

# Nuclear glue from top quark production in ion collisions at the LHC & FCC

**Initial Stages 2016**

**Lisbon, May 2016**

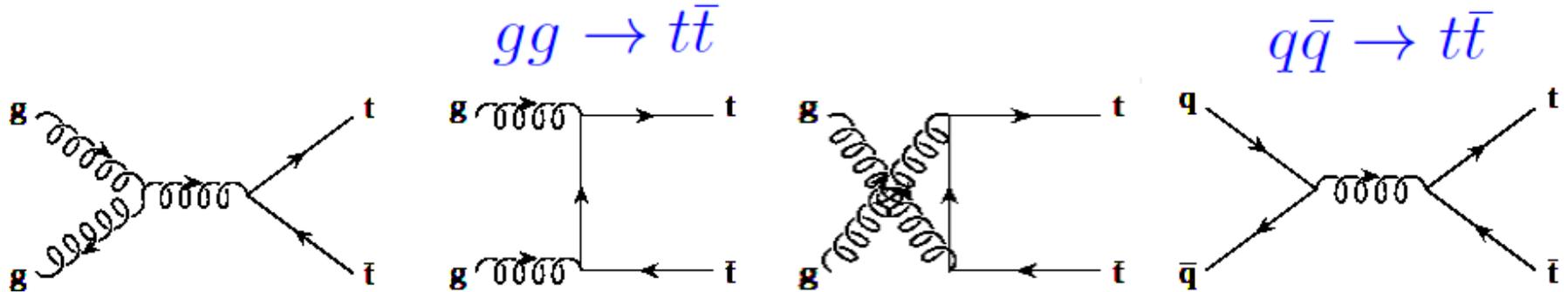
**David d'Enterria**

**CERN**

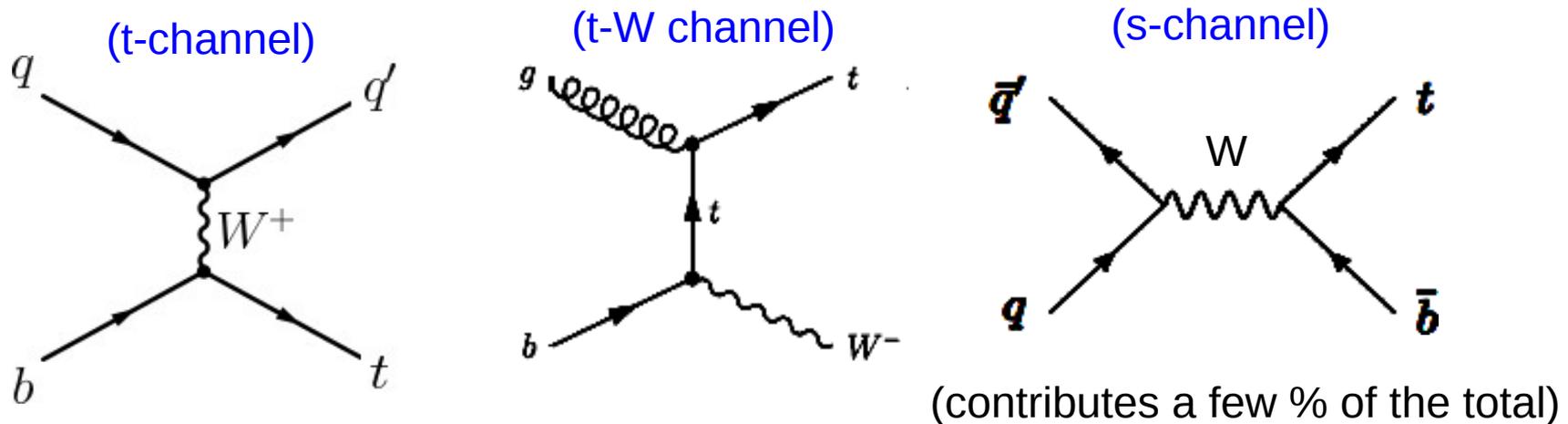
*Based on: D.d'E., K. Krajczar, H. Paukkunen PLB 746 (2015) 64;  
arXiv:1501.05879 [hep-ph]*

# Top-quark production in hadron collisions

- **Top-pair** production: **QCD** interaction dominated by **gluon-induced** processes (+80%, +90% at LHC, FCC energies at NLO):

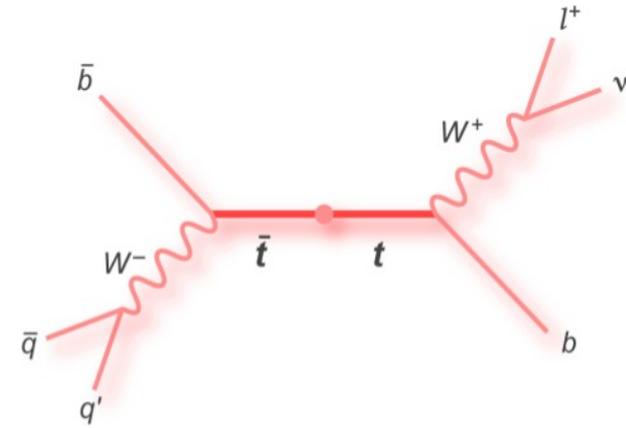


- **Single-top** production: **Electroweak** process sensitive to **b-quark** (from  $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ) PDF:



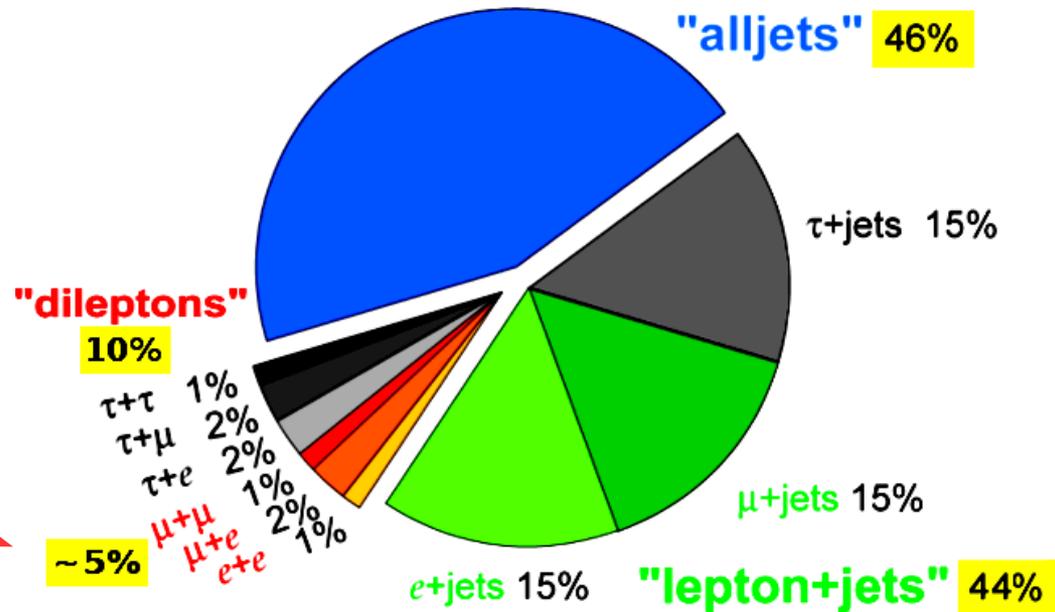
# Top-quark decay modes

- Top-quark decays ( $\tau \sim 0.1 \text{ fm}/c$ ) before hadronization into  $W+b$  ( $\text{BR} \sim 100\%$ ,  $V_{tb} \sim 1$ ):
  - single  $t \rightarrow b + 2\text{jets}$  (66%)
  - single  $t \rightarrow b + 1\ell + \text{MET}(\nu)$  (33%, w/o  $\tau$ : 22%)
  - $t\bar{t}$   $\rightarrow b\bar{b} + 4\text{jets}$  (45%)
  - $t\bar{t}$   $\rightarrow b\bar{b} + 2\text{jets} + 1\ell + \text{MET}(\nu)$  (45%)
  - $t\bar{t}$   $\rightarrow b\bar{b} + 2\ell + \text{MET}(2\nu)$  (10%, w/o  $\tau$ : 5%)



- Top-quark pair decay modes:

**Cleanest channels:**  
 $\mu+\mu, \mu+e, e+e$  ( $\sim 5\%$ )



# Top-quark in nuclear collisions

- Top-quark decays ( $\tau \sim 0.1$  fm/c) before hadronization into  $W+b$  (BR  $\sim 100\%$ ,  $V_{tb} \sim 1$ ):

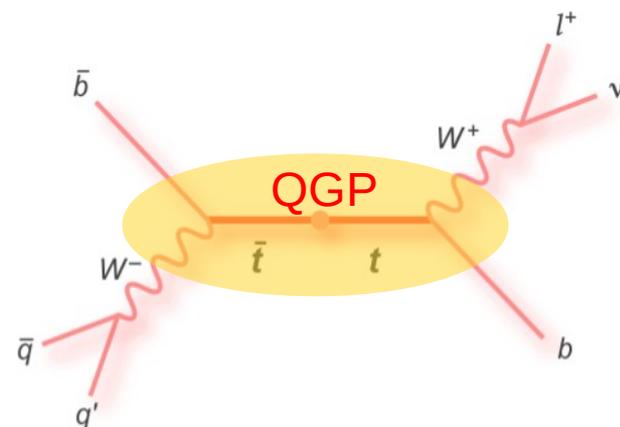
single  $t \rightarrow b + 2\text{jets}$  (66%)

single  $t \rightarrow b + 1\ell + \text{MET}(\nu)$  (33%, w/o  $\tau$ : 22%)

$t\bar{t}$   $\rightarrow b\bar{b} + 4\text{jets}$  (45%)

$t\bar{t}$   $\rightarrow b\bar{b} + 2\text{jets} + 1\ell + \text{MET}(\nu)$  (45%)

$t\bar{t}$   $\rightarrow b\bar{b} + 2\ell + \text{MET}(2\nu)$  (10%, w/o  $\tau$ : 5%)



- **Motivations** for measurement:

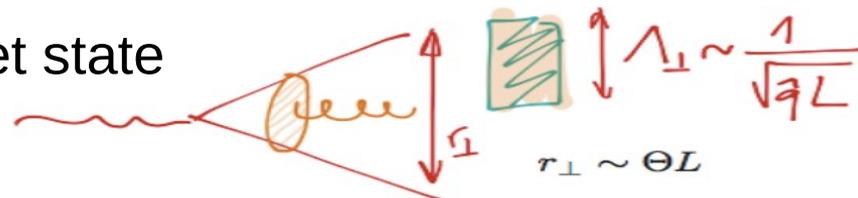
→ One of the few elementary particles (with  $\tau$ , H) **experimentally unobserved so far** in A-A collisions.

→ Probes **gluon nPDF** in unexplored range:  $x \sim 0.3 - 10^{-3}$ ,  $Q \sim m_t \sim 173$  GeV

→ Decay within-QGP: **Colour reconnection** of decay  $b$ ,  $q$ 's ?

→ **Boosted single-top** ( $>1$  TeV):  $\tau > 1$  fm/c (gluon radiation in QGP)

→ **Boosted  $t$ - $\bar{t}$  pair** = color-singlet state probes medium opacity at different time-scales



# Top-quark discovery in nuclear collisions

- Top-quark decays ( $\tau \sim 0.1$  fm/c) before hadronization into  $W+b$  (BR  $\sim 100\%$ ,  $V_{tb} \sim 1$ ):

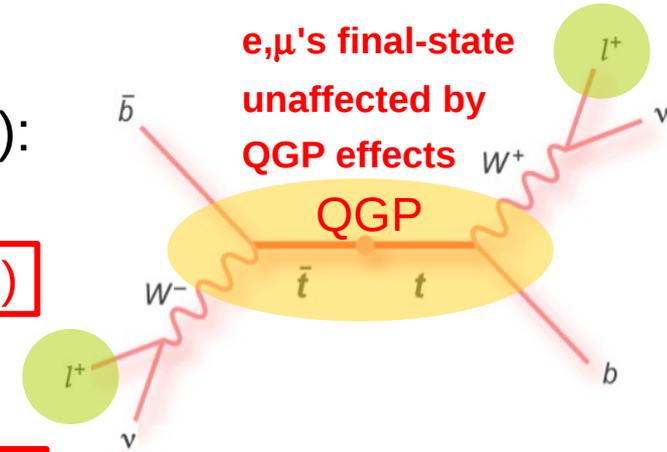
single  $t \rightarrow b + 2\text{jets}$  (66%)

single  $t \rightarrow b + 1\ell + \text{MET}(\nu)$  (33%, w/o  $\tau$ : 22%)

$t\bar{t}$   $\rightarrow b\bar{b} + 4\text{jets}$  (45%)

$t\bar{t}$   $\rightarrow b\bar{b} + 2\text{jets} + 1\ell + \text{MET}(\nu)$  (45%)

$t\bar{t}$   $\rightarrow b\bar{b} + 2\ell + \text{MET}(2\nu)$  (10%, w/o  $\tau$ : 5%)



- Motivations for measurement:

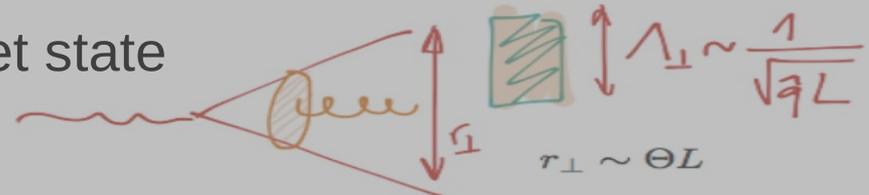
→ One of the few elementary particles (with  $\tau$ , H) experimentally unobserved so far in A-A collisions.

→ Probes gluon nPDF in unexplored range:  $x \sim 0.3 - 10^{-3}$ ,  $Q \sim m_t \sim 173$  GeV

→ Decay within-QGP: Colour reconnection of decay  $b$ ,  $q$ 's ?

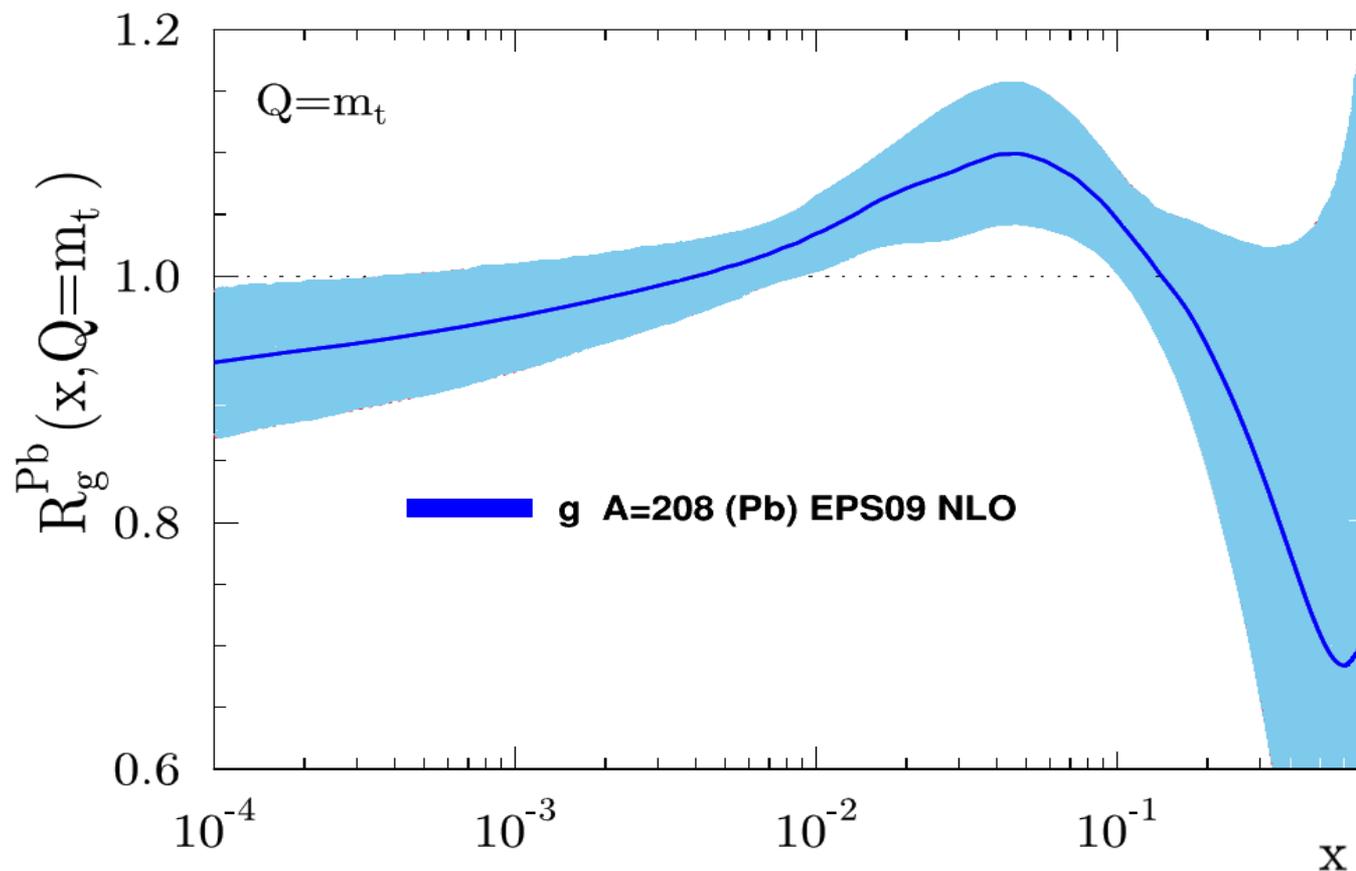
→ Boosted single-top ( $>1$  TeV):  $\tau > 1$  fm/c (gluon radiation in QGP)

→ Boosted  $t$ - $\bar{t}$  pair = color-singlet state probes medium opacity at different time-scales



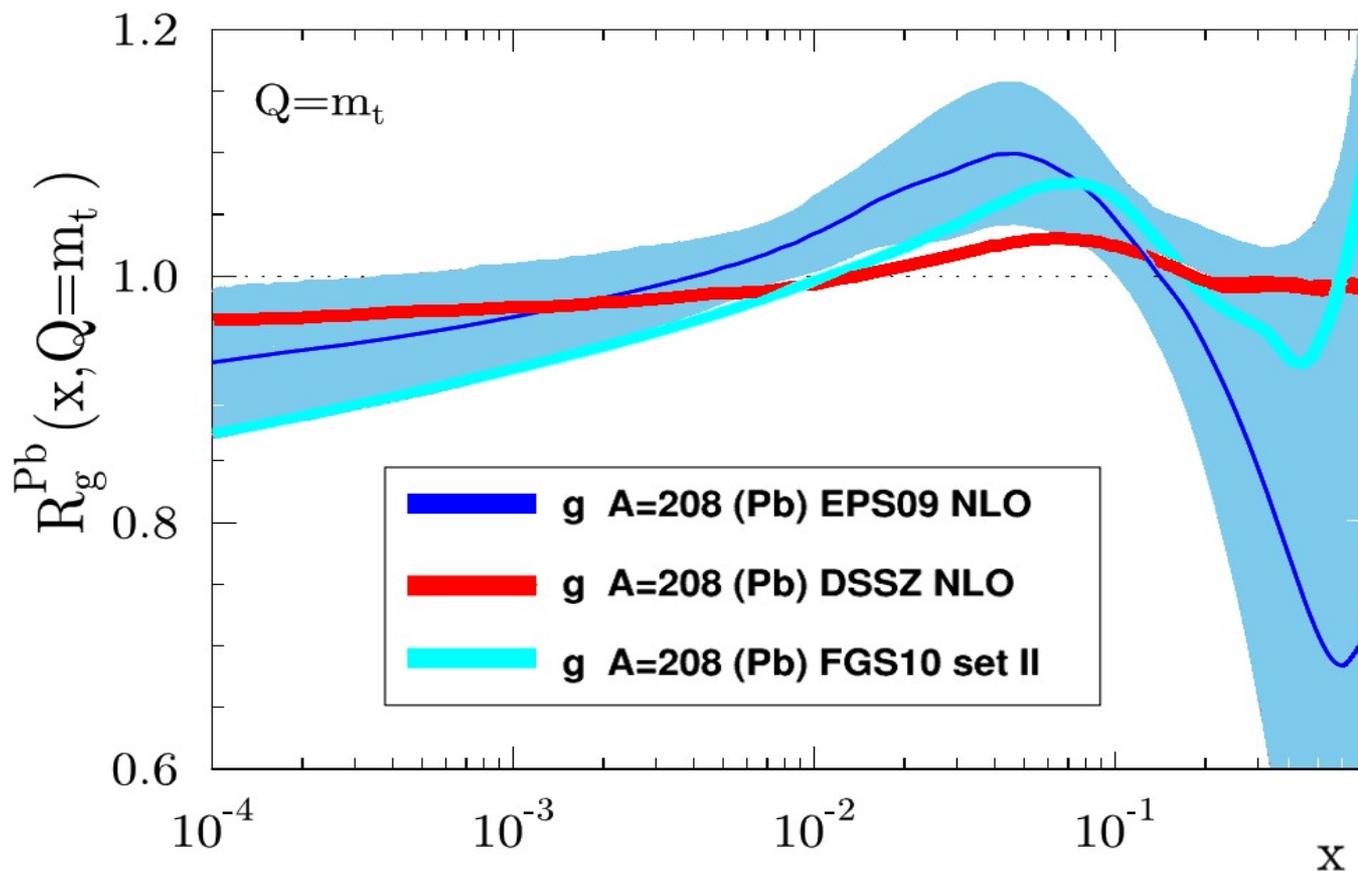
# Pb gluon density (high $Q^2$ )

- Gluon density at  $Q^2 \sim m_t^2$  **badly known**, in particular in the **antishadowing and EMC regions**:



# Pb gluon density (high $Q^2$ )

- Gluon density at  $Q^2 \sim m_t^2$  **badly known**, in particular in the antishadowing and EMC regions:



# Theoretical setup

## ■ MCFM v6.7 NLO event calculator:

→ Parton densities:

Proton PDF: CT10 NLO

Pb nPDF: EPS09 NLO (central + 30 error sets)

Isospin (u,d quark) effects included.

→ Scales choice:  $\mu = \mu_F = \mu_R = m_{\text{top}}$

Variations not considered as they mostly cancel in  $R_{\text{AA}}$  ratios.

## ■ MCFM processes:

**t-tbar**: nproc = 141 (total & semileptonic decays):

141 |  $t(\rightarrow \nu(p_3) + e^+(p_4) + b(p_5)) + \bar{t}(\rightarrow b(p_6) + e^-(p_7) + \bar{\nu}(p_8))$  | NLO

**Single-top**: nproc = 161,171; 166,776 (total & semileptonic decay):

161 |  $t(\rightarrow \nu(p_3) + e^+(p_4) + b(p_5)) + q(p_6)[\text{t-channel}]$  | NLO

166 |  $\bar{t}(\rightarrow e^-(p_3) + \bar{\nu}(p_4) + \bar{b}(p_5)) + q(p_6)[\text{t-channel}]$  | NLO

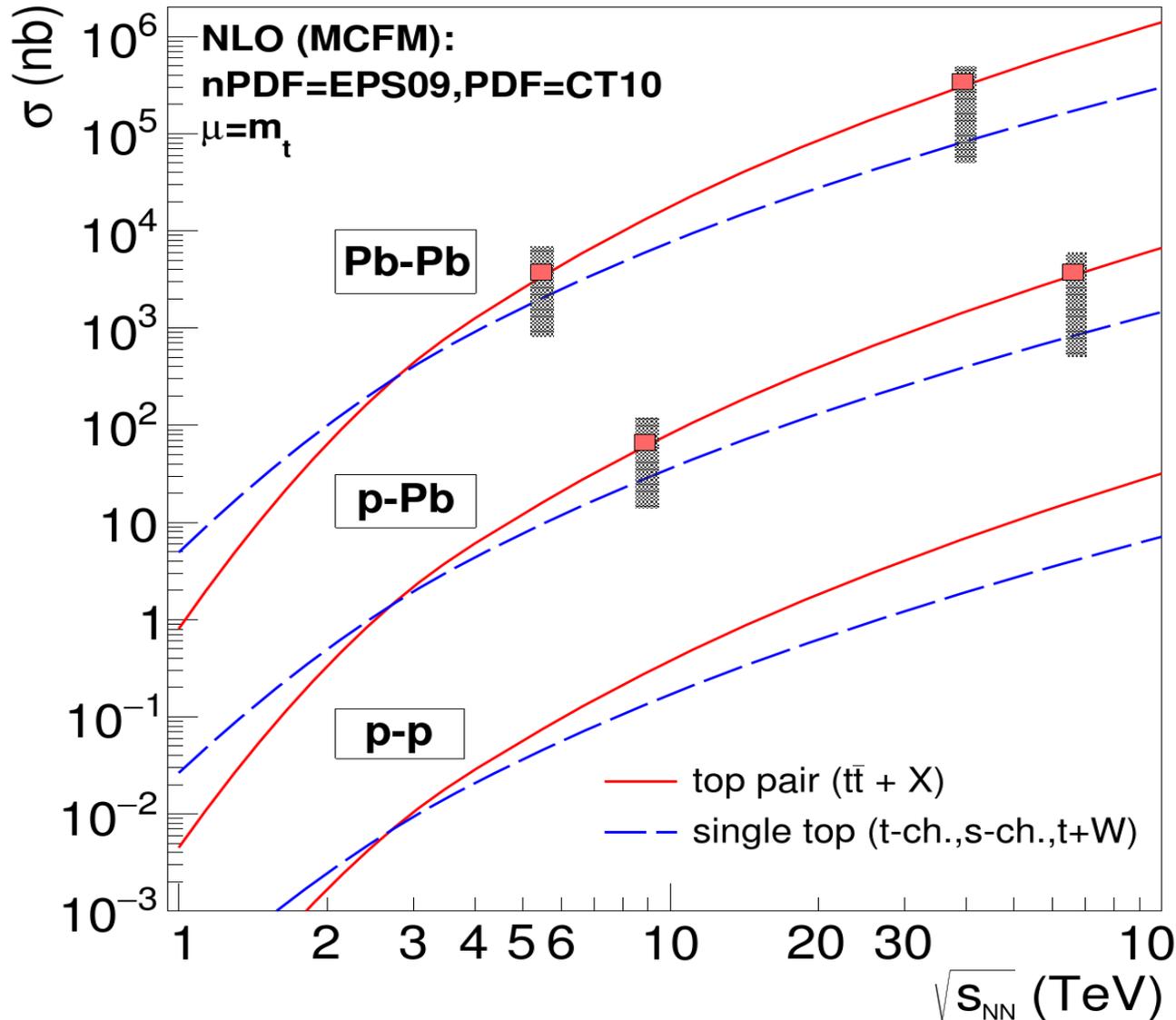
171 |  $t(\rightarrow \nu(p_3) + e^+(p_4) + b(p_5)) + b(p_6)[\text{s-channel}]$  | NLO

176 |  $\bar{t}(\rightarrow e^-(p_3) + \bar{\nu}(p_4) + \bar{b}(p_5)) + b(p_6)[\text{s-channel}]$  | NLO

## ■ Additional higher-order corrections (not included) are small:

K-factor=NNLO/NLO ~10% for ttbar & single-t

# t-tbar total x-sections in p-p, p-Pb, Pb-Pb



## ■ Pb-Pb:

LHC(5.5 TeV) = 3.4  $\mu\text{b}$

FCC(39 TeV) = 300  $\mu\text{b}$

## ■ p-Pb:

LHC(8.8 TeV) = 59 nb

FCC(63 TeV) = 3.2  $\mu\text{b}$

## ■ p-p (reference):

LHC(5.5 TeV) = 75 pb

LHC(8.8 TeV) = 270 pb

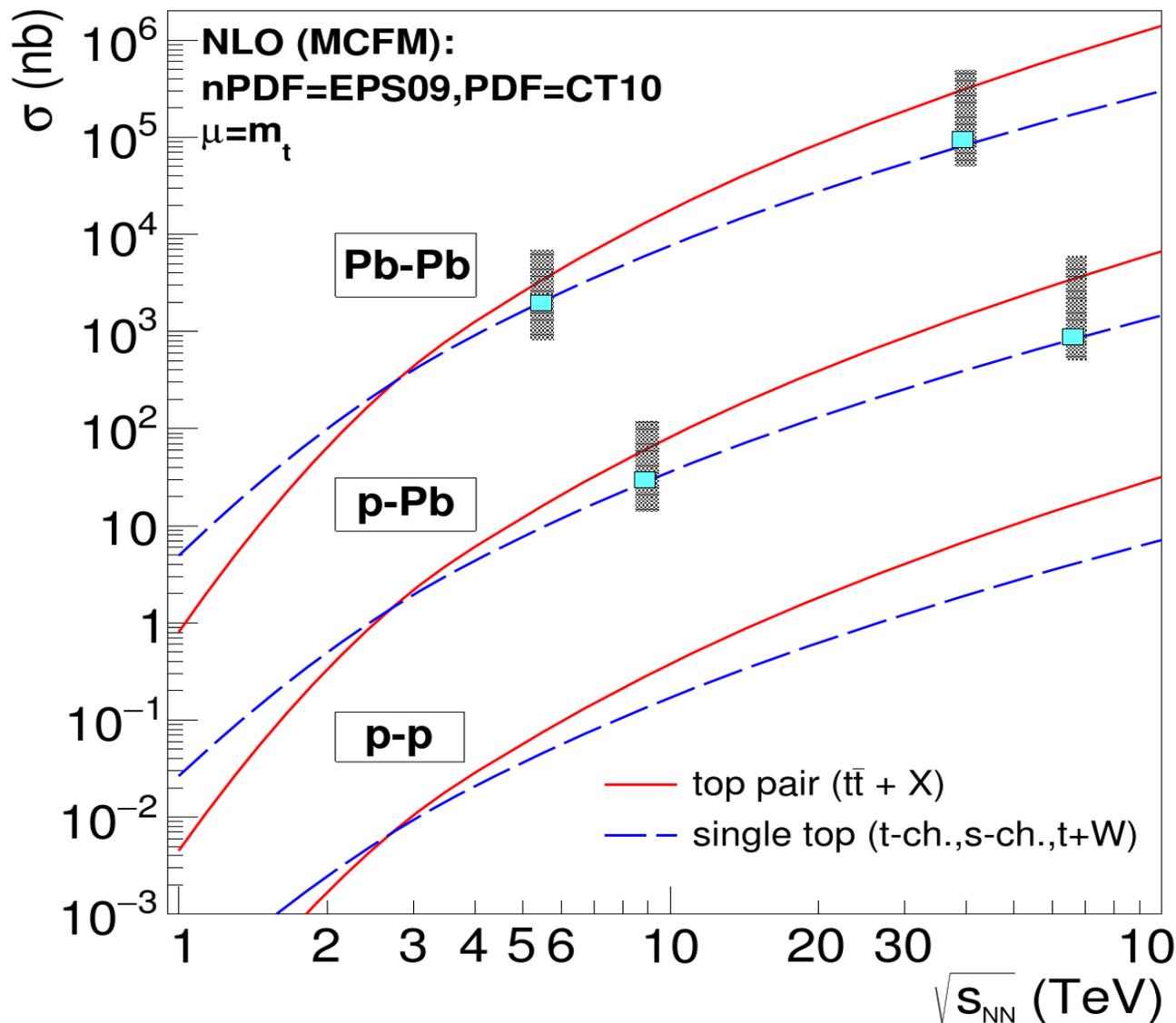
FCC(39 TeV) = 6.5 nb

FCC(63 TeV) = 15 nb

nPDF anti-shadowing  
increases  $\sigma_{tt}$  by +(2-8)%

→ Cross-sections increase by  $\times 55-85$  from LHC to FCC

# Single-top total x-sections in p-p, p-Pb, Pb-Pb



## ■ Pb-Pb:

LHC(5.5 TeV) = 1.7  $\mu\text{b}$

FCC(39 TeV) = 55  $\mu\text{b}$

## ■ p-Pb:

LHC(8.8 TeV) = 22 nb

FCC(63 TeV) = 530 nb

## ■ p-p (reference):

LHC(5.5 TeV) = 39 pb

LHC(8.8 TeV) = 105 pb

FCC(39 TeV) = 1.3 nb

FCC(63 TeV) = 2.6 nb

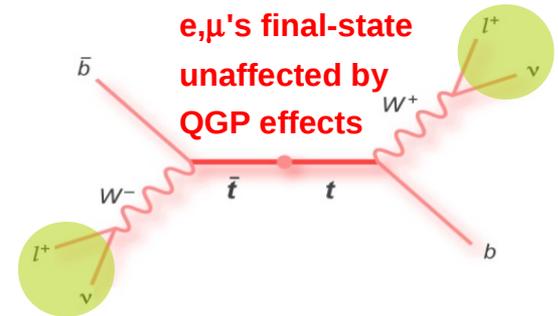
nPDF (anti)shadowing  
 changes  $\sigma_{\text{single-t}}$  by  $\pm 2\%$

→ Cross-sections increase by  $\times 25-30$  from LHC to FCC

# Top-quark dileptons measurement

## ■ Experimental setup:

- LHC (ATLAS/CMS):  $|\eta_{\text{lepton}}|, |\eta_{\text{b-jet}}| < 2.5$
- FCC (“CMS+LHCb”):  $|\eta_{\text{lepton}}|, |\eta_{\text{b-jet}}| < 5.0$



## ■ Analysis cuts (typical ones in p-p at LHC, lepton= $e, \mu$ ):

t-tbar:  $p_T(\text{lepton}), p_T(\text{b-jet}) > 20, 30 \text{ GeV}$ ;  $R_{\text{isol}}(\text{b-jet}, \text{lepton}) = 0.3$   
 $|\eta(\text{lepton})|, |\eta(\text{b-jet})| < 2.5 \text{ (LHC)}, 5.0 \text{ (FCC)}$   
 $\text{MET} > 40 \text{ GeV}$ ;  $m_{\parallel} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ;  $|m_{\parallel} - m_z| > 15 \text{ GeV}$

Single-t: Same cuts as for t-tbar  
(only  $W+t$ , backgrounds are much worst for s-, t-channel)

## ■ Acceptance & efficiency losses:

t-tbar:  $\text{Acc} \times \text{Eff} \sim 40\% \text{ (LHC)}, 50\% \text{ (FCC)}$

Single-top:  $\text{Acc} \times \text{Eff} \sim 21\% \text{ (LHC)}, 30\% \text{ (FCC)}$

## ■ Backgrounds ( $W, Z+j$ ): Controllable for t-tbar (much worst for single-t)

# Expected t-tbar & single-top yields

- Final-state:  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow b(\bar{b}) + 2\ell (e,\mu) + \text{MET}(2\nu)$
- Final-state:  $\text{single } t \rightarrow b + 1\ell (e,\mu) + \text{MET}(\nu)$

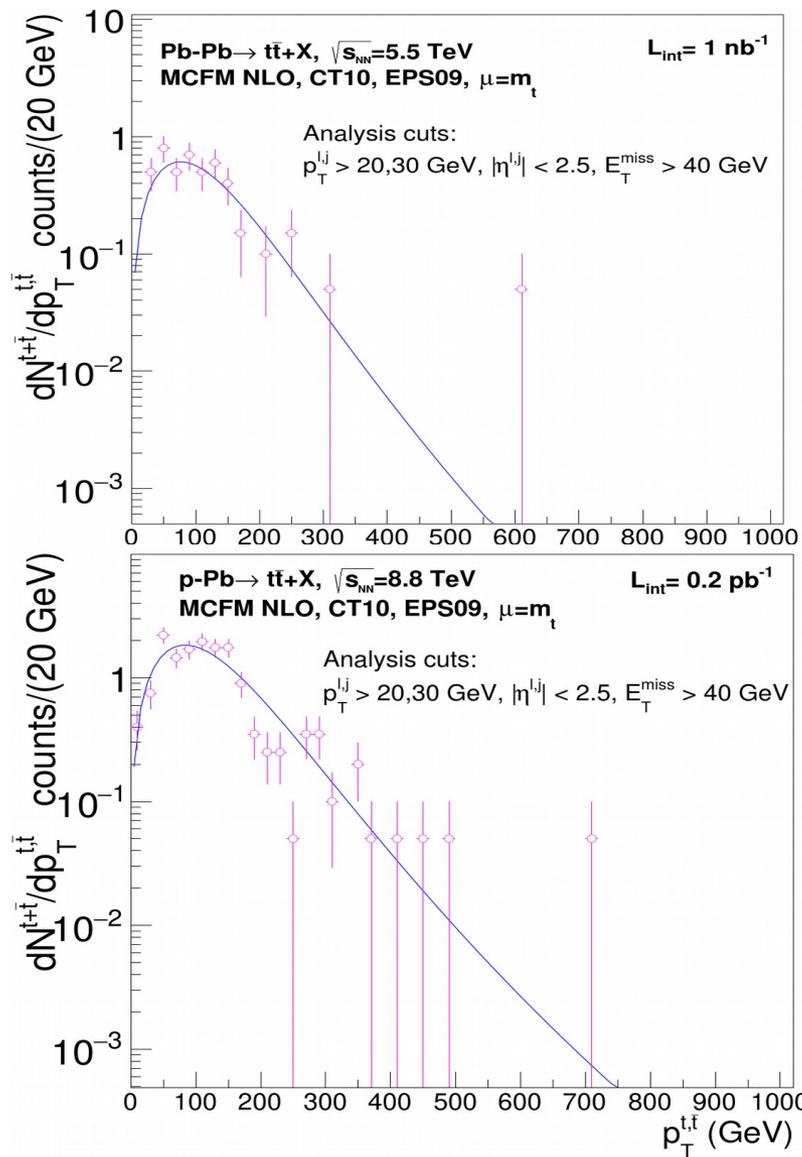


System	$\sqrt{s}_{NN}$	$L_{int}$	N(t-tbar)	N(t+W)
Pb-Pb	5.5 TeV	1 nb <sup>-1</sup>	90	3
		10 nb <sup>-1</sup>	900	30
p-Pb	8.8 TeV	0.2 pb <sup>-1</sup>	300	10
		1 pb <sup>-1</sup>	1.500	50
Pb-Pb	39 TeV	33 nb <sup>-1</sup>	310.000	8.600
p-Pb	63 TeV	8 pb <sup>-1</sup>	800.000	21.500

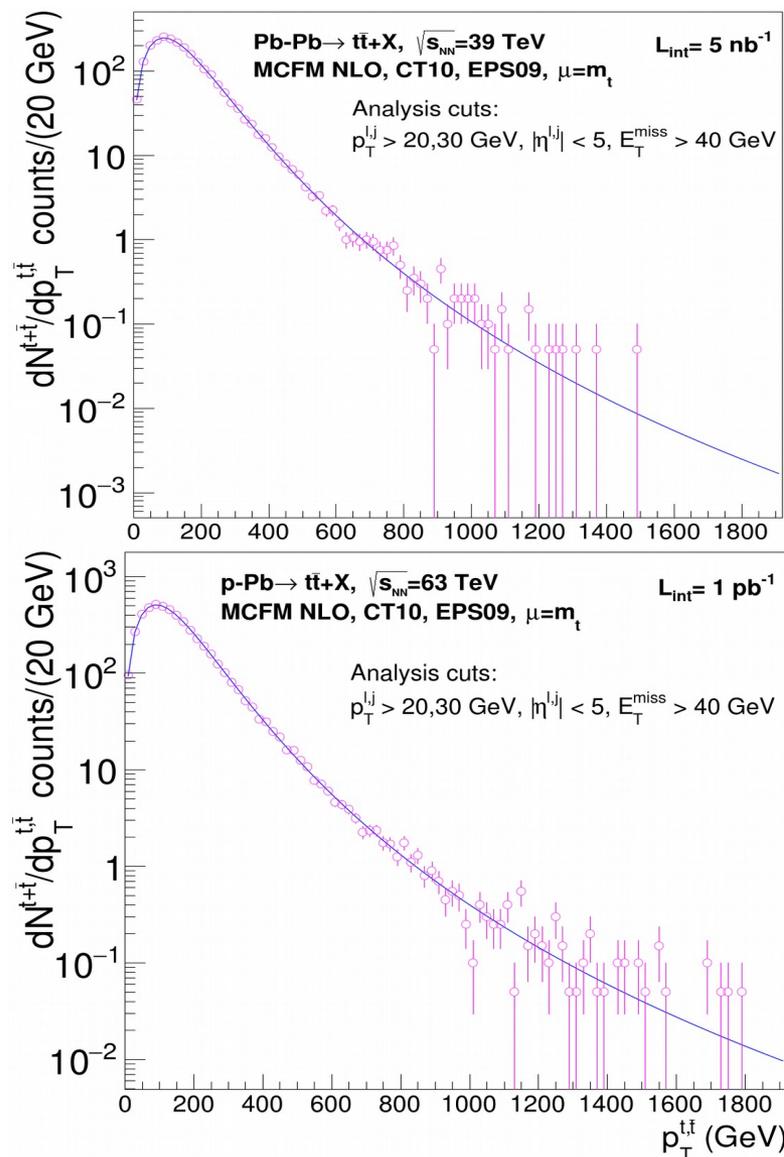
- LHC** (nominal  $L_{int}$ ):  $\sim 100$  t-tbar pairs in Pb-Pb, p-Pb  
 $O(10^3)$  tops for enhanced lumis.
- FCC** (nominal  $L_{int}$ ): **0.3–0.8 million** t-tbar pairs in Pb-Pb, p-Pb

# Differential top-pair $p_T$ distributions

■ LHC:  $p_T$  reach up to  $\sim 500$  GeV

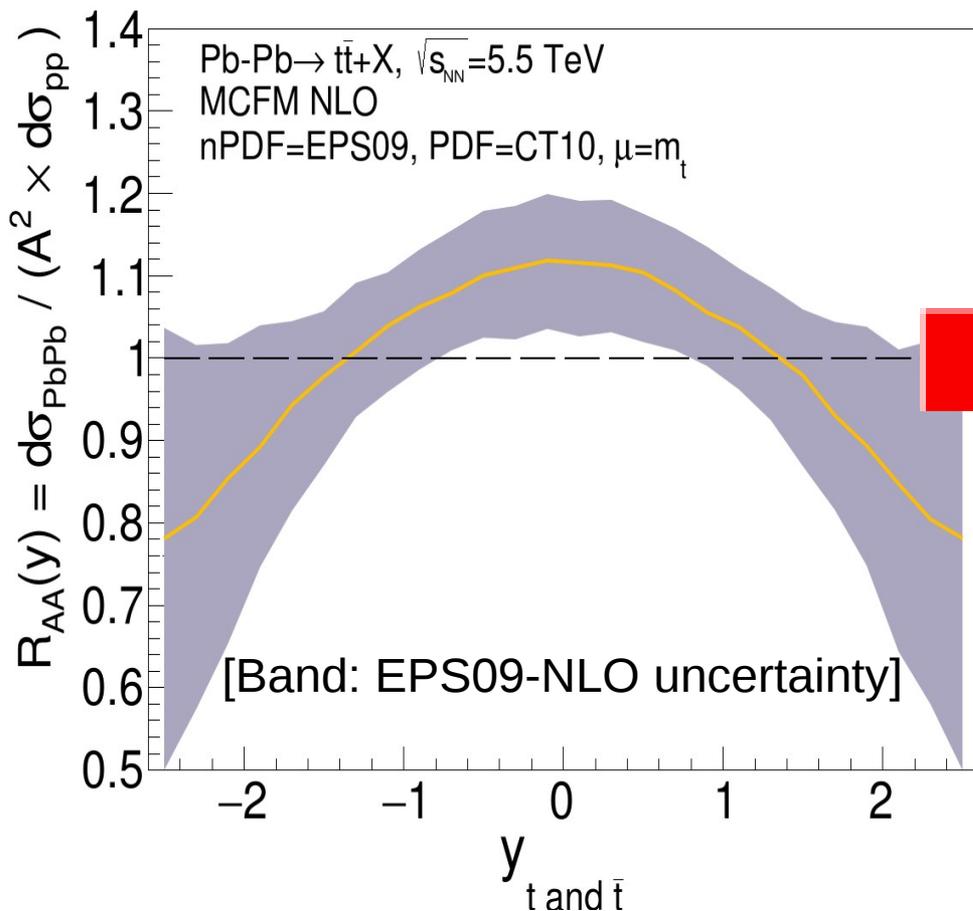


■ FCC:  $p_T$  reach up to  $\sim 2$  TeV



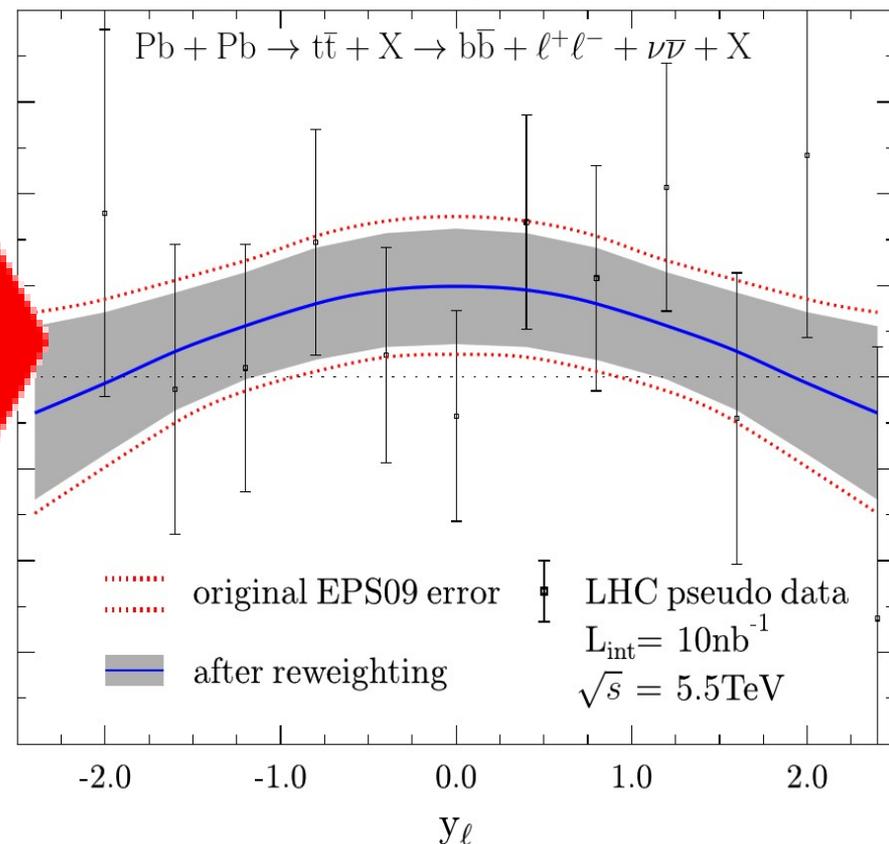
# PbPb $\rightarrow t\bar{t}+X$ (5.5 TeV): Nuclear modif. factor

■ **Top quarks** y-distrib. (MC level):



■ **nPDF effects (top):** -20% (fwd)  
+10% (cent.)

■ **Isolated lepton** y-distrib. after cuts:  
(Pseudodata for  $L_{int}=10 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ )

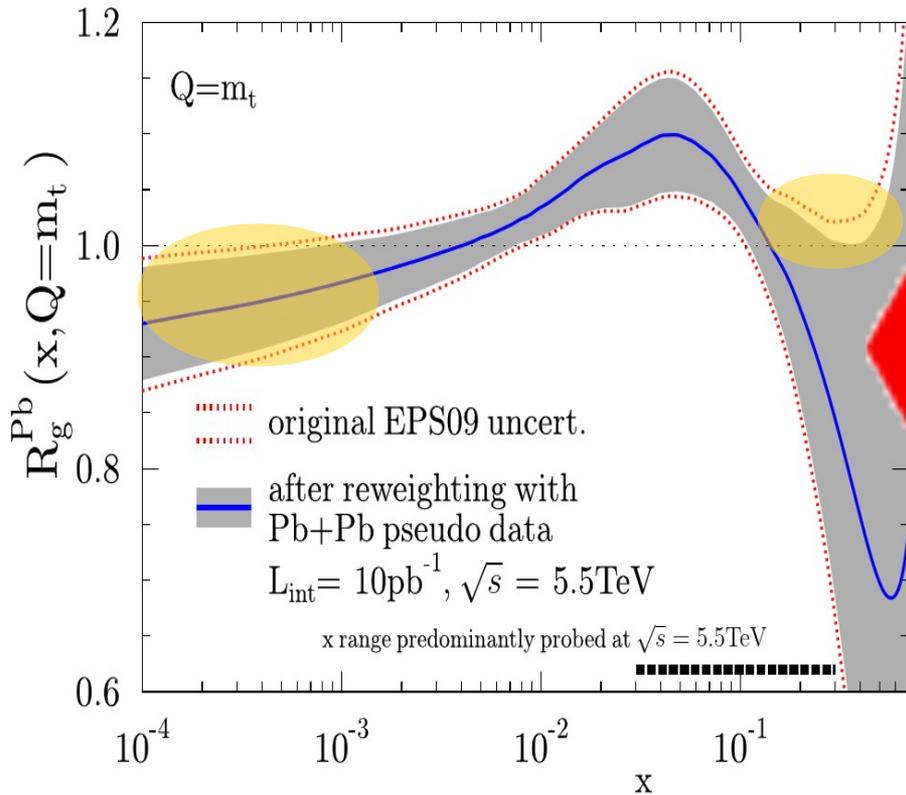


(stat. to dominate over syst. uncertainties)

■ **nPDF effects (lepton):**  $\pm 10\%$   
 $L_{int}=10 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ : some constraining power

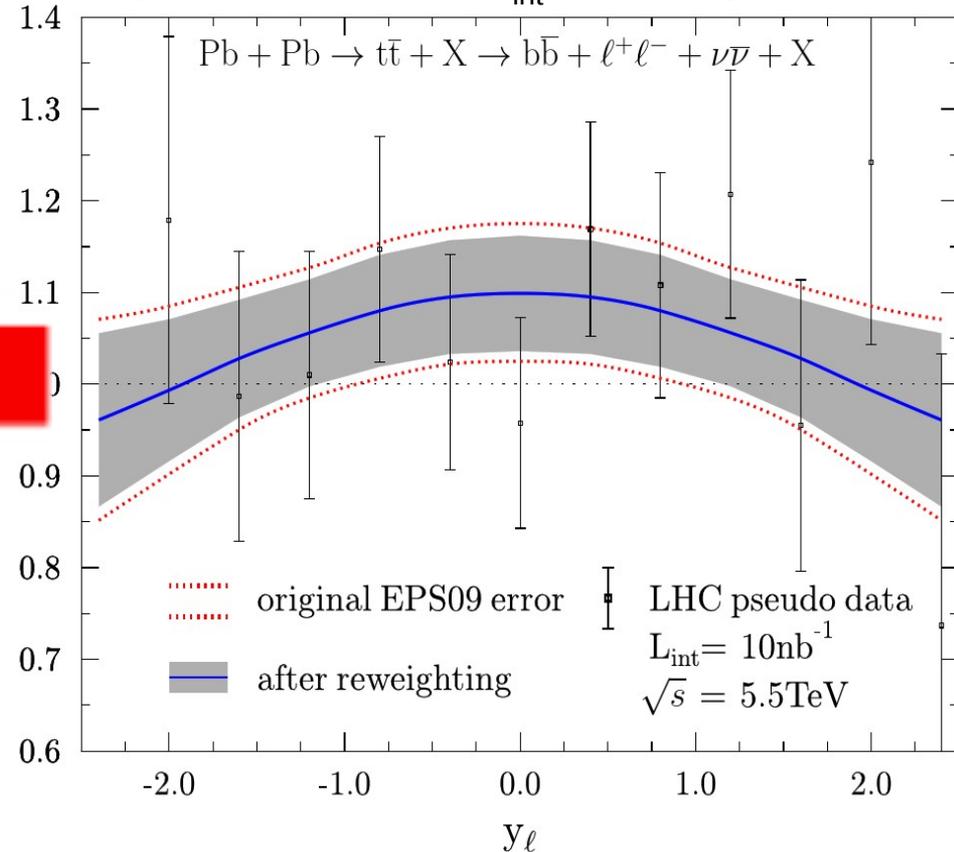
# PbPb $\rightarrow$ $t\bar{t}$ +X (5.5 TeV): Gluon density constraints

■ Improved gluon density via Hessian PDF reweighting



■ ~10% reduction in uncertainties at low x ( $x \sim 10^{-4} - 10^{-2}$ ) and EMC ( $x \sim 0.3$ ) regions

■ Isolated lepton y-distrib. after cuts: (Pseudodata for  $L_{int} = 10 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ )

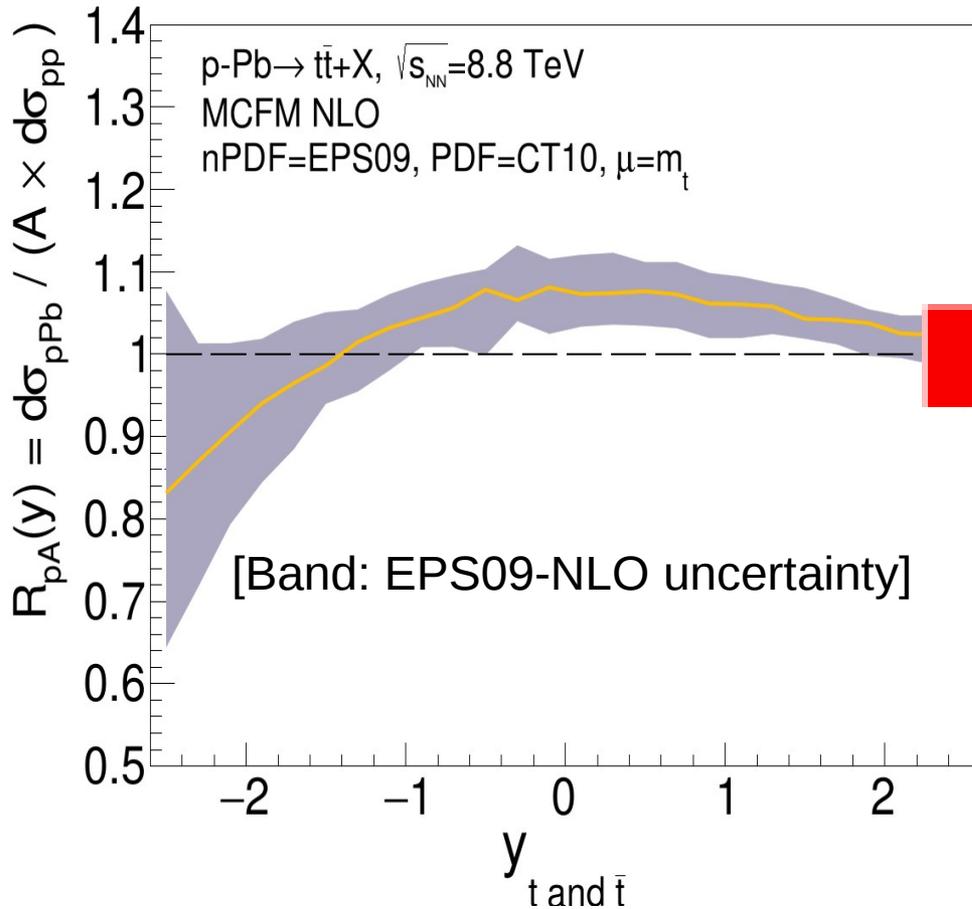


(stat. to dominate over syst. uncertainties)

■ nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm 10\%$   
 $L_{int} = 10 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ : some constraining power

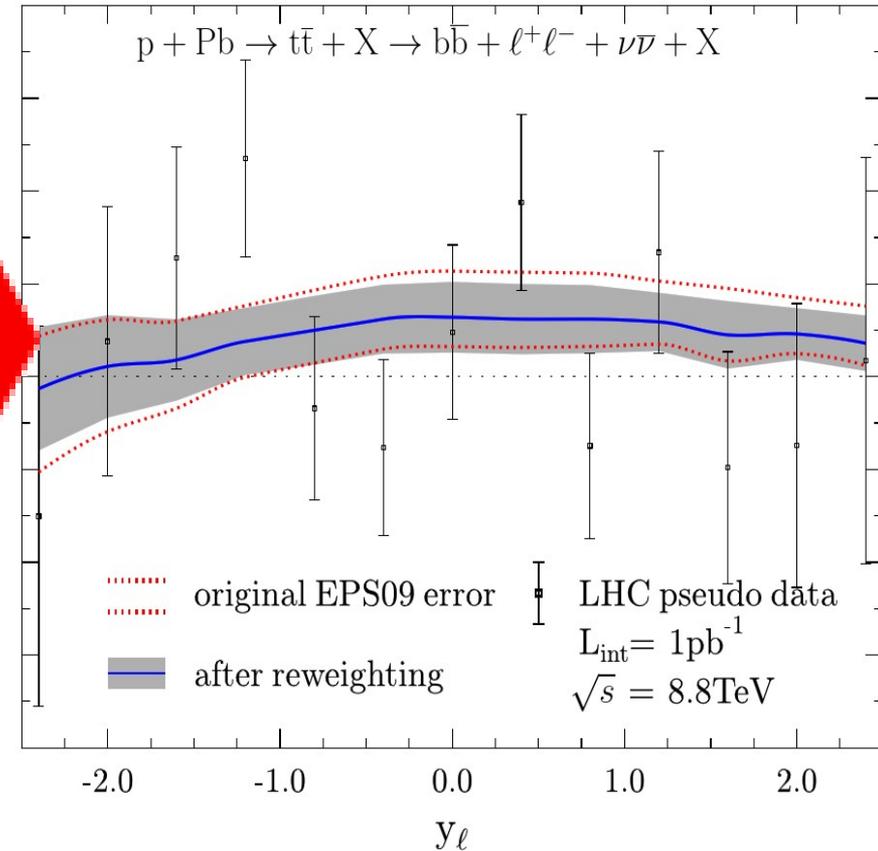
# pPb $\rightarrow$ ttbar+X (8.8 TeV): Nuclear modif. factor

■ Top quarks y-distrib. (MC level):



■ nPDF effects (top):  $\pm 10\%$   
(central/fwd. rapidities)

■ Isolated lepton y-distrib. after cuts:  
(Pseudodata for  $L_{int}=1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )

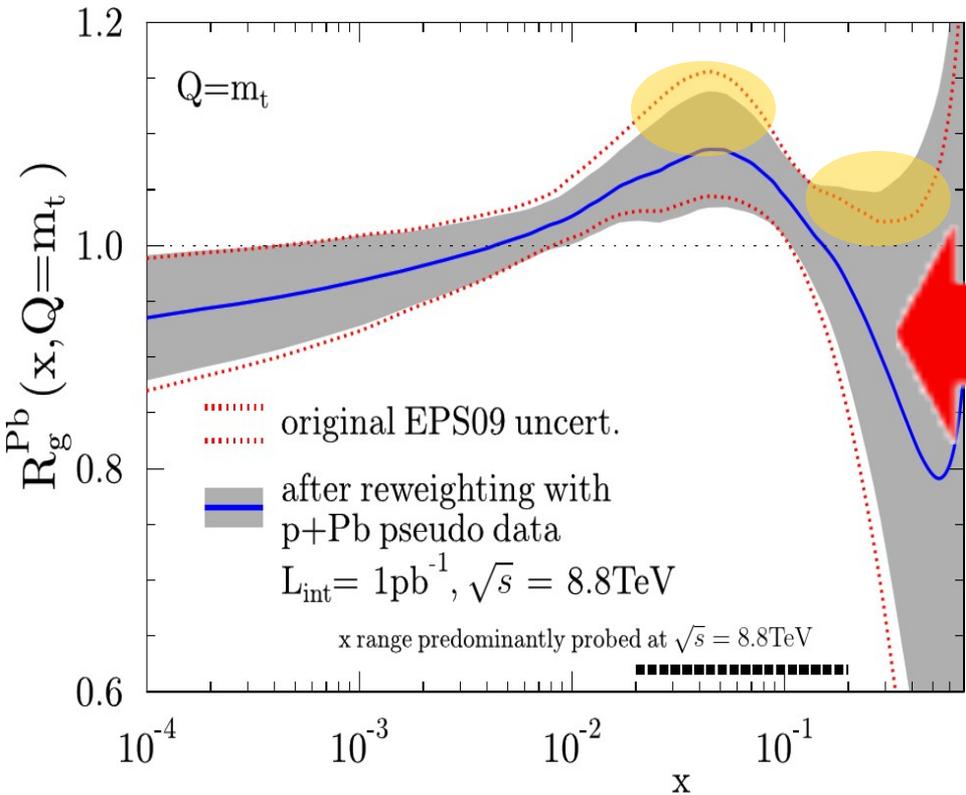


(stat. to dominate over syst. uncertainties)

■ nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm 10\%$   
 $L_{int}=1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ : some constraining power

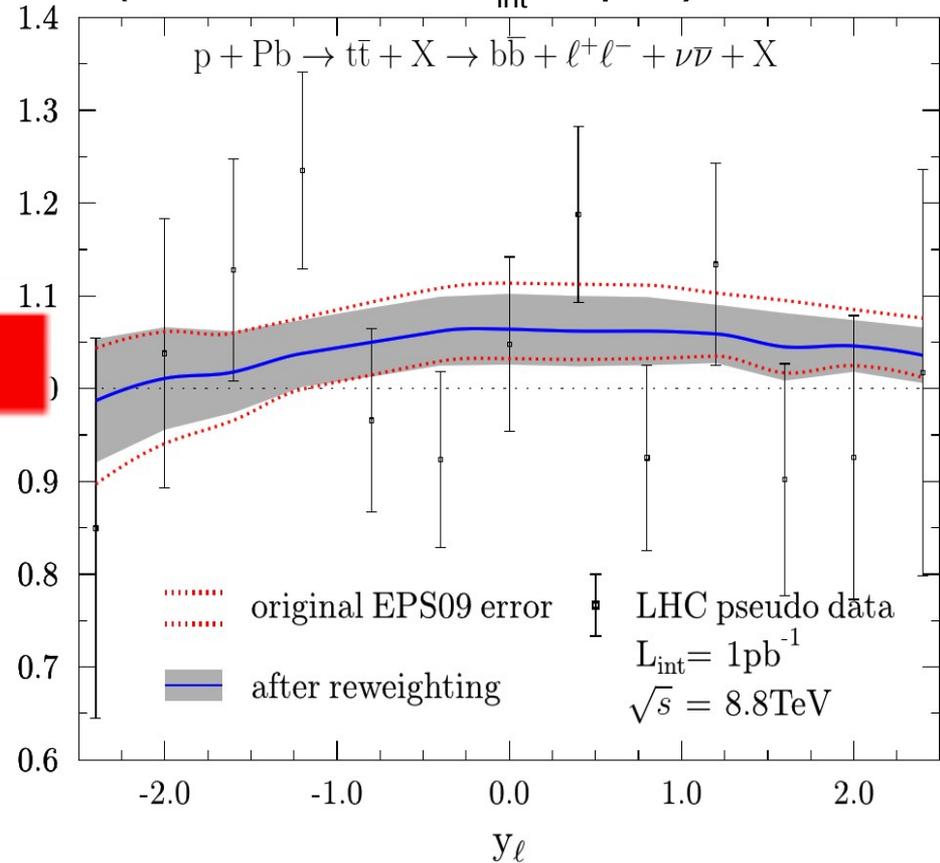
# pPb $\rightarrow$ ttbar+X (8.8 TeV): Gluon density constraints

■ Improved gluon density via Hessian PDF reweighting



■ ~10% reduction in uncertainties at antishadowing ( $x \sim 0.05$ ) and EMC ( $x \sim 0.4$ ) regions.

■ Isolated lepton y-distrib. after cuts: (Pseudodata for  $L_{int} = 1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )



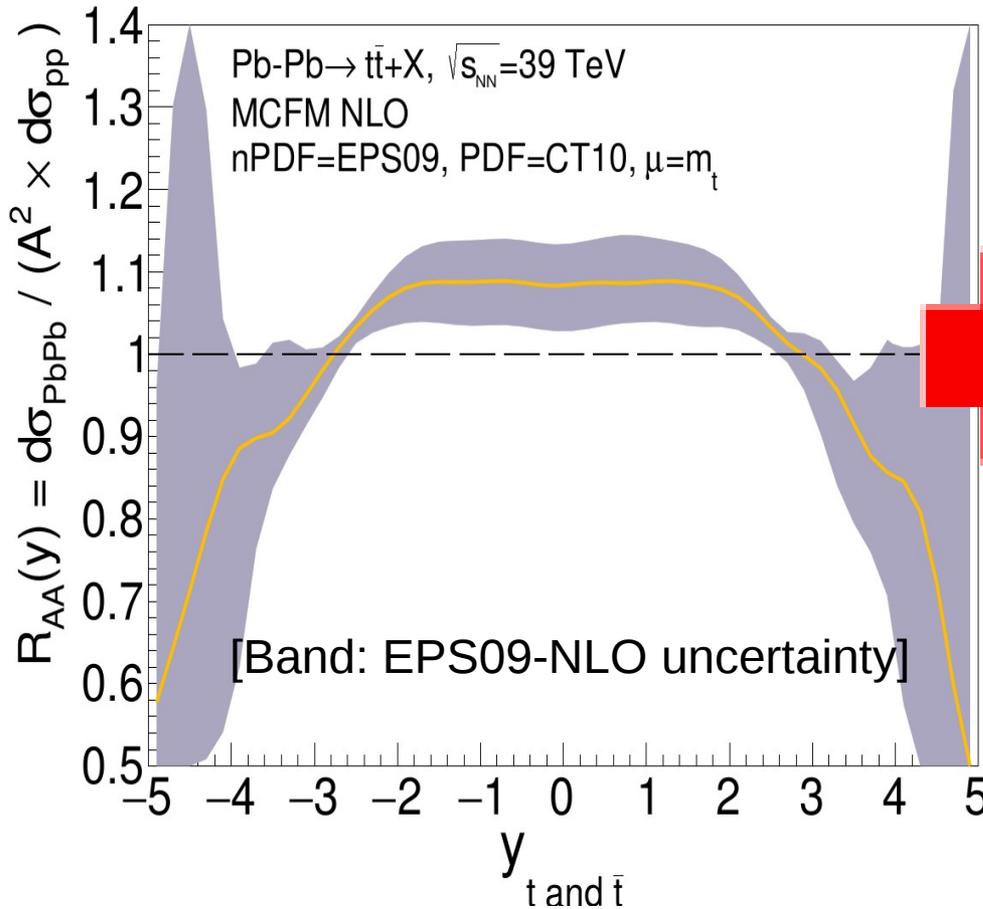
(stat. to dominate over syst. uncertainties)

■ nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm 10\%$

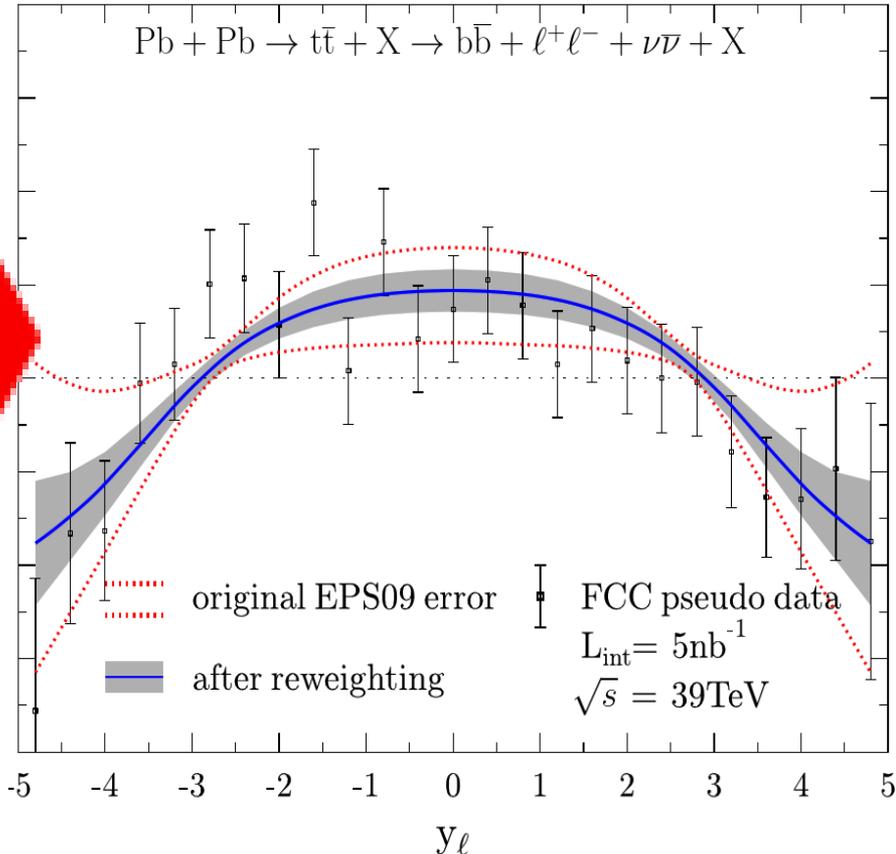
$L_{int} = 1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ : some constraining power

# PbPb $\rightarrow t\bar{t} + X$ (39 TeV): Nuclear modif. factor

■ **Top quarks** y-distrib. (MC level):



■ **Isolated lepton** y-distrib. after cuts:  
(Pseudodata for  $L_{int} = 5 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ )



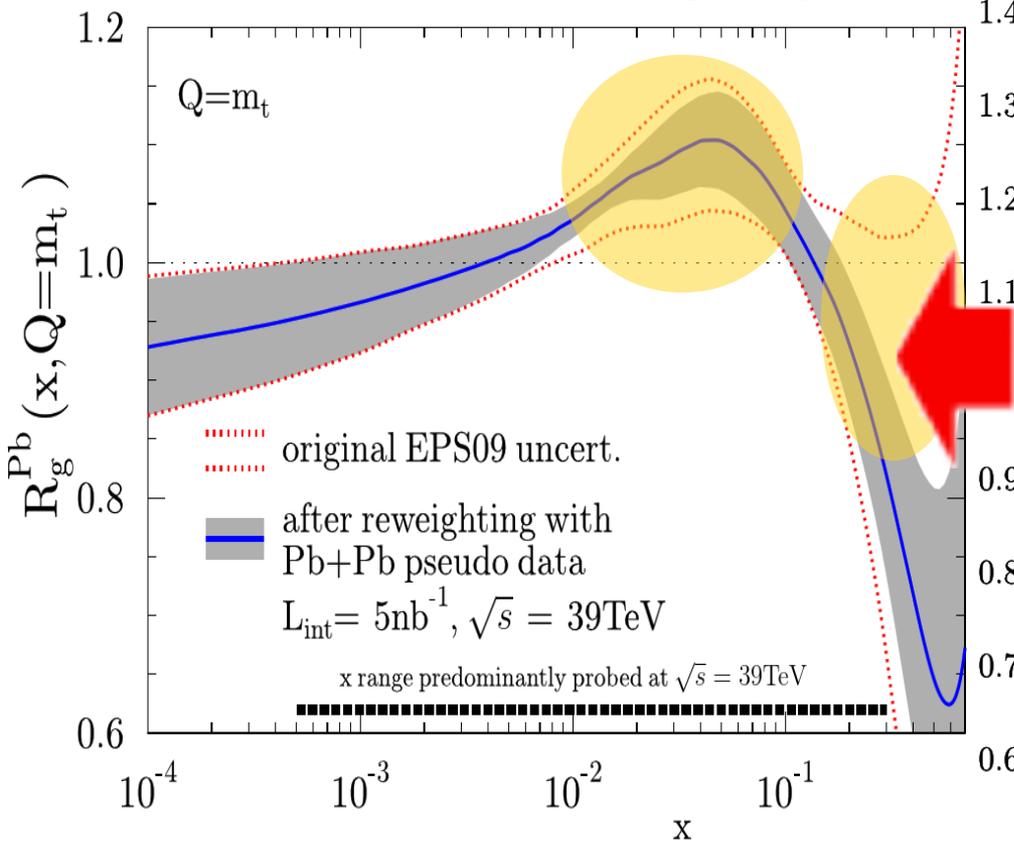
(stat. to dominate over syst. uncertainties)

■ **nPDF effects (top): -20% (fwd/backwd.)  
+10% (central)**

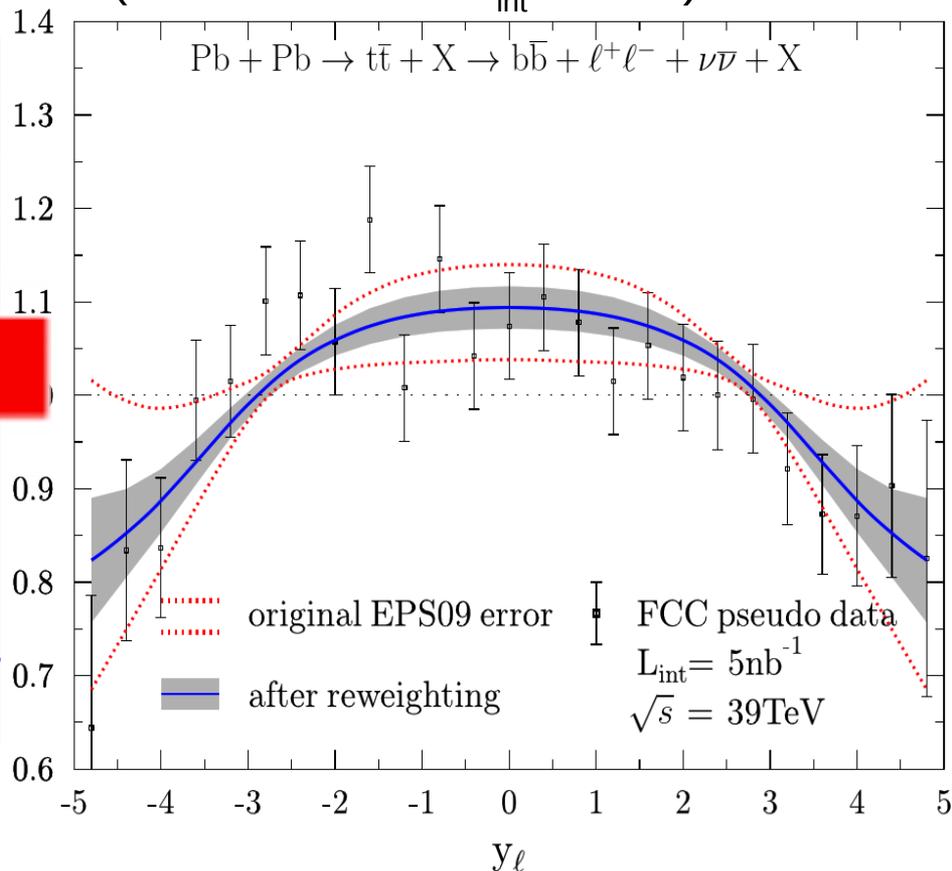
■ **nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm(10-20)\%$   
Strong constraining power**

# PbPb $\rightarrow t\bar{t} + X$ (39 TeV): Gluon density constraints

■ Improved gluon density via Hessian PDF reweighting



■ Isolated lepton  $y$ -distrib. after cuts: (Pseudodata for  $L_{int} = 5 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ )



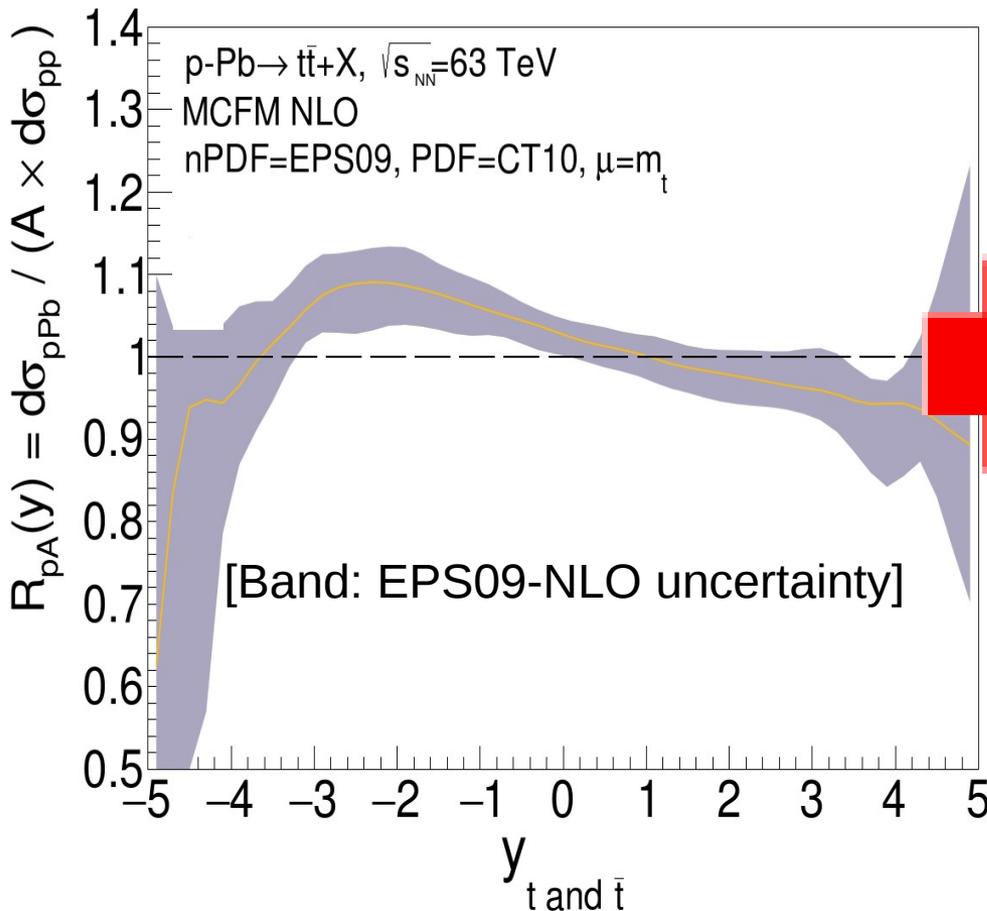
■ Significant reduction in uncertainties at antishadowing ( $x \sim 0.05$ ) and EMC region ( $x \sim 0.5$ ) regions

(stat. to dominate over syst. uncertainties)

■ nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm(10-20)\%$   
Strong constraining power

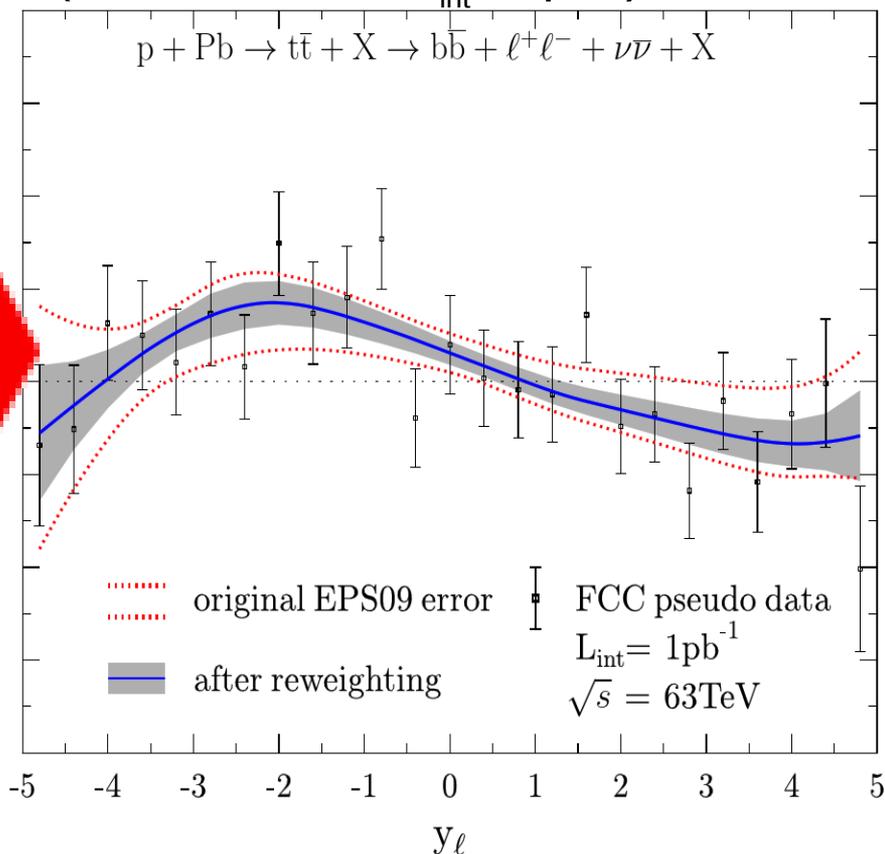
# pPb $\rightarrow$ ttbar+X (63 TeV): Nuclear modif. factor

■ **Top quarks** y-distrib. (MC level):



■ **nPDF effects (top): -30%** (bckwd)  
 **$\pm 10\%$**  (fwd/cent)

■ **Isolated lepton** y-distrib. after cuts:  
(Pseudodata for  $L_{int}=1$  pb $^{-1}$ )

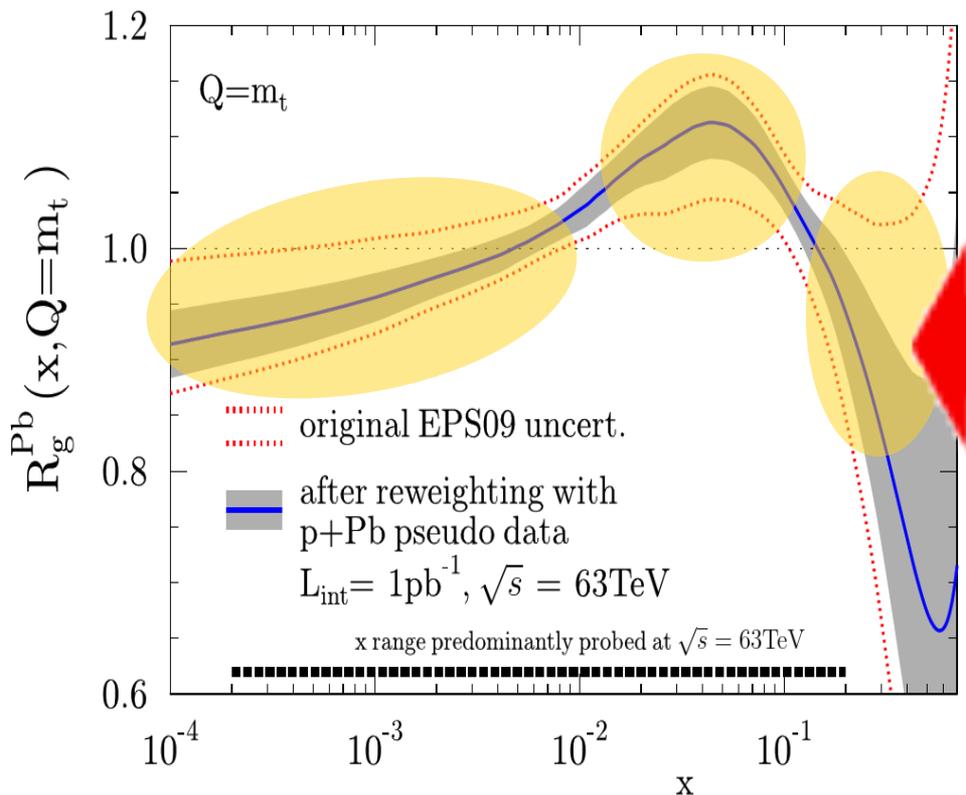


(stat. to dominate over syst. uncertainties)

■ **nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm 10\%$**   
**Strong constraining power**

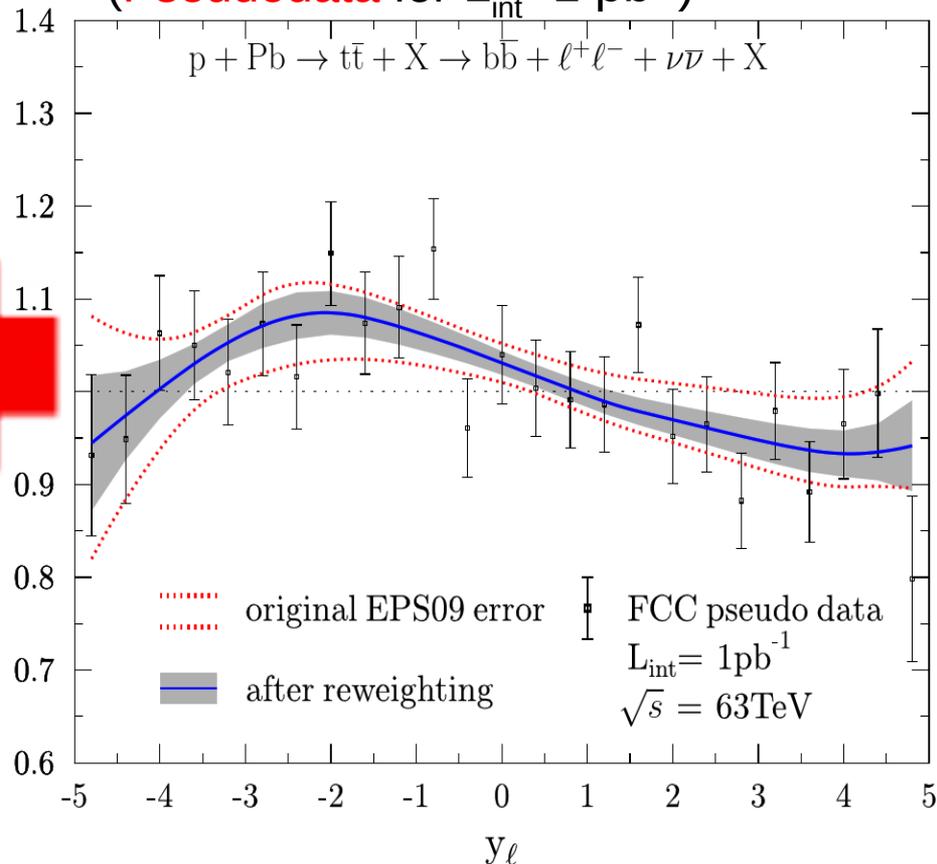
# pPb $\rightarrow$ ttbar+X (63 TeV): Gluon density constraints

■ Improved gluon density via Hessian PDF reweighting



■ Significant reduction in uncertainties at low- $x$  ( $x < 10^{-2}$ ), antishadowing ( $x \sim 0.05$ ) and EMC ( $x \sim 0.5$ ) regions

■ Isolated lepton  $y$ -distrib. after cuts: (Pseudodata for  $L_{\text{int}} = 1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )

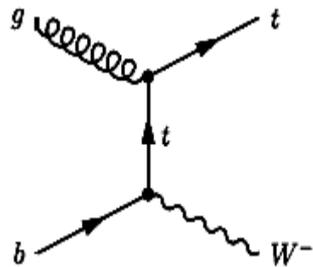
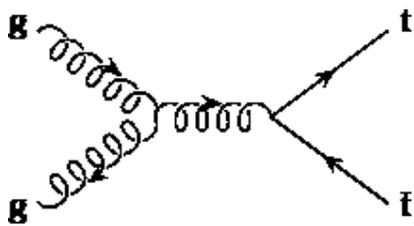


(stat. to dominate over syst. uncertainties)

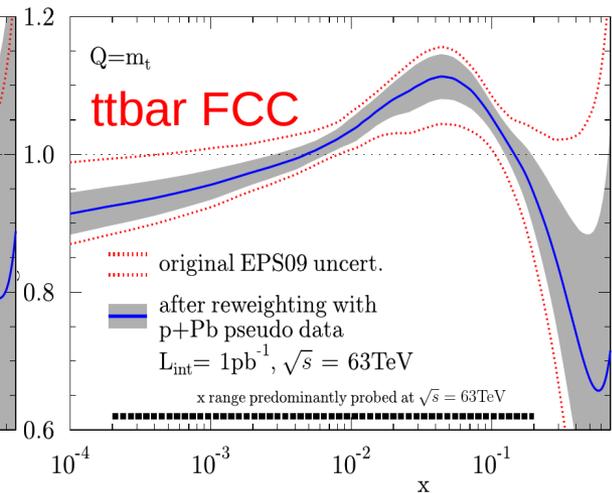
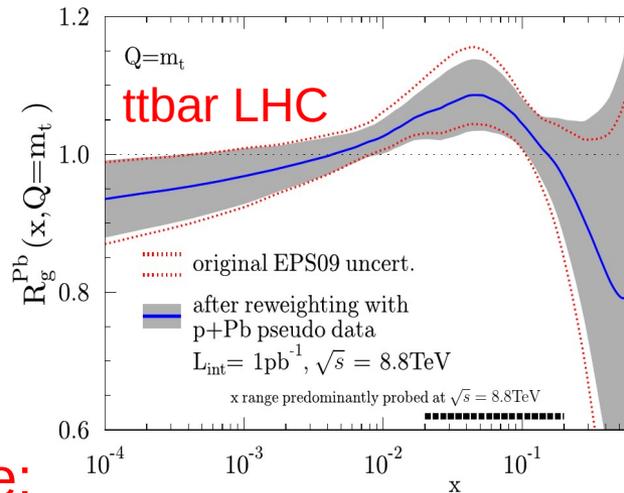
■ nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm 10\%$   
Strong constraining power

# Conclusion

- **Top quark** (pair & single?) **production is clearly observable** in nuclear collisions (p-Pb & Pb-Pb) at LHC/FCC.
- **MCFM: NLO, CT10 PDF, EPS09 nPDF (30 error sets):**



- **Yields (semileptonic W decays) after std. cuts:**  
**LHC: 90-300 t-tbar pairs & few single-t** (nominal  $L_{int}$ )  
 $O(10^3)$  top-pairs for enhanced lumis.  
**FCC: 0.3–0.8 million t-tbar pairs &  $\sim 10^4$  single-top**



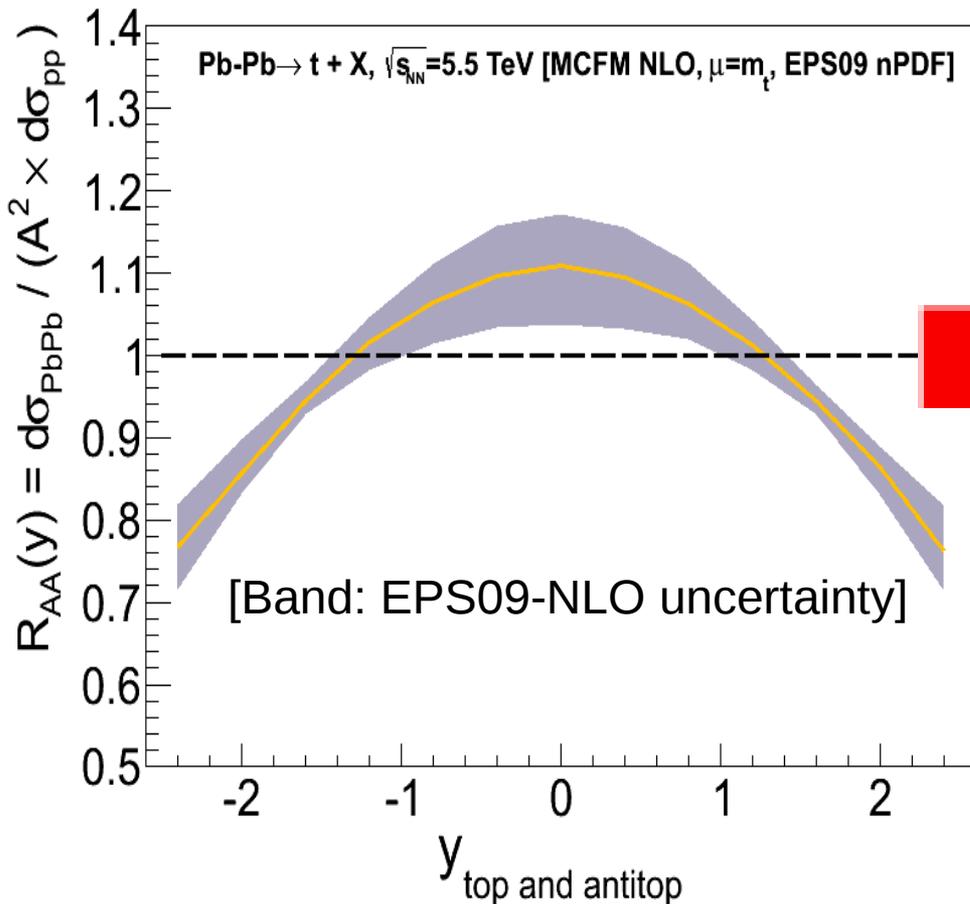
- **Novel interesting physics accessible:**

- LHC: 1<sup>st</sup> obs. of heaviest elementary particle in A-A. Mild PDF constraints
- FCC: Strong **nPDF constraints** in unexplored range:  $x \sim 10^{-3} - 0.3$ ,  $Q \sim m_t$
- FCC: QGP effects: **Color reconnect., g-radiation, color-singlet evolution...**

# Back-up slides

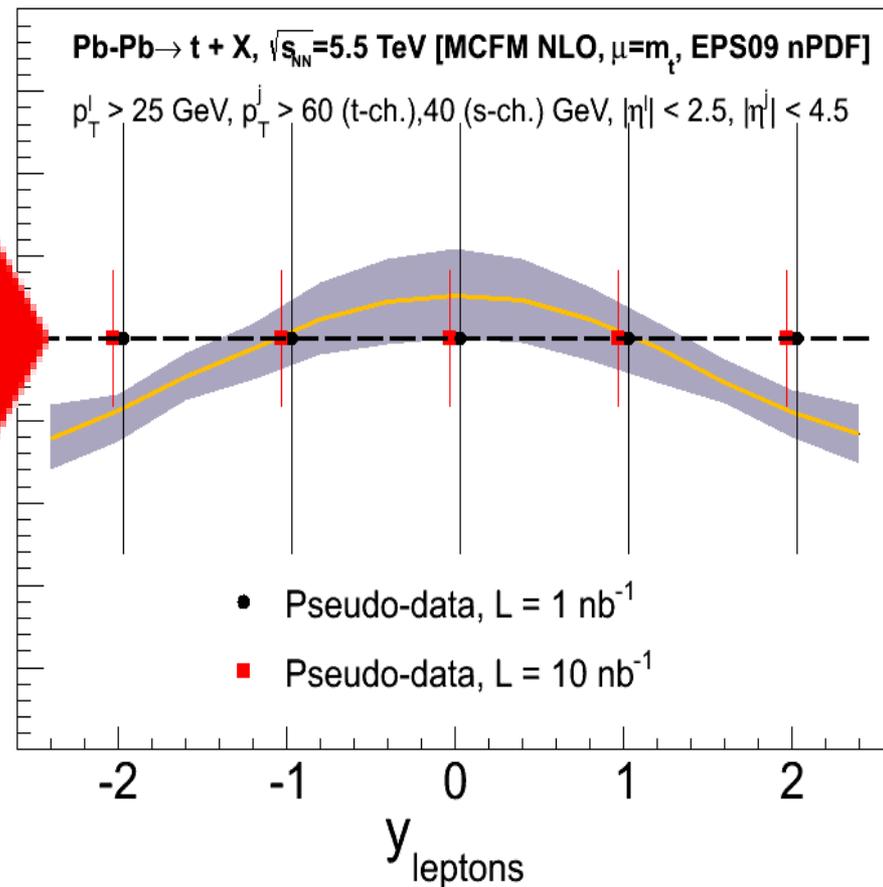
# PbPb $\rightarrow$ single-t+X (5.5 TeV): Nuclear modif. factor

- Top quark y-distrib. (no cuts):



- nPDF effects (top):  $\pm 20$  (cent./fwd)  
Smaller nPDF uncertainties than t-tbar

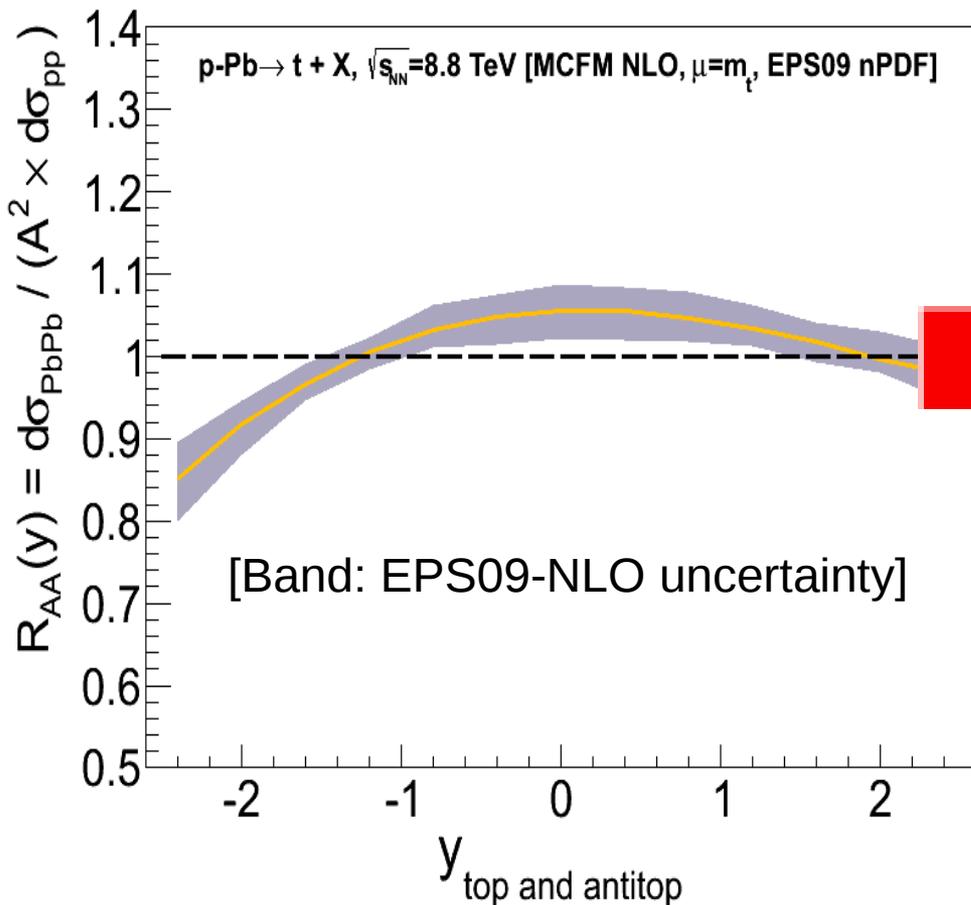
- Isolated lepton y-distrib. after cuts:  
(Pseudodata for  $L_{\text{int}} = 10 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ )



- nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm 10\%$   
 $L_{\text{int}} = 10 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ : some constraining power  
(iff large background controlled)

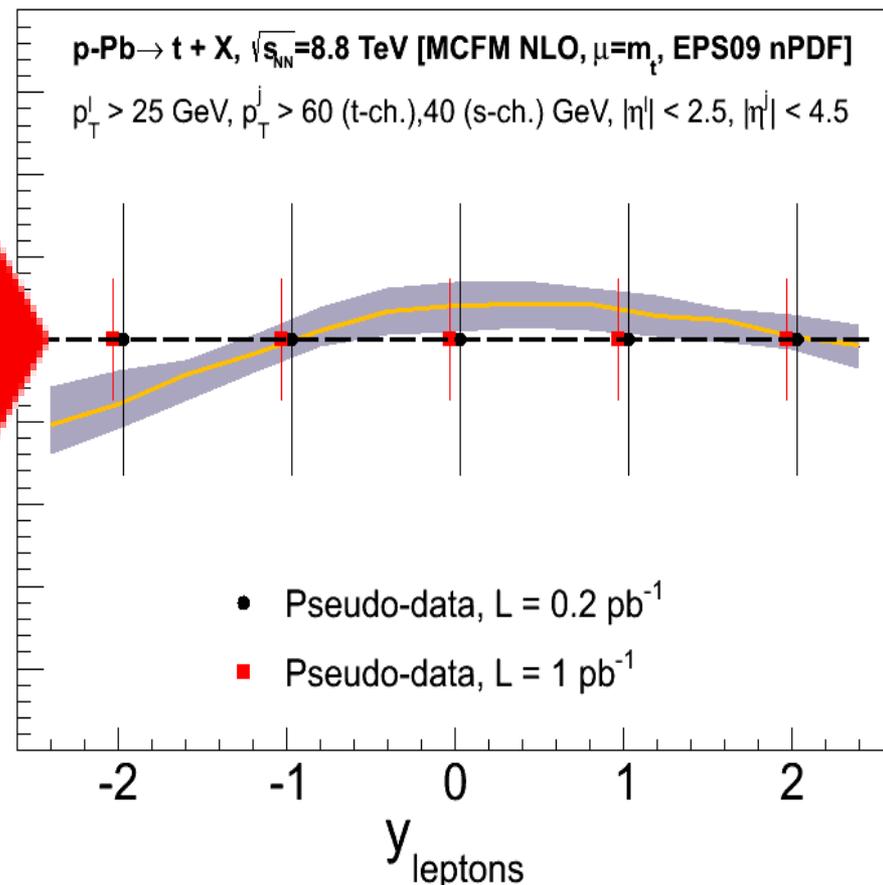
# pPb $\rightarrow$ single-t+X (8.8 TeV): Nuclear modif. factor

■ Top quark y-distrib. (no cuts):



■ nPDF effects (top):  $\pm 10$  (cent./fwd.)  
Smaller nPDF uncertainties than t-tbar

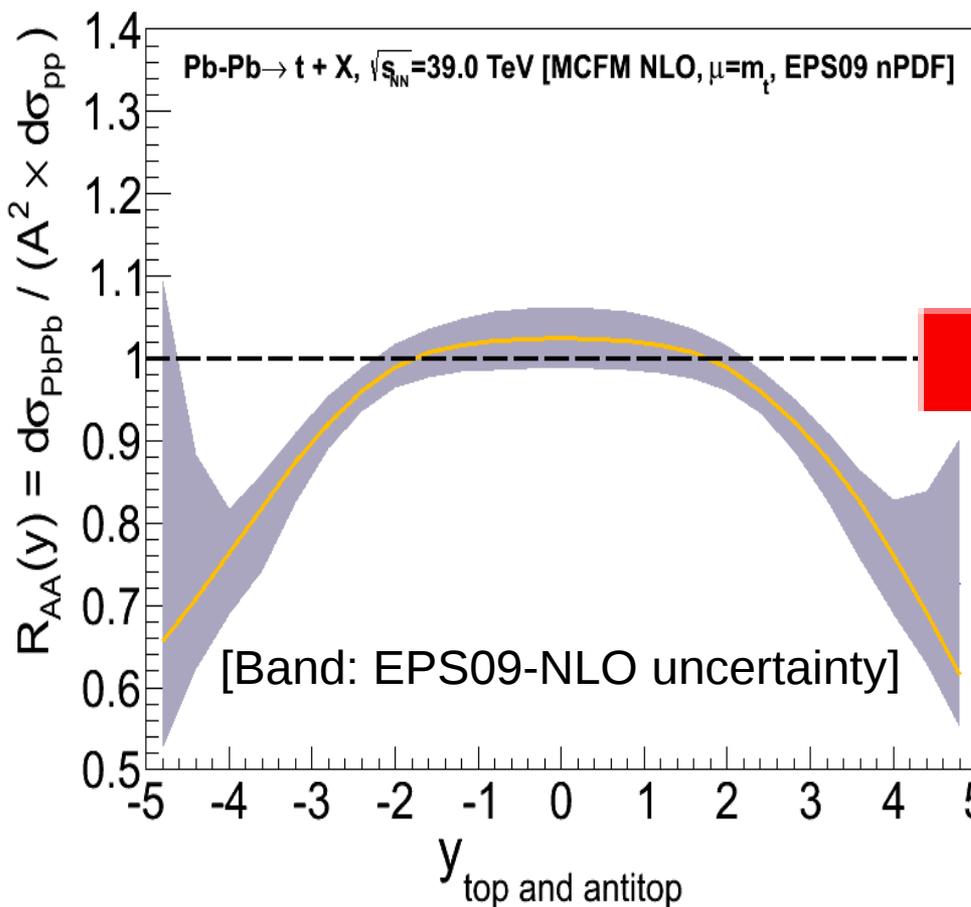
■ Isolated lepton y-distrib. after cuts:  
(Pseudodata for  $L_{\text{int}}=1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )



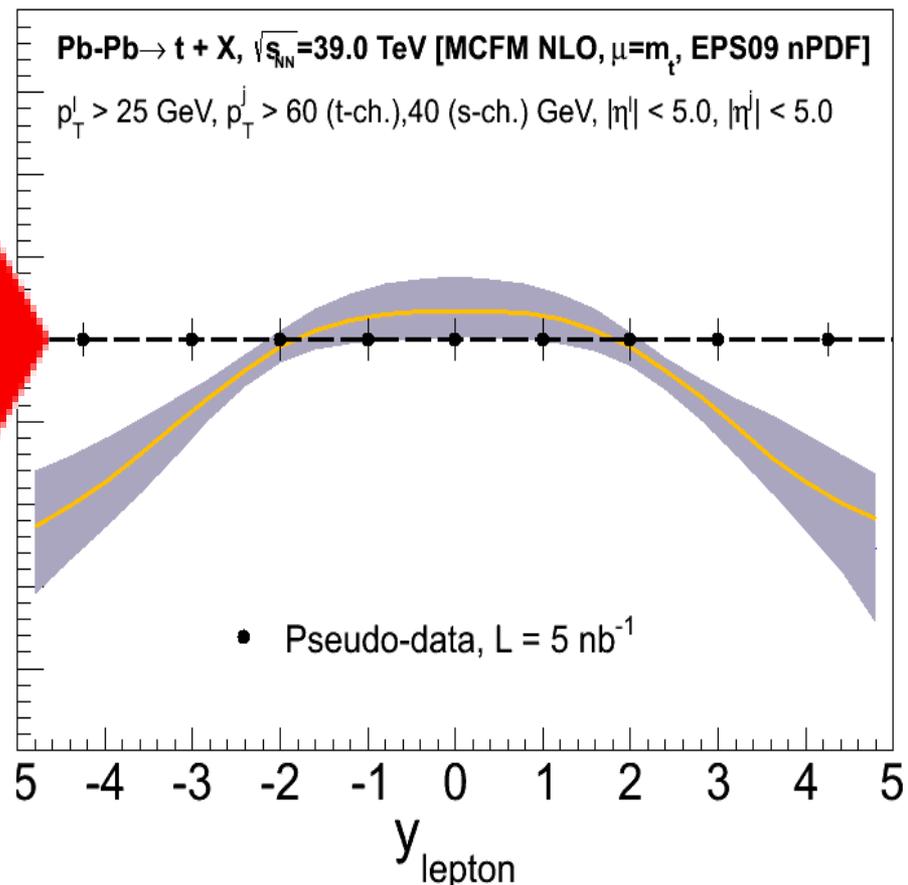
■ nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm 10\%$   
 $L_{\text{int}}=1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ : some constraining power  
(iff large background controlled)

# PbPb $\rightarrow$ single-t+X (39 TeV): Nuclear modif. factor

■ Top quark y-distrib. (no cuts):



■ Isolated lepton y-distrib. after cuts:  
(Pseudodata for  $L_{\text{int}}=5 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ )

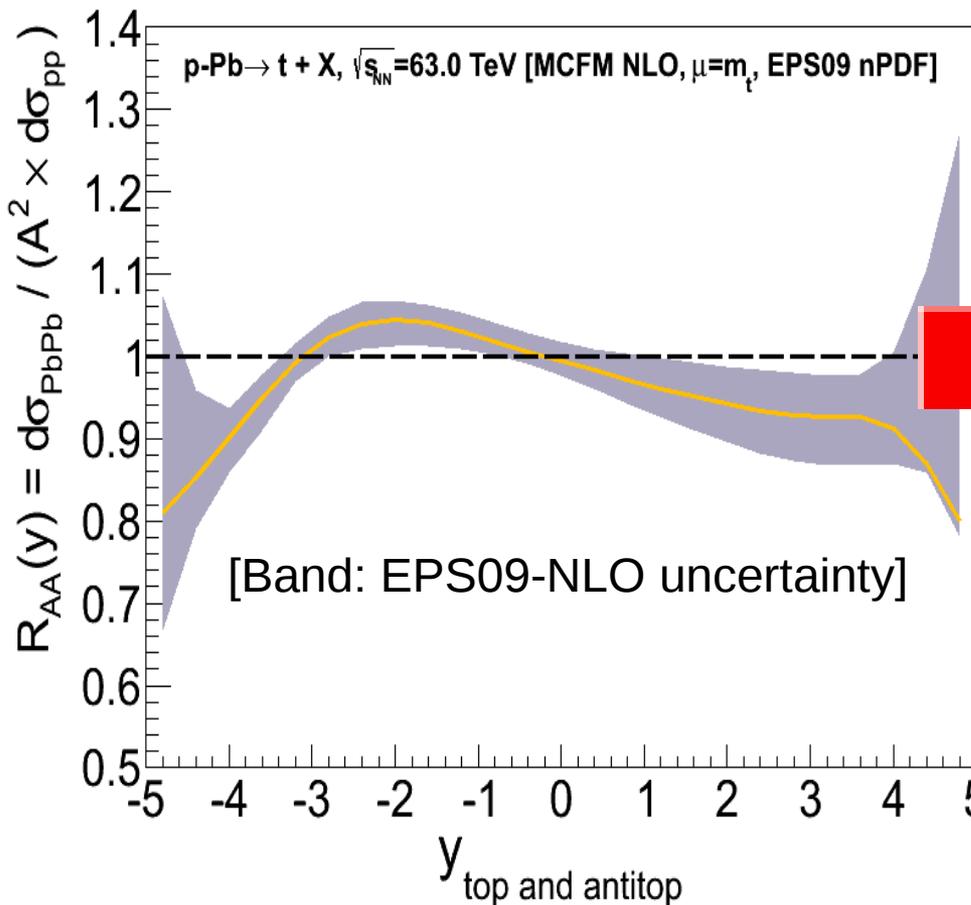


■ nPDF effects (top): -30% (fwd/bckwd)  
Smaller nPDF uncertainties than t-tbar

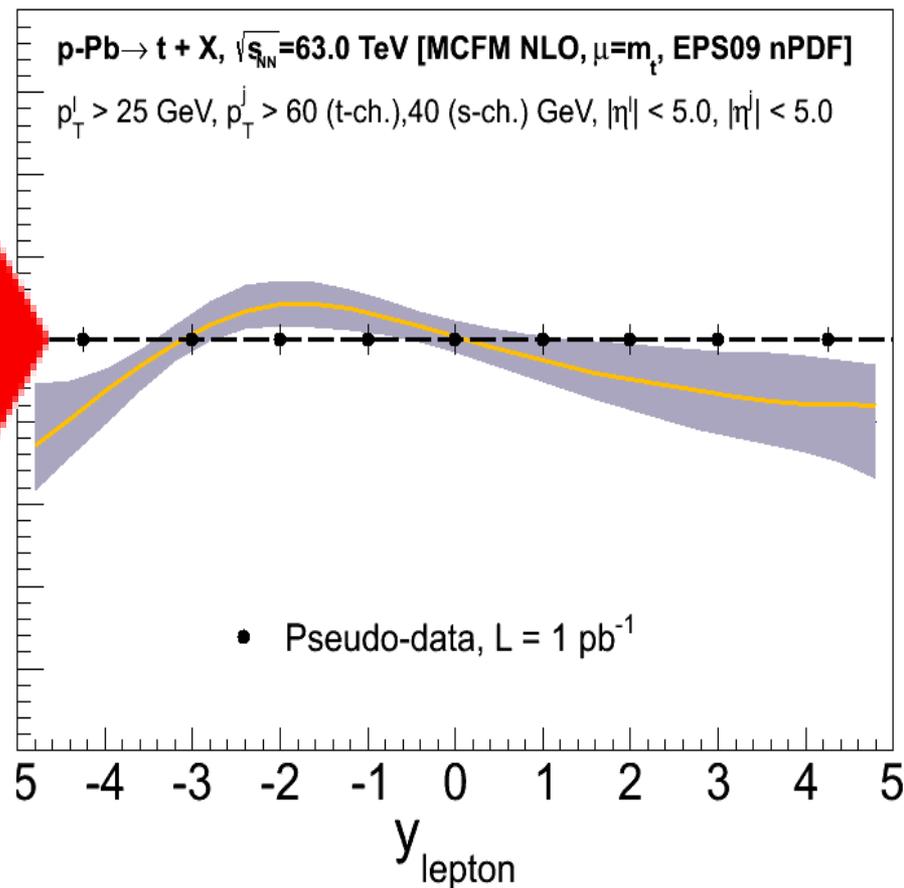
■ nPDF effects (lepton): -20% (fwd/bckwd)  
Strong constraining power  
(iff large background controlled)

# pPb → single-t+X (63 TeV): Nuclear modif. factor

■ Top quark y-distrib. (no cuts):



■ Isolated lepton y-distrib. after cuts:  
(Pseudodata for  $L_{\text{int}} = 1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )



■ nPDF effects: -20% (bckwd)  
-10% (forward)  
Smaller nPDF uncertainties than t-tbar

■ nPDF effects (lepton):  $\pm 10\%$  (fwd/bckwd)  
Strong constraining power  
(iff large background controlled)