

# WG2: Beam Dynamics, Optics and Instrumentation – Summary

Daniel Schulte and Alex Bogacz



# ERL Projects

## Interesting projects being discussed

- ERL at KEK
- ALICE
- PERLE
- LHeC
- eRHIC
- CBETA
- ERL for MESA
- bERLinPro

Nice mixture of future, existing and past facilities



## Summary: Operational Experience and Optimisation of ALICE Energy Recovery Linac

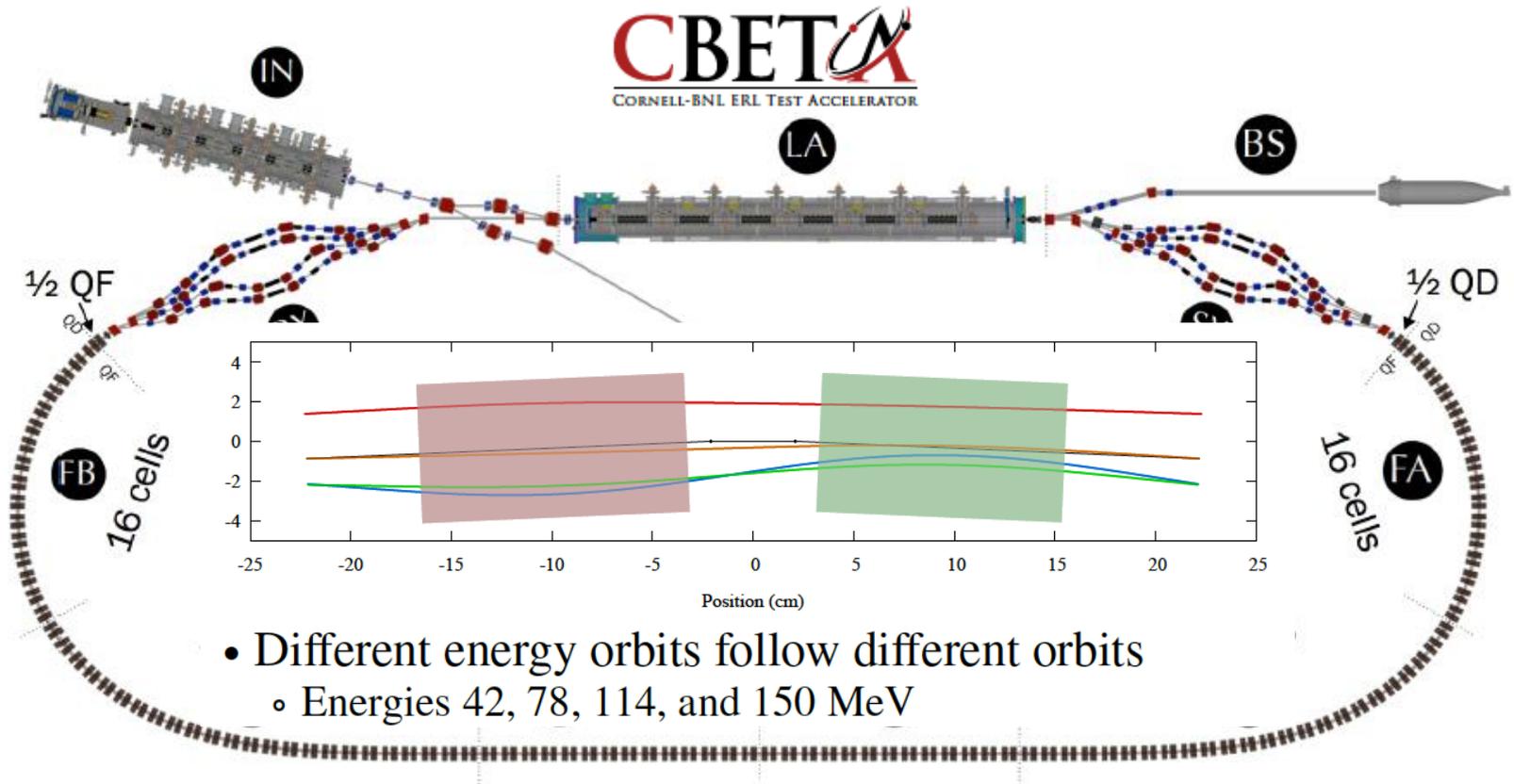
- Some advice for the developing ERL projects at this workshop
  - Do have well thought out **diagnostics for the LATTICE, and separately the BEAM** – both transversely and longitudinally in the first design stages of the project – how will your diagnostics **work together** to give you the information you need
  - In your simulations, **model the step-by-step procedures** you will use to establish the beam conditions and prove you have achieved the goals of your project
  - Never try to save money on **feedback systems!** Stability is key

P. Williams

Example of the lessons learned

# What limits number of ERL passes?

- ERL with FFAG arcs – Can switchyard be configured with FFAG as well?



G. Hoffstaetter

C. Mayes

S. Berg

# Beam Dynamics Issues for Multi-pass ERLS



Cornell Laboratory for  
Accelerator-based Sciences  
and Education (CLASSE)

## Multi-turn ERLs



ERLs provide: High currents for (a) either highly damaged beams or  
(b) pristine beams (small e)

Large range of beam dynamics issues

If the current is not high, use a linac!

If the beam is not pristine and not highly damaged, use a ring!

What are then the beam dynamics issues specific to ERLs?

1. High current effects
  - a) space charge
  - b) halo dynamics**
  - c) HOM heating
  - d) Intra-Beam Scattering
  - e) Touschek scattering
  - f) Rest Gas scattering
  - g) Ion accumulation
    - i) optics changes
    - ii) nonlinear dynamics
    - iii) scattering
2. Beam quality
  - a) Emittance matching
  - b) Time of flight control of energy spread**
  - c) Wakefield interactions
  - d) Micro bunching instability
  - e) Coherent Synchrotron Radiation**
3. Transport of damaged beam
  - a) Phase space rotation for energy spread
  - b) Large 6-D phase-space-aperture optics
4. Recovery topics
  - a) Energy spread growth during deceleration.
  - b) Halo transverse growth during deceleration.
  - c) Recirculative Beam Breakup instabilities.**
    - i) Transverse Dipole BBU**
    - ii) Longitudinal BBU**
    - iii) Quadrupole BBU**
  - d) Ion instabilities
  - e) Simultaneous control of multiple beams**

What are the Beam Dynamic Issues for Multi-Turn ERLs?

→ All of the above, only worse!

[Georg.Hoffstaetter@cornell.edu](mailto:Georg.Hoffstaetter@cornell.edu) - June 7, 2017 – CBETA Collaboration meeting

8

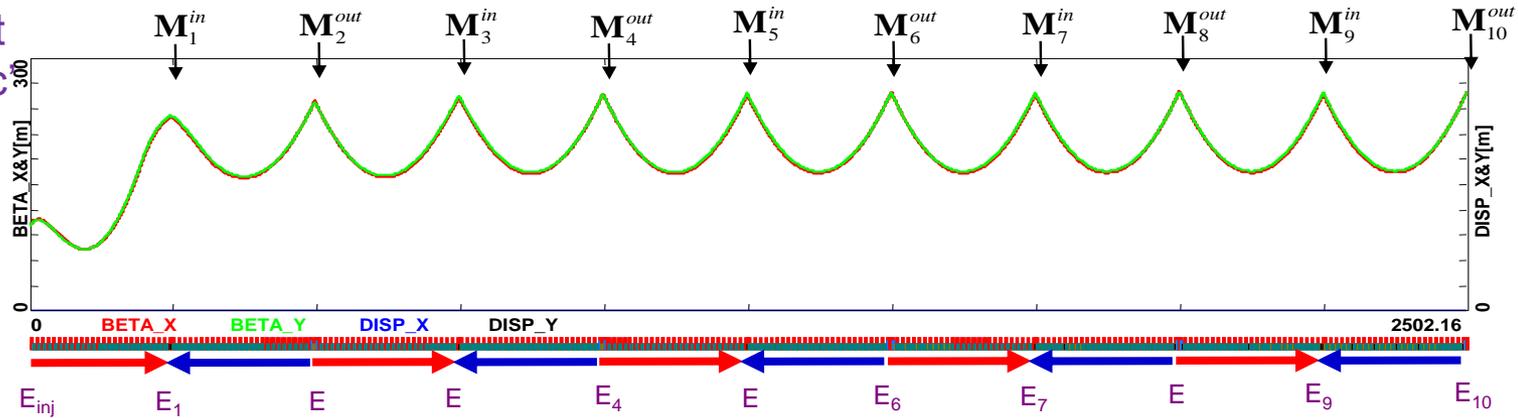


# What limits number of ERL passes?

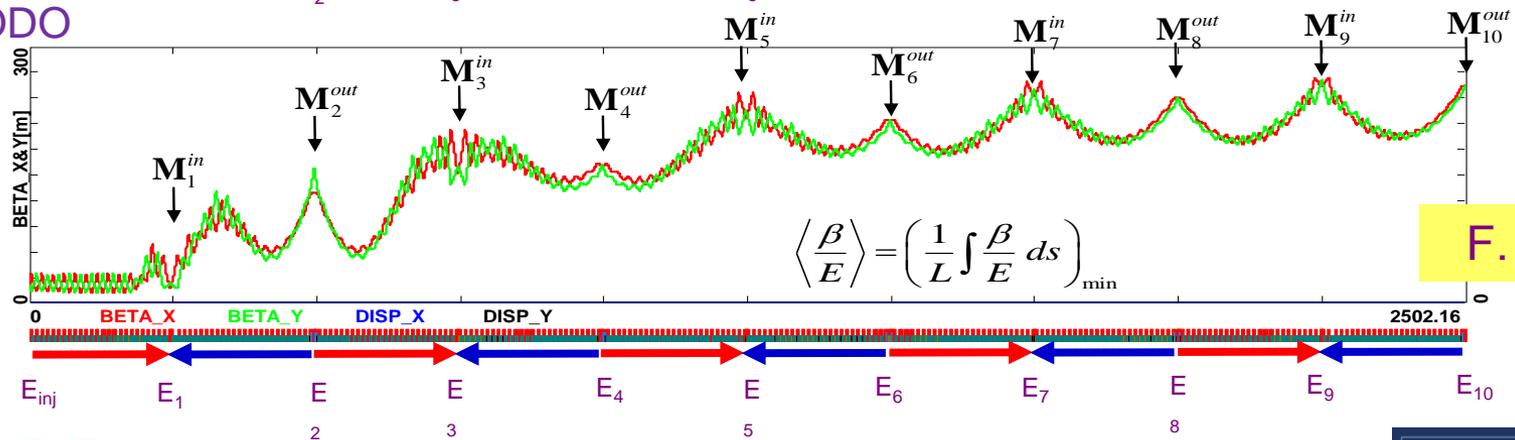
- Optimization of multi-pass linac Optics for ER operation

Acceleration/Deceleration

'Drift  
Linac



60° FODO

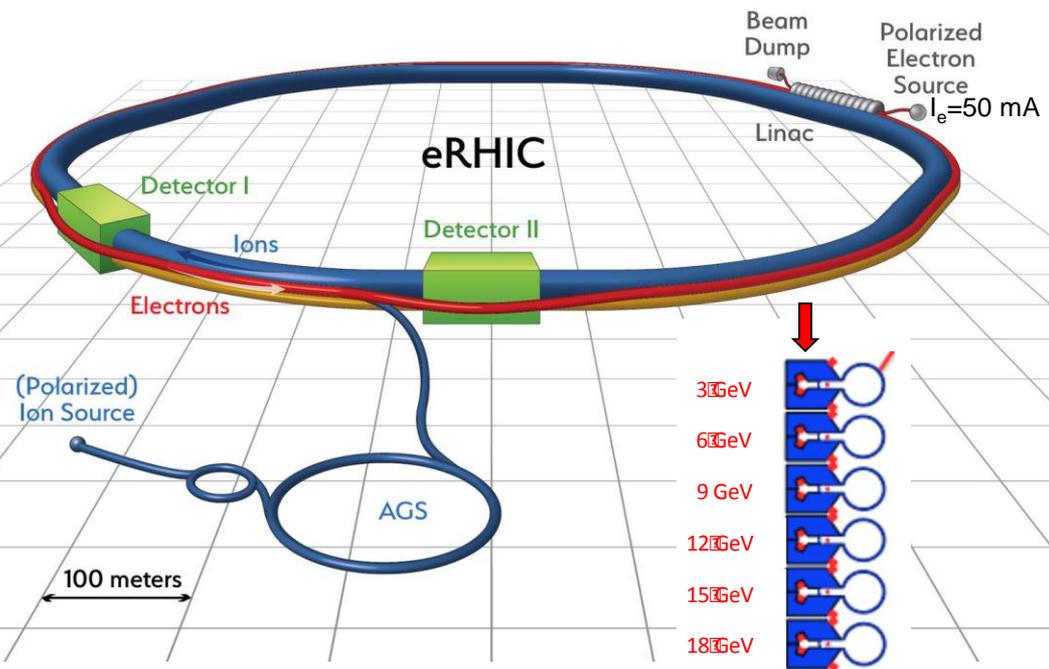


$$\left\langle \frac{\beta}{E} \right\rangle = \left( \frac{1}{L} \int \frac{\beta}{E} ds \right)_{\min}$$

F. Meot

# What limits number of ERL passes?

- Optimization of multi-pass linac Optics for ER operation



Maximum electron energy: 18 GeV

50 mA polarized electron source employing merging electron current produced by multiple electron guns

Main ERL SRF linac(s): 647 MHz cavities, 3 GeV/turn

Six individual re-circulation beamlines based on electromagnets

For very high luminosity ( $\sim 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ) with hadron cooling system (CeC)

V. Ptitsyn

# eRHIC

- Not the main focus of the work
  - Ring-ring option is in the focus
  - But still efforts on ERL
- Important challenges
  - Beam break-up
    - Addressed by cavity design with strong damping
  - Beam losses
    - An important concern for many projects
    - Technical means: Apertures, collimation, diagnostics
    - But also understanding of sources and choice of beam current
- CBETA will provide important input, an example of the synergy in the field

# Limits on longitudinal acceptance in high energy ERLs

## ● LHeC 60 GeV ERL – Beam Dynamics Issues

Single-particle/single-bunch effects:

- *Synchrotron Radiation:*
  - Almost 2 GeV lost around the racetrack, 750 MeV in Arc 6.
  - Induced energy spread and emittance blowup limiting the deceleration.
- *Beam-Beam effect:*
  - Disruption of the electron beam (still need to be decelerated).
  - Stability of the proton beam (impact on the other LHC experiments).
- *Short range wakefields and impedances:*
  - energy spread and emittance growth.
- *Lattice imperfections:*
  - Misalignments and field errors, RF stability.

Multi-bunch effects:

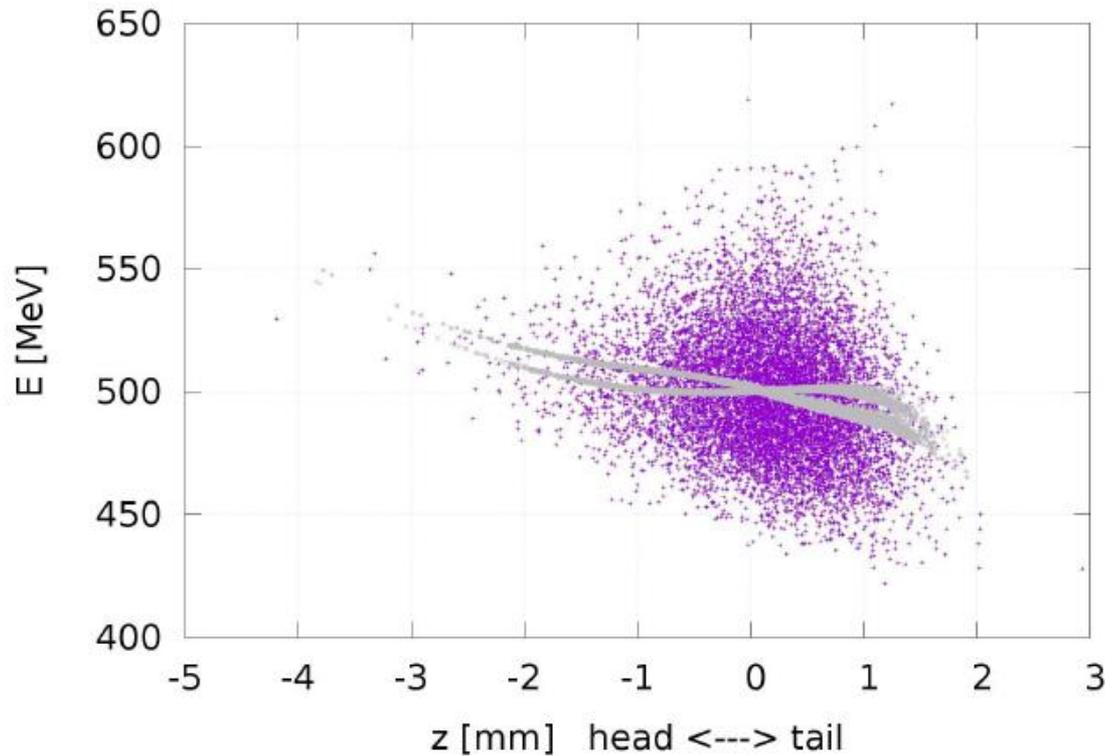
- *Long range wakefields* (excitation of higher order modes in the cavities).
- Ion cloud build up (preliminary estimations in the CDR, seems ok but needs to be reviewed).

# Limits on longitudinal acceptance in high energy ERLs

## Longitudinal Phase Space at Dump

Short Range Wake Fields + Synchrotron Radiation:

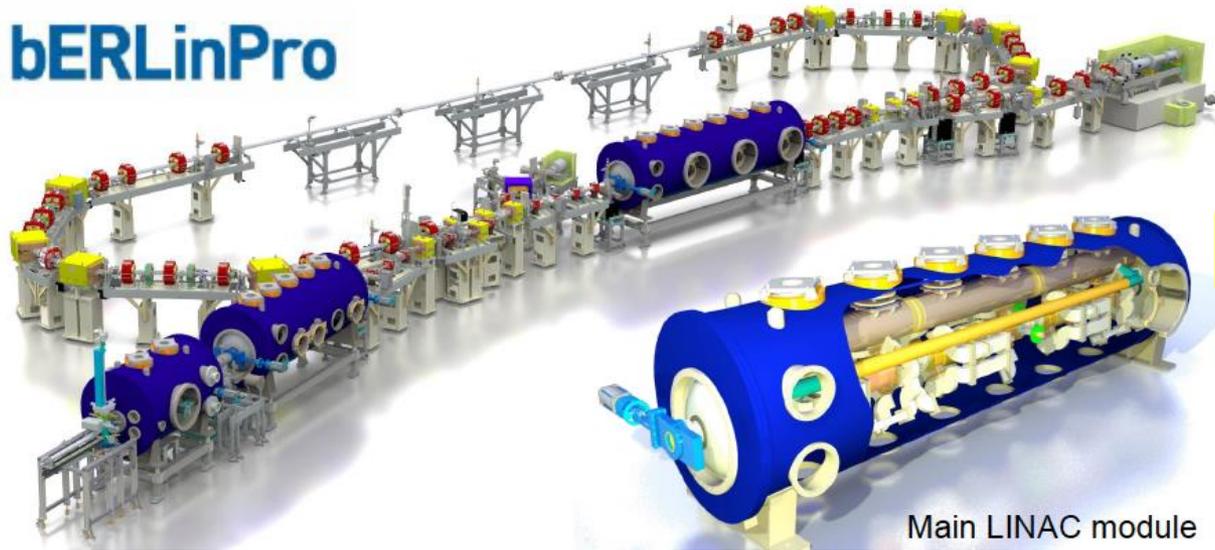
LHeC 60 GeV ERL



Big energy spread from quantum excitation, optics and sr wake effect masked!

# Limits on virtual power vs RF power in high energy ERLs

bERLinPro



Main LINAC module

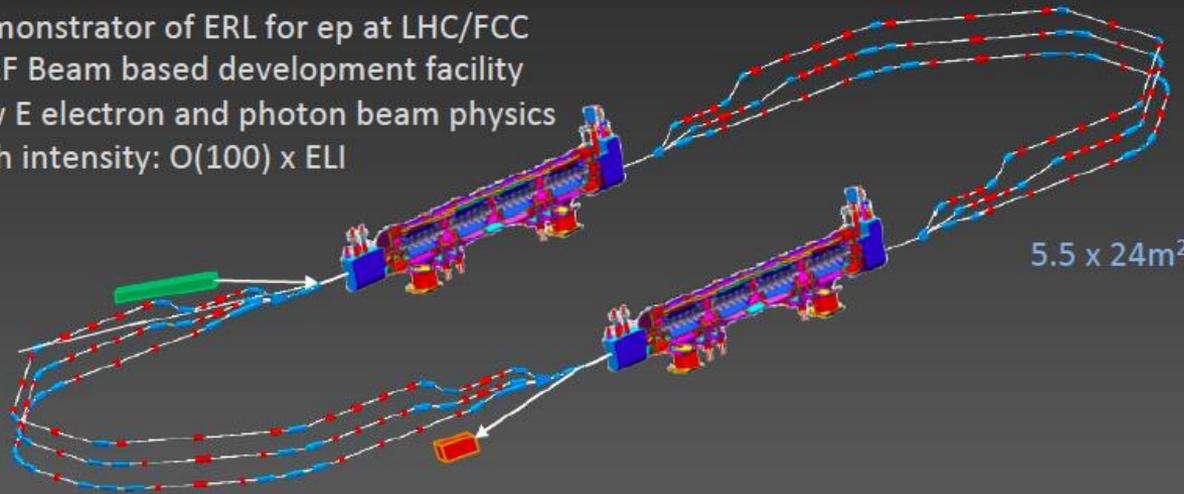
100 mAmp  
50 MeV

A. Jankowiak

M. Abo-Bakr



- Demonstrator of ERL for ep at LHC/FCC
- SCRF Beam based development facility
- Low E electron and photon beam physics
- High intensity:  $O(100) \times \text{ELI}$



5.5 x 24m<sup>2</sup>

15 mAmp  
400 MeV

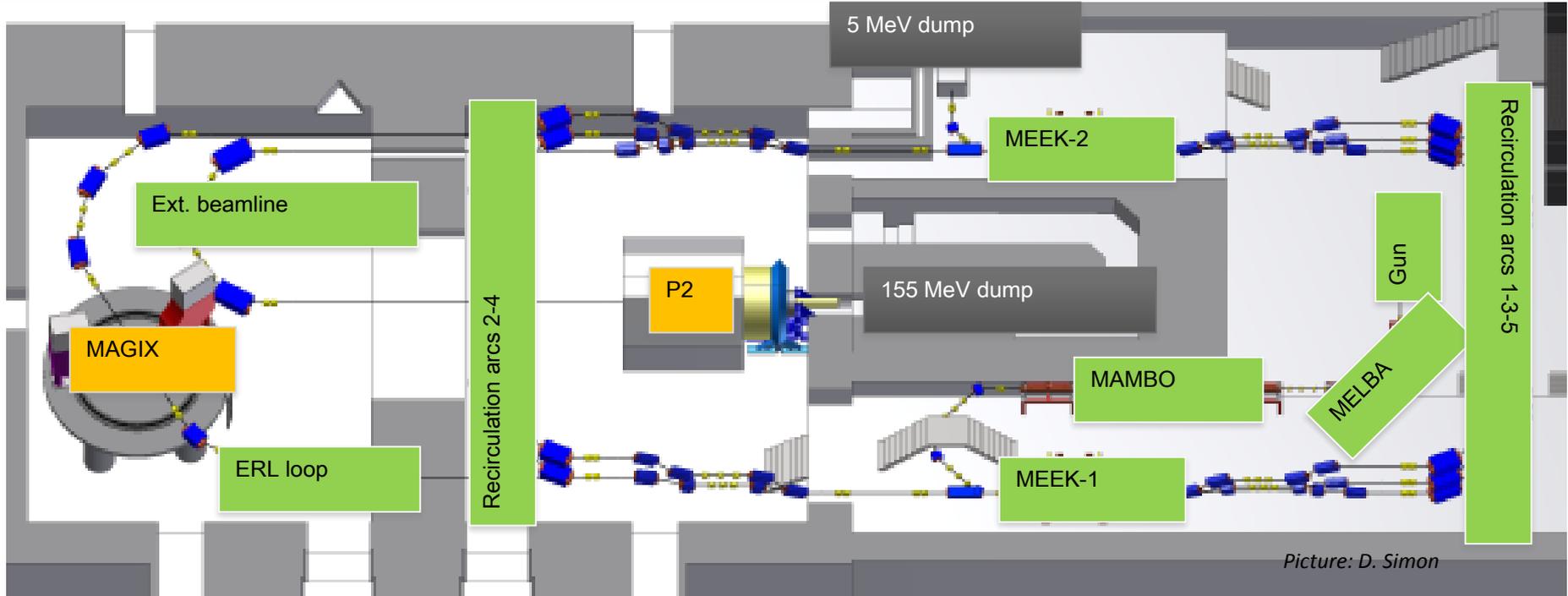
W. Kaabi

A. Bogacz

# PERLE R&D Program - TDR

- Liner lattice optimization Initial magnet specs ★
- Momentum acceptance and longitudinal match ★
- End-to-End simulation with synchrotron radiation, CSR micro-bunching (ELEGANT)
- Correction of nonlinear aberrations (geometric & chromatic) with multipole magnets (sext. octu.?)
- RF cavity design, HOM content BBU studies (TDBBU)
- Injection line/chicane design Space-charge studies at injection
- Diagnostics & Instrumentation
- Multi-particle tracking studies of halo formation
- Final magnet specs
- Engineering design

# MESA Project, Research Facility



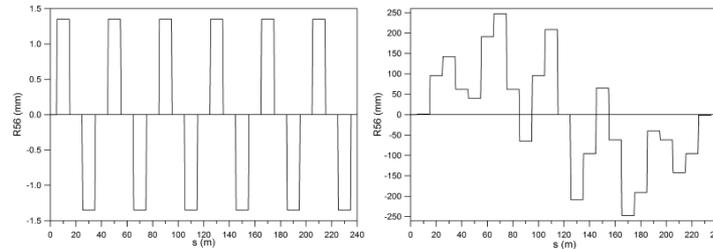
F. Hug

- Normalconducting injector and superconducting main linacs
- Double sided recirculation design with vertically stacked return loops
- Two modes of operation:
  - EB-operation (P2/BDX experiment): **polarized** beam, up to 150  $\mu\text{A}$  @ 155 MeV
  - ERL-operation (MAGIX experiment): (un)polarized beam, up to **1 (10) mA** @ 105 MeV

# Mitigation scheme for CSR/microbunching

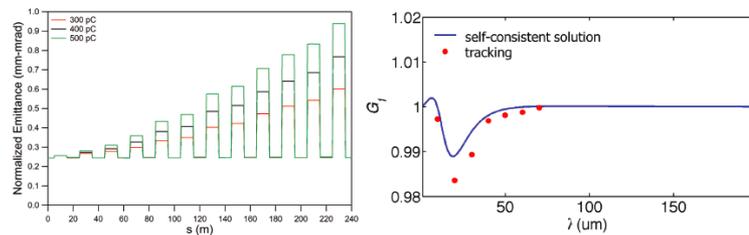
## Isochronous Arc Study

	Example A	Example B
Energy (GeV)	1.3	1.3
$\epsilon_{x,y}$ (mm-mrad)	0.25	0.25
$\sigma_{\delta E/E}$	$9 \times 10^{-6}$	$9 \times 10^{-6}$
$\sigma_t$ (ps)	3.0	3.0
Structure	Periodically isochronous & achromatic	Globally isochronous & achromatic

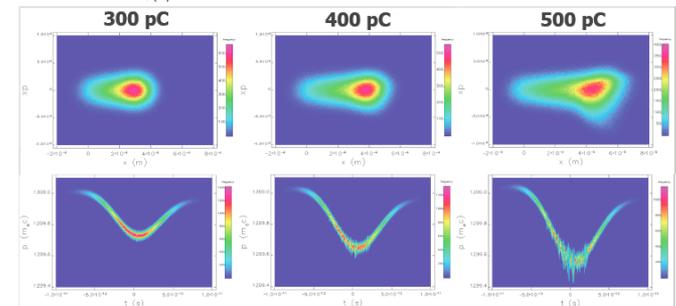
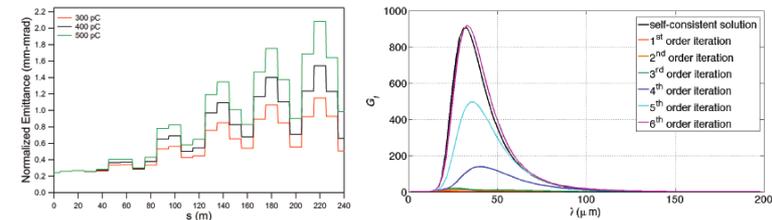


## Arc: Example A

- effective suppression of CSR-induced emittance growth
  - an initial CSR kick is cancelled by a second kick a half-betatron wavelength away
- design manifests *no evidence* of microbunching gain



## Arc: Example B



# Outlook

- Number of existing and future ERL's
- Various beam dynamics issues being addressed by several ERLs
  - Maximizing number of passes
  - Maximizing virtual beam power
  - Mitigation of limiting factors: BBU, CSR/microbunching
  - Diagnostics & Instrumentation for multiple beams (10?)
  - Multi-particle tracking studies of halo formation
- Importance of lessons learned from past ERLs