

# Top partners/ vector-like quarks

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@ XXVIII Rencontres de Blois

# What is a VLQ?

- Left and Right-handed have the same (gauge) interactions
- Gauge invariant Dirac mass

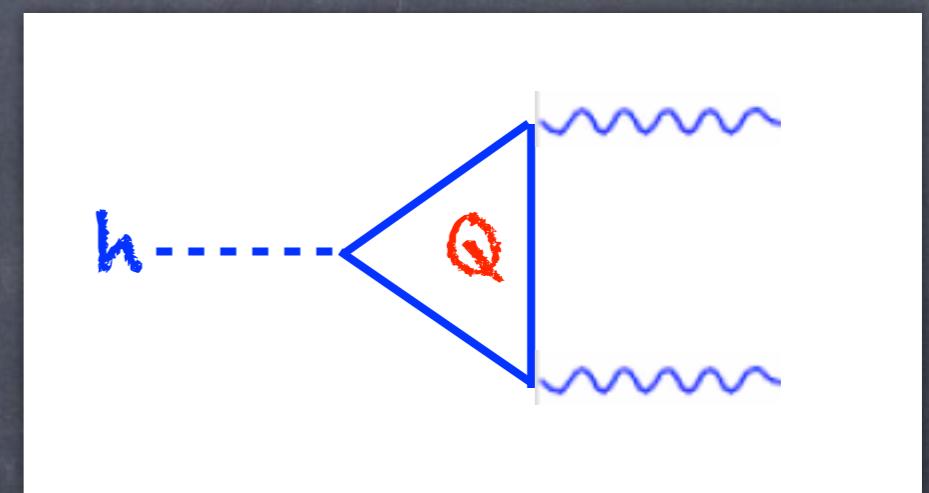


# What is a VLQ?

- Left and Right-handed have the same (gauge) interactions
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What role in BSM?

- Loop-coupling enhancers



$$\mathcal{A} \sim y_Q \frac{v}{M_Q}$$

decoupling limit exists  
large couplings are needed

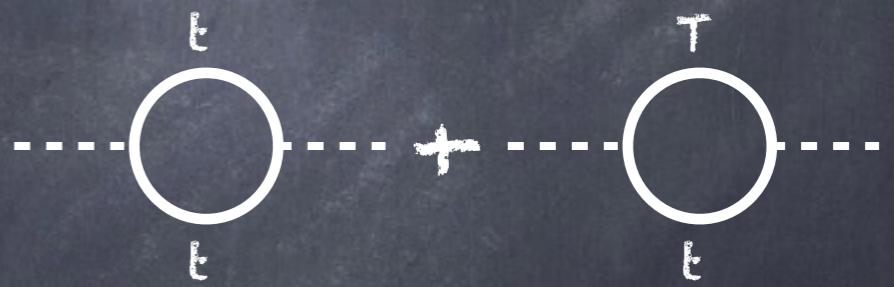
# What is a VLQ?

- Left and Right-handed have the same (gauge) interactions
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## What role in BSM?

- Loop-coupling enhancers
- same-spin Top partners in Naturalness



Little Higgs, pNGB Higgs, ...  
(COMPOSITENESS)

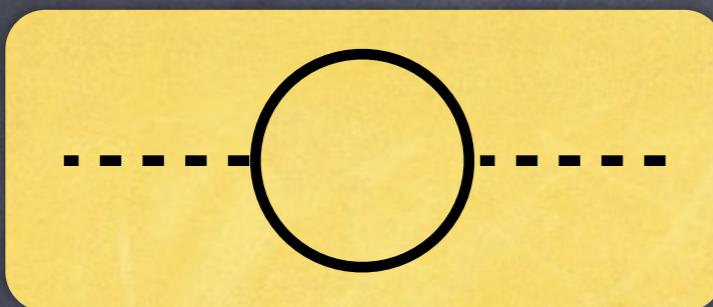
?

Contribute to  
the Higgs potential



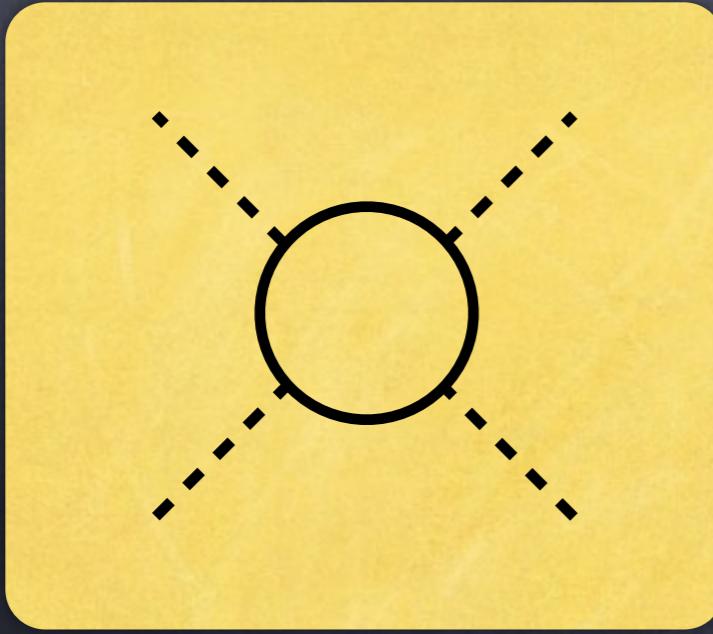
Light???

# Anatomy of the potential



$$\delta m_h^2 \sim \frac{y^2}{16\pi^2} (4\pi f)^2 \sim y^2 f^2$$

compositeness  
scale

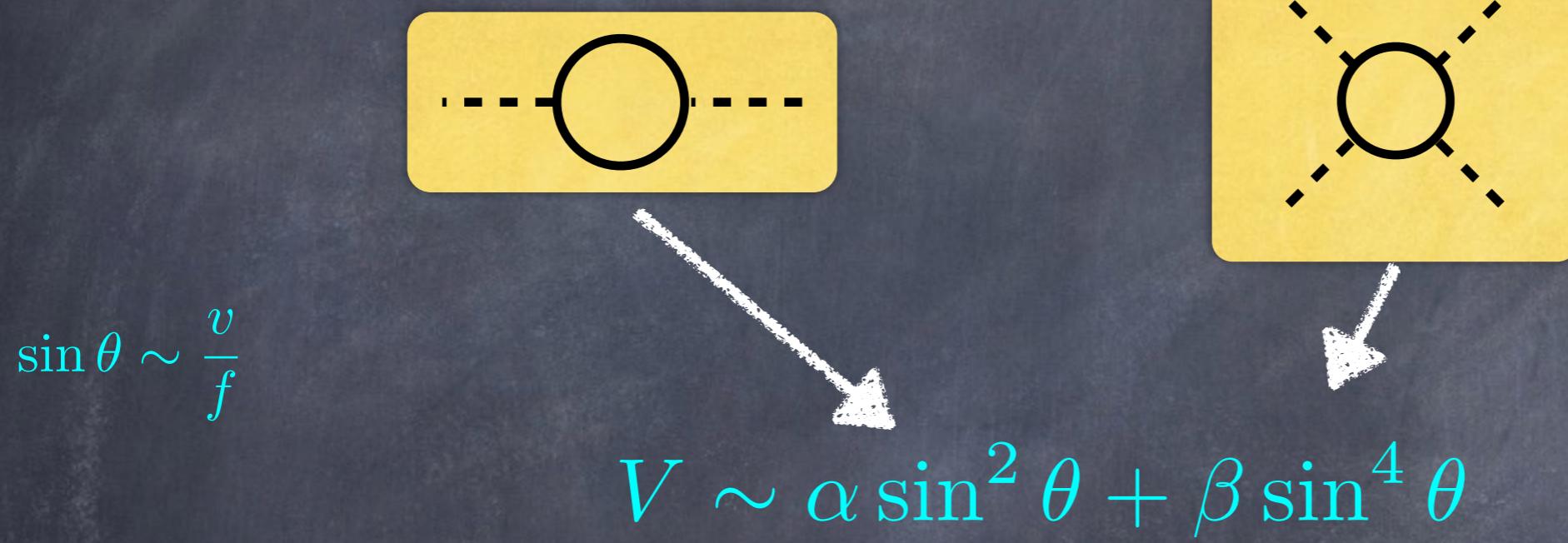


$$\Lambda \sim 4\pi f$$

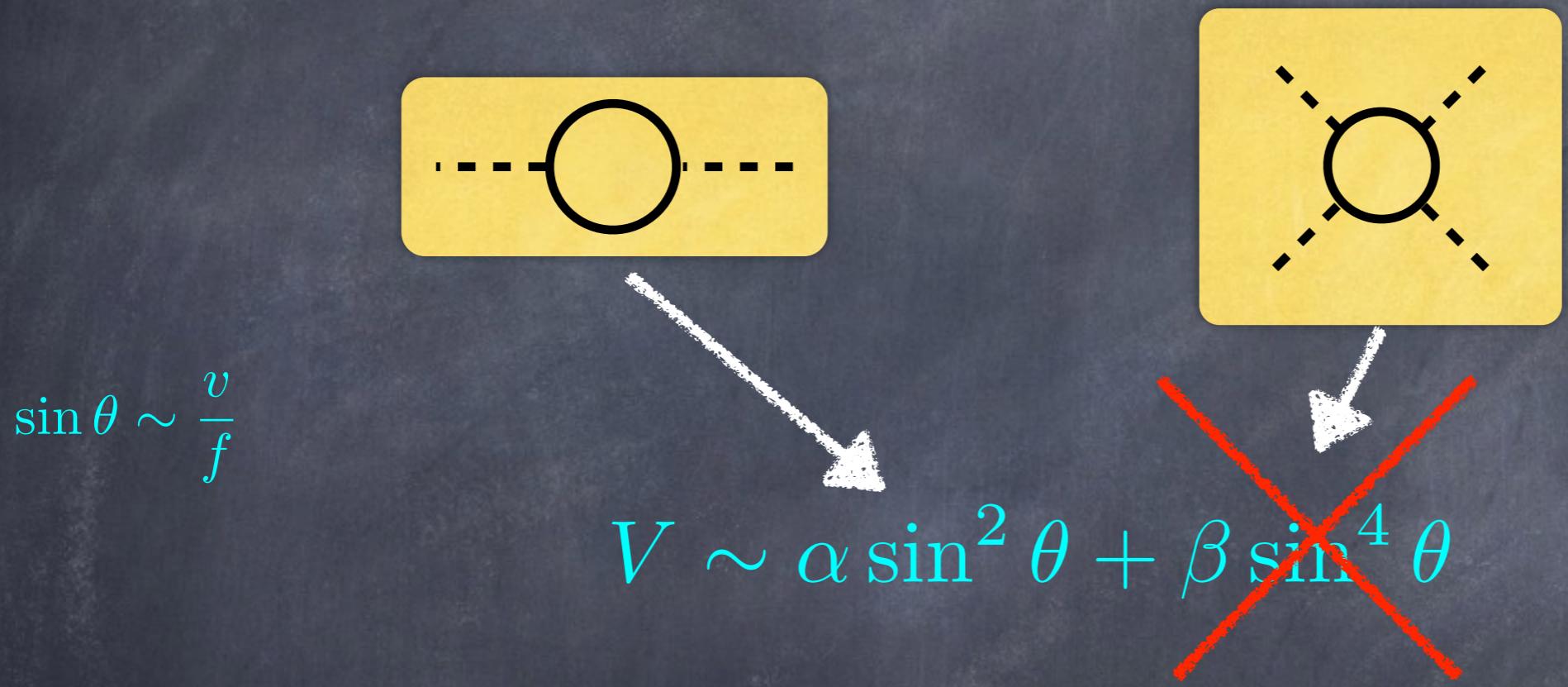
Strong dynamics  
estimate

$$\delta\lambda \sim \frac{y^4}{16\pi^2} \log \Lambda$$

# Anatomy of the potential

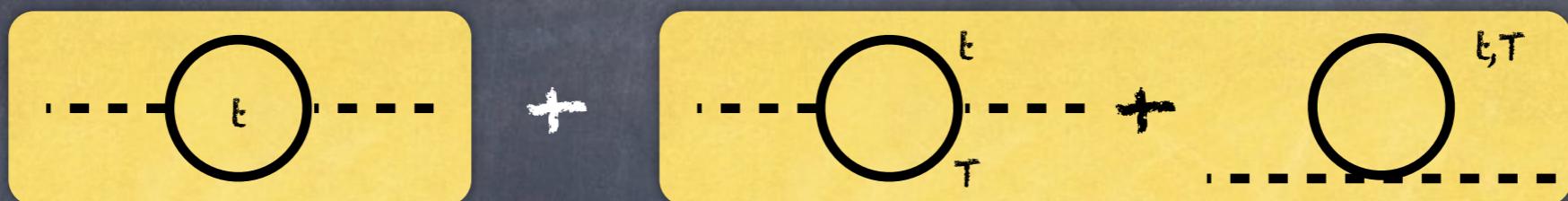


# Anatomy of the potential



Minimum:  $\theta \sim \frac{\pi}{2}$  ( $v = f$ )

# Anatomy of the potential



$$\sin \theta \sim \frac{v}{f}$$

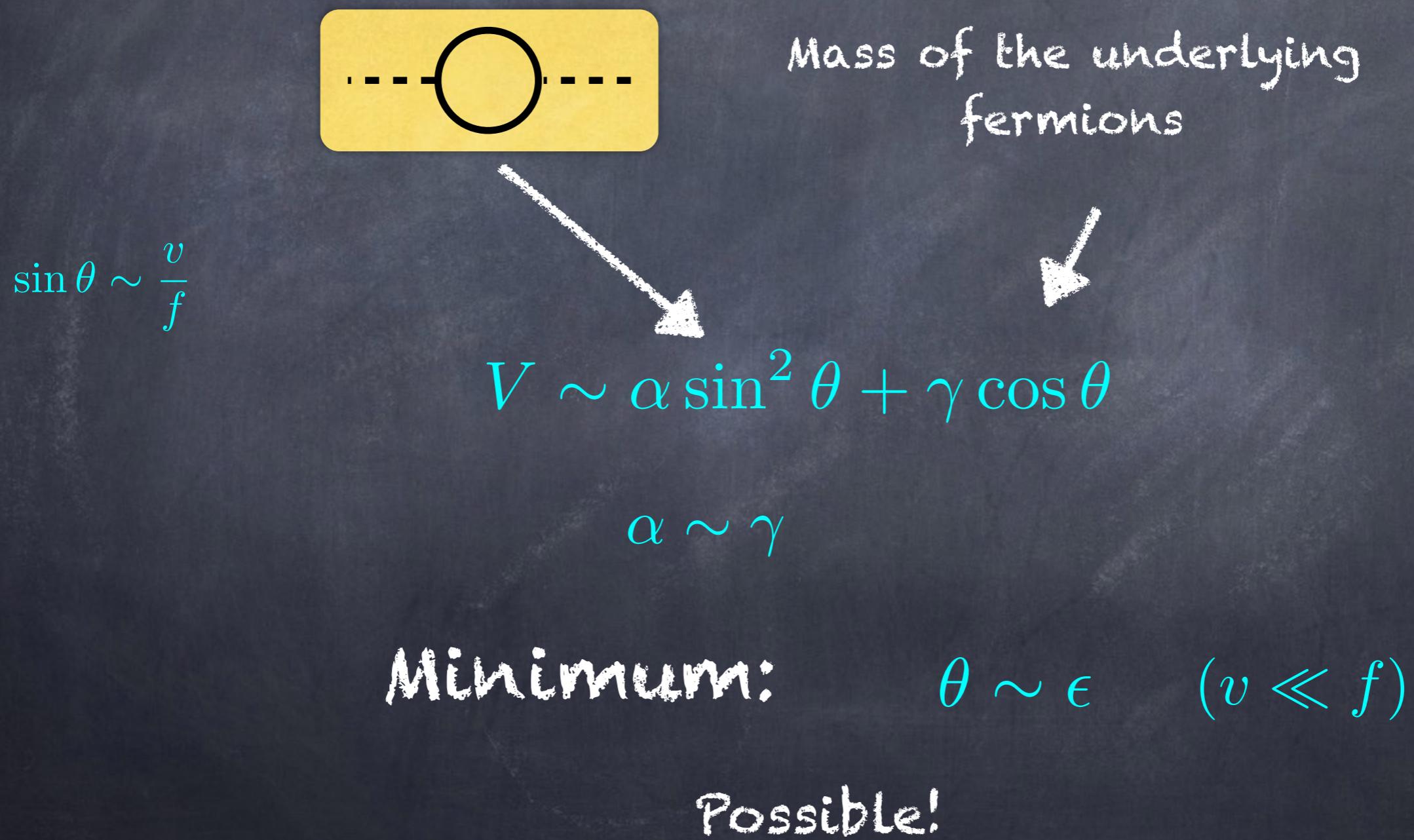


$$V \sim \alpha \sin^2 \theta + \beta \sin^4 \theta$$

$$\alpha < \beta$$

Minimum:  $\theta \sim \epsilon$  ( $v \ll f$ )

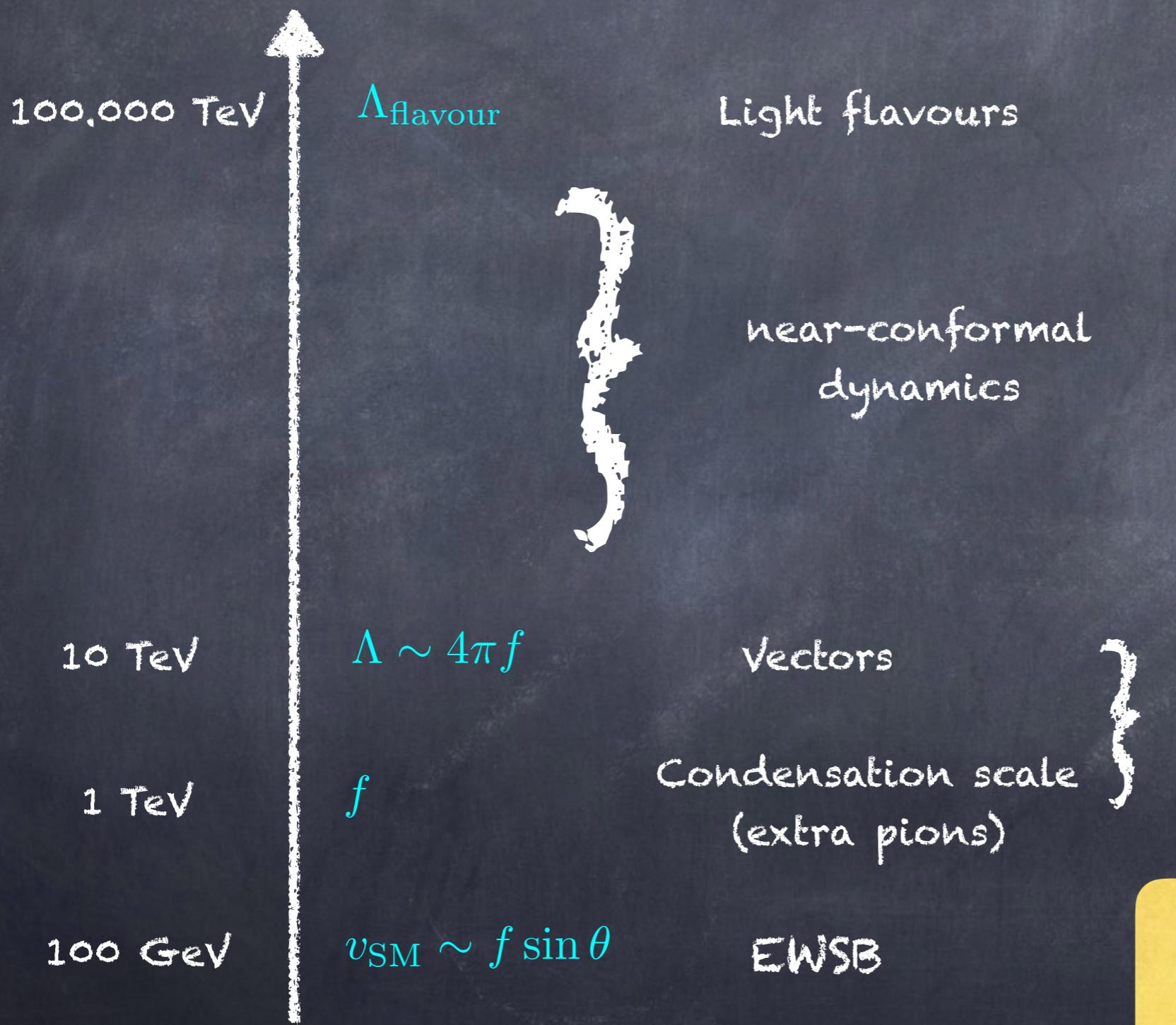
# Anatomy of the potential



# Anatomy of the potential

- Light top partners are NOT the only way to stabilise the Composite Higgs
- Why do we need them?

# The hot potato: flavour!



G.C., H.Cai, T.Flacke, S.J.Lee,  
A.Parolini, H.Serodio  
1501.03818

See also:  
O.Matsedonskyi 1411.4638  
G.Panico, A.Pomarol 1603.06609

750 di-photon: see  
talk by T. Flacke

# The hot potato: flavour!

$$M_{\text{up}} = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} \text{SM quarks (3)} & & & \text{VLQs (3)} & & \\ \hline m_{\text{UV}}^{\alpha\beta} \epsilon & & & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Y_{RQ} \epsilon & Y_{LQ} & Y_{LX} \epsilon^2 & -Y_{L\bar{T}} \epsilon \\ 0 & 0 & -Y_{RX} \epsilon & 0 & M_4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Y_{R\bar{T}} & 0 & 0 & M_1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\epsilon \sim \frac{v}{f}$$

- Mixing is chiral!
- Couplings to light generations can be sizeable!
- Important consequence for single production!

# VLQ @NLO\_QCD

Similar to: M.Buchkremer, G.C., A.Deandrea, L.Panizzi 1305.4172

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = & \frac{\sqrt{2}g}{2} \left[ \bar{Y}\vec{W}(\kappa_L^Y P_L + \kappa_R^Y P_R) d + \bar{B}\vec{W}(\kappa_L^B P_L + \kappa_R^B P_R) u \right. \\ & + \left. \bar{T}\vec{W}(\kappa_L^T P_L + \kappa_R^T P_R) d + \bar{X}\vec{W}(\kappa_L^X P_L + \kappa_R^X P_R) u \right] \\ & + \frac{g}{2c_W} \left[ \bar{B}\vec{Z}(\tilde{\kappa}_L^B P_L + \tilde{\kappa}_R^B P_R) d + \bar{T}\vec{Z}(\tilde{\kappa}_L^T P_L + \tilde{\kappa}_R^T P_R) u \right] \\ & - h \left[ \bar{B}(\hat{\kappa}_L^B P_L + \hat{\kappa}_R^B P_R) d + \bar{T}(\hat{\kappa}_L^T P_L + \hat{\kappa}_R^T P_R) u \right] + \text{h.c.}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T &\rightarrow 2/3 \\ B &\rightarrow -1/3 \\ X &\rightarrow 5/3 \\ Y &\rightarrow -4/3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\kappa \sim \tilde{\kappa} \sim u \quad \hat{\kappa} \sim u \frac{M_Q}{v}$$

$$u_L \ll u_R \quad \text{or} \quad u_R \ll u_L \qquad u = \text{generic mixing angle}$$

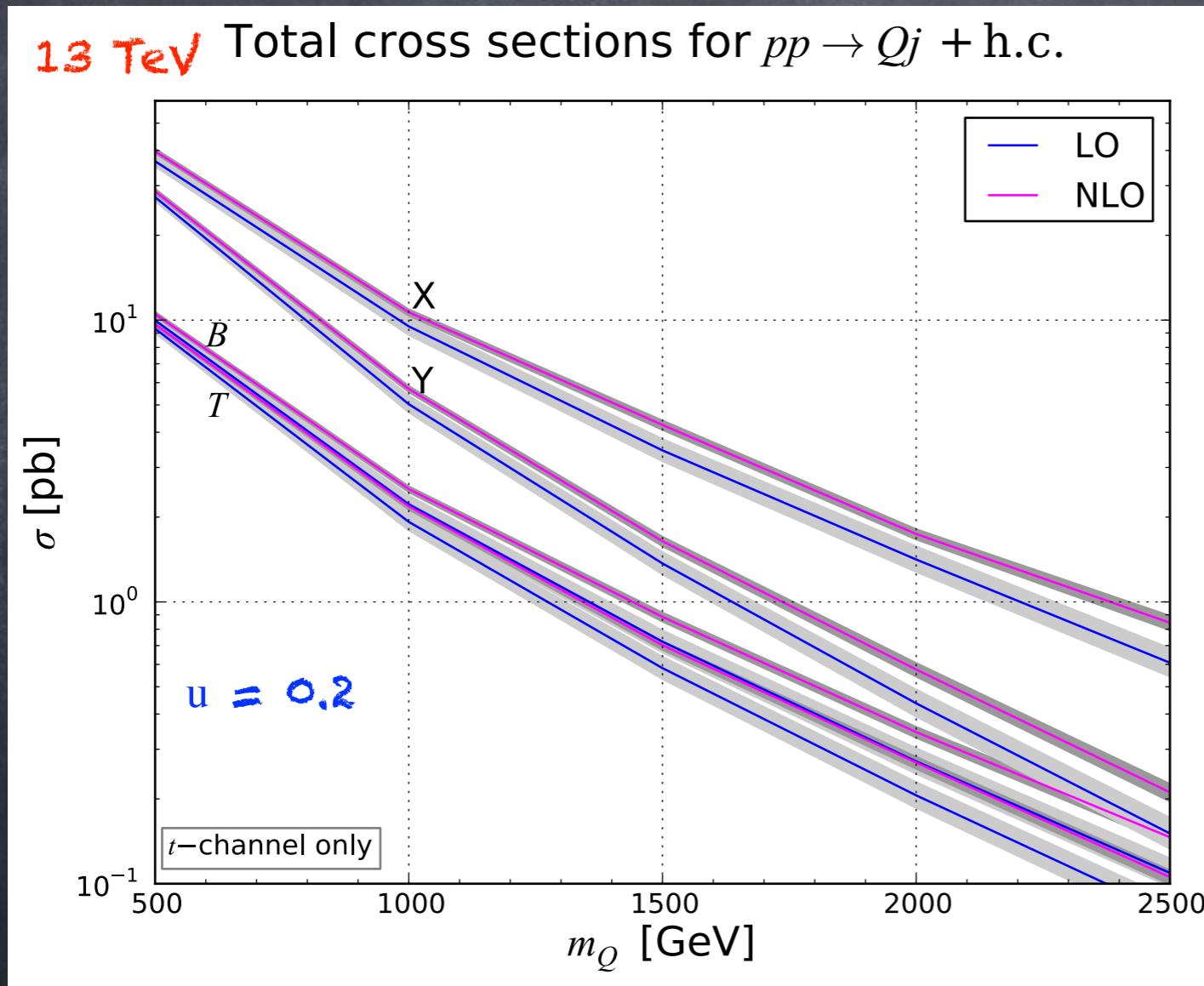
FeynRules + NLOCT  
MadGraphs\_AMC@NLO

Work in progress with B.Fuks, H.S.Shao  
and H.Cai, A.Carvalho, A.Deandrea,  
T.Flacke, D.Majumder

# Preliminary results: single + 1 jet

Les Houches 2015 proceedings

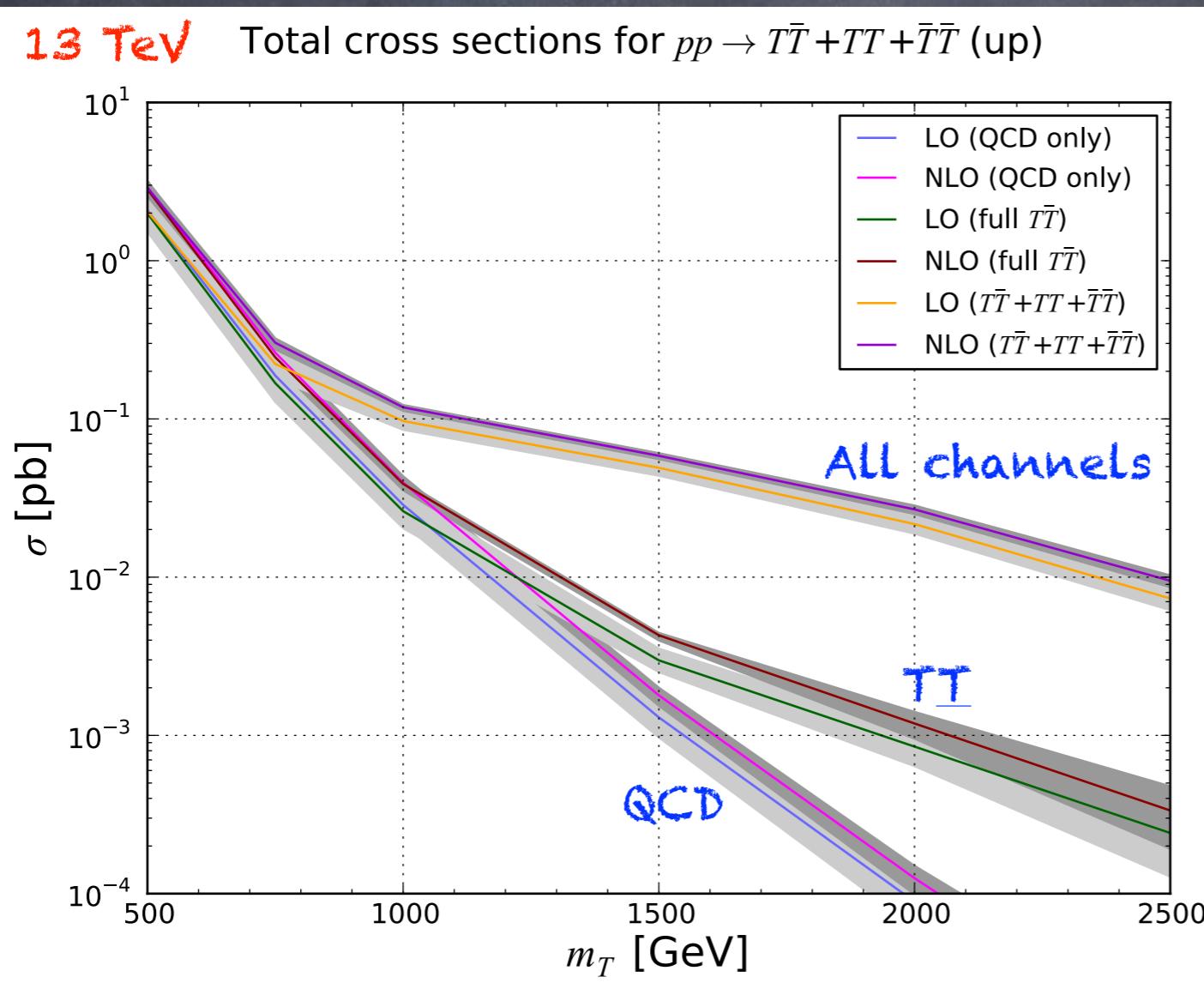
13 TeV Total cross sections for  $pp \rightarrow Qj + h.c.$



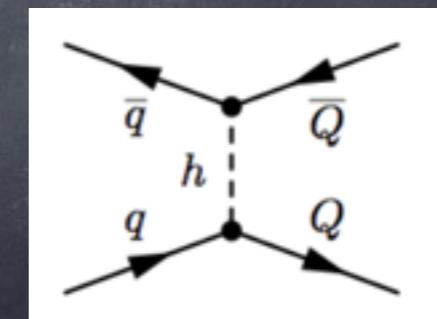
- Strongly reduced errors (scale variation)
- Enhancement at high masses!
- Distributions?

# Preliminary results: pair production

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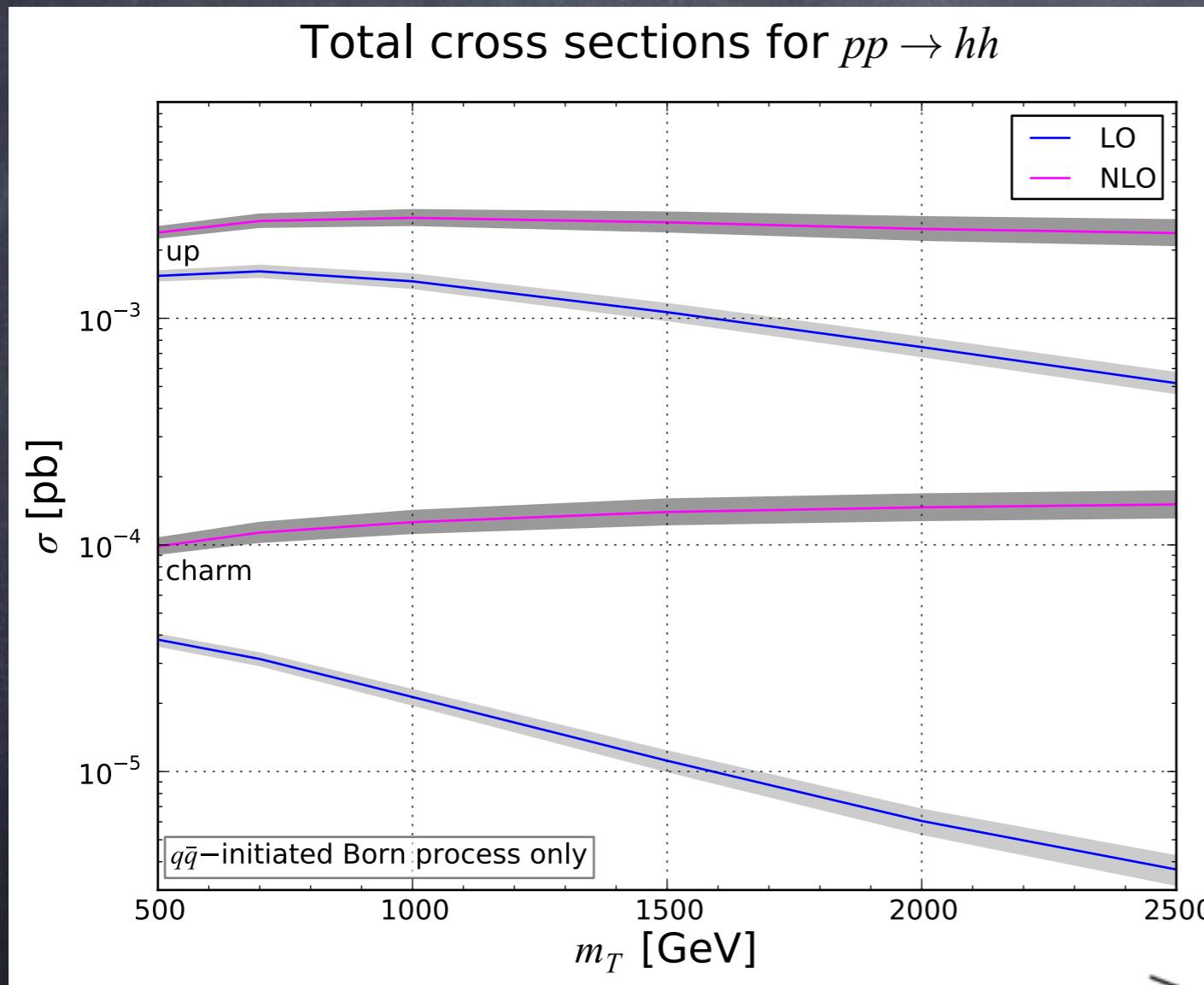


- EW pair production can dominate for valence quarks!
- Sensitivity to high masses!



# Preliminary results: di-Higgs production

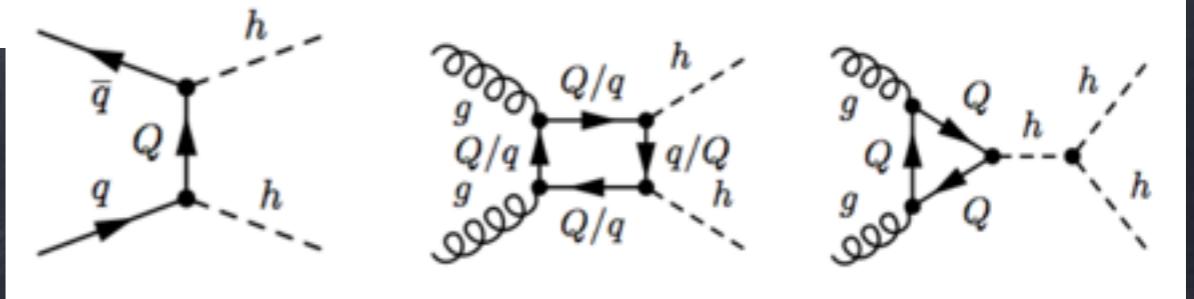
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- t-channel in double-Higgs production
- box and triangle included @ NLO
- HUGE k-factors due to additional glu-initiated processes

$ug \rightarrow hhu$

$$\hat{\kappa} \sim u \frac{M_Q}{v}$$



# Summary

- VLQ are interesting objects to look for @ LHC
- aka top-partners: not a must in natural theories! (they may be as heavy as 10 TeV)
- Flavour: couplings to light generations may be sizeable (NLO\_QCD needed!)
- Non standard decays: DM, other (light) composite scalars, ...