



# MC Modelling

J. Fernandez  
for the CMS TOP PAG

LHC TOP WG meeting  
17-18 May 2016



# Outline



- Overview of  $t\bar{t}$  NLO MC setups in CMS for Run2:
  - **Madgraph5 + Pythia 8 with MLM merging** ( $t\bar{t}+0,1,2,3j$ )
  - **Madgraph5\_aMC@NLO + Pythia 8 with FxFx merging** ( $t\bar{t}+0,1,2j$ )
  - **Madgraph5\_aMC@NLO + Pythia 8 / Herwig++**
  - **POWHEG + Pythia 8** (default setup for Run 2)
  - **POWHEG + Herwig++**

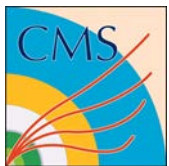
- Matrix Element point of view

- Parton Shower point of view

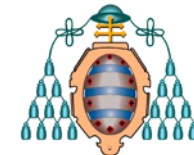
- $\alpha_s(\text{ISR})$  tuning

- UE measurement with  $t\bar{t}$

(\*) Detailed fragmentation studies (mostly Pythia 6) are shown this afternoon by B. Stieger in his talk on top mass



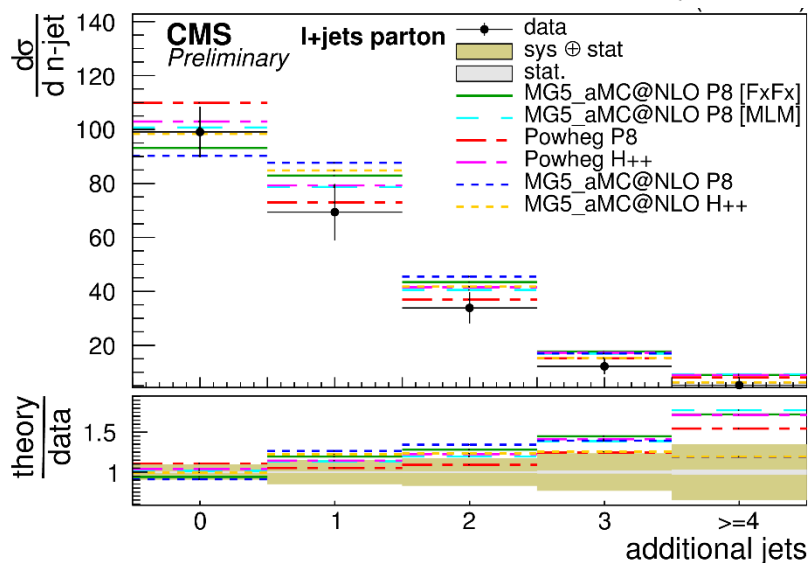
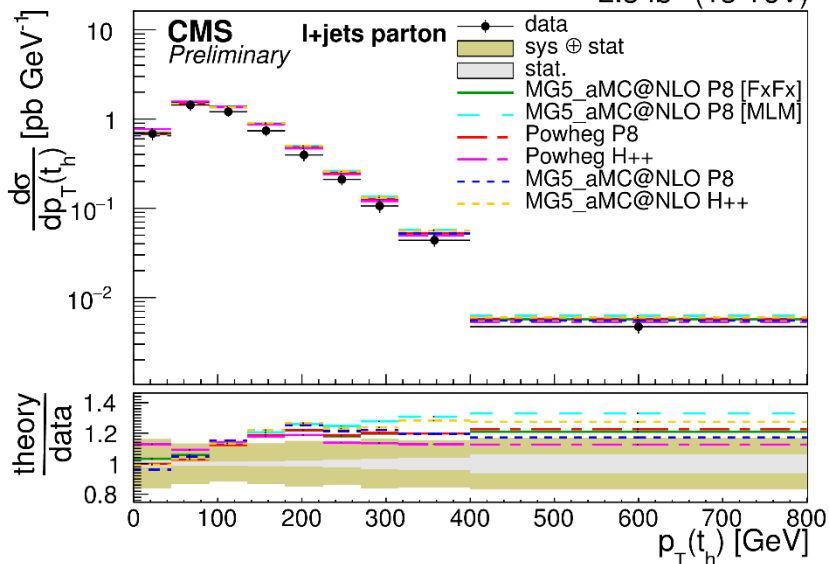
# Current situation at 13TeV



UNIVERSIDAD DE OVIEDO

## lepton+jets

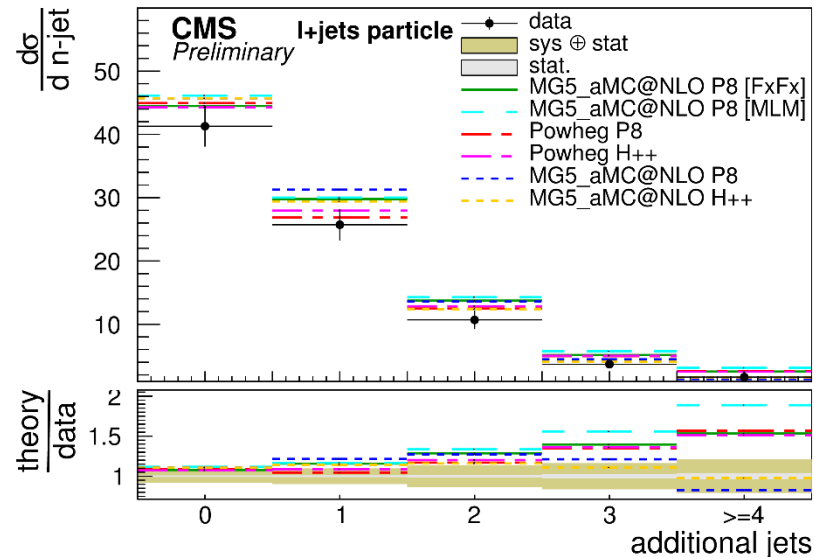
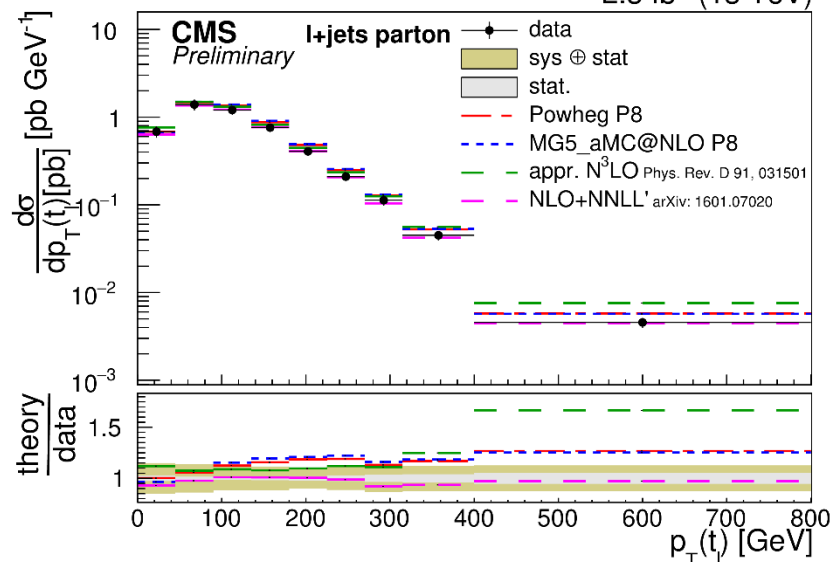
2.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)

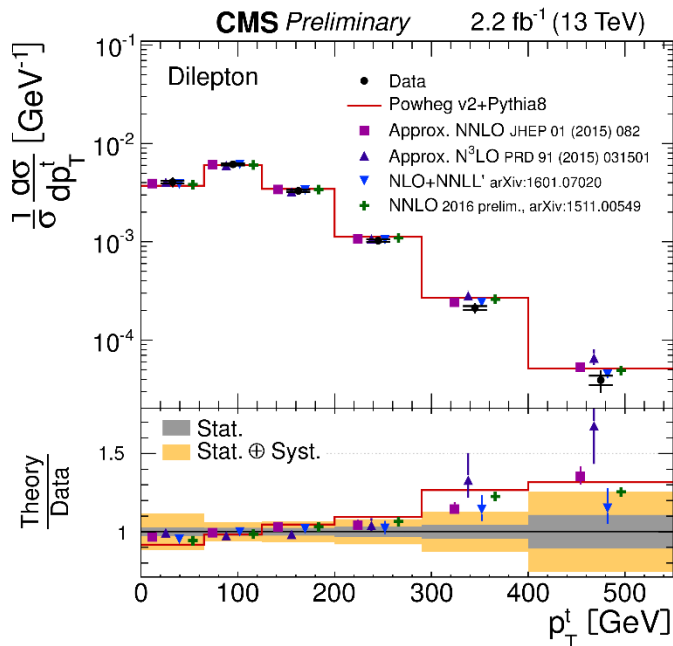
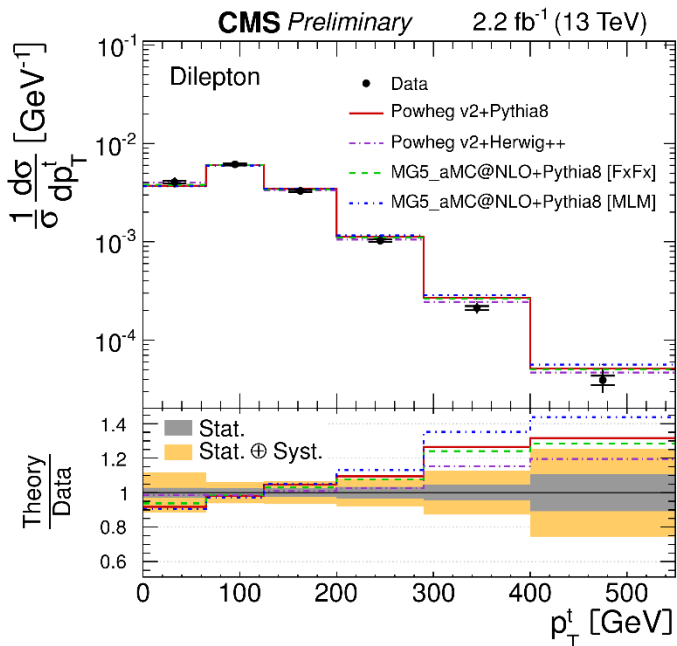


## TOP-16-008

NEW

2.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)

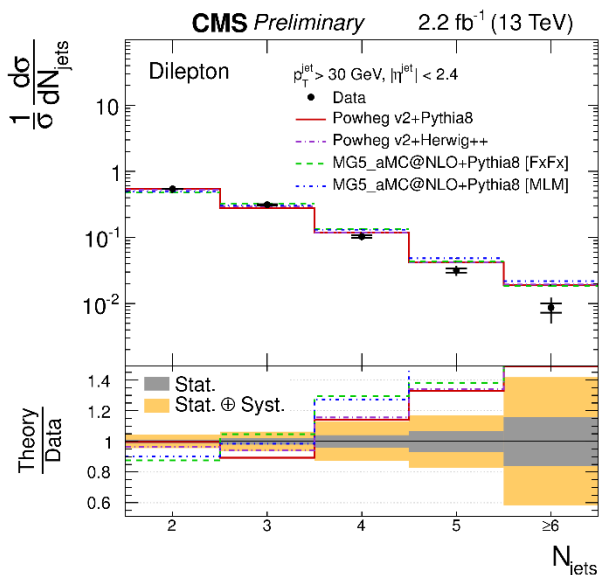




Dilepton

TOP-16-011

NEW



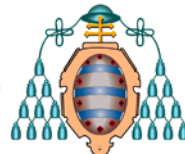
- Still poor description of top  $p_T$  in dilepton and l+jets channels
- All configurations overshooting data at large jet multiplicity



# Matrix Element Point of View

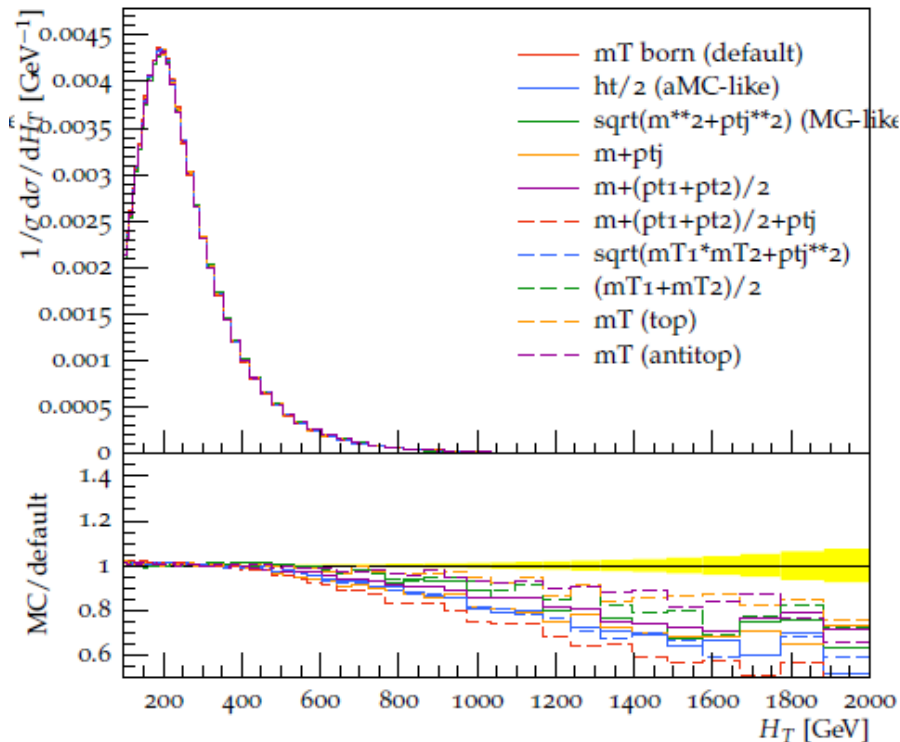
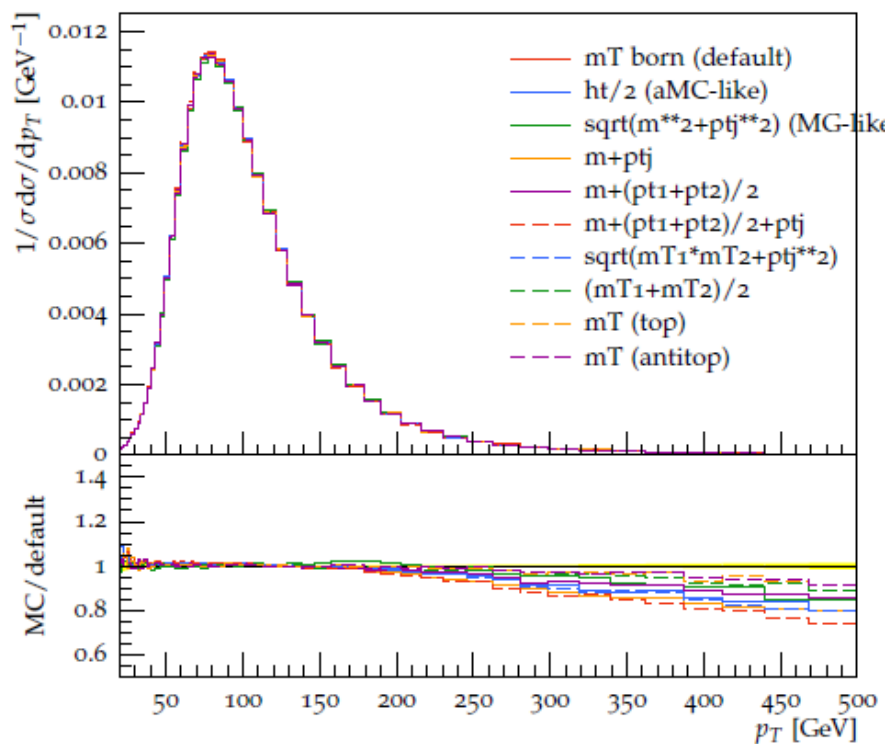


# POWHEG alternative running scales (I)



MC\_TTBAR\_HADRON  $H_T$  distribution for all jets

Transverse momentum distribution for jet 1



- Implemented alternative dynamic scales for tt production in POWHEG (h<sub>vq</sub>) with help from Paolo Nason
- Based on real kinematics after emission (standard scale = born level).

### Generator defaults

- mT born (default)
- ht/2 (aMC-like)
- sqrt(m\*\*2+ptj\*\*2) (MG-like)

### Other options

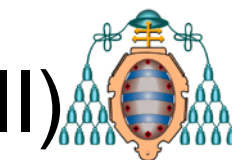
- m+ptj
- m+(pt1+pt2)/2
- m+(pt1+pt2)/2+ptj
- sqrt(mT1\*mT2+ptj\*\*2)

### Used by NNLO authors

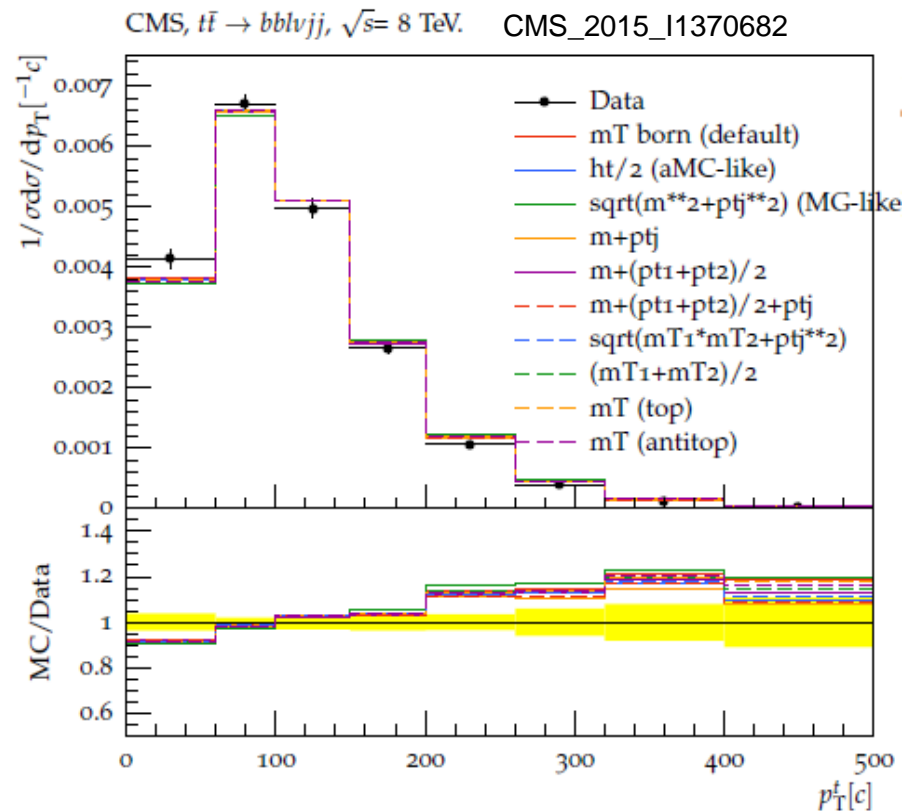
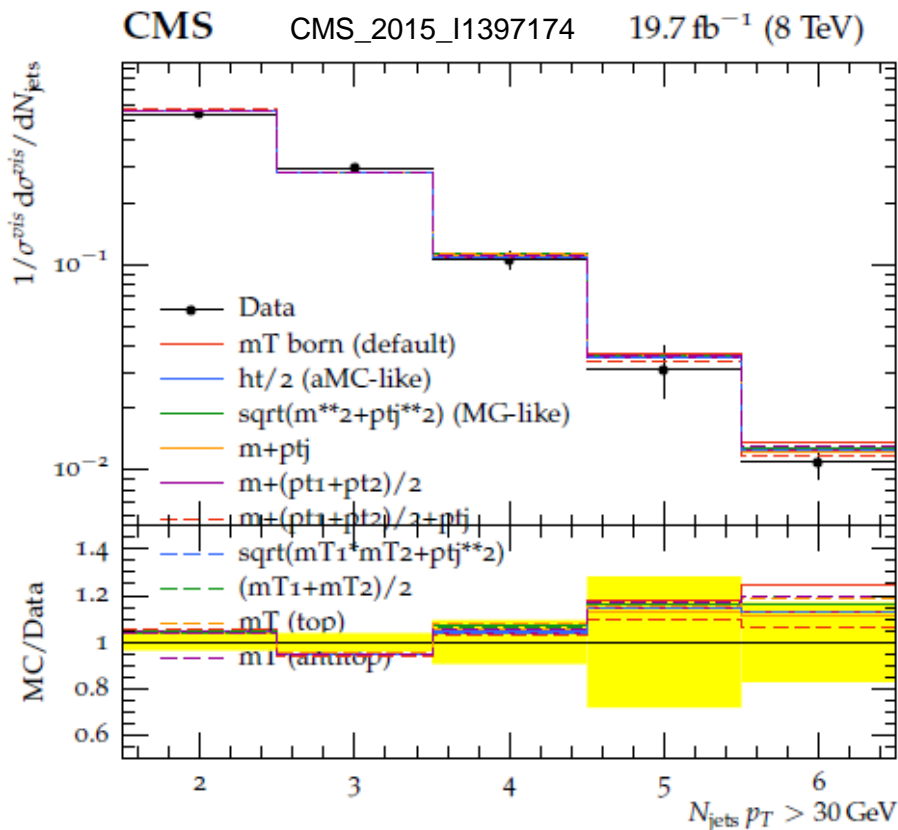
- (mT1+mT2)/2
- mT (top)
- mT (antitop)



# POWHEG alternative running scales (II)



UNIVERSIDAD DE OVIEDO



Alternative scales: Lower pT Jets → lower multiplicities, no (small) effect on top pT

Generator defaults

- mT born (default)
- ht/2 (aMC-like)
- sqrt(m\*\*2+ptj\*\*2) (MG-like)

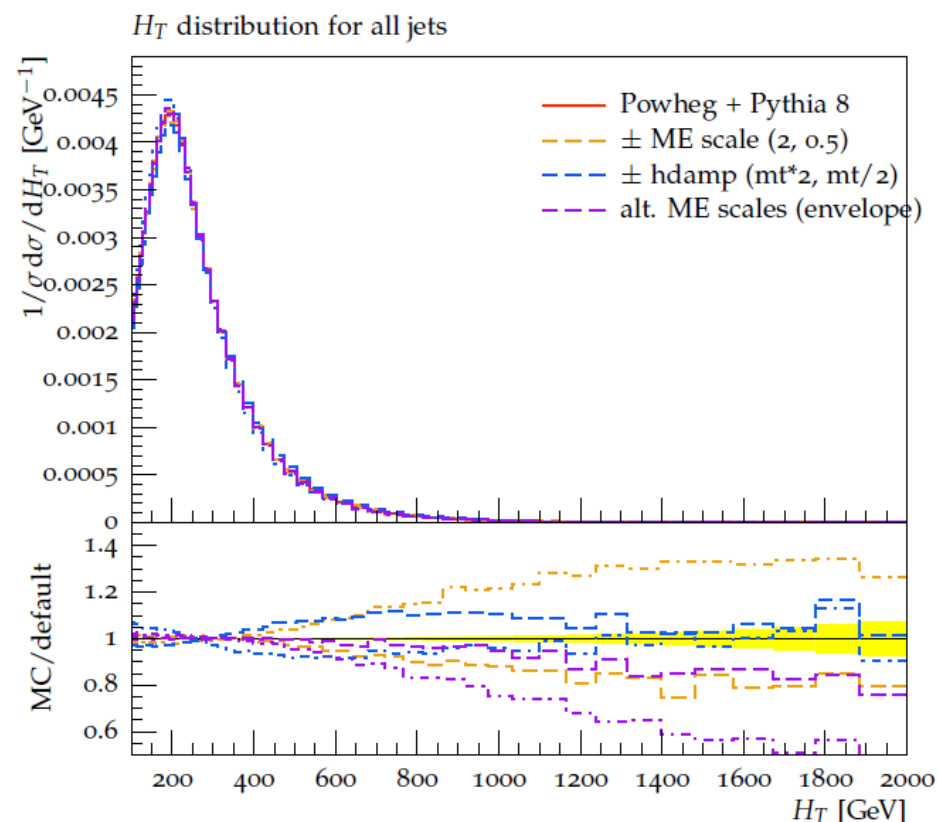
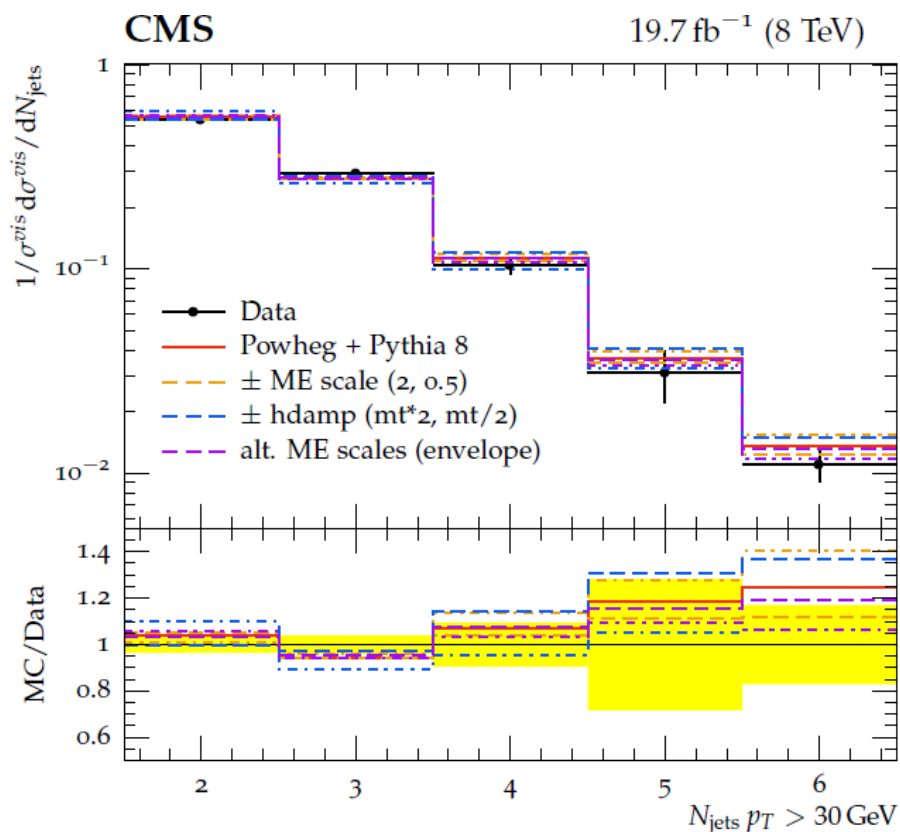
Other options

- m+ptj
- m+(pt1+pt2)/2
- - - m+(pt1+pt2)/2+ptj
- - - sqrt(mT1\*mT2+ptj\*\*2)

Used by NNLO authors

- - - (mT1+mT2)/2
- - - mT (top)
- - - mT (antitop)

# ME scale uncertainties in POWHEG

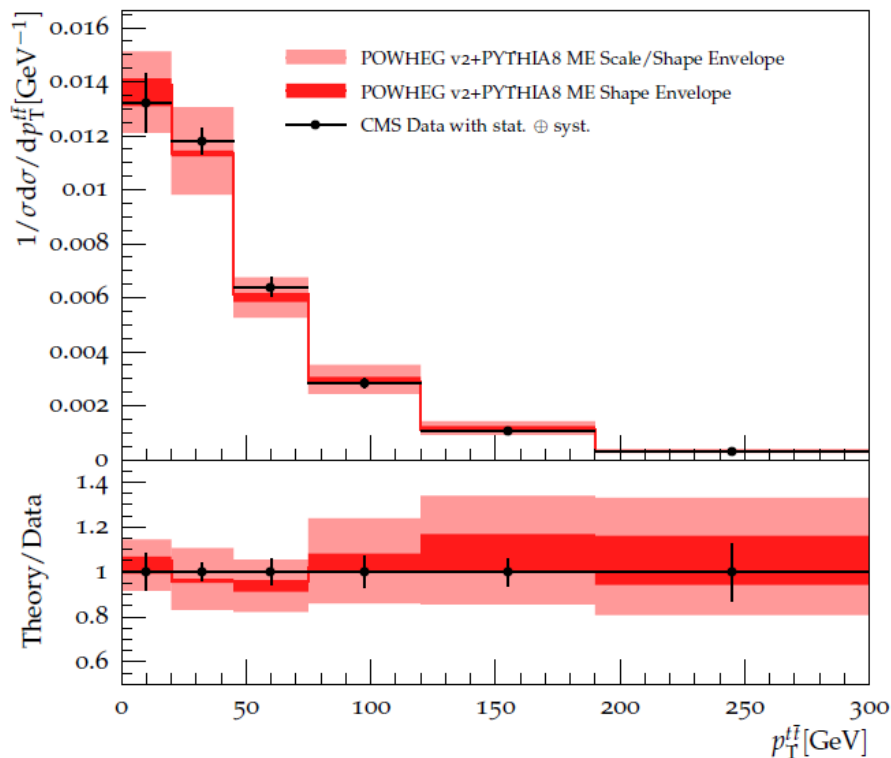


- ME scale uncertainties: standard variations by factor 2, bracket hdamp variation
- Alternative scales give larger scales (lower  $\alpha_S$ )

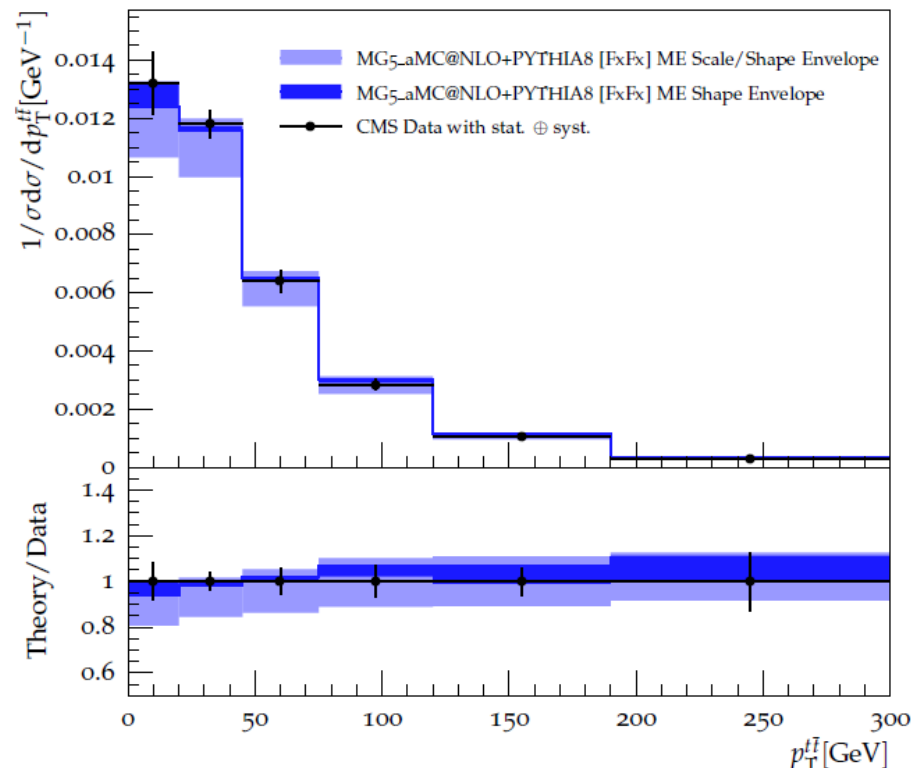


# ME scale uncertainties Powheg vs. aMCatNLO (TOP-15-011)

CMS Preliminary 19.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> (8 TeV)



CMS Preliminary 19.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> (8 TeV)



- Smaller uncertainties for MG5\_aMCatNLO FxFx sample, but asymmetric
- Renormalization envelope misses the relevant shape variation which is nevertheless covered by the full (scale) uncertainty band
- But aMCatNLO does not fit 13TeV data well: matching/merging scale uncertainty ignored, often small w.r.t.  $\mu_R/\mu_F$

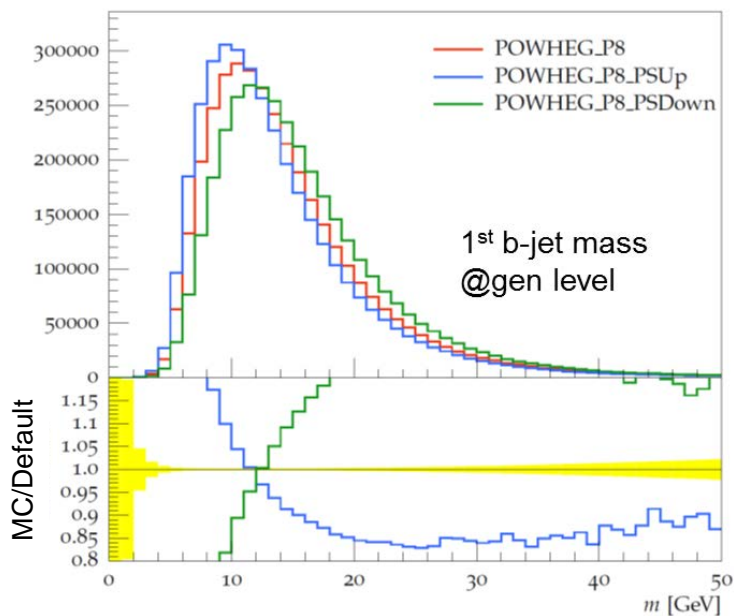


# Parton Shower View

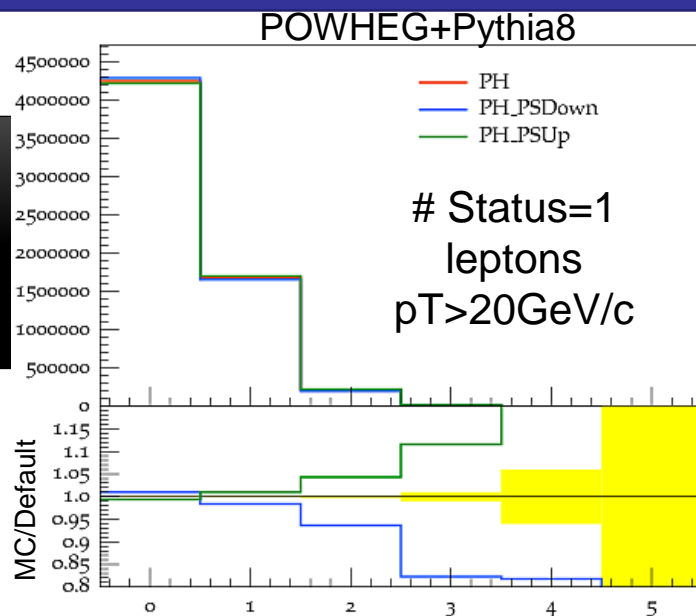
# ISR+FSR variations

- Current PS scale up/down samples do simultaneous ISR/FSR variation
- Effect on number of radiated leptons, b/light quark masses

- Next generation MC: automated PS uncertainties, included in Pythia 8.219:
- “Variations of the QCD renormalisation scale for both initial-and final-state showers can now be computed on the fly, provided as a list of alternative weights for each event, representing the probability that the given event would have occurred under different shower assumption”



Can PS scale weights handle these changes in multiplicities?

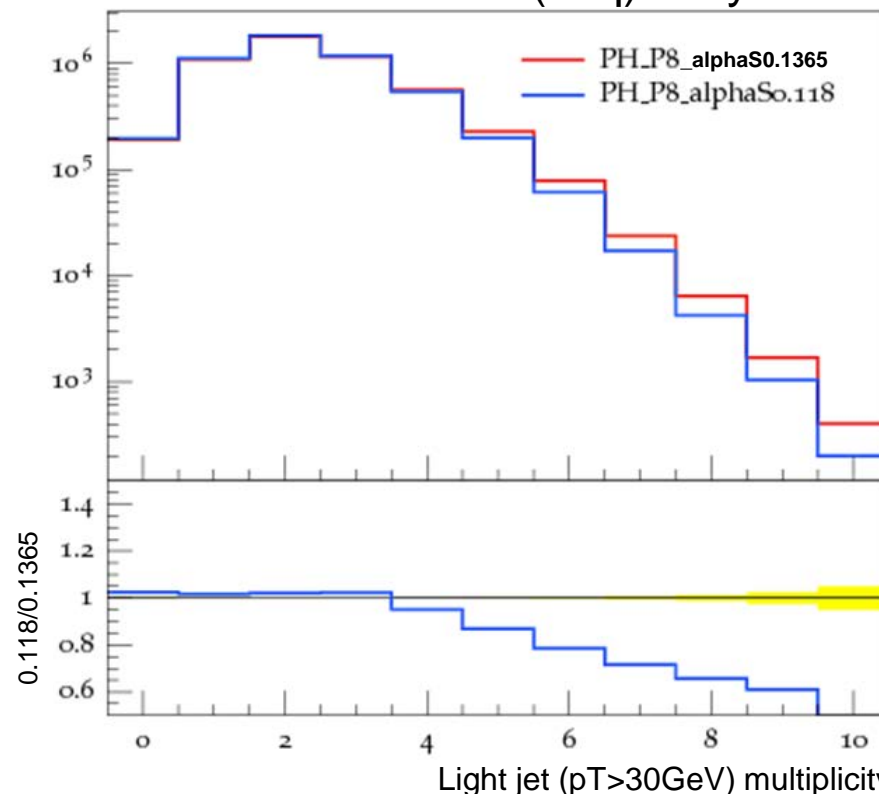
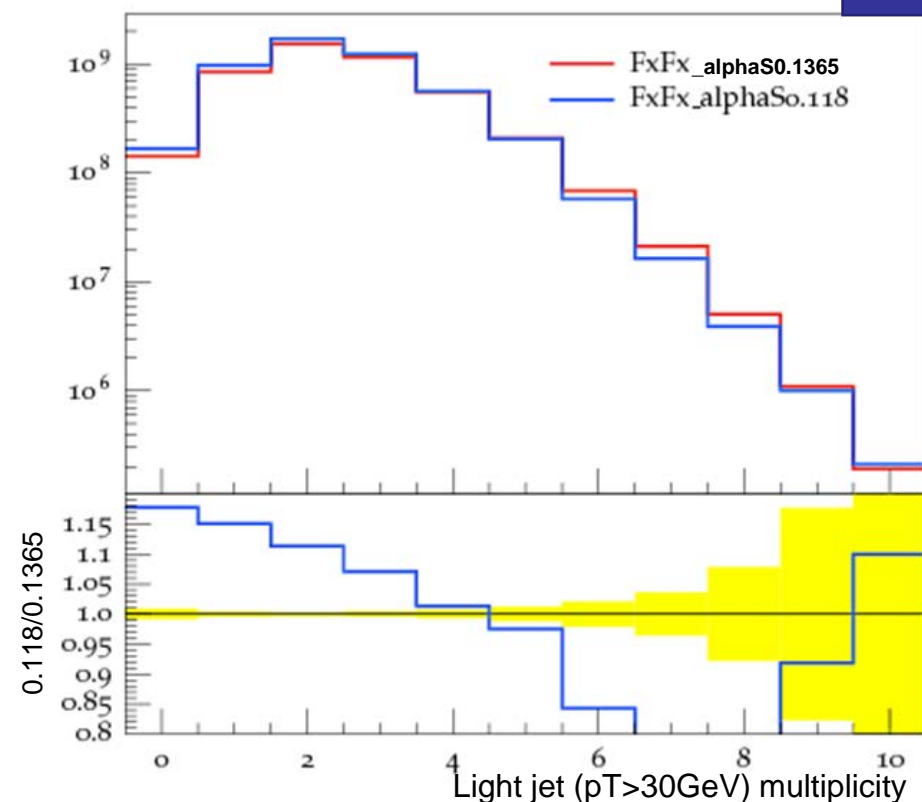


# Test of the matching scheme (I)

MG5\_aMCatNLO FxFx

Dilepton

POWHEG (h<sub>v</sub>q) + Pythia 8

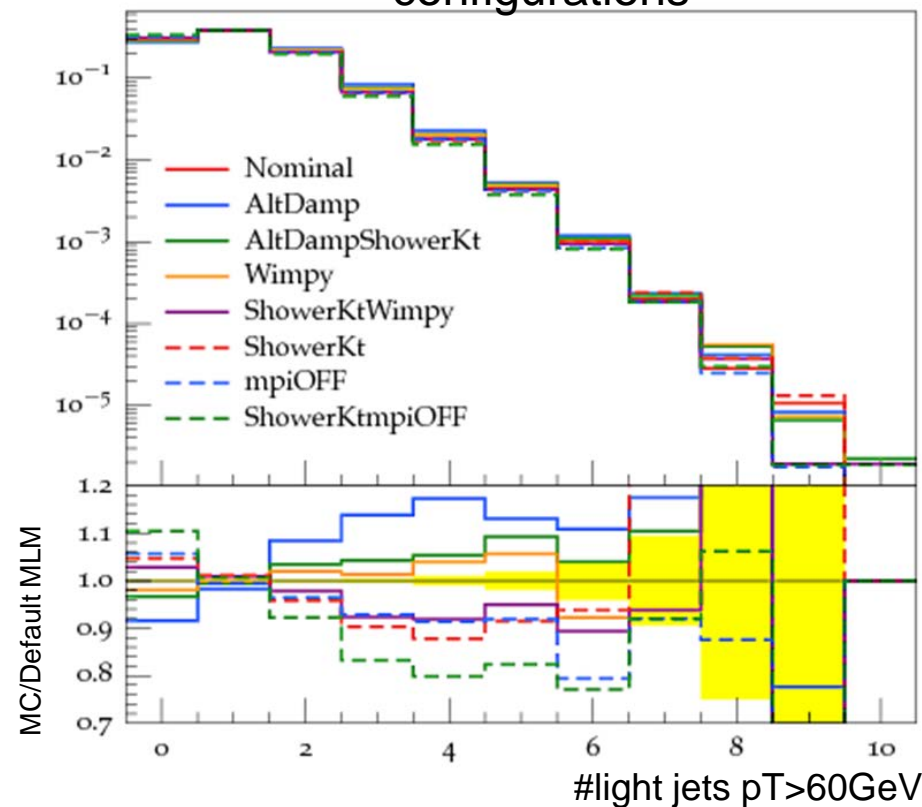
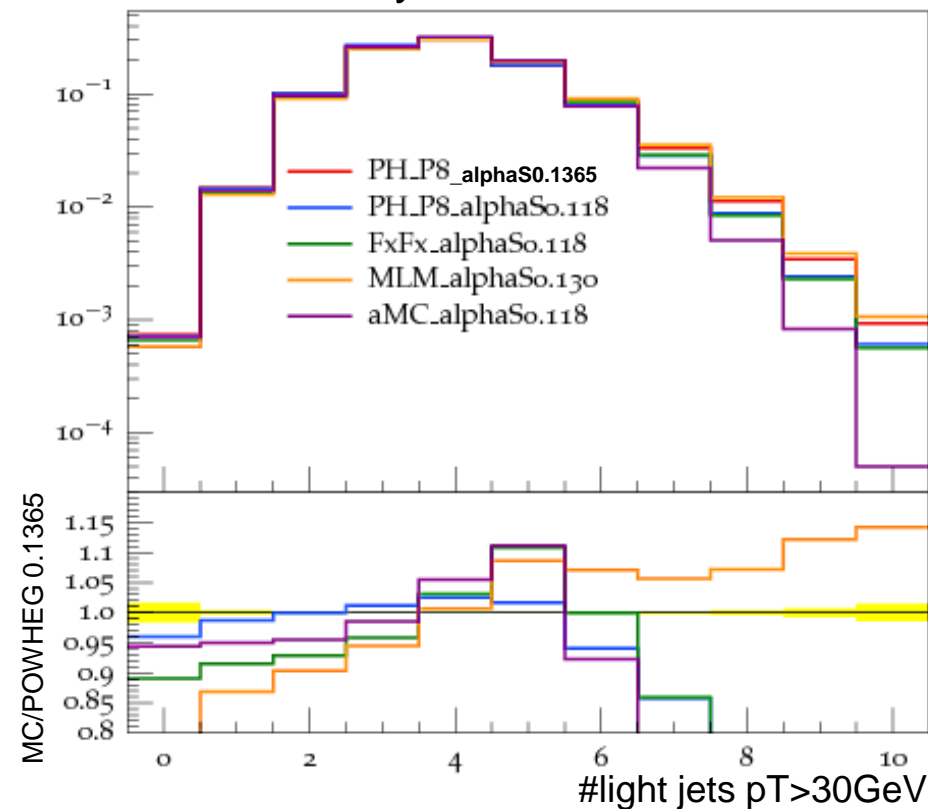


- Pythia 8 Monash tune (CUETP8M1,  $\alpha_S = 0.1365$  for ISR&FSR) harder than Pythia 6:
  - ✓ Direct effect in POWHEG for any additional jet
  - ✓ MLM and FxFx matching should compensate the effect
- Basically for POWHEG  $\alpha_S$  only affects the distribution in the shower-dominated region, whereas for aMC@NLO it also does the multiplicity bins covered by the ME.

POWHEG+Pythia 8 as reference

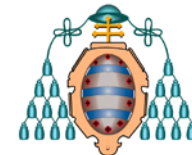
Dilepton

MLM additional shower configurations



$\alpha_s(\text{ISR})$  parameter to tune, to not mess LEP tuning (FSR) in hadronic res. decays:

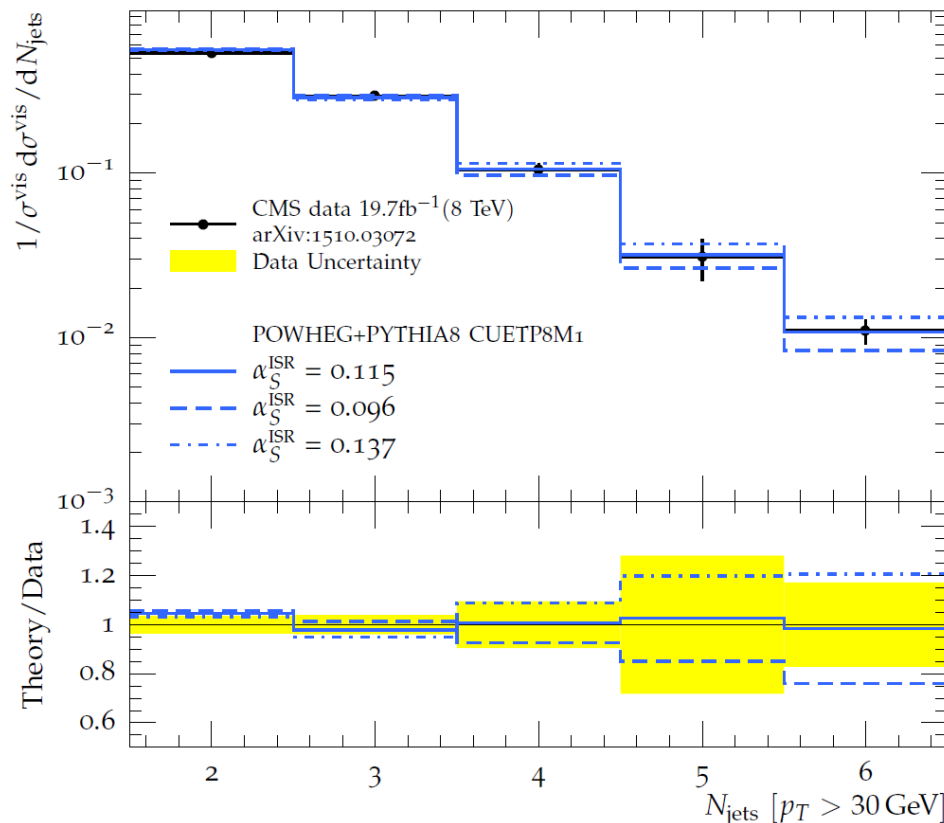
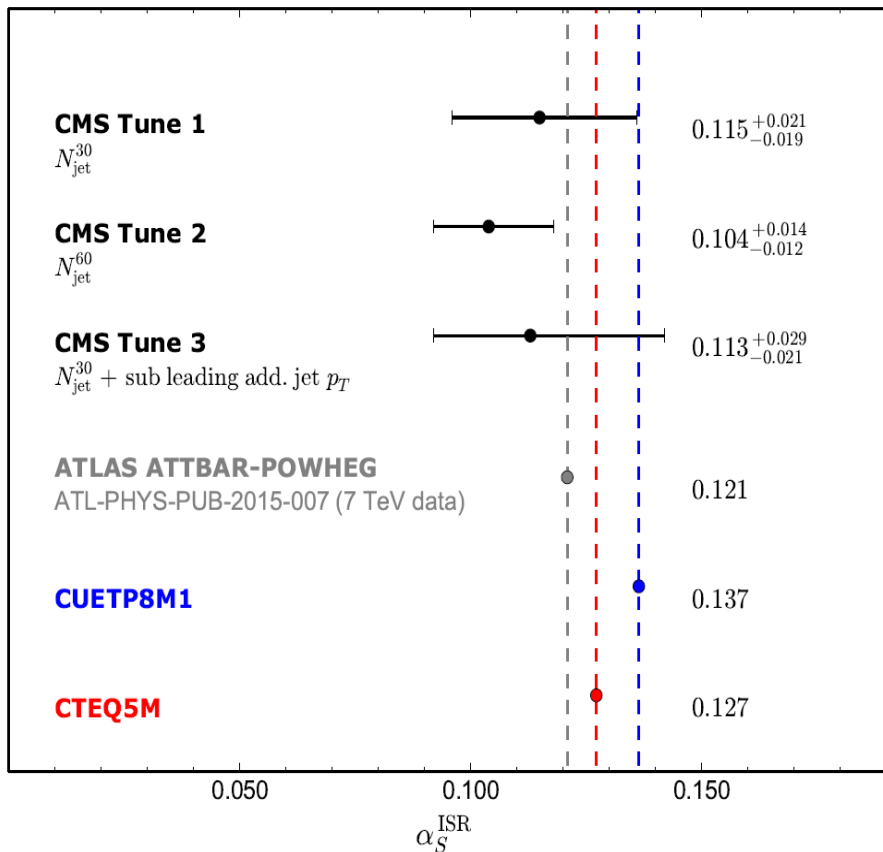
- aMC@NLO handles the first emission for both ISR and FSR but does NOT handle the matching of the first emission for hadronic resonance decays.
- Same for POWHEG. No conclusion in additional showers for MG5 (MLM)



# $\alpha_s$ (ISR) tuning

# Tuning using Professor

## Supplementary material to TOP-12-041



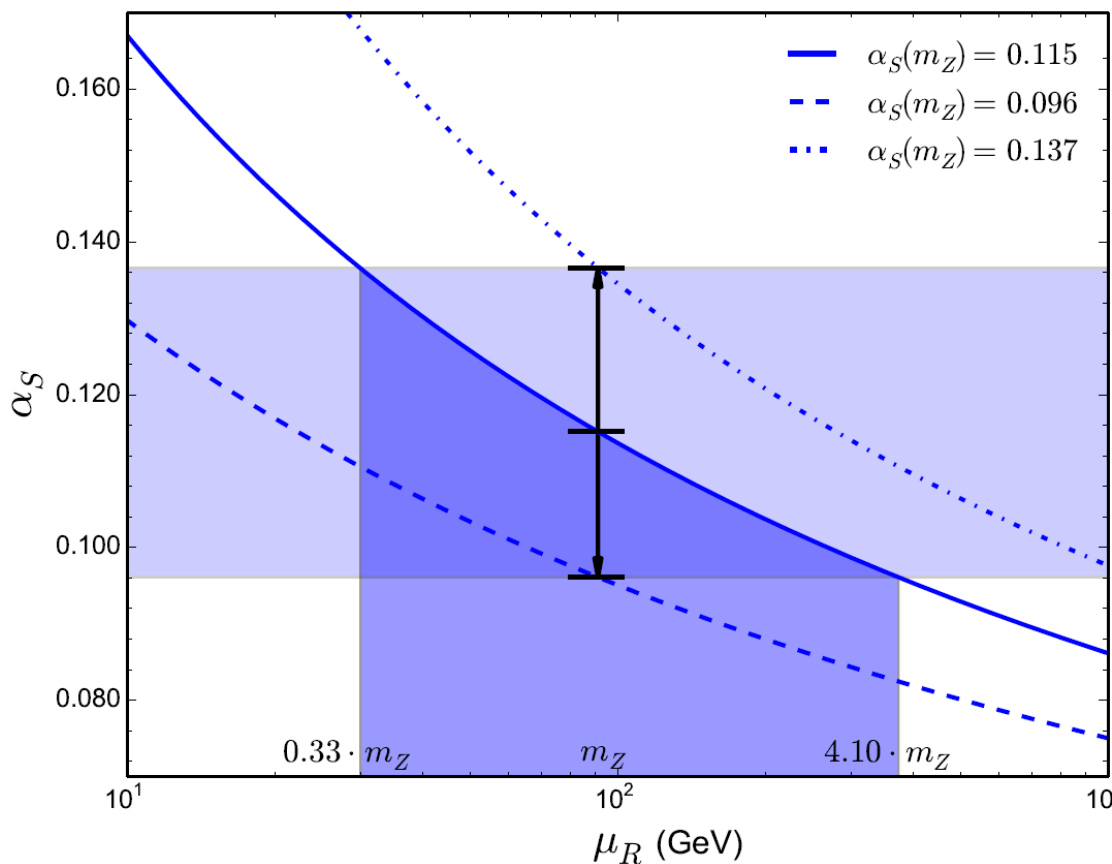
Tuning  $\alpha_s$  (ISR) with the  $N_{\text{jets}} > 3$  bins (where jets predominantly originate from the parton shower) used as input to Professor

$\alpha_s$  (ISR) = 0.115

- describes the overall jet multiplicity distributions better (indep. of the threshold)
- brackets previous results

# $\alpha_s$ variation $\rightarrow \mu_R$ variation

$\alpha_s^{\text{ISR}}$ (central)	Errors	Percentages	$\mu_R$ (GeV)
0.115	+0.021	18.6%	30.1
	-0.019	16.5%	373.9

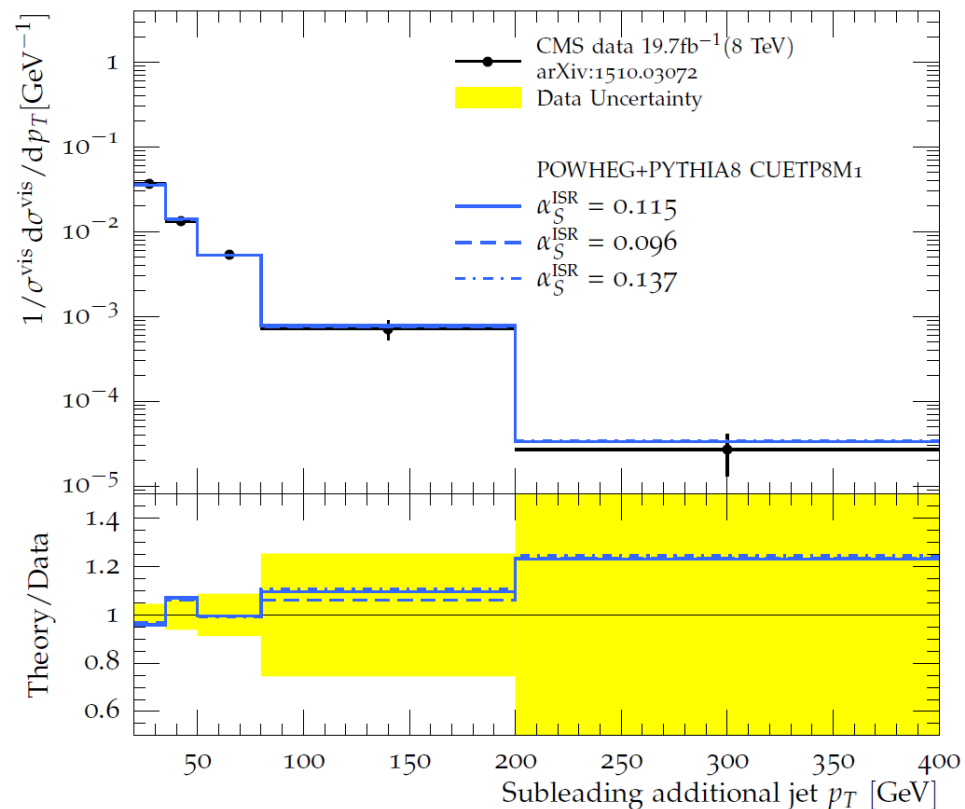
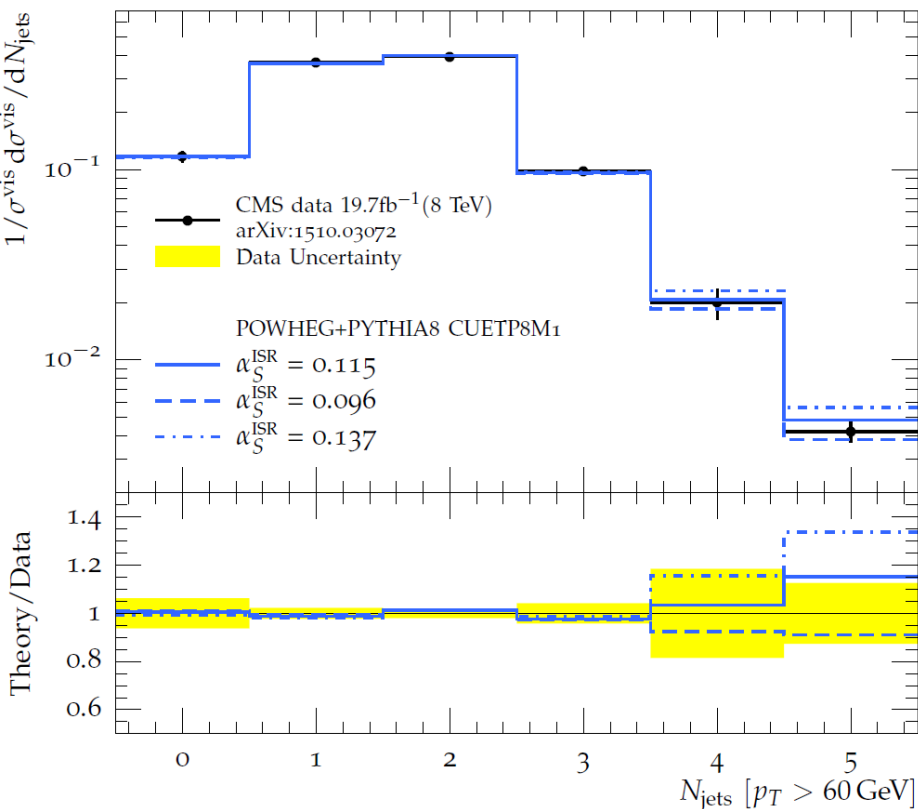


$$\alpha_s \approx \frac{1}{\beta(n) \ln \left( \frac{\mu_R^2}{\Lambda_{QCD}^2} \right)}$$

- Start off with  $\mu_R = 91.2$  GeV
- Compute  $\Lambda_{QCD}$  that corresponds to central  $\alpha_s$ .
- Determine how much  $\mu_R$  should be varied to get the upper and lower bounds of  $\alpha_s$ .

The uncertainties on  $\alpha_s^{\text{ISR}}$  correspond to a x0.33, x4 variation on  $\mu_R$





Tuning  $\alpha_s$  (ISR) with the  $N_{\text{jets}} > 3$  bins (where jets predominantly originate from the parton shower) used as input to Professor

- $\alpha_s^{\text{ISR}}$  too high from Monash tune
- New preliminary tune brings  $n_{\text{jets}}$  distribution into agreement for POWHEG+PYTHIA8 at 8 & 13TeV

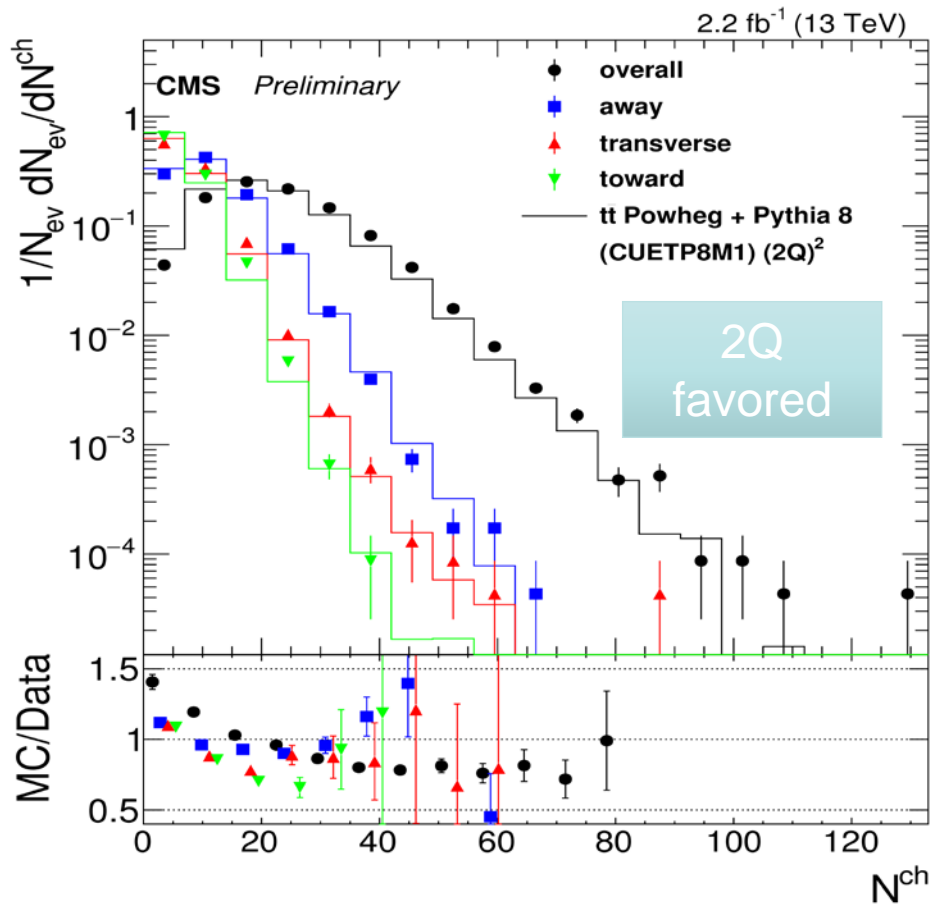
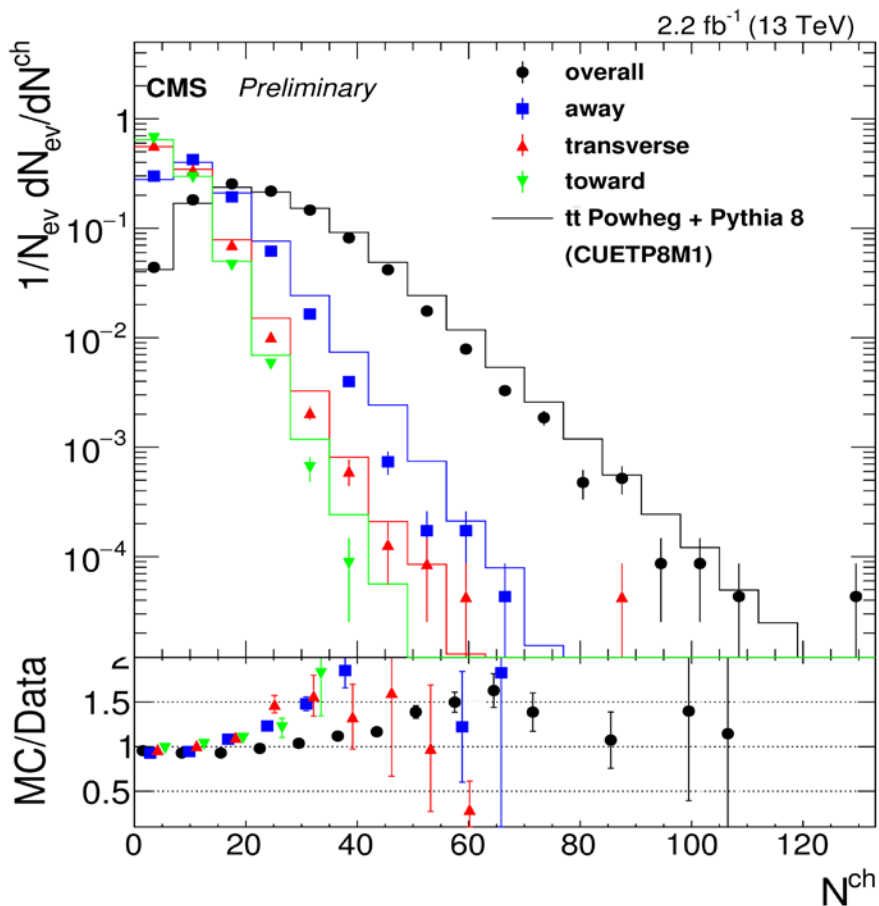


# UE measurement with ttbar

# UE measurement in $t\bar{t}$ (I)

TOP-15-017

 $\mu$ +jets

**NEW**


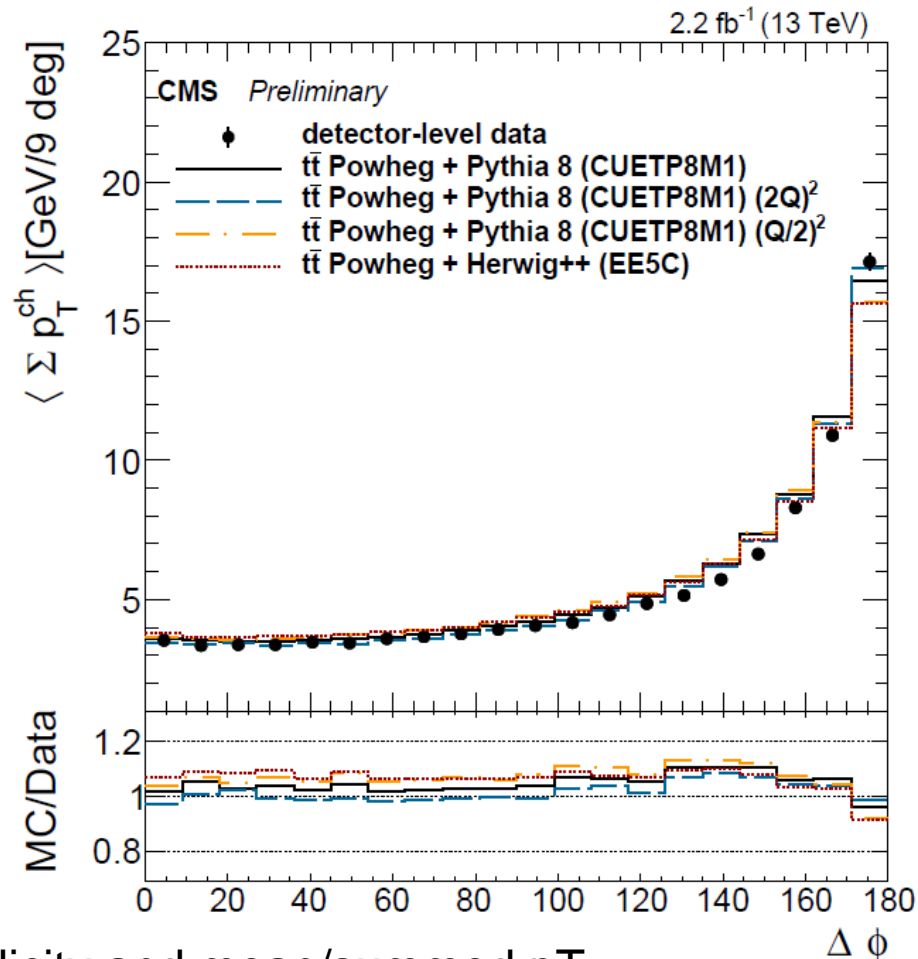
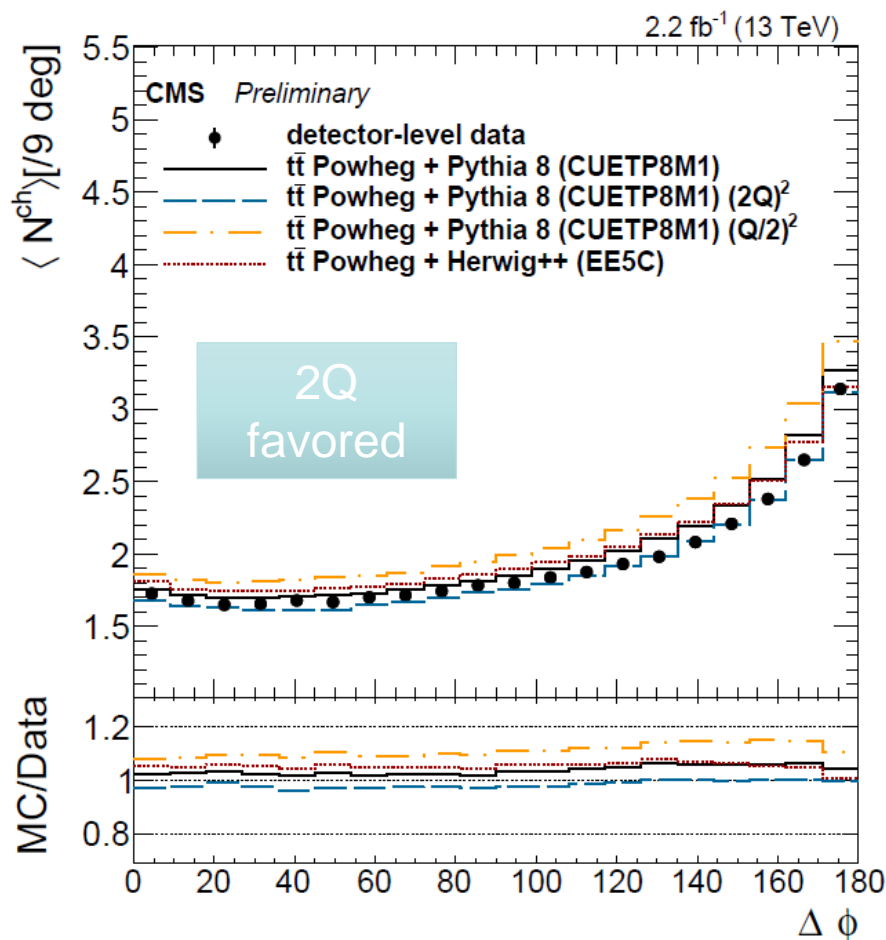
- Measurement of charged particle multiplicity and mean/summed  $p_T$
- Sensitive to UE, ISR, PS cutoffs; currently being prepared for paper with unfolded results <http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/preliminary-results/TOP-15-017/index.html>

# UE measurement in ttbar (II)

TOP-15-017

$\mu$ +jets

NEW



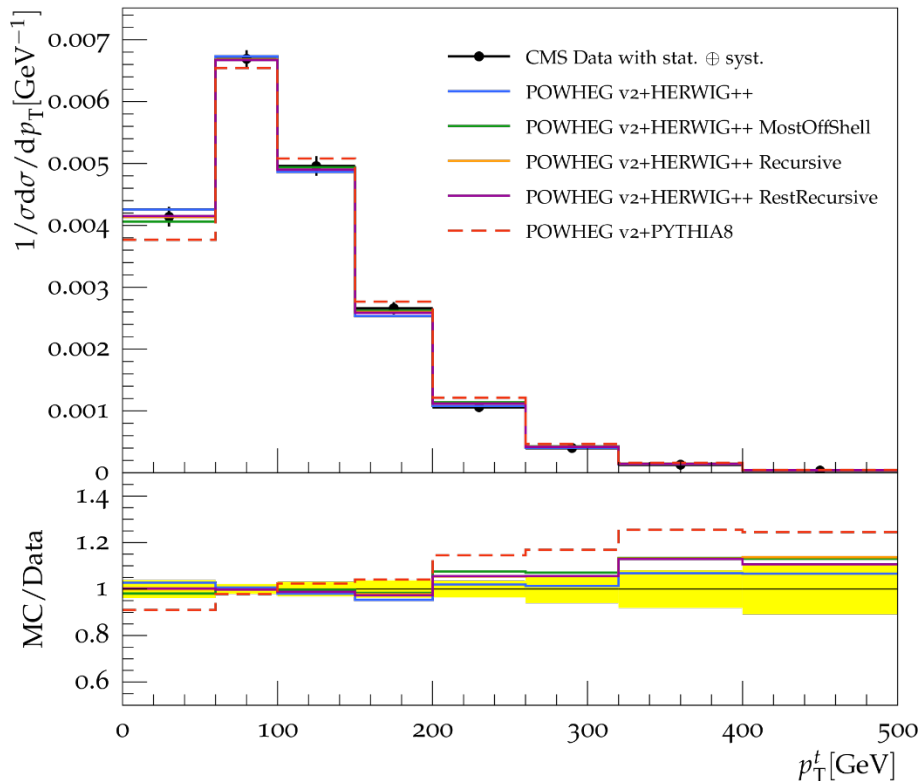
- Measurement of charged particle multiplicity and mean/summed  $p_T$
- The number of charged particles/Sum of the charged  $p_T$  vs the angle with respect to the event-by-event axis defined using  $p_{T}(tt)$



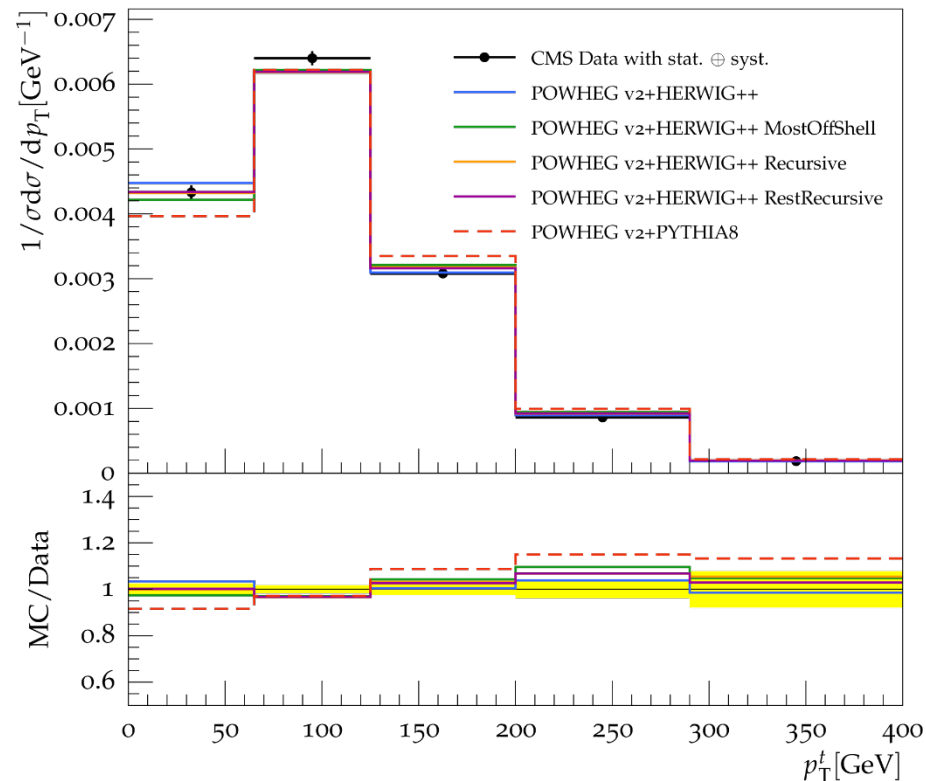
# Other checks

# HERWIG++ Reshuffling

CMS Preliminary 19.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> (8 TeV) l+jets channel



CMS Preliminary 19.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> (8 TeV) Dilepton channel



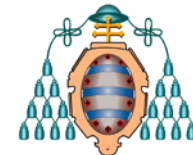
- Consistent reshuffling options improving the Pythia 8 description.
- No major changes with different reshuffling options
- To be re-checked with Herwig 7

Auxiliary figures of TOP-15-011:

<http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/preliminary-results/TOP-15-011/index.html>



# Summary and conclusions



UNIVERSIDAD DE OVIEDO

- Extensive suite of generator setups tried and more in the pipeline for 2016:
  - POWHEG+ PYTHIA 8 as default for Run2
  - Moving to Herwig7 ASAP and trying Sherpa
- 8/13 TeV data tend to agree with scale up variation
- Preliminary tuning of  $\alpha_S(\text{ISR})$  value to match 8TeV data at high jet multiplicities
  - makes the agreement at 13TeV for POWHEG+Pythia8 as good as 8TeV data with MG+Pythia6
- UE measurement with tt favouring scale up too
- Still no clear solution for top pT spectrum



# EXTRA/BACKUP





# Work in progress



- Sherpa and **Herwig 7** in development
  - Interface to CMSSW being created
- Trying EvtGen in **POWHEG** + **Pythia 8**
  - Using latest DECAY\_NOLOGLIFE.DEC with long-lived states removed, to properly inject GEANT
- Testing improved handling of resonances (with radiation in decay) in **POWHEG** (ttb\_NLO\_dec), as well as Spin Correlations disabled
- **Pythia 8.219** being currently integrated in CMSSW to make use of new framework for automated parton-shower uncertainty bands.

