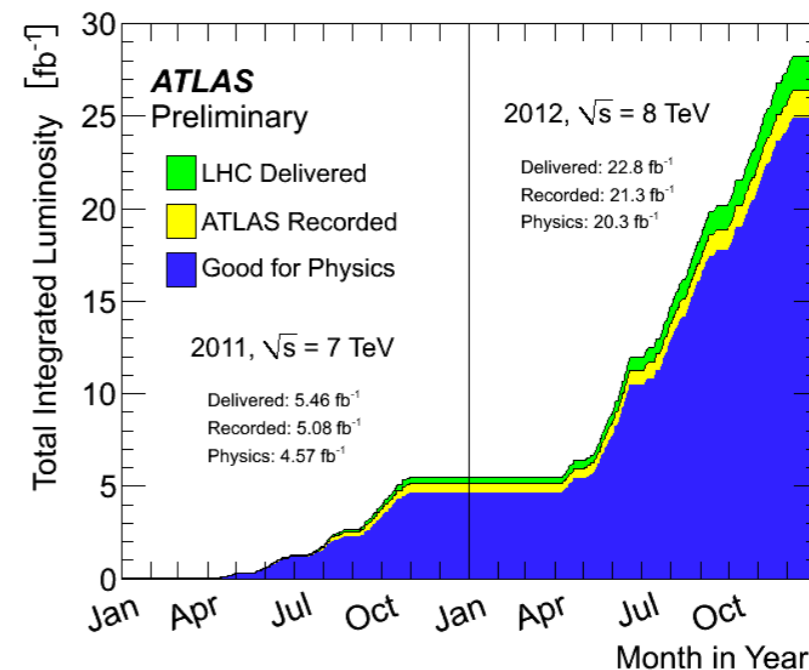
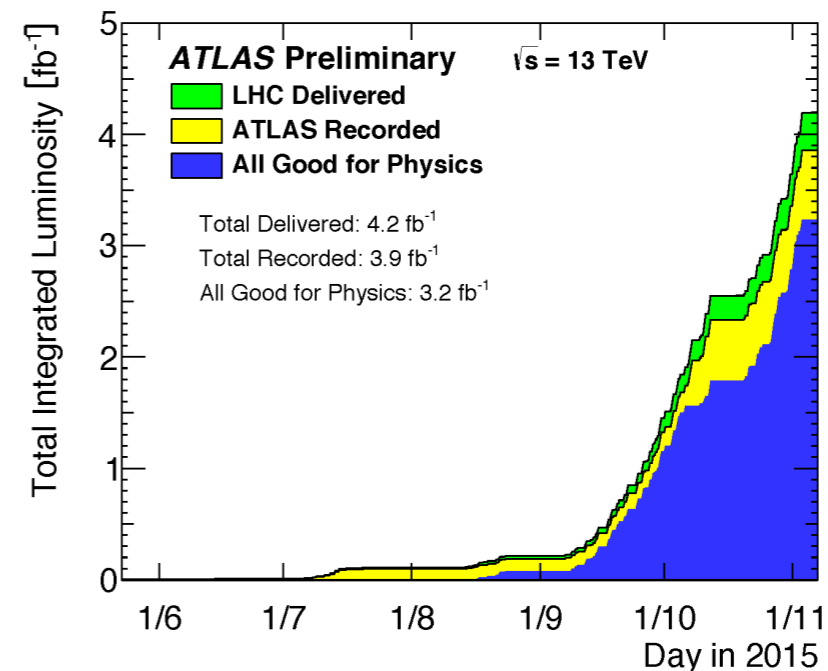


# SUSY Searches at 13 TeV at ATLAS

Isabel TRIGGER  
TRIUMF  
Blois 2016/5/30-2016/6/3

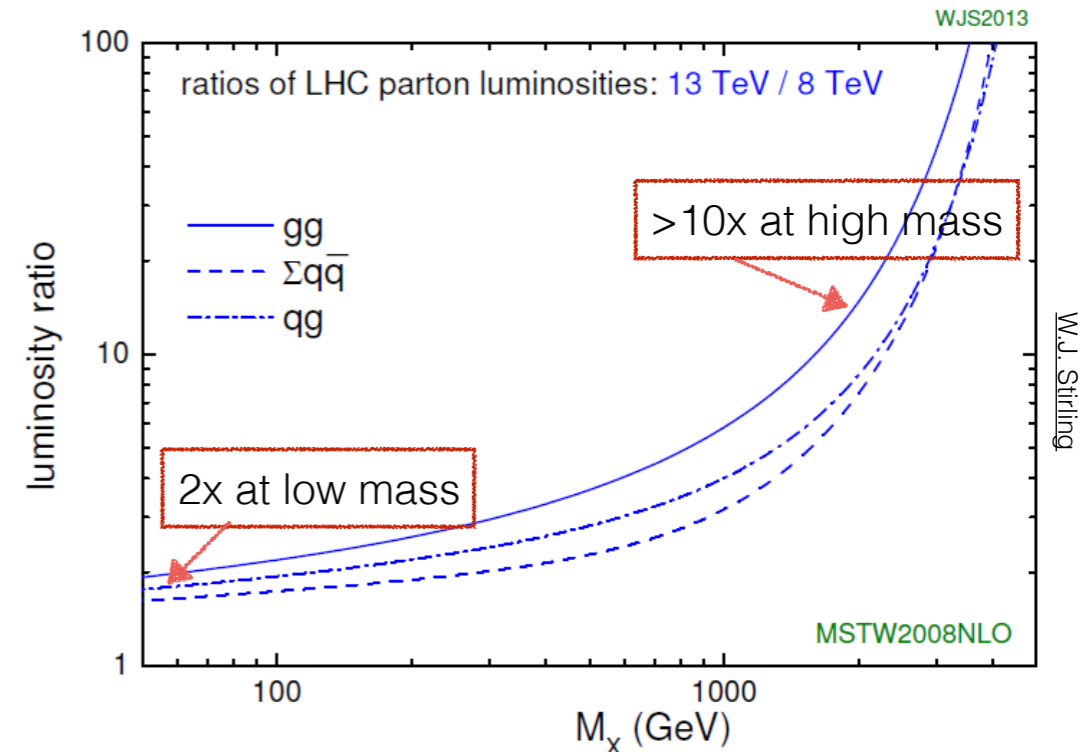
# Run-2 Data in 2015

- Generally smooth operation: 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> good for analysis
- New “insertable B-layer” in pixel detector
- More complete coverage with additional muon detectors
- Fraction of live channels even better than Run-1
- And, of course, **substantially higher energy (8 → 13 TeV)!**

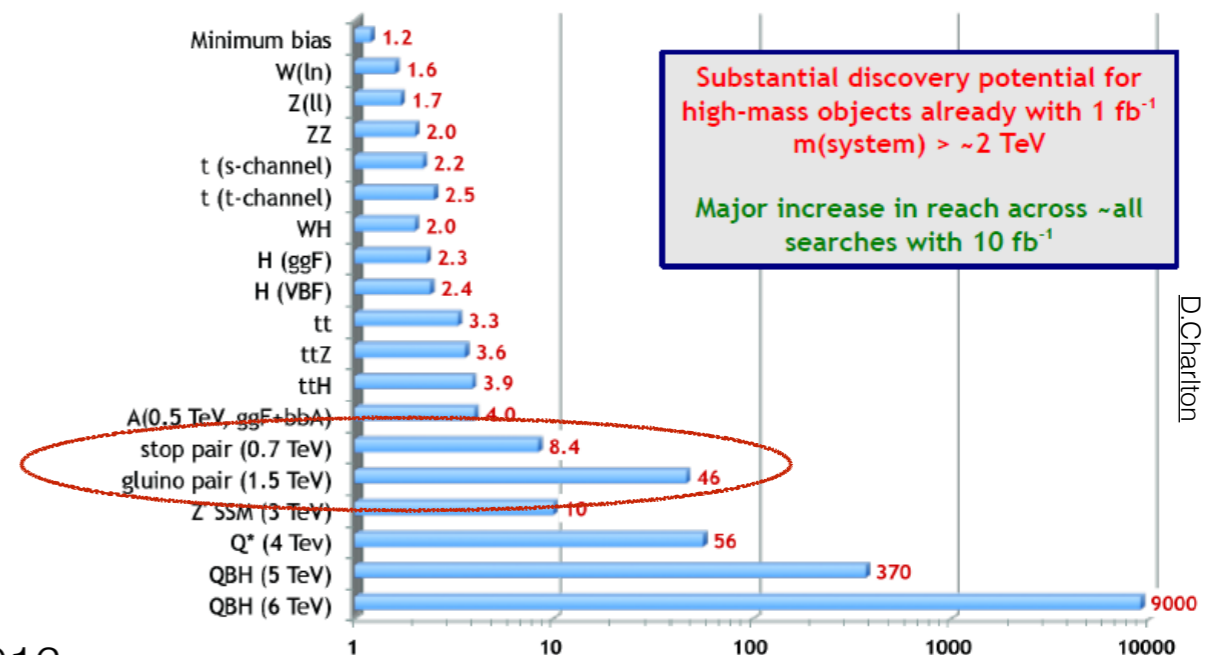


# Outline: what to do with a *relatively* small data sample at a brand new energy

- **Strong interaction:** squark / gluino pairs
  - Steep cross-section increase from 8 to 13 TeV
  - Consider possibility of compressed scenarios with long-lived sparticles
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> generation squark searches very important (theoretically motivated)
    - But stop searches covered in talk by Bertrand Martin d.L. so explicitly not included here; will touch on sbottom
- Talk arranged approximately in increasing order of complexity
- Goal is NOT to show all results, but to illustrate analysis strategy, reach



**Cross-section ratio: 13 TeV / 8 TeV**



# Jets

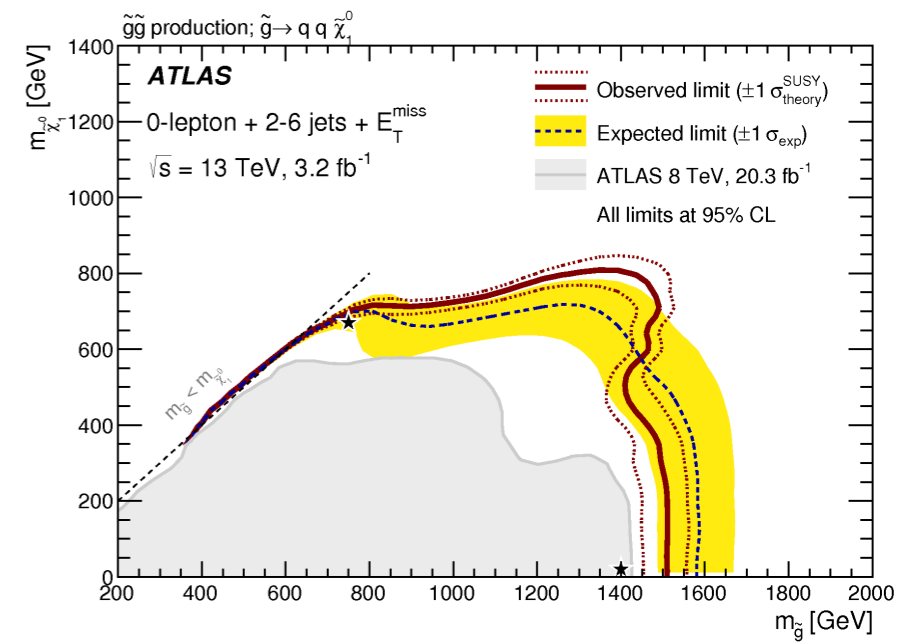
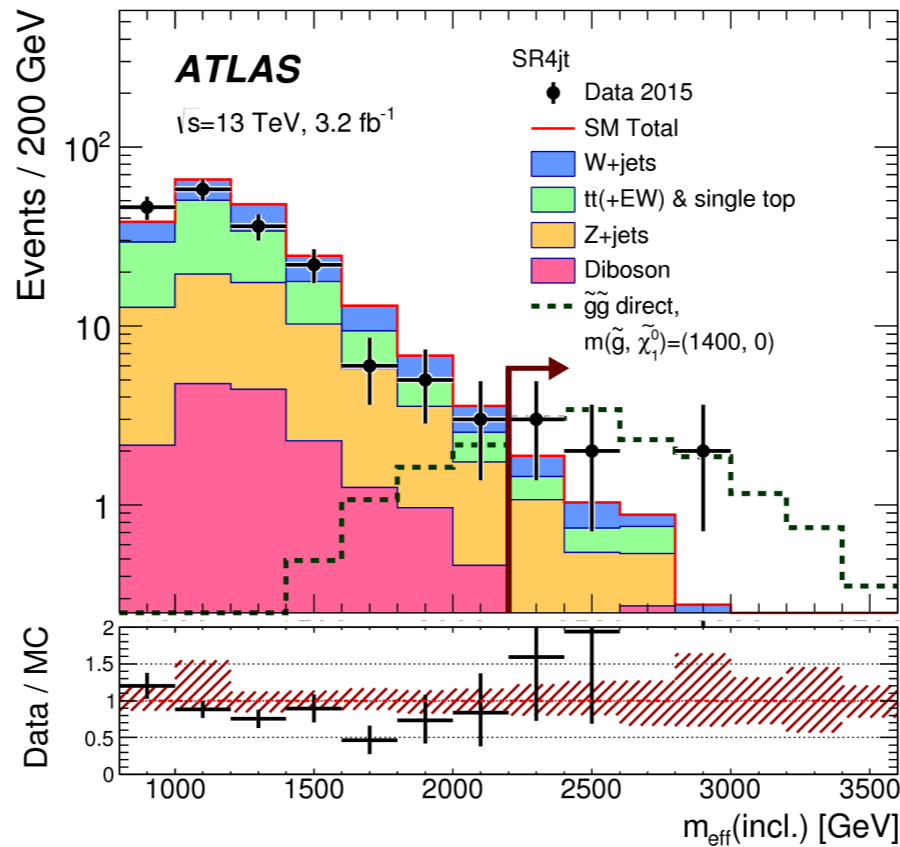
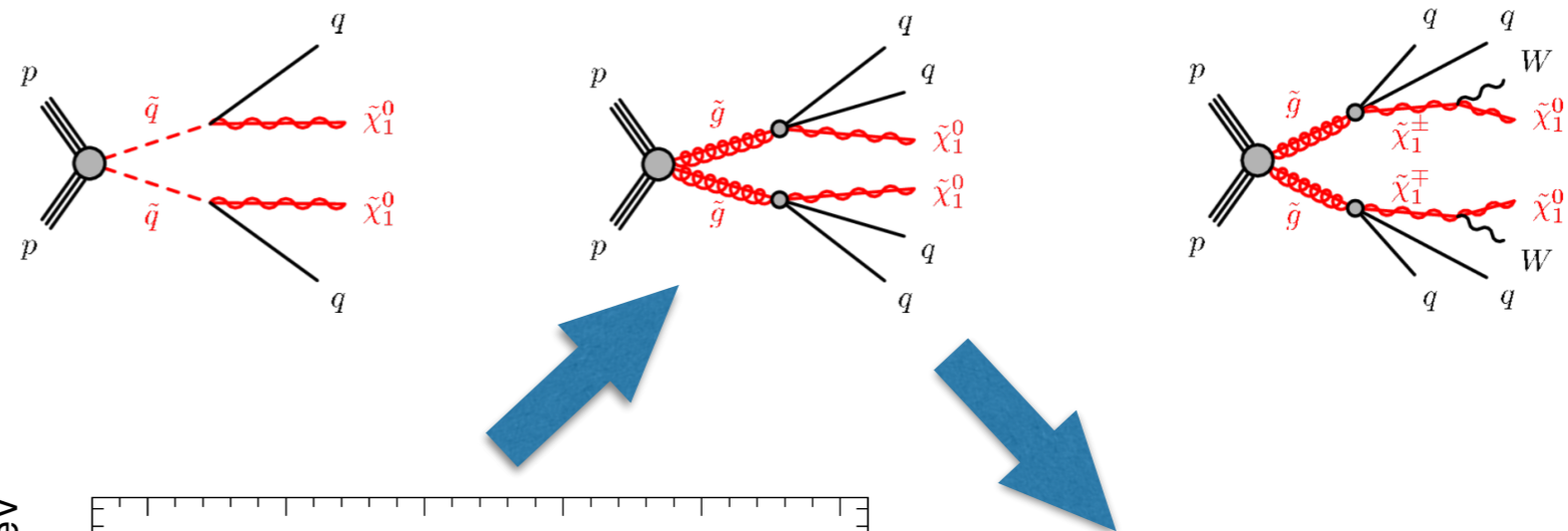
Strong production:

squarks or gluinos have large cross section if they are “light”;  
if cross section large enough, 2015 data surpasses Run 1 limits;  
simplest decays contain only jets and missing  $E_T$

# 2-6 jets & $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (no leptons)

- Start simple:

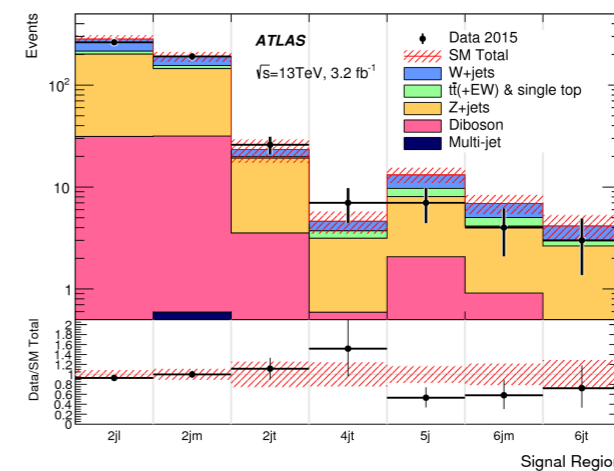
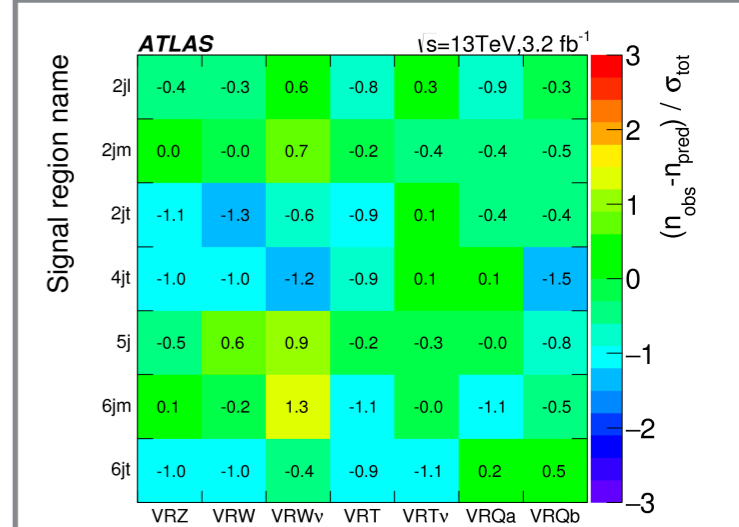
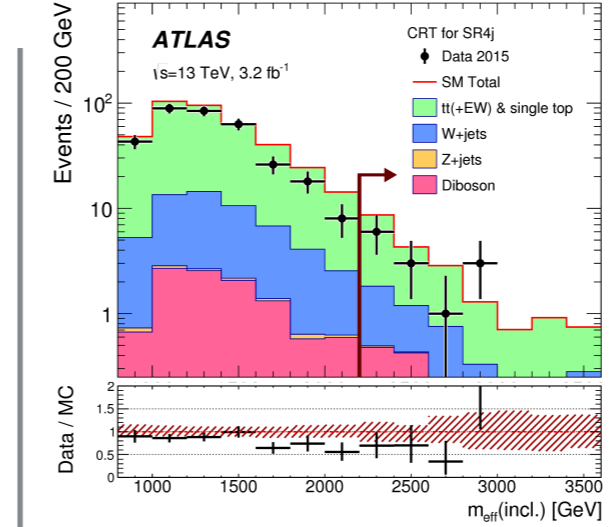
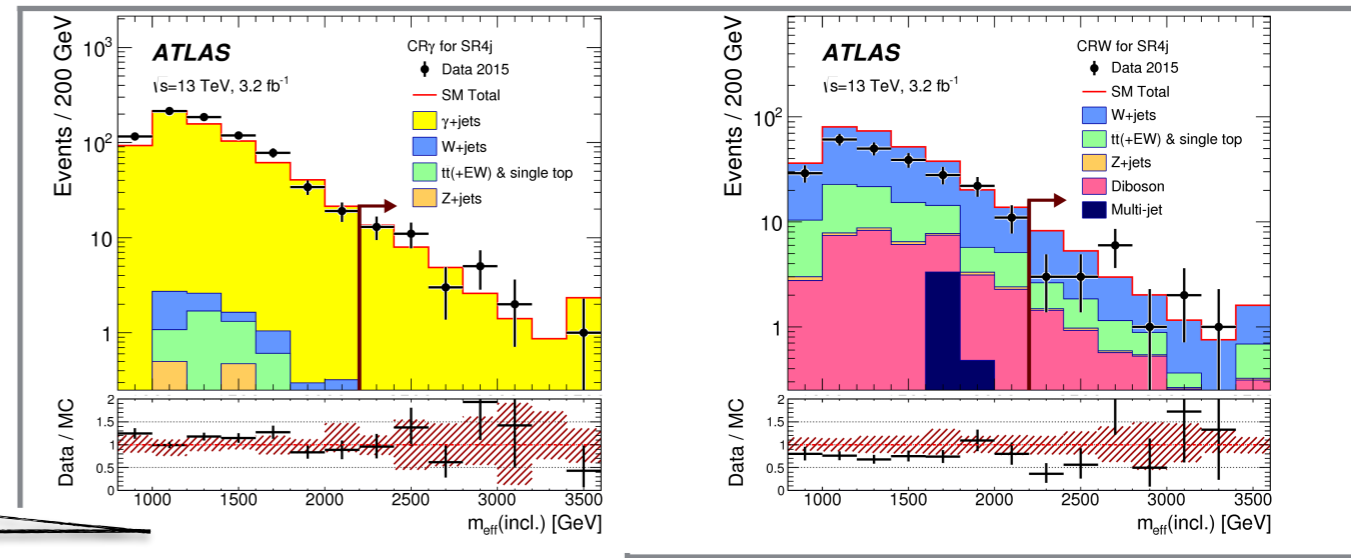
- assume only **gluinos** (or only **squarks**) and **LSP** light
- 2- or 3-body decays to quark jets and LSP
- also consider intermediate light chargino
- 7 signal regions depend on number of jets (2, 4, 5, 6), compression of mass spectrum (loose, medium or tight background rejection)
- Analyses all based on cut on  $m_{\text{eff}}$  (scalar sum of  $p_T$  of  $N$  leading jets and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ )
- Exclusions to 1-1.5 TeV, generally exceed Run-1 limits



# Generic Analysis Strategy

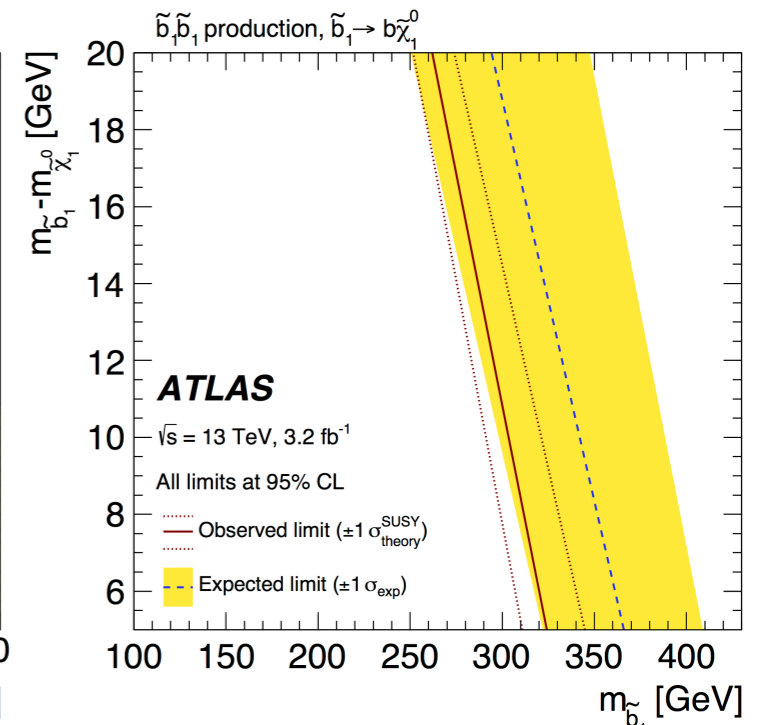
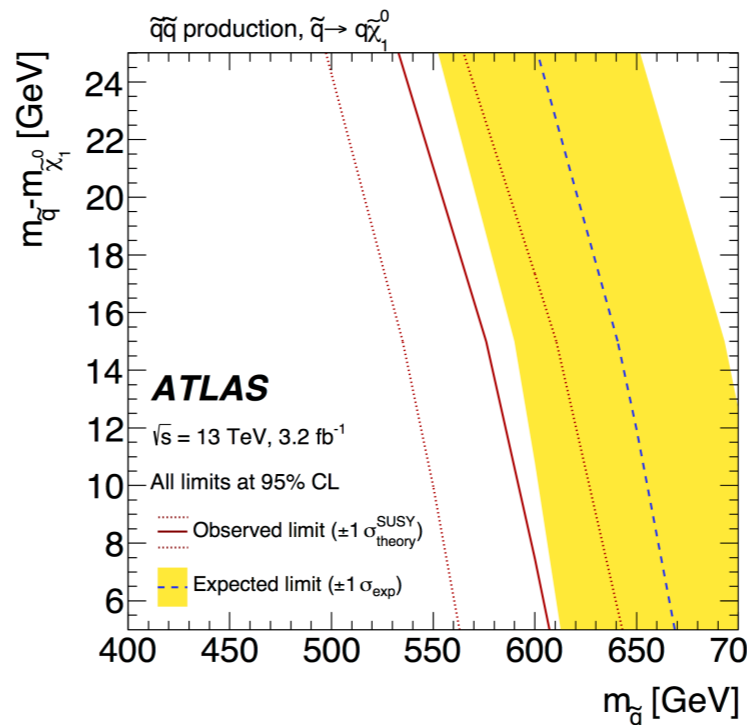
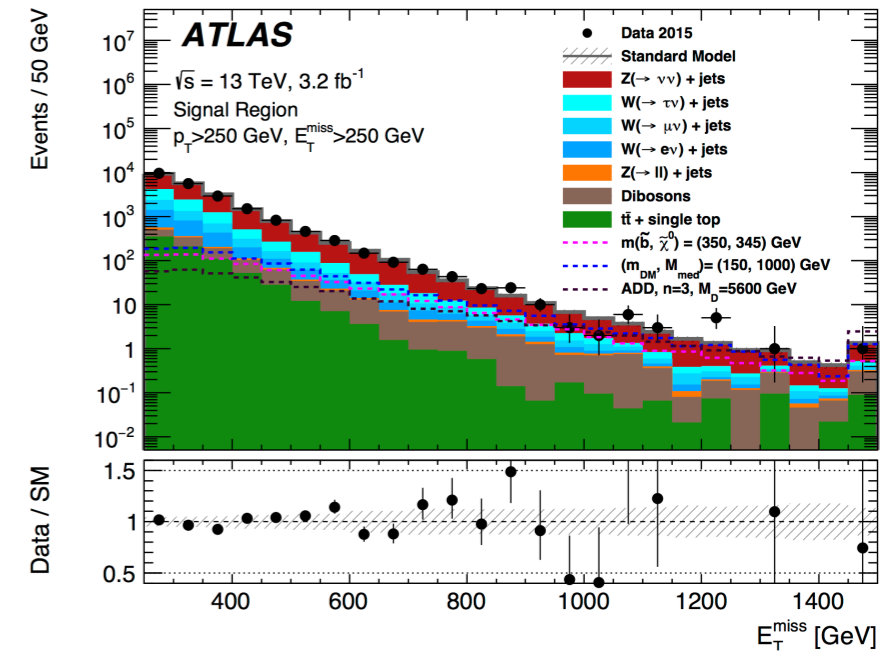
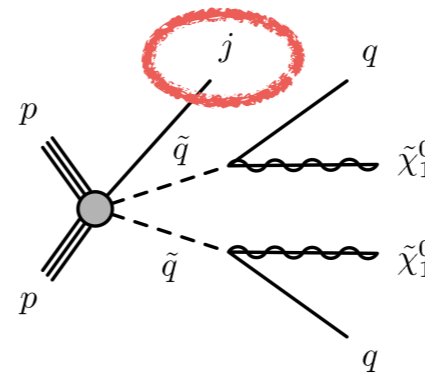
- Signal Regions (SR) optimized e.g. for higher or lower masses or larger or smaller mass differences between strongly produced SUSY particle and LSP
- Control Regions defined for each SR and each major background (top, W/Z+jets, multijets... in this case, 4 CR for each SR)
  - orthogonal to SR
  - minimal Signal contamination and maximum statistics
  - similar systematics & kinematics to SR
  - fit for major backgrounds and extract **scale factors** from fits to apply in SR and Validation Regions
- Validation Regions (VR, orthogonal to both SR and CR, and with little signal contamination) used to cross-check background estimations from CR fits
- Then compare number of events predicted in SR from all fitted backgrounds (plus smaller ones taken from MC) and with number in SR in data
- Limits then set on new physics: background-only, model-independent and model-dependent

pre-fit!



# Monojet & large $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

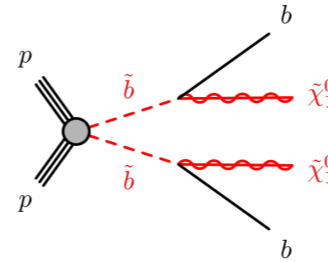
- Very compressed mass spectrum scenarios: small squark-LSP mass difference
- Consider light squark and sbottom pair production (also stop to charm), with ISR jet
- Fit 3 main backgrounds:  $W(\text{ev})/W(\mu\nu)/Z(\text{v}\nu)+\text{jets}$ 
  - ( $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  is proxy for  $Z \rightarrow \text{v}\nu$ )
- 13 signal regions defined by  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  thresholds/ranges from 250 - 700 GeV



# 2 b-jets and $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

ATLAS-CONF-2015-066

- Light 3<sup>rd</sup> gen sparticles favoured - cancel heavy quark terms in Higgs mass self-energy corrections



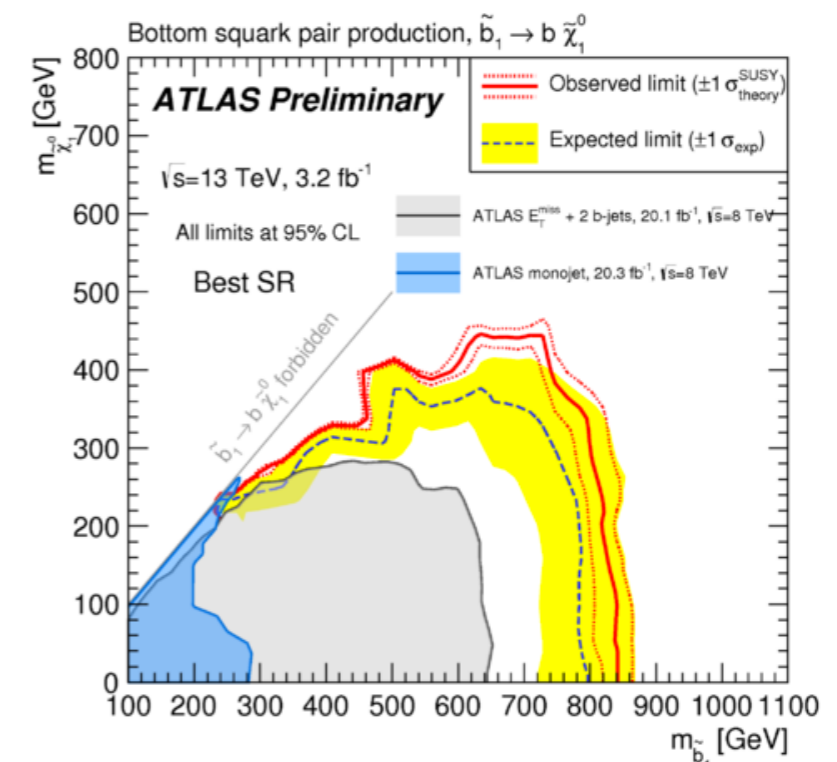
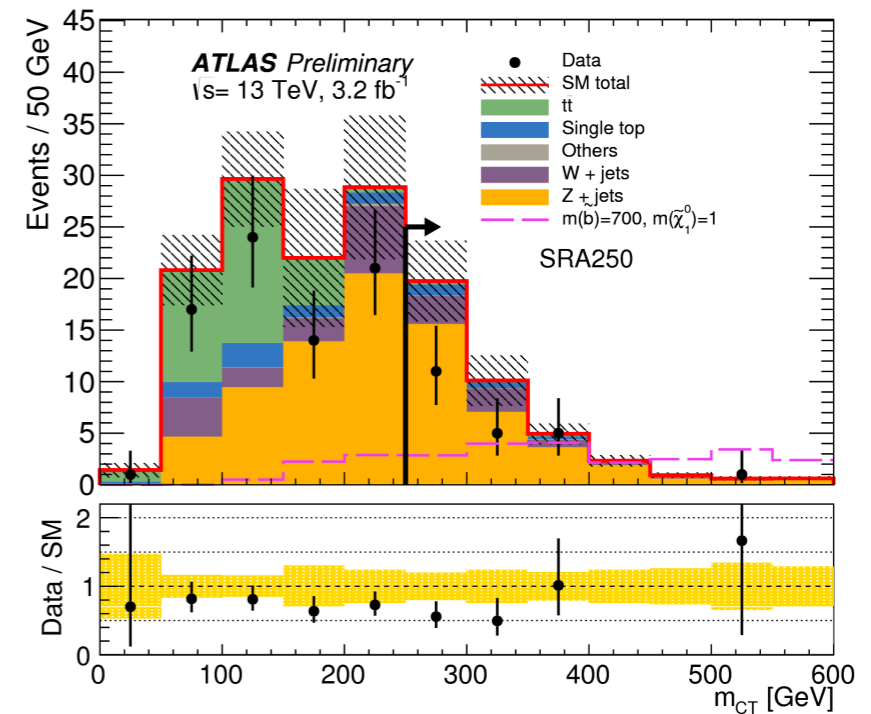
- Stop searches covered in plenary talk by B.Martin.d.L.
- Focus here on simple sbottom pair production. Cut-based SR requires 2 b-jets in events passing  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  trigger:

- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 250$  GeV,  $m_{bb} > 200$  GeV

- "Contranverse mass"  $> 250$  GeV

$$m_{CT}^2(v_1, v_2) = [E_T(v_1) + E_T(v_2)]^2 - [\mathbf{p}_T(v_1) - \mathbf{p}_T(v_2)]^2$$

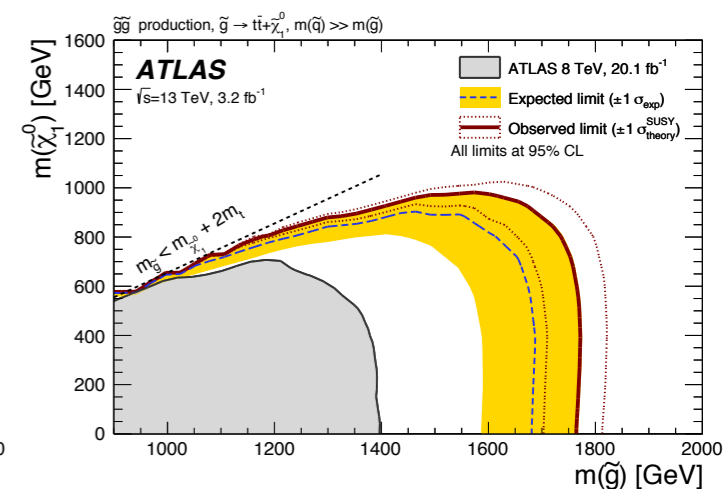
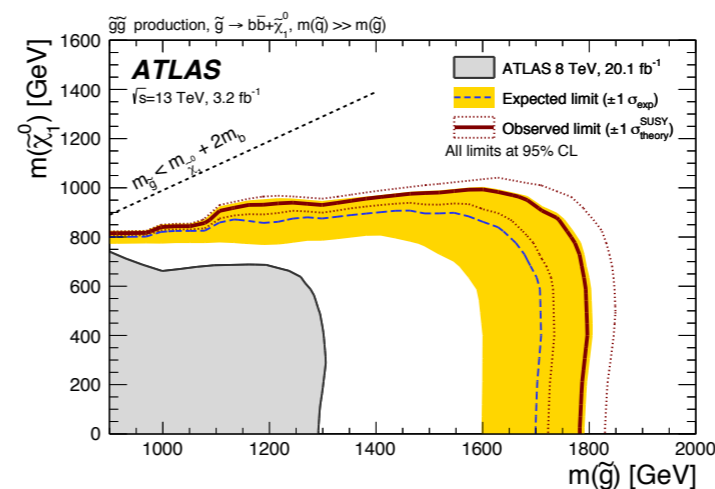
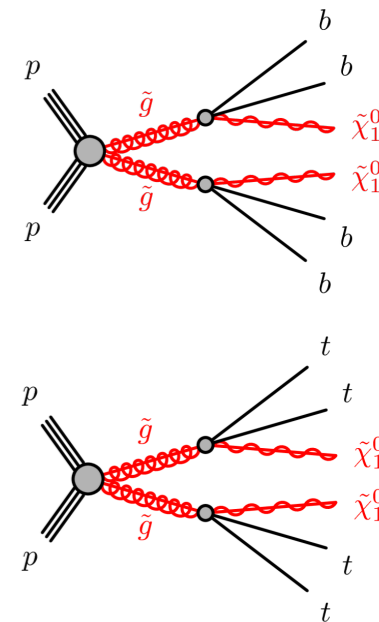
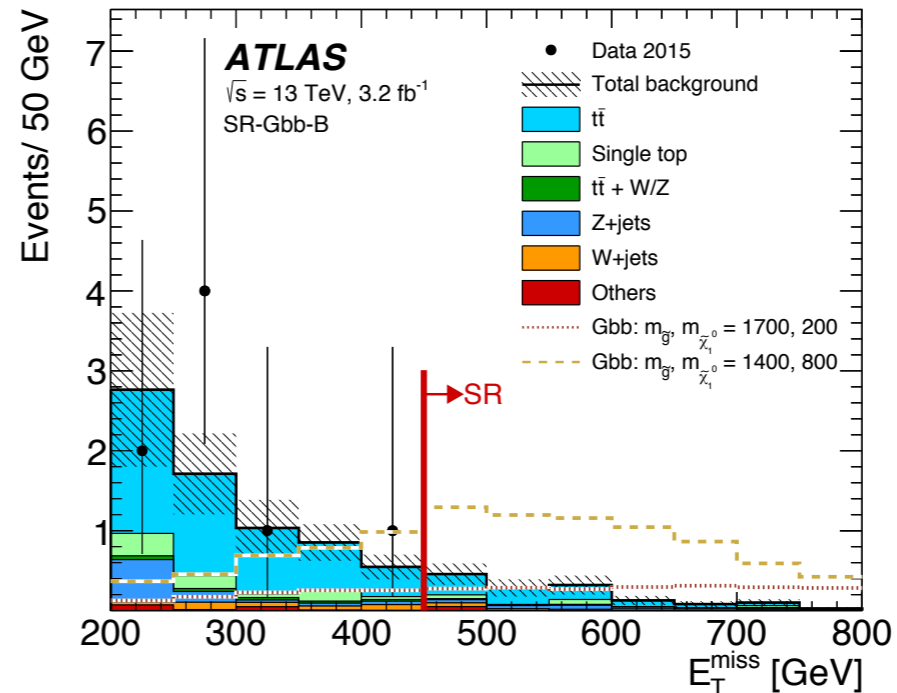
- 2nd signal region focuses on small  $\Delta m$  region, requires ISR jet ( $p_T > 300$  GeV) to boost sbottom pair,  $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 400$  GeV
- Slight deficit seen in all SR; stringent limits





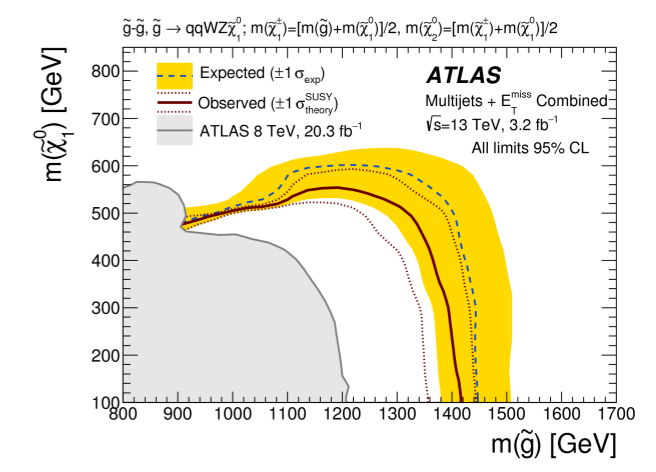
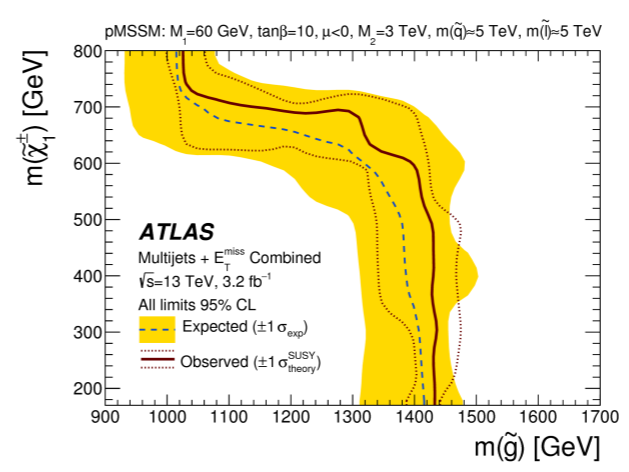
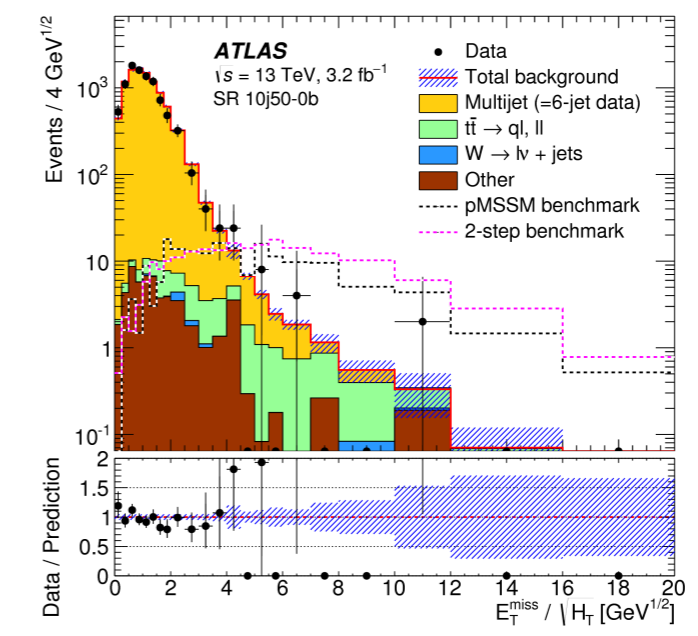
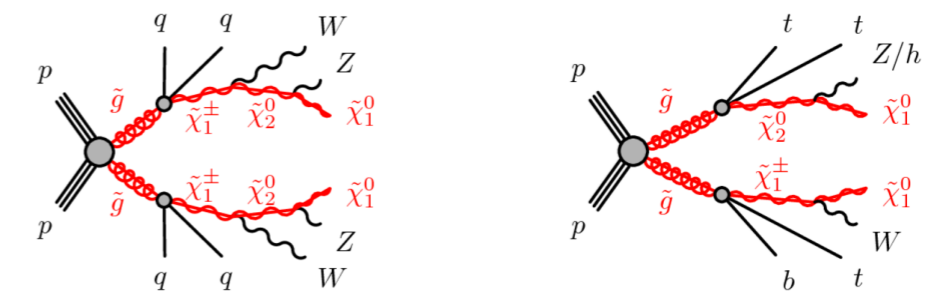
# 3 (or more) b-jets and $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

- Pair-produced gluinos decaying via virtual sbottom or stop
  - 4 b-jets ( $\geq 3$  tagged) and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$
  - 4 b-jets ( $\geq 3$  tagged),  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  and additional decay products of W-bosons from the 4 tops (0 or  $\geq 1$  lepton and many jets)
- Several signal regions for each final state, targeting increasingly compressed scenarios
- Observe slightly fewer events than expected (also in validation regions) so limits somewhat better than expected, 1.78 TeV for sbottom and 1.76 TeV for stop, for  $M(\text{neutralino}) \lesssim 700$  GeV



# 7-10 jets & $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (no leptons)

- If more complex cascade decays of gluinos allowed, produce more jets (possibly including b-jets), but potentially less  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$
- Use high-multiplicity jet triggers:
  - 6 jets of  $p_T > 45$  GeV
    - 9 SR: 8, 9 or 10 jets of which 0, 1 or 2 b-tagged
  - or 5 of  $p_T > 70$  GeV
    - 6 SR with 7 or 8 jets of which 0, 1 or 2 b-tagged
- Cut-based analyses, discriminant  $E_T^{\text{miss}} \sqrt{H_T}$ 
  - $H_T$  = scalar sum of jet  $p_T$
- Gluino masses up to 1.4 TeV excluded in large regions in these simplified models

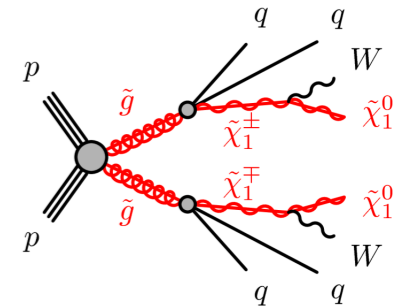


# Jets with Leptons

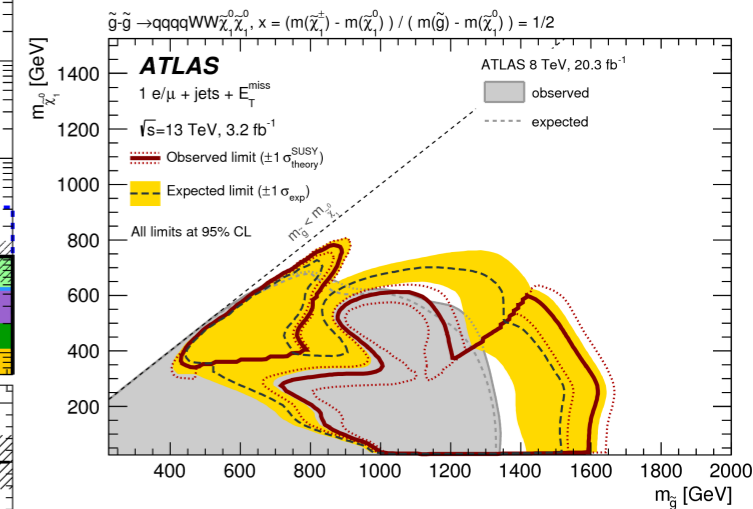
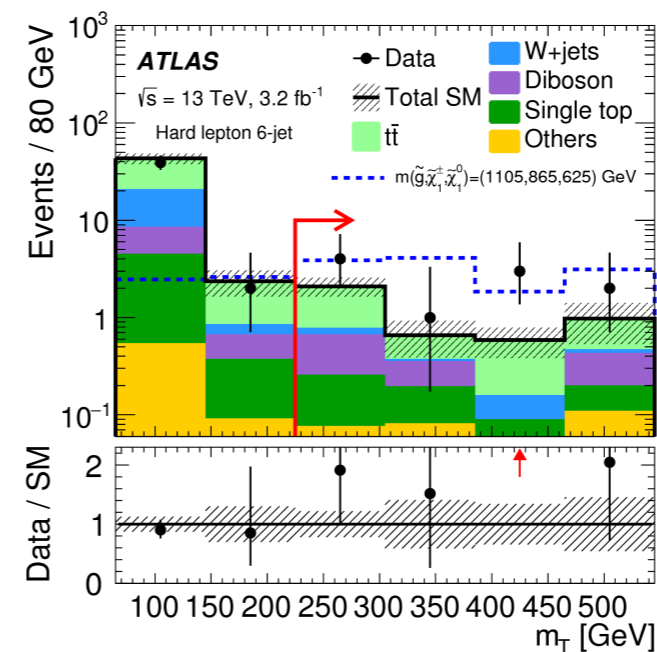
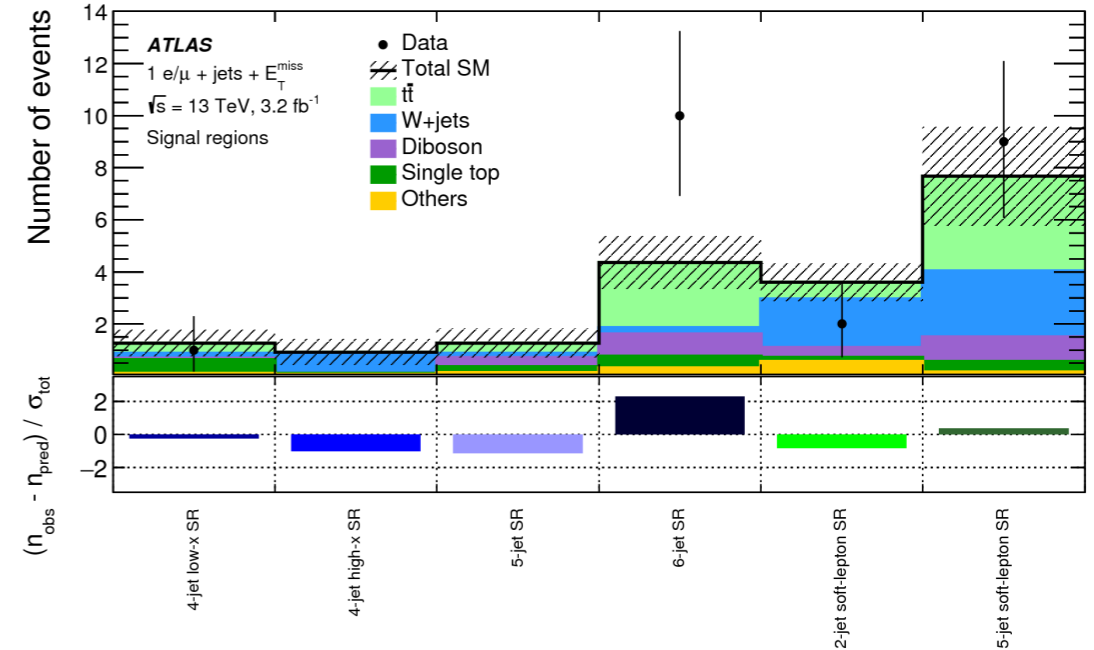
Strong production, with electroweak particles in the cascade decays leading to final-state electrons or muons, greatly increasing trigger efficiency

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015-06-13 23:52

# 1 lepton, jets & $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

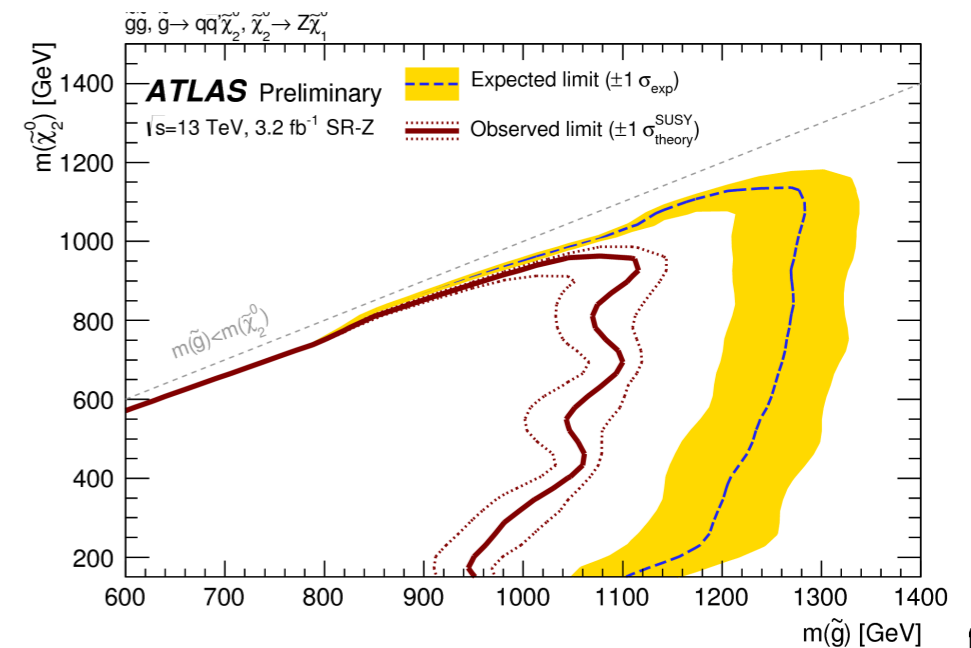
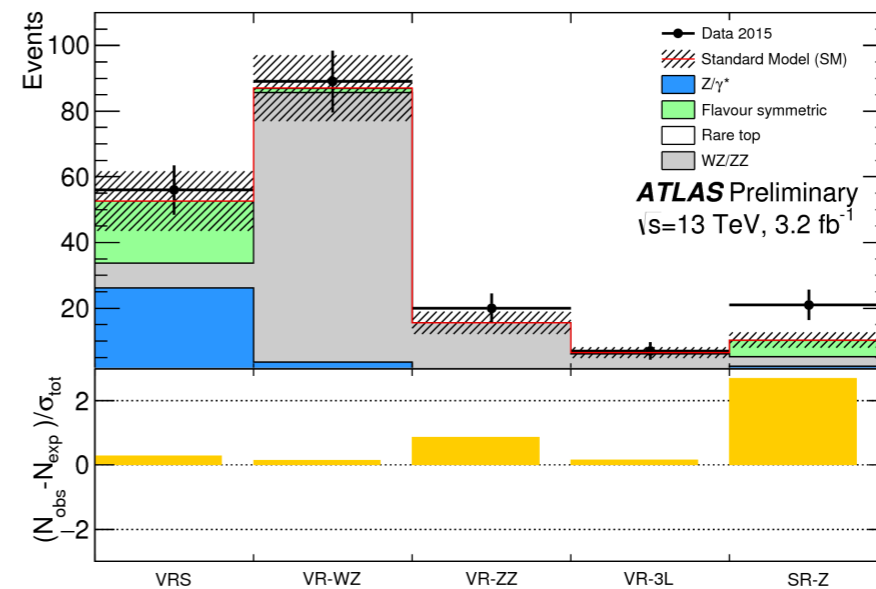
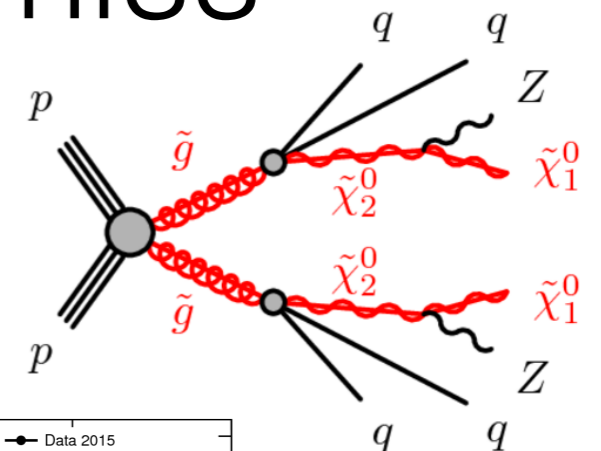


- Pair-produced gluinos decaying via light charginos
  - 3-body decay via virtual squarks; one final-state  $W^*$  decays leptonically, along with up to 6 jets and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$
- $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  trigger (70 GeV in trigger, 200 GeV offline) lets very soft leptons be included
- Several  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ -dependent variables ( $m_T$ ,  $H_T$ ,  $m_{\text{eff}}$ ,  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ ) used to define 6 SR:
  - soft lepton &  $\geq 2$  or  $\geq 5$  jets; hard lepton &  $\geq 4$  (2 variants), 5 or 6 jets
- Interpretation in several simplified models with assumptions about relations between sparticle masses



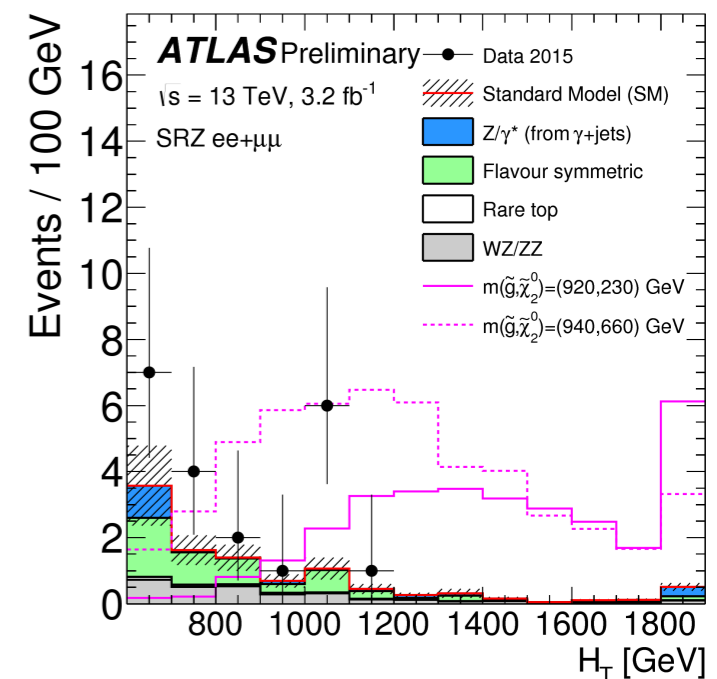
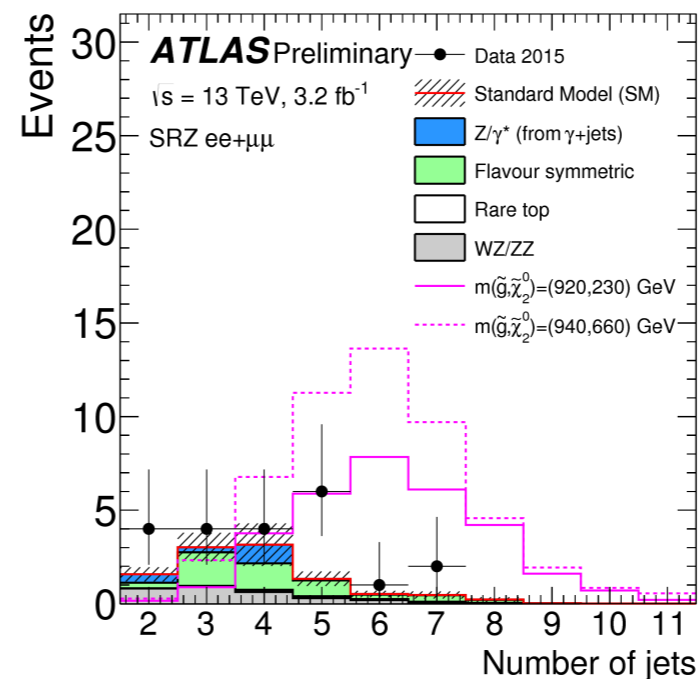
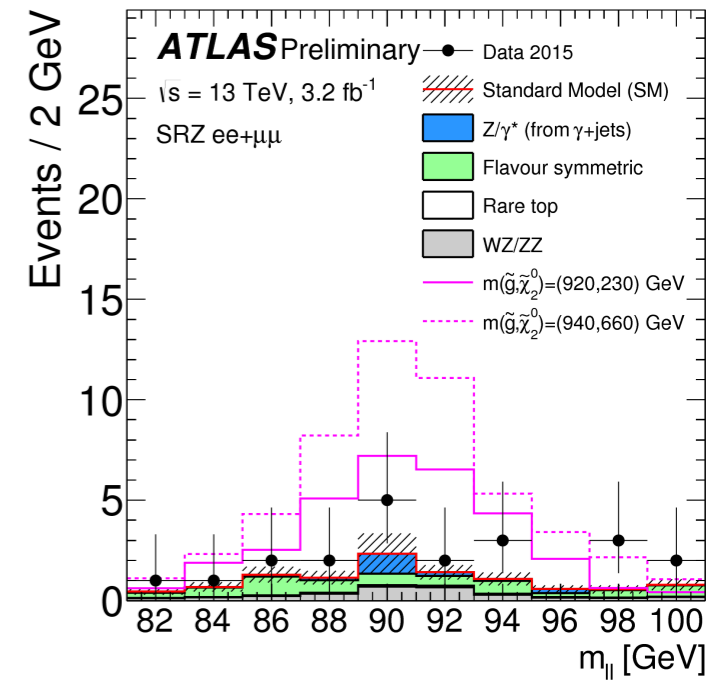
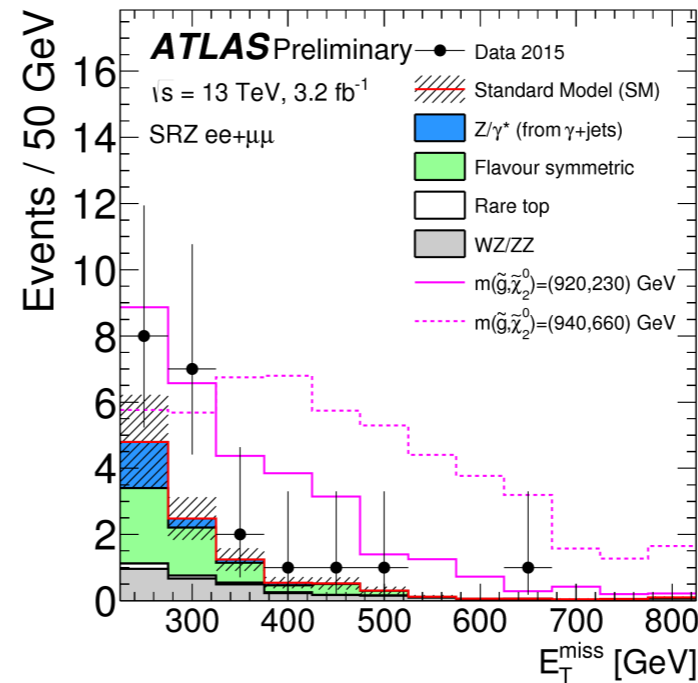
# Z( $\rightarrow$ ll) & Jets, $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

- Similar to previous, with both neutralinos light, and Z replacing W in final state
- One Z decays leptonically, along with  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  and several jets
- In signal, both leptons come from Z-decay, so same-flavour. Control sample with different-flavour leptons used to estimate e.g. top-pair background.
- Cuts:  $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 225$  GeV,  $H_T > 600$  GeV,  $n_{\text{jets}} \geq 2$ ,  $81 < m_{ll} < 101$  GeV define signal region



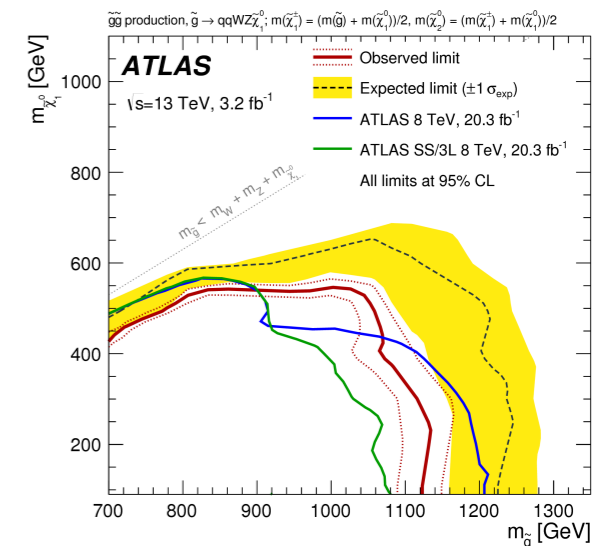
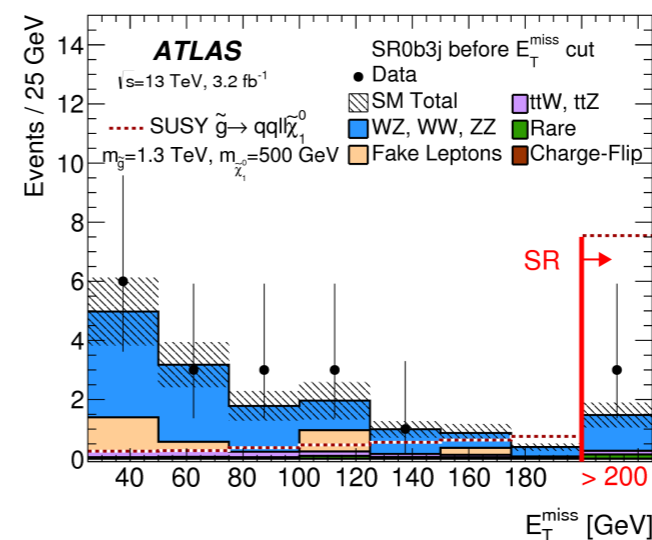
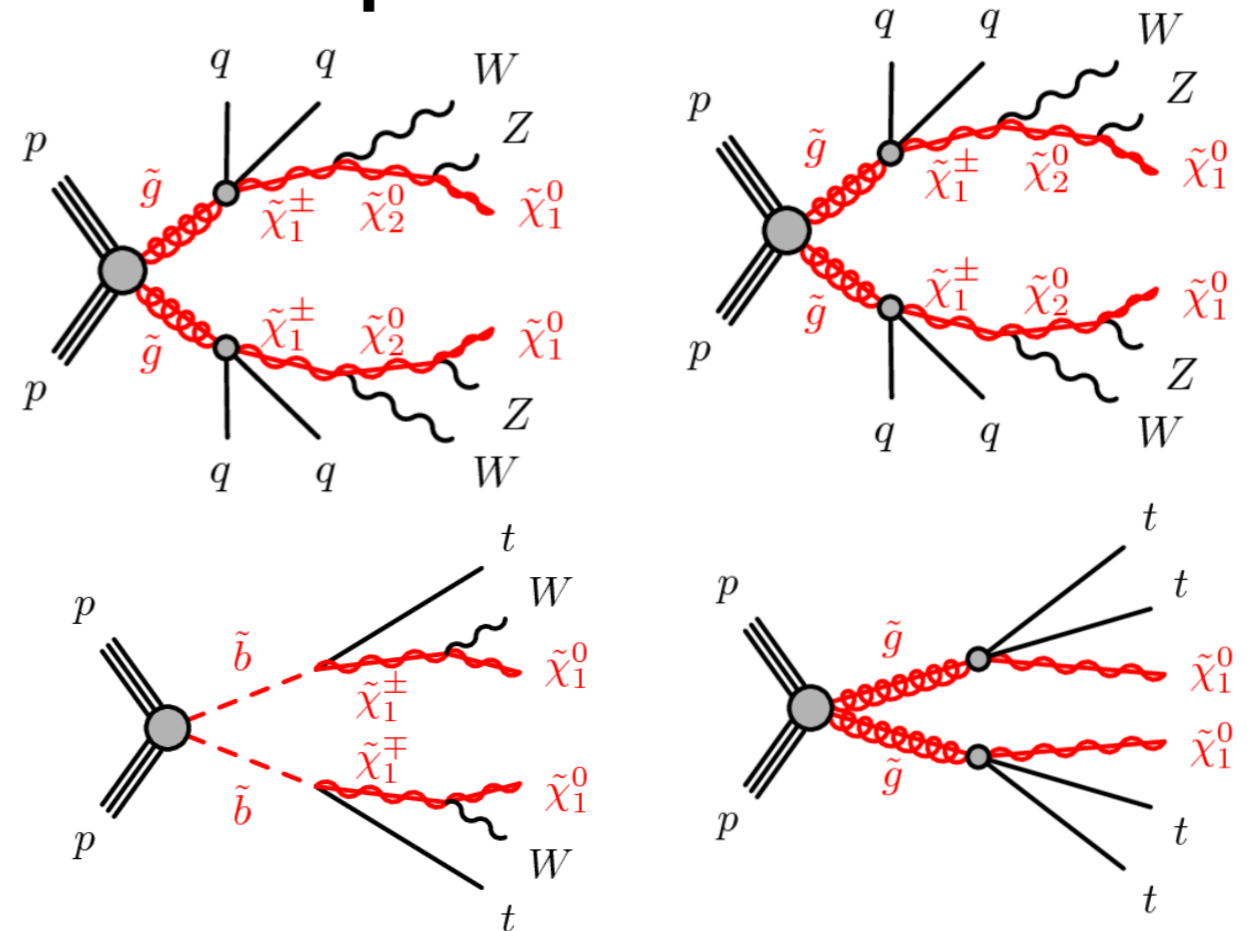
# Z( $\rightarrow$ ll)+ Jets, $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (*cont'd*)

- 21 events observed in SR (10 ee, 11  $\mu\mu$ )
- $10.3 \pm 2.3$  expected
- p-value: 0.013
- 13 TeV signif.:  $2.2\sigma$
- Observed (Expected)  
 $S^{95}: 20.0 (10.2^{+4.4}_{-3.0})$



# 2 same-sign or 3 leptons

- Gluinos are neutral - charged electroweak particles in both decay branches may have same charge
- Can also have 3 leptons (or 2 SS leptons) arising from final states with multiple Z, W or t decaying leptonically
  - Both signatures extremely rare in SM
- 4 signal regions according to number of b-jets and/or light jets
- Final discriminant is high  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$
- Exceeds Run-1 limits in certain models



# Lifetime

In (for example) compressed mass-spectrum scenarios or situations like "split" SUSY where 3-body decays can be highly suppressed by large sparticle masses, there may be very little phase space for decays to the LSP, resulting in a long-lived NLSP. This could elude standard missing-energy searches, and requires special attention.

$\bar{p}$

$K^-$

$\pi^-$

$\pi^+$

$K^+$

$p$



# long-lived highly ionizing particles

1604.04520

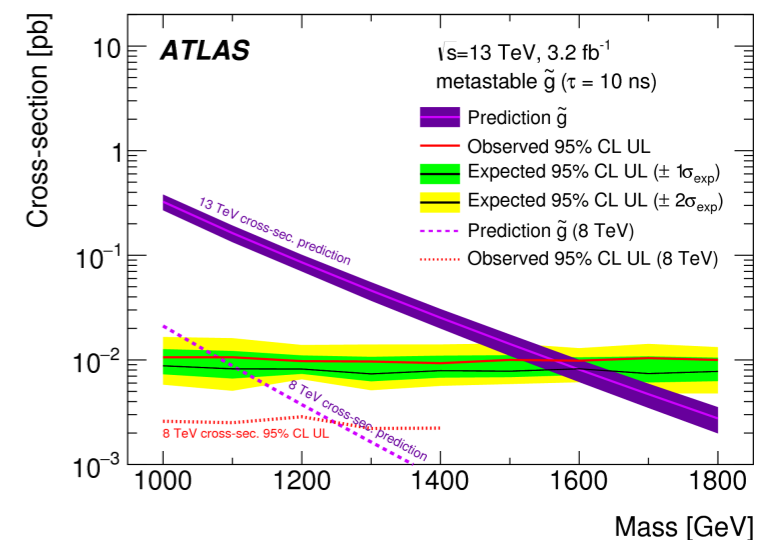
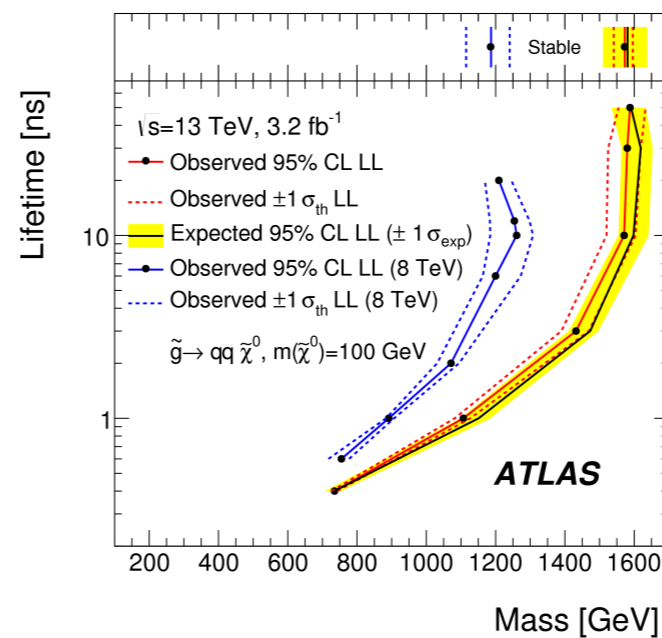
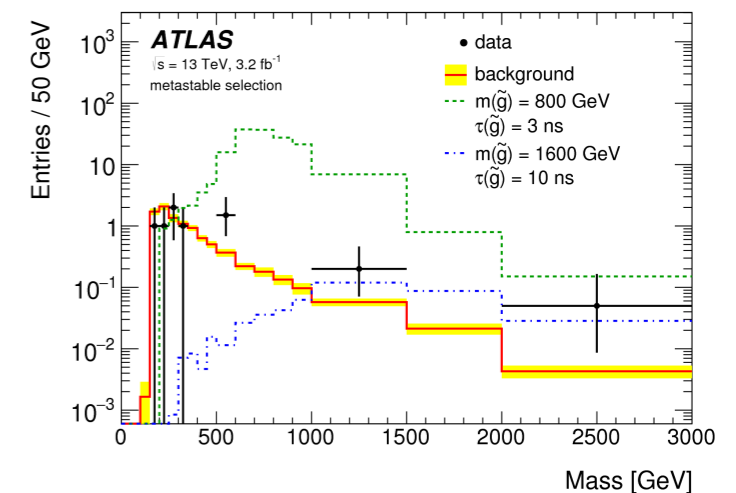
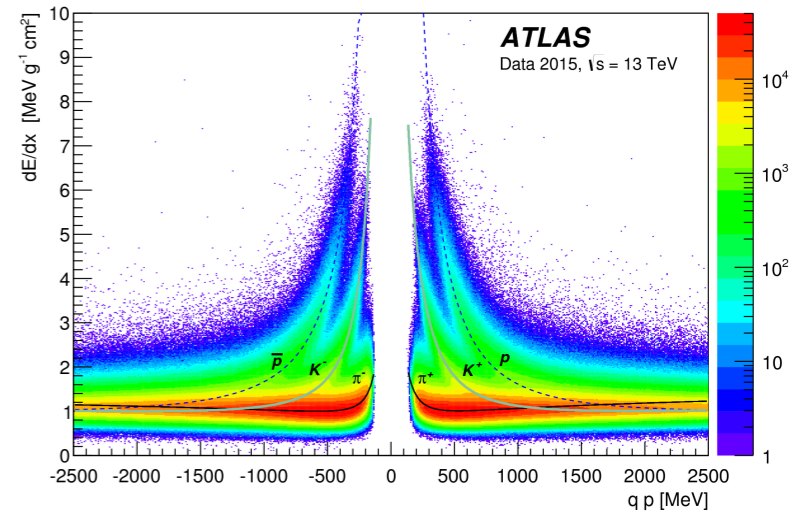
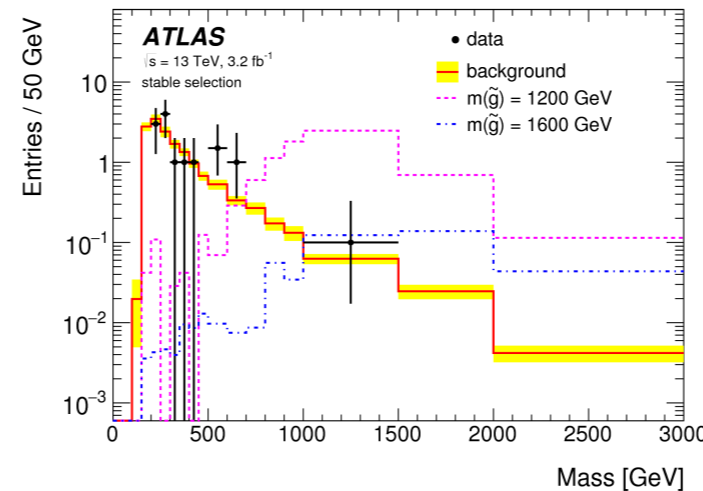
- Gluino (charged) R-hadrons:

- stable (lifetime > 50 ns)
- or metastable (decay to qq + LSP)

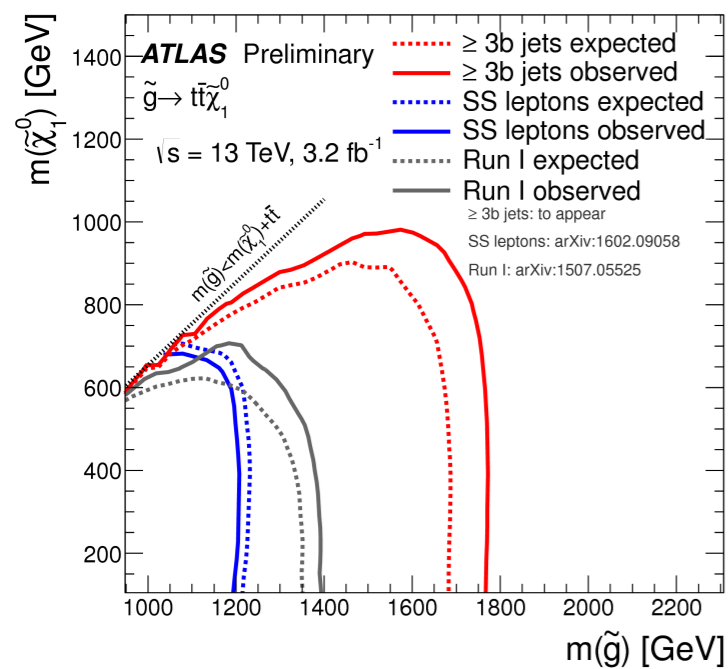
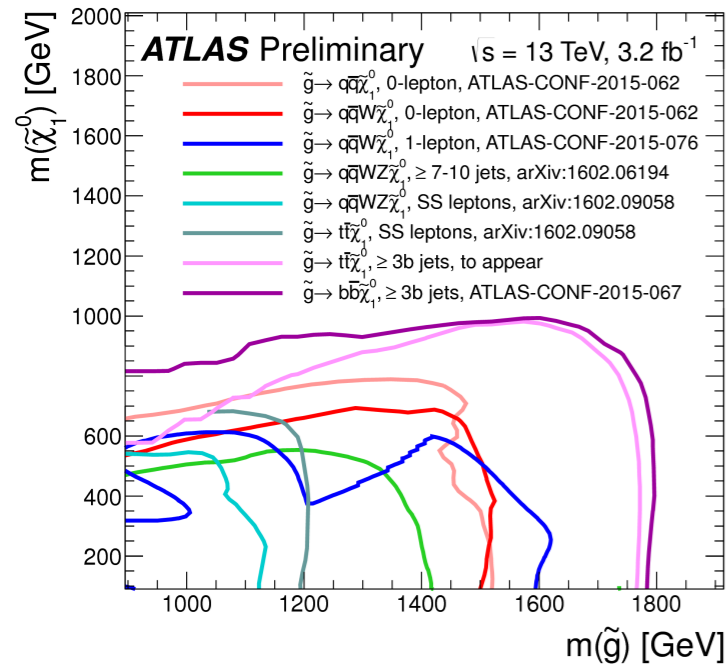
- Look for tracks with large dE/dx from Si-pixels and high pT

- stable gluino R-hadrons excluded below 1570 GeV

- Gluino R-hadrons with lifetime > 0.4 ns exclusions given for 100 GeV LSP, lower mass limits 740-1590 GeV



# Summary



- With  $3.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at 13 TeV, ATLAS already extends reach of many strong-production SUSY scenarios over 8 TeV limits

- Limits  $\sim 1.5 \text{ TeV}$  for gluinos in simplest models

- Interesting - but not (yet?) significant - excess in  $Z(\text{to } H) + \text{ETmiss}$  analysis first seen at 8 TeV persists

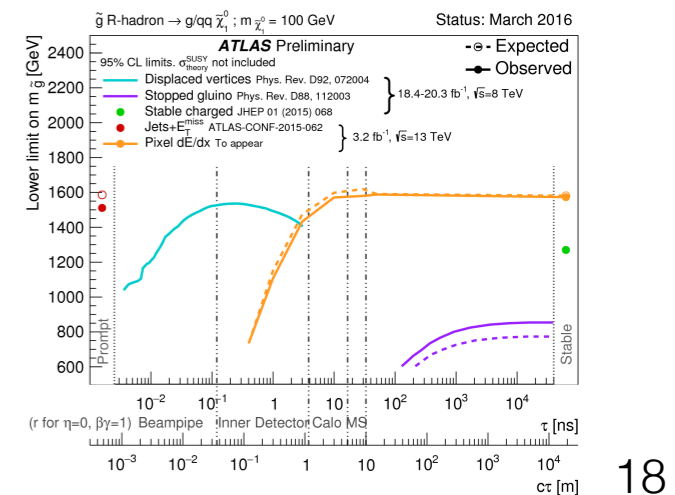
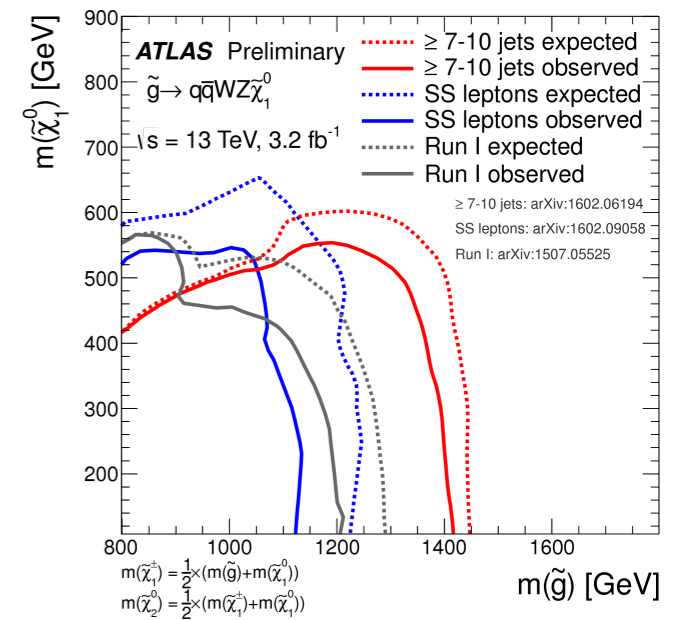
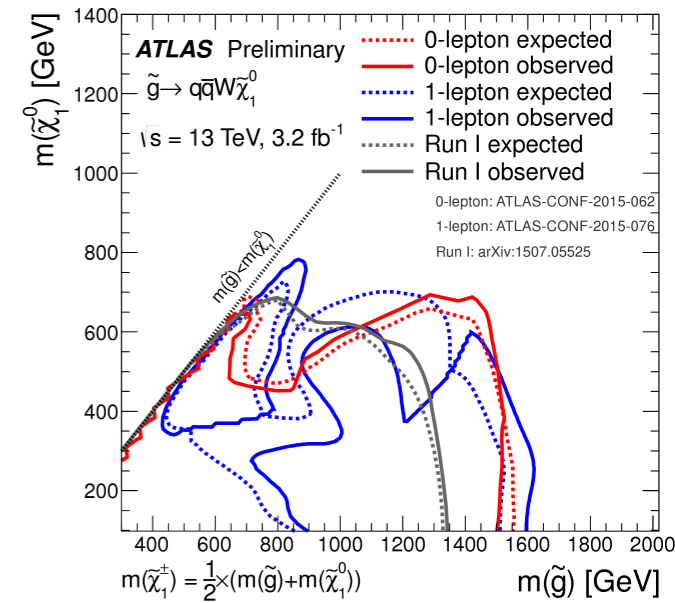
- Expect  $\sim 25 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  in 2016:

- Confirm or demolish the excess

- Extend limits in strong production toward kinematic limits

- Look for weakly produced SUSY with sensitivity beyond Run-1

- An interesting year for SUSY. The year?



# ATLAS SUSY Searches\* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: March 2016

ATLAS Preliminary

$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8, 13$  TeV

	Model	$e, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	Jets	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit		Reference	
						$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8$ TeV	$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV		
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0-3 $e, \mu$ /1-2 $\tau$	2-10 jets/3 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$	1.85 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g})$	1507.05525
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	3.2	$\tilde{q}$	980 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV, $m(1^{\text{st}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})=m(2^{\text{nd}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})$	ATLAS-CONF-2015-062
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (compressed)	mono-jet	1-3 jets	Yes	3.2	$\tilde{q}$	610 GeV	$m(\tilde{q})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<5$ GeV	To appear
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q(\ell\ell/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 $e, \mu$ (off-Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}$	820 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV	1503.03290
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	3.2	$\tilde{g}$	1.52 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2015-062
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow qqW^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 $e, \mu$	2-6 jets	Yes	3.3	$\tilde{g}$	1.6 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<350$ GeV, $m(\tilde{\chi}^{\pm})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{g}))$	ATLAS-CONF-2015-076
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq(\ell\ell/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 $e, \mu$	0-3 jets	-	20	$\tilde{g}$	1.38 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV	1501.03555
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qqWZ\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	3.2	$\tilde{g}$	1.4 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100$ GeV	1602.06194
	GMSB ( $\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 $\tau$ + 0-1 $\ell$	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$	1.63 TeV	$\tan\beta > 20$	1407.0603
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 $\gamma$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$	1.34 TeV	$c\tau(\text{NLSP})<0.1$ mm	1507.05493
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	$\gamma$	1 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$	1.37 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<950$ GeV, $c\tau(\text{NLSP})<0.1$ mm, $\mu<0$	1507.05493
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	$\gamma$	2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$	1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<850$ GeV, $c\tau(\text{NLSP})<0.1$ mm, $\mu>0$	1507.05493
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 $e, \mu$ (Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$	900 GeV	$m(\text{NLSP})>430$ GeV	1503.03290	
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	20.3	$F^{1/2}$ scale	865 GeV	$m(\tilde{G})>1.8 \times 10^{-4}$ eV, $m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{q})=1.5$ TeV	1502.01518	
3 <sup>rd</sup> gen. $\tilde{g}$ med.	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 $b$	Yes	3.3	$\tilde{g}$	1.78 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<800$ GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2015-067
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 $e, \mu$	3 $b$	Yes	3.3	$\tilde{g}$	1.76 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV	To appear
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^+$	0-1 $e, \mu$	3 $b$	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$	1.37 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<300$ GeV	1407.0600
3 <sup>rd</sup> gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 $b$	Yes	3.2	$\tilde{b}_1$	840 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<100$ GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2015-066
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	2 $e, \mu$ (SS)	0-3 $b$	Yes	3.2	$\tilde{b}_1$	325-540 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=50$ GeV, $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+100$ GeV	1602.09058
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	1-2 $e, \mu$	1-2 $b$	Yes	4.7/20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$	117-170 GeV, 200-500 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=2m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ , $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=55$ GeV	1209.2102, 1407.0583
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ or $t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-2 $e, \mu$	0-2 jets/1-2 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$	90-198 GeV, 205-715 GeV, 745-785 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=1$ GeV	1506.08616, ATLAS-CONF-2016-007
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$	90-245 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<85$ GeV	1407.0608
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)	2 $e, \mu$ (Z)	1 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$	150-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>150$ GeV	1403.5222
	$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 $e, \mu$ (Z)	1 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_2$	290-610 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200$ GeV	1403.5222
	$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + h$	1 $e, \mu$	6 jets + 2 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_2$	320-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV	1506.08616
EW direct	$\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}, \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 $e, \mu$	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\ell}$	90-335 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}\nu(\ell\bar{\nu})$	2 $e, \mu$	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	140-475 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV, $m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$	1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}\nu(\tau\bar{\nu})$	2 $\tau$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	355 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ GeV, $m(\tilde{\tau}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$	1407.0350
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}_L\nu_L\tilde{\ell}(\bar{\nu}\nu), \tilde{\ell}\tilde{\nu}_L\ell(\bar{\nu}\nu)$	3 $e, \mu$	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	715 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ , $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ , $m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$	1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2-3 $e, \mu$	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	425 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ , $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ , sleptons decoupled	1403.5294, 1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$e, \mu, \gamma$	0-2 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	270 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ , $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ , sleptons decoupled	1501.07110
	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0\tilde{\chi}_3^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}_R\ell$	4 $e, \mu$	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_3^0$	635 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_3^0)$ , $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$ , $m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$	1405.5086
	GGM (wino NLSP) weak prod.	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{W}$	115-370 GeV	$c\tau<1$ mm	1507.05493
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	270 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)\sim 160$ MeV, $\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=0.2$ ns	1310.3675
	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	dE/dx trk	-	Yes	18.4	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	495 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)\sim 160$ MeV, $\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})<15$ ns	1506.05332
	Stable, stopped $\tilde{g}$ R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	27.9	$\tilde{g}$	850 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100$ GeV, $10 \mu\text{s}<\tau(\tilde{g})<1000$ s	1310.6584
	Metastable $\tilde{g}$ R-hadron	dE/dx trk	-	-	3.2	$\tilde{g}$	1.54 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100$ GeV, $\tau>10$ ns	To appear
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu})+\tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 $\mu$	-	-	19.1	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	537 GeV	$10<\tan\beta<50$	1411.6795
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{G}$ , long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 $\gamma$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	440 GeV	$1<\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<3$ ns, SPS8 model	1409.5542
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\nu/\mu\nu/\mu\nu$	displ. $ee/\mu\mu/\mu\mu$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1.0 TeV	$7<c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<740$ mm, $m(\tilde{g})=1.3$ TeV	1504.05162
	GGM $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z\tilde{G}$	displ. vtx + jets	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1.0 TeV	$6<c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<480$ mm, $m(\tilde{g})=1.1$ TeV	1504.05162
RPV	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e\mu/\tau\mu/\tau\tau$	$e\mu, e\tau, \mu\tau$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	1.7 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.11, \lambda'_{132/133/233}=0.07$	1503.04430
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	2 $e, \mu$ (SS)	0-3 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$	1.45 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g}), c\tau_{\text{LSP}}<1$ mm	1404.2500
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\tilde{\nu}_\mu, e\mu\tilde{\nu}_e$	4 $e, \mu$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	760 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}), \lambda_{121} \neq 0$	1405.5086
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\tilde{\nu}_e, e\tau\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	450 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}), \lambda_{133} \neq 0$	1405.5086
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qqq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$	917 GeV	$\text{BR}(t)=\text{BR}(b)=\text{BR}(c)=0\%$	1502.05686
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$	980 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=600$ GeV	1502.05686
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	2 $e, \mu$ (SS)	0-3 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$	880 GeV		1404.2500
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	0	2 jets + 2 $b$	-	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$	320 GeV		1601.07453
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\ell$	2 $e, \mu$	2 $b$	-	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$	0.4-1.0 TeV	$\text{BR}(\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\ell/\mu)>20\%$	ATLAS-CONF-2015-015	
Other	Scalar charm, $\tilde{c} \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 $c$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{c}$	510 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200$ GeV	1501.01325

\*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

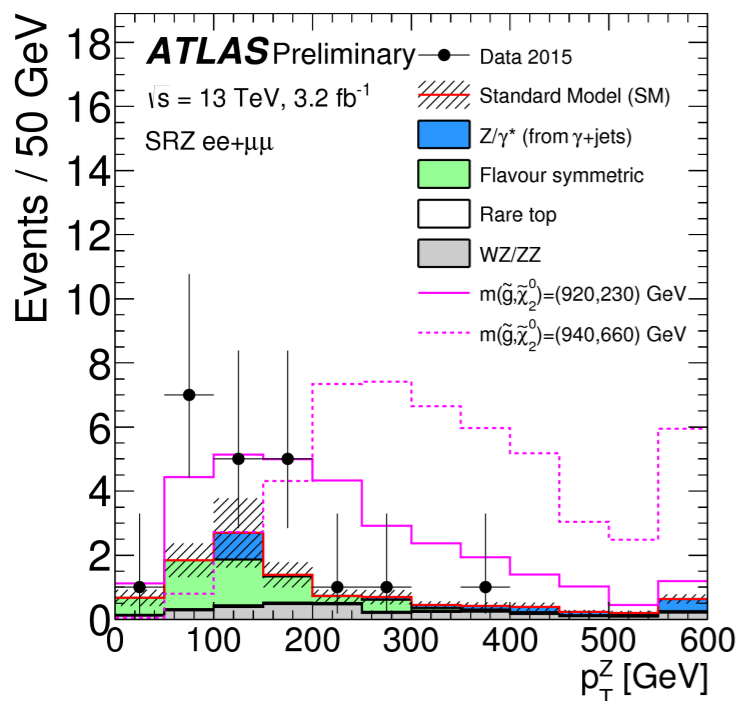
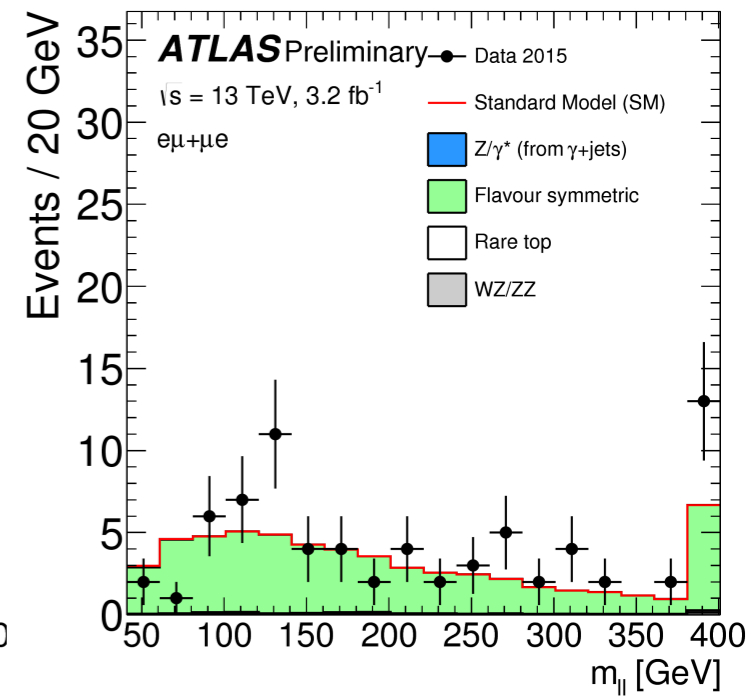
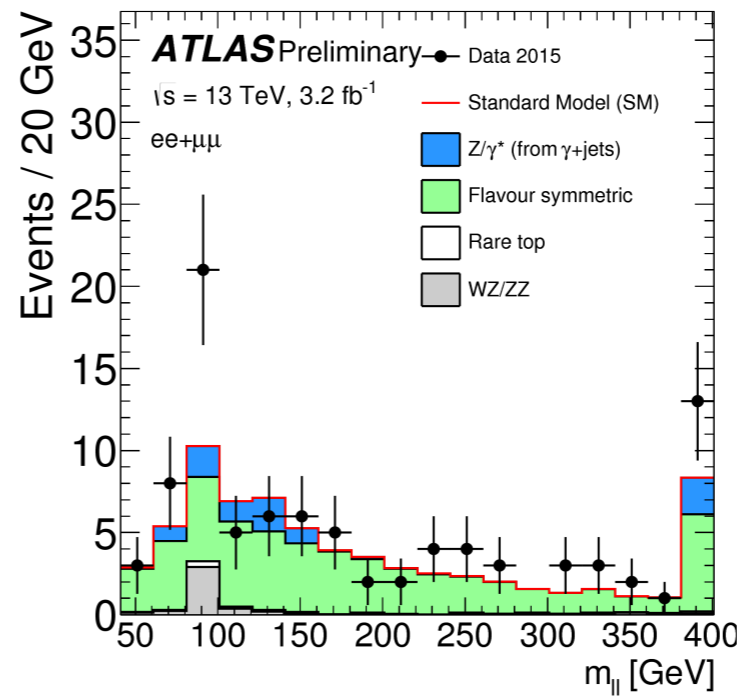
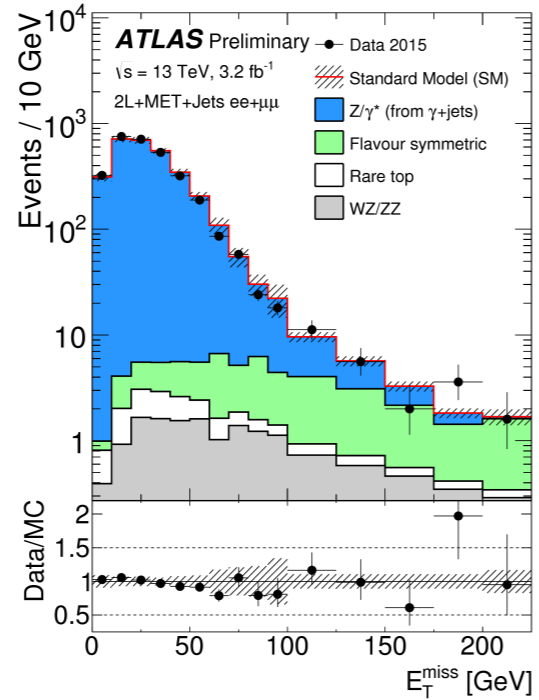
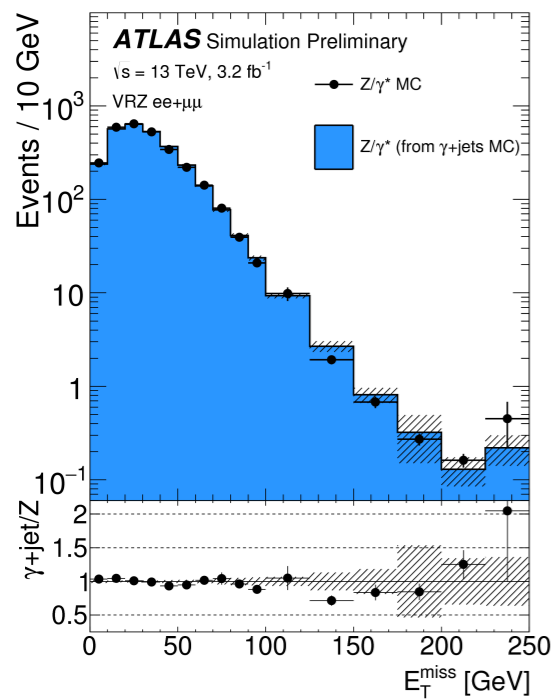
10<sup>-1</sup>

1

Mass scale [TeV]

# Backups

# Z( $\rightarrow$ ll)+ Jets, $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (*more*)



Region	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ [GeV]	$H_T$ [GeV]	$n_{\text{jets}}$	$m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	SF/DF	$\Delta\phi(\text{jet}_{12}, \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{miss}})$	$m_T(\ell_3, E_T^{\text{miss}})$ [GeV]	$n_{\text{b-jets}}$
Signal regions								
SRZ	$> 225$	$> 600$	$\geq 2$	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	$> 0.4$	-	-
Control regions								
Z normalisation	$< 60$	$> 600$	$\geq 2$	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	$> 0.4$	-	-
CR-FS	$> 225$	$> 600$	$\geq 2$	$61 < m_{\ell\ell} < 121$	DF	$> 0.4$	-	-
CRT	$> 225$	$> 600$	$\geq 2$	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [81, 101]$	SF	$> 0.4$	-	-
Validation regions								
VRZ	$< 225$	$> 600$	$\geq 2$	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	$> 0.4$	-	-
VRT	100–200	$> 600$	$\geq 2$	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [81, 101]$	SF	$> 0.4$	-	-
VRS	100–200	$> 600$	$\geq 2$	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	$> 0.4$	-	-
VR-FS	100–200	$> 600$	$\geq 2$	$61 < m_{\ell\ell} < 121$	DF	$> 0.4$	-	-
VR-WZ	100–200	-	-	-	$3\ell$	-	$< 100$	0
VR-ZZ	$< 100$	-	-	-	$4\ell$	-	-	0
VR-3L	60–100	$> 200$	$\geq 2$	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	$3\ell$	$> 0.4$	-	-

# $Z(\rightarrow ll) + \text{Jets}, E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (*more*)

Physics process	Generator	Parton Shower	Cross section	Tune	PDF set	Region	Flavour-symmetry	Sideband fit
$Z/\gamma^*(\rightarrow ll) + \text{jets}$	SHERPA 2.1.1	SHERPA 2.1.1	NNLO [23,24]	SHERPA default	NLO CT10			
$t\bar{t}$	POWHEG Box v2 r3026	PYTHIA 6.428	NNLO+NNLL [26,27]	PERUGIA2012	NLO CT10			
Single-top ( $Wt$ )	POWHEG Box v2 r2856	PYTHIA 6.428	Approx. NNLO [28,29]	PERUGIA2012	NLO CT10	SRZ	$5.1 \pm 2.0$	$6.1 \pm 1.7$
$t\bar{t} + W$ and $t\bar{t} + Z$	MADGRAPH5 2.2.2	PYTHIA 8.186	NLO [31,32]	A14 NNPDF23LO	CTEQ6L1	VRS	$18.9 \pm 4.8$	$20.5 \pm 5.6$
$t\bar{t} + WW$	MADGRAPH5 2.2.2	PYTHIA 8.186	LO	A14 NNPDF23LO	CTEQ6L1			
$WW,$ $WZ$ and $ZZ$	SHERPA 2.1.1	SHERPA 2.1.1	NNLO [33,34]	SHERPA default	NLO CT10			

	VRS	VR-WZ	VR-ZZ	VR-3L
Observed events	56	89	20	7
Total expected background events	$52.6 \pm 9.1$	$87 \pm 10$	$15.5 \pm 3.4$	$6.5 \pm 1.6$
Flavour symmetric ( $t\bar{t}, Wt, WW$ and $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ ) events	$18.9 \pm 4.8$	$1.3 \pm 0.4$	0	$0.3 \pm 0.2$
$WZ/ZZ$ events	$7.5 \pm 1.7$	$82 \pm 10$	$15.5 \pm 3.4$	$4.9 \pm 1.6$
$Z/\gamma^* + \text{jets}$ events	$24.8 \pm 7.6$	$2.7 \pm 2.8$	0	$0.2 \pm 0.2$
Rare top events	$1.4 \pm 0.2$	$0.9 \pm 0.4$	$0.04 \pm 0.02$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$

Source	Relative systematic uncertainty [%]	SRZ
Observed events		21
Total expected background events		$10.3 \pm 2.3$
Flavour symmetric ( $t\bar{t}, Wt, WW$ and $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ ) events		$5.1 \pm 2.0$
$WZ/ZZ$ events		$2.9 \pm 0.8$
$Z/\gamma^* + \text{jets}$ events		$1.9 \pm 0.8$
Rare top events		$0.4 \pm 0.1$
$p$ -value		0.013
Significance		2.2
Observed (Expected) $S^{95}$		$20.0 (10.2^{+4.4}_{-3.0})$