

Scalar Dark Matter from the Inert Doublet Model

Laura Lopez Honorez

Universidad Autónoma de Madrid

based on *Scalar Multiplet Dark Matter*
JHEP 0907:090,2009

in collaboration with T. Hambye, F.-S. Ling and J. Rocher

Cosmo 2009 - Genève

WIMP as dark matter

Minimal DM spirit : SM + one $SU(2)_L$ n -uplet see Cirelli *et al* '05-'09

- DM = neutral member of the n -uplet
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 - only one* free parameter m_{DM} to fix to match WMAP
- Scalar multiplets H_n :
 - extra quartic coupling λ_i to Higgs H_1
 - a *range* free parameters : $\{m_{DM}, \lambda_i\}$ is compatible with Ω_{DM}^{WMAP}

Scalar DM model

- Extra n -uplet case ($n > 2$):
 - only **one coupling** to the Higgs $\lambda_3 |H_1|^2 |H_n|^2$
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- **three couplings** to the Higgs.

$$\lambda_3 |H_1|^2 |H_2|^2 + \lambda_4 |H_1^\dagger H_2|^2 + \frac{\lambda_5}{2} \left[(H_1^\dagger H_2)^2 + h.c. \right]$$

- non zero **mass splittings** :

$$H_2 = \begin{pmatrix} iH^+ \\ \frac{(H_0 - iA_0)}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \quad H_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{(h + v_0)}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

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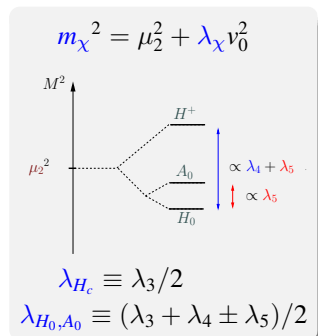
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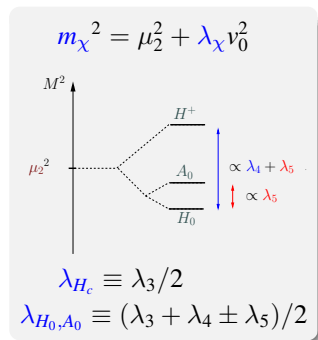
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\rightsquigarrow viable mass ranges ($H_0 \equiv \text{DM}$):

$$m_{H_0} \sim \mathcal{O}(\text{GeV}), \quad m_{H_0} \sim m_W \text{ and multi-TeV}$$

see also Barbieri *et al* '06, LLH *et al* '06, Cao *et al* '07, Gustafsson *et al* '07, Lundsrtom *et al* '08, Andreas *et al* '08 '09, Agrawal *et al* '08, Nezri *et al* '09



IDM in the High mass regime : Relic abundance

Standard Freeze out calculations : $\Omega_{DM} \propto \frac{1}{\langle \sigma_{\text{eff}} v \rangle}$ where

$$\langle \sigma_{\text{eff}} v \rangle = \sum_{i,j} \langle \sigma^{ij} v \rangle r_i r_j$$

with $r_i r_j = f(m_i - m_j)$

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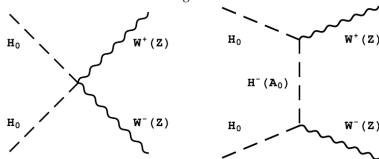
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e.g. contribution to $\sigma_g^{00} : H_0 H_0 \rightarrow XX$



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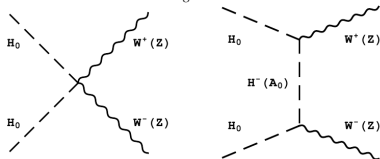
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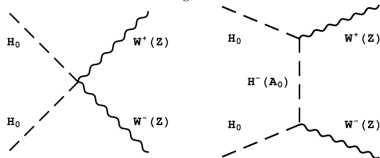
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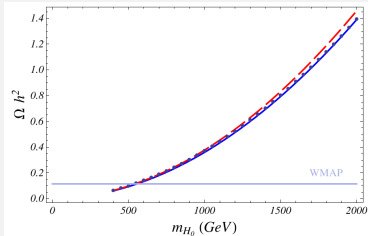
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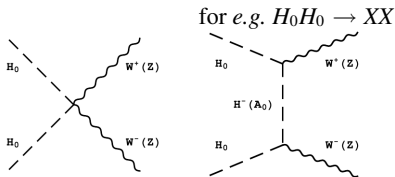


\rightsquigarrow Only $m_{H_0} = m^* \sim 534$ GeV
satisfy WMAP

in agreement with Cirelli *et al* '05

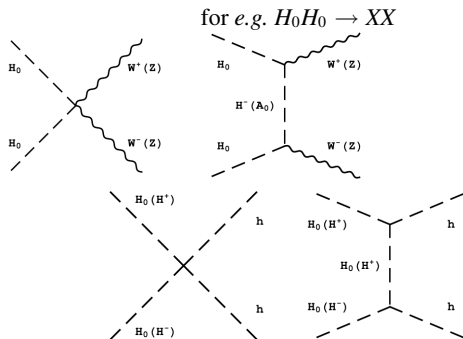
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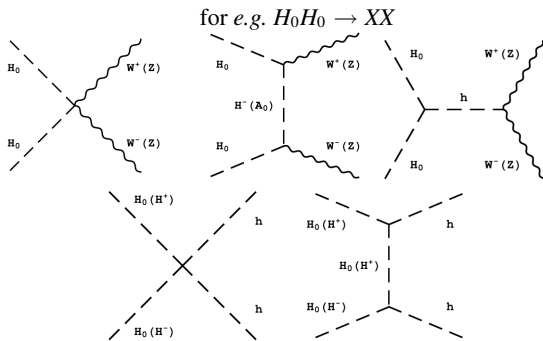
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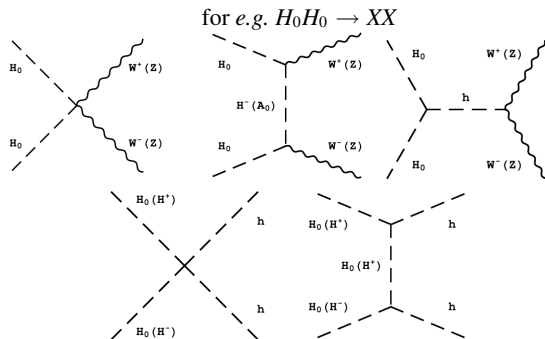


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$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = \sum_{ij} \left(\sigma_g^{ij} + \sigma_\lambda^{ij} \right) \propto \frac{1}{m_{H_0}^2}$$

where $\sigma_\lambda^{ij} = \frac{\Lambda^{ij}}{m_{H_0}^2}$ with $\Lambda^{ij} \propto \lambda * \lambda$ and $\Lambda^{ij} > 0$



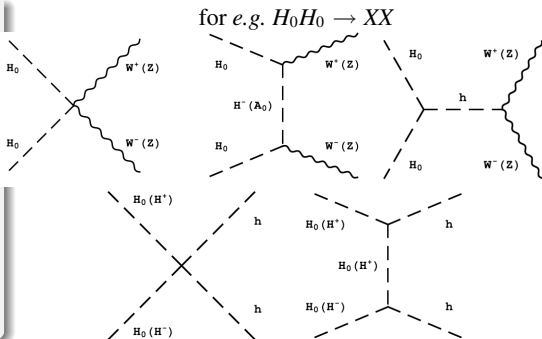
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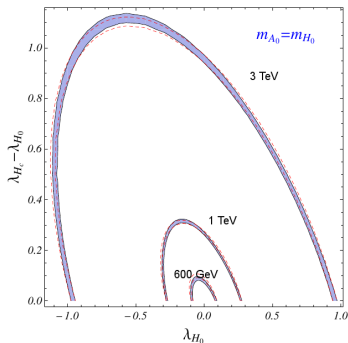
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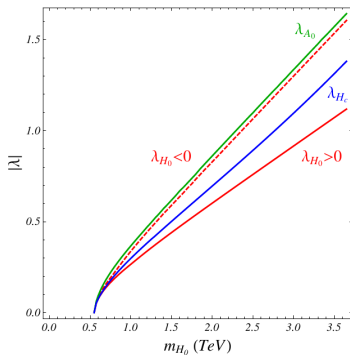
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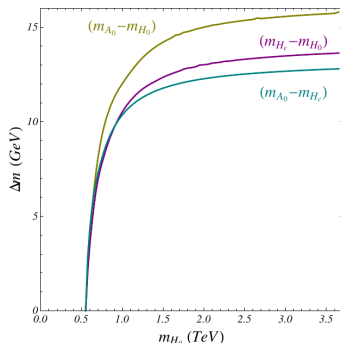
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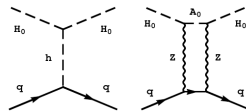
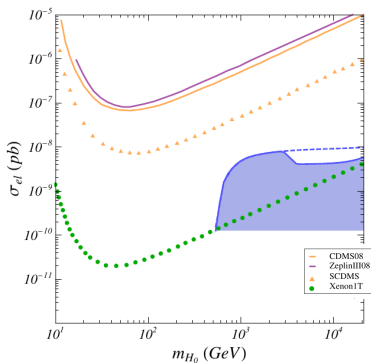
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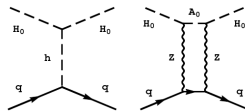
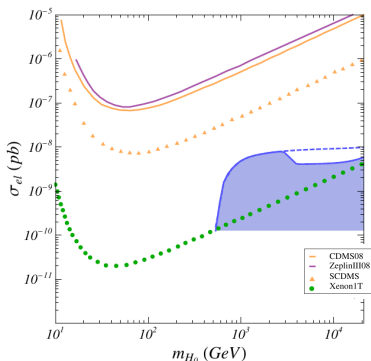
Prospects for Direct and Indirect detection

Direct detection through Elastic Scattering ($m_{A_0} - m_{H_0} > 100$ keV)



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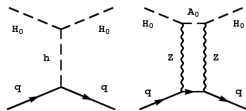
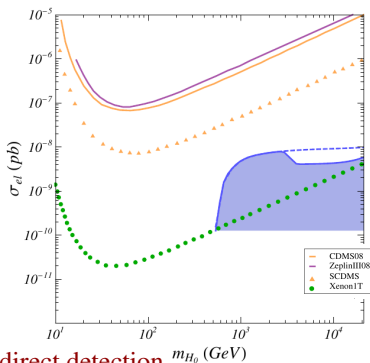
Direct detection through Elastic Scattering ($m_{A_0} - m_{H_0} > 100$ keV)



- $\sigma_{el} \propto \left(\frac{\lambda_{H_0}}{M_{H_0} M_h^2} \right)^2 \rightsquigarrow \sigma_{el} < 9.4 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ pb}$
 bounded $\lambda_{H_0} \rightsquigarrow$ absolute upper bound
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Indirect detection m_{H_0} (GeV)

- γ and ν : $\Phi_{\gamma, \nu}^{NFW} \propto \frac{\langle \sigma v \rangle}{2m_{DM}^2} N_{\gamma, \nu}$ within the reach of FERMI for $m_{H_0} \lesssim 1 \text{ TeV}$ for γ
and generally below KM3net sensitivity for ν
(see also Andreas *et al* '09)
- \bar{p} and e^+ fluxes lie at least 3-4 order of magnitude below the signal
(see also Nezri *et al* '09)

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- for each $m_{H_0} > m^*$ with an **upper bound on λ**
- and with an **upper bound** on dark sector **mass splittings** $|\Delta m_{ij}| < 17.6$ GeV

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Direct and Indirect detection :

- upper bound on $\lambda_{H_0} \rightsquigarrow$ **upper bound on σ_{el}** of $9.4 \cdot 10^{-9}$ pb within the reach of Xenon 1T
- prospects for indirect detection are quite poor even for rather cuspy profiles as NFW (a part for $m_{H_0} \lesssim 1$ TeV)

This is the End
Thank you for your attention !!

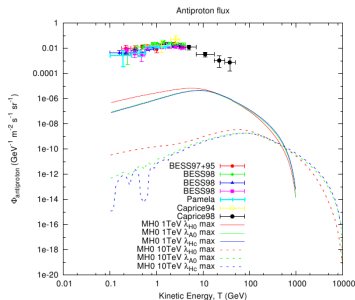
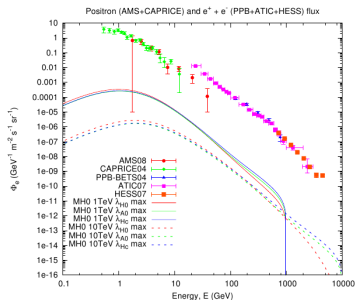
Backup

Indirect detection prospects

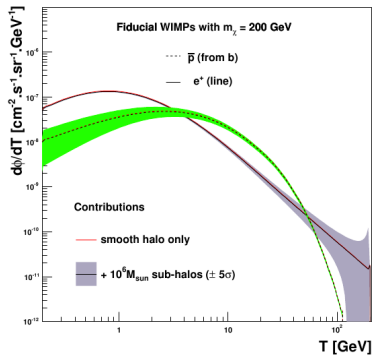
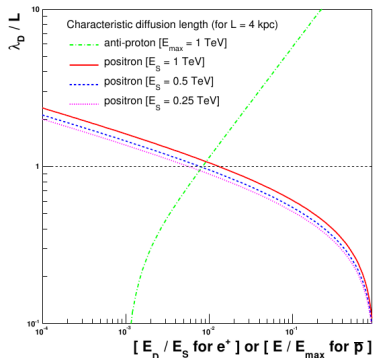
$$\gamma \text{ and } \nu \text{ signals : } \Phi_{\gamma,\nu}(\Delta\Omega) = \frac{\langle\sigma v\rangle}{2m_{DM}^2} N_{\gamma,\nu} \times \frac{\Delta\Omega \rho_0^2 R_0}{4\pi} \bar{J}(\Delta\Omega) \quad ,$$

- $\Phi_{\gamma}^{NFW}(\Delta\Omega = 10^{-3}) \simeq \mathcal{O}(1) \times 2.3 \cdot 10^{-10} (m_{DM}/1 \text{ TeV})^{-2} [\text{ph cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}]$
within the reach of FERMI-LAT for low masses.
- $\Phi_{\nu}^{NFW}(\Delta\Omega = 10^{-3}) \simeq \mathcal{O}(1) \times 1.5 \cdot 10^{-12} (E_{\nu}^{min}/100 \text{ GeV})^{-1} [\nu \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}]$,
< KM3net sensitivity for pt. source

Charged antimatter cosmic ray signals



Diffusion length and Clumpiness

Lavalle *et al*

'08

IDM : Mass Ranges

| Mass Ranges | main contributions to σ_{eff} | mass splittings | main Refs |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| $m_{H_0} \ll m_W (\mathcal{O}(GeV))$ | $H_0 H_0 \rightarrow h^* \rightarrow \bar{f} f$ | $\Delta m_{ij} \gtrsim m_Z - m_{H_0} \sim 90 \text{ GeV}$ | Andreas <i>et al</i> '08 |
| $m_{H_0} \lesssim m_W$ | $H_0 H_0 \rightarrow h^* \rightarrow \bar{f} f$ $H_0 A_0 (H^+) \rightarrow Z^* (W^*) \rightarrow \bar{f} f^{(\prime)}$ | $\Delta m_{ij} \gtrsim m_Z - m_{H_0} \gtrsim 7 \text{ GeV}$ | Barbieri <i>et al</i> '06 LLH <i>et al</i> '06 |
| $m_{H_0} \gg m_W (\mathcal{O}(TeV))$ | $H_0 H_0 \rightarrow ZZ, WW, hh$ coannihil into bosons | $\Delta m_{ij} \lesssim 17.6 \text{ GeV}$ | Hambye <i>et al</i> '09 |

IDM : Potential - constraints

- Full Potential

$$\begin{aligned}
 V(H_1, H_2) = & \mu_1^2 |H_1|^2 + \mu_2^2 |H_2|^2 + \lambda_1 |H_1|^4 + \lambda_2 |H_2|^4 \\
 & + \lambda_3 |H_1|^2 |H_2|^2 + \lambda_4 |H_1^\dagger H_2|^2 + \frac{\lambda_5}{2} \left[(H_1^\dagger H_2)^2 + h.c. \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

- Dark scalars couplings to Higgs and masses :

$$\frac{1}{2} (\lambda_{H_0} H_0^2 + \lambda_{A_0} A_0^2 + 2\lambda_{H_c} H^+ H^-) (2v_0 h + h^2)$$

$$m_h^2 = 2\lambda_1 v_0^2, \quad m_i^2 = \mu_2^2 + \lambda_i v_0^2.$$

- Stability constraint

$$\begin{aligned}
 \lambda_{1,2} & > 0, \\
 \lambda_{H_0}, \quad \lambda_{A_0}, \quad \lambda_{H_c} & > -\sqrt{\lambda_1 \lambda_2}.
 \end{aligned}$$

- EWPT measurements : $\Delta T \approx \frac{1}{12\pi^2 \alpha v^2} (m_{H^+} - m_{A_0})(m_{H^+} - m_{H_0})$

n-uplets : Potential - constraints

- Full Potential

$$V(H_n, H_1) = V_1(H_1) + \mu^2 H_n^\dagger H_n + \frac{\lambda_2}{2} (H_n^\dagger H_n)^2 + \lambda_3 (H_1^\dagger H_1) (H_n^\dagger H_n) + \frac{\lambda_4}{2} (H_n^\dagger \tau_a^{(n)} H_n)^2 + \lambda_5 (H_1^\dagger \tau_a^{(2)} H_1) (H_n^\dagger \tau_a^{(n)} H_n) ,$$

- Dark scalars couplings to Higgs and masses :

$$\frac{\lambda_3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \Delta^{(0)2} + \sum_{0 < Q \leq j_n} \Delta^{(Q)} \Delta^{(-Q)} \right) (2v_0 h + h^2)$$

$$\text{mass of all components : } m_0^2 = \mu^2 + \frac{\lambda_3 v_0^2}{2}$$

$$\text{at one-loop (Cirelli'05) : } m(\Delta^{(Q)}) - m(\Delta^{(0)}) = Q^2 \Delta M_g$$

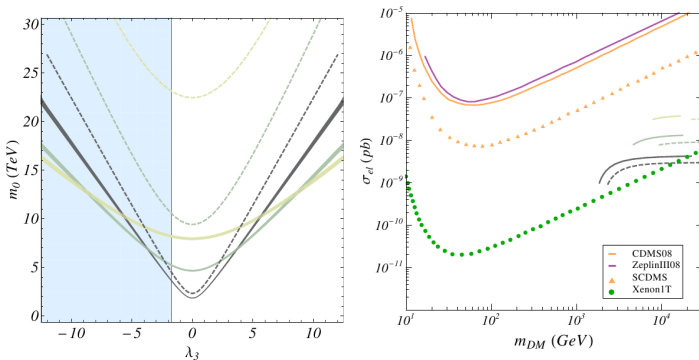
$$\text{with } \Delta M_g = g M_W \sin^2 \frac{\theta_W}{2} \simeq (166 \pm 1) \text{ MeV}$$

- Stability constraint

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_{1,2} &> 0 \quad , \\ \lambda_3 &> -\sqrt{2\lambda_1\lambda_2} \quad . \end{aligned}$$

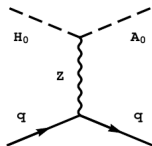
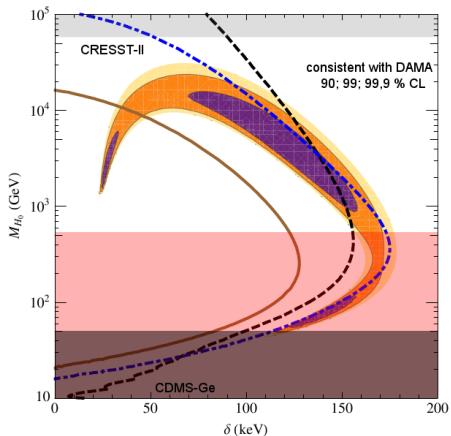
Multiplets : Relic density-Direct detection

| Models | $\lambda_3 = 0$ | $\lambda_3 = 2\pi$ | $\lambda_3 = 4\pi$ | $\lambda_3 = 0$ (SE) | $\lambda_3 = 4\pi$ (SE) |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Real Triplet | 1.826 ± 0.028 | 11.1 | 21.9 | 2.3 | 28.1 |
| Real Quintuplet | 4.642 ± 0.072 | 9.6 | 17.4 | 9.4 | 35.7 |
| Real Septuplet | 7.935 ± 0.12 | 10.6 | 16.1 | 22.4 | 46.3 |

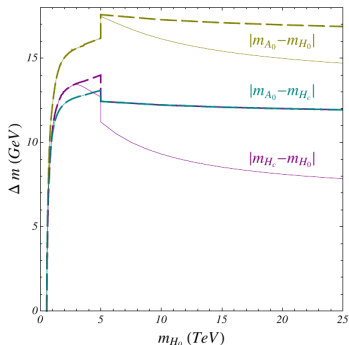
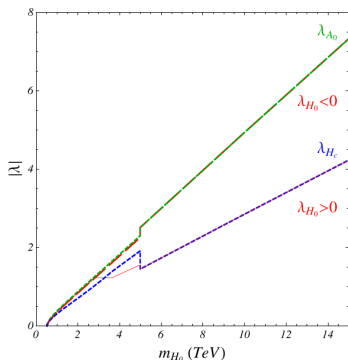


Inelastic Scattering (Arina *et al* '09)

$$m_{A_0} - m_{H_0} = \delta$$



Bounded λ and Δm high mass



for freeze-out assumed in the unbroken phase for $m_{H_0} < 5$ TeV and taking into account the stability constraints ruling out $\lambda_{H_0}^{\max} < -\sqrt{\lambda_1 \lambda_2}$

This is the End