

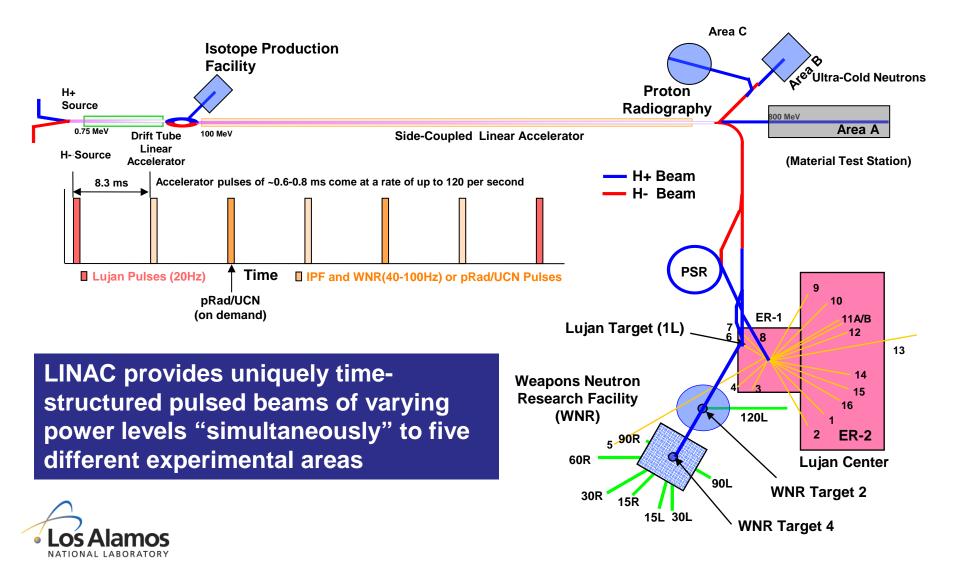
Outline

- LANSCE
- Klystron specification
- Original klystron order
- Bridging the gap to the 2009 klystron order
- 2009 klystron order
- 2009 klystron order results
- Current LANSCE klystron statistics





The heart of LANSCE is a very flexible 800-MeV proton linear accelerator (LINAC)





LANSCE RF Systems

4 – 201 MHz, 3.4 MW Gridded Tube Systems



LANSCE Nominally Operates 120 Hz, 825 usec RF Pulses, 625 usec Beam Pulses

44 – 805 MHz, 1.25 MW Klystron Systems







Klystron Specification

- 1.25 MW
- 805 MHz
- 120 Hz pulse repetition frequency
- 1000 usec pulse width
- 86 kV peak cathode voltage
- 33 A peak cathode current
- 44% minimum efficiency (purposefully low to allow stable operation without a circulator)
- 50 dB gain
- Power a resonant load with a Q of 20,000 and a steady state VSWR of 1.1:1 without a circulator





Original Klystron Order

- Two Vendors
- Vendor A
 - Delivered 70 klystrons
- Vendor B
 - Delivered 28 klystrons
- Although built to the same specification, each klystron type has a unique transmitter requirements and output waveguide flange location.
 - Our klystron gallery is spread across 7 building, each containing 6 or 7 klystrons
 - One building contains only vendor B klystrons
 - The others contain vendor A klystrons
 - Both klystrons use the same magnet







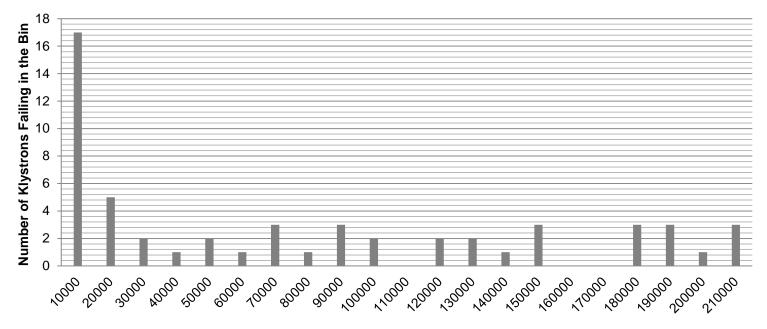
Bridging the gap - Our starting point for the 2009 order

- 2006 (operational) klystron statistics when we proposed the order
 - Average filament hours of the installed klystrons 124 khr
 - Average filament hours of spare klystrons 79 khr
 - 23 installed tubes with over 141 khr filament hours
- Klystron statistics projected to the delivery of the first new klystron projected at 2012
 - Assumed 5 good rebuilds during the 2009 order process
 - Average filament hours of installed klystrons 115 khr
 - Average filament hours of spare klystrons 151 khr
 - 2 original spares left when we take delivery of the first new klystron





Vendor A Klystron Failures Binned in 10,000 hour Increments (old plus new) – Start of a Bathtub Curve



Filament Hours at Failure in bins of 10,000 hours

Average hours on failed klystrons – 71,712 filament hours Average hours on failed klystrons, if the klystron survives first 13,000 hours – 110,000 filament hours





We have rebuilt all the excellent and good candidate tubes – future rebuilds will be on "low probability of success" klystrons

														<u>Emissi</u>		Witnes	<u>Windo</u>			
										LAST		LANL	Vac	on/Arci	Proble	sed	W			
			ltem	SN	B	LOC.	SIAI	FIL HRS	HV HRS	ACTION	<u>COMMENTS</u>	Rebuild	<u>Failure</u>	<u>nq</u>	<u>m</u>	<u>8/05</u>	<u>Sleeve</u>	Category	<u>Comments</u>	CPI Repair
	/	lack																	Reported to have lost	
	Candidates																		vacuum at LANL. May	0 100 55
				24.0		504	_	444004	94842	0.14.0.14.000	and fil and 7 pageible amargangung					· ·	COT		have been a bad pump	Gun, I/P Cav, Window
			1	219	0	p01	5	111904	94642	8/19/1999	one fil open,7, possible emergency use			X		×	SST	1		8/24/05 Down to oil leak in Cav 1
			2	249	0	p05	5	53701	46269	8/10/1984	VAC FAILURE		×			×	К	1		bellows, at CPI
											1,7, damaged by arc (concave cath								"Concave button" refers	
$\overline{}$											button, vac leak), Hi lion, MA k arcs,								to heater cup on	
\simeq			3	232	0	p03	5	87757	78491	4/16/2003	possible emergency use		×			X	K	2	baseplate	Gun Rebuilt10/10/06
\circ											VAC FAILURE,									Repl Gun, Window
9			4	237	0	p07	5	98000	76000	8/21/1991			X			X	SST	2	Opened for leak check	11/10/06
			5	243	0	p08	5	4405	3813		VAC FAILURE, kovar,7?		X			X	K	2	Recd 7/08, Gun bent	ļ
			- 6	247	0	p08	5	45683	38219		VAC FAILURE, kovar,7?		X			X	K	2	Recd 7/08	
			7	252	0	p07	5	50000	40000		VAC FAILURE,7?		X			X	K	2	Recd 7/08	
			8	306	0	p02	5	63773	46536	4/13/1996	VAC FAIL, CATHODE BUTTON		X					2	B . I. I. I .	Gun Window, 2/20/07
		dz –	9	250	4	ts2	4	7691	7397	7/16/2004	rebuilt by CPI, vac problem		×			x	CU	2	Reported to have lost	C V. C d 4 (24 (2002)
		¥		203	-	p10	5	124501	97720		low gain, melted input connector,7		^		· ·				vacuum at LANL	Gun Window 4/24/2003
		Λ	10 11	203	0	p10	5	89832	74773		cav 1 damaged or tuner broken,7				×	X	K	3		
		Ί`	12	216	n n	p07	5	115831	92474		VAC FAIL, MAG SHORTED.7?		X		^	X	SST	3		
			12	210	U	por	3	113031	32414	10/23/1334	VACTAIL, MAG SHORTED, F:		^			^	331	3		
																			Leak in weld at 5th cav -	
	andidates																		vac sealed?, Window	
			13	231	1	p06	5	500	310	11/4/1996	LOW Perveance, ARCS,7	Х		l x l		×	CU	3	replaced, Perv bad	
								42225	32931		never recovered from col vane cleaning,									
			14	304	2	p03	5			5/7/2003	vac fail while hi potting	Х	X					3		
			15	251	0	p05	5	8000	6000		leak c1 water to vac, gun on 307		Х			X	K	4	Opened, gun removed	
											filament intermittant,7, possible									
			16	227	1	p11	5	119209	94472		emergency use	Χ		X		Χ	K	4		
			17	101	2	p04	5	1246	818		HI X-RAY,BURNS INPUT CABLE'7?	Х			X	X	K	4		
Poor			18	103	2	p05	5	90501	65228		VAC FAILURE, BURNED CATH,7?	Х	X			X	K	4		
			19	105	2	p11	5	1248	1161		60 cycle problem,M/A CBs	Х		X		X	K	4		
			20	202	2	p05 p10	5	36700 11000	31750 8000	12/17/1993	vac failure, cav 1 water passage	X	X			X	?	4		
			21	207 210	2	p04	5 5	2495	1925		LO EMISSION.2ND HARM CAVS.7?		Χ			X	SST	4		
	\mathbf{O}		22	210		p04	5	2495	1925		marginal emission, 12.8v fil, low gain,	Х				Х	551	4		
			23	233	2	p08	3	75614	65443		lion 10ua.	х		x		X	К	4		
			2.0	200		poo	,	70014	00440		LOW GAIN, GLITCHES,7, possible						K	- 4		
											emergency use if DC fil supply used, see									
			24	222	5	p09	5	2400	1560		ET2 log 9-2-03	Х			×	×	?	4		
	,	J									being rebuilt at CPI, filaments opened in								Returned 8/05, tested	
	"	V	25	206	1	CPI	5	65966	60648	9/1/2004	shipping							N/A	good	Gun 2/21/2003
				_											_			_		





Tube Life as a Function of Rebuild Number Vendor A – Original Order

- These statistics include both failed and operating tubes, so the average life continues to increase
- Initial Life Average 111,859 Filament Hours
 - 20 Operating, 69 Failed
- First Rebuild Average 35,683 Filament Hours
 - 7 Operating, 24 Failed
- Second Rebuild Average 63,780 Filament Hours
 - 1 Operating, 14 Failed
- Third Rebuild Average 27,267 Filament Hours
 - 1 Operating, 4 Failed
- Based on this data and the cost of a rebuild, it is hard to make a life cycle cost justification for a rebuild if your budget allows for a bulk tube order.





2009 Klystron Procurement Goals

- Non competitive procurement
- Single Vendor Based on life cycle costs
- Maintain the amazing life expectancy of the original design
- Fix problems with the original design
 - Heater hum
- Address evolutionary safety issues with the new procurement
 - Engineered x-ray shielding
 - BeO RF window





Non Competitive Procurement (sole source) – Based on Risk Reduction and Life Cycle Costs

- Limited to the original 2 vendor with well known, proven designs
- Source selected based on life cycle cost comparison
 - Vendor A
 - 55% of the original klystron order still supports operations
 - Average demonstrated filament life of 102,105 hours
 - 26% of the currently operating tubes have had a major repair that involved vacuum
 - Vendor B
 - 21% of the original klystrons order still support operations
 - Average demonstrated filament life of 38,962 hours
 - 67% of the currently operating tubes have had a major repair that involved vacuum
- Vendor A was selected
- The selected vendor was not told it was a sole source procurement during the bid process





Preserving the reliability of the historical design

- Specification limited the suppliers ability to change the design
- New tubes were built to the original drawing package
- New tubes have to run in the original solenoids
- Changes were allowed for outdated manufacturing techniques
 - Heater wire replaced
 - Pinch off tube size changed
- Design changed had to be reviewed and approved by the customer
- Design changes were required for the RF window and xray shielding
- Design changes were allowed that benefitted overall design
 - Rubber hoses on body cooling changed to copper
 - Removed bronze from collector manifold
- Testing requirements were expanded from the original specification





Schedule

- Procurement took LANL buyer 13 months
- Prototype requested 12 months ARO
- 45 Production 8 months ARO at a rate of 2 per month
- Prototype Completed October 2011
- First Production Complete January 2012







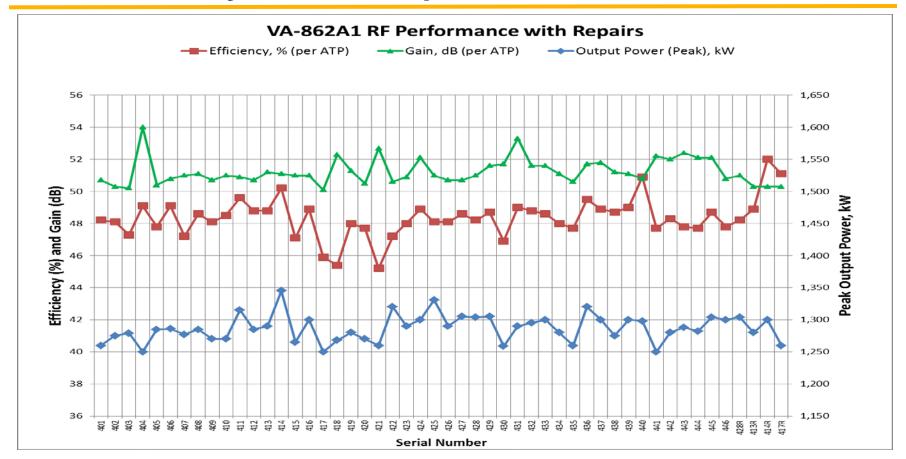
Observations Reguarding the Procurement

- The new klystrons are almost identical to the 1970's era klystron
- The 1970's klystron order lost 10 klystrons to infant mortality (< 7000 filament hours) Around 15% mortality
- The latest order has had around 10% infant mortality which are being rebuilt under warranty
- Three of the new klystrons now have > 15,000 filament hours
- We are going to run the old klystrons till they drop then replace them with new





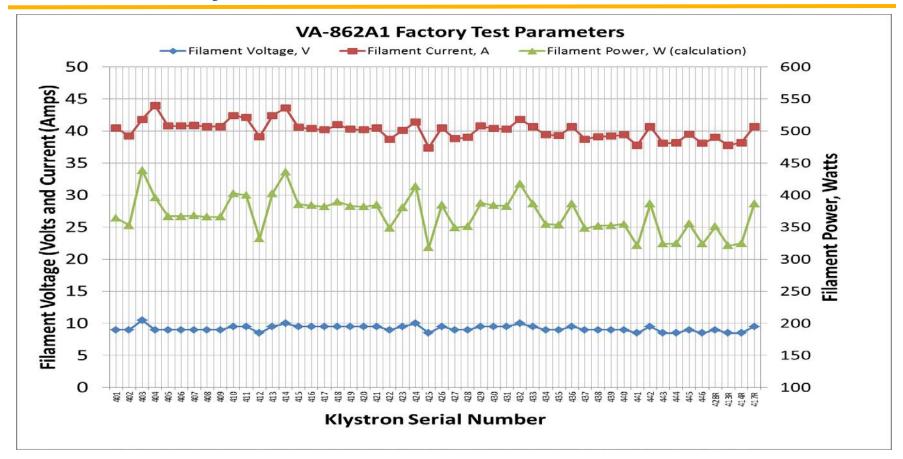
RF Consistency across the production







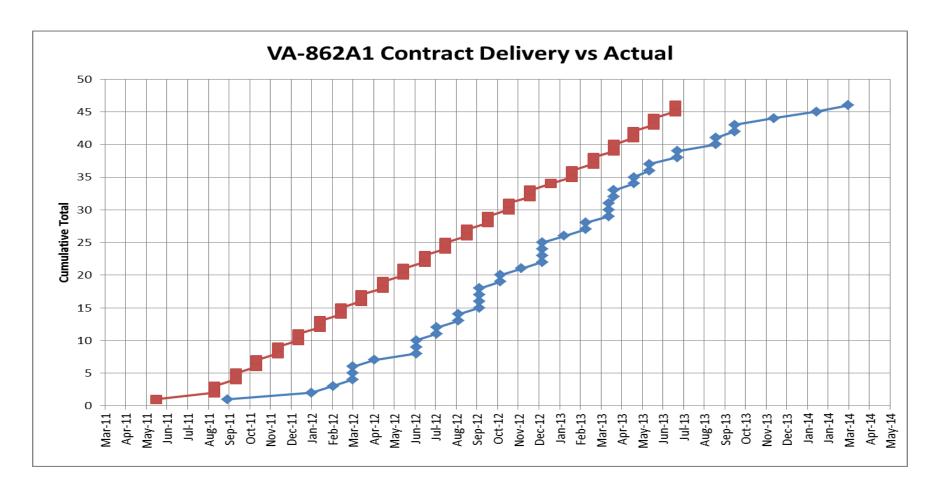
Production Klystron Filament Characteristics







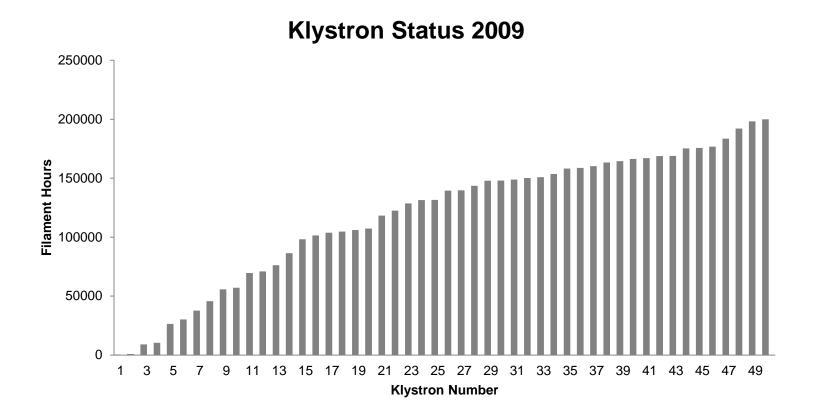
Production Klystron Schedule







Klystron Status at the Start of the Order



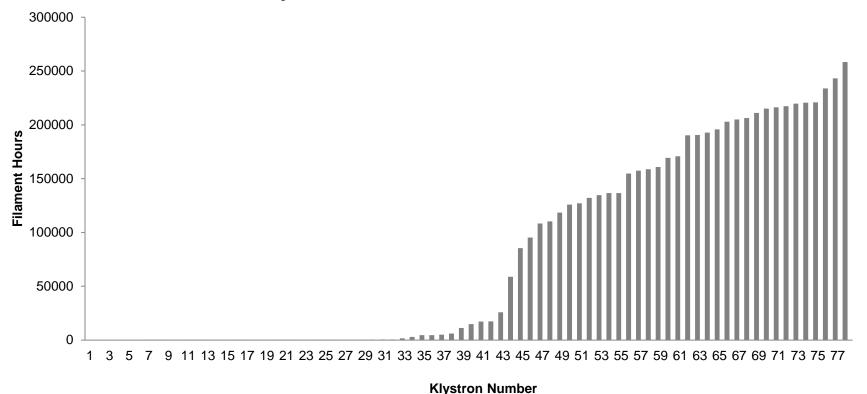
6 Spare Klystrons, Average Filament Hours 118538





Current Klystron Statistics





34 Spare Klystrons, Average Filament Hours 78190





20 Klystrons, never rebuilt, from the original order are still in service

- All from Vendor A
- 10 have > than 200,000 filament hours
- Average filament hours of these klystrons 185395 hours
- Average HV hours of these klystrons 158186 hours





Current klystron statistics – Original tube, never rebuilt, still in service, greater than 200,000 filament hours

Vendor	Serial Number	Filament Hours	HV Hours	Module
Vendor A	239	258367 (29.4 Yr)	222357	5
Vendor A	218	243247	203542	19
Vendor A	225	233908	196071	11
Vendor A	209	219656	188787	23
Vendor A	234	217295	191012	41
Vendor A	201	216347	179469	42
Vendor A	240	215161	186898	30
Vendor A	211	211139	181189	31
Vendor A	301	206378	162907	6
Vendor A	213	204964	172318	24



LANSCE just had its 44 year anniversary



Conclusions

- LANSCE has a complement of spare klystrons that should enable several more decades of operation.
- It takes almost as long to get the order through are procurement organization as it does for the klystron vendor to deliver the first klystron.
 - This time must be included in planning
- We executed the new klystron procurement in a way that will hopefully preserve the demonstrated lifetime of the original tube order.
- Our statistics show that rebuilds are not a desirable path to maintaining klystrons spares.
- I believe there is benefit to data trending in a large klystron order, and will hopefully figure out how to incorporate this into our next procurement specification.

