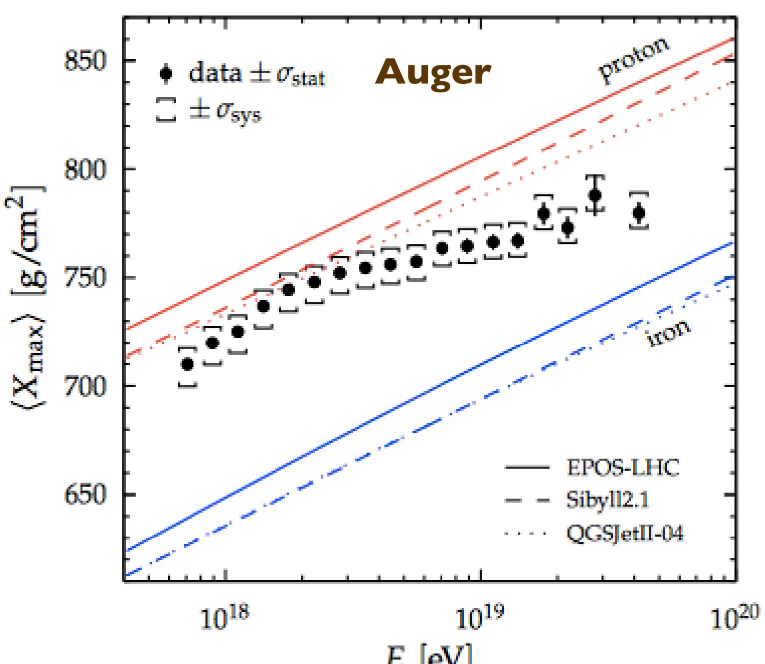

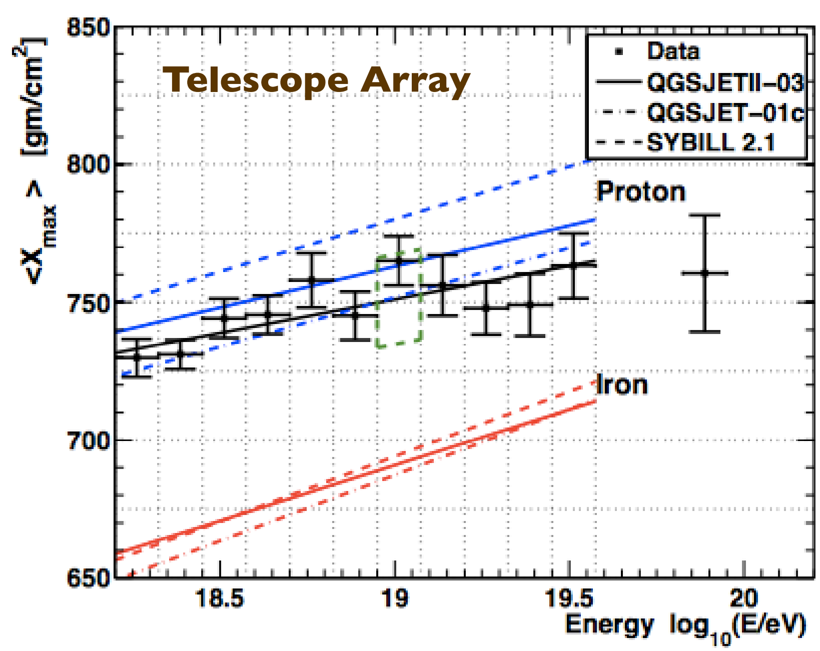

〈Xmax〉 as measured by the Pierre Auger (left) and Telescope Array (right) Collaboration [2, 3]. The colored lines denote predictions of air shower simulation (note that different models are shown in the left and right panel, only Sibyll2.1 is the same). The black line on the right panel is a straight-line fit to the TA data.

Auger and Telescope Array WG, arXiv:1503.07540

Glueballs

Run 1, evidence of sensitivity to $f_0(1710) \to \rho^0 \rho^0$ from 3nb^{-1} joint CMS/TOTEM

- $f_0(1710)$, 0^{++} glueball candidate
- No info on production rate in gg channel
- Conflicting knowledge (B factories, Zeus) on:
  - mass
  - decay BRs to u/d vs strange mesons (crucial to assess consistency with glueball interpretation): $\pi\pi$, $\rho\rho$, KK

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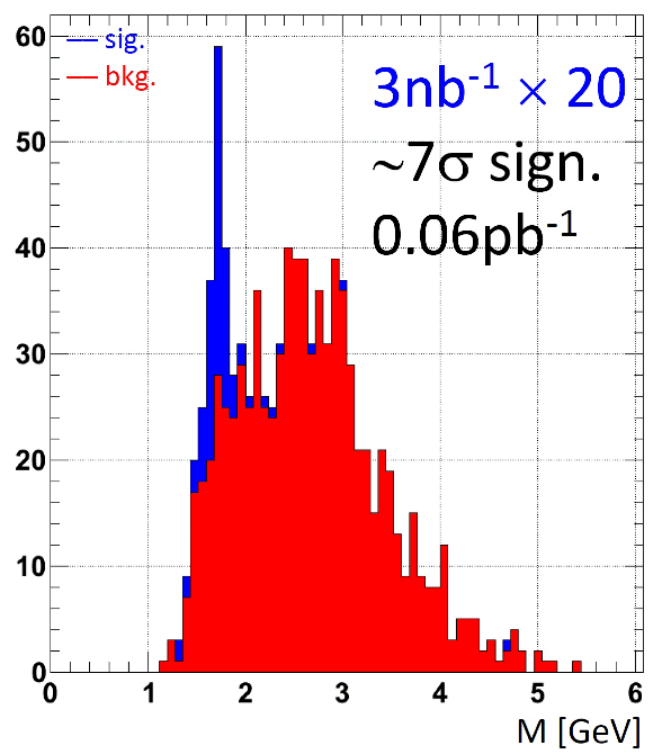
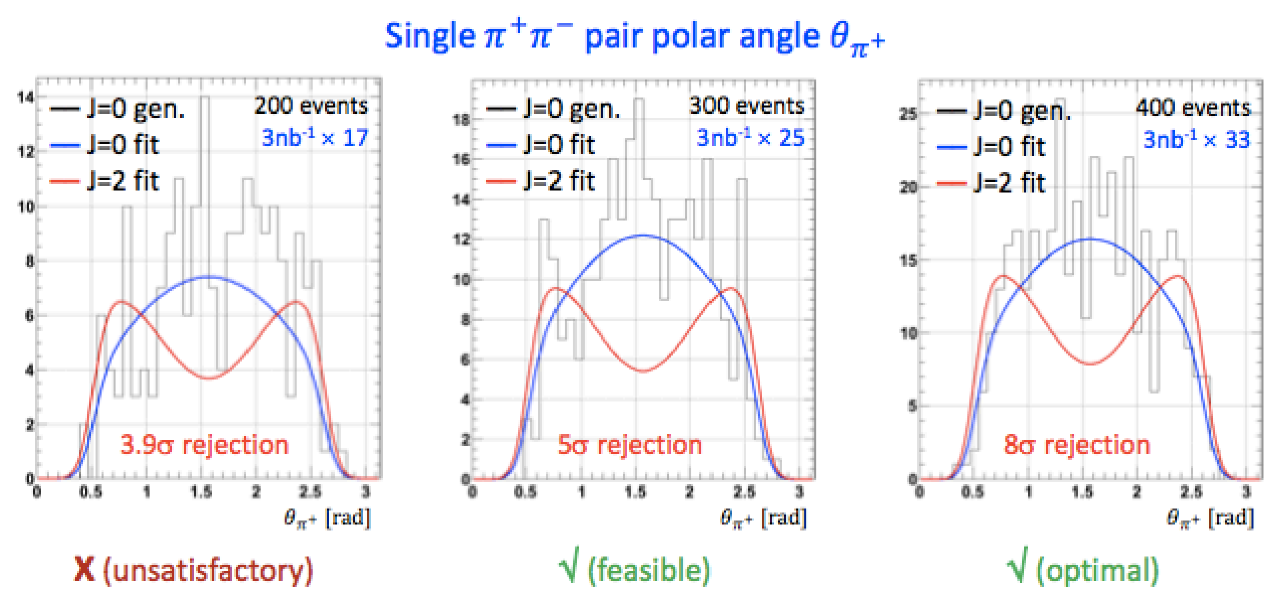
Run2 projections:
$0.05pb^{-1}$ for discovery, $O(1pb^{-1})$ for BR measurements and first angular analysis, $O(5pb^{-1})$ for partial wave analysis in full mass range (40 MeV bins)



- $f \to \rho\rho \to 2\pi + 2\pi$, acceptance modelled
- $J = 0$ generated, $J = 0$ and $J = 2$ fitted



Status of BSM after run 1

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➡

see most other talks today and during the week ....

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- ***Naturalness remains a guiding principle*** to drive the search of new phenomena at the LHC

...... I shall remain faithful to the hope that SUSY will soon show up .... "

Anomalies / pending items from run 1, some examples

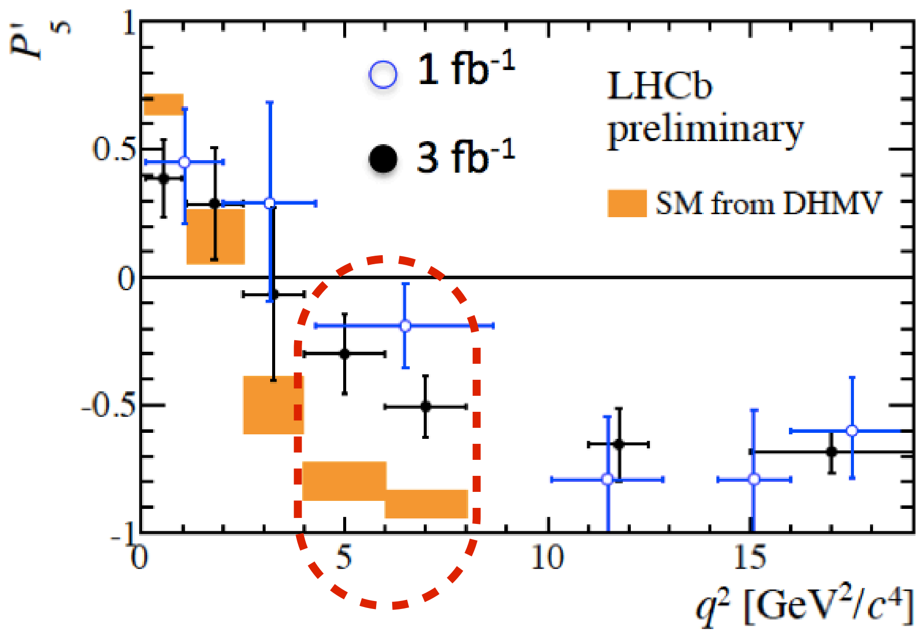
$$\mathrm{Br}[h \to \mu\tau] = \left(0.89^{+0.40}_{-0.37}\right)\,\%$$

CMS-PAS-HIG-14-005

stat **syst**

$$R(K) = \frac{B \to K\mu^+\mu^-}{B \to Ke^+e^-} = 0.745^{+0.090}_{-0.074} \pm 0.036$$

LHCb, arXiv:1406.6482

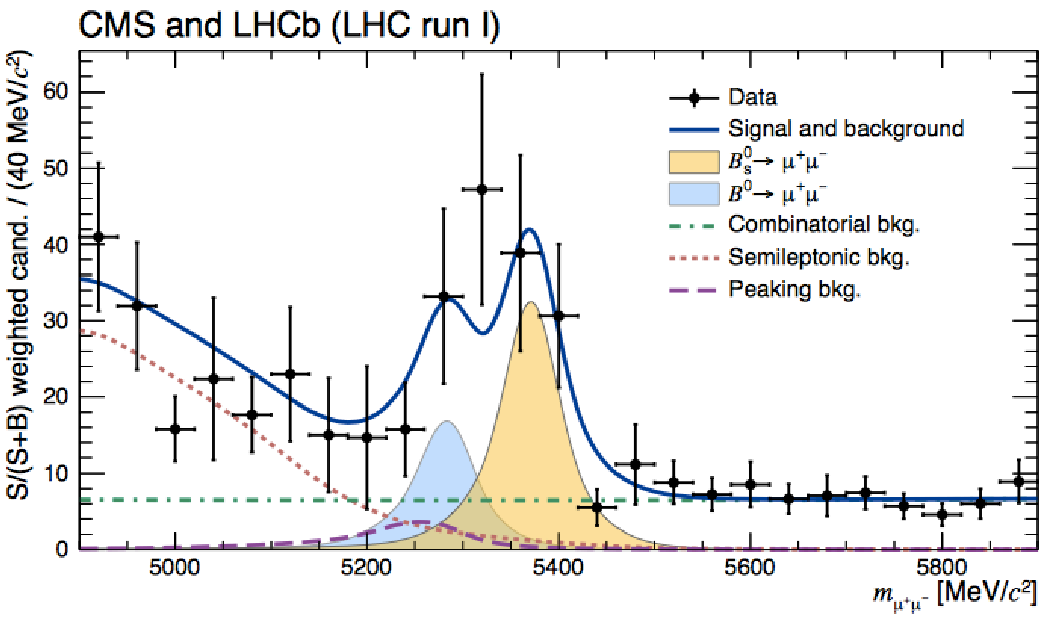


•B → $K_*\mu{+}\mu{-}$ anomaly

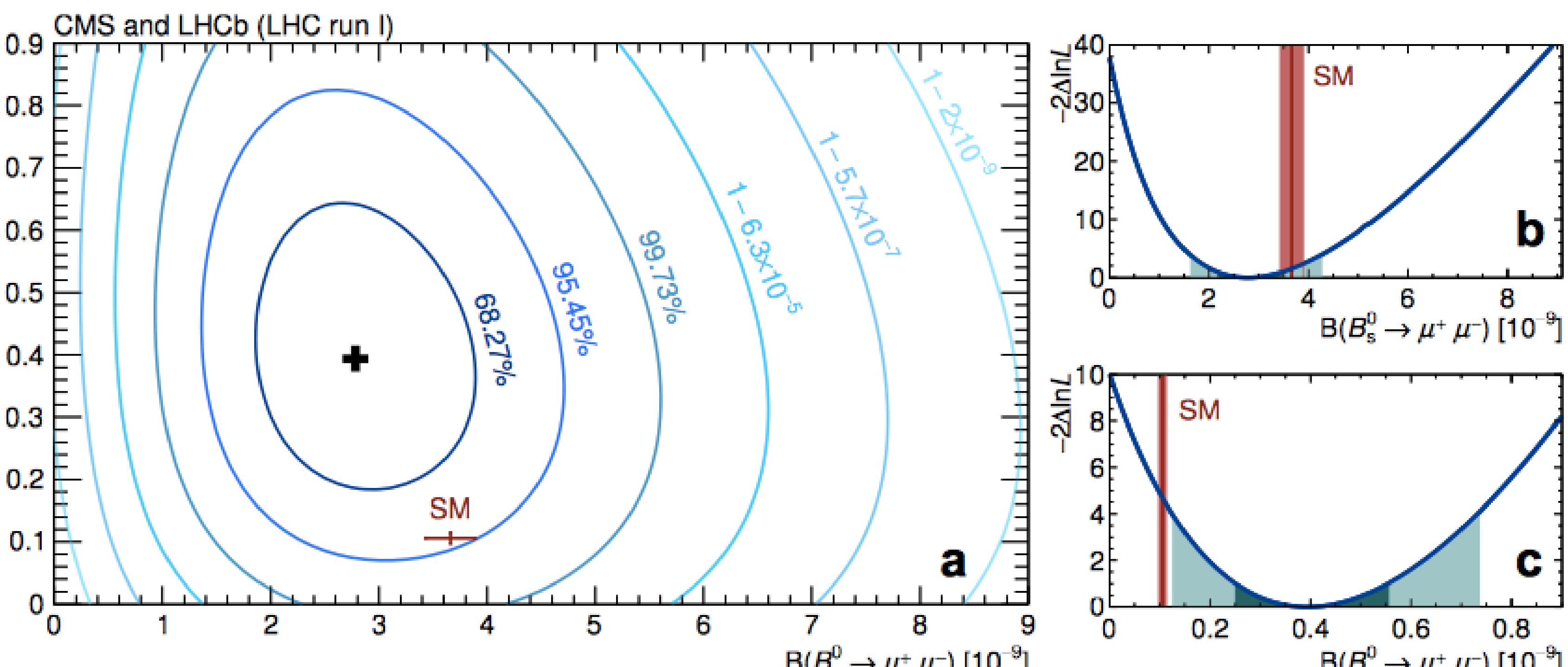
LHCb, arXiv:1308.1707 and
3fb^{-1} update LHCb−CONF−2015−002

For possible interpretation within a single BSM model
see e.g. Crivellin, D'Ambrosio, Heeck, arXiv:1501.00993 (2HDM w. gauged L_μ–L_τ)

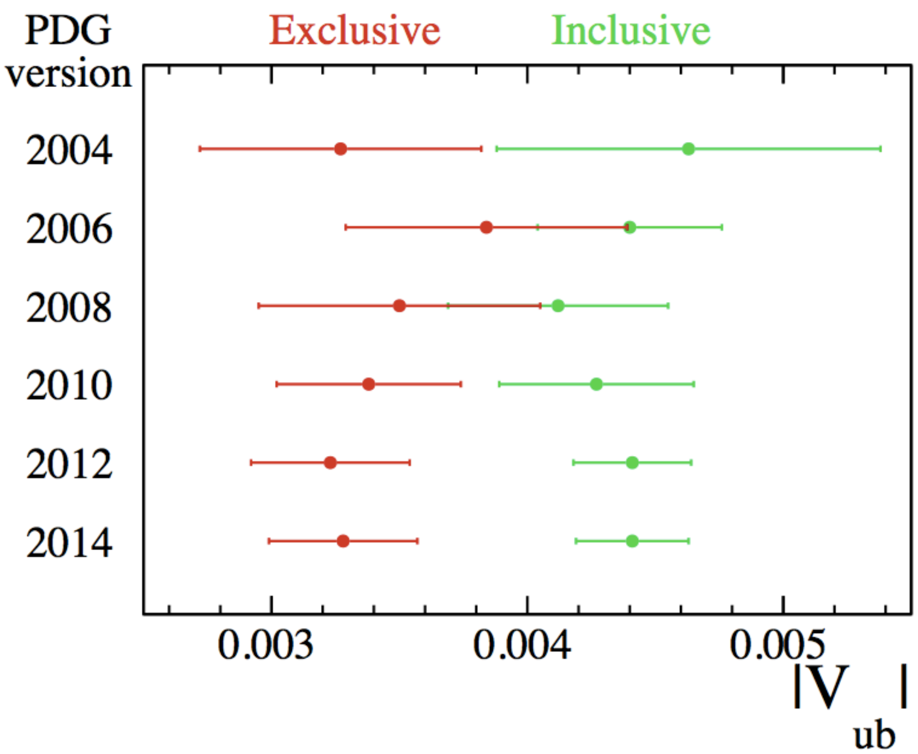
CMS/LHCb $B_{(s)} \to \mu^+\mu^-$



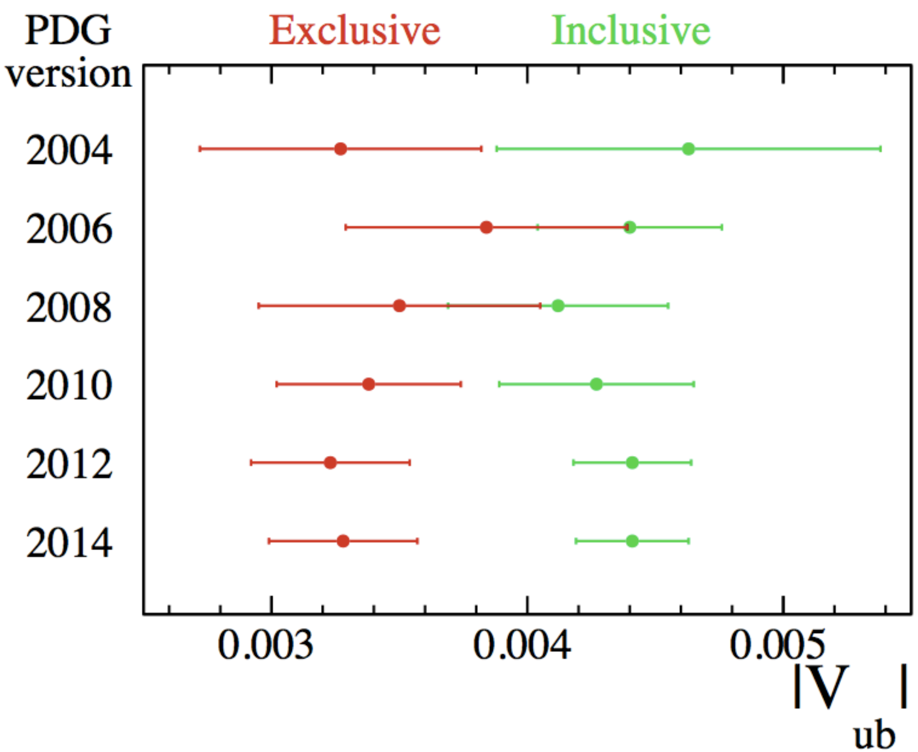
$$\frac{BR(B \to \mu^+\mu^-)}{BR(B_S \to \mu^+\mu^-)}$$ 2.3σ high w.r.t. SM



V_{ub} puzzle


PDG version
Exclusive
Inclusive
2004
2006
2008
2010
2012
2014
0.003
0.004
0.005
|V_ub|

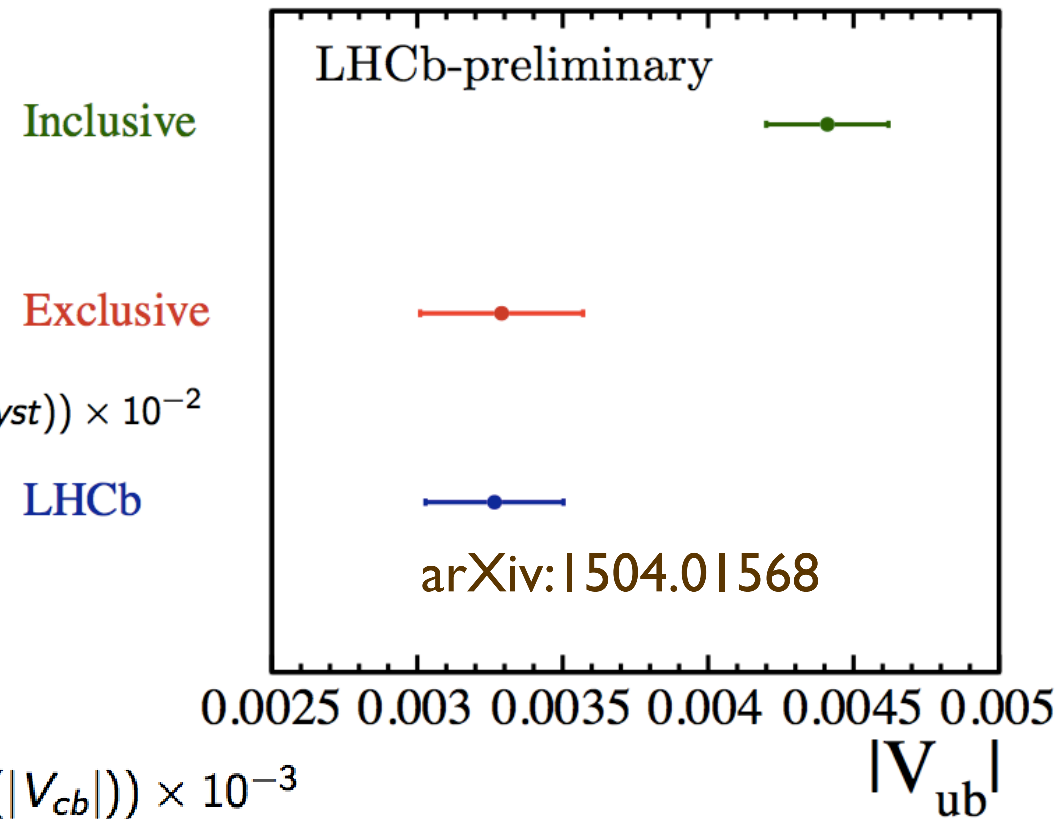
V_{ub} puzzle



$\Lambda_b \to p\mu\nu$ at LHCb

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b \to p\mu^-\overline{\nu}_\mu)_{q^2>15\,\mathrm{GeV}^2/c^4}}{\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b \to \Lambda_c\mu\nu)_{q^2>7\,\mathrm{GeV}^2/c^4}} = (1.00 \pm 0.04(stat) \pm 0.08(syst)) \times 10^{-2}$$

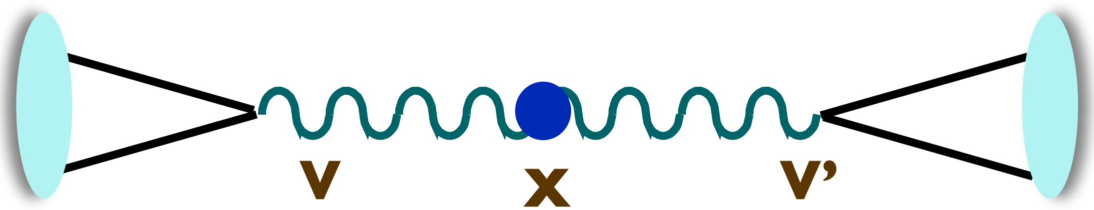
$$|V_{ub}| = (3.27 \pm 0.15(exp) \pm 0.17(theory) \pm 0.06(|V_{cb}|)) \times 10^{-3}$$



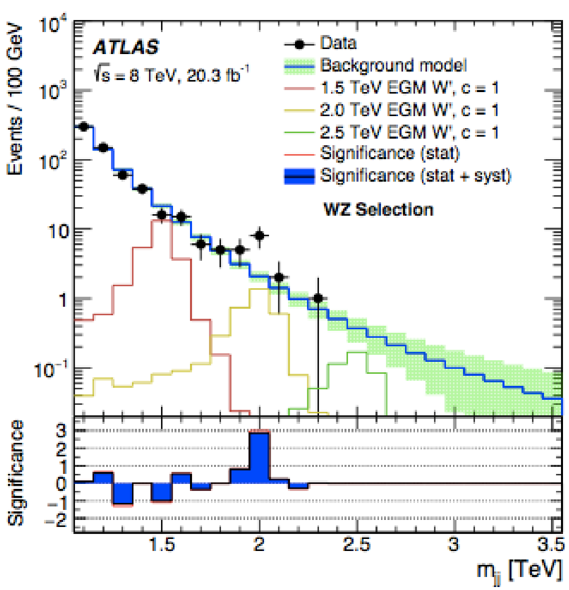
Anomalies left over from run 1, examples at large Q

ATLAS, arXiv:1506.00962

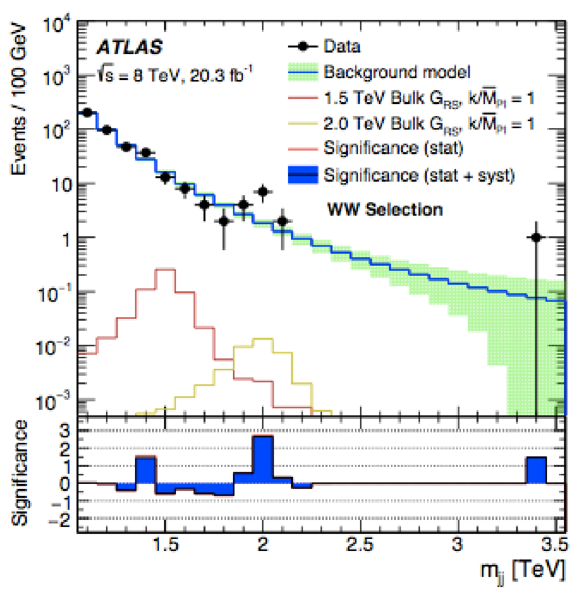
pp→X→VV' →jet jet, with V(')=W,Z fully hadronic decays



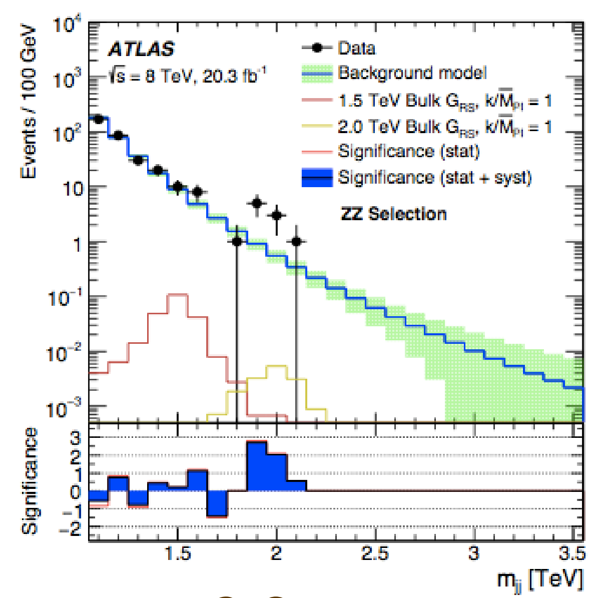
| $m_j - m_V$ | < 13 GeV



3.5σ *local*



2.6σ



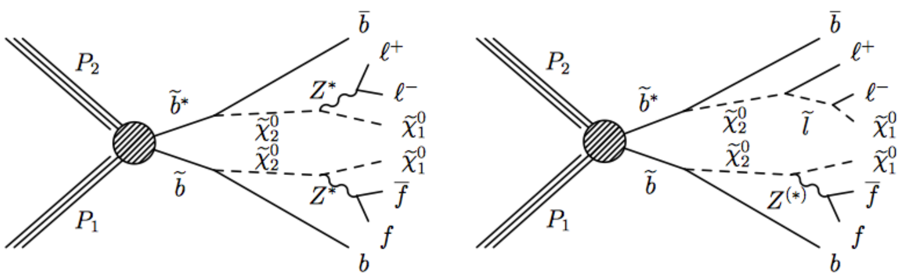
2.9σ

→**2.4σ *global***, accounting for the whole range of m_{jj} and for ZZ, WW, WZ modes

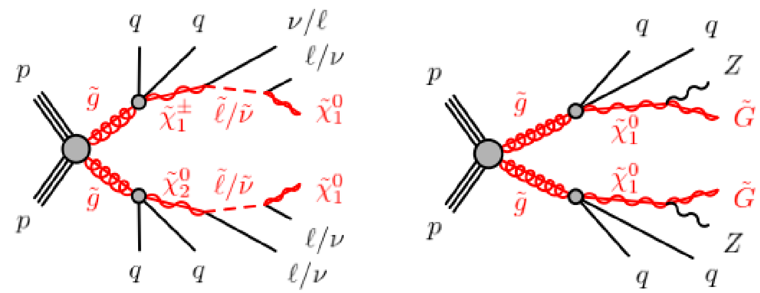
NB: the excesses are strongly correlated: | $m_j - m_V$ | < 13 GeV allows the same event to belong to more than one selection among WZ, WW and ZZ

Anomalies left over from run 1, examples at large Q

Dileptons + jets + MET (SUSY searches)



CMS, http://arxiv.org/abs/1502.06031



ATLAS, http://arxiv.org/abs/1503.03290

$N_{jets\ (p_T>40\ GeV)} \geq 2$, $E_T^{miss} > 150$ GeV
or
$N_{jets\ (p_T>40\ GeV)} \geq 3$, $E_T^{miss} > 100$ GeV

low mass: m_{ll} = (20–70) GeV
On-Z: m_{ll} = (81–101) GeV

$N_{jets\ (p_T>35\ GeV)} \geq 2$, $E_T^{miss} > 225$ GeV
$H_T > 600$ GeV

On-Z: m_{ll} = (81–101) GeV

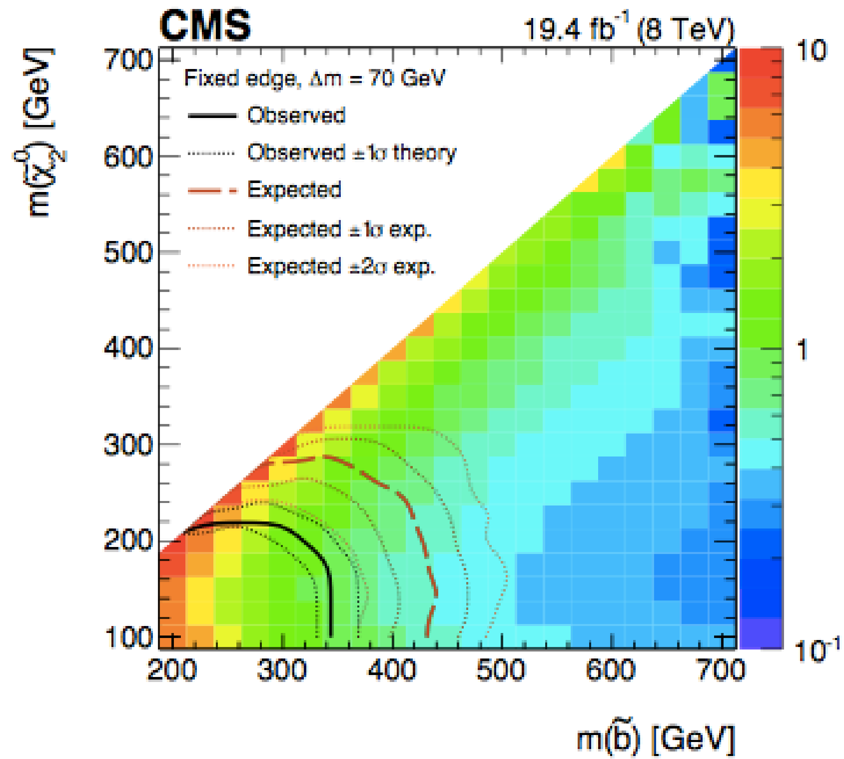
CMS, http://arxiv.org/abs/1502.06031

	Low-mass		On-Z	
	Central	Forward	Central	Forward
Observed	860	163	487	170
Flavor-symmetric	$722 \pm 27 \pm 29$	$155 \pm 13 \pm 10$	$355 \pm 19 \pm 14$	$131 \pm 12 \pm 8$
Drell–Yan	8.2 ± 2.6	2.5 ± 1.0	116 ± 21	42 ± 9
Total estimated	730 ± 40	158 ± 16	471 ± 32	173 ± 17
Observed − estimated	130^{+48}_{-49}	5^{+20}_{-20}	16^{+37}_{-38}	-3^{+20}_{-21}
Significance	$2.6\,\sigma$	$0.3\,\sigma$	$0.4\,\sigma$	$<0.1\,\sigma$

⇒2.6 σ

... no signal on-peak

σ(350 GeV) ratio 13TeV/8TeV ~ 4.5



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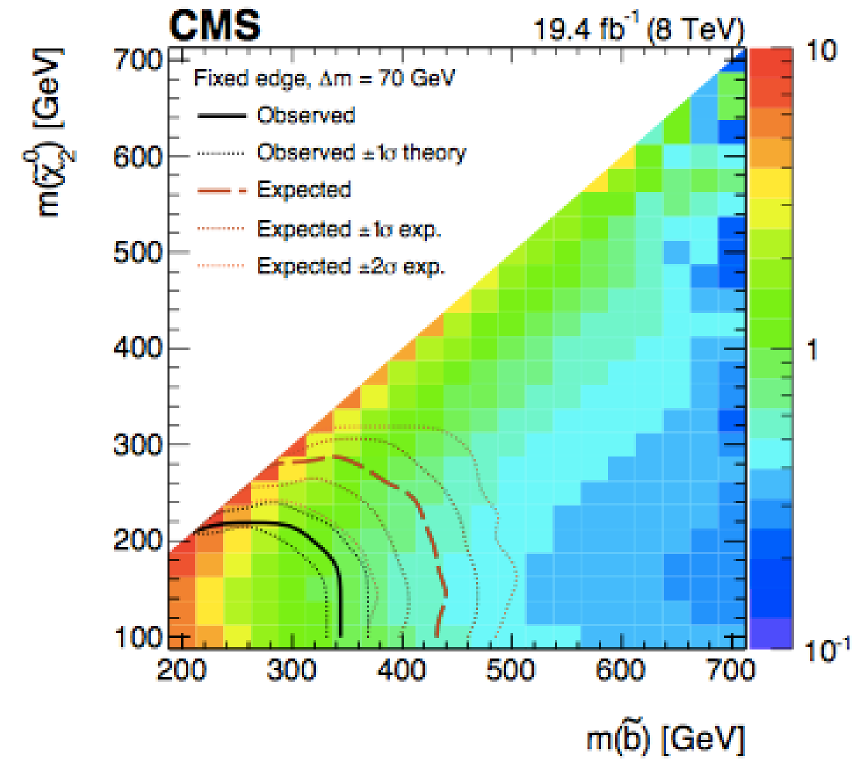
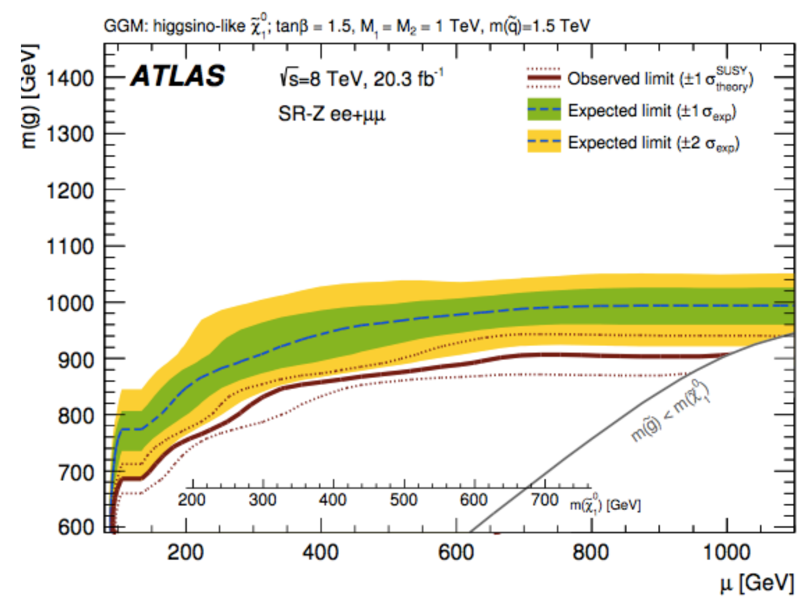


ATLAS, http://arxiv.org/abs/1503.03290

Channel	SR-Z *ee*		SR-Z *μμ*		SR-Z same-flavour combined
Observed events	16	**⇒3.0 σ**	13	**⇒1.6 σ**	29
Expected background events	4.2 ± 1.6		6.4 ± 2.2		10.6 ± 3.2
Flavour-symmetric backgrounds	2.8 ± 1.4		3.3 ± 1.6		6.0 ± 2.6
Z/γ^* + jets (jet-smearing)	0.05 ± 0.04		$0.02^{+0.03}_{-0.02}$		0.07 ± 0.05
Rare top	0.18 ± 0.06		0.17 ± 0.06		0.35 ± 0.12
WZ/*ZZ* diboson	1.2 ± 0.5		1.7 ± 0.6		2.9 ± 1.0
Fake leptons	$0.1^{+0.7}_{-0.1}$		$1.2^{+1.3}_{-1.2}$		$1.3^{+1.7}_{-1.3}$

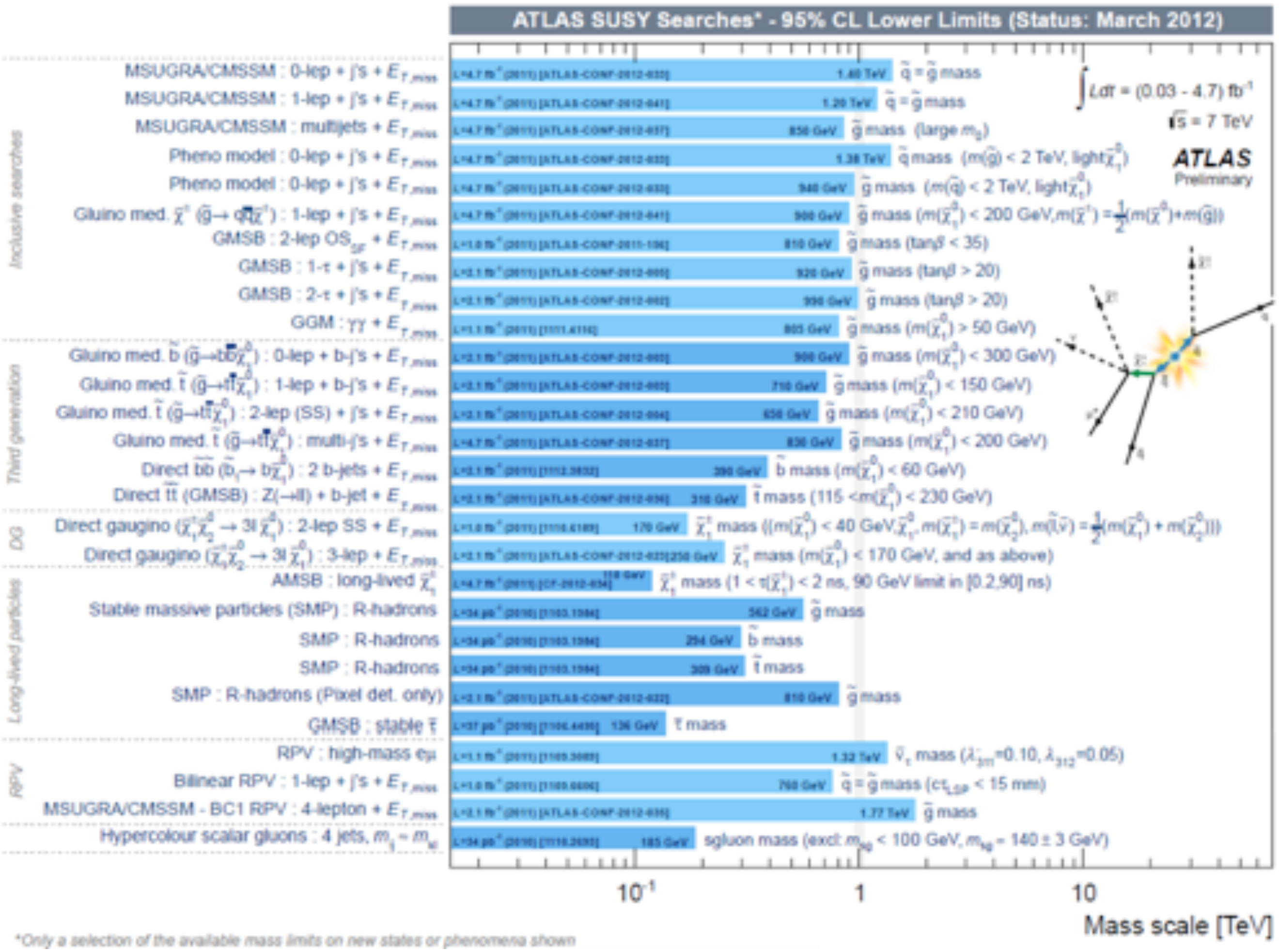
... but no signal off-peak

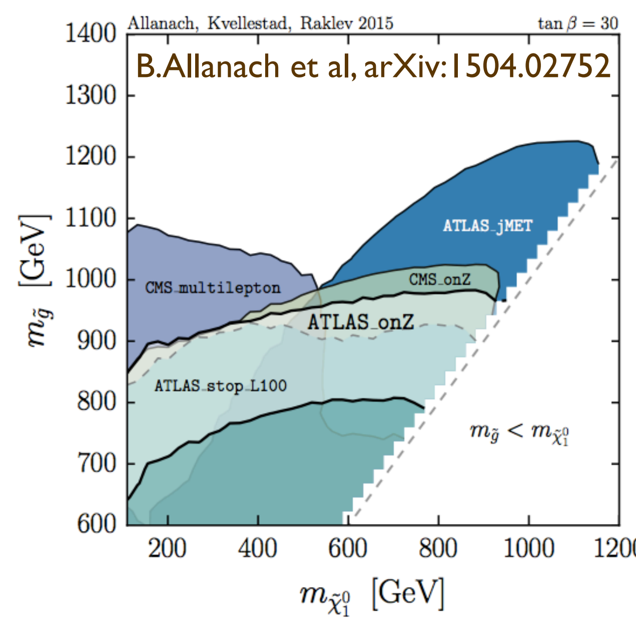
σ(800 GeV) ratio 13TeV/8TeV ~ 8.5



Already more than 10 TH interpretation papers on arXiv ....

a remark ....





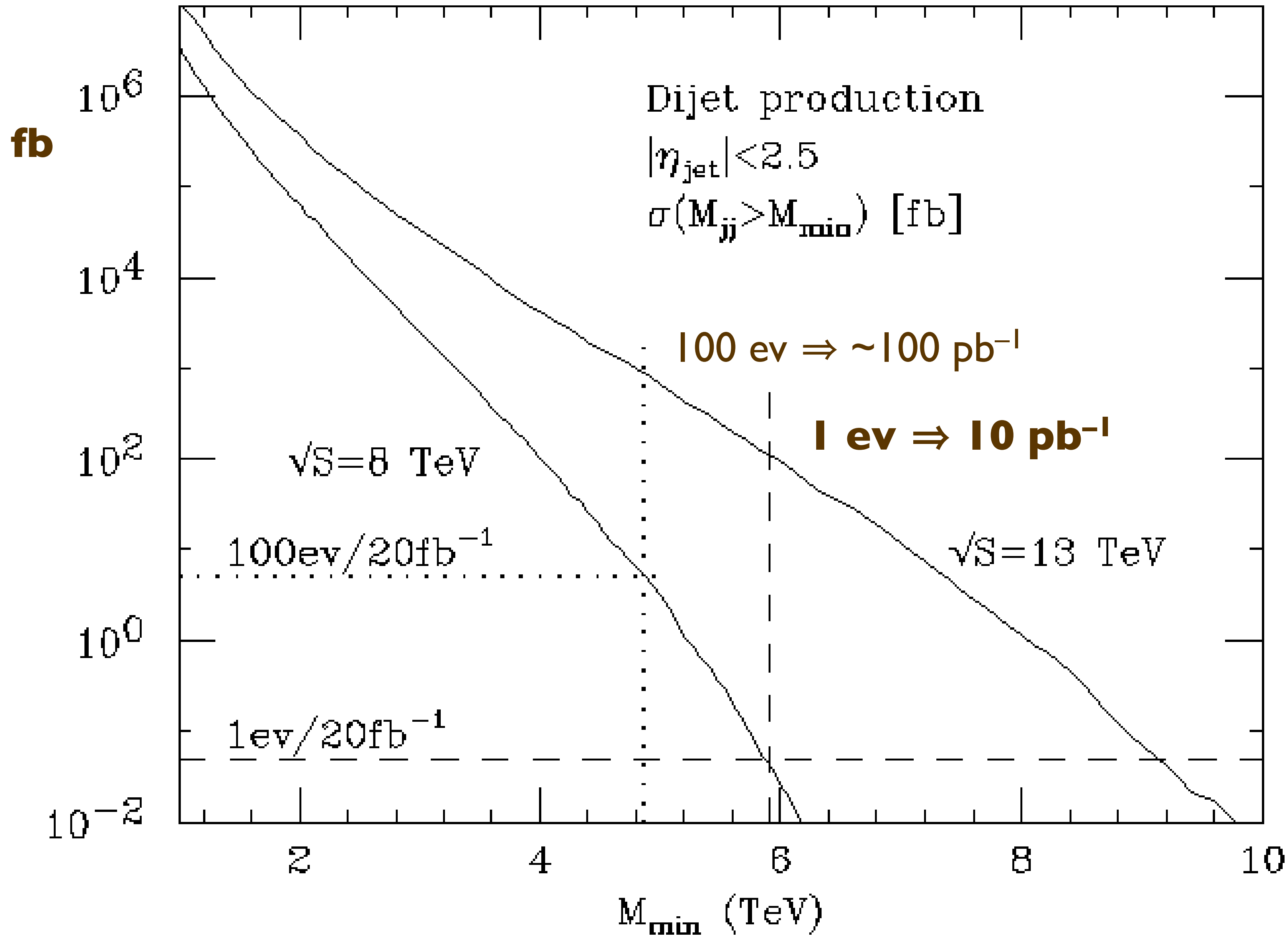
Assessing the consistency/significance of such anomalies in view of the multitude and diversity of existing constraints, is becoming more and more difficult!

⇒ relevance of "recasting" frameworks and tools,

"simplified models" approaches, proper documentation and archival of exptl results, ...

How long before run 2 extends the discovery reach of run 1?

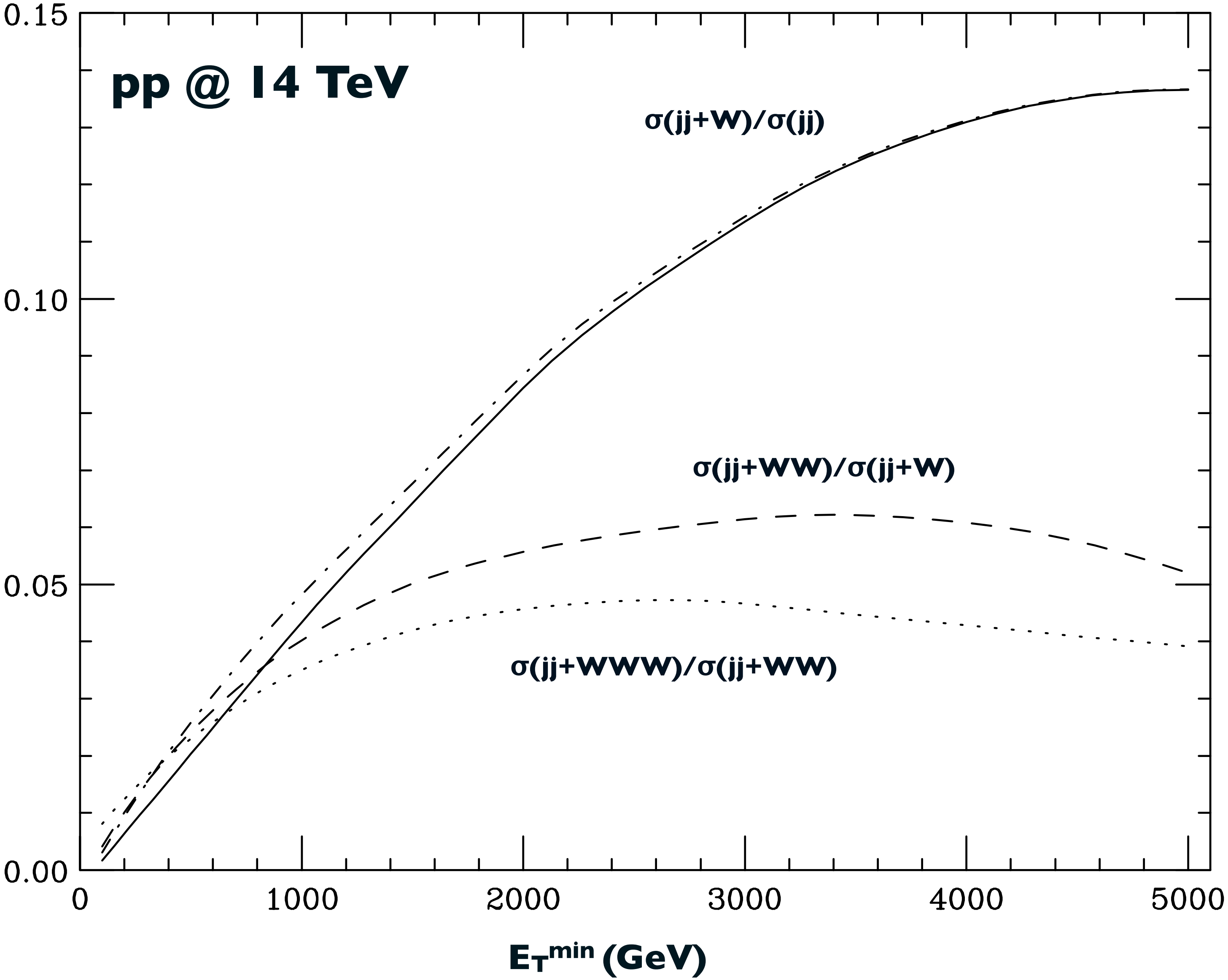
Rate comparison 8 vs 13 TeV: dijet production



Remarks

- Large statistics of jets with E_T in the multi-TeV range =>
  - start measurements of large EW effects

W production in dijet events



$\sigma(jj+W)/\sigma(jj)$

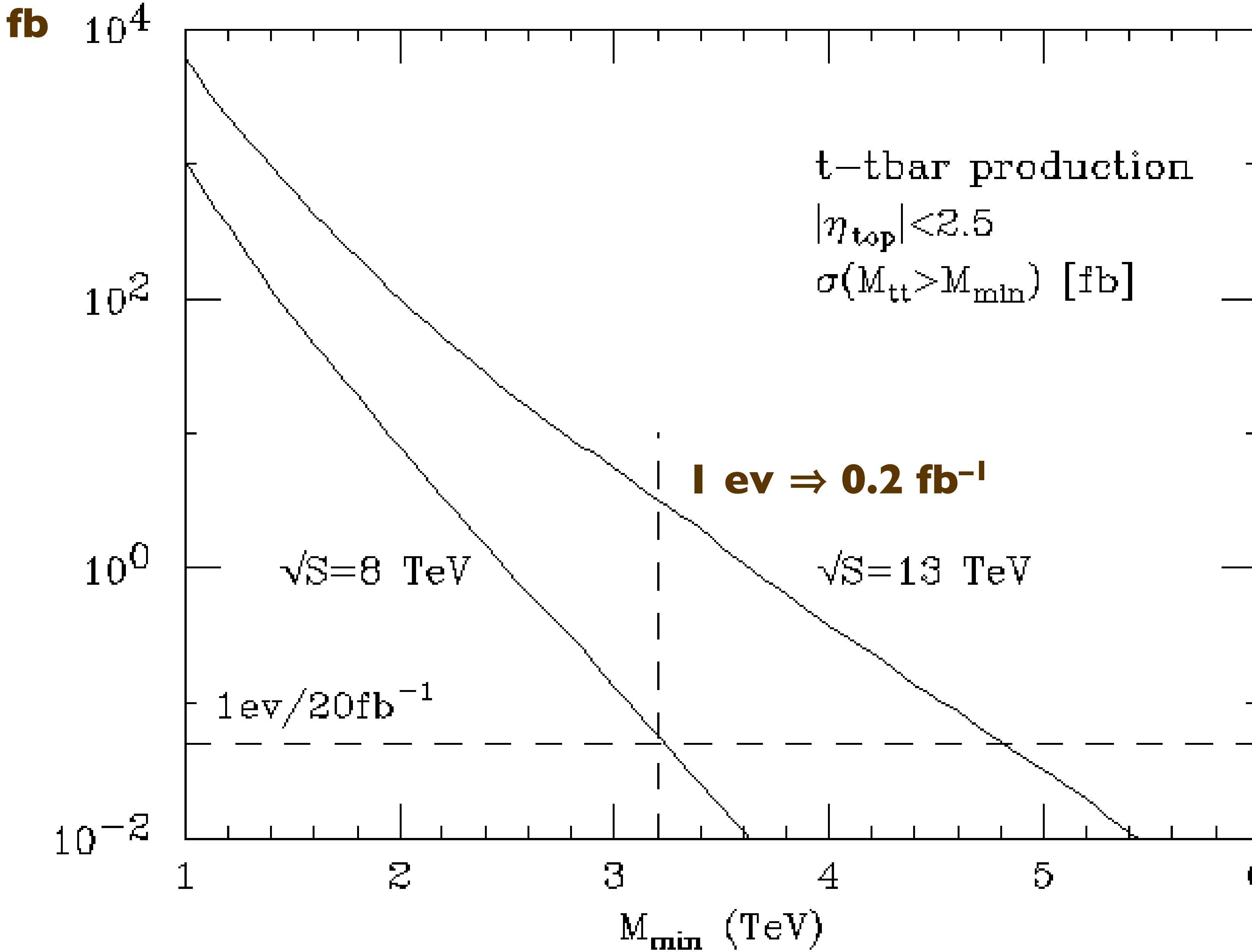
with

$E_{T,\text{leading jet}} > E_T^{min}$

Dotdashes: σ(jj) in the denominator replaced by σ(jj, no gg→gg)

- Substantial increase of W production at large energy: over 10% of high-ET events have a W or Z in them!
- It would be interesting to go after these W and Zs, and verify their emission properties

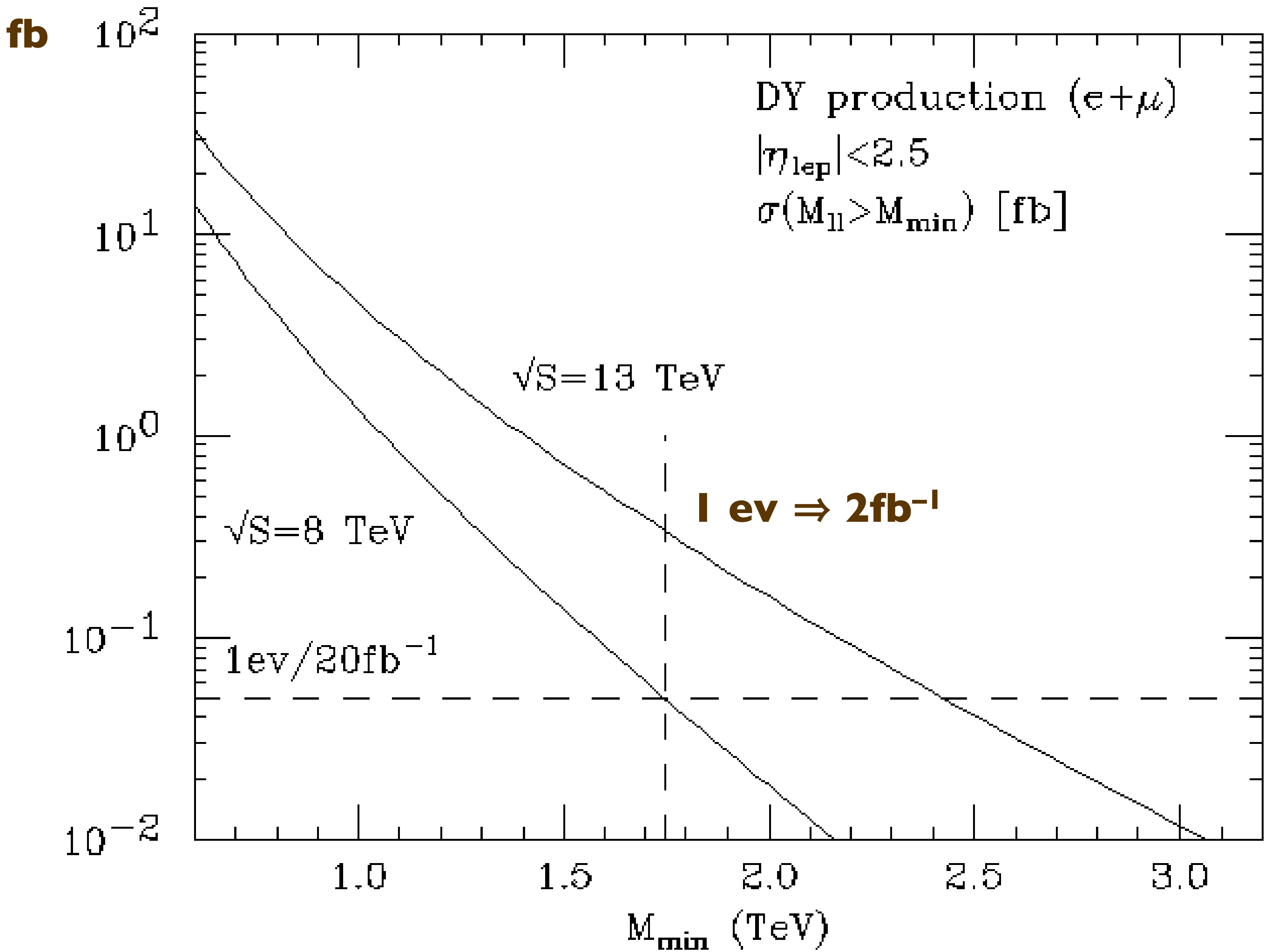
Rate comparison 8 vs 13 TeV: t tbar production



Remarks

- After ~20 fb^{-1} top quark E_T probed above 2-3 TeV =>
  - Lorentz factor γ larger than 10:
    - top jet ~ b jet at LEP !
  - all top decay products within a cone with R<0.1
    - “hyper”-boosted regime for top tagging ...

Rate comparison 8 vs 13 TeV: Drell-Yan production



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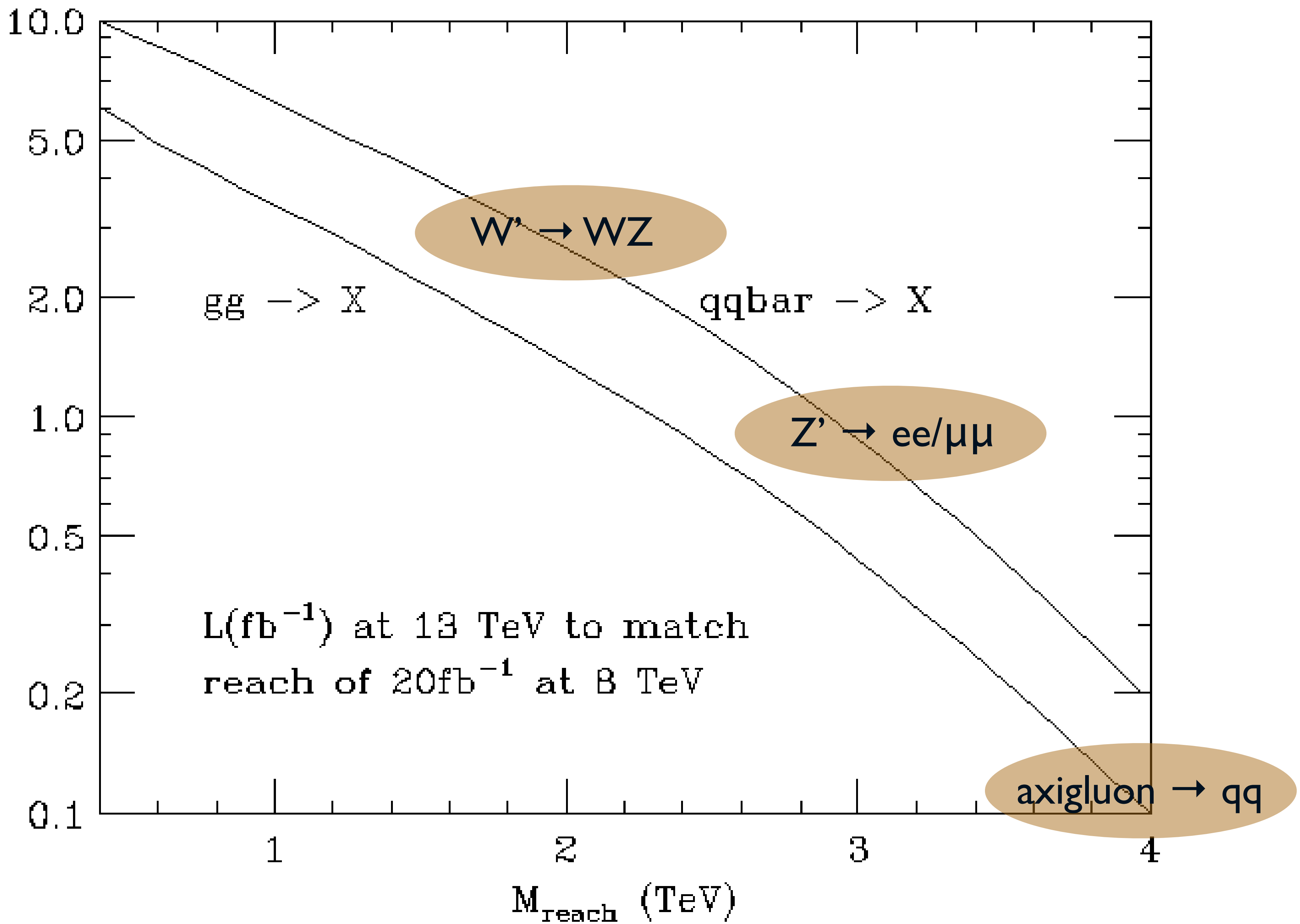
    - ➡ the larger is the cross section gain from 8→13 TeV,
      - ➡ the sooner Run 2 will catch up and extend the search potential

13 TeV luminosity required to match BSM sensitivity reached so far ($20fb^{-1}$) at 8 TeV

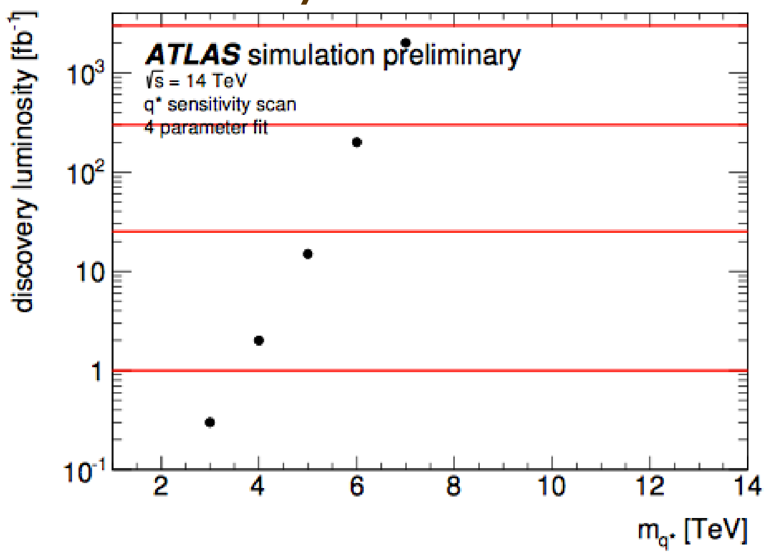


See also http://collider-reach.web.cern.ch, by Salam and Weiler

ATLAS/CMS projections for early discovery in run 2: dijet resonances

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-004

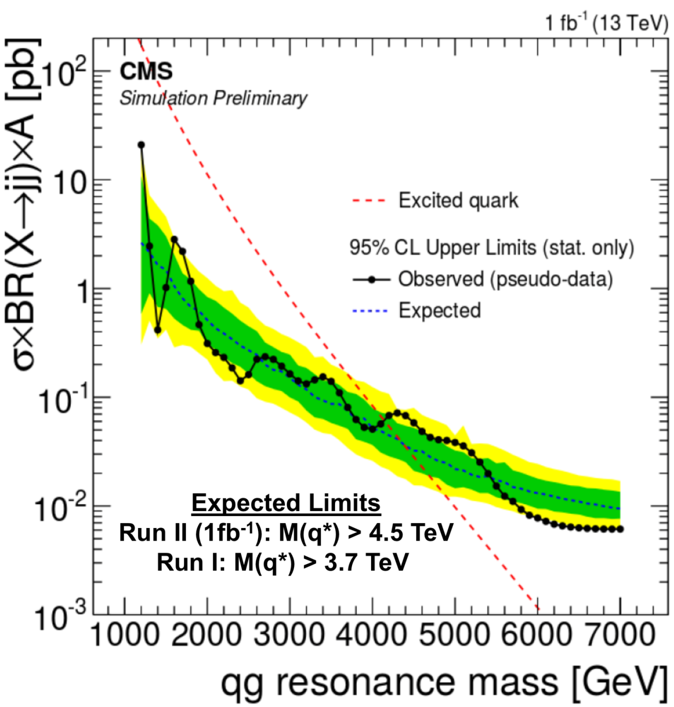
Discovery reach vs ∫L

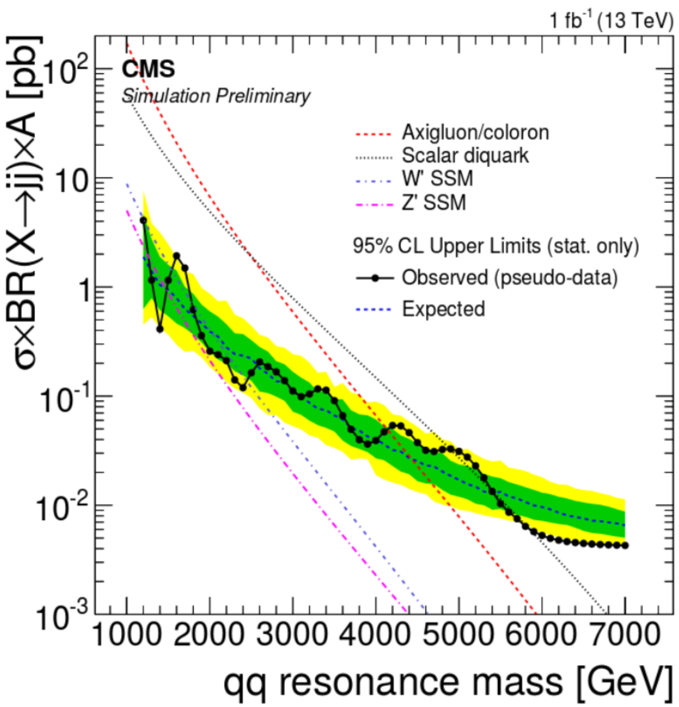


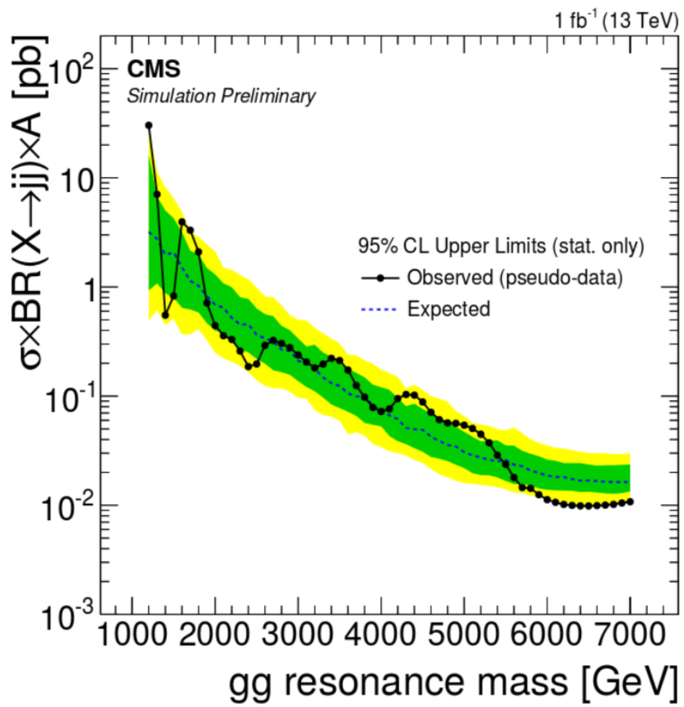
Exclusion reach vs ∫L

integrated luminosity [fb^{-1}]	m_{q^*} [TeV]
0.1	4.0
1	5.0
5	5.9
25	6.6
300	7.4
3000	8.0

CMS, PHYS14 exercise



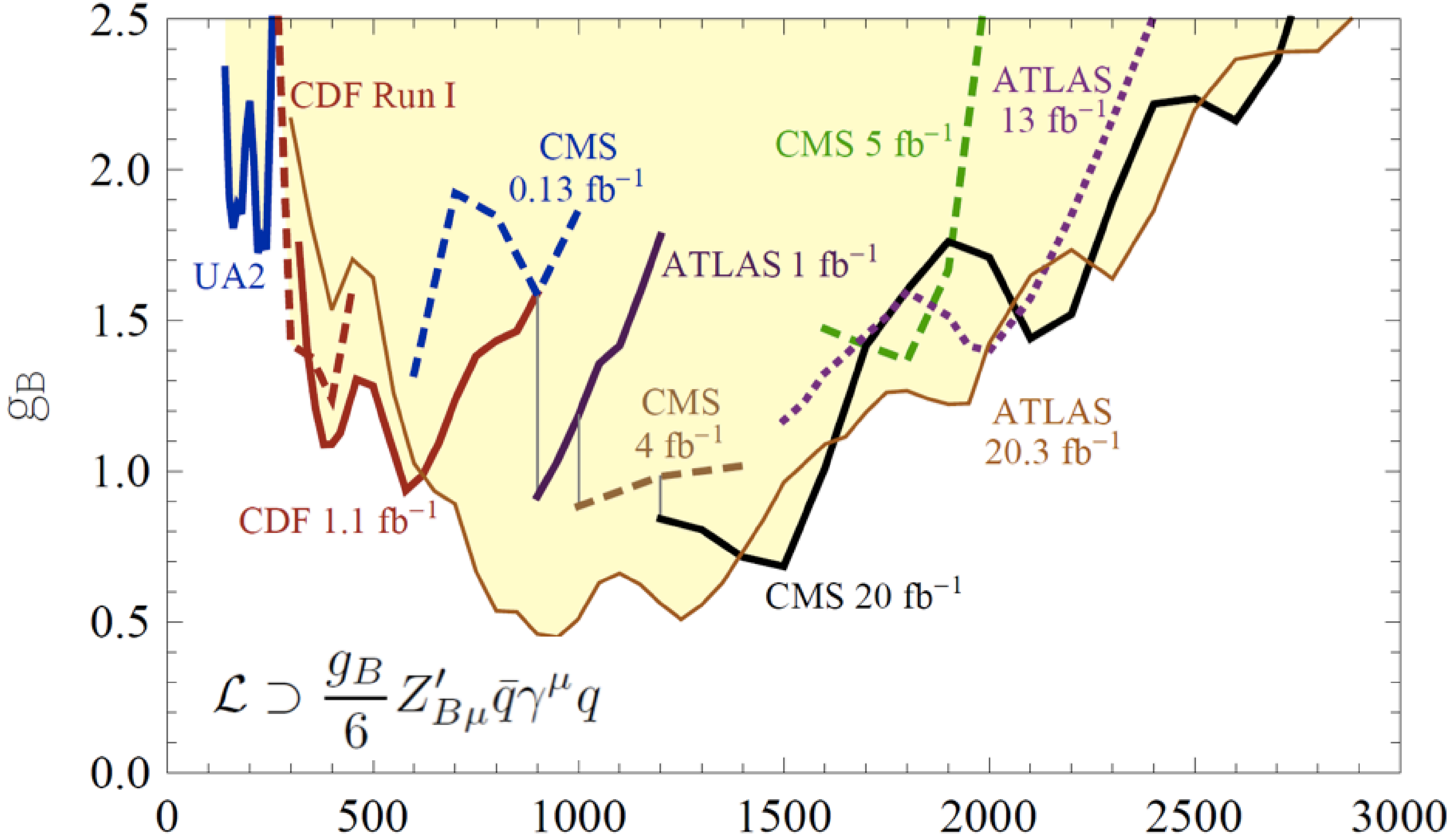




Remarks

- Large statistics of jets with E_T in the multi-TeV range =>
  - start measurements of large EW effects
- Further studies at high energy/luminosity should not just focus on pushing the high mass end, but also on exploring low-couplings at low mass

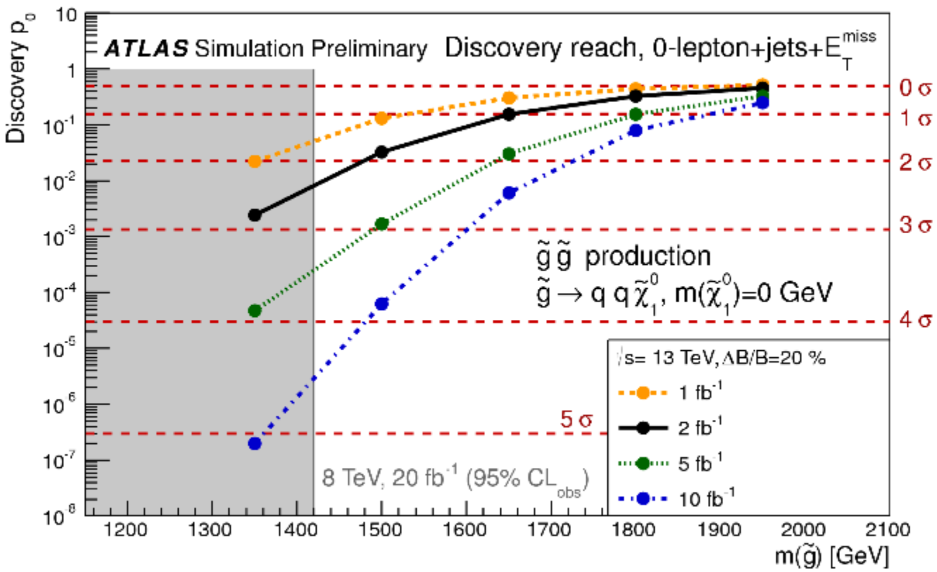
Current g_B vs. $M_{Z'}$ limits: Z'_B dijet resonance

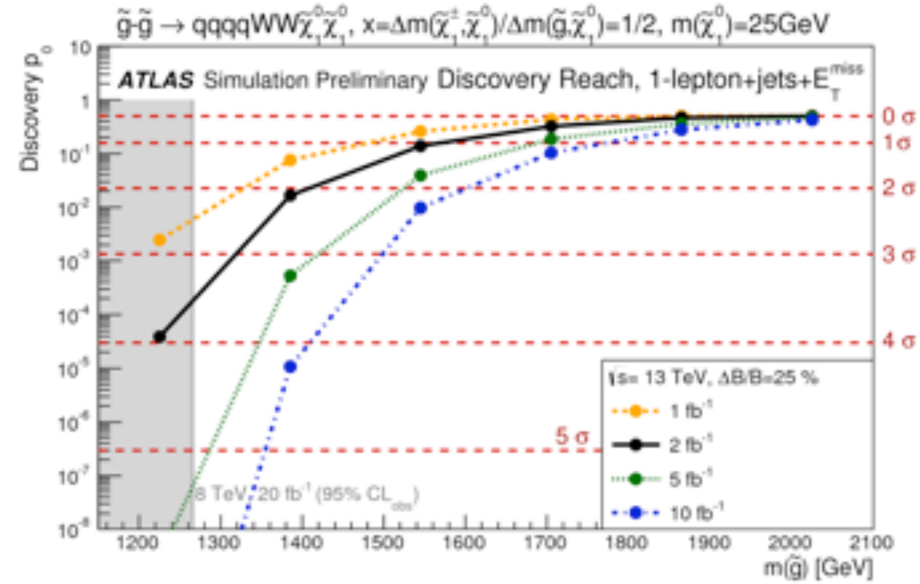


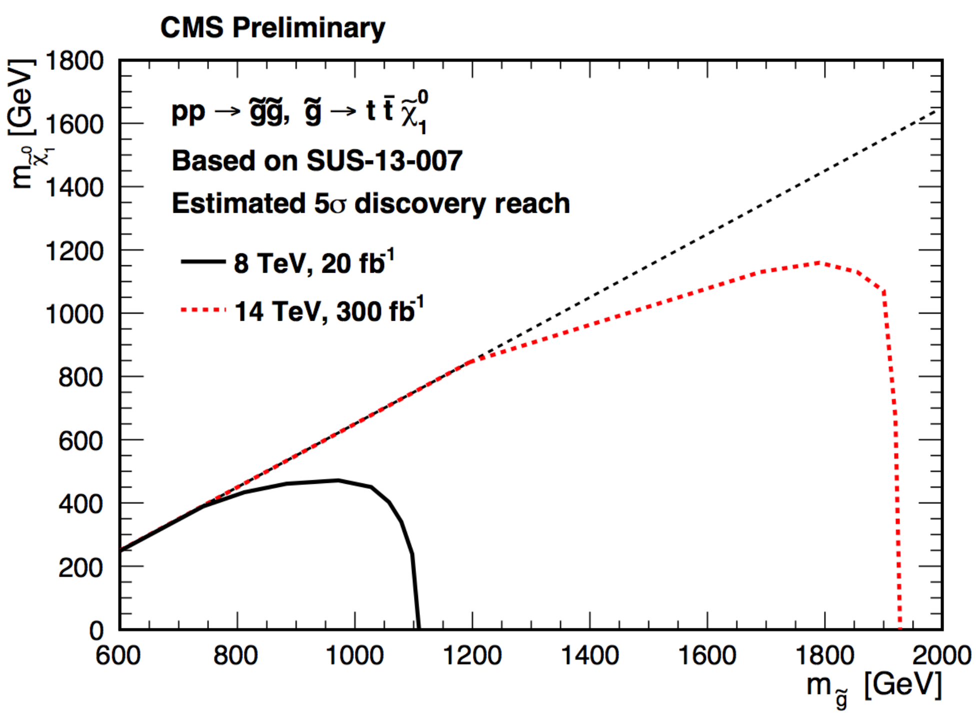
B. Dobrescu, F. Yu arXiv:1306.2629, updated (F.Yu) with new ATLAS arXiv:1407.1376 results

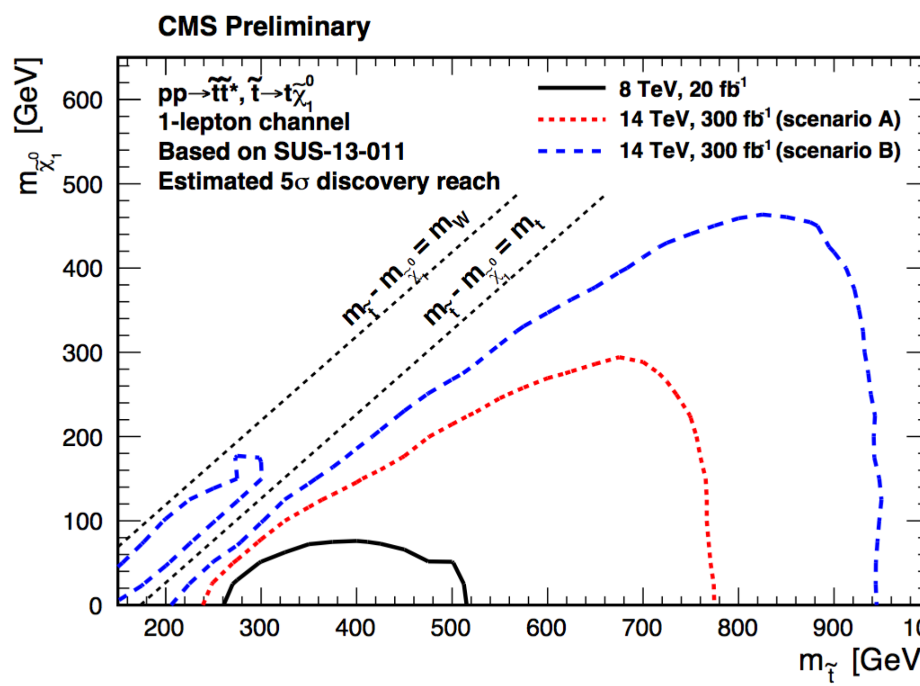
ATLAS/CMS projections for discovery in run 2: SUSY

***SUSY**: ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-005*









Observation

- For what concerns the extension of the discovery reach at high mass, nothing in the future of the LHC programme will match the step forward from 20 fb^{-1} at 8 TeV to 100 fb^{-1} at 13 TeV

Higgs rates, 8 vs 13 TeV

	σ(8 TeV)	σ(13 TeV)	ratio
$gg \to H$	19.3	43.9	**2.3**
VBF	1.58	3.75	**2.4**
WH	0.70	1.38	**2.0**
ZH	0.42	0.87	**2.1**
ttH	0.13	0.51	**3.9**

From Higgs Cross Section WG, @m_H = 125 GeV

⇒ run 2 statistics ~10-20 times larger than run 1

run 1 H statistics in perspective

Most recent updates of Higgs results at CERN PH LHC seminars:

ATLAS H studies: P. Onyisi, http://indico.cern.ch/event/360241/
CMS H studies: P. Musella, http://indico.cern.ch/event/360238/
ATLAS/CMS m_H : N.Wardle, http://indico.cern.ch/event/360243/

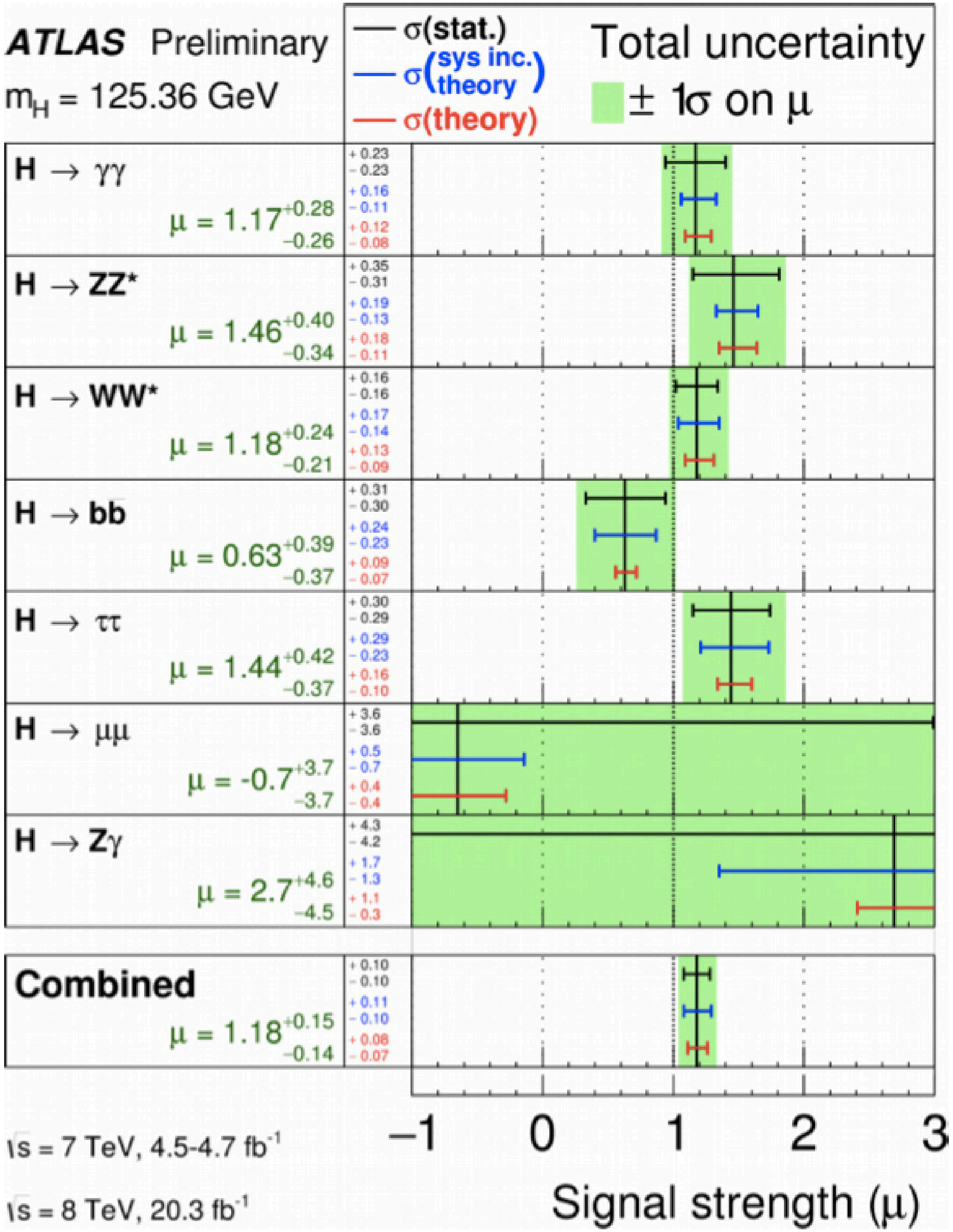
Mass:

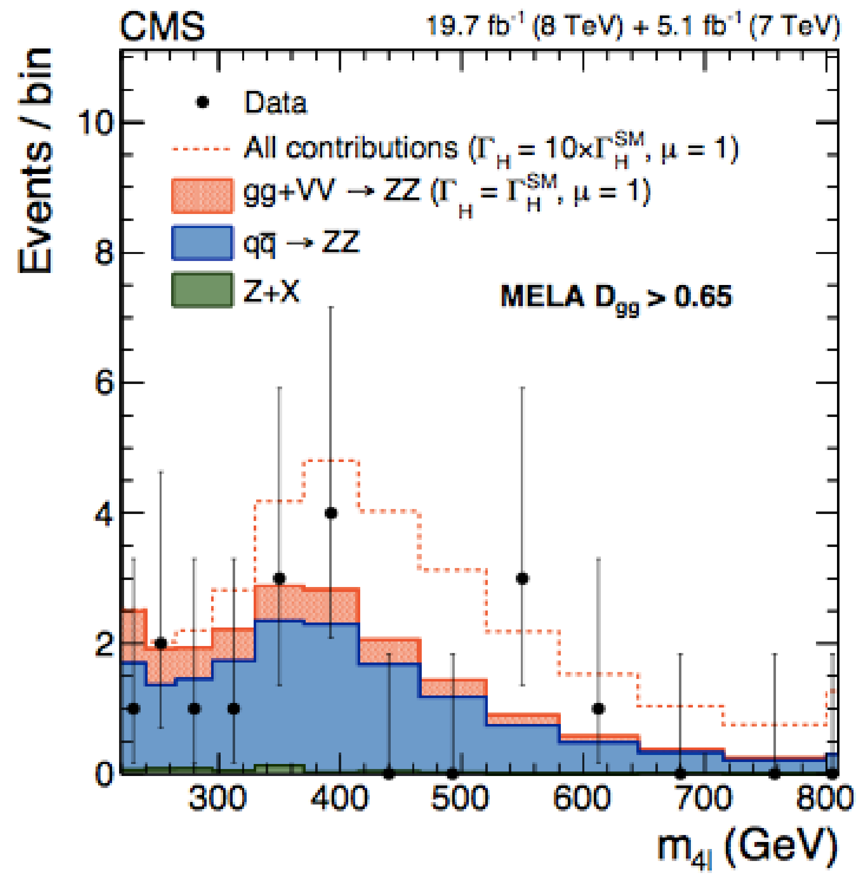
$$m_H = 125.09 \pm 0.21(\text{stat}) \pm 0.11(\text{syst})\ \text{GeV}$$

Rate (μ=data/SM for $\sigma \cdot$ BR) :

$$\mu_{ATLAS} = 1.18 \pm 0.10(\text{stat}) \pm 0.07(\text{expt}) \pm 0.08(\text{theory})$$

$$\mu_{CMS} = 1.00 \pm 0.09(\text{stat}) \pm 0.07(\text{expt}) \pm 0.08(\text{theory})$$


ATLAS Preliminary
m_H = 125.36 GeV
σ(stat.)
σ(sys inc. theory)
σ(theory)
Total uncertainty
± 1σ on μ
H → γγ
μ = 1.17 +0.28 −0.26
H → ZZ*
μ = 1.46 +0.40 −0.34
H → WW*
μ = 1.18 +0.24 −0.21
H → bb
μ = 0.63 +0.39 −0.37
H → ττ
μ = 1.44 +0.42 −0.37
H → μμ
μ = -0.7 +3.7 −3.7
H → Zγ
μ = 2.7 +4.6 −4.5
Combined
μ = 1.18 +0.15 −0.14
√s = 7 TeV, 4.5-4.7 fb⁻¹
√s = 8 TeV, 20.3 fb⁻¹
Signal strength (μ)


CMS
19.7 fb⁻¹ (8 TeV) + 5.1 fb⁻¹ (7 TeV)
Events / bin
Data
All contributions (Γ_H = 10×Γ_H^SM, μ = 1)
gg+VV → ZZ (Γ_H = Γ_H^SM, μ = 1)
qq̄ → ZZ
Z+X
MELA D_gg > 0.65
m_4l (GeV)

H @ run 2 in perspective

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  - *of course not in all channels ..... for* ttH production and H→bb decays the goal is still confirmation of the signal

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- Higher stat will allow
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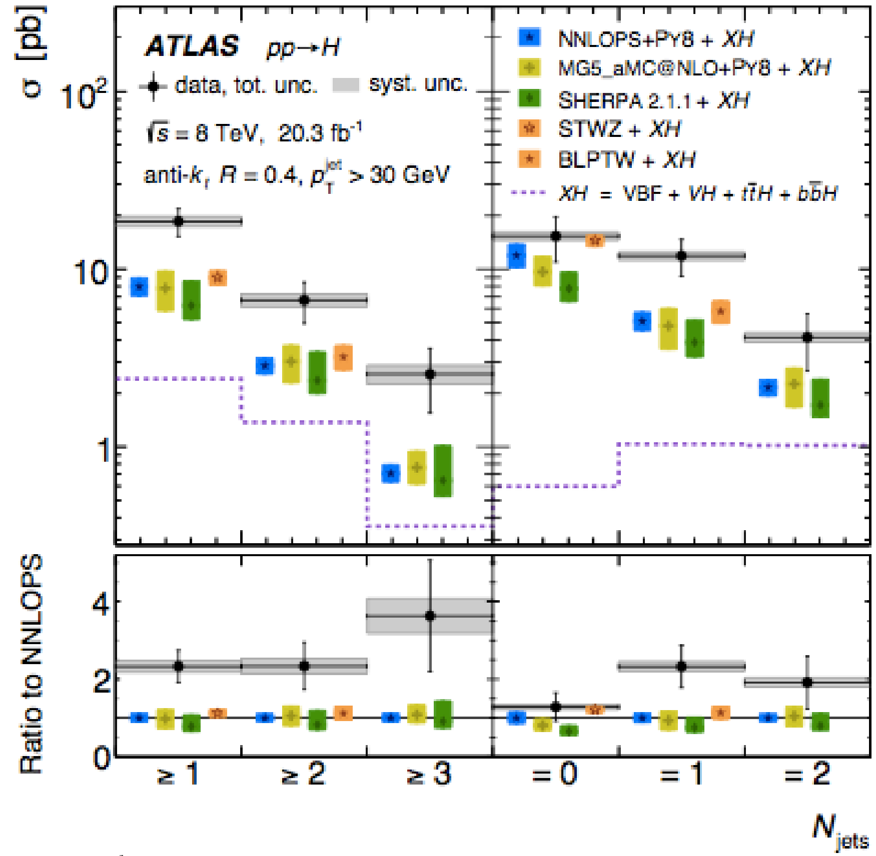
  - to fragment studies into more signal regions, with complementary systematics and sensitivity to signal properties
- Run 2 will prepare the ground for the work needed to fully exploit the ultimate HL-LHC luminosity in terms of Higgs physics, and will give us a much more clear picture of what the ultimate precision targets can be

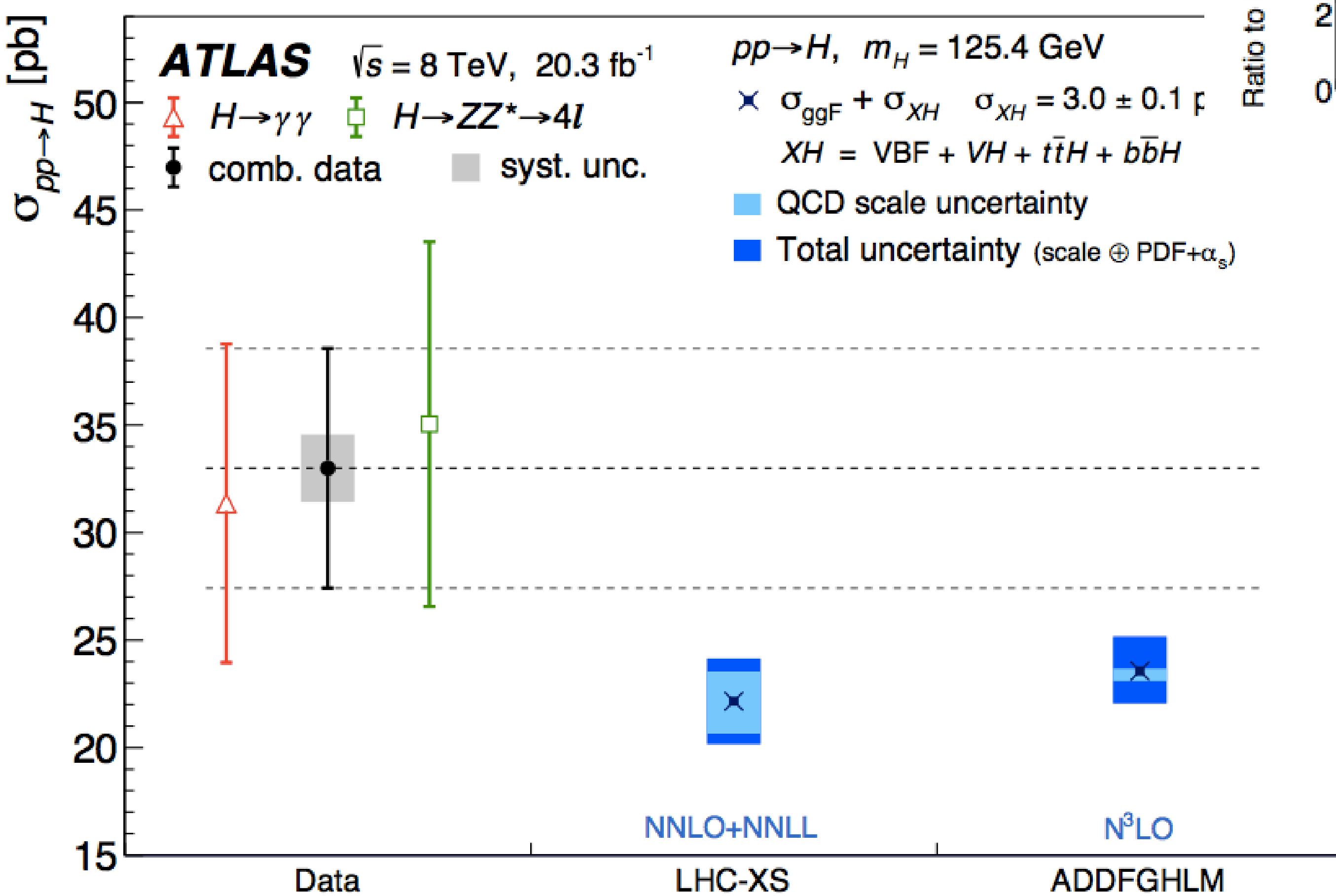
Example: ATLAS, arXiv:1504.05833

Total and Differential Higgs Cross Sections from H → γγ and H →ZZ* →4l

$\sigma(pp \to H) = 33.0 \pm 5.3(\text{stat}) \pm 1.6(\text{syst})$ pb

$= 33.0 \pm 5.5(\text{tot run 1})$ pb





NB Most of the TH vs data discrepancy comes from final states with jets, which in other analyses (WW*) are left out ....

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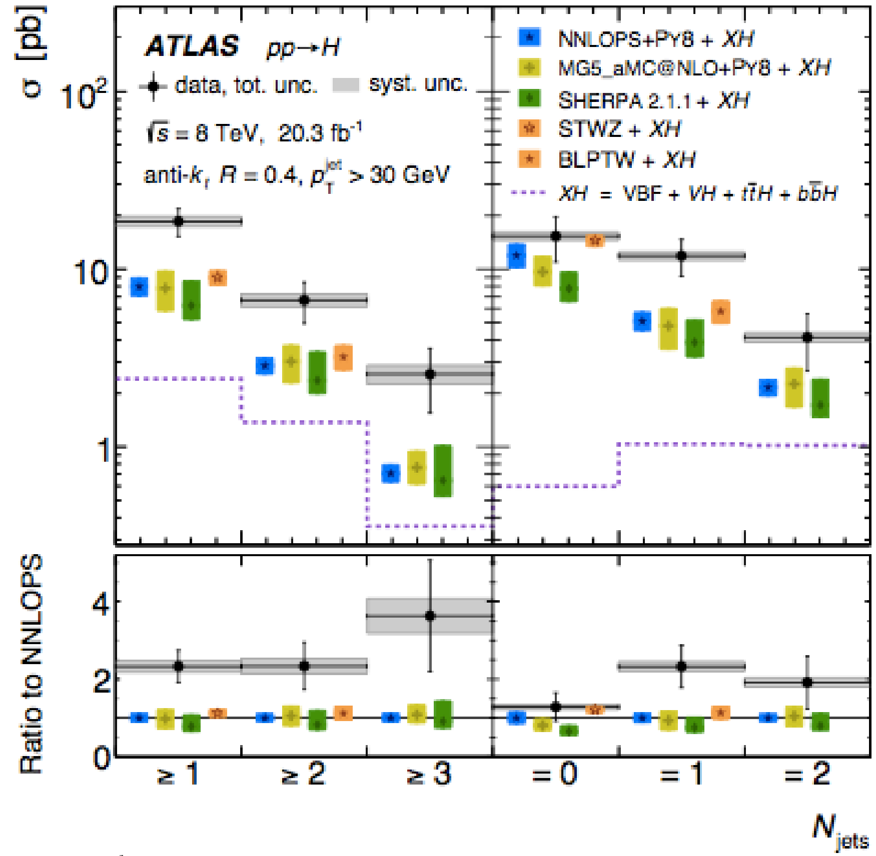
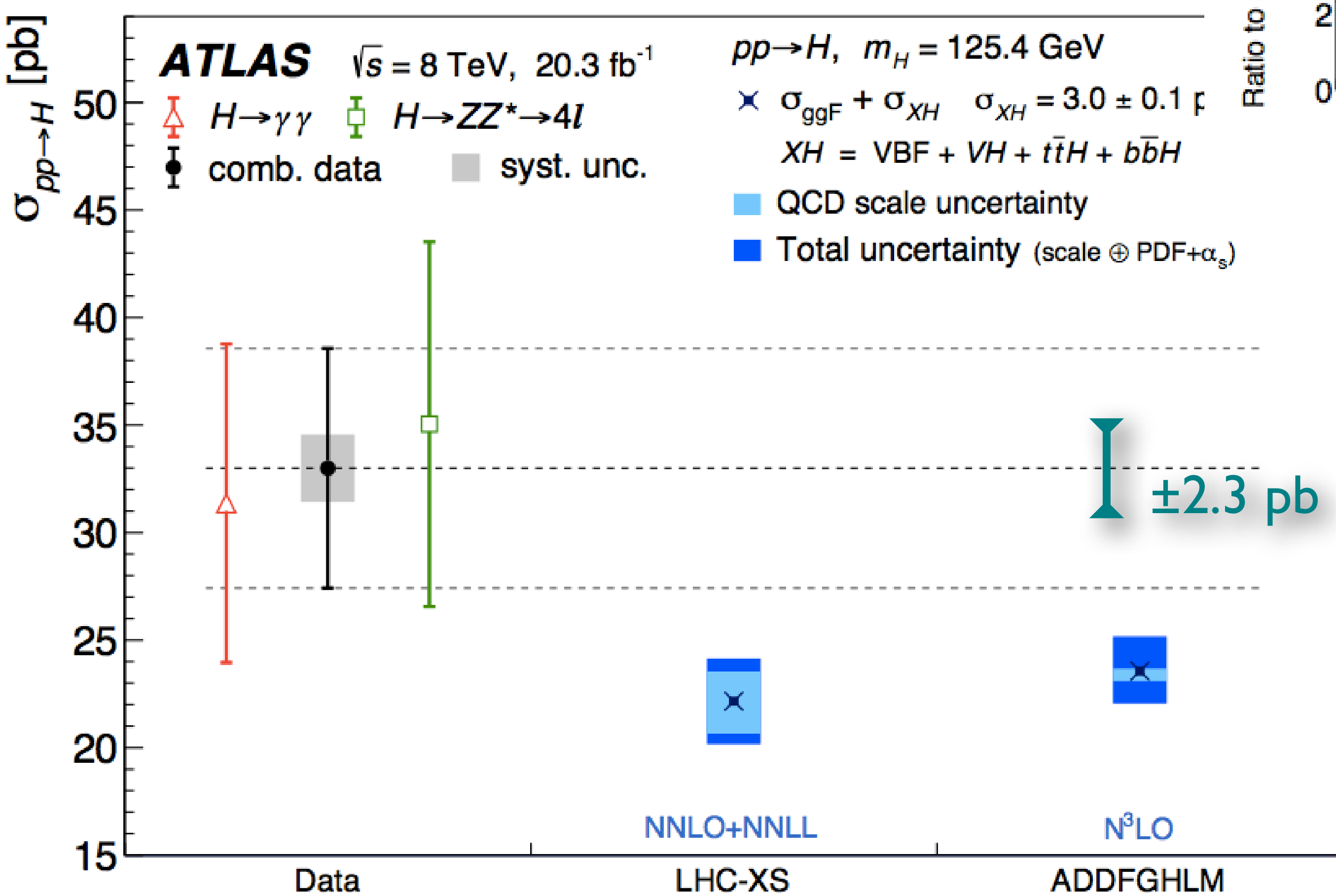
x 10 statistics ⇒
$\sigma(pp \rightarrow H)$ = XX **± 2.3 pb**





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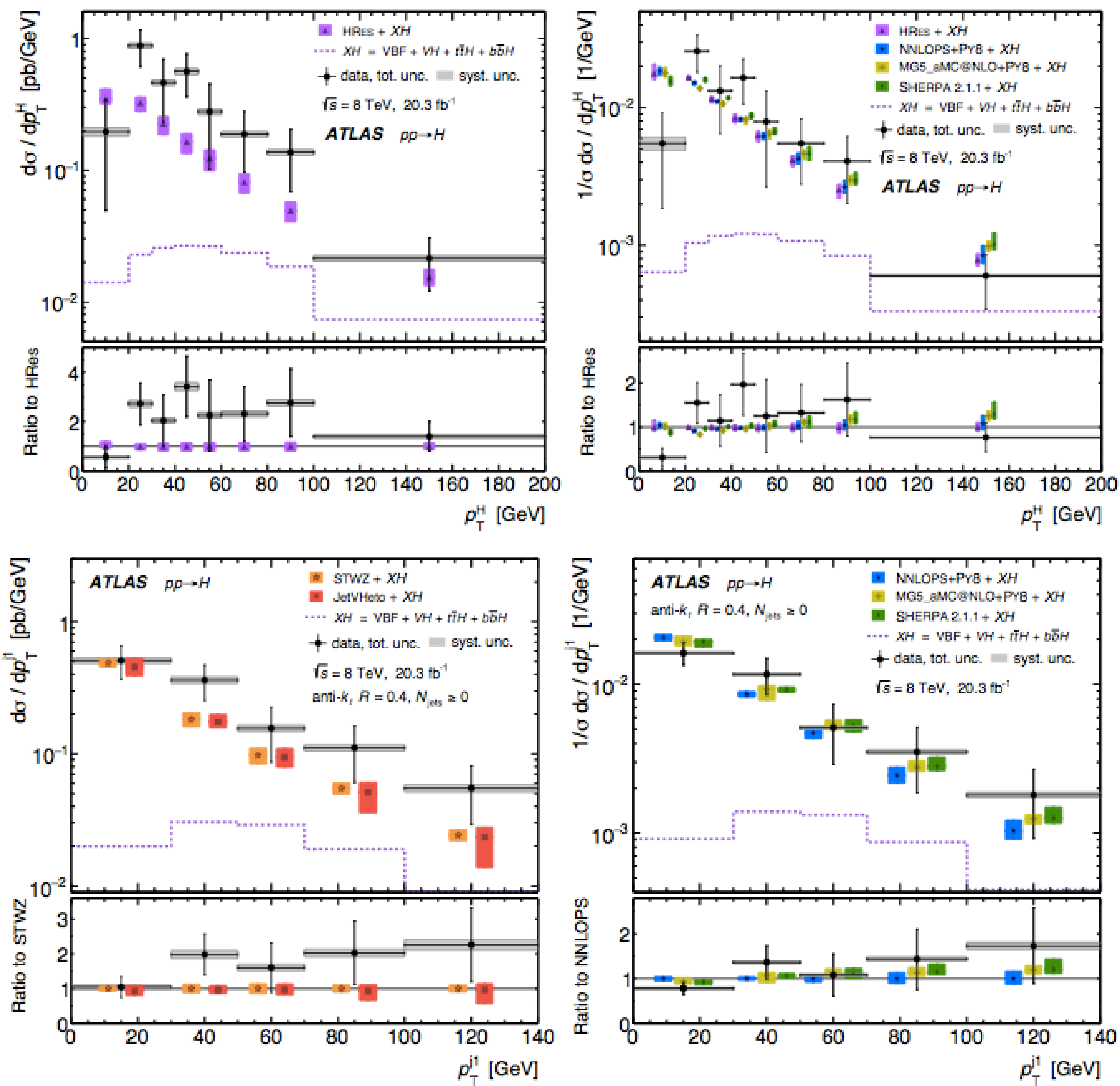
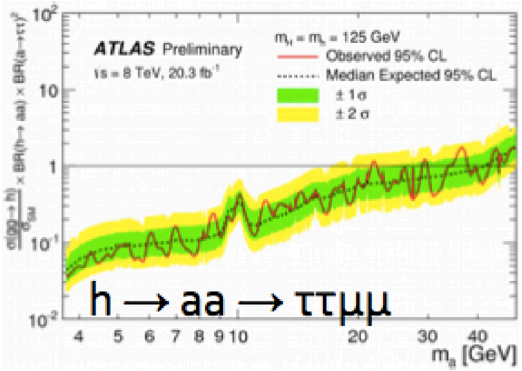
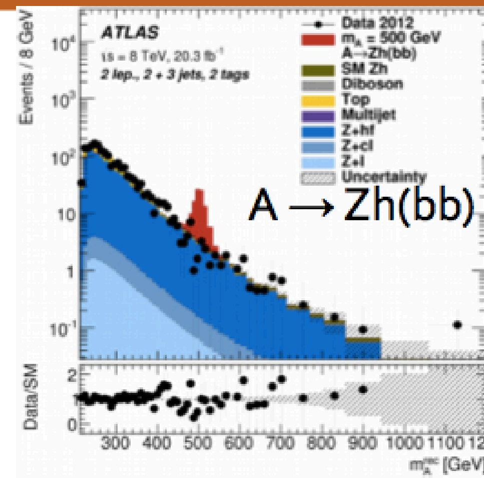
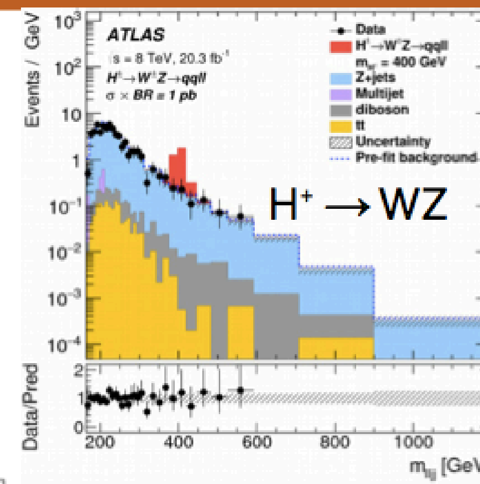
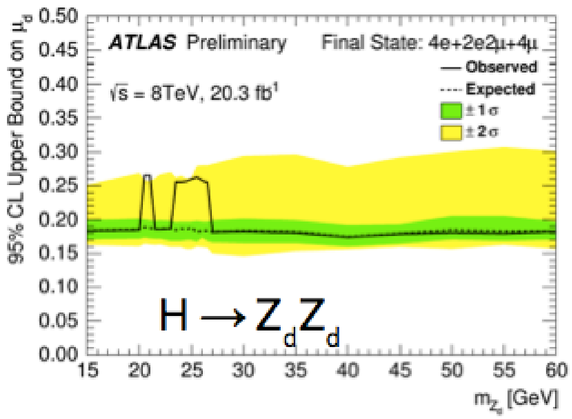

HRES + XH
XH = VBF + VH + tt̄H + bb̄H
data, tot. unc.
syst. unc.
√s = 8 TeV, 20.3 fb⁻¹
ATLAS pp→H
dσ / dp_T^H [pb/GeV]
Ratio to HRES
p_T^H [GeV]
NNLOPS+PY8 + XH
MG5_aMC@NLO+PY8 + XH
SHERPA 2.1.1 + XH
1/σ dσ / dp_T^H [1/GeV]
STWZ + XH
JetVHeto + XH
anti-k_t R = 0.4, N_jets ≥ 0
dσ / dp_T^j1 [pb/GeV]
Ratio to STWZ
p_T^j1 [GeV]
1/σ dσ / dp_T^j1 [1/GeV]
Ratio to NNLOPS

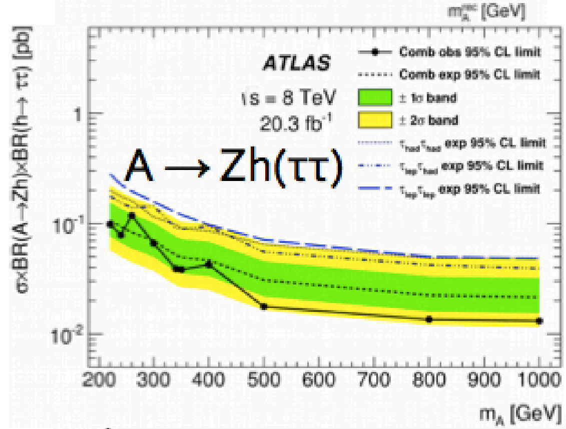
BSM Higgs searches

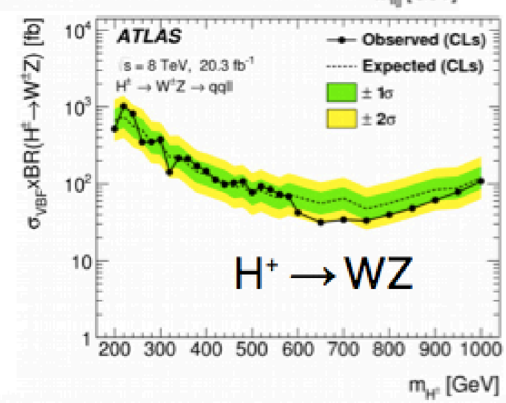








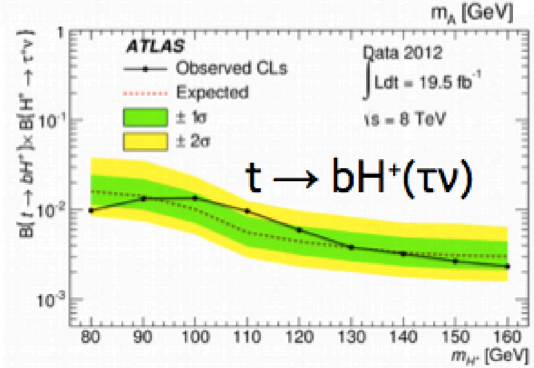


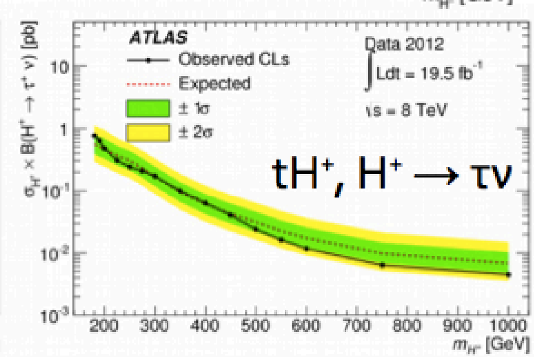


Many channels
Nothing found yet ...

NEW!

h → aa → ττμμ: *HIGG-2014-02*
A → Zh: *arxiv:1502.04478, sub. to PLB*
H$^+$ → WZ: *HIGG-2014-13, sub. to PRL*
H$^+$ → τν: *arxiv:1412.6663, acc. by JHEP*
h → (Z/Z$_d$) Z$_d$ → 4ℓ: *ATLAS-CONF-2015-003*





PH-LHC seminar, ATLAS H studies: P. Onyisi, http://indico.cern.ch/event/360241/

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- Regardless of the emergence of direct BSM discoveries, LHC measurements will address the fundamental questions of our field, and the answers obtained from data will greatly extend our understanding of nature