Limits on Torsion parameters from ttbar production at LHC

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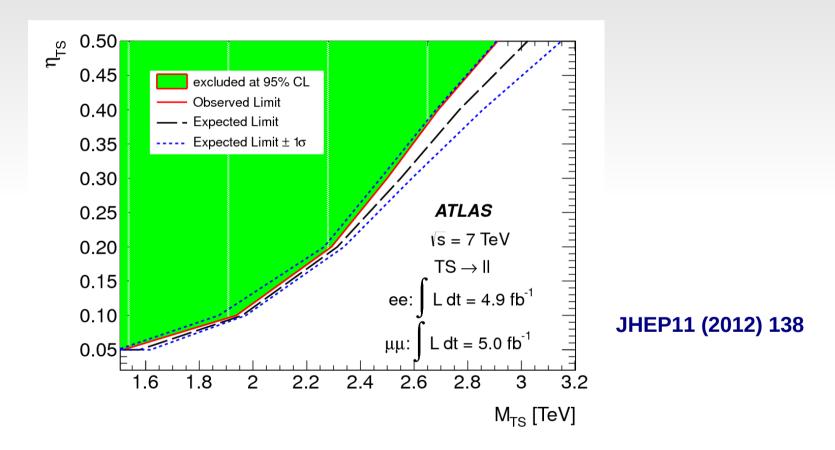
Motivation – Why Torsion?

- Standard Model does not include gravity.
- > Some solutions like string theory predict a field usually associated with *torsion*.
- > The main theoretical advantage is that torsion links the spin of the matter fields with space-time geometry.
- \succ Effective approach to torsion treats it as a fundamental propagating field characterized by torsion mass (M_{TS}) and the coupling between torsion and SM fermions (η).
- > The total Lagrangian of the theory includes $\mathcal{L}_{SM}, \mathcal{L}_{TS-matter}, \mathcal{L}_{TS-free}$.
- > Due to the renormalization group running of the couplings, the interaction between the top quark and torsion may be, in principle, different from the interaction between torsion and the other fermions $(\eta_{\epsilon} \neq \eta_{\epsilon})$.

This possibility $(\eta_f \neq \eta_t)$ can be investigated at LHC.

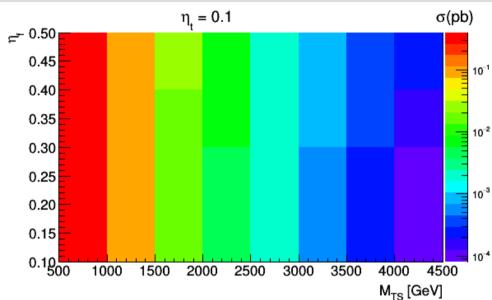
Torsion – Previous Limits

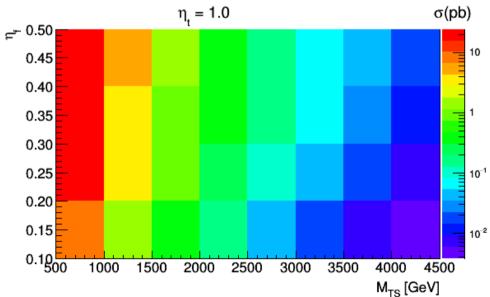
Limits from di-lepton (ee, $\mu\mu$) channel for different couplings strength $\eta_f = \eta_T = \eta_{TS}$



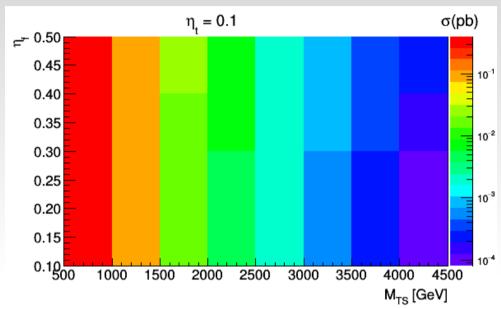
Torsion with masses between 1.5 TeV and 2.8 TeV were excluded at 95% CL.

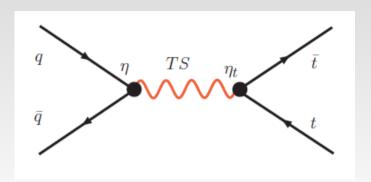
Torsion Production at LHC $(pp \longrightarrow TS \longrightarrow t\bar{t}X)$



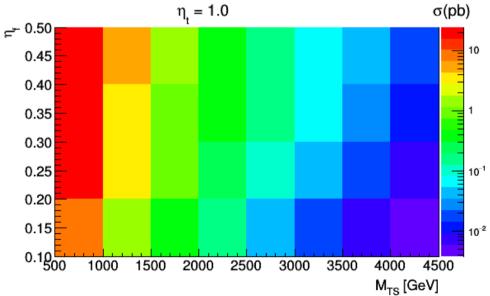


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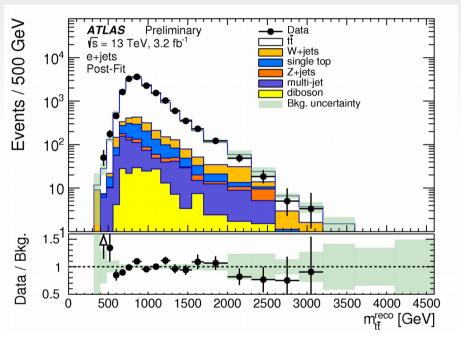
For $\eta_{\rm t} < \eta_{\rm f}$, the increase of the torsion production is compensated by the decrease of $Br(TS \longrightarrow t\bar{t})$.



Searching for New Physics – ATLAS Results

ATLAS searched for heavy particles decaying to pairs of top quarks using lepton-plusjets events at 13 TeV with 3.2 fb⁻¹ of data.

	e+jets	$\mu + \mathrm{jets}$
\overline{t}	3000 ± 700	3000 ± 700
$\overline{W+jets}$	200 ± 140	200 ± 40
Single top	190 ± 40	180 ± 40
$\overline{Z+jets}$	33 ± 12	26 ± 12
Multi-jet	130 ± 70	19 ± 11
Diboson	46 ± 11	37 ± 8
Total	3700 ± 800	3400 ± 800
Data	3352	3074

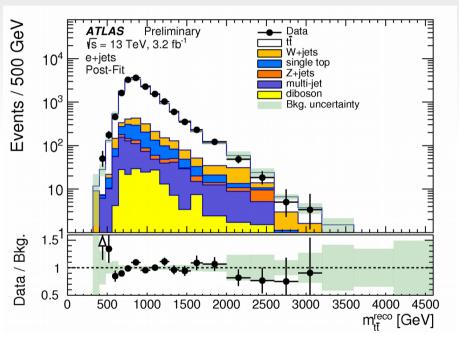


ATLAS-CONF-2016-014

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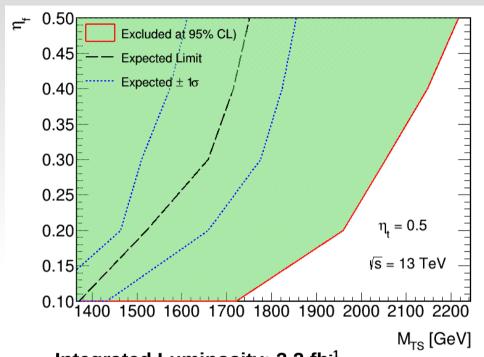
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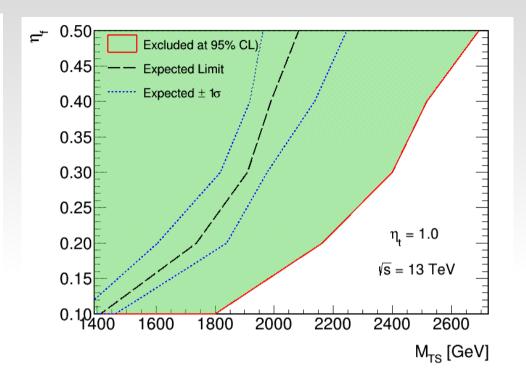
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Torsion Limits from *ttbar* **production**





Integrated Luminosity: 3.2 fb⁻¹

For η_{t} = 0.1, $M_{_{TS}}$ > 1180 GeV .

Torsion with masses up to and 2600 GeV are excluded, depending on the couplings $\eta_{_f}$ and $\eta_{_f}.$

First limits on torsion parameters space with LHC13 results.

Looking ahead: Searching for Torsion at next LHC runs

> The lepton-plus-jets channel is used to investigate the LHC13 potential to discovery torsion.

> Simulation: CALCHEP + PYTHIA + DELPHES

Final state: electron + jets + MET

Semileptonic Background

- > ttbar, W+jets, single top, QCD (multi-jets), Z+jets, diboson
- \triangleright We estimate the non *ttbar* background as ~20% of N_{ttbar}
- > The *ttbar* LO cross-section is scaled to the measured *ttbar* cross-section

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 818 \pm 8(stat) \pm 27(syst) \pm 19(lum) \, \mathrm{pb}$$
 (PLB 761, 2016)

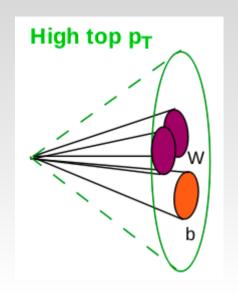
Looking ahead: Searching for Torsion at next LHC runs

Signal Selection and Reconstruction

- > 1 electron with $p_{_{\rm T}}$ > 30 GeV and $|\eta|$ < 2.5
- MET > 30 GeV
- > Highly boosted top candidates

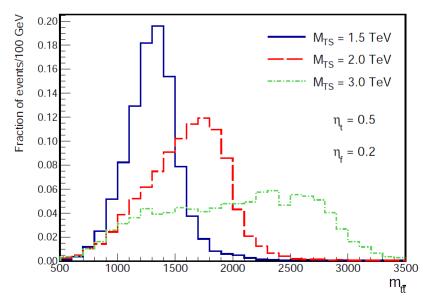
$$\Delta R(jet, lepton) < 1.5, \ p_T^{jet} > 400 \text{ GeV}$$

 $\Delta \phi(jet, lepton) > 2.3, \ \Delta \phi(jet_1, jet_2) > 1.5$



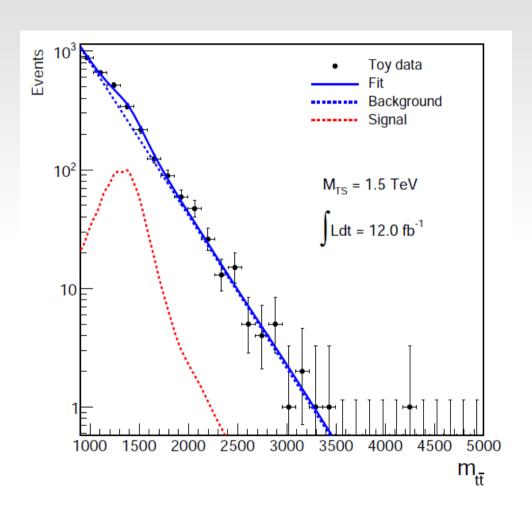
Three jets events

$$\chi^2 = \left[\frac{m_{jj} - m_{th}}{\sigma_{th}}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{m_{jl\nu} - m_{tl}}{\sigma_{tl}}\right]^2$$



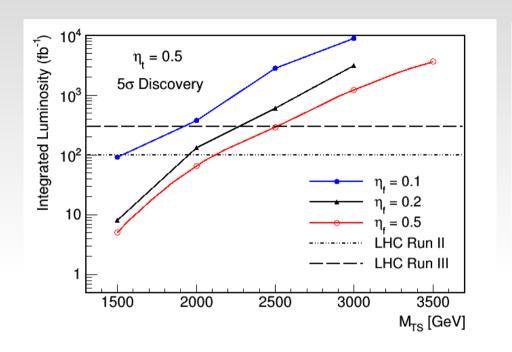
Looking ahead: Searching for Torsion at next LHC runs

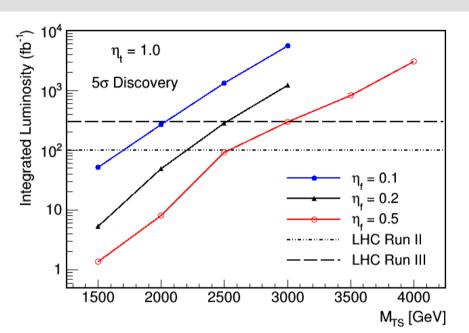
The number of signal and backgrounds events is estimated from a likelihood fit



- ➤ Signal region: [900, 5000] GeV
- Shape analysis (likelihood fit)
- Background pdf is modeled as exponential
- Numerical pdf for signal
- > The integrated luminosity is increased until P value < 3 x 10^{-7}

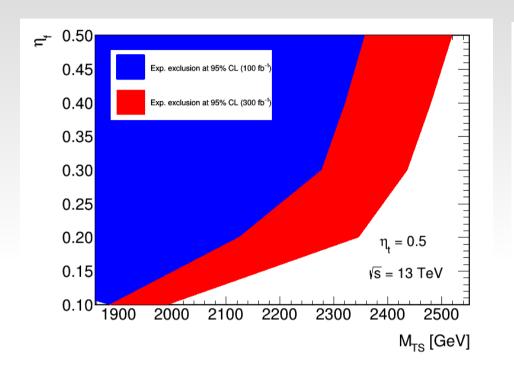
Discovery Potential at 13 TeV

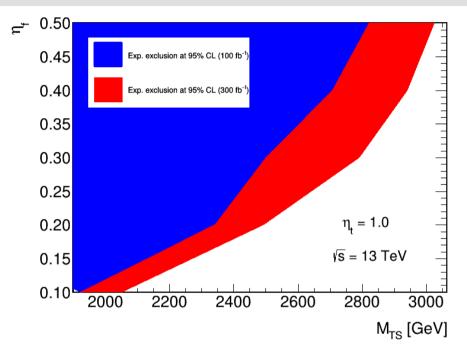




- > By the end of Run II, torsion with mass ~ 2.5 TeV could be observed.
- > At Run III, masses up to ~ 3.0 TeV can be probed.
- \triangleright With the luminosity expected for sLHC (3000 fb⁻¹), M_{TS} \sim 4 TeV can be reached.

Expected Limits at 13 TeV





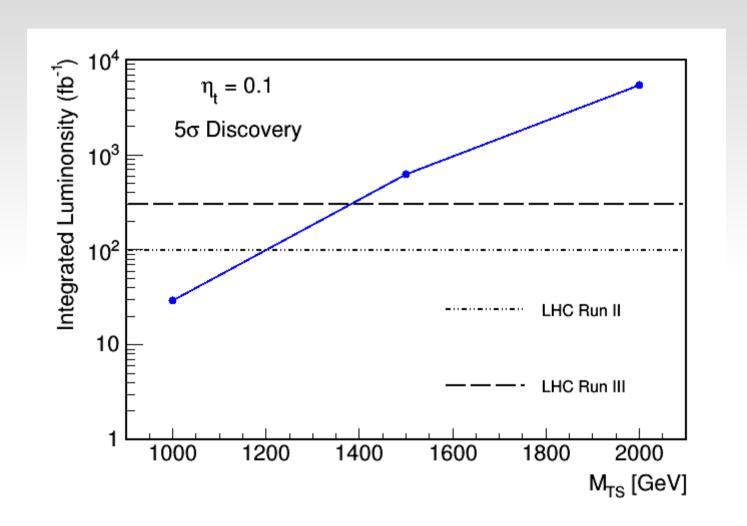
- ightarrow For η_{t} = 0.1, M_{TS} > 1445 GeV (300 fb⁻¹)
- \triangleright Masses up to \sim 2700 GeV (100 fb⁻¹) and \sim 3030 GeV (300 fb⁻¹) can be excluded.

Summary

- New limits on torsion parameters from ttbar production were derived.
- > The *ttbar* production at LHC may provide complementary information on torsion couplings, specially if the torsion-leptons coupling is weak.
- By the end of LHC run II (run III), a torsion with mass of 2.5 TeV (3.0 TeV) can be observed in the strong torsion-top coupling scenario.
- ➤ With 300 fb^{-f} of data, torsion with masses above 3.0 TeV can be excluded.
- > To appear soon in the arXiv.

Backup Slides

Expected reach for $\eta_{t} = 0.1$



Torsion action and symmetry

$$\mathcal{S}_{non-min}^{TS-matter} \, = \, i \, \int d^4 x \sqrt{g} \, \, \bar{\psi}_{(i)} \left(\, \gamma^\alpha \, \nabla_\alpha + \imath \, \eta_i \gamma^5 \gamma^\mu S_\mu - \imath \, m_i \, \right) \psi_{(i)} \, , \label{eq:STS-matter}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_{tor}^{TS-kin} \, = \, \int d^4x \, \left\{ \, -\frac{1}{4} \, S_{\mu\nu} S^{\mu\nu} \, + \frac{1}{2} \, M_{TS}^2 \, S_\mu S^\mu \, \right\}$$

Extra transformations related to torsion

$$\psi \to \psi' = \psi \, e^{\gamma_5 \beta(x)}, \qquad \bar{\psi} \to \bar{\psi}' = \bar{\psi} \, e^{\gamma_5 \beta(x)}, \qquad S_\mu \to S'_\mu = S_\mu - \eta^{-1} \, \partial_\mu \beta(x)$$

This symmetry implies that torsion *has* to be a massive field.

Running couplings

$$\eta_i(\mu) = \eta_i(\mu_0) \left(\frac{\mu}{\mu_0}\right)^{Ch_i/(4\pi)^2}$$
.

where $\mu_0 = M_P = 10^{19}$ GeV.

Theoretical constraint

$$M_{TS} >> m_i \eta_i$$