



HTCondor and Networking

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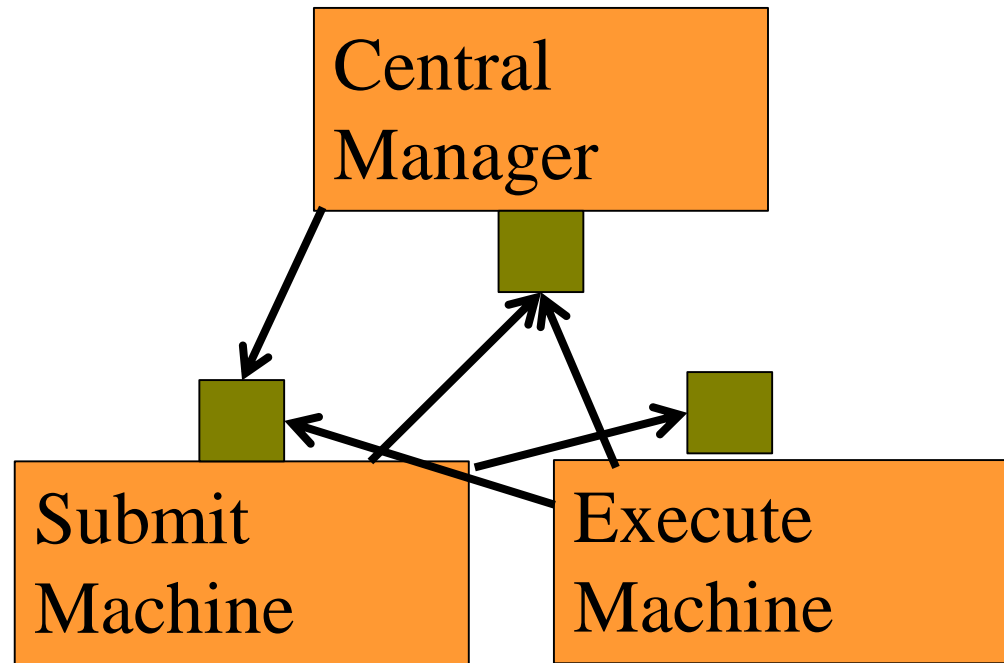
Center for High Throughput Computing

Introduction

- › HTCondor built in a simpler time:
 - Every machine can connect to every other
 - More TCP ports available than can be used
 - Every machine has 1 network interface
 - IPv4 “enough addresses for everyone”
 - DNS exists everywhere, correctly and reliably
 - All connections symmetric

Design Problem: Listeners everywhere

- › Multihoming?
- › Firewalls?
- › NAT?
- › Asymmetry?



Each daemon has
ONE address in
collector! (mostly)

What is “the name”?

The “sinful” string:

examples

<192.168.1.15:9618>

<192.168.1.15:9618?key=value>

In MyAddress attribute

And condor_tool –addr ‘<sinful>’

Which Address will a machine advertise?

If...

`BIND_ALL_INTERFACES = true` (default)

`NETWORK_INTERFACE = unset` (default)

`ENABLE_ADDRESS_REWRITING = true` (default)

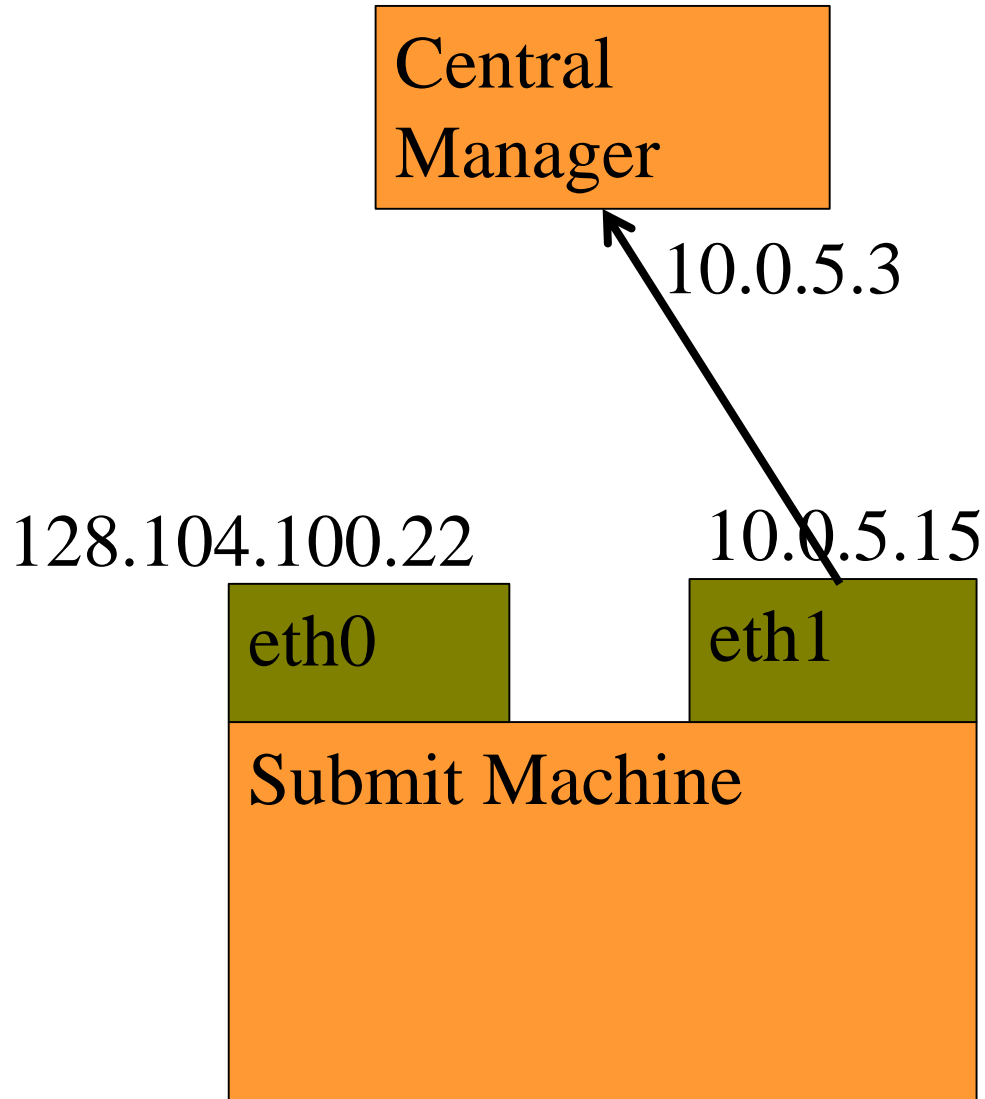
Then...

Machine **listens** on all interfaces,

Prefers most “public” interface locally,

Uses “collector” interface when advertising

Network rewrite



Which Address will a machine advertise?

If...

`BIND_ALL_INTERFACES = false` (undefault)

`NETWORK_INTERFACE = 10.*` (or)

`NETWORK_INTERFACE = eth0` (or)

`NETWORK_INTERFACE = 10.5.3.4`

Then...

Machine **listens** on specified interface (only),
and advertises that!

Which Address will a machine advertise?

If...

`BIND_ALL_INTERFACES = false` (undefault)

`NETWORK_INTERFACE = <unset>` (default)

Then...

Machine **listens** on one interface (the most “public” one) and advertises that.

Completely Punting to proxy

- › `TCP_FORWARDING_HOST = foo.com`
- › Says “you can connect to me at foo.com”
 - IP address of foo.com is advertised
- › How?
 - Up to you:
 - Ssh forwarding
 - iptables?
 - EC2 public address

Solutions for firewalls

- › Easiest: HIGHPORT/LOWPORT
 - › LOWPORT = 9000
 - › HIGHPORT = 10000
- › Assuming holes punched in firewall
- › If only need inbound (common case):
 - › IN_LOWPORT = 9000
 - › IN_HIGHPORT = 10000

How Many ports?

- › Schedd:
 - $5 + 2 * \text{MAX_JOBS_RUNNING}$
- › Startd
 - $5 + 2 * \text{max slots}$
- › (Assuming no shared_port or CCB)

What happens on port exhaustion?

- › Badness.
- › Jobs will fail to start for no apparent reason
- › Keep an eye on ports in this case.

Private network support

```
PRIVATE_NETWORK_INTERFACE = 1.2.3.4
```

```
PRIVATE_NETWORK_INTERFACE = eth1
```

```
PRIVATE_NETWORK_NAME = MyPrivNet
```

If two machines have the same private network name, they will use the private address to communicate.

Need not actually be a *private* network

Shared Port

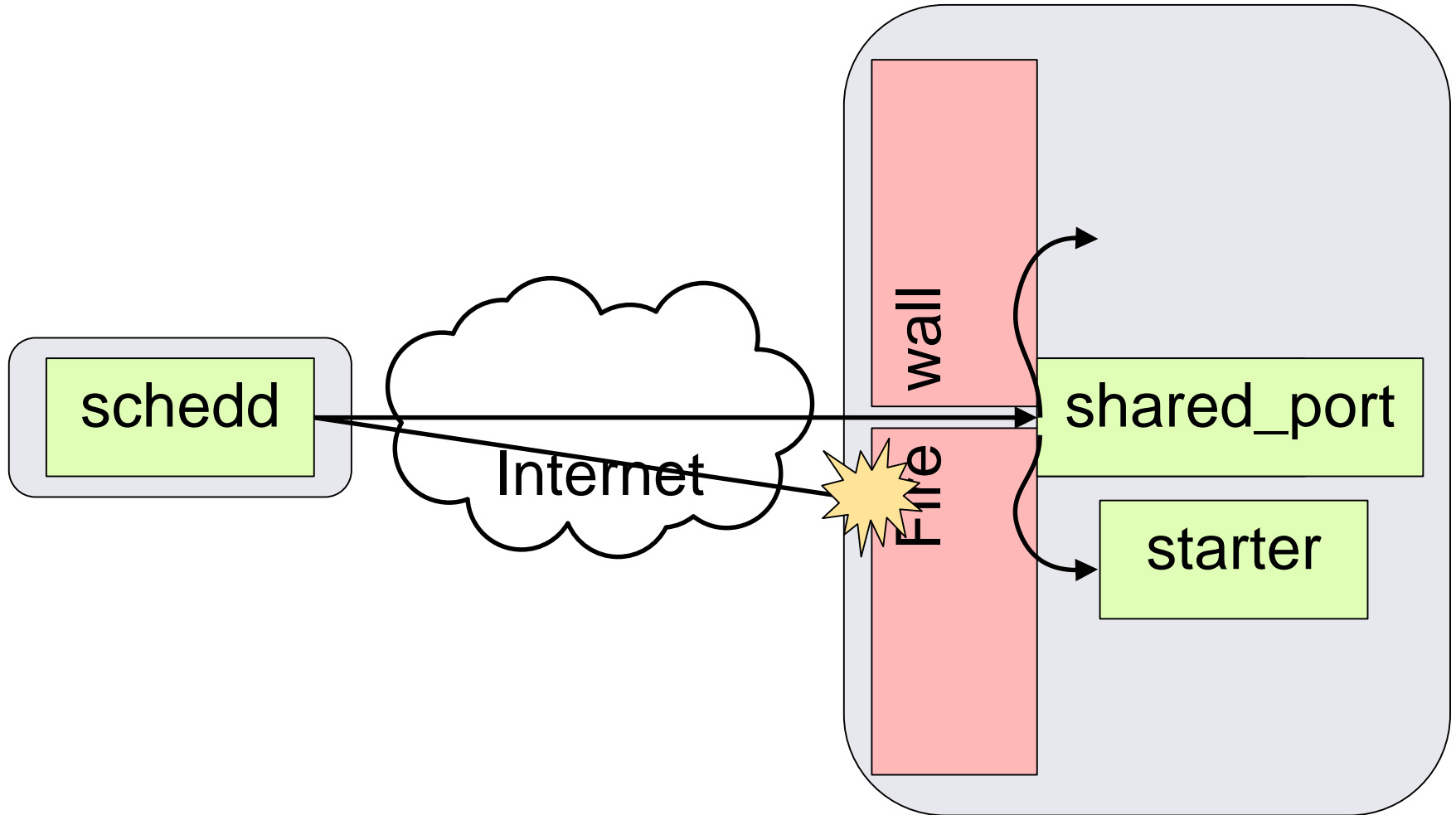
- › Problem: only ~ 60,000 TCP ports
- › Need one per shadow
- › Shared port Service
 - *Doesn't work with standard universe*

`USE_SHARED_PORT = true` (default in 8.5.1)

- › Open single port in firewall
- › Changes sinful string to

`<192.168.1.100:9618?sock=xxx_yyy>`

condor_shared_port

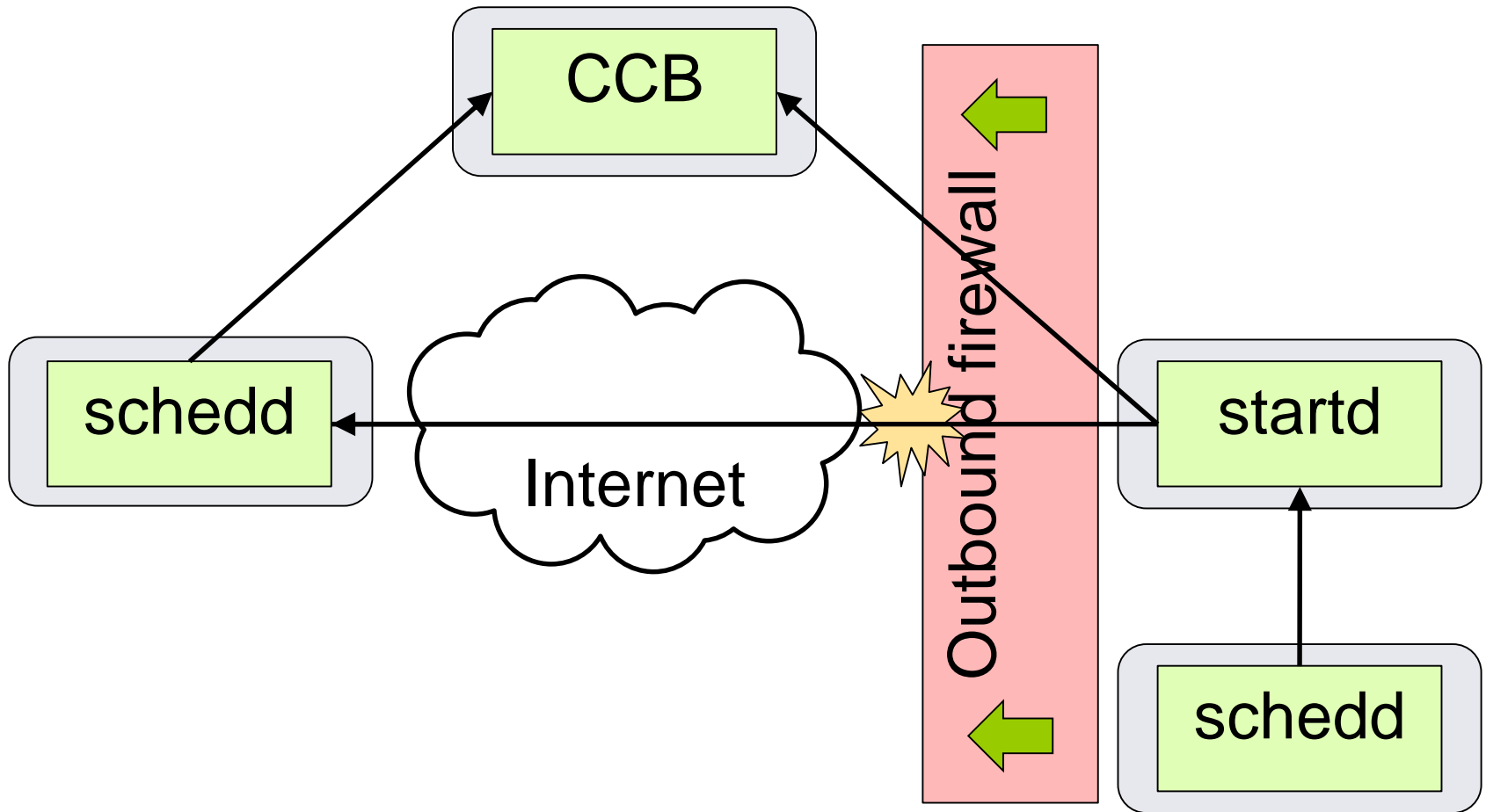


CCB:

Condor Connection Broker

- › Bypasses firewalls by reversing connection
- › Requires one machine with no firewall
 - Usually the collector
- › Doesn't work with standard universe
- › Only bypasses one firewall
 - Usually in front of the startds
 - Schedds / Central managers w/o firewalls (or firewall with single hole for shared port)

CCB: Condor Connection Broker



CCB Configuration

- › CCB built into condor_collector

```
CCB_ADDRESS = $(COLLECTOR_HOST)
```

```
PRIVATE_NETWORK_NAME = domain
```

- › Machine behind same firewall can communicate directly

IPv6

› IPv6-only mode

- `ENABLE_IPV6 = true`
- `ENABLE_IPV4 = false`

› Network parameters work as before

- `NETWORK_INTERFACE =`
`2607:f388:1086:0:21b:24ff:fedf:b520`

IPv4/IPv6 Mixed Mode

`ENABLE_IPV4 = True` (default)

`ENABLE_IPV6 = True` (default in 8.5.3)

- › Both interfaces advertised, IPv6 preferred
- › Central managers and submit machines must support both
- › Execute machines can be IPv4-only or IPv6-only
- › Ease transition to IPv6
 - `PREFER_IPV4 = true`

Putting it all together

- › CCB works with shared port
 - Common Combination
- › If you have CCB or shared port, probably don't need highport/lowport
- › CCB works together with private networks
 - Can be big performance win

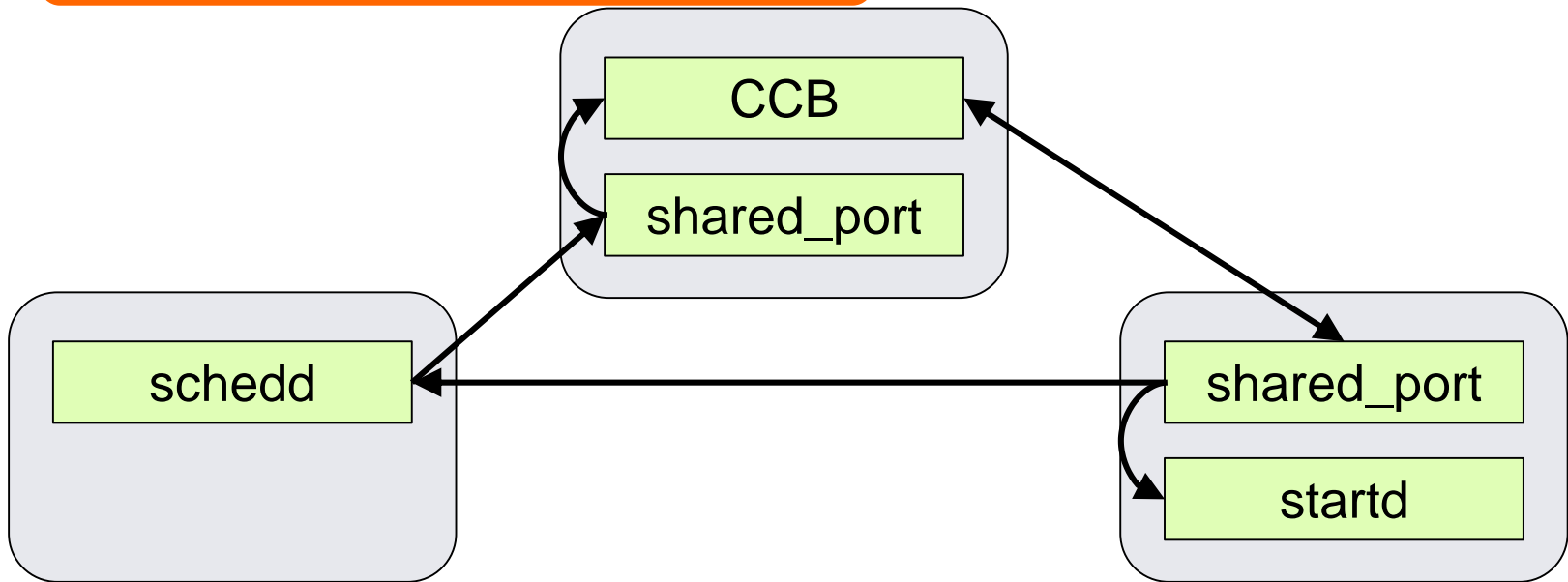
Multi-Stage Routing

<192.168.1.55:9618?

CCBID=173.194.46.96:80 # **381**%3F

sock%3D917_aa8b_3&

sock=1567_808b_3>



Thank you!