



# EW boson production at LHCb

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On behalf of the LHCb collaboration

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# Outline

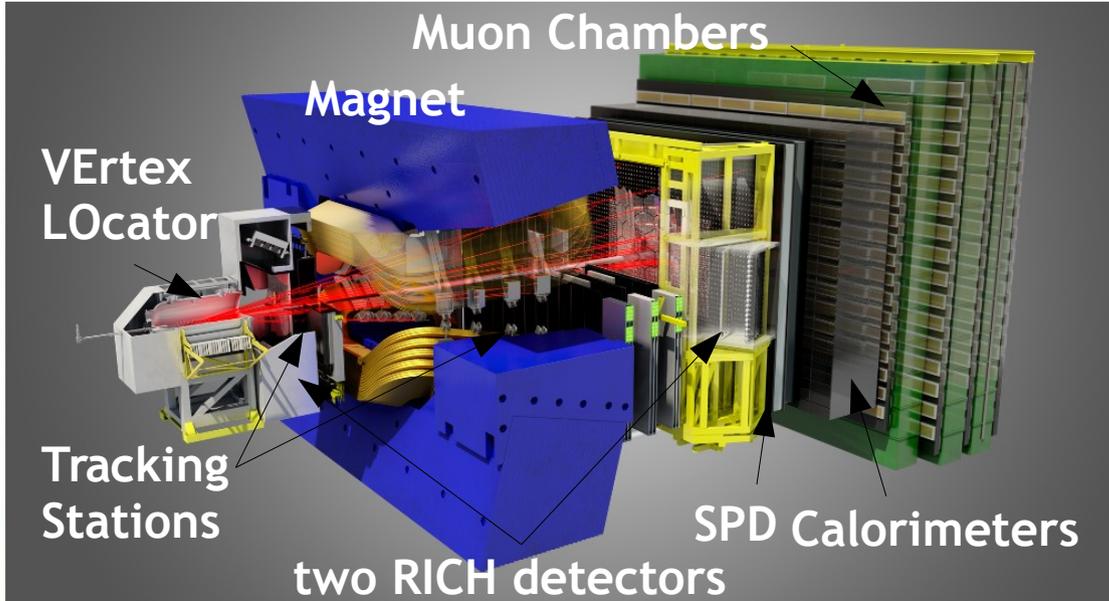


## Electroweak boson production at LHCb:

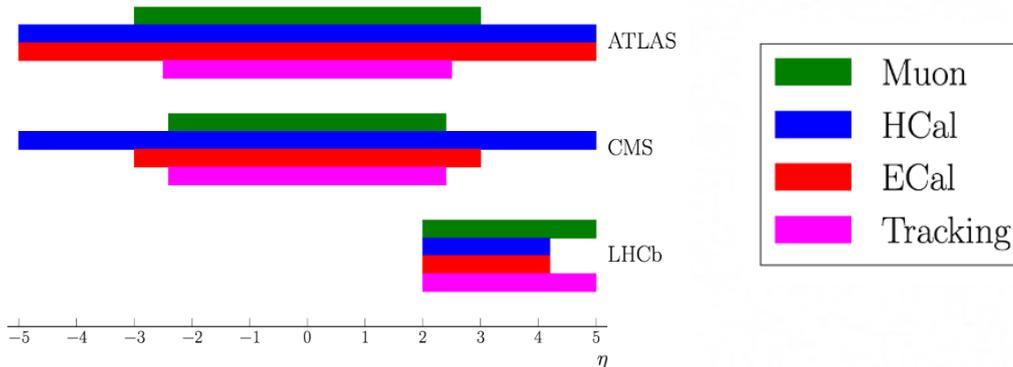
- Z @ 13 TeV
- W/Z + jets @ 8 TeV
- W+b $\bar{b}$  and W+c $\bar{c}$  @ 8 TeV
- **NEW** Z → b $\bar{b}$  @ 8 TeV

# LHCb detector

JINST 3 (2008) S08005



- **LHCb** is a forward spectrometer initially designed for B physics.
- It covers a **unique acceptance** within the LHC experiments ( $2 < \eta < 5$ ).
- **Momentum resolution:** 0.4% at 5 GeV and 0.6% at 100 GeV.
- **Impact parameter resolution** of 13-20  $\mu\text{m}$  at high  $p_T$ .
- **Muon ID efficiency:** 97% with 1-3%  $\mu \rightarrow \pi$  mis-identification.



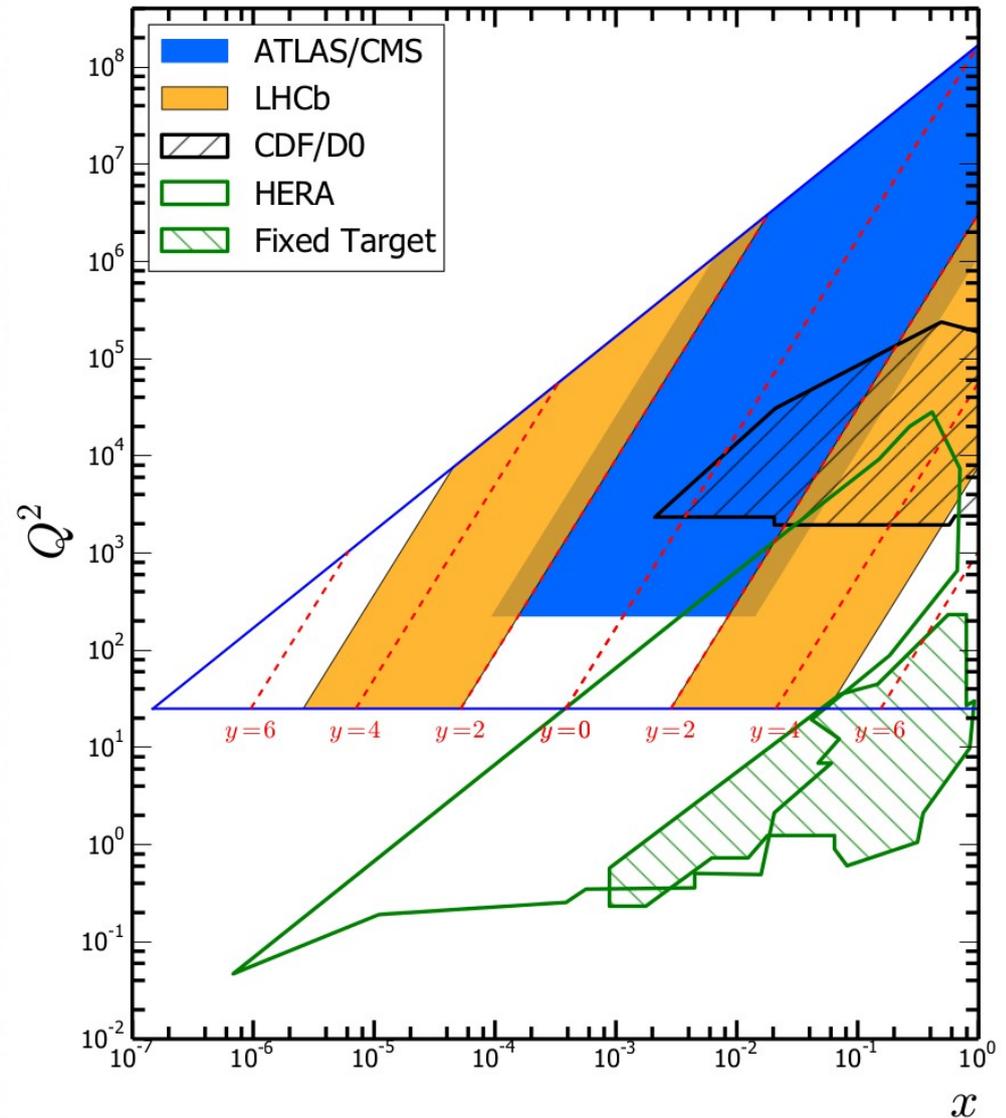
**LHCb demonstrated its capability in EW physics**

**General purpose forward detector**

# Introduction

- LHCb offers a **complementary phase space region with respect to ATLAS and CMS** for Electroweak and jets measurements.
- Cross-sections measurements of **W and Z production in the forward acceptance** are important tests of the Standard Model.
- These measurements provide access to **Parton Distribution Functions** in two different regions:
  - at high Bjorken-x values;
  - at low x values, **unexplored by other experiments.**
- They can be used to validate reconstruction techniques.
- I am going to present measurements at **8 TeV** and **13 TeV** in the pp centre-of-mass energy.

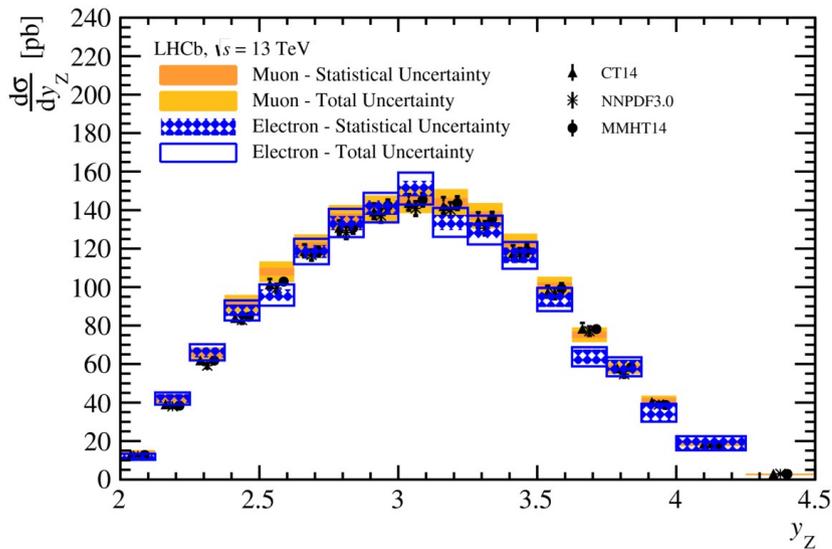
LHC 13 TeV Kinematics



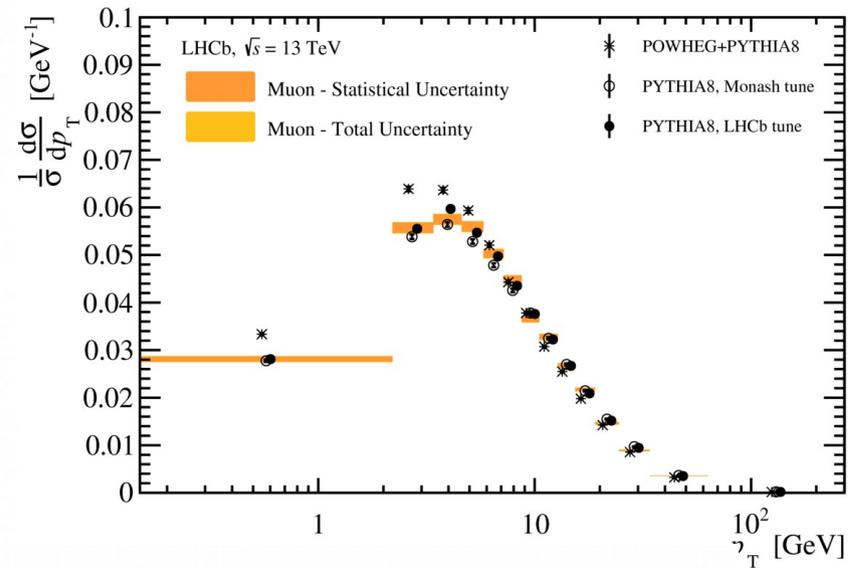
# Z production at 13 TeV

## JHEP 09 (2016) 136

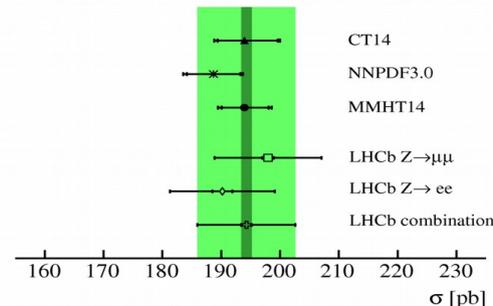
- Lepton final states  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and  $Z \rightarrow ee$ .
- $p_T(\mu/e) > 20$  GeV,  $2.0 < \eta(\mu/e) < 4.5$ ,  $60 < m(\mu\mu/ee) < 120$  GeV
- High purity samples: 99.2% for  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and 92.2% for  $Z \rightarrow ee$ .



- Differential cross-sections compatible with predictions.
- Uncertainty dominated by the luminosity measurement (3.9%)  $\rightarrow$  not final calibration.
- $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and  $Z \rightarrow ee$  measured cross-sections are compatible within the uncertainties.



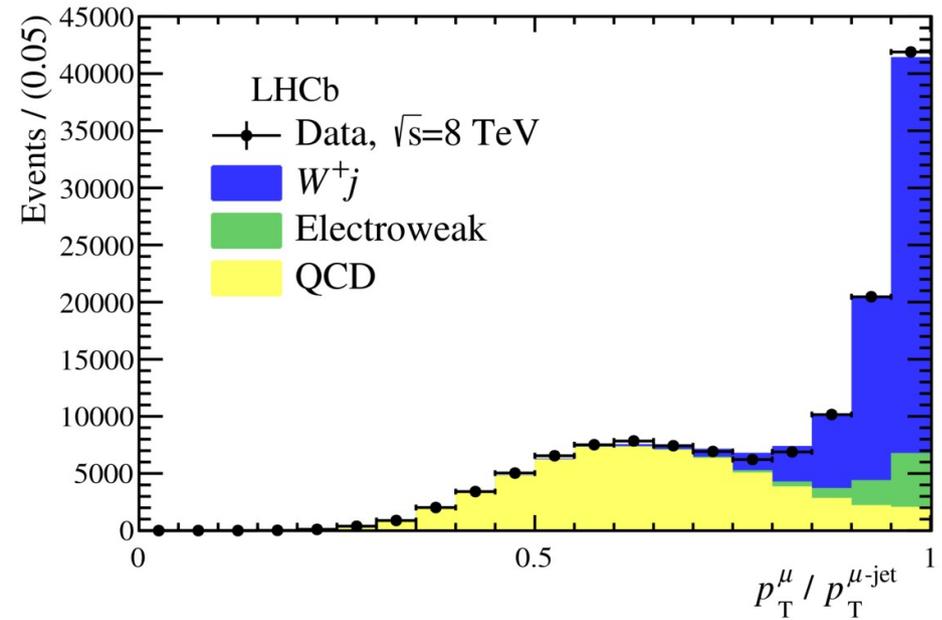
LHCb,  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV



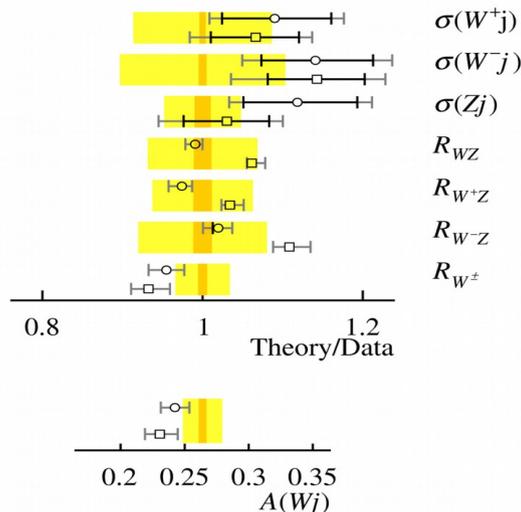
# W/Z + jet production at 8 TeV

JHEP 05 (2016) 1-23

- Important measurement to validate the jet reconstruction at LHCb.
- LHCb standard jets: anti-kt with R=0.5
- $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$  and  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  decay channels.
- $p_T(\text{jet}) > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $2.2 < \eta(\text{jet}) < 4.2$ ,  $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \mu) > 0.5$
- Fit to the muon isolation  $p_T(\mu)/p_T(\mu\text{-jet})$  to extract  $W^+$ +jet,  $W^+$ +jet purity.



LHCb		Data
$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$		POWHEG
		aMC@NLO

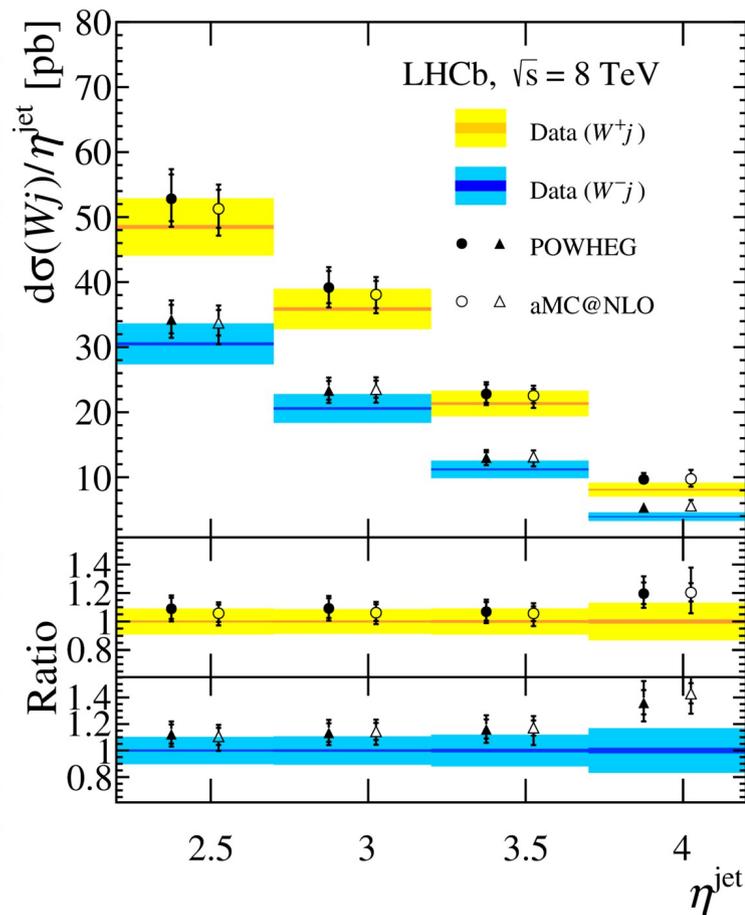
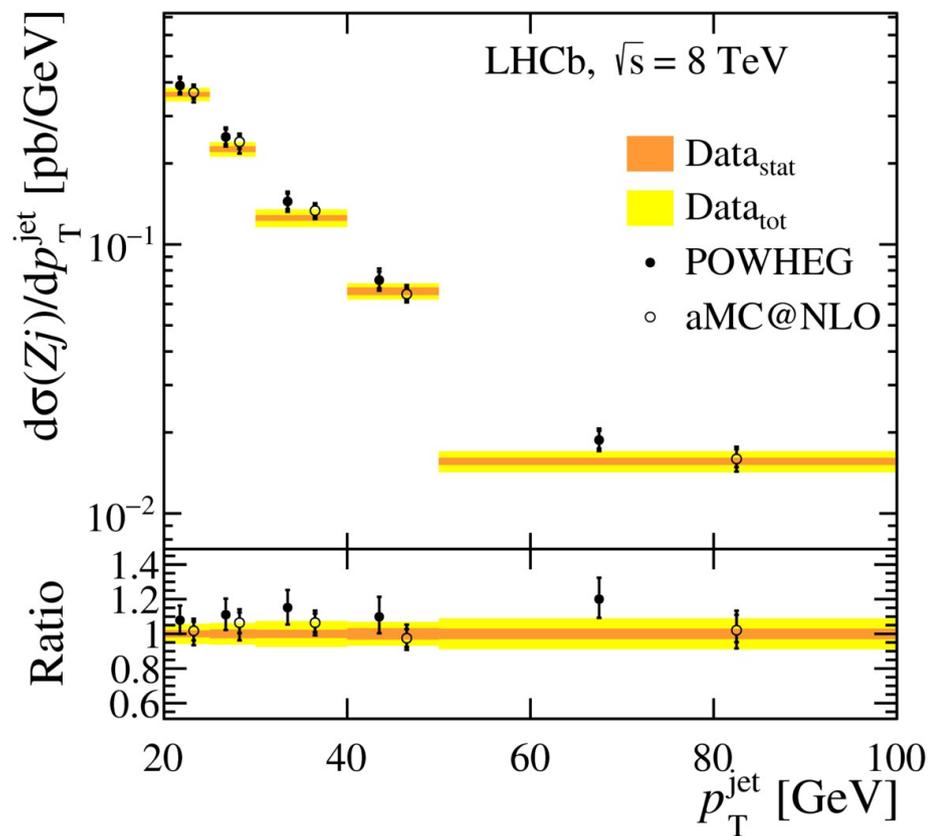


- Purity of Z+jet: 97.8%
- Systematic uncertainty on the cross-section measurement are dominated by the purity determination and by the jet energy scale/resolution.
- W/Z ratios and  $W^+/W^-$  asymmetry are also determined.
- Measurements are in good agreement with POWHEG and aMC@NLO predictions.

# W/Z + jet production at 8 TeV

JHEP 05 (2016) 1-23

- Differential cross-sections measurements are in agreement with POWHEG and aMC@NLO predictions

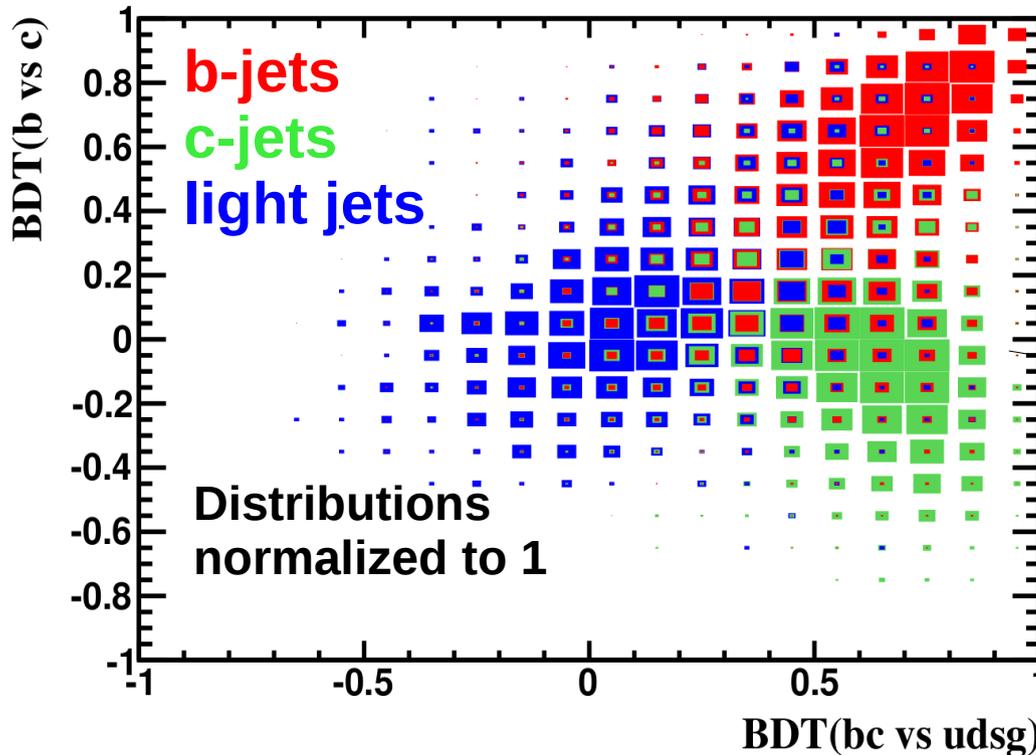


# Jets heavy flavour identification

JINST 10 (2015) P06013

- Jets are heavy flavour tagged if one Secondary Vertex compatible with a b or c hadron decay is found with  $\Delta R < 0.5$  from the jet axis.

- Two **Boosted Decision Trees** are used to identify b and c jets.



**BDT(bc|udsg)**  
To separate **heavy flavour** jets  
from **light** jets

**BDT(b|c)**  
To separate **b-jets** from **c-jets**

**A good discrimination  
power is achieved!**



# $W+b\bar{b}/W+c\bar{c}$ production at 8 TeV

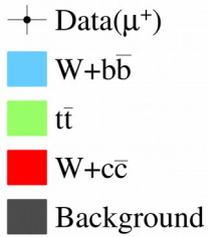
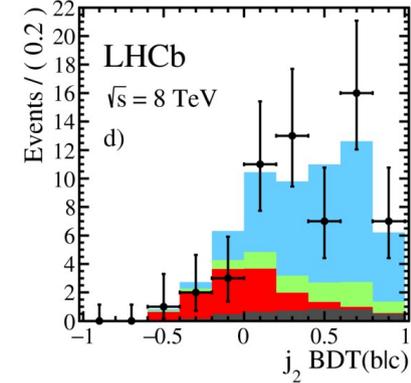
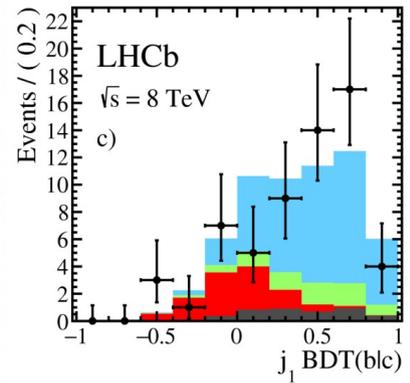
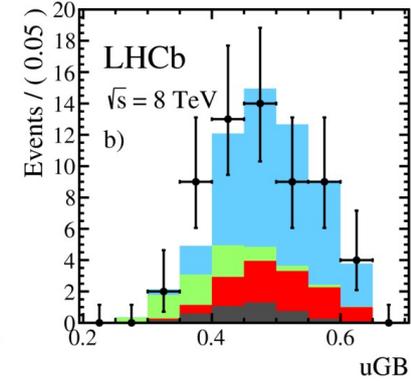
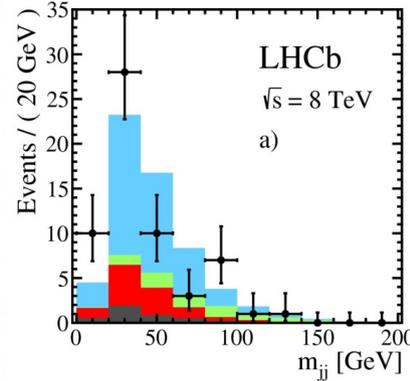
Phys. Lett. B767 (2017) 110



- $W(\rightarrow \mu/e \nu)$  plus two heavy flavour tagged jets.

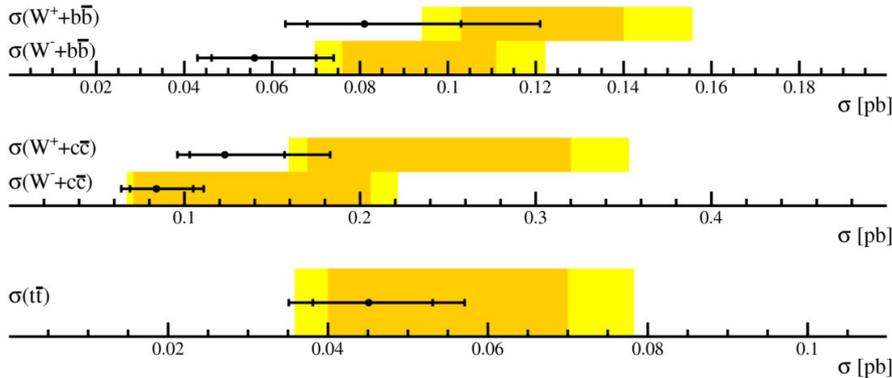
- $p_T(\text{jet}_{1,2}) > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $2.2 < \eta(\text{jet}_{1,2}) < 4.2$ ,  
 $\Delta R(\text{jet}_{1,2}, \mu/e) > 0.5$ ,  $\Delta R(\text{jet}_1, \text{jet}_2) > 0.5$

- A BDT is trained to separate  $W+b\bar{b}$  from  $t\bar{t}$ :**  
 the uniform Gradient Boost technique is applied to achieve low correlation with the dijet invariant mass ( $m_{jj}$ ). **JINST 10 (2015) T03002**



LHCb,  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

• MCFM CT10



- Fit to  $m_{jj}$ , BDT(b|c) for both jets and  $uGB(W+b\bar{b}|t\bar{t})$  to measure the cross-sections.

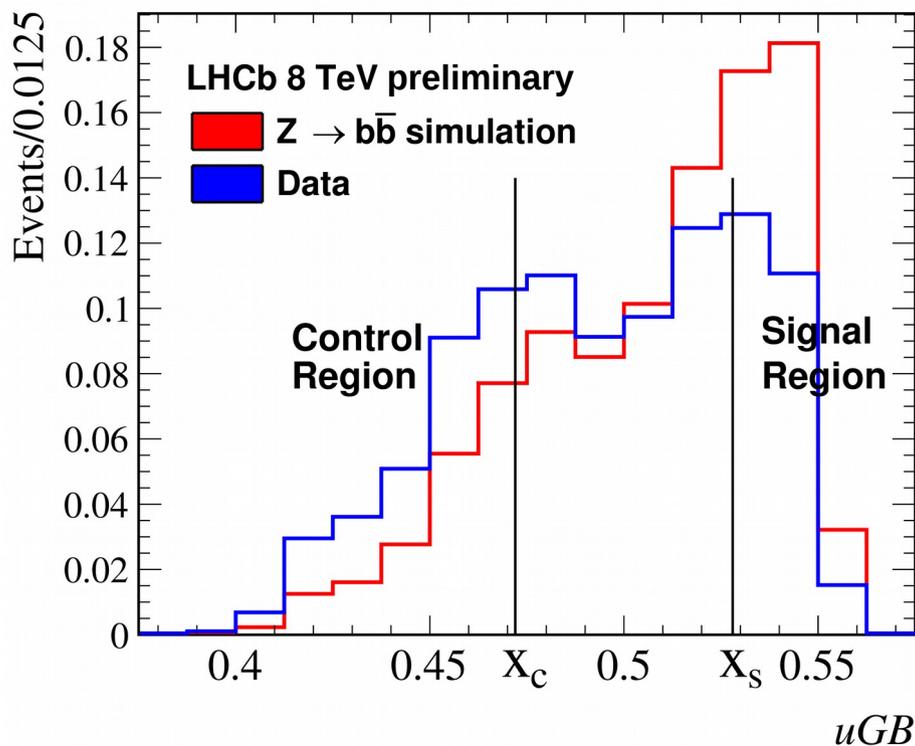
- $t\bar{t}$  production in the forward region is also measured! (**Stephen Farry's talk in Top session**)

- Measurements are compatible with NLO predictions.

# $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ production at 8 TeV

NEW LHCb-PAPER-2017-024

- Challenging measurement at hadron colliders because of the overwhelming QCD background.
- Previous measurements by CDF, ATLAS and CMS. Now first measurement in the forward region!
- Two heavy flavour tagged jets are selected.
- Fiducial region:  $p_T(\text{jet}_{1,2}) > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $2.2 < \eta(\text{jet}_{1,2}) < 4.2$ ,  $45 < m_{jj} < 165 \text{ GeV}$

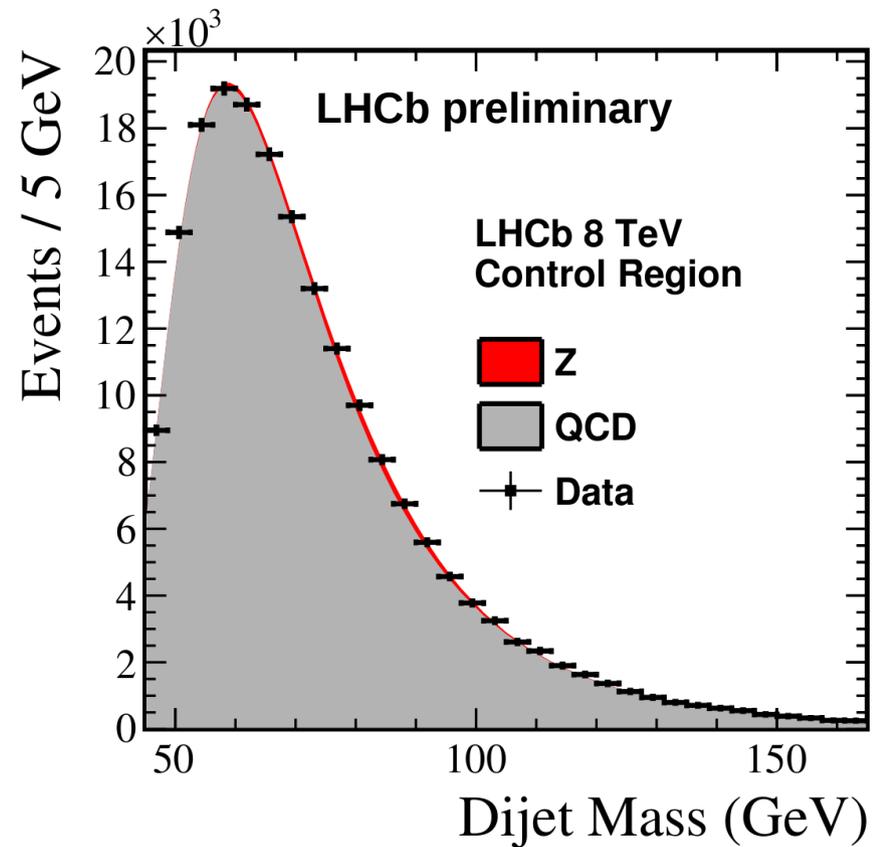
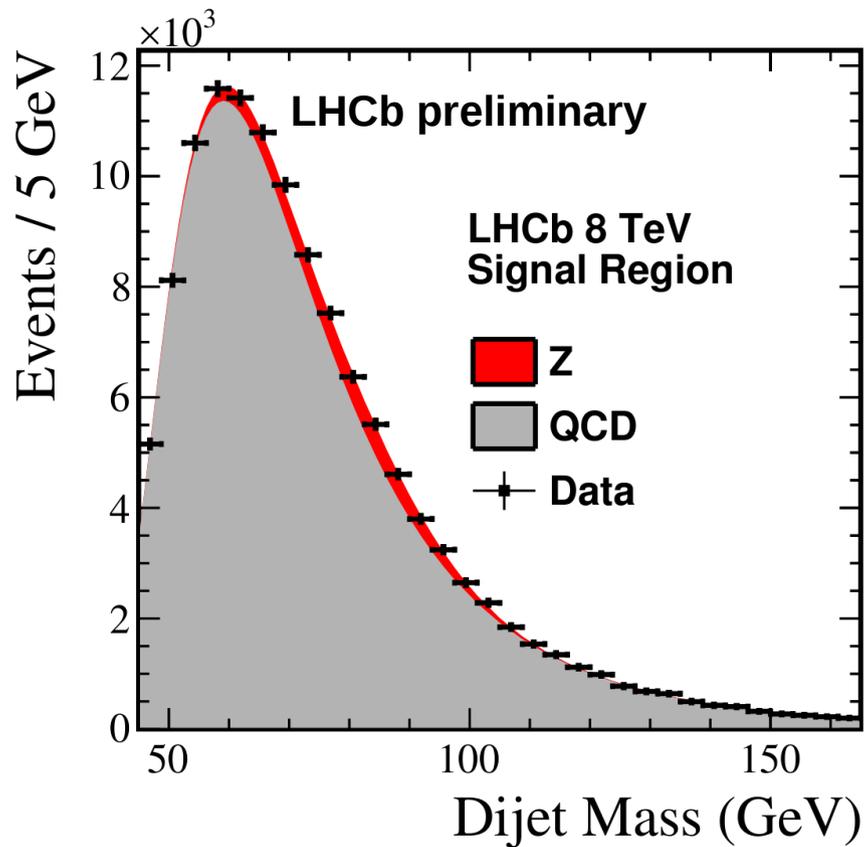


- An additional **balancing jet** ( $\text{jet}_3$ ) that makes  $p_T(Z+\text{jet}_3)$  minimum is selected to separate  $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  from QCD.
- UGB BDT is trained to separate  $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  from QCD, input observables are related to the 3-jets kinematic.
- Simultaneous fit to  $m_{jj}$  in signal (enhanced  $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  yield) and control (low  $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  yield) regions, to measure the Z yield.

# $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ production at 8 TeV

NEW LHCb-PAPER-2017-024

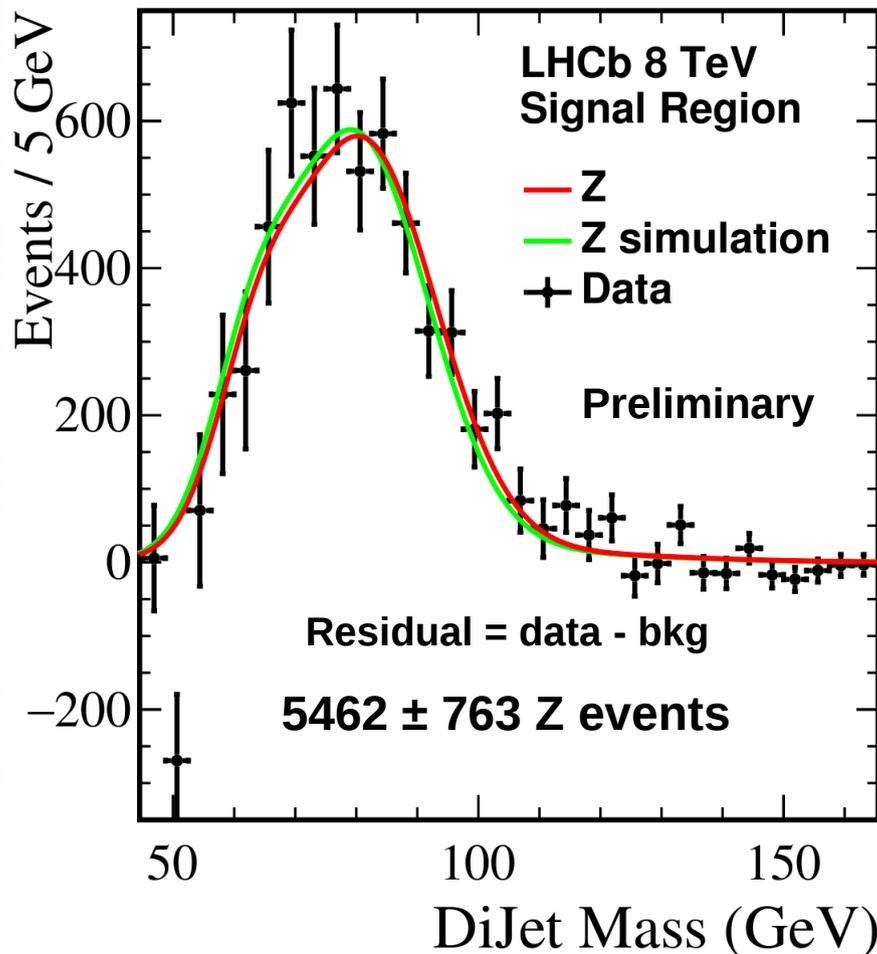
- $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  model is taken from simulation, but a Jet Energy Scale factor ( $E_{\text{data}}/E_{\text{MC}}$ ) is measured in the fit.
- QCD model: Pearson IV distribution.



# $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ production at 8 TeV

NEW LHCb-PAPER-2017-024

- $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  peak mean is  $\sim 80$  GeV, jet energy is not corrected for radiation outside of the jet cone and missing energy.
- It is also reduced by the features of the jet reconstruction (asymmetric jet energy resolution)



- The systematic uncertainty on the cross-section measurement is dominated by the heavy flavour tagging efficiency ( $\sim 17\%$ )
- The  $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  cross-section measurement is compatible with the [aMC@NLO](#) prediction.

**Measured:**

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow Z)\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 332 \pm 46(\text{stat.}) \pm 59(\text{syst.}) \text{ pb}$$

**Prediction:**

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow Z)\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 272_{-12}^{+9}(\text{scale}) \pm 5(\text{PDFs}) \text{ pb}$$

# Conclusions

- In the last years LHCb has made great progresses in **Electroweak physics**.
- We performed measurements of **W/Z (+jets) production in the forward region of pp collisions**, unexplored by other experiments.
- They provide unique tests of the Standard Model and constraints to the PDFs.
- They are fundamental to validate reconstruction techniques (i.e. electrons, jets, b-jets etc. )
- **First measurement of the  $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  production in the forward region.**
- A lot of work is in progress for new exciting measurements!



Thanks for your attention!

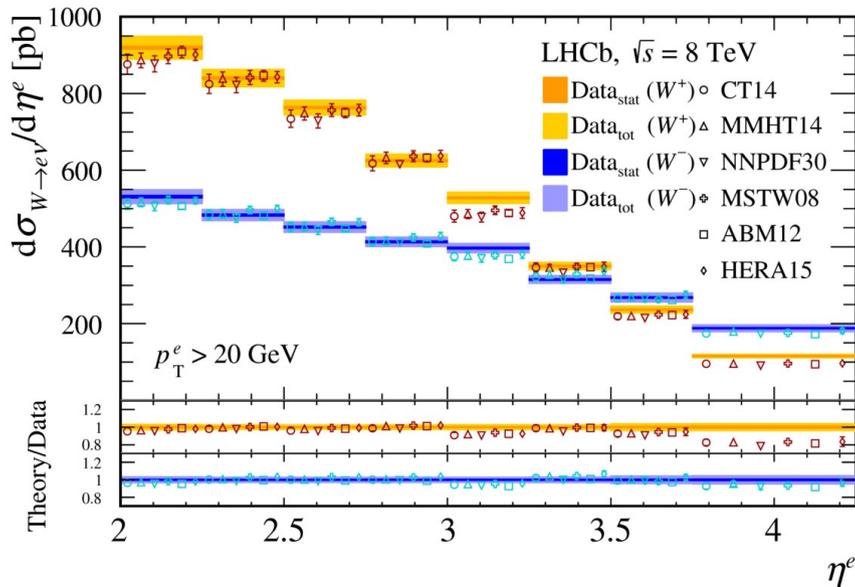
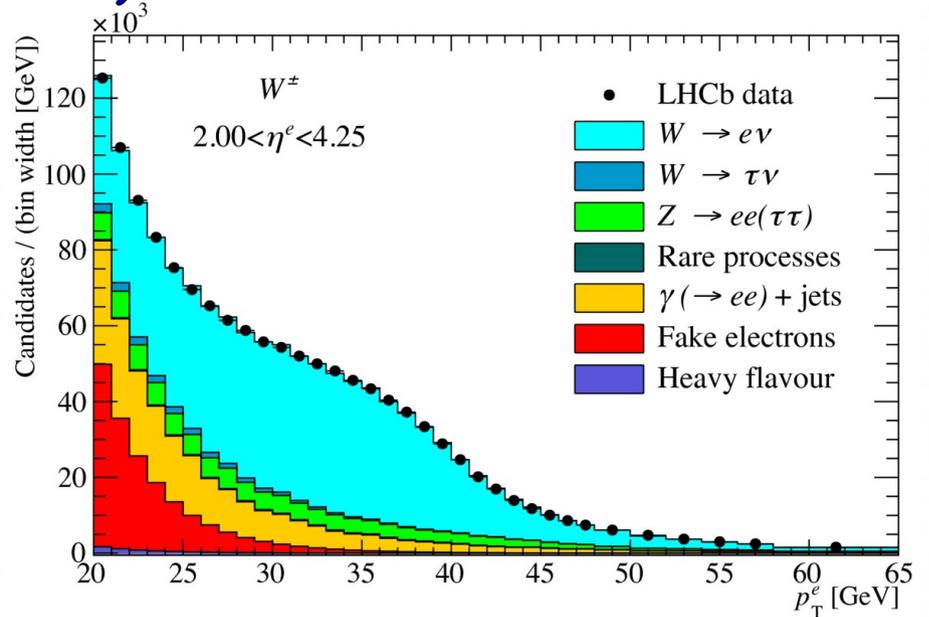


# Backup slides

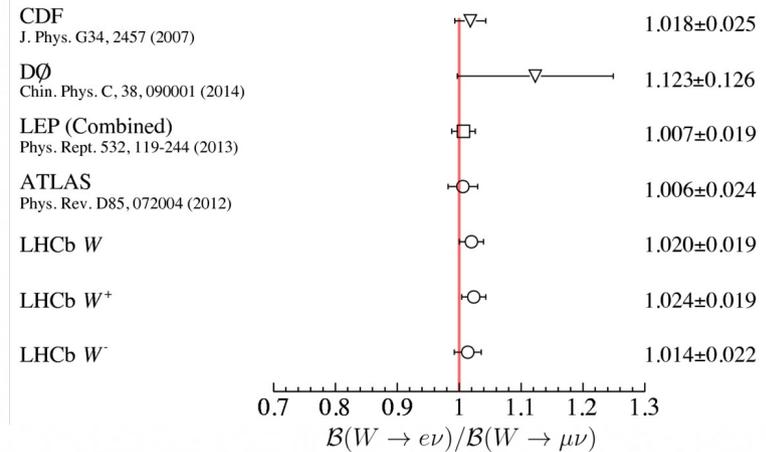
# $W \rightarrow e\nu$ production at 8 TeV

JHEP 10 (2016) 030

- Important measurement to validate the high  $p_T$  electron reconstruction and identification at LHCb.
- $p_T(e) > 20$  GeV,  $2.0 < \eta(e) < 4.25$
- Fit to the electron  $p_T$  distribution to extract the  $W$  yield.
- Differential cross section as a function of the electron  $\eta$  is compatible with the prediction.



$B(W \rightarrow e\nu) / B(W \rightarrow \mu\nu)$



$W \rightarrow \mu\nu$  @ 8 TeV: JHEP 01 (2016) 155