





**EXCELENCIA** 

DE MAEZTU

MARÍA



EPS Conference on High Energy Physics Venice, Italy 5-12 July 2017



- 1. The DES Project
- 2. Current Status
- 3. A few selected Scientific Results
- 4. Conclusions





Optical/IR imaging survey with the Blanco 4m telescope at Cerro Tololo Inter-American Observatory(CTIO) in Chile

5000 sq-deg (1/8 of the sky) in grizY bands (2500 sq-deg overlapping with SPT survey) + 30 sq-deg time-domain griz (SNe)

Up to  $i_{AB} \sim 24$ th magnitude at 10  $\sigma$  (z~1.5)

New 570 Mpx camera with 3 sq-deg FoV, DECam



### Installed on Blanco since august 2012





SURVEY

NGC 1365

NGC 1365 (the Great Barred Spiral Galaxy) is a barred spiral galaxy about 56 million light-years away in the constellation Fornax.

(Credit: DECam, DES Collaboration)





EPS-HEP 2017





Energéticas, Medioambientale y Tecnológicas

DARK ENERGY SURVEY

74 CCD chips (570 Mpx/image) (62 2kx4k image, 8 2kx2k alignment/focus, 4 2kx2k guiding)

Red Sensitive CCDs QE>50% @ 1000 nm 250 microns thick

3 sq-deg FoV Excellent image quality 0.27''/pixel

Low noise electronics (<15 e @ 250 kpx/s) <u>done by DES-</u> <u>Spain group</u>







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### **DES Science Summary**

DARK ENERGY

#### **4 Probes of Dark Energy**

Galaxy Clusters (dist & struct) Tens of thousands of clusters to z~1 Synergy with SPT, ACT, VHS

Weak Lensing (dist & struct) Shape and magnification measurements of 200 million galaxies

**Baryon Acoustic Oscillations** (dist) 300 million galaxies to z~1.4

Supernovae (dist) >3500 well-sampled Sne Ia to z~1





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USA:\_Fermilab, UIUC/NCSA, University of Chicago, LBNL, NOAO, University of Michigan, University of pennsylvania, Argonne National Laboratory, Ohio State University, Santa Cruz/SLAC Consortium, Texas A&M University, CTIO (in Chile)

# **DES Collaboration**

~450 scientists from 25 institutions in 7 countries darkenergysurvey.org Facebook.com/darkenergysurvey



DARK ENERGY SURVEY





SURVEY

# DES Survey Area

#### 5000 square degrees, 1/8 of the sky

Footprint to be covered 900 seconds in each filter (g,r,i,z; 450 sec in Y) after 5 seasons.

Build depth over time



Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas, Medioambientales

y Tecnológicas

**EPS-HEP 2017** 



## DES Y4 ended on february 2017

DES is proyected for 5 years , up to 2018



Tiling = One 90 seconds exposure over entire footprint





# DES has produced many results already

DARK ENERGY SURVEY

Over 100 papers published or submitted

Majority of early results based on Science Verification (SV) data (full depth mini-survey in 2012): less than 3% of full survey. An improvement of ~1 order of magnitude is expected for the final data set.

Some selected results published from Y1 and Y2 as well. <u>Cosmology analysis of Y1 data</u> <u>underway. Results are expected in a few weeks.</u>

Emphasis of early cosmology analyses has been on understanding systematic errors, with an eye to analyzing larger data sets in the future. **DES Y1 is already the most powerful data set ever for many probes, and a careful study of systematic errors is mandatory** 

I will flash a few selected results





### **DES projected mass map from weak lensing**

area

DARK ENERGY SURVEY



#### Dark Matter Mass Map

Based on measurements of shapes of background galaxies

Chang et al., PRL 115 (2015) 05301 Vikram et al., PRD 92 (2015) 022006

Blue: under-dense regions Red: over-dense regions Circles: visible foreground galaxy clusters

Largest contiguous lensing mass map ever, yet only 3% of final DES



## Galaxy bias: Multi-probe approach



Galaxy bias: the relationship between the (dark) matter and galaxy distributions

 $\delta_{g}(z,\theta) = b(z,\theta) \, \delta_{m}(z,\theta)$ 

Multi-probe approach:

**1. DES Galaxy clustering** Crocce et al., MNRAS 455 (2016) 4301

2. Ratio between DES Galaxy map and DES lensing mass map Chang et al., MNRAS 459 (2016) 3203

#### 3. CMB lensing around DES galaxies

Giannantonio et al., MNRAS 456 (2016) 3213

# 4. DES background Galaxy lensing around DES foreground galaxies

Prat et al., arXiv:1609.08167 [astro-ph]



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# Galaxy bias: Multi-probe approach

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## galaxy clustering + weak lensing

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 Use a galaxy background galaxy sample to measure shapes (sources)

 Use DES sample of Luminous Red Galaxies (LRG) as lenses: excellent photo-z

**w(v)**: correlation function of density of lenses  $y_{t}(\vartheta)$ : tangential shear of sources around lenses

 Combination is sensitive to cosmological parameters and relatively insensitive to galaxy bias.



### galaxy clustering + weak lensing





DARK ENERG

# galaxy clustering + weak lensing



DES Y1 Will combine cosmic shear, Galaxy-Galaxy lensing and Galaxy clustering to measure cosmological parameters

#### The DES Y1 data are very powerful:

- ~4x the area of the KiDS catalog and ~10x the area of DES SV & HSC release.
- ~2.5x the number of objects as the KiDS catalog, ~3x as HSC release, and ~10x as DES SV.

Results will be published in a few weeks



Science Verification data provided a wealth of exciting science, e.g. Galaxy clustering + weak lensing measurements. Cross-correlations with CMB + new probes.

**Year 1** data, covering 1600 deg<sup>2</sup>, are being analyzed now. Expect results in a few weeks

Cosmological results using combined probes (lensing+clustering). Many other new and interesting results. Stay tuned!!!

Years 2-4 data are recorded. Y1-Y3 dataset covers 5000 deg<sup>2</sup> to i<sub>AB</sub> ~
23.2 mag: unique data set, extremely powerful for cosmology.
*Results from Y1-Y3 expected to be out in 2018.*

