



HARPO



IrFU - CEA Saclay
Institut de recherche
sur les lois fondamentales
de l'Univers



Gamma-ray polarimetry in the e^+e^- pair regime with the HARPO TPC

Philippe Gros

LLR, Ecole Polytechnique & CNRS/IN2P3, France
for the HARPO collaboration

TeV Particle Astrophysics (TeVPA2016), CERN,
12 September 2016



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- Motivation for a MeV-GeV high performance telescope and polarimeter
- Working principles of the HARPO detector
- Polarisation measurement in a gamma ray beam
- Gas stability
- Conclusions and Perspectives



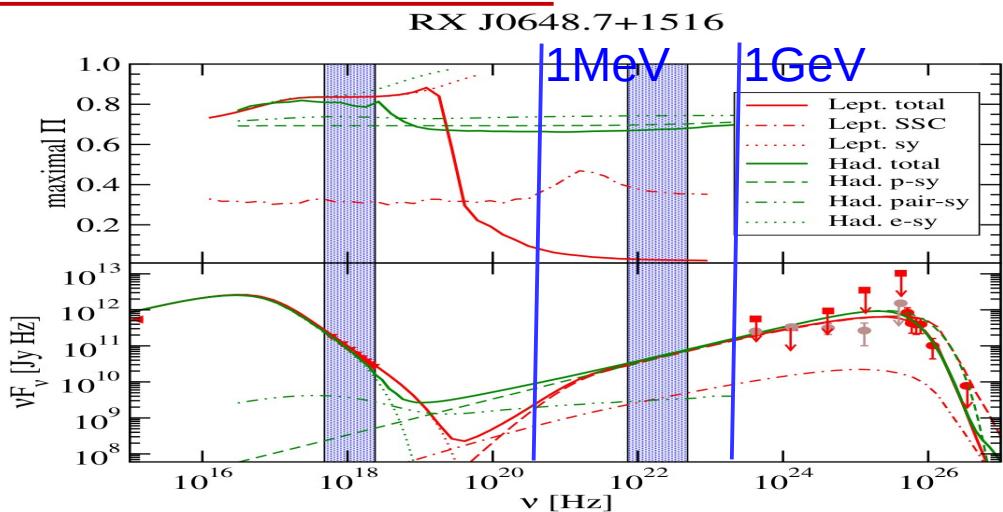
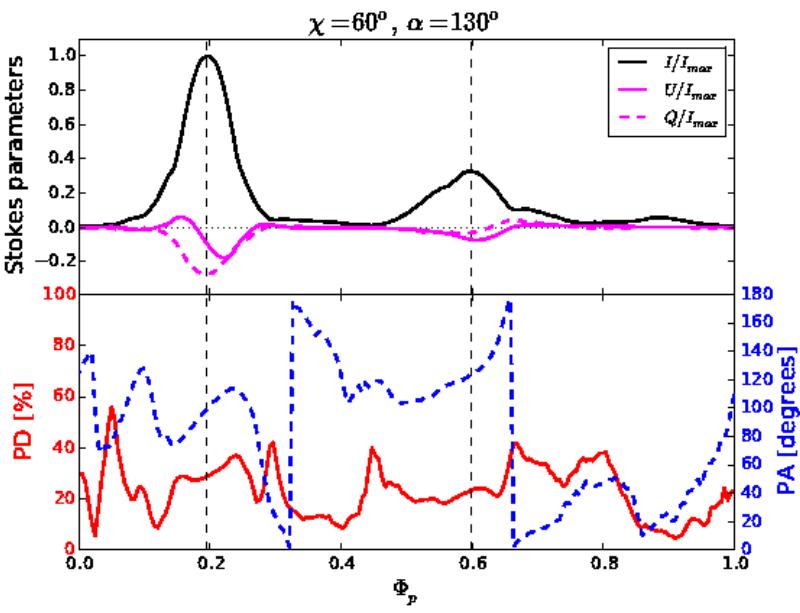
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Polarimetry

- Separating leptonic and hadronic processes
- Difference only $> 1\text{MeV}$

**H. Zhang and M. Böttcher,
A.P. J. 774, 18 (2013)**



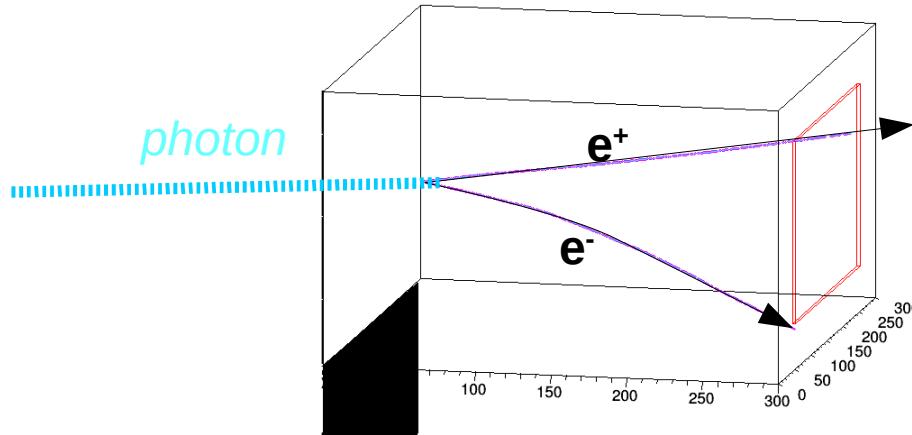
- More sensitive to EM geometry and location of emission
 - Predicted by PIC models
- B. Cerutti et al.,
arXiv:1609.00021 (2016)**

Polarimetry in the pair regime with HARPO

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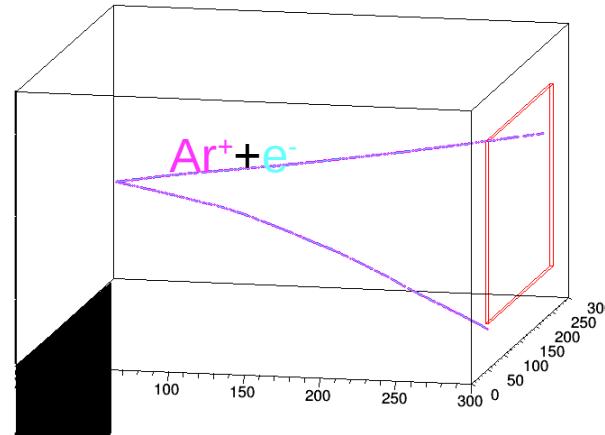
TPC: photon conversion



The incoming photon interacts with the gas and decays into an electron-positron pair

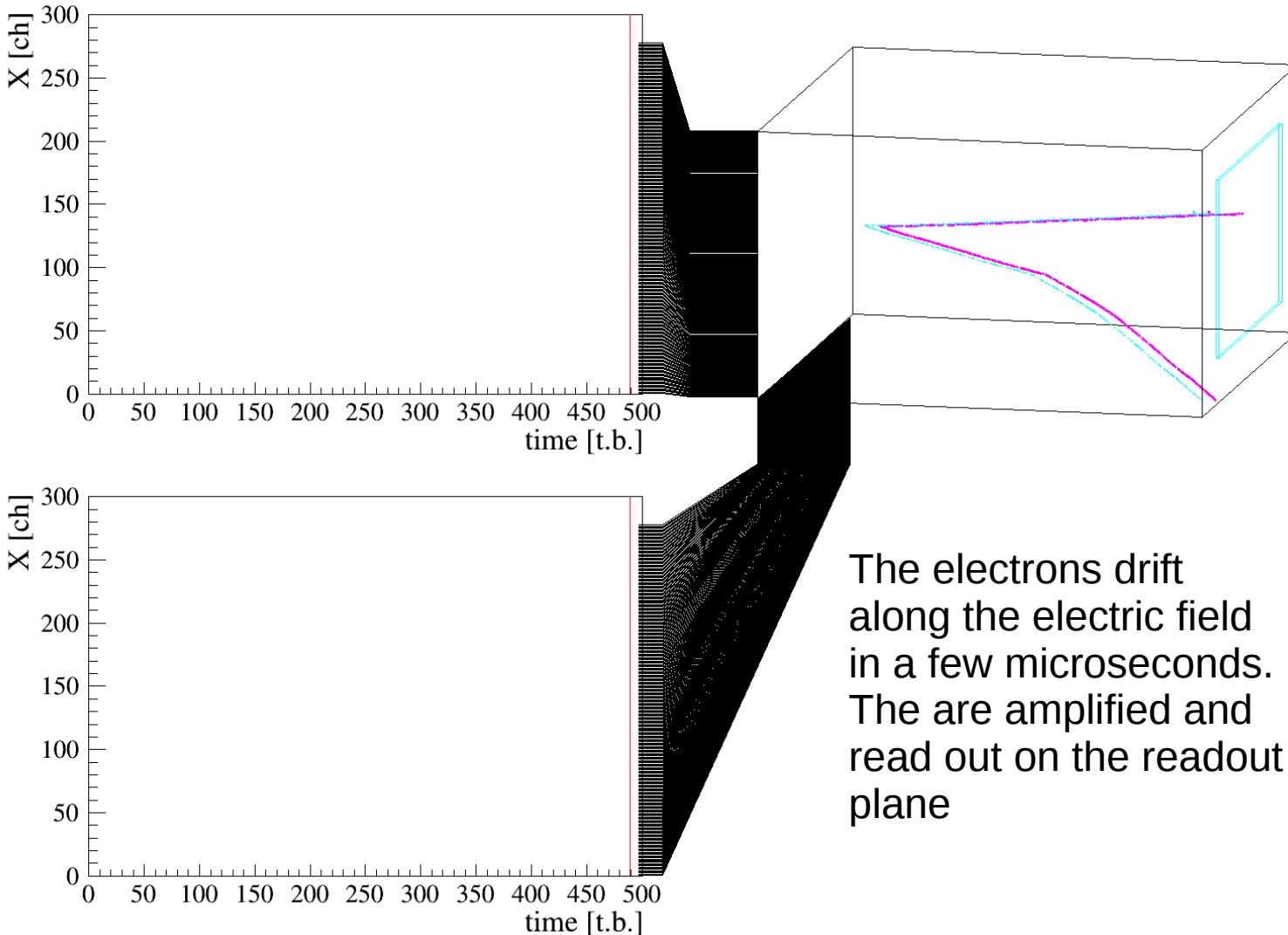
$$\gamma Z^+ \rightarrow e^+ e^- Z^+$$

TPC: Gas ionisation



The electron and positron travel through the gas (mostly Argon) and ionises it, freeing many electrons and positive ions
This takes a few nanoseconds

TPC: Drift and Readout



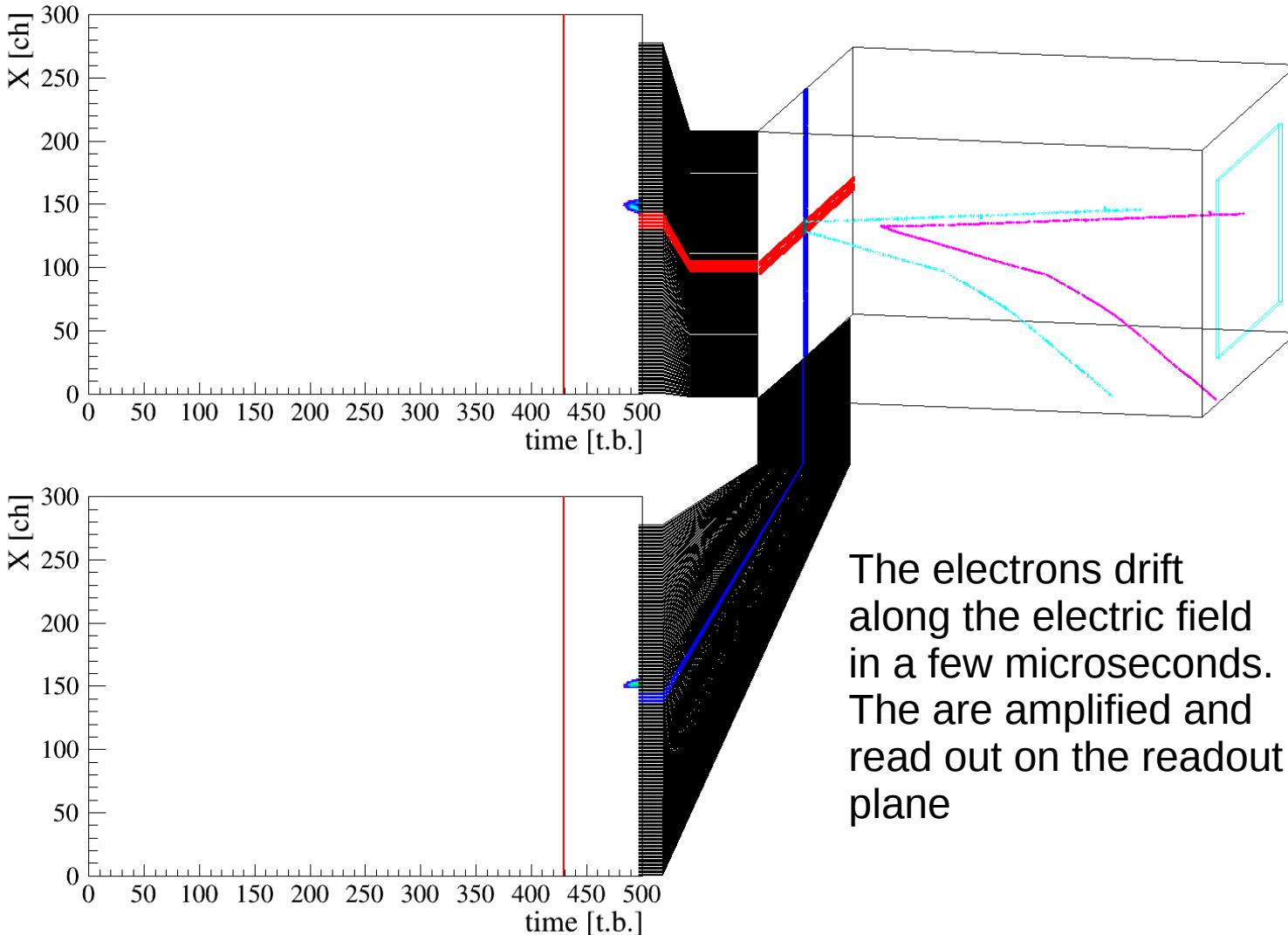


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TPC:

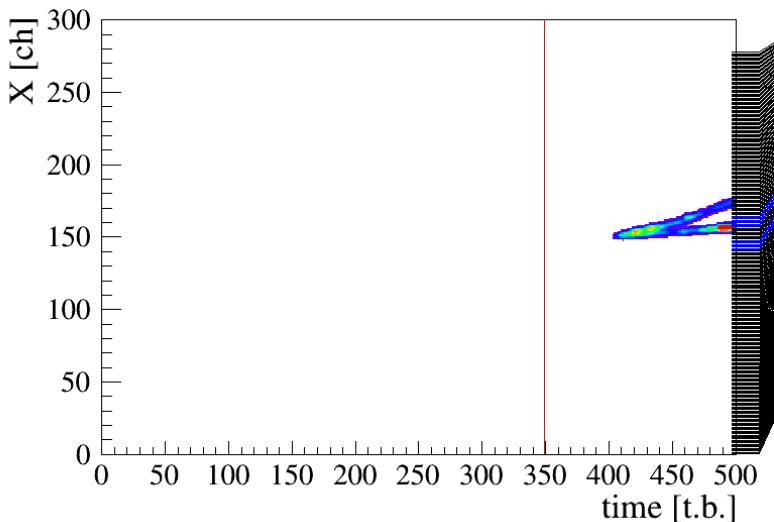
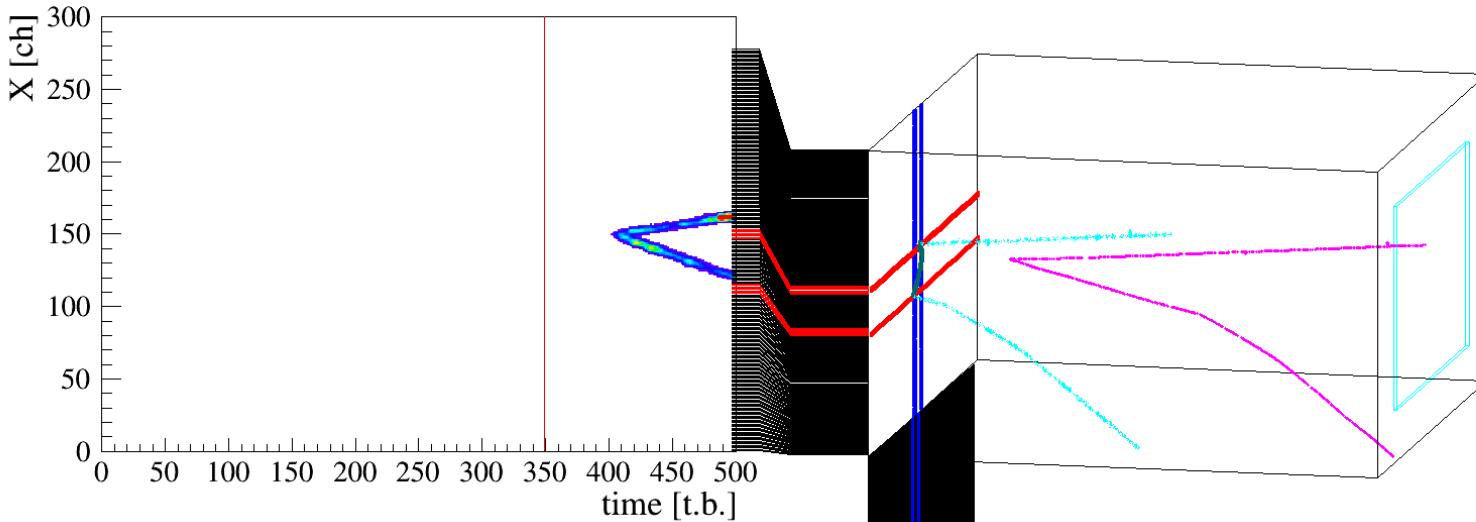
Drift and Readout

UN



The electrons drift along the electric field in a few microseconds. They are amplified and read out on the readout plane

TPC: Drift and Readout



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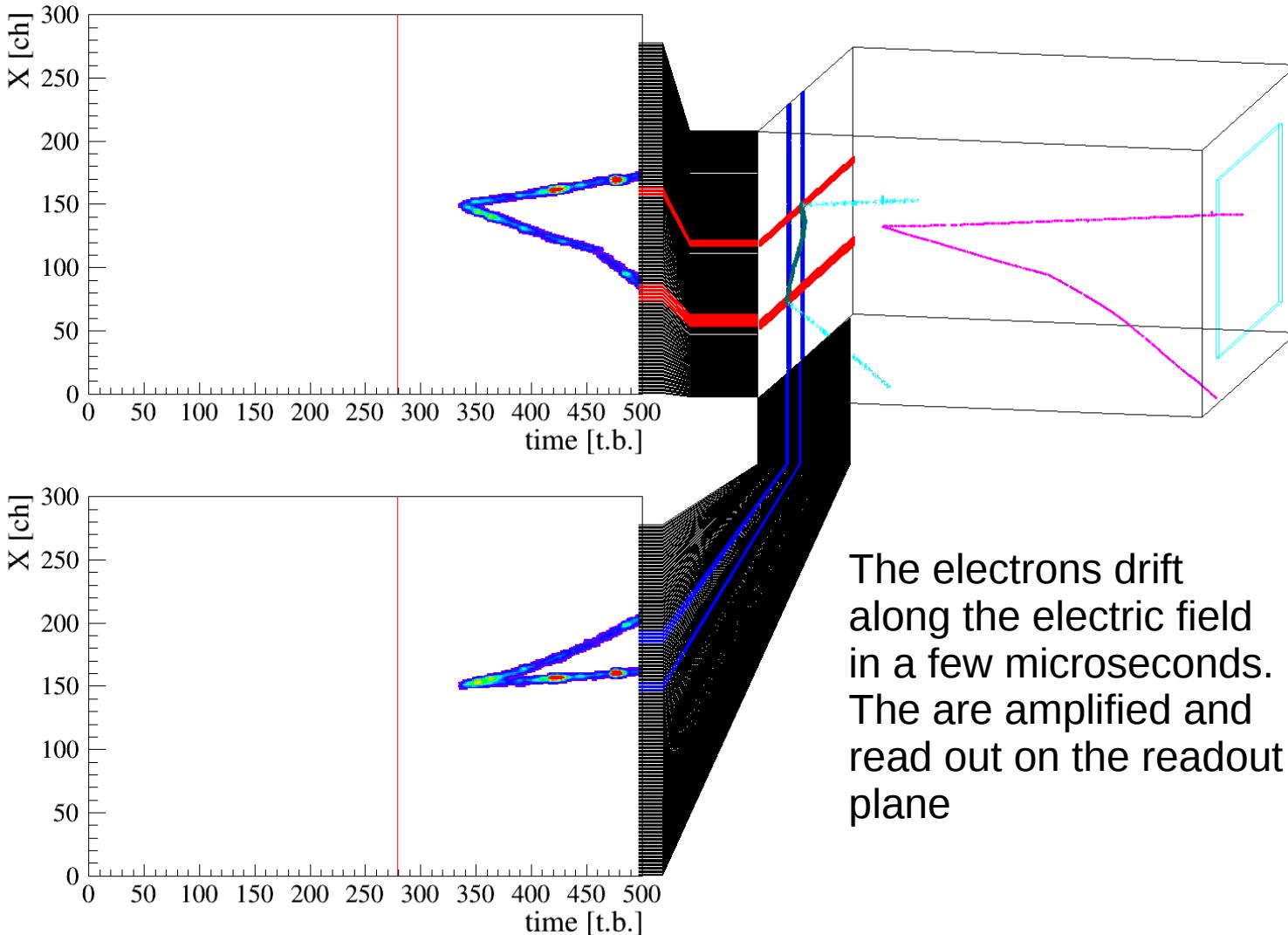


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TPC:

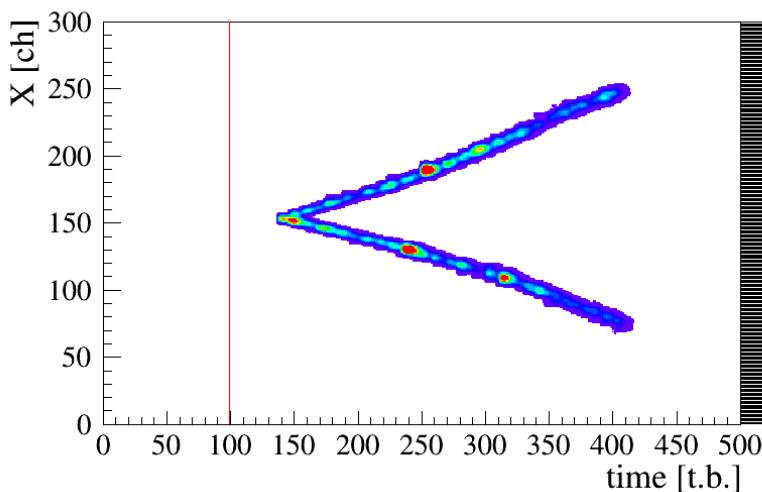
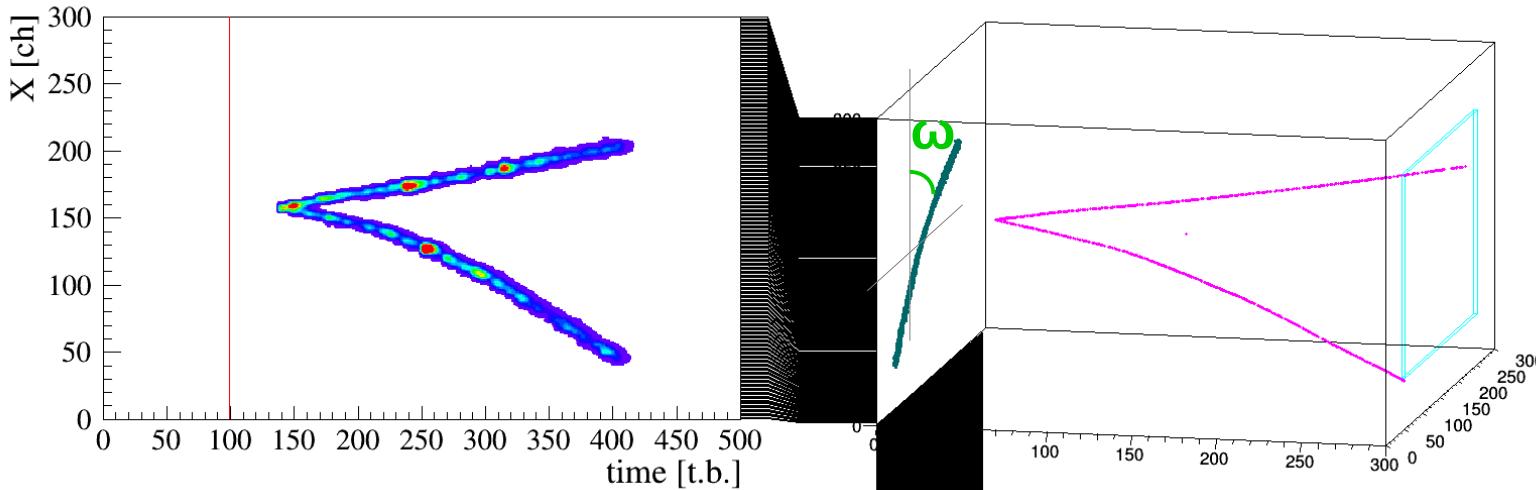
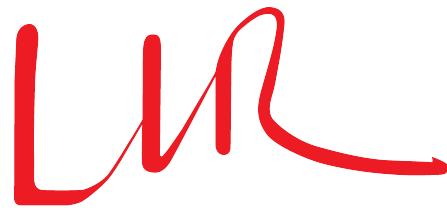
Drift and Readout

UN



The electrons drift
along the electric field
in a few microseconds.
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Polarisation measurement



The azimuthal angle ω is related to the polarisation direction ω_0

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{d\omega} \propto 1 + A P \cos(2(\omega - \omega_0))$$

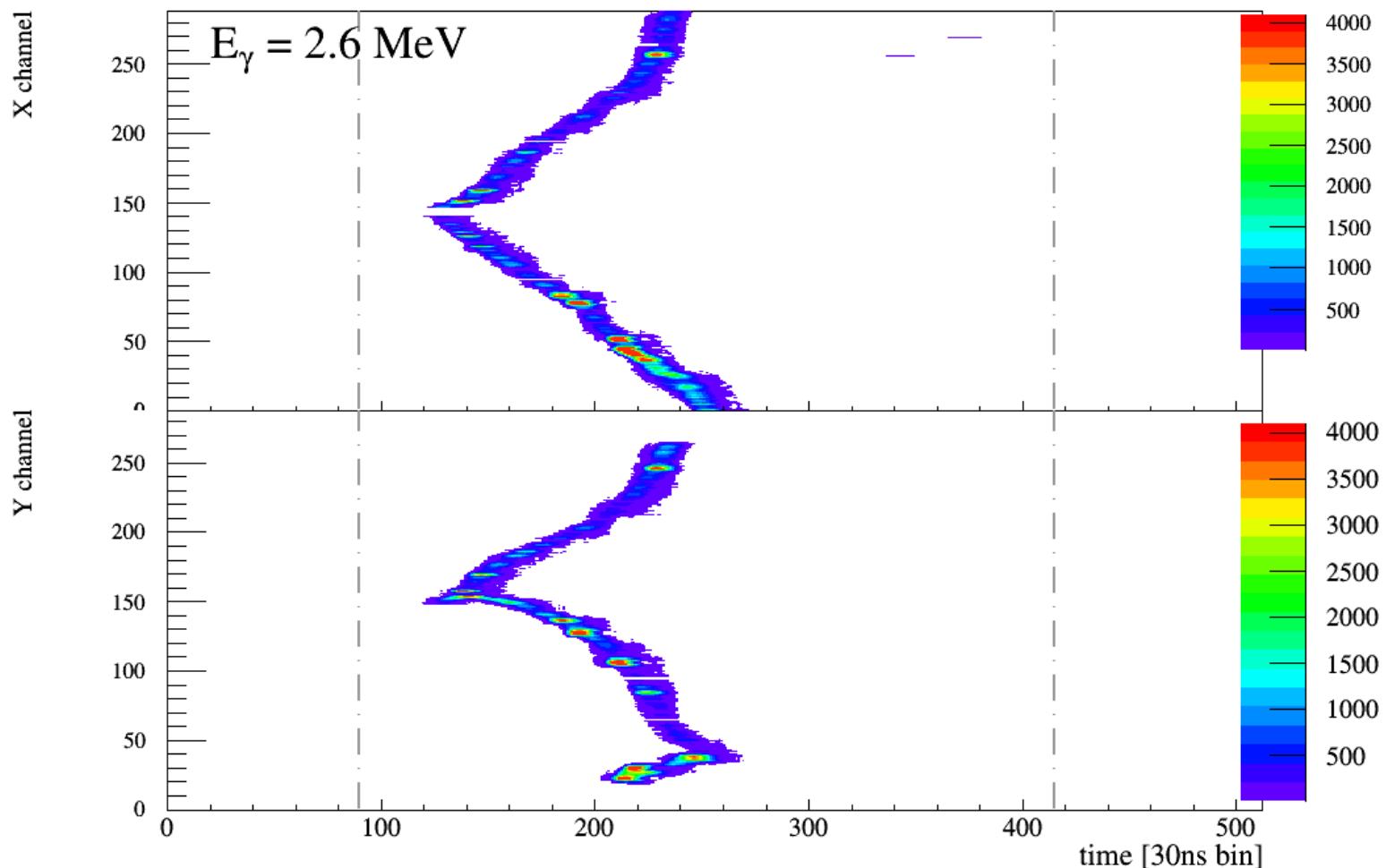
*A: polarisation asymmetry
P: polarisation fraction*

Examples of events

13 Energy points, 1.74 to 74 MeV



- *Experimental setup presented at TeVPA 2015 in Kashiwa*



Polarimetry in the pair regime with HARPO

Philippe Gros, LLR, CNRS/IN2P3, France

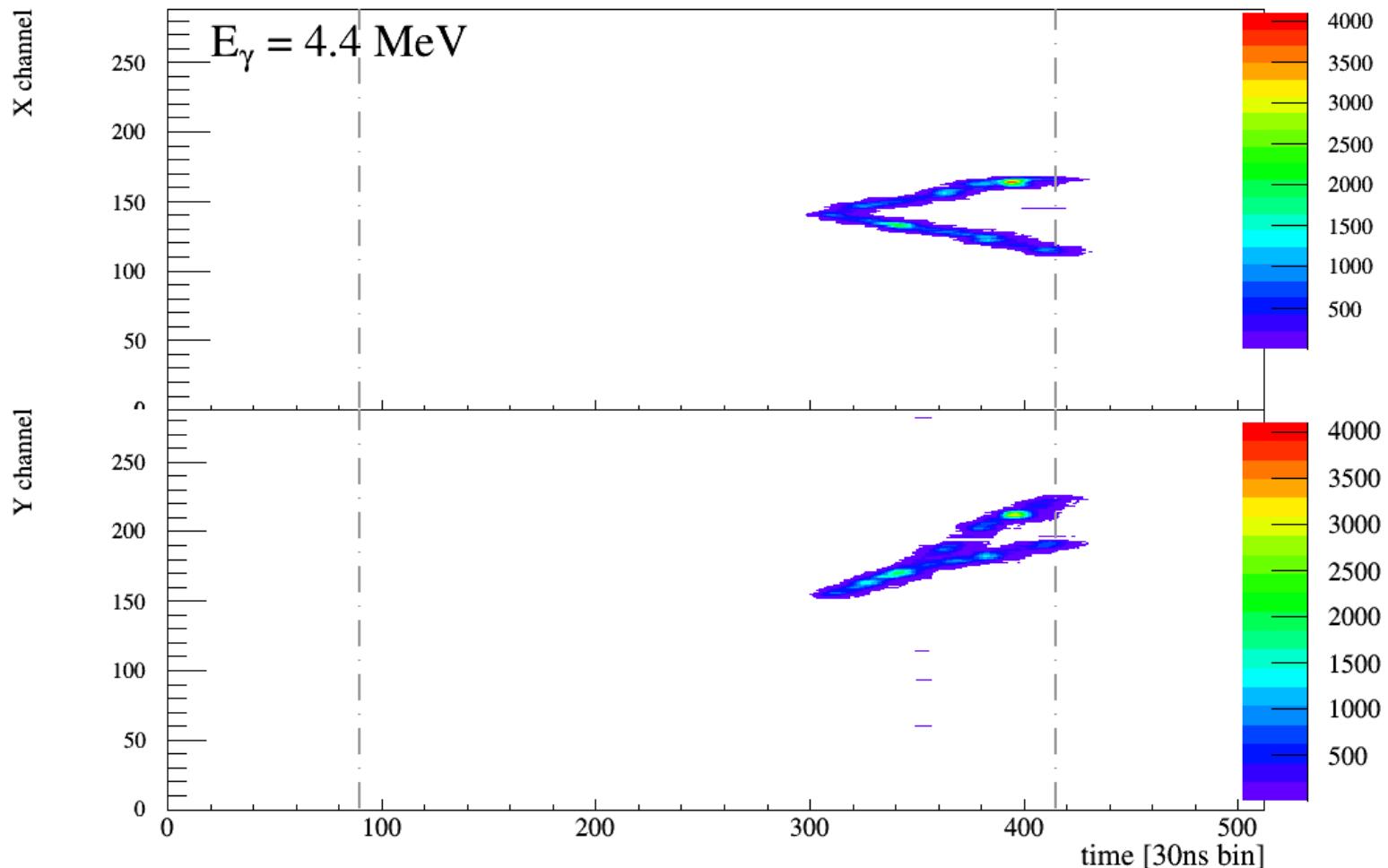
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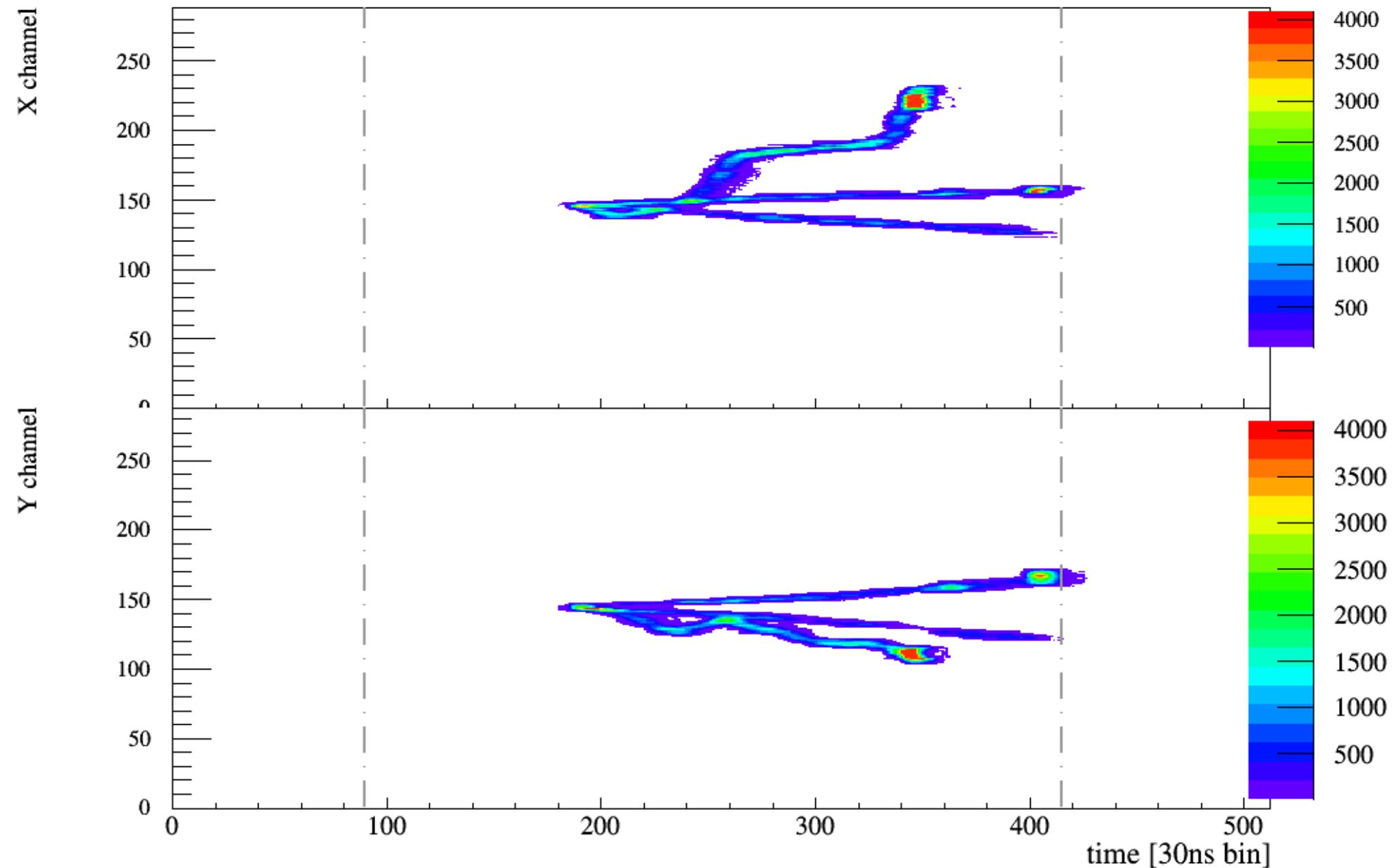


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Examples of events



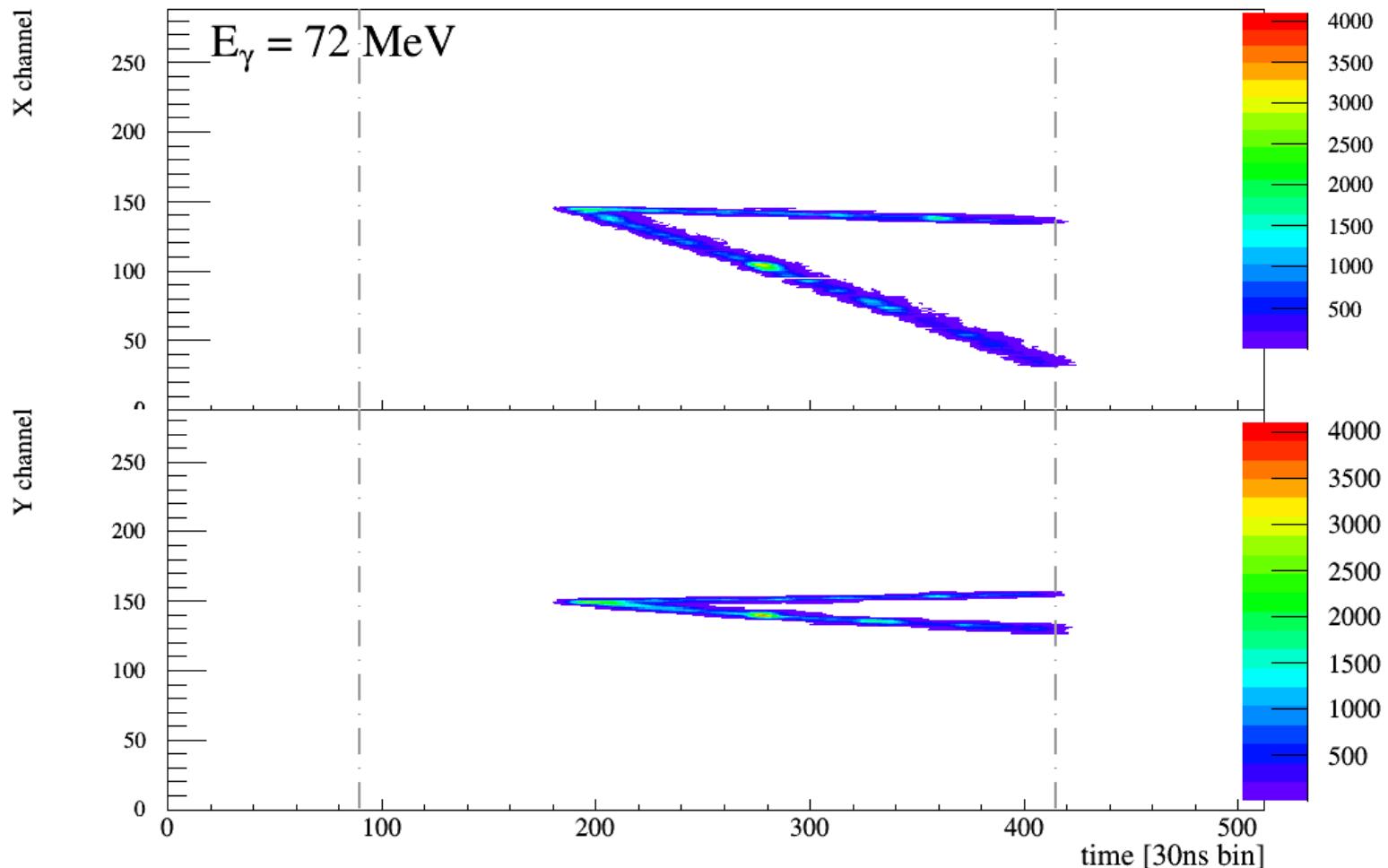
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Polarimetry in the pair regime with HARPO

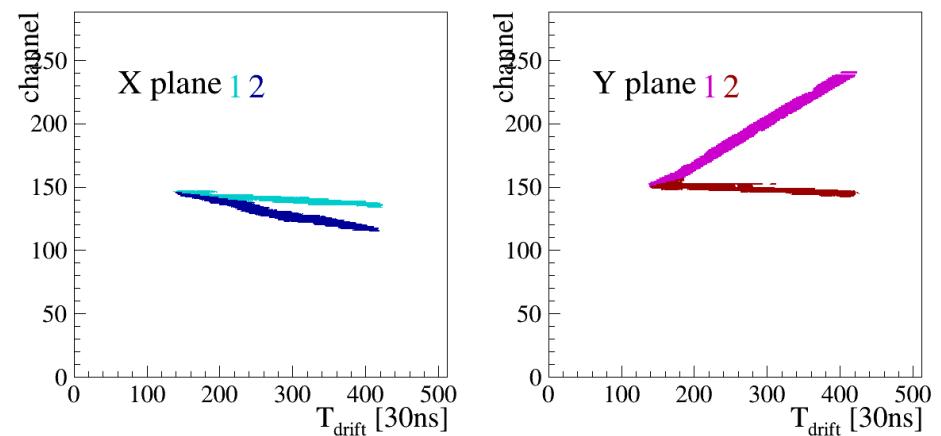
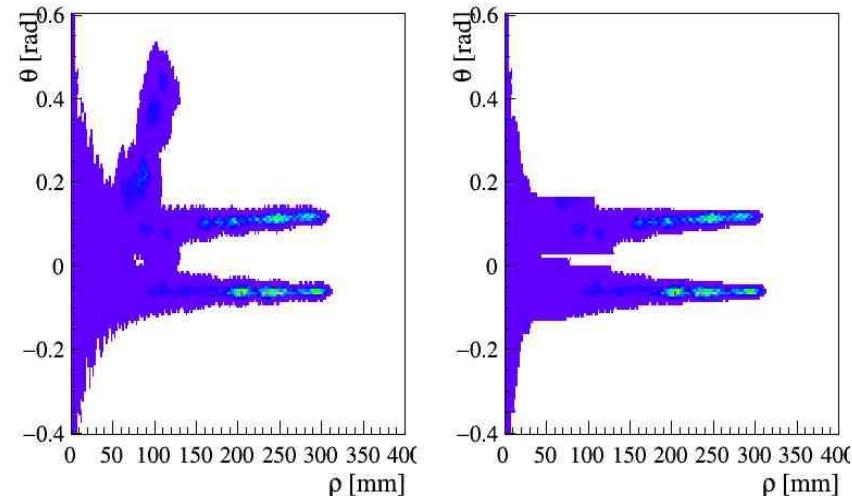
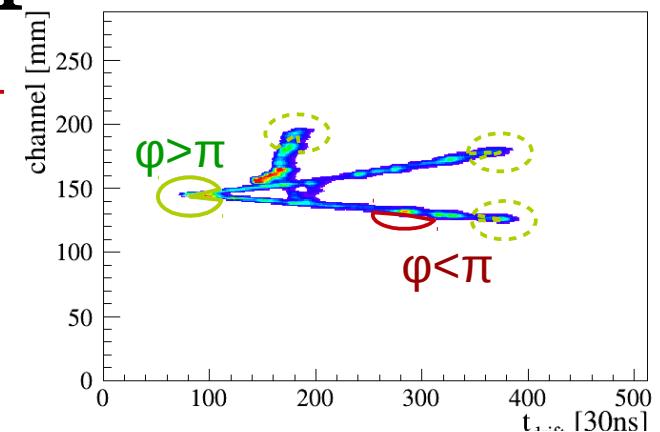
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Reconstruction

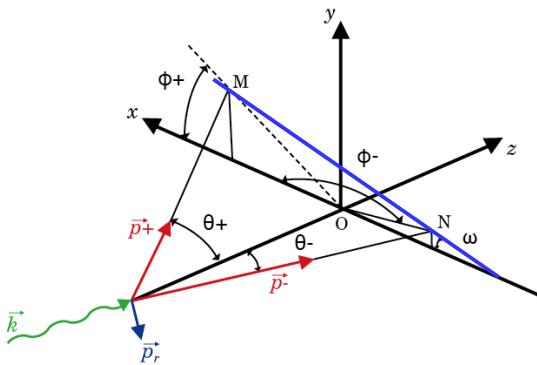


- No tracking: local vertices
 - Find ROI
 - Find peaks in polar distribution around point
 - match 2D vertices to get 3D picture

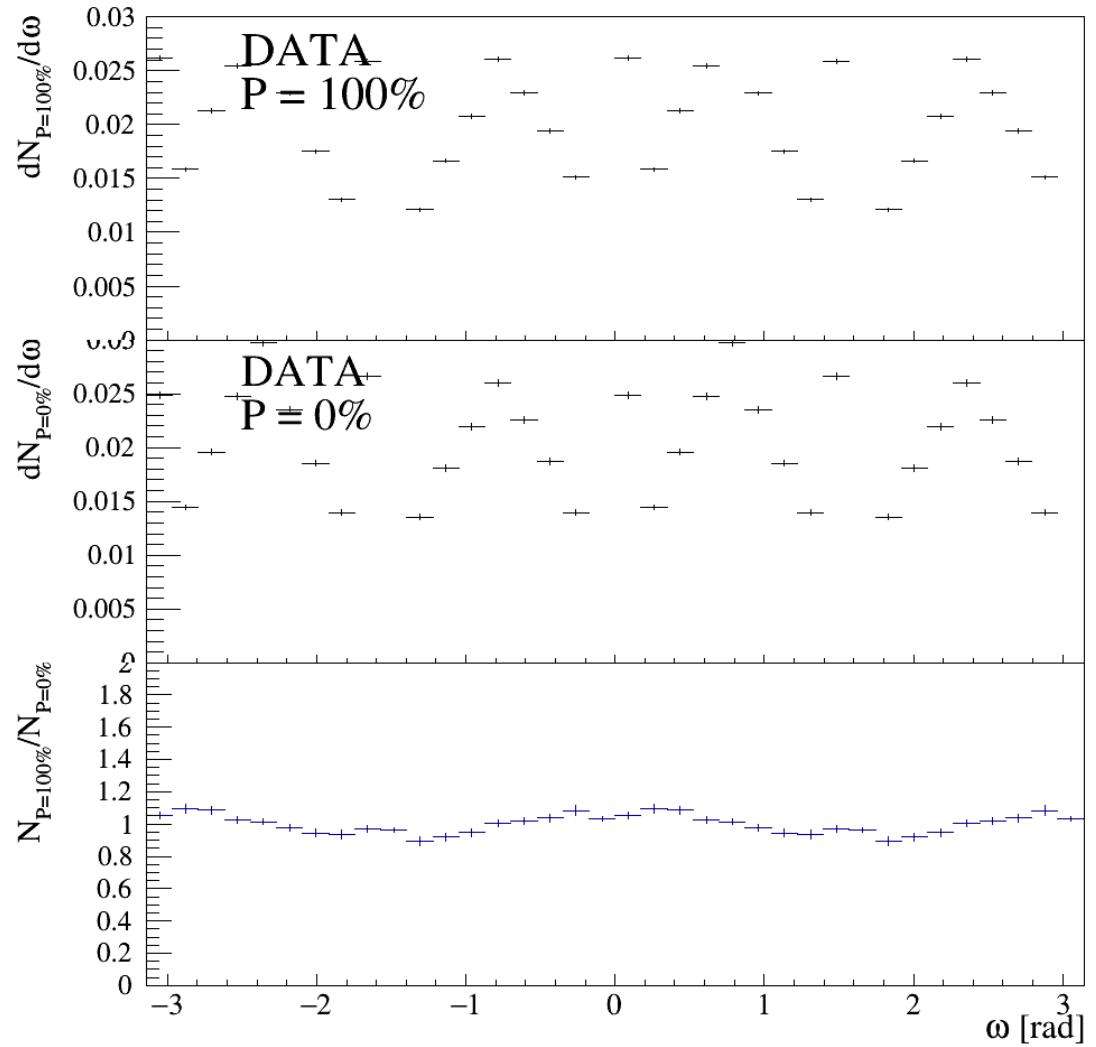


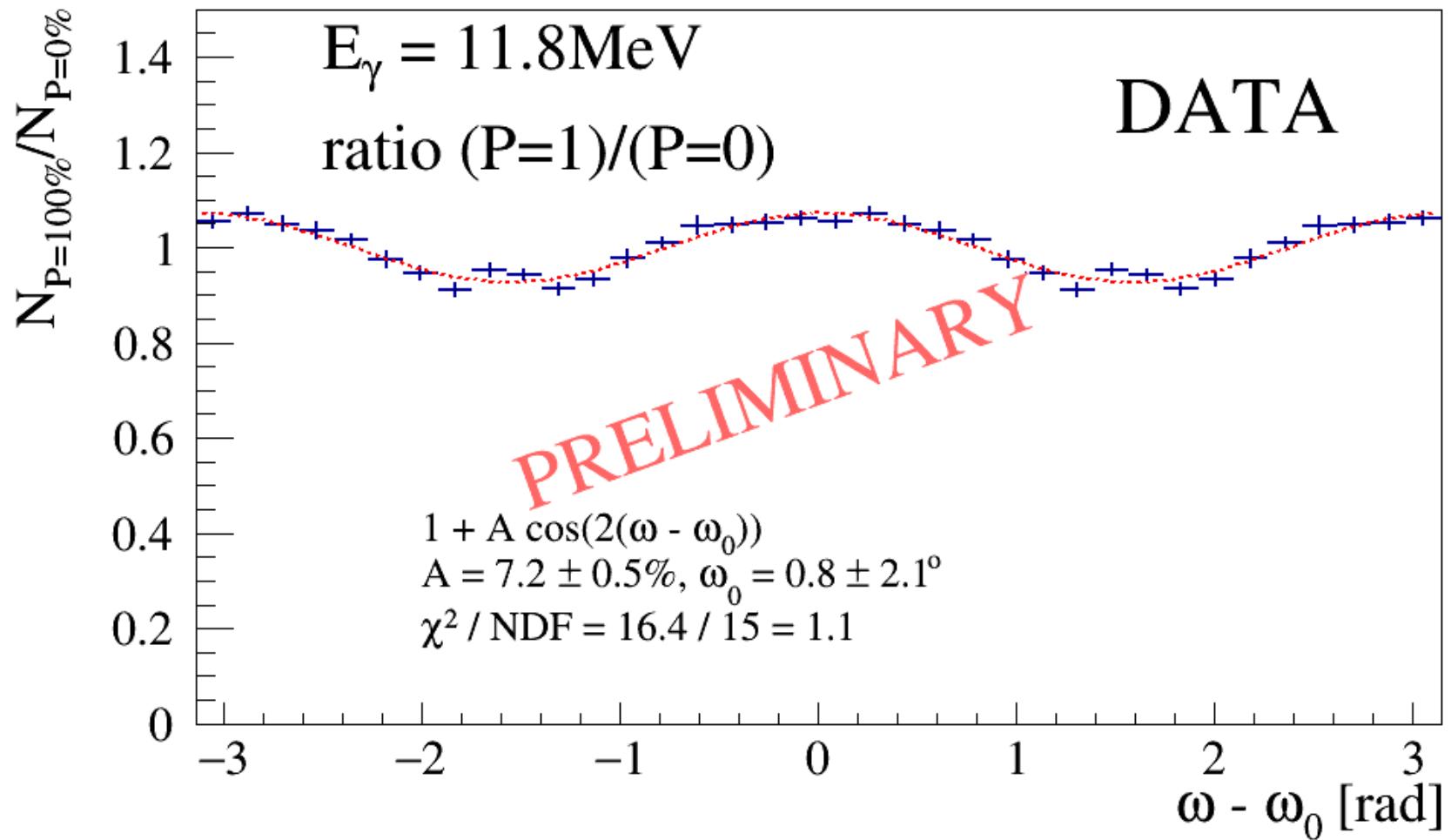


Polarisation



- Large systematics due to cubic geometry
- Cancel systematic errors by taking the ratio between P=100% and P=0%

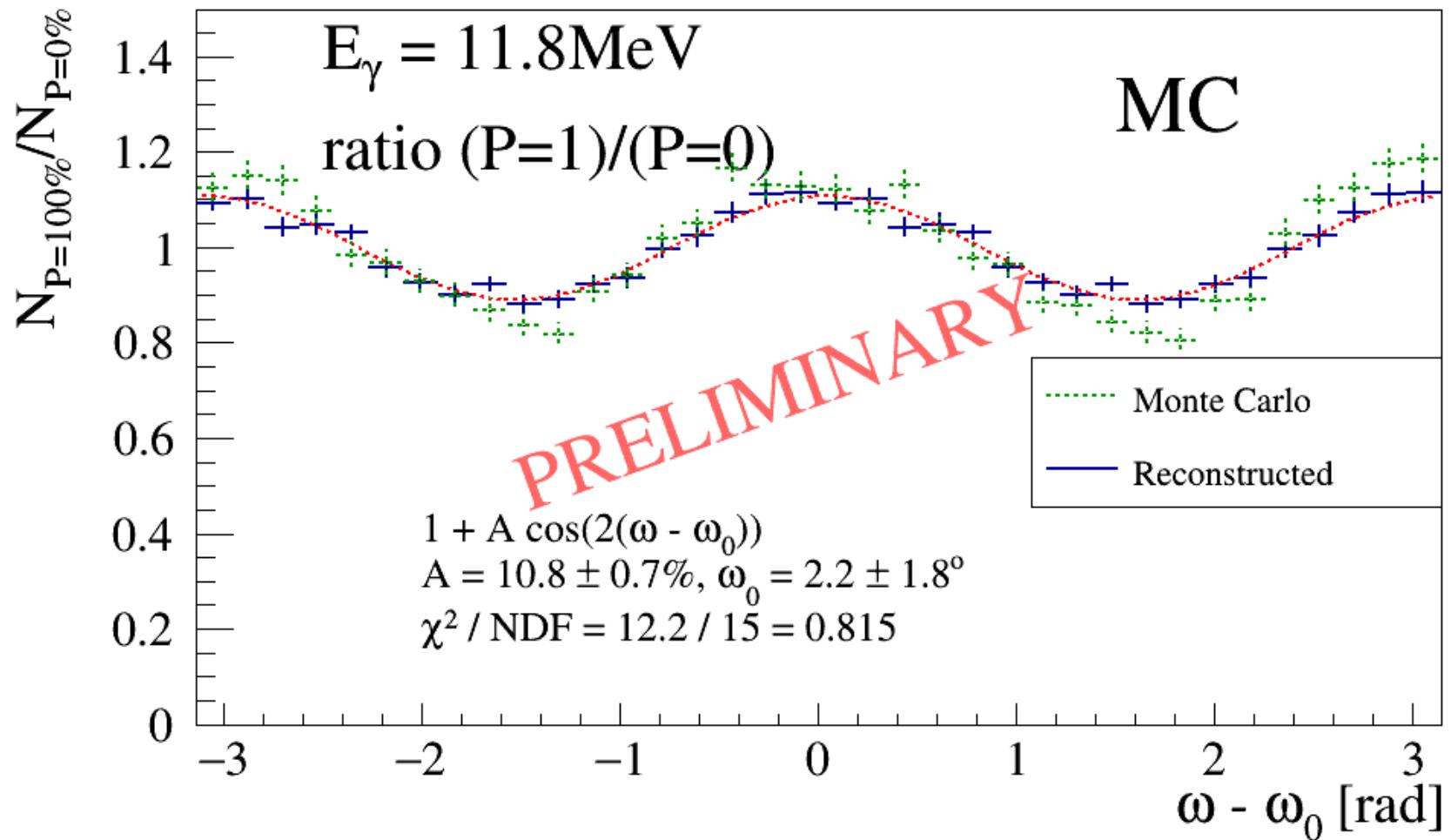






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Polarisation: MC

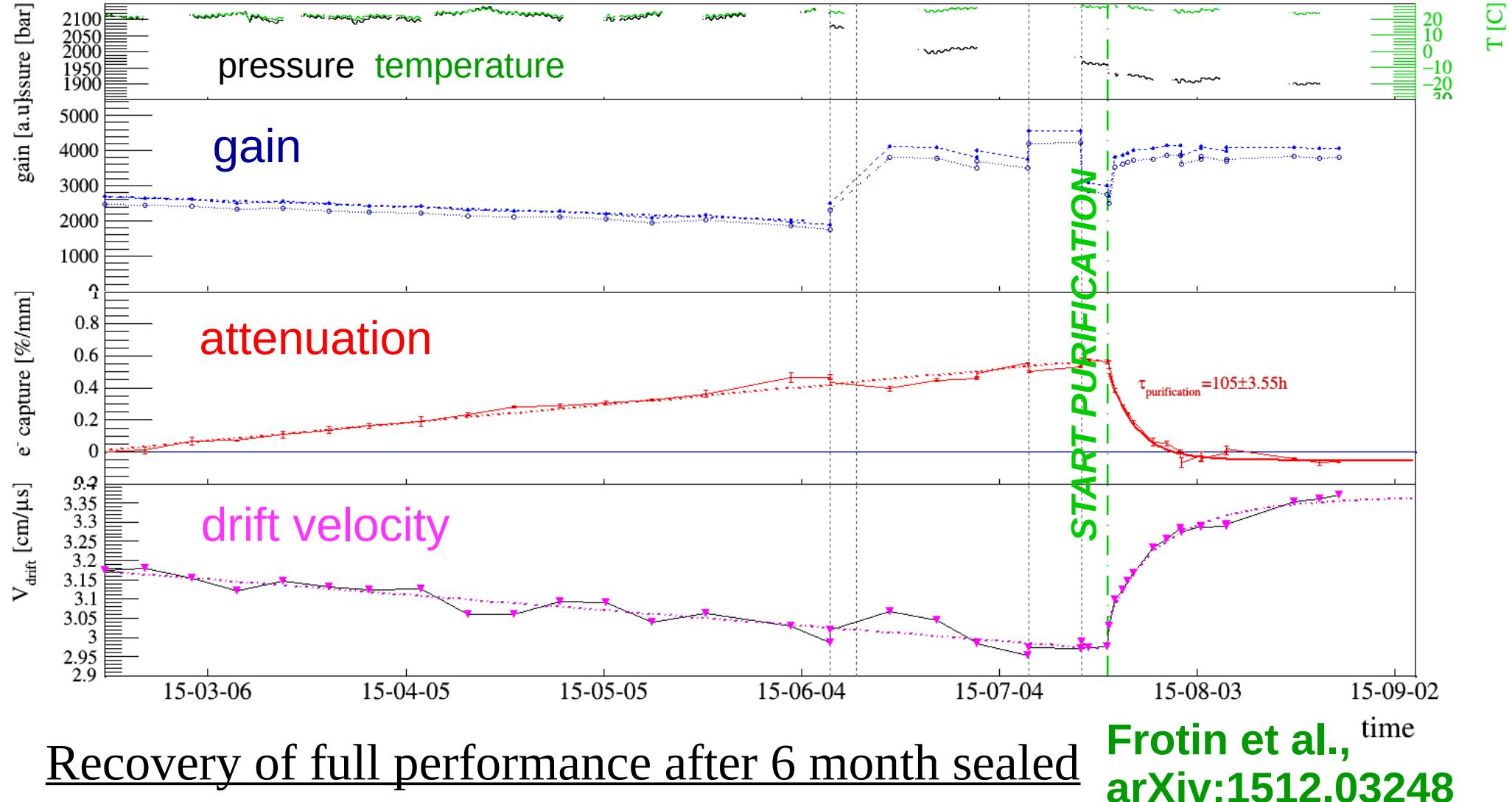




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Gas stability



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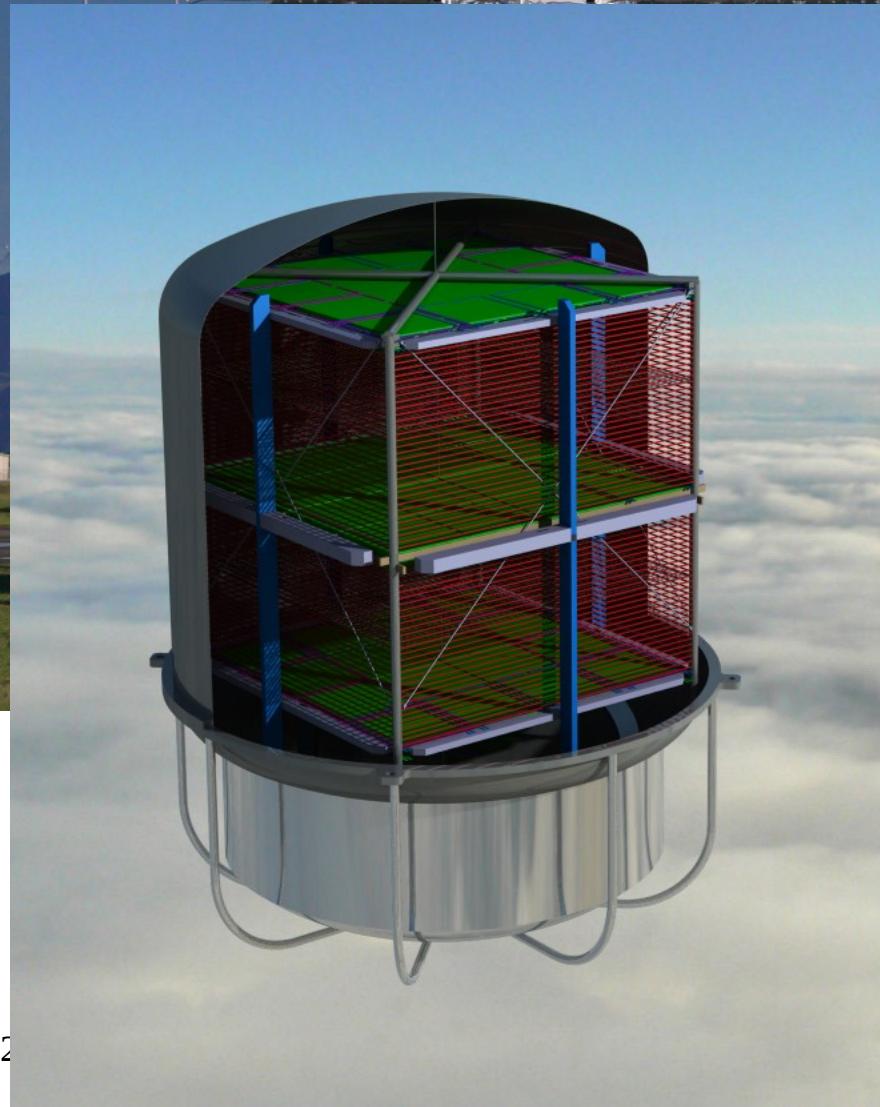
Conclusions



- A gaseous detector such as a **TPC** is a good candidate for high resolution telescope and polarimeter in the MeV-GeV range
- A demonstrator has been successfully operated in a **polarised beam 1.74-74 MeV** and maintain with good gas quality over **> 6 months**
- **Polarisation modulation has been measured with high precision**, with good agreement with simulation
- ***This paves the way for a high resolution gamma-ray space telescope and opens the field of gamma polarimetry!!!***



- The HARPO collaboration:
 - FRANCE: D. Attié, D. Bernard, P. Bruel, D. Calvet, P. Colas, A. Delbart, M. Frotin, Y. Geerebaert, B. Giebels, D. Götz, P. Gros, D. Horan, M. Louzir, P. Poilleux, I. Semeniouk, P. Sizun, S. Wang
 - JAPAN: S. Amano, S. Daté, T. Kotaka, S. Hashimoto, Y. Minamiyama, H. Ohkuma, A. Takemoto, M. Yamaguchi, S. Miyamoto
- References (<http://llr.in2p3.fr/~dbernard/polar/harpo-t-p.html>)
 - “Measurement of polarisation asymmetry for gamma rays between 1.7 to 74 MeV with the HARPO TPC”, PG, et al., SPIE2016, arXiv:1606.09417
 - “ELECTRONICS FOR HARPO, Design, development and validation of electronics for a high performance polarized gamma-ray detector”, Y. Geerebaert, et al., RT2016, 20th Real Time Conference
 - “Circulation and purification of gas in the sealed HARPO TPC”, M. Frotin, PG et al. arXiv:1512.03248



Dreams of the future

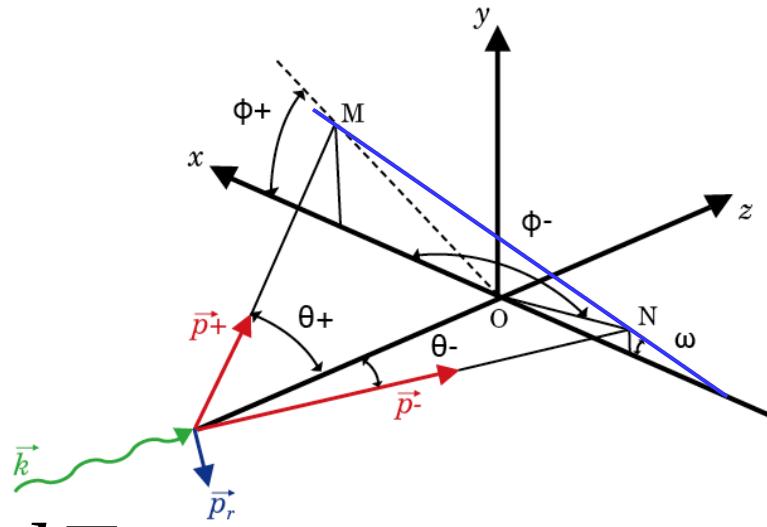
the pair regime with HARPO
os, LLR, CNRS/IN2P3, France
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Backup

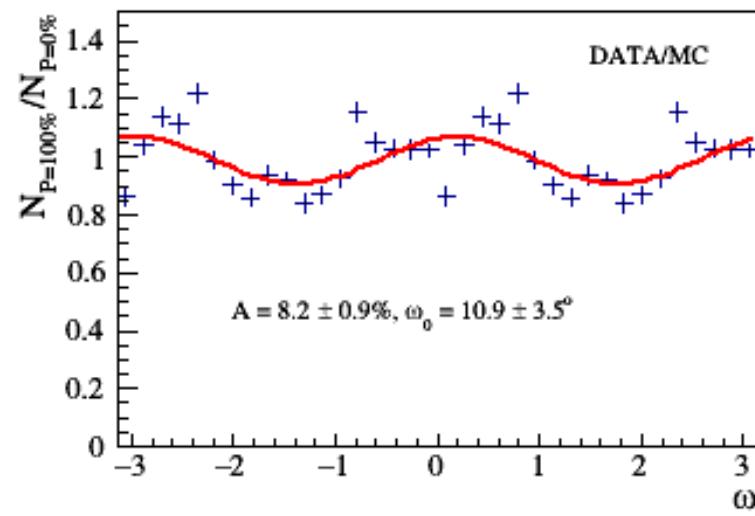
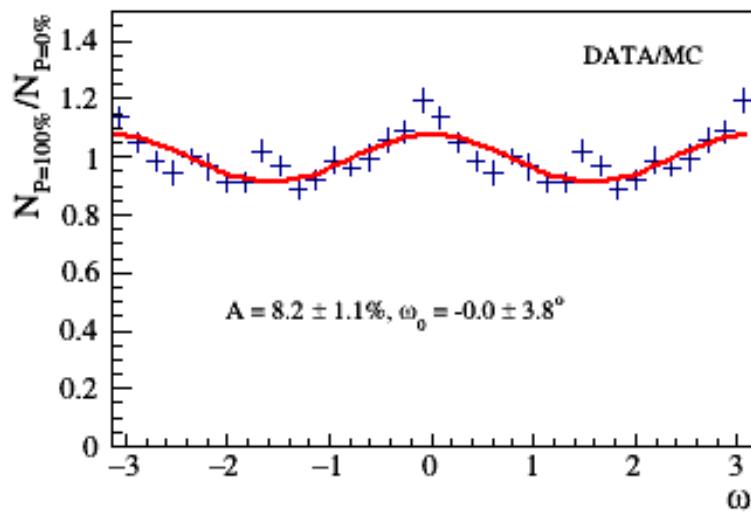
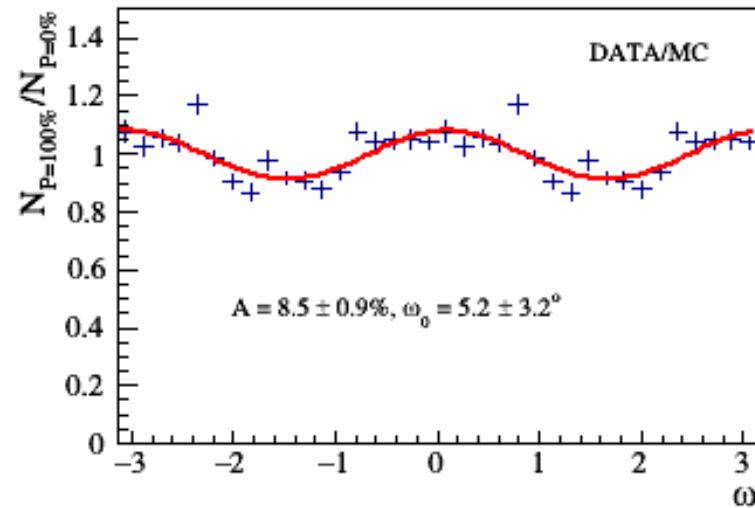
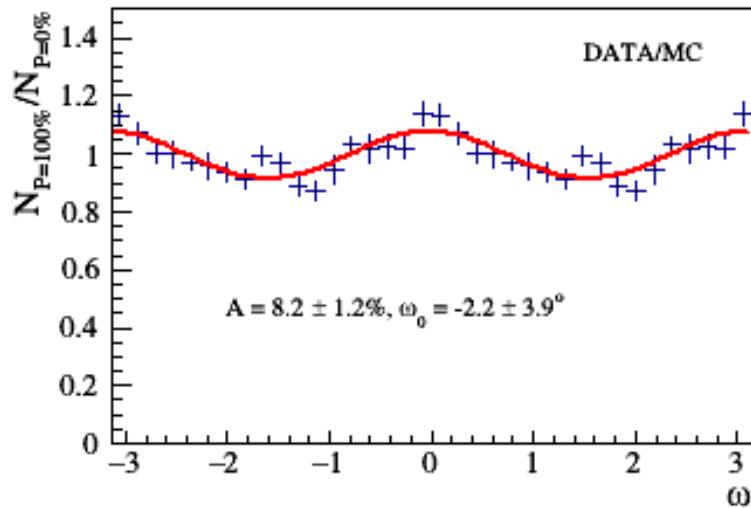


Polarisation

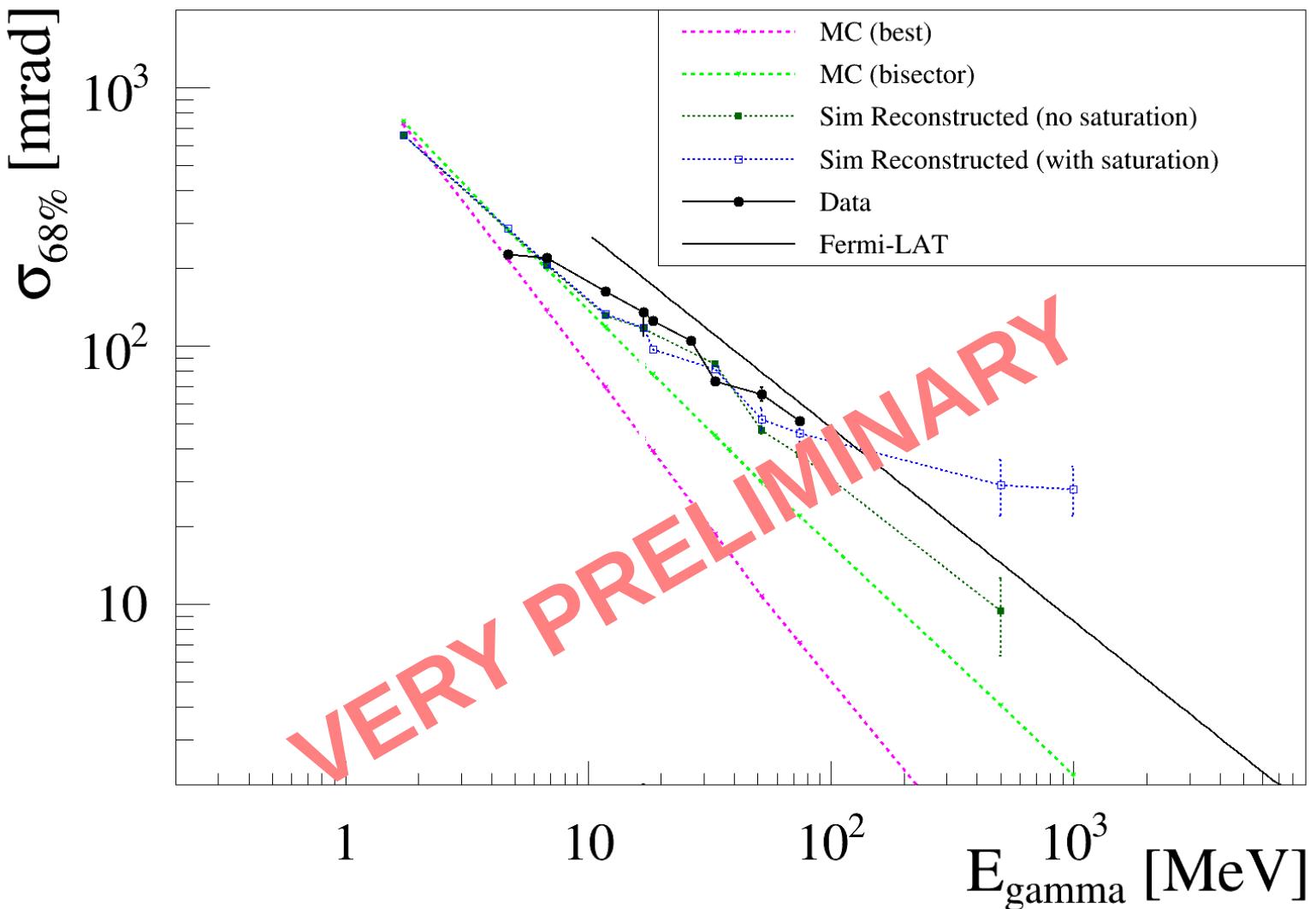
- Modulation of the azimuthal angle ω



$$\frac{d\Gamma}{d\omega} \propto 1 + A \cos(2(\omega - \omega_0))$$



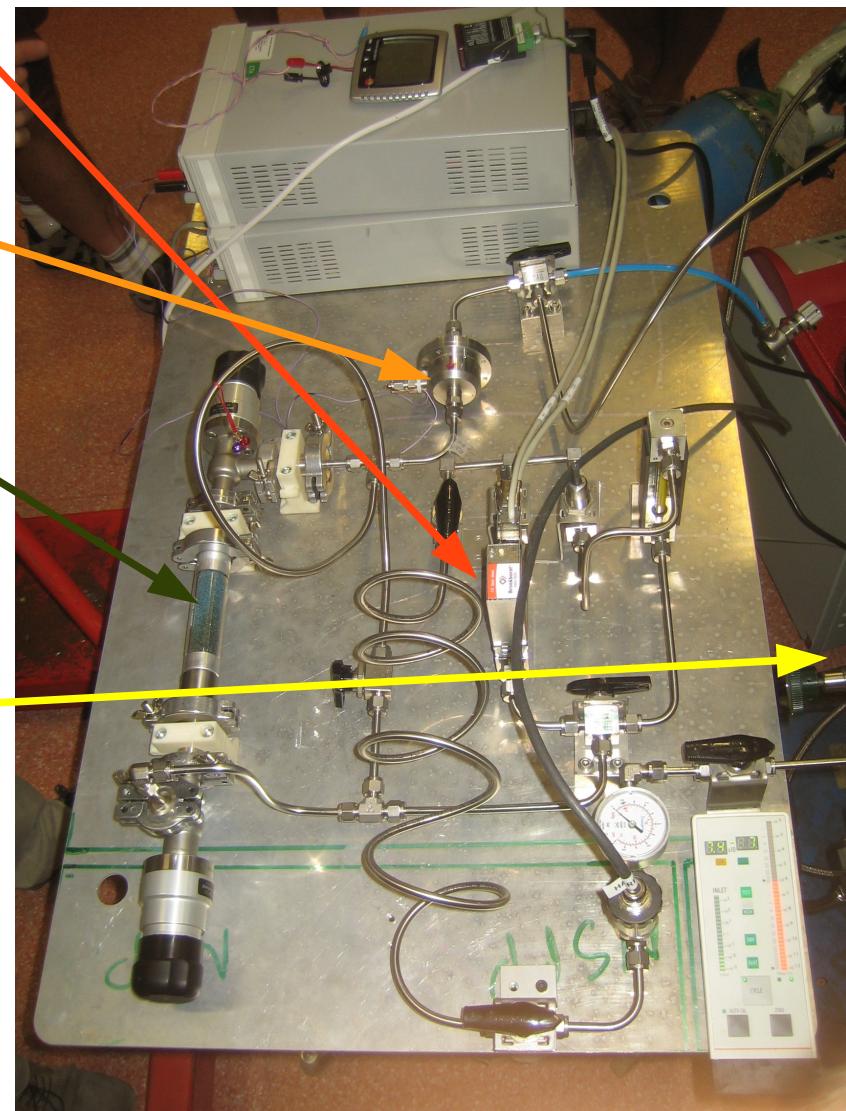
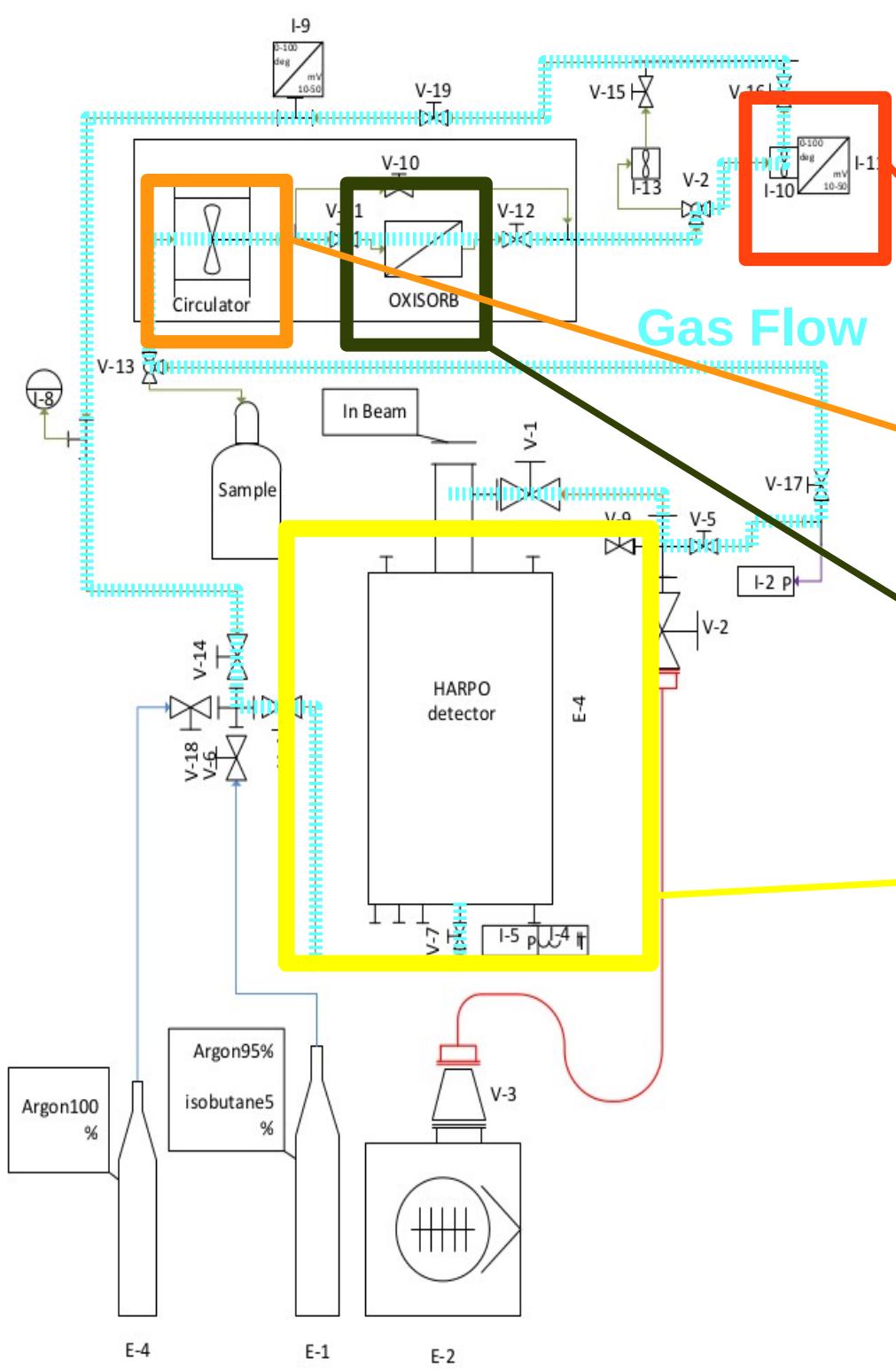
Angular resolution



Angular resolution

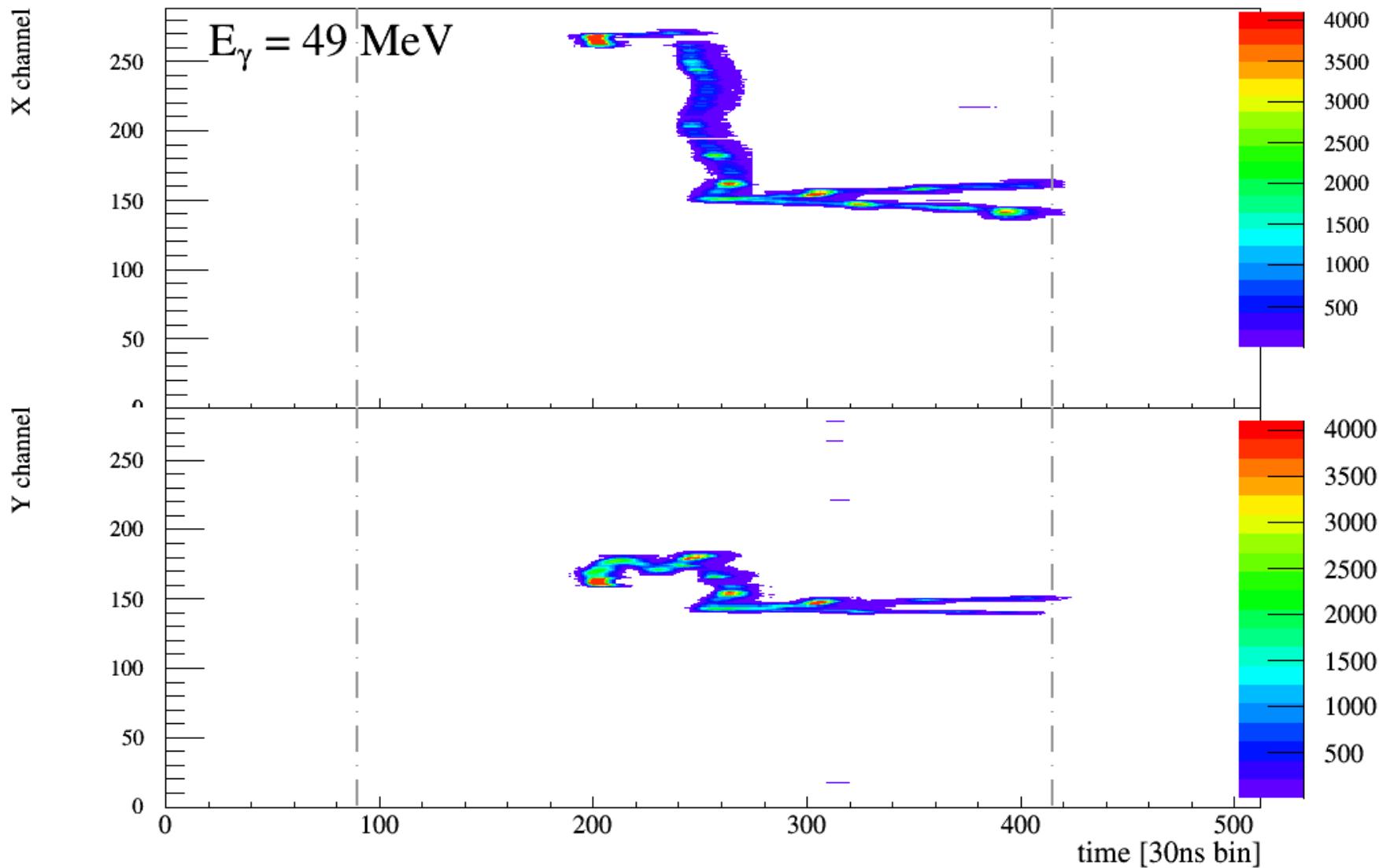


- Agreement with theoretical prediction
 - relatively small contribution of tracking
- Excellent agreement with simulation
 - effect of saturation dominates at high energy
- Potential for improvement
 - estimation of track momentum
 - even 100% resolution should significantly improve



with HARPO
2P3, France
IN

Triplet event



Polarimetry in the pair regime with HARPO

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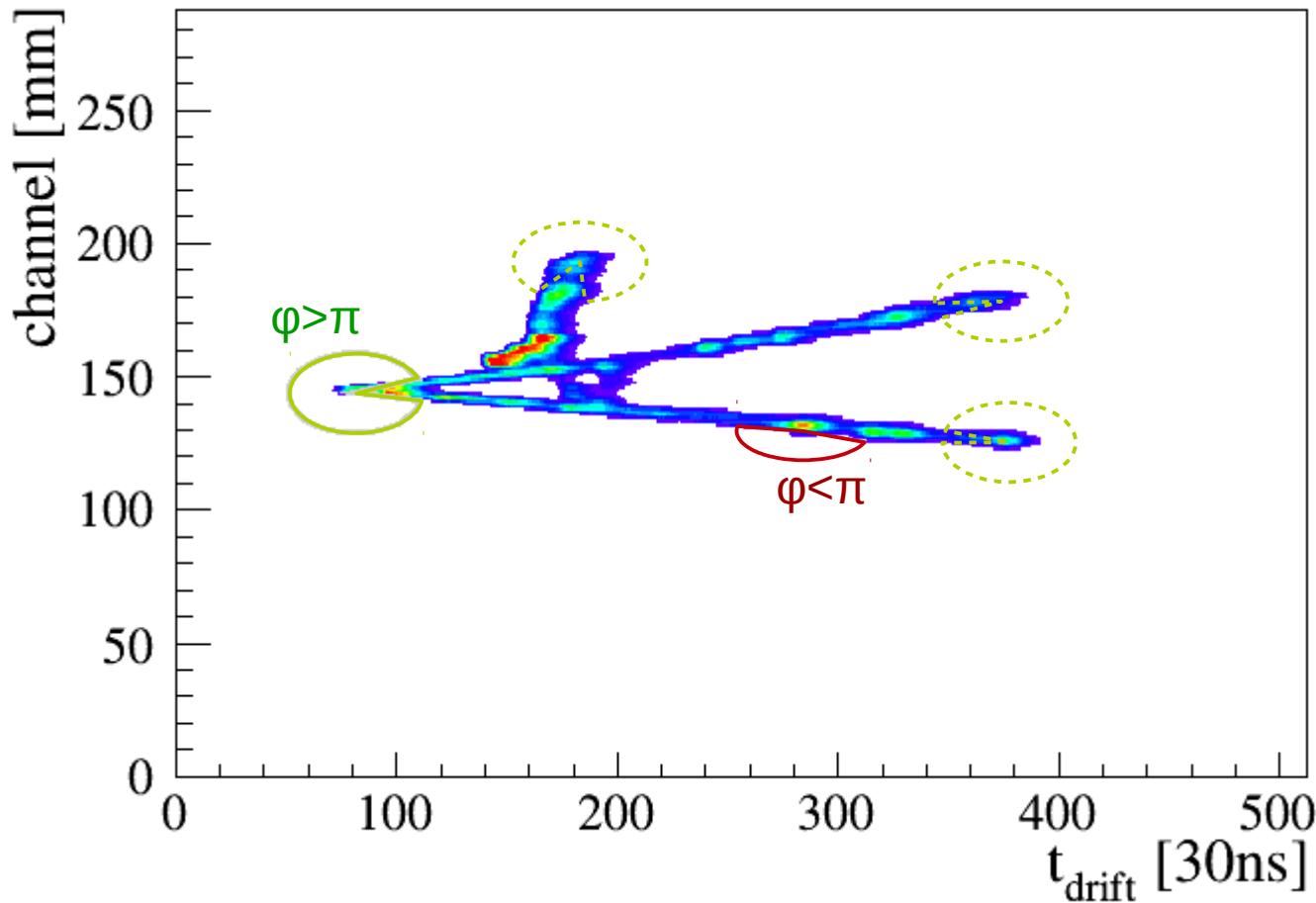
TeVPA2016, CERN



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Vertex Finder

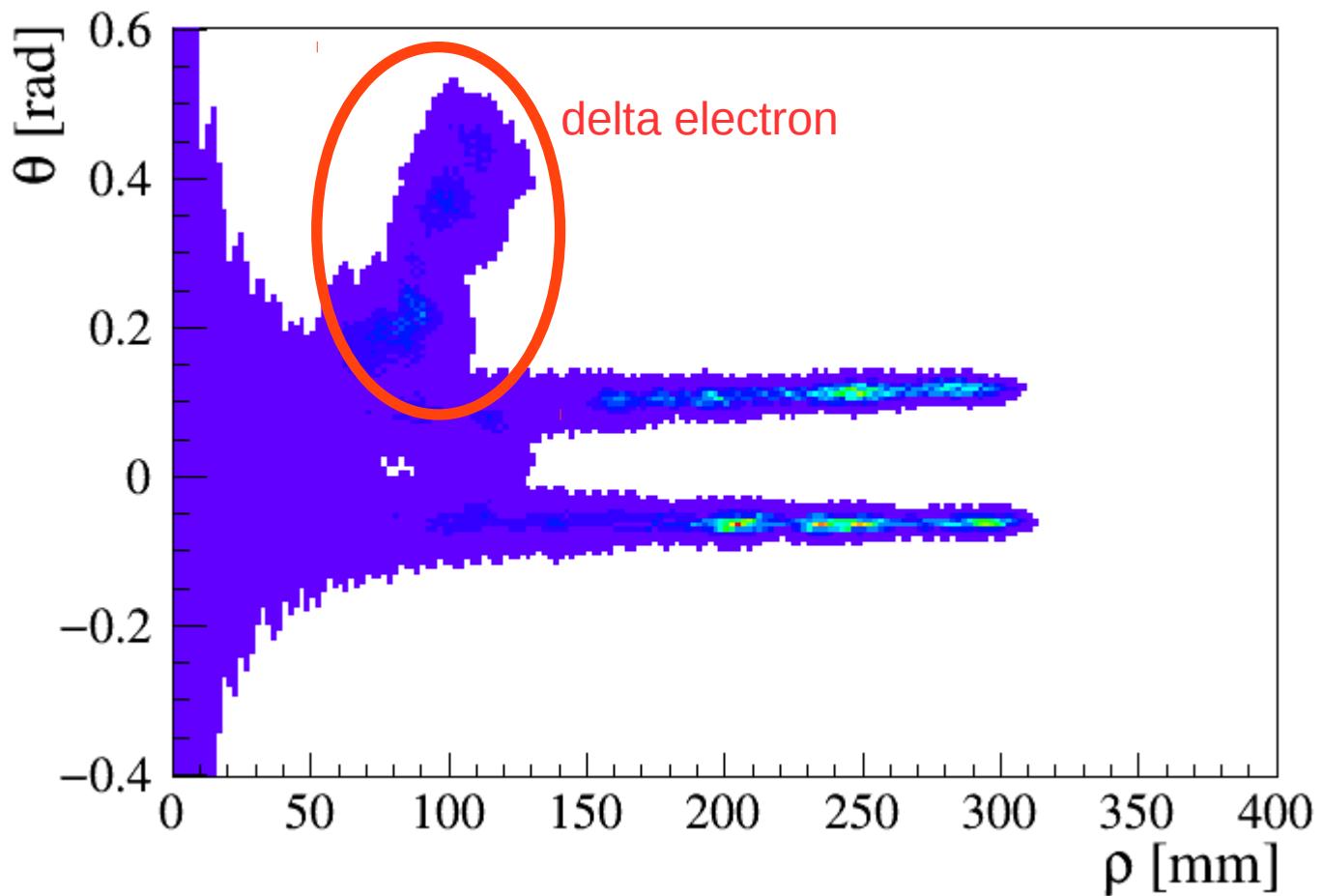


Polarimetry in the pair regime with HARPO
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Vertex Fitting

- Polar charge distribution around vertex



Polarimetry in the pair regime with HARPO

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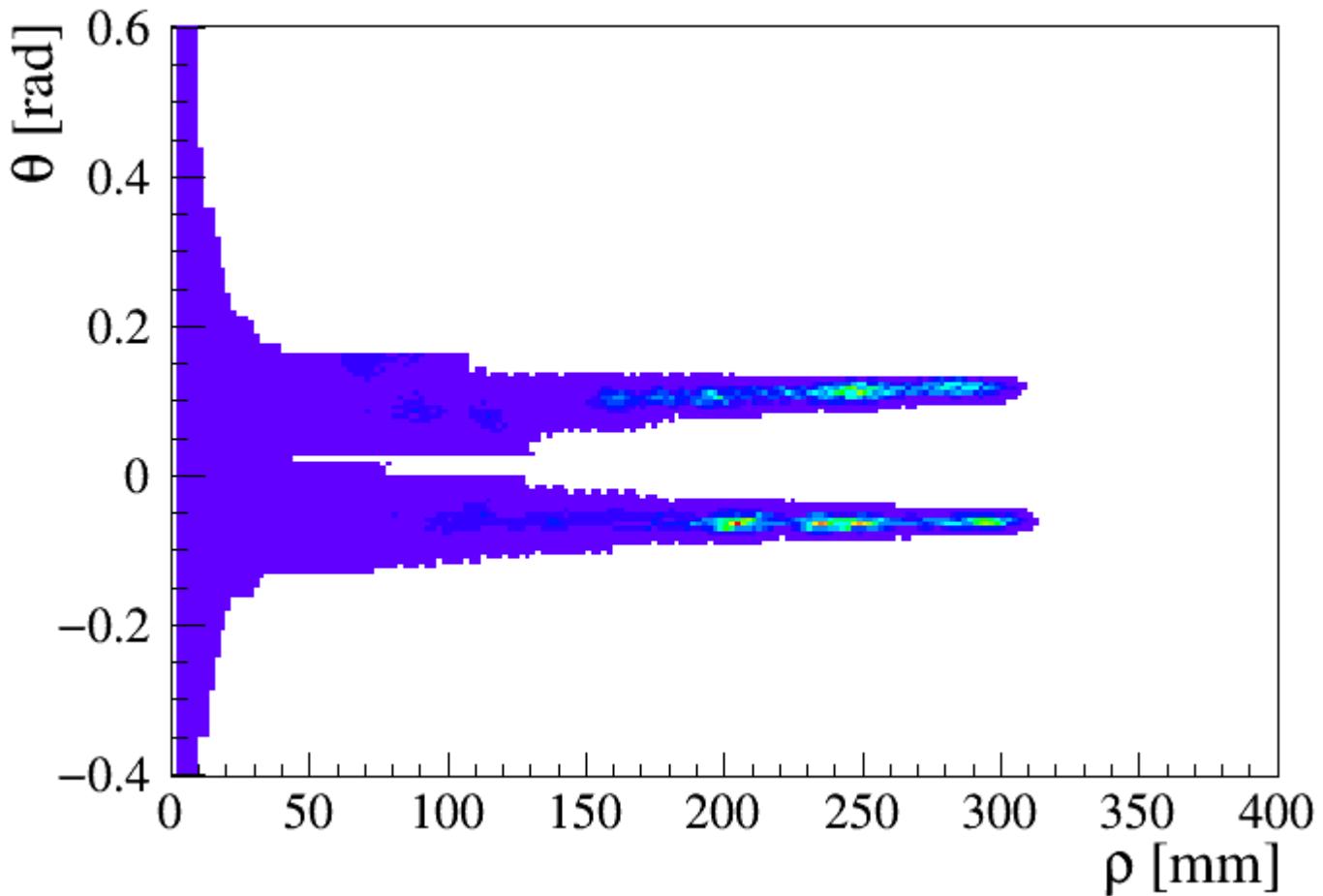


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Vertex Fitting

- Clean up: keep only straight lines



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Vertex Fitting

- Simple
- Robust:
 - ignores obvious scattering and background
 - potential for small opening angle
- Potential for improvement
 - better peak finding
 - use of distance info (focus on short distance for large opening angle, long distance for small)

Vertex Matching



- As before: compare charge profile
 - 1: match vertexes if there are several with same Z position
 - 2: match the tracks in the vertex (simple: only 2 possibilities)

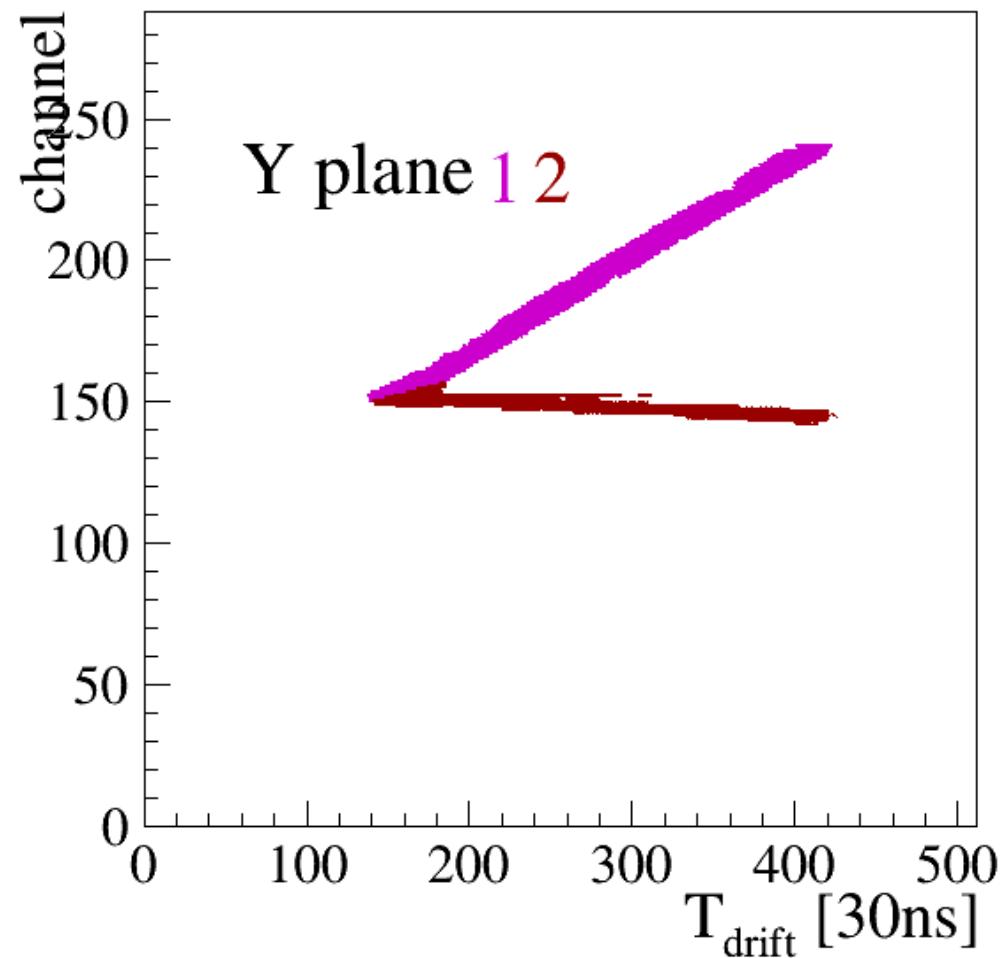
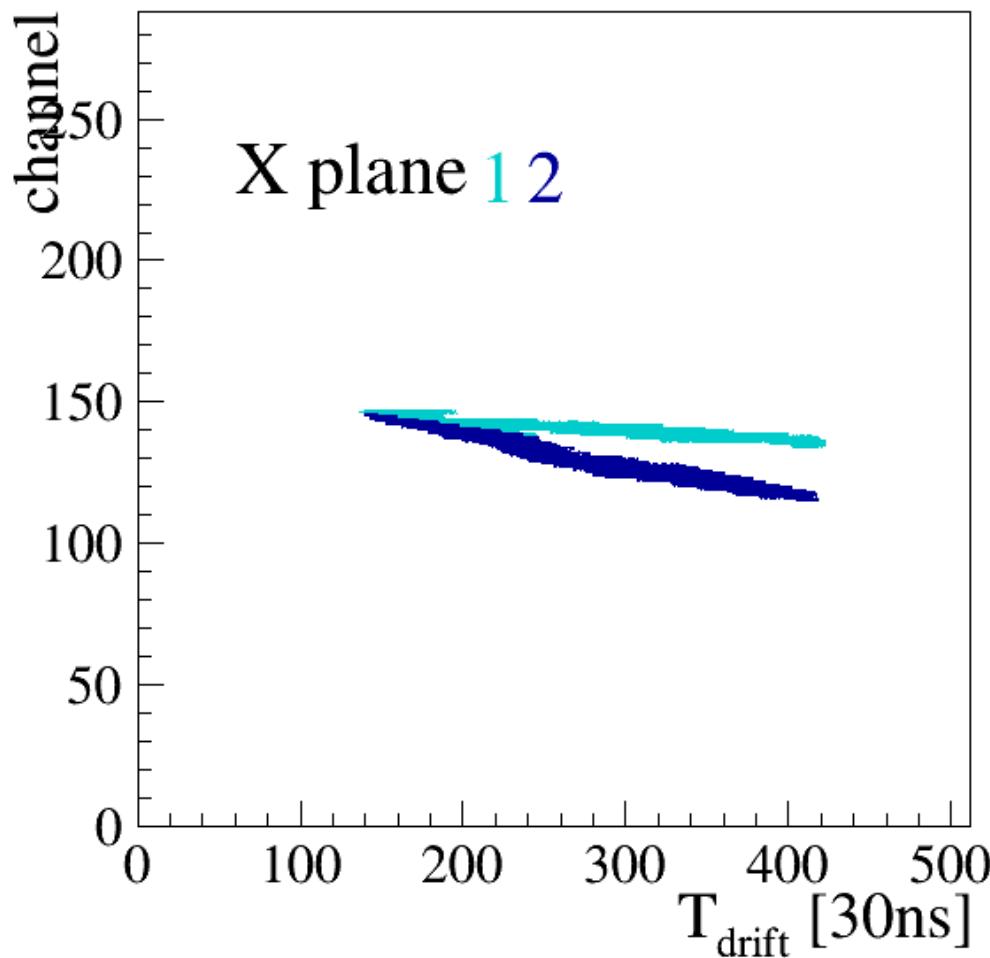


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Vertex Matching



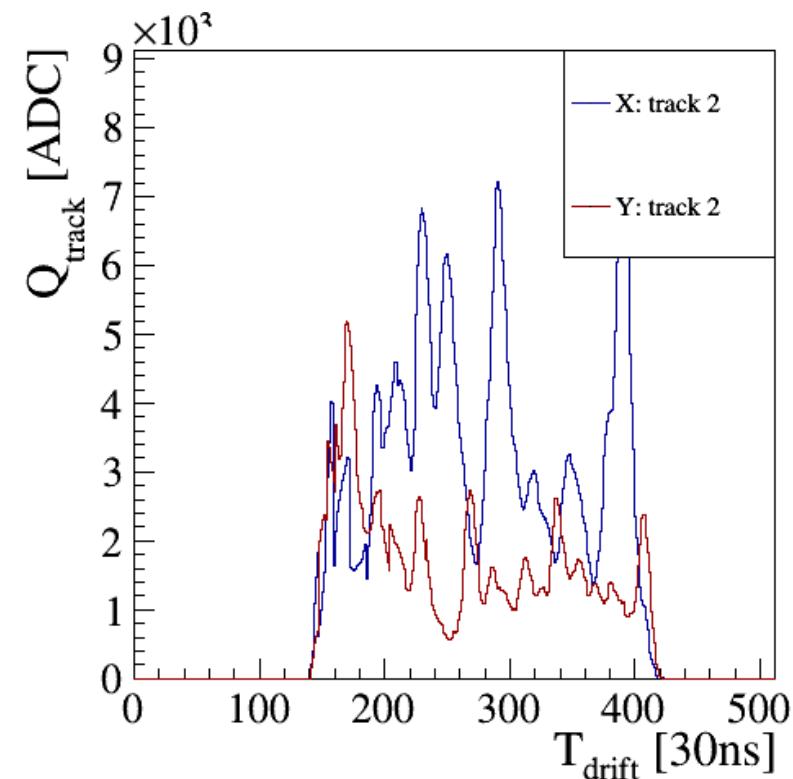
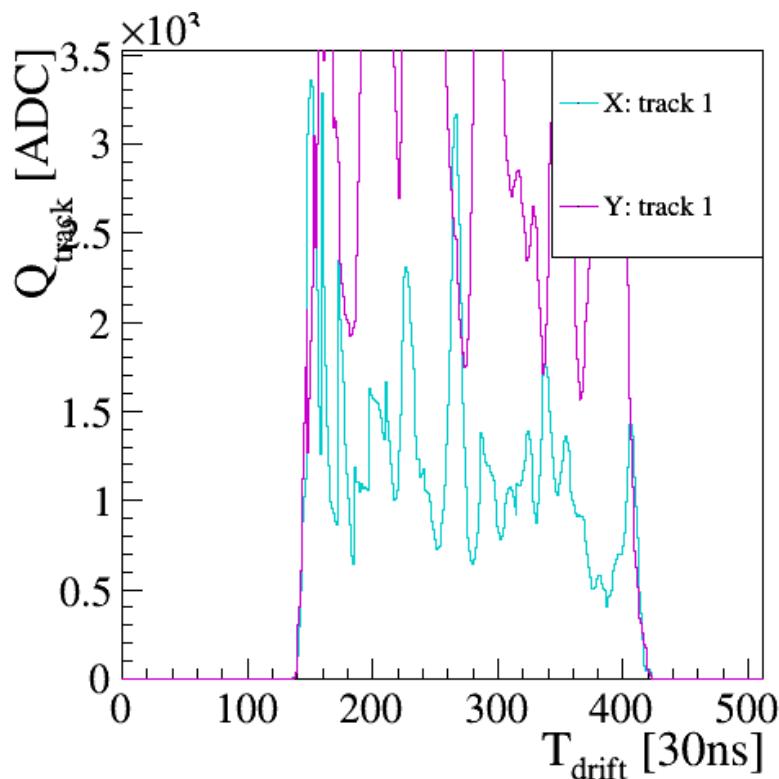
- Assign signal to tracks



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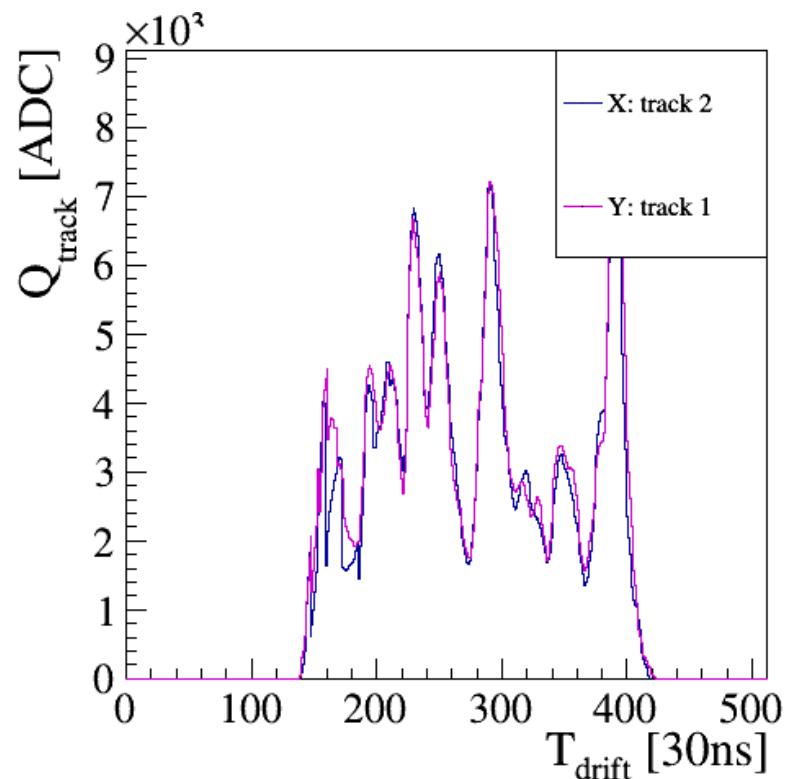
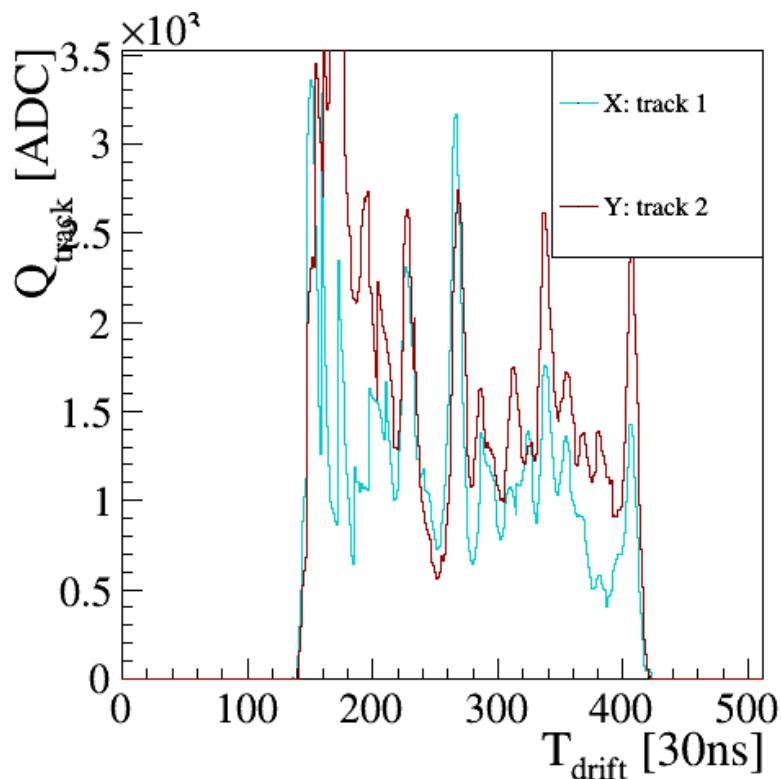


- Compare profiles: $X(1,2) \leftrightarrow Y(1,2)$ “same”



Vertex Matching

- Compare profiles: $X(1,2) \leftrightarrow Y(2,1)$ “switch”

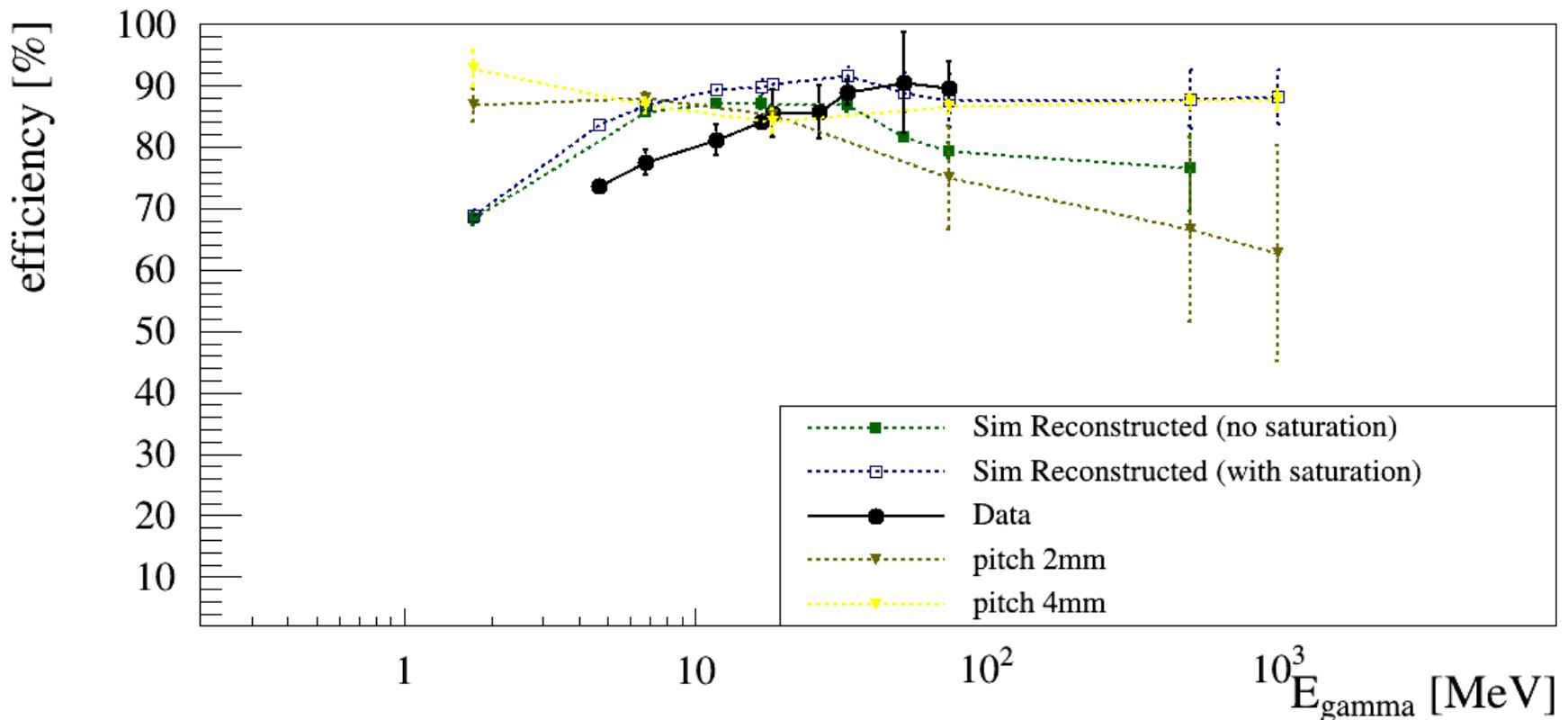


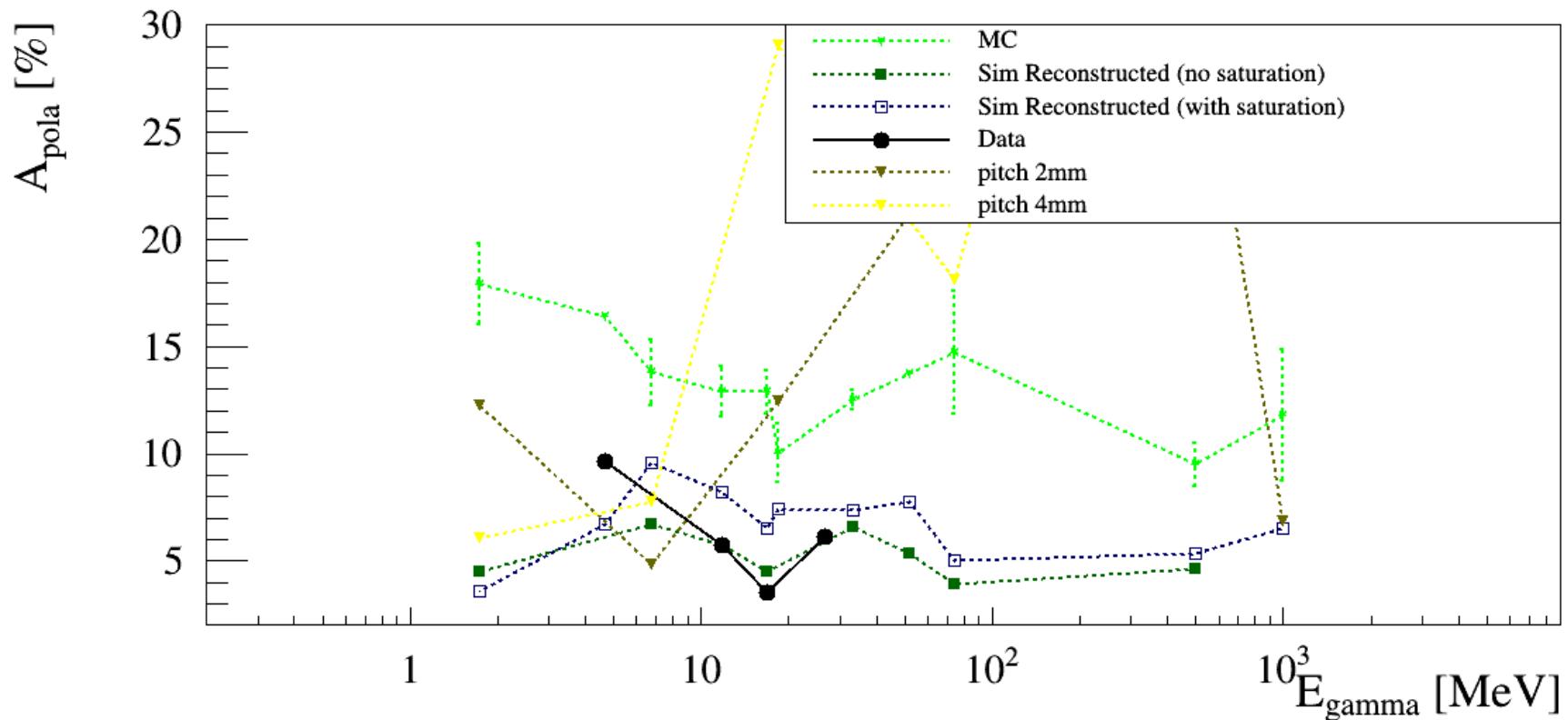


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Efficiency



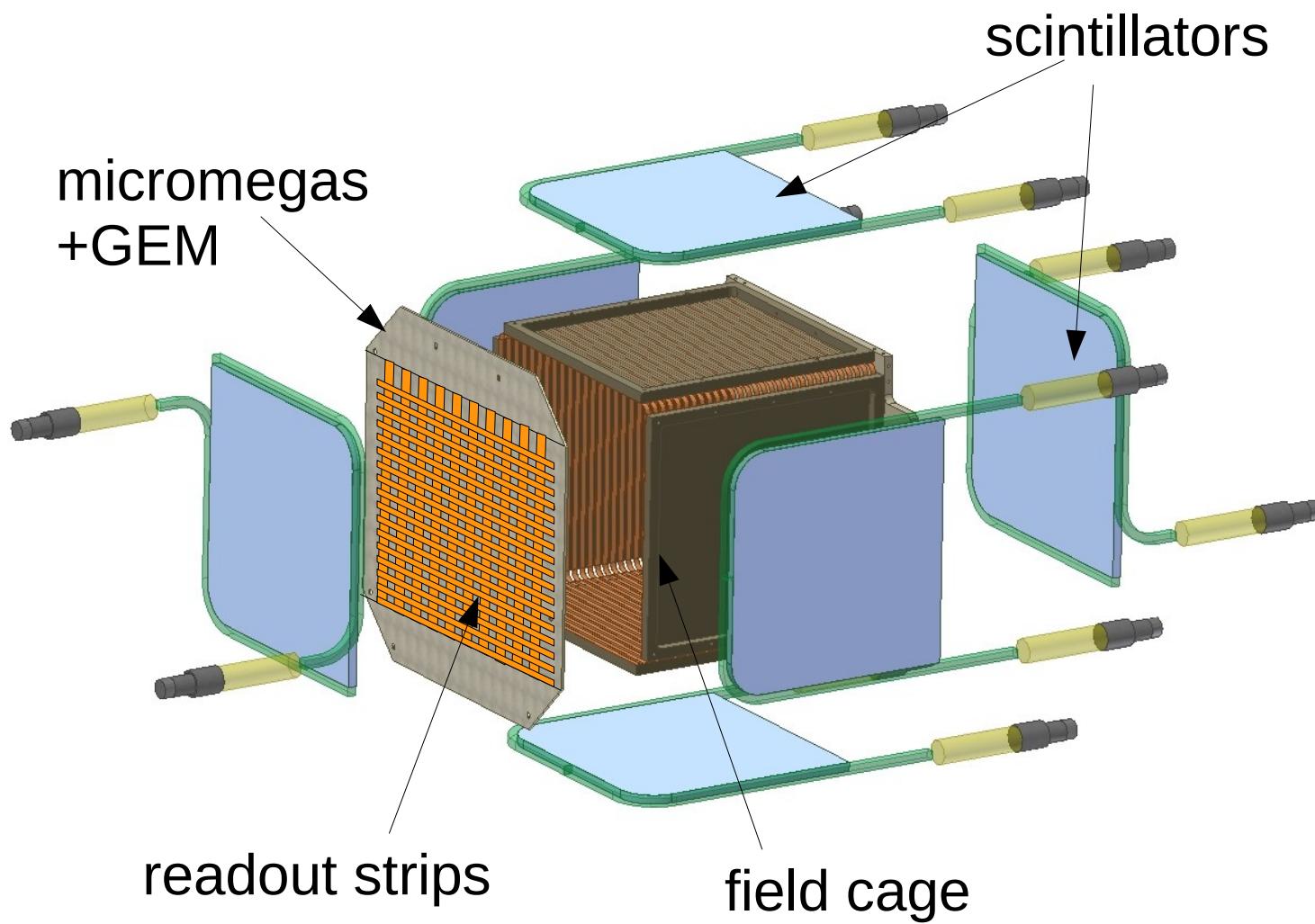




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HARPO Demonstrator

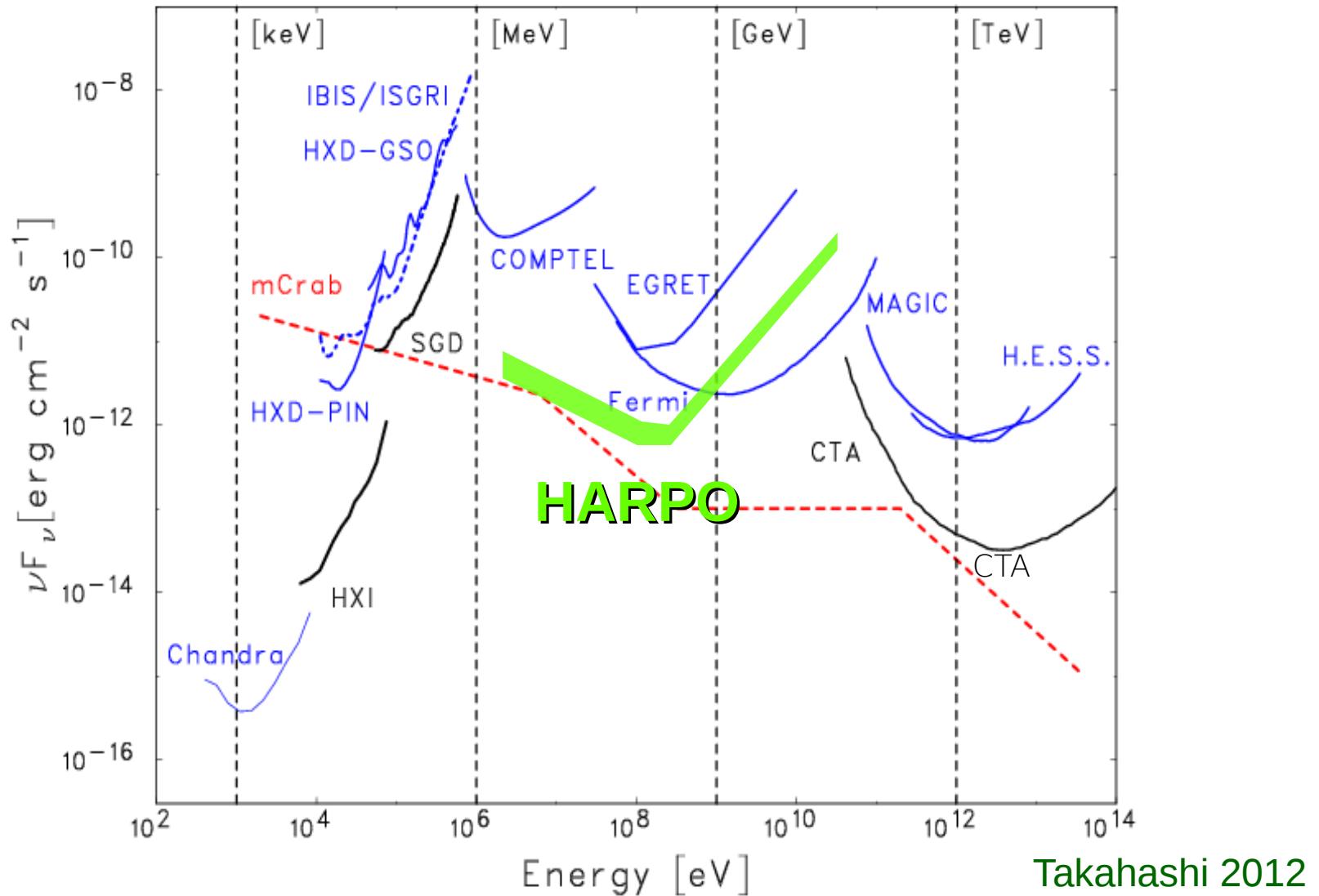
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Gamma source sensitivity

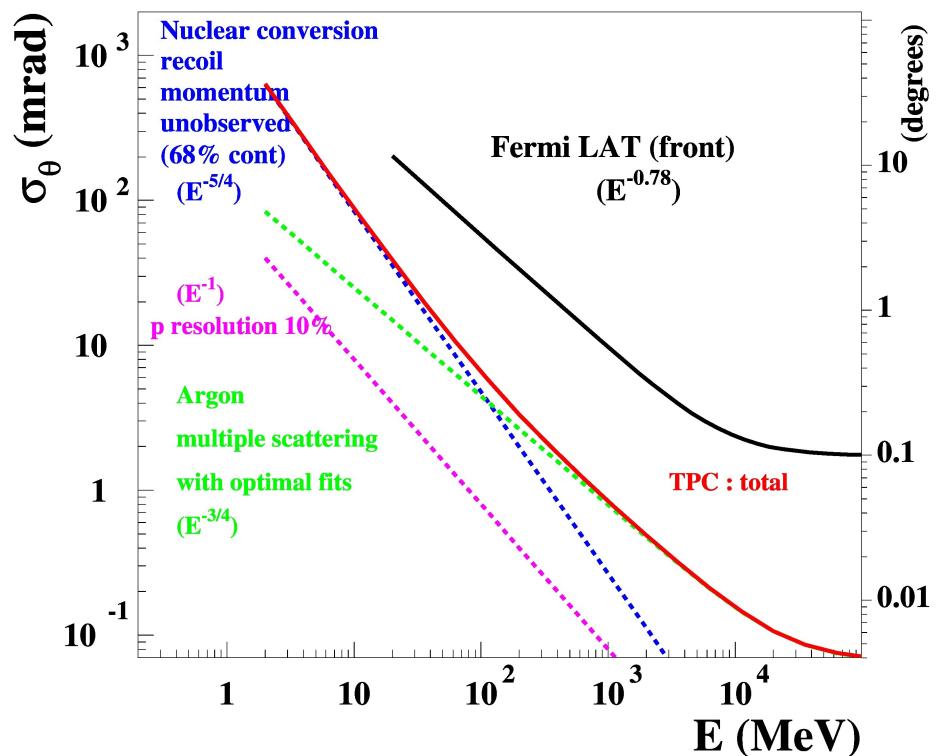
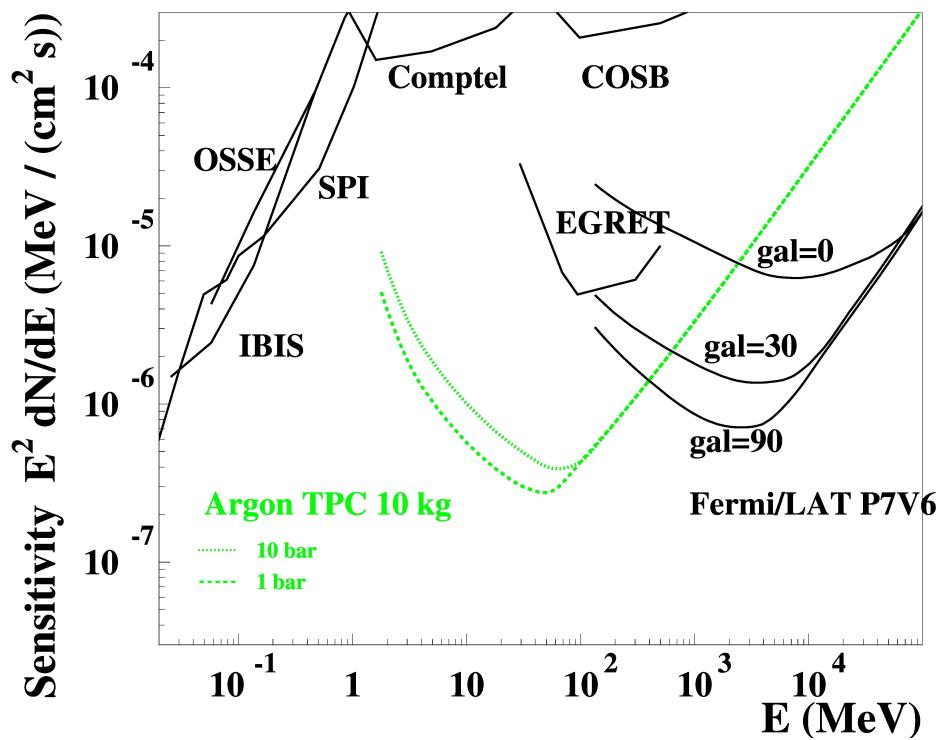


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Expected performance

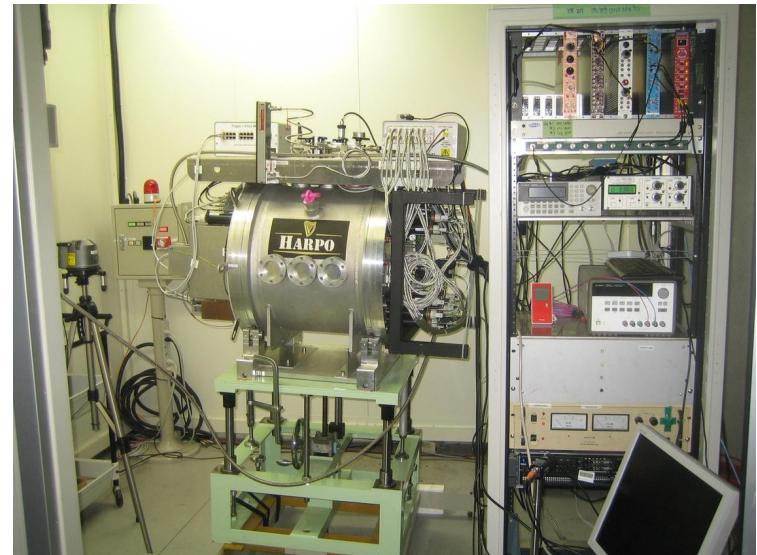
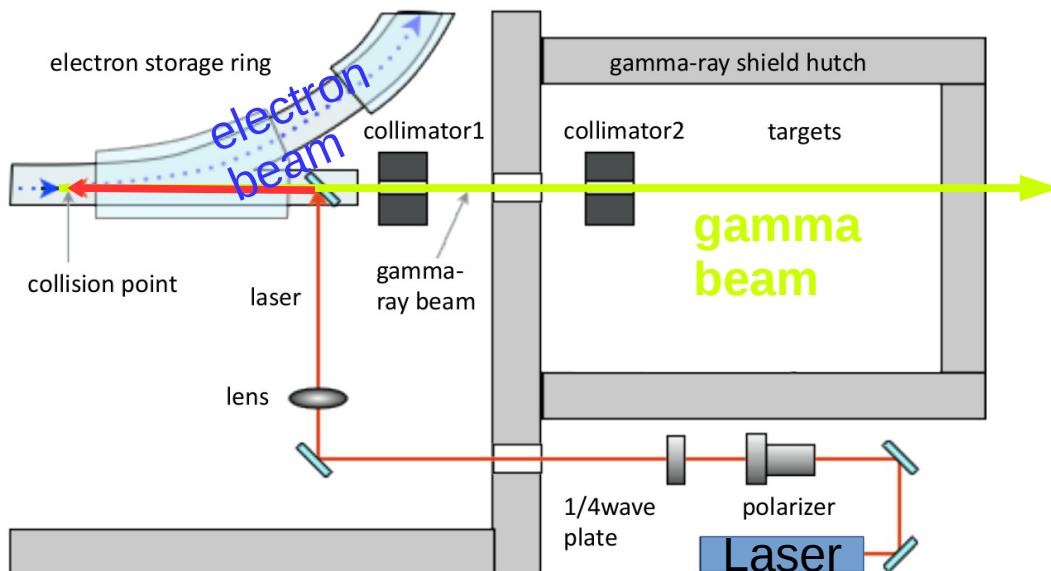


D. Bernard,
NIM A 701 (2013) 225

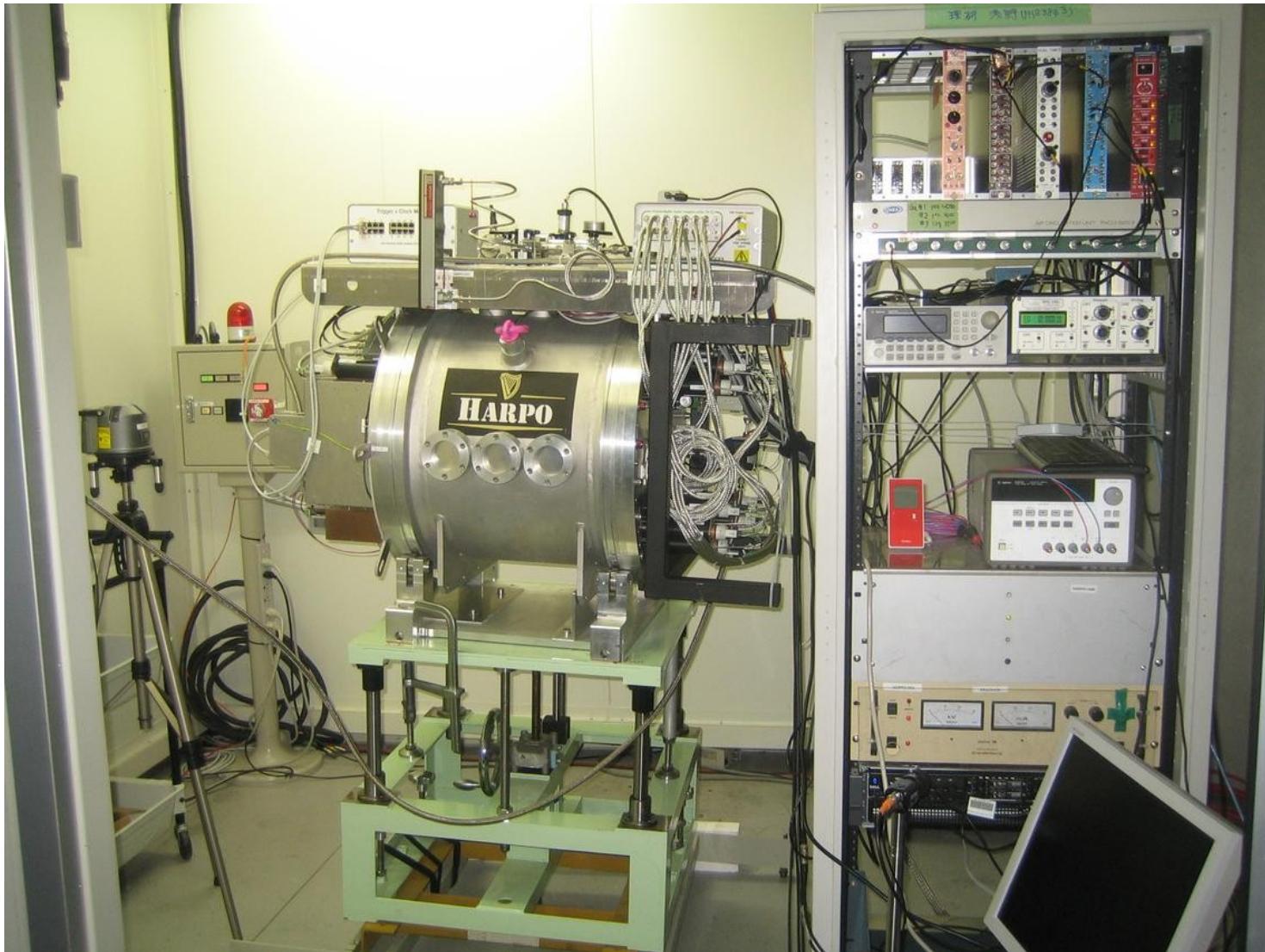
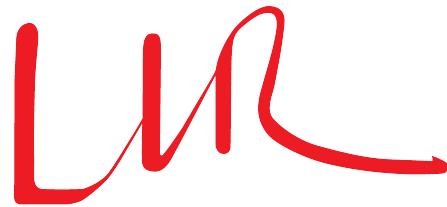


Current status

- Demonstrator built and tested in polarised photon beam in NewSUBARU, Japan
 - 13 Energy points, 1.74 to 74MeV, \sim 60Mevents



The HARPO TPC



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