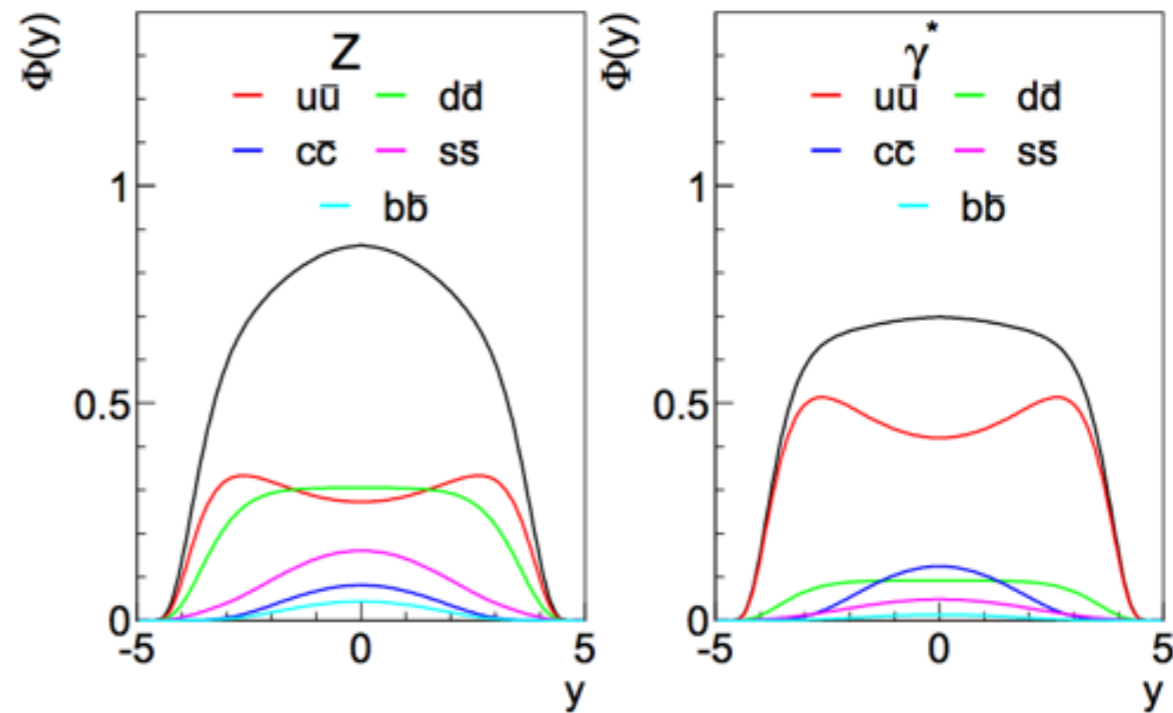
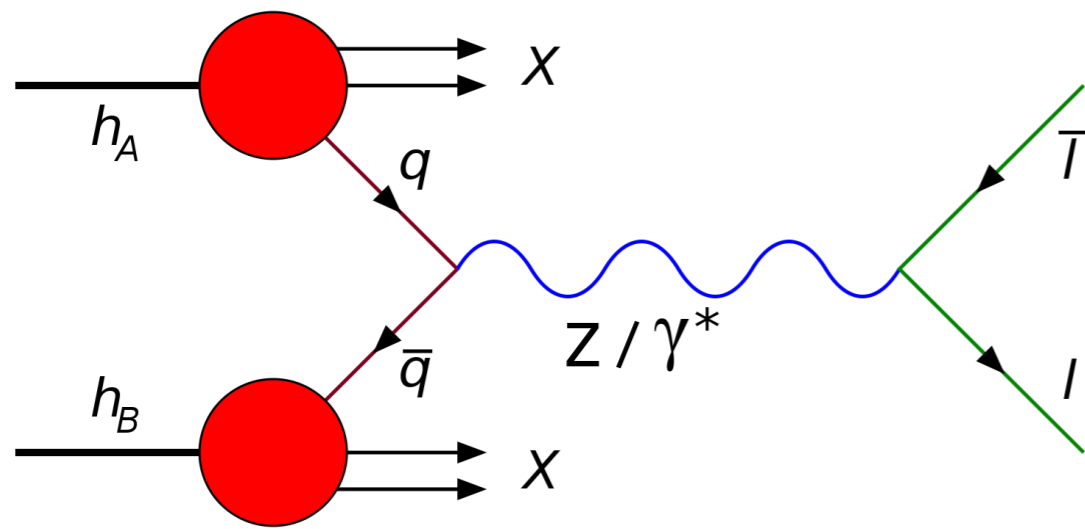


# Measurements of inclusive and differential Drell–Yan cross sections with the ATLAS detector at 8 and 13 TeV

**Trofymov Artur on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration**

**Low-x 2016, Gyöngyös, 09.06.2016**

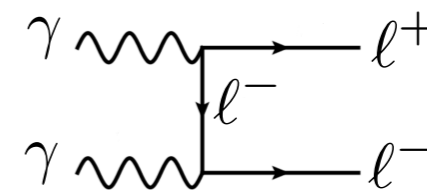
# Introduction



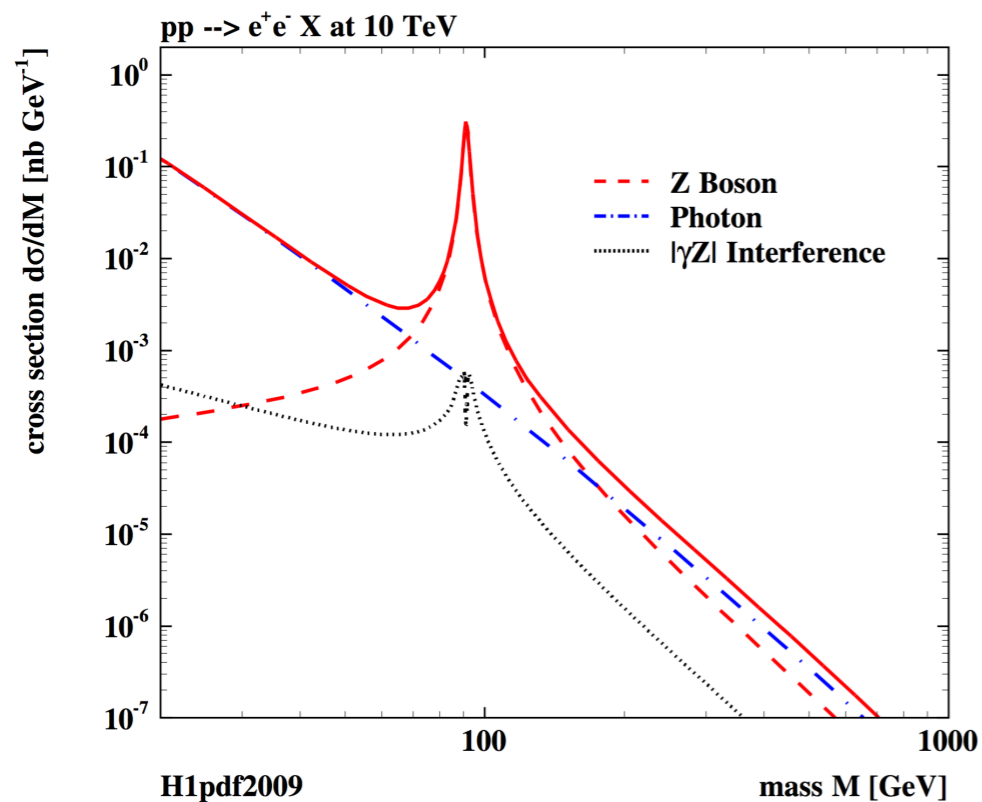
## Drell-Yan processes:

- ▶ Allows the extraction of the structure functions of the beam hadrons
- ▶ Provides a precision test of pQCD
- ▶ Different sensitivity to up-type, down-type quarks and antiquarks near and outside Z peak ( $\gamma^*$  dominates outside)

Sensitive to the photon PDF through the photon-induced (PI) process ( $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ll$ ):



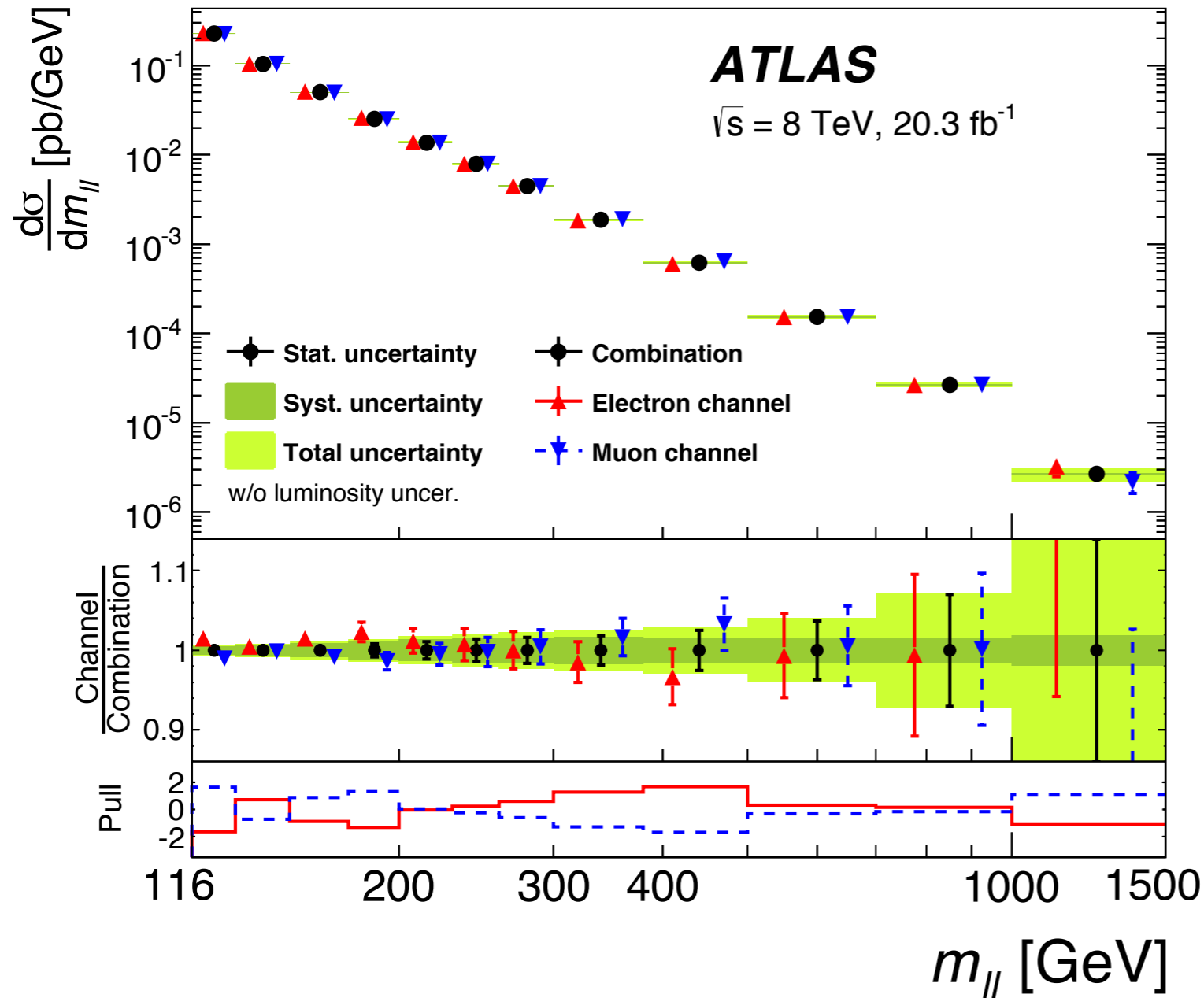
- ▶ Cross section ratios measurements are powerful tools to constrain PDFs and benefit from the cancellation of some experimental uncertainties



# High mass Drell-Yan at 8 TeV

## Measurement motivation:

- ▶ Offers constraints on the large  $x$  anti-quark PDFs
- ▶ Sensitive to the photon PDF (expected to contribute at large  $|\Delta\eta_{ee}|$ , small  $|y_{ee}|$ , large  $m_{\ell\ell}$ )



## Dominant background contribution

- ▶ Top ( $t\bar{t}$  and  $Wt$ )
- ▶ Multi-jet
- ▶ Diboson ( $WW, WZ, ZZ$ )

## Photon-induced process contribution:

1% (except high  $m_{\ell\ell}$  and large  $\Delta\eta_{ee}$  region)

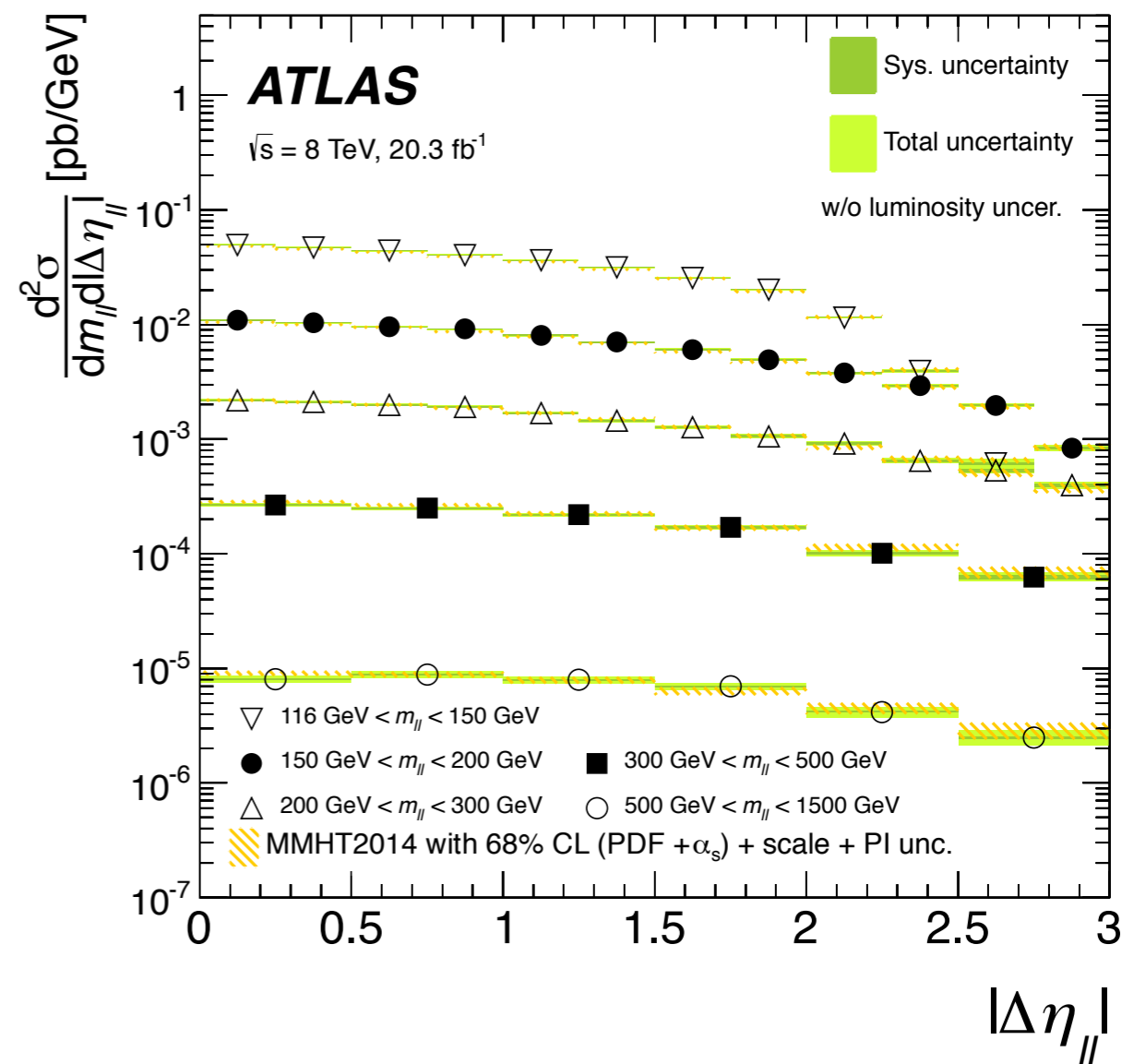
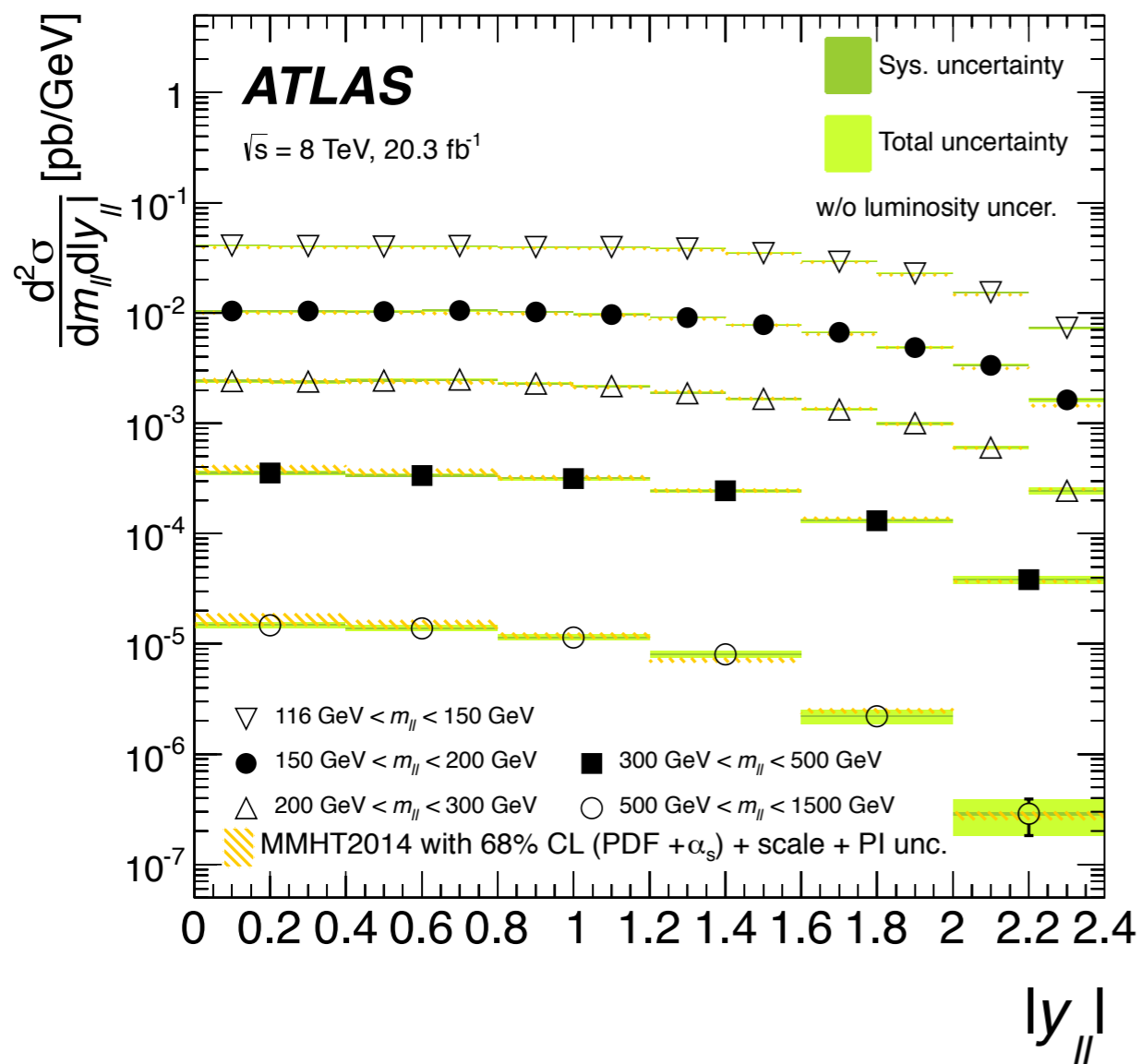
## Dominant systematic uncertainty sources

- ▶ Top background estimation
- ▶ Multi-jet background estimation
- ▶ Electron energy scale
- ▶ Muon reco. efficiency correction
- ▶ Muon momentum scale calibration

Submitted to: JHEP, arXiv:1606.01736

# High mass Drell-Yan at 8 TeV

▶ Double-differential cross sections:



➡ Good agreement between data and predicted results

- ▶ Combined fiducial cross section at **Born** level compared to NNLO pQCD calculations
- ▶ Theoretical predictions are calculated with FEWZ 3.1 using MMHT14 PDF set

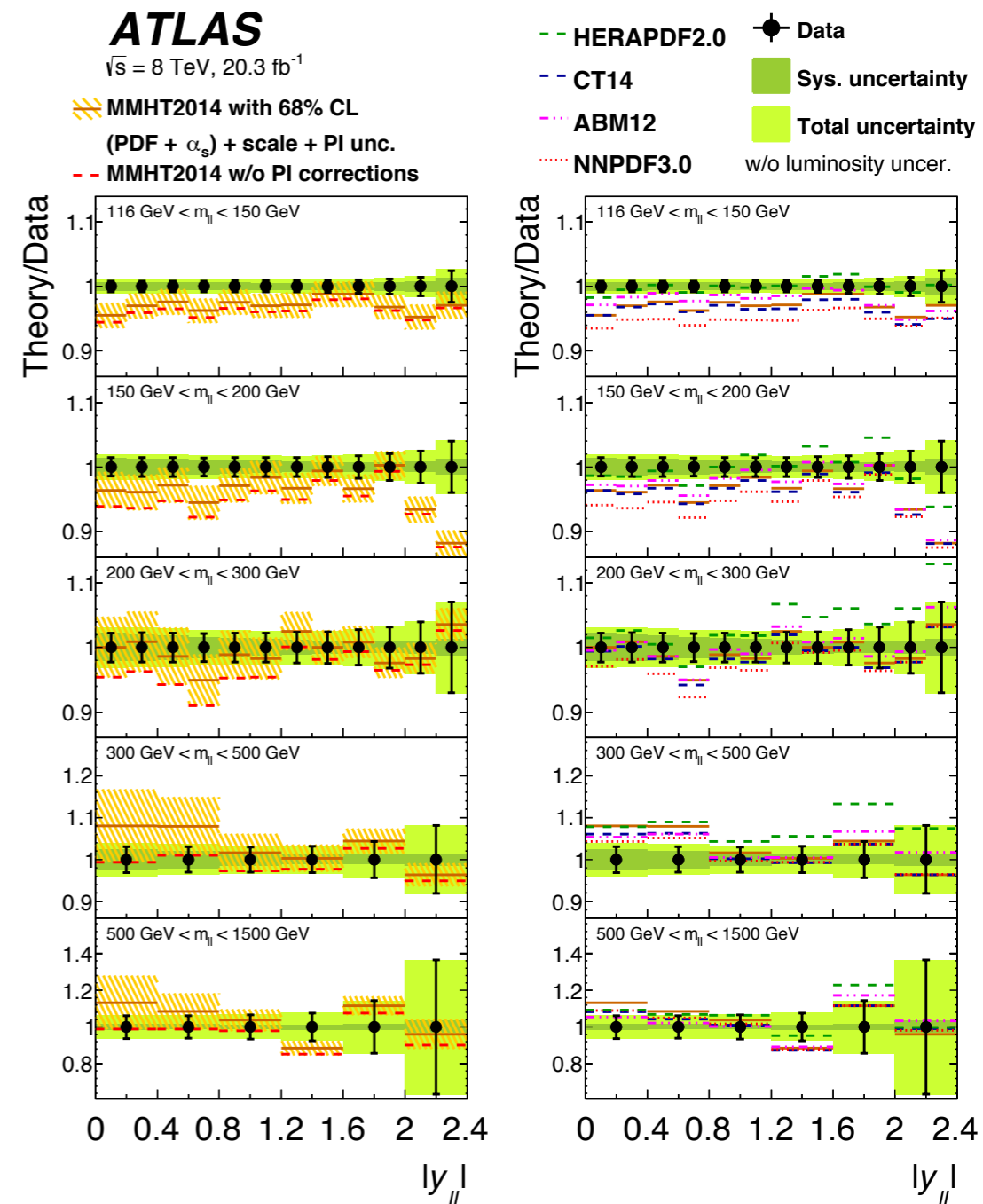
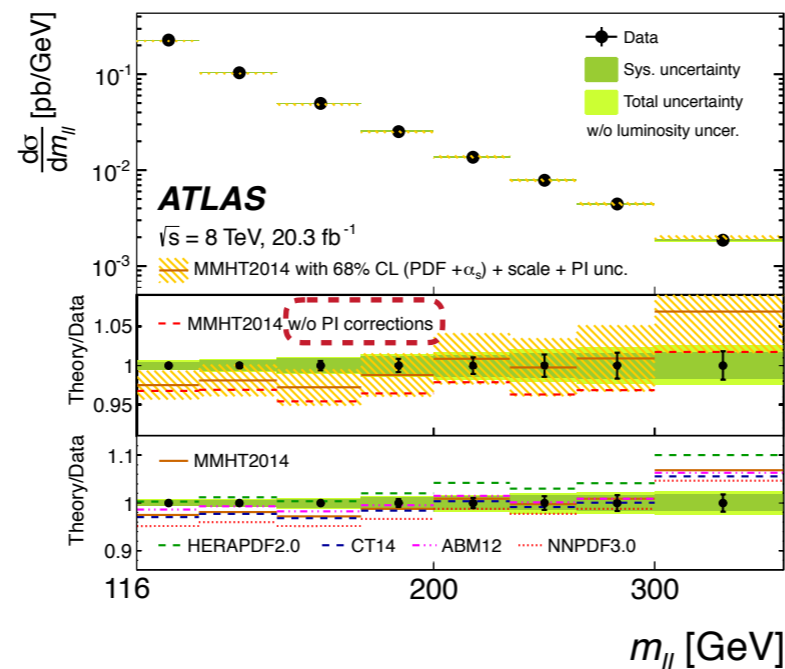
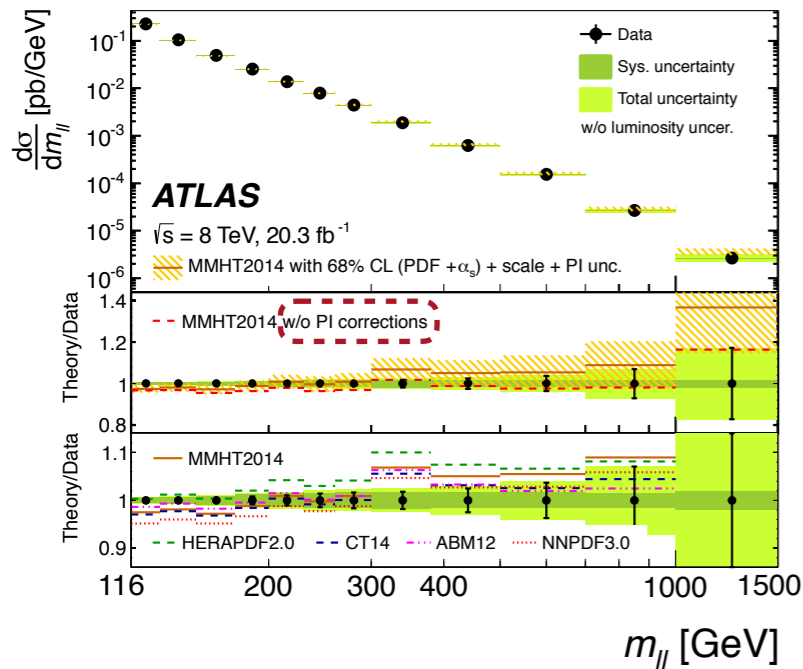
# High mass Drell-Yan at 8 TeV

Single-differential cross section

full window

restricted range

Ratio of theoretical calc. to combined double-differential cross section



- ▶ Contribution of non-resonant PI process included. Estimated at LO using photon PDF.

→ Reaches 15%

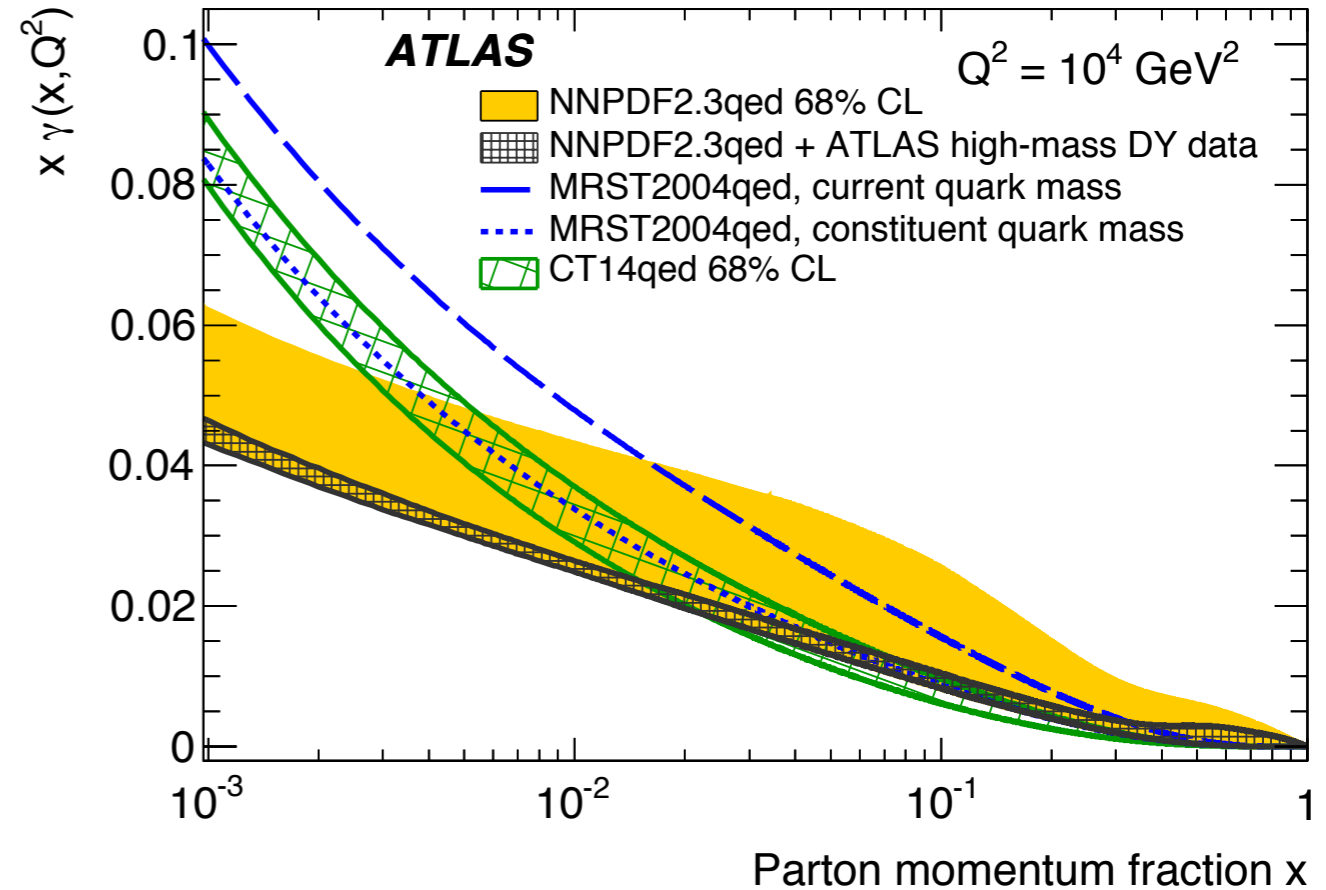
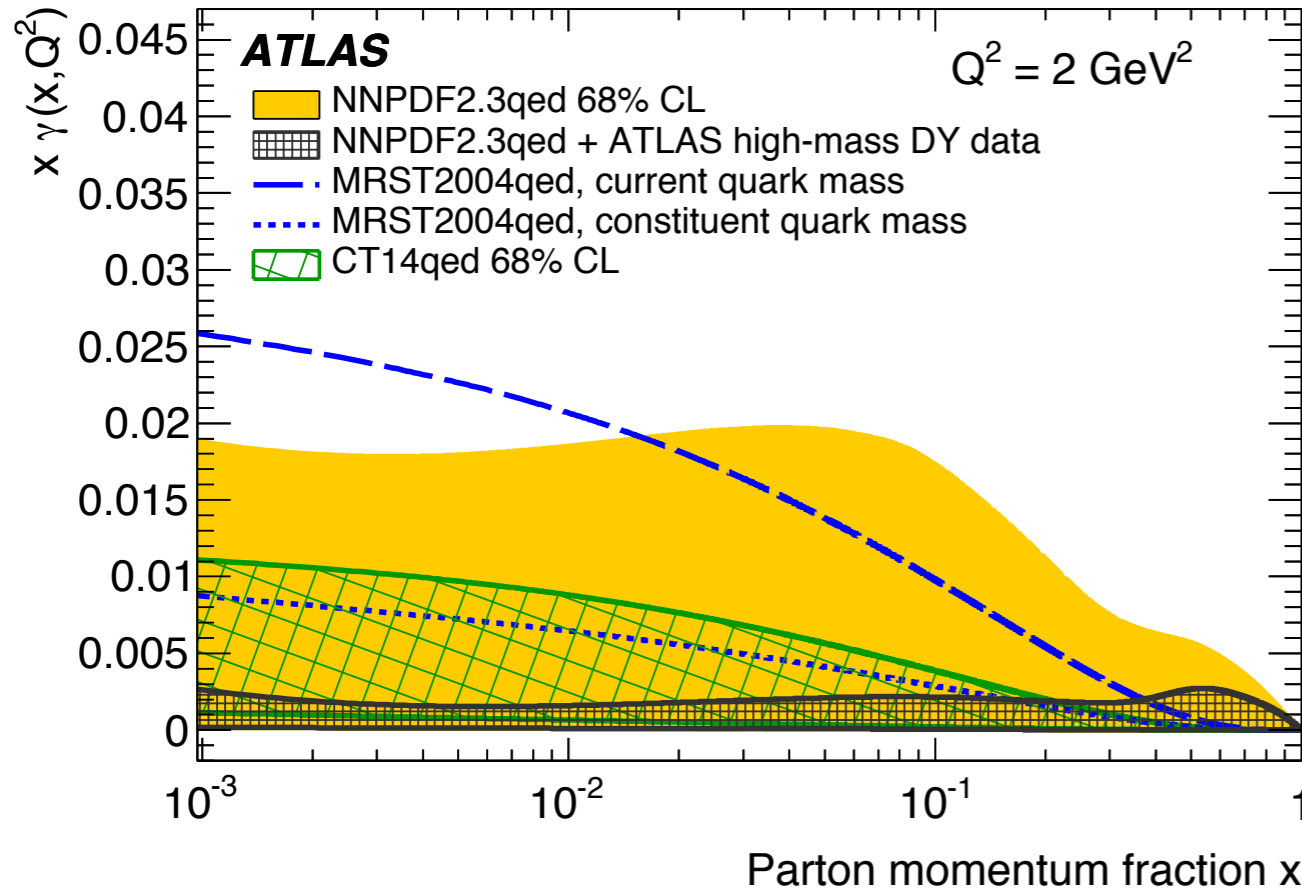
→ In the region where PI contribution is large the PI uncertainty dominates the total uncertainty band

- ▶ At low mass, the differences between the predictions are larger than the total uncertainty of the measurement

→ Potential to constrain PDFs

# High mass Drell-Yan at 8 TeV

Impact of the measured results on photon PDF sets

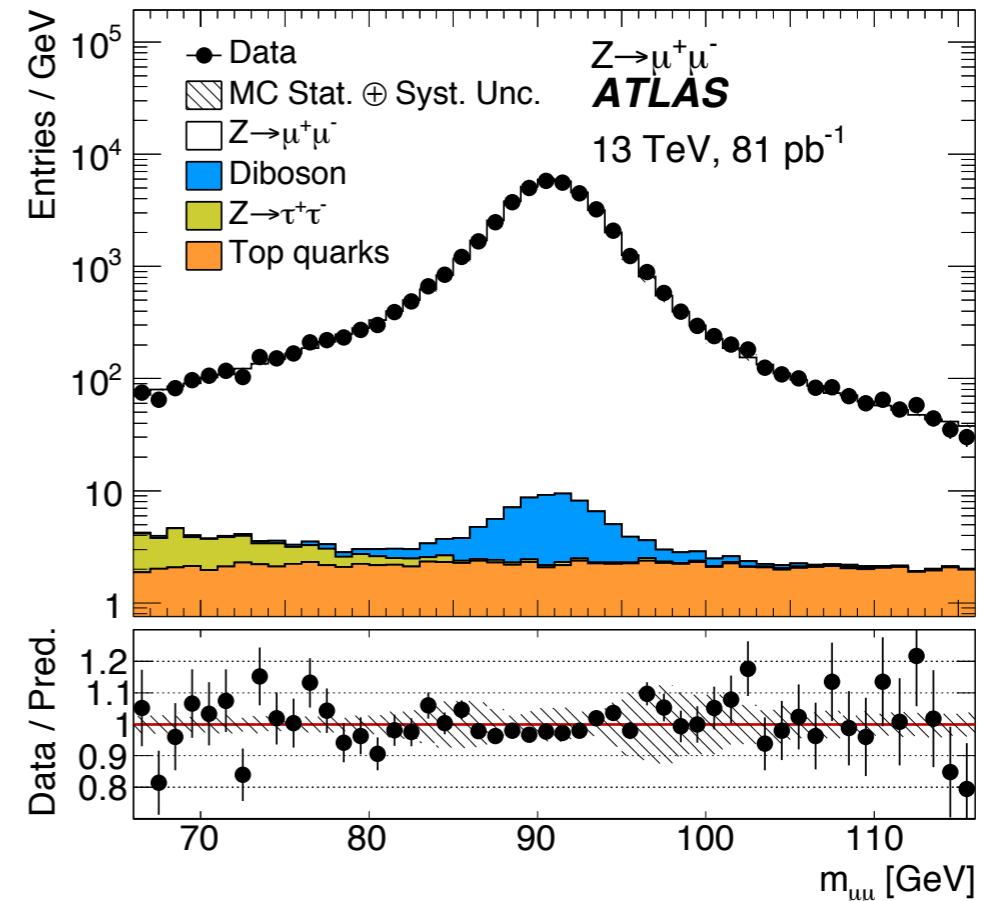
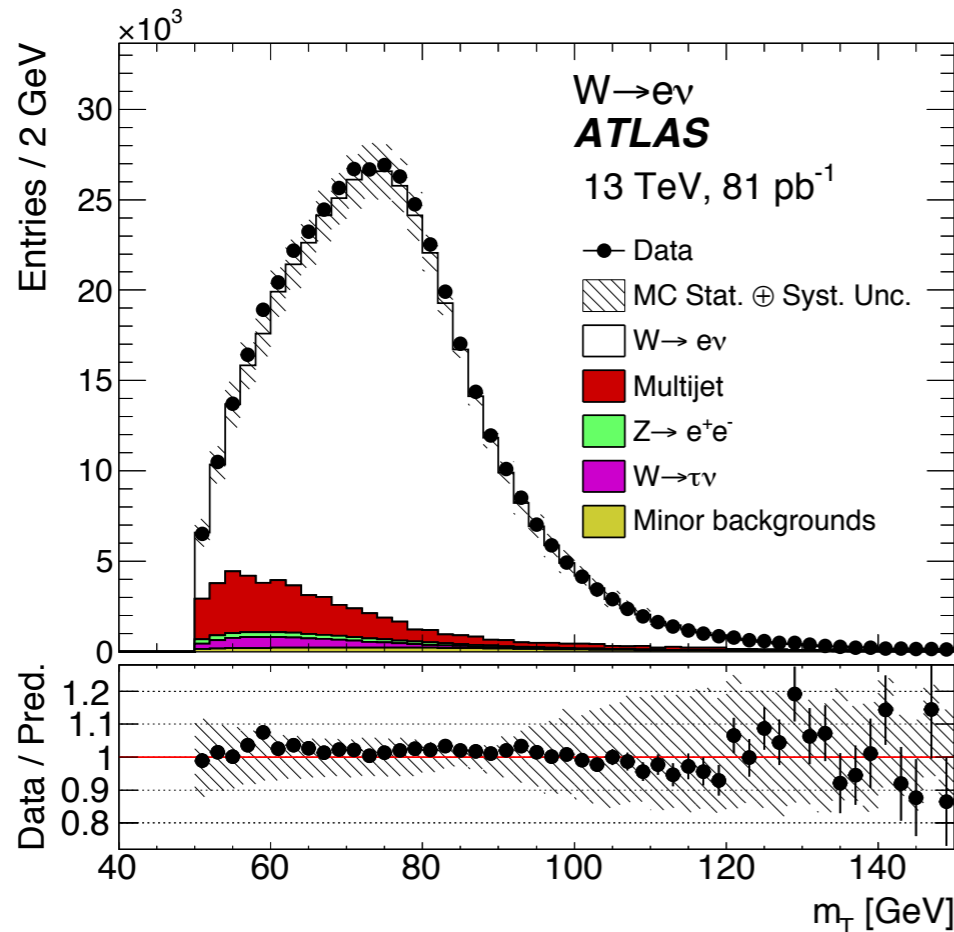


- ▶ **Bayesian reweighting was used** for MC replica representing NNPDF2.3qed photon PDF (to get impact of the data on PDF set)
  - Based on  $\chi^2$  minimization (replicas not describing well get smaller weight assigned)
- ▶ Shaded area indicates new PDF after inclusion of the data
- ▶ **Large reduction of the uncertainty confirms the strong sensitivity of this data to the photon PDF**

# W and Z Cross Sections Measurements at 13 TeV

- ▶ Measurements are performed using data collected at  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$  corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $81 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- ▶ Cross section ratios measurements benefit from the **cancellation of luminosity, some experimental uncertainties**, and are powerful tools to **constrain PDFs**

→ W,Z analysis selections are **fully synchronised** to maximise the cancellation



- ▶ **Fiducial volume defined at the Born-level:**

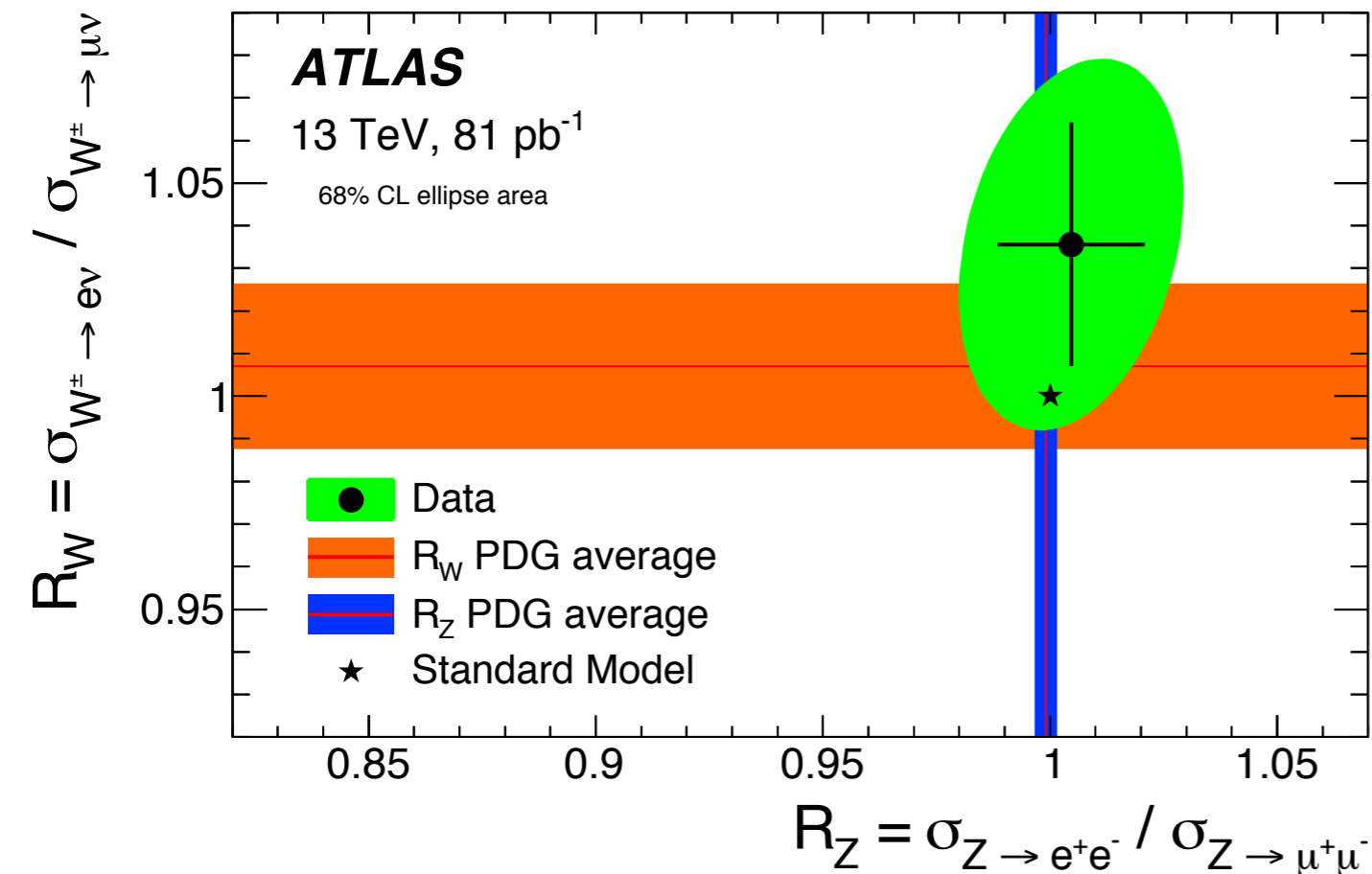
$$p_T^\ell > 25 \text{ GeV} \quad |\eta^\ell| < 2.5 \quad p_T^\nu > 25 \text{ GeV}$$

$$66 < m_{\ell\ell} < 116 \text{ GeV} \quad m_T^W > 50 \text{ GeV}$$

**Dominant background contribution:**  
**Z channels:**  $t\bar{t}$       **W channels:** Multi-jet

# W and Z Cross Sections Measurements at 13 TeV

## Lepton universality



- ▶ Provide a **test for both channels** before combining
- ▶ R<sub>W</sub> and R<sub>Z</sub> evaluated taking into account correlations in the systematic uncertainties
- Lepton reconstruction and identification are naturally uncorrelated between electron and muon channel
- EWK bkg. sources are treated as uncorrelated between W and Z channels and 100% correlated for different W and Z channels.

## Correlation coefficients

	W <sup>-</sup>	W <sup>+</sup>	Z
W <sup>-</sup>	1	0.93	0.18
W <sup>+</sup>		1	0.19
Z			1

- ▶ Combination of the W<sup>+</sup>, W<sup>-</sup> and Z fiducial cross sections is performed to improve the precision
- ▶ Combination is performed with HERAverager tool
- ▶ Results agree well with Standard Model expectations



# W and Z Cross Sections Measurements at 13 TeV

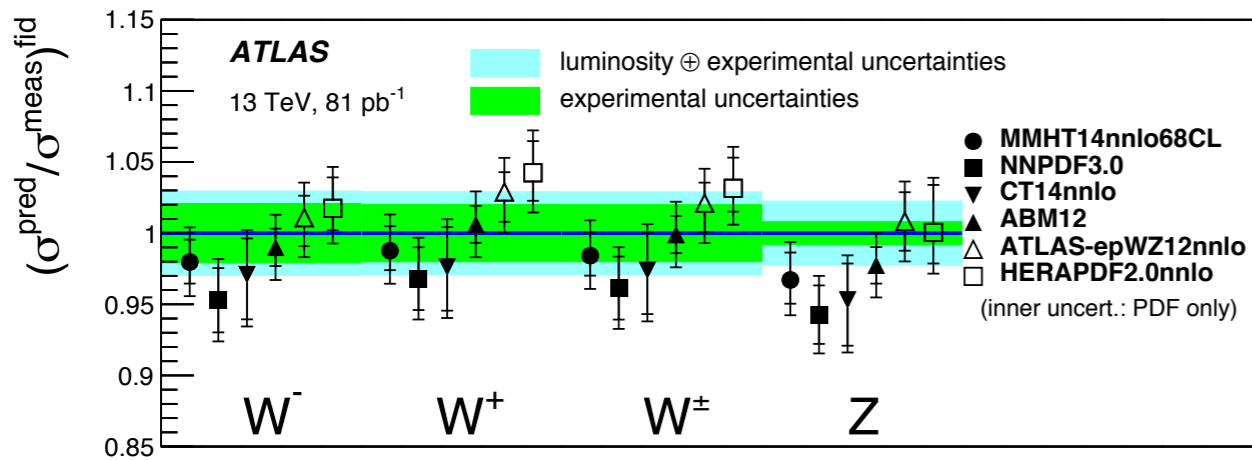
► Total and fiducial cross-sections (**combined results**):

→ Electron and muon channels are combined at Born level using  $\chi^2$  minimization technique  
 The combination yields a good  $\chi^2/N_{d.f.} = 3.0 / 3$

## Fiducial cross sections

Channel	value (pb) $\pm$ stat (pb) $\pm$ syst (pb) $\pm$ lumi (pb)
$W^-$	$3497.9 \pm 6.2 \pm 72.7 \pm 73.5$
$W^+$	$4530.8 \pm 7.1 \pm 90.7 \pm 95.1$
$W^\pm$	$8028.7 \pm 9.5 \pm 160.7 \pm 168.6$
$Z$	$778.6 \pm 2.8 \pm 5.6 \pm 16.4$

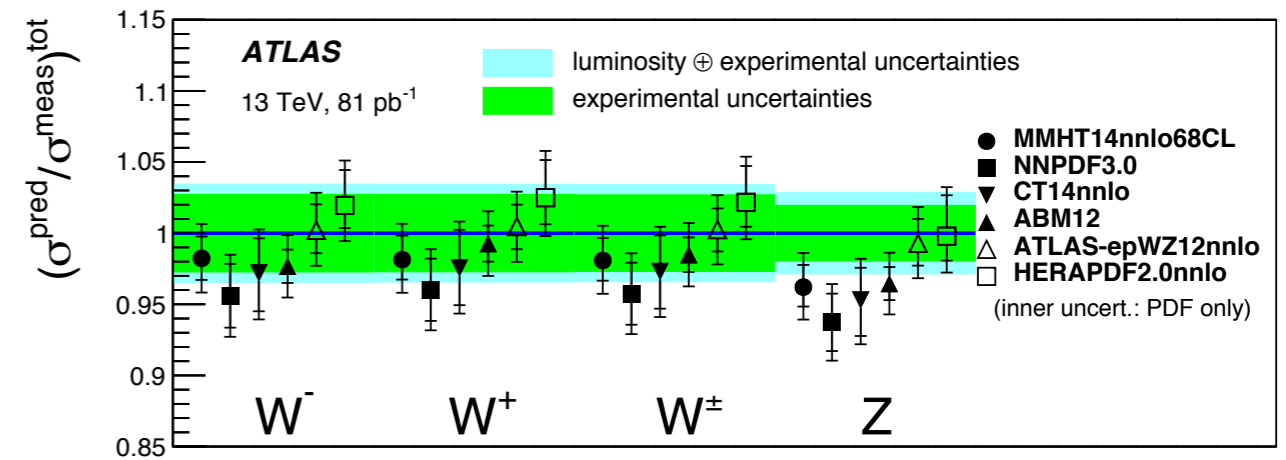
## Fiducial cross sections ratios (predicted to measured)



## Total cross sections

Channel	value (pb) $\pm$ stat (pb) $\pm$ syst (pb) $\pm$ lumi (pb)
$W^-$	$8788.7 \pm 15.7 \pm 239.3 \pm 184.6$
$W^+$	$11829.8 \pm 18.6 \pm 320.7 \pm 248.4$
$W^\pm$	$20639.3 \pm 24.4 \pm 555.6 \pm 433.4$
$Z$	$1981.2 \pm 7.0 \pm 38.1 \pm 41.6$

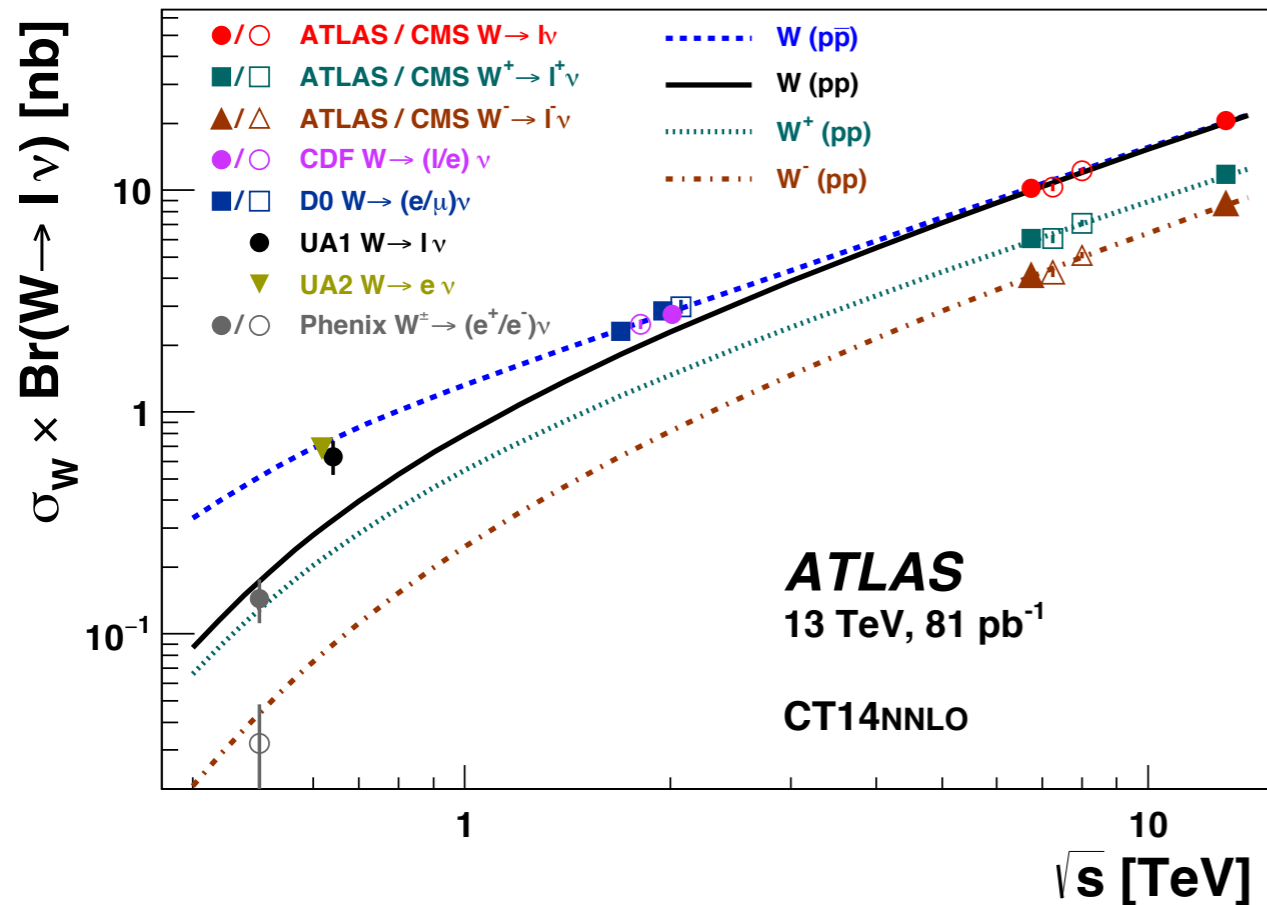
## Total cross sections ratios (predicted to measured)



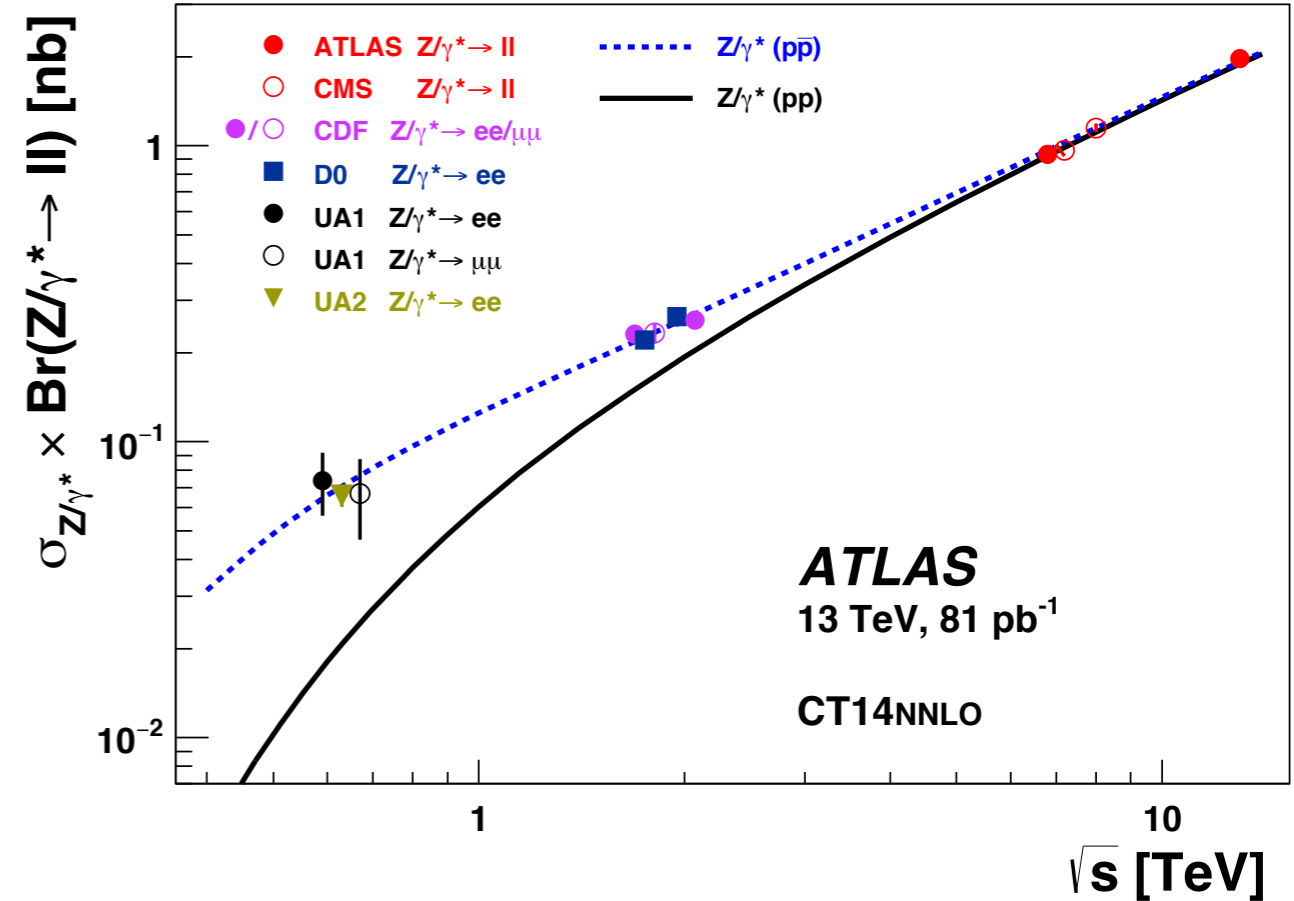
► DYNNLO1.5 is used for the central values of the predictions

# W and Z Cross Sections Measurements at 13 TeV

$\sigma_W \times \text{Br}(W \rightarrow l\nu)$



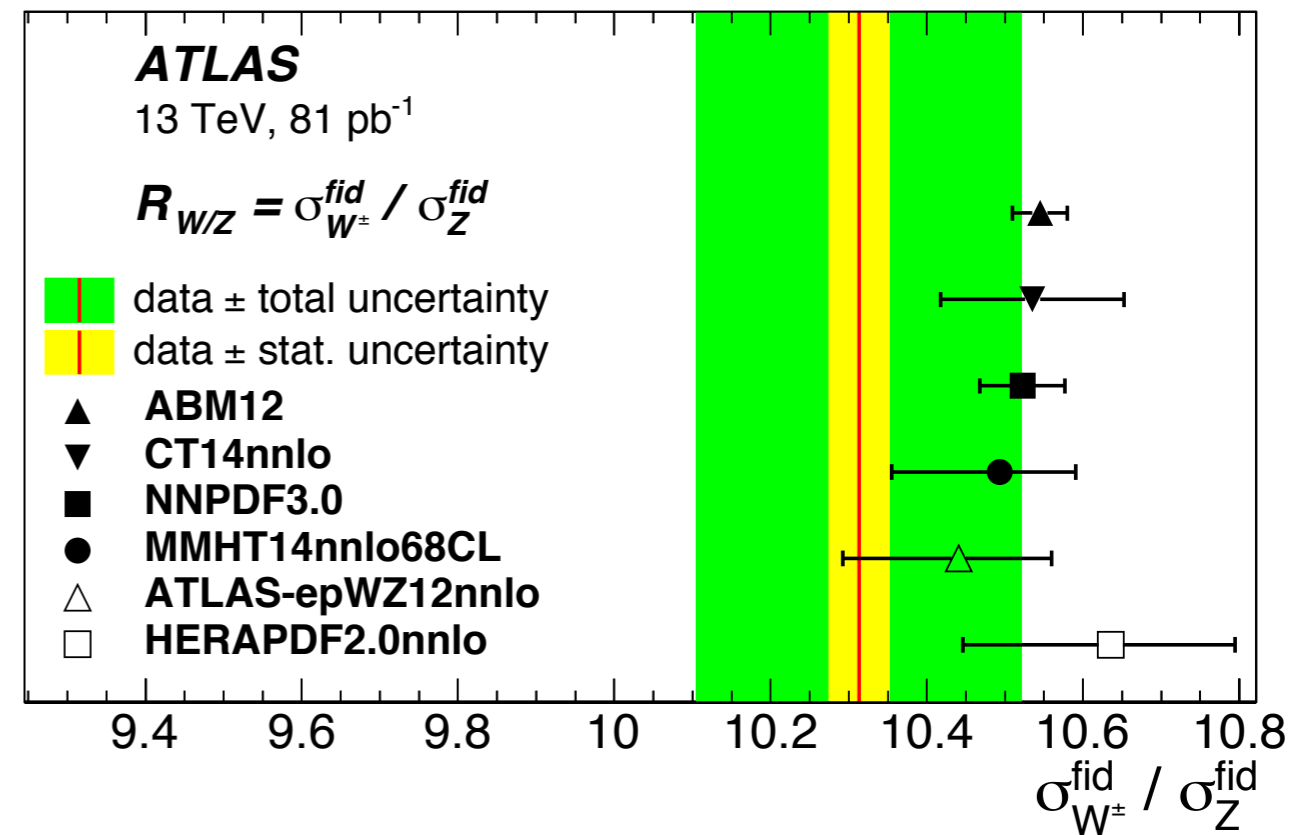
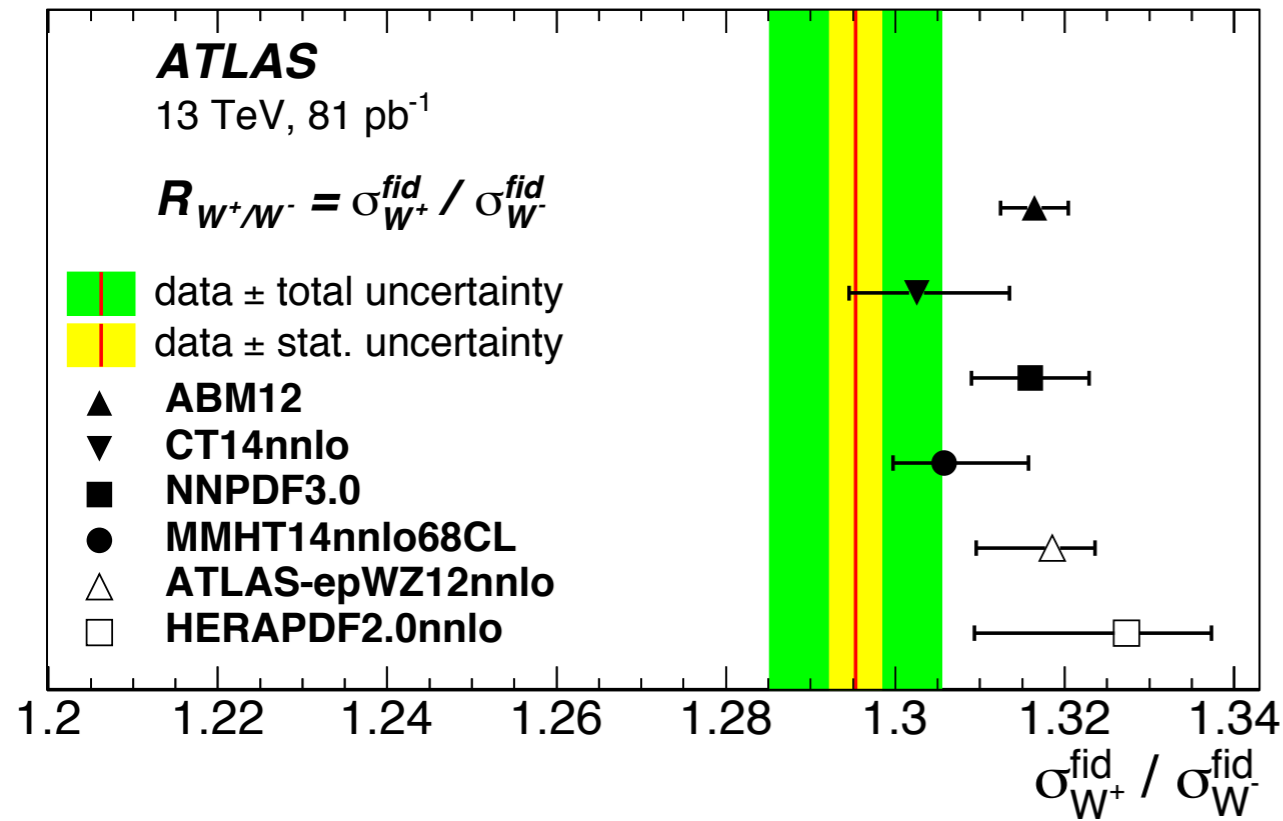
$\sigma_Z \times \text{Br}(Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow ll)$



- ▶ Measured energy dependence of the total W and Z production cross sections is in good agreement with theoretical predictions
- ▶ NNLO QCD and NLO EW predictions calculated using CT14nnlo PDF with the FEWZ
- ▶ All data points displayed with their total uncertainty
- ▶ Theoretical uncertainties on the cross section predictions are not shown

# W and Z Cross Sections Measurements at 13 TeV

## Fiducial cross-sections ratios:



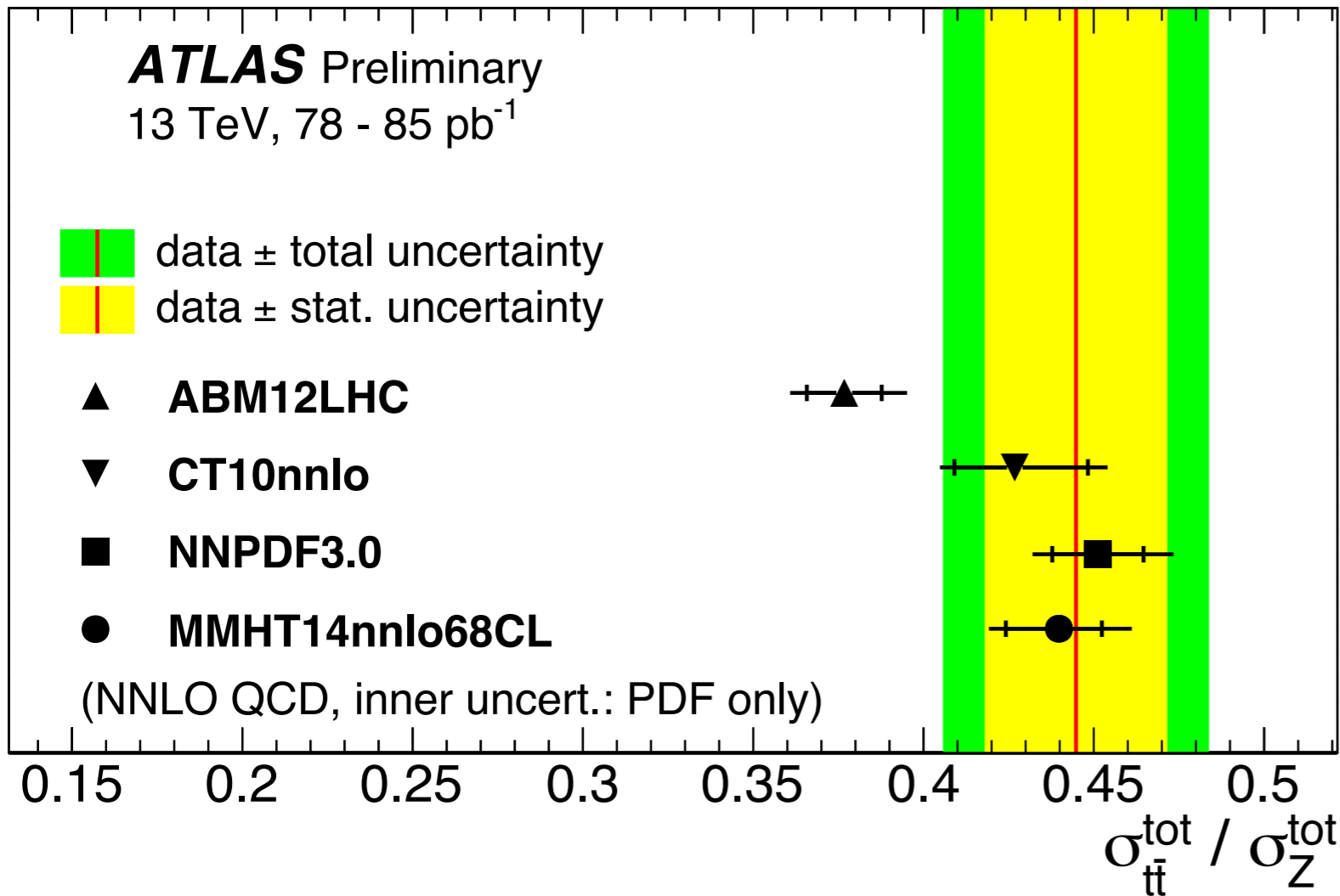
- ▶ Complete **cancellation of luminosity uncertainty** and partial cancellation of **lepton-ID and trigger systematic**
- ▶  $W^+$  to  $W^-$  cross sections ratio is sensitive to the difference of  $u_v$  and  $d_v$  valence-quark distributions at low Bjorken- $x$
- ▶  $W^\pm$  to  $Z$  ratio is sensitive to **strange-quark** distribution
- ▶ Dominant source of uncertainty in  $W^+$  to  $W^-$  ratio is from **uncorrelated part of multi-jet bkg.**
- ▶ Dominant source of uncertainty in  $W^\pm$  to  $Z$  is **multi-jet bkg. and jet energy scale/resolution**

# $t\bar{t}$ / Z Cross Sections Ratio at 13 TeV

- $t\bar{t}$  production dominated by  $gg$  process while  $Z$  production is more sensitive to  $q\bar{q}$

→  $R_{t\bar{t}/Z}$  provide constraints on the ratio of gluon to sea-quark parton distributions in the proton

- Total cross-sections ratio:**  $R_{t\bar{t}/Z} = \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{0.5(\sigma_{Z \rightarrow ee} + \sigma_{Z \rightarrow \mu\mu})}$



$$R_{t\bar{t}/Z} = 0.445 \pm 0.027(\text{stat}) \pm 0.028(\text{syst}) = 0.445 \pm 0.039$$

## Uncertainty cancellation

Uncertainty (%)	$\sigma_{Z \rightarrow ee}$	$\sigma_{Z \rightarrow \mu\mu}$	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$	$R_{t\bar{t}/Z}$
Data statistics	0.5	0.5	6.0	6.0
$t\bar{t}$ NLO modelling	-	-	2.2	2.2
$t\bar{t}$ hadronisation	-	-	4.5	4.5
Initial/final state radiation	-	-	1.2	1.2
Parton distribution functions ( $t\bar{t}$ , $Wt$ )	-	-	1.4	1.4
Single-top modelling	-	-	0.5	0.5
Single-top/ $t\bar{t}$ interference	-	-	0.1	0.1
Single-top $Wt$ cross-section	-	-	0.5	0.5
Diboson modelling	-	-	0.1	0.1
Diboson cross-sections	-	-	0.0	0.0
Z+jets extrapolation	-	-	0.2	0.2
Electron energy scale/resolution	0.2	-	0.2	0.1
Electron identification	3.8	-	3.2	1.3
Electron charge identification	0.8	-	-	0.4
Electron isolation	1.0	-	1.1	1.2
Muon momentum scale/resolution	-	0.1	0.1	0.0
Muon identification	-	0.9	0.5	0.1
Muon isolation	-	0.5	1.1	1.1
Lepton trigger	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.7
Jet energy scale	-	-	0.3	0.3
Jet energy resolution	-	-	0.1	0.1
$b$ -tagging	-	-	0.3	0.3
Misidentified leptons	-	-	1.4	1.4
Pileup modelling	0.9	0.9	-	0.9
Z acceptance	1.5	1.5	-	1.5
Z backgrounds	0.1	0.1	-	0.1
Analysis systematics	4.4	2.3	6.7	6.3
Integrated luminosity	9.0	9.0	10.0	1.0
Total uncertainty	10.0	9.3	13.5	8.8

# Summary

## ▶ High mass DY measurement at 8 TeV:

- Combined cross sections achieve an experimental **precision of better than 1%** at low  $m_{\ell\ell}$ , excluding the overall luminosity uncertainty of 1.9%
- Theoretical uncertainties arising from PDFs are found to be larger than the measurement uncertainties, indicating **potential for proton PDF constraints**
- Bayesian reweighting (using data) method showed **dramatic reduction of the uncertainties on the photon PDF**

## ▶ W / Z cross sections ratio:

- Extracted with a precision of few % (cancellation of several experimental uncertainties and luminosity uncertainty)
- The measurements agree well with the predictions and the experimental precision is comparable to the PDF uncertainties (**potential constraining power**)

## ▶ $t\bar{t}$ / Z cross sections ratio:

- Provides constrain on the ratio of gluon to sea-quark parton distribution

# Backup slides

# High mass Drell-Yan at 8 TeV

Fiducial volume defined at the Born-level:

Leading lepton:  $p_T^\ell > 40 \text{ GeV}$   
 Subleading lepton:  $p_T^\ell > 30 \text{ GeV}$

$$|\eta^\ell| < 2.5$$

$$116 < m_{\ell\ell} < 1500 \text{ GeV}$$

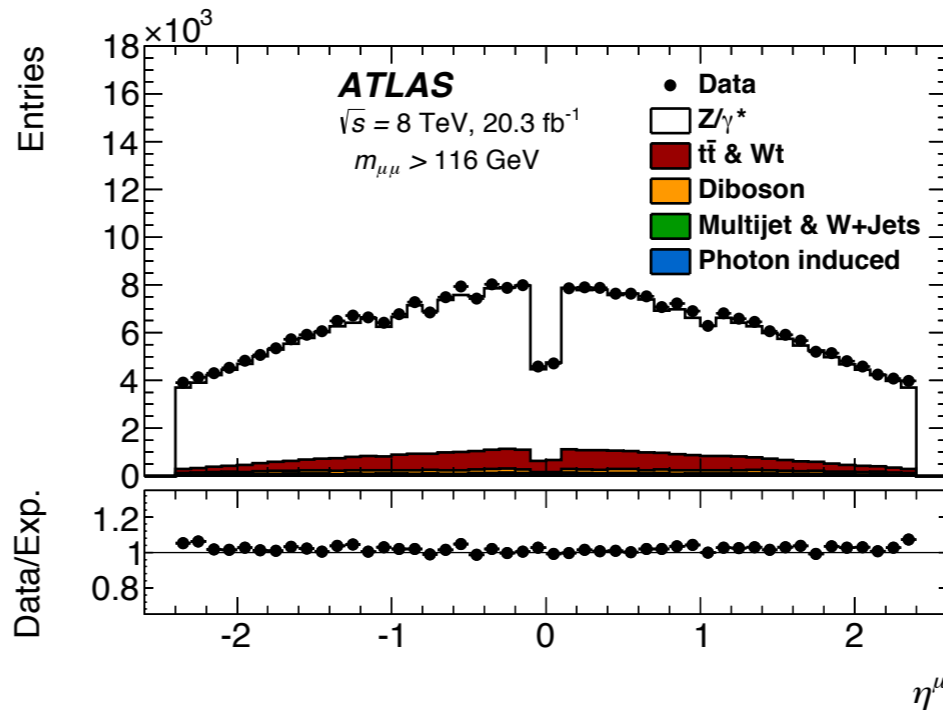
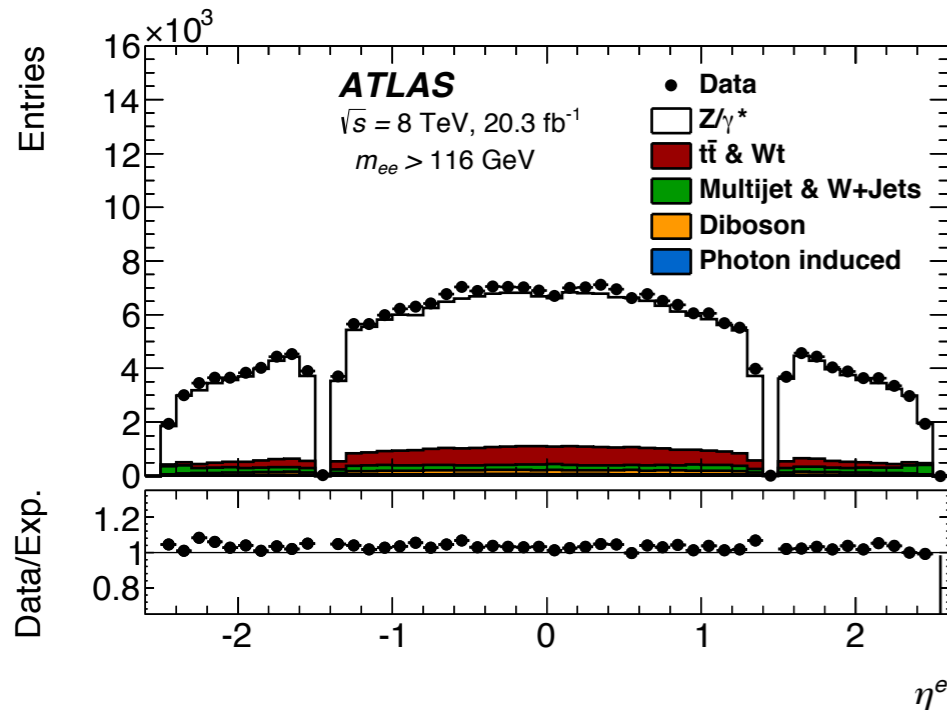
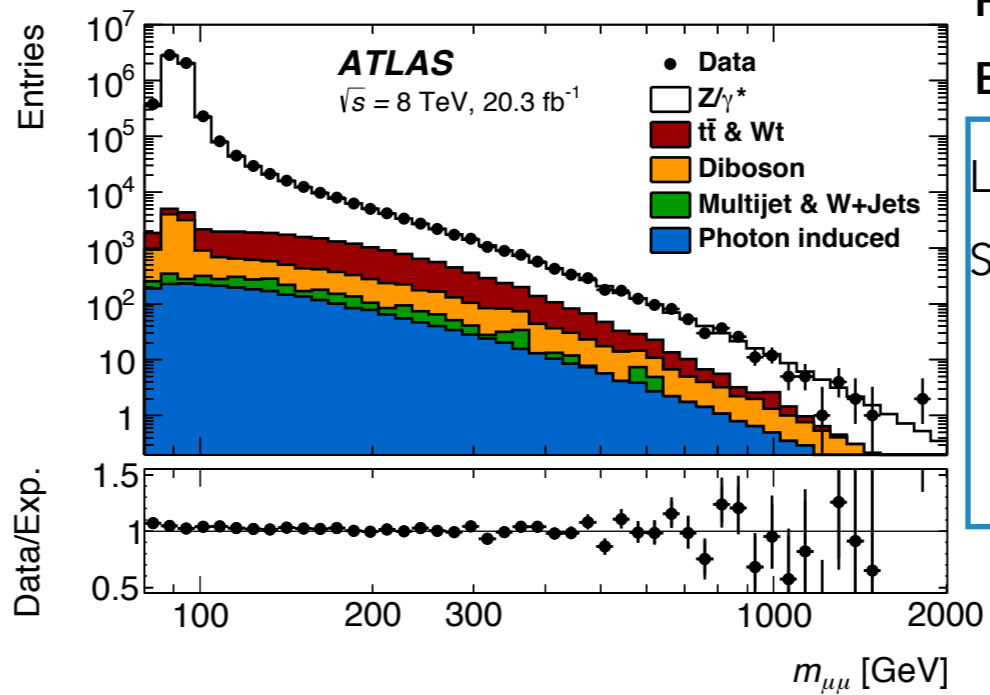
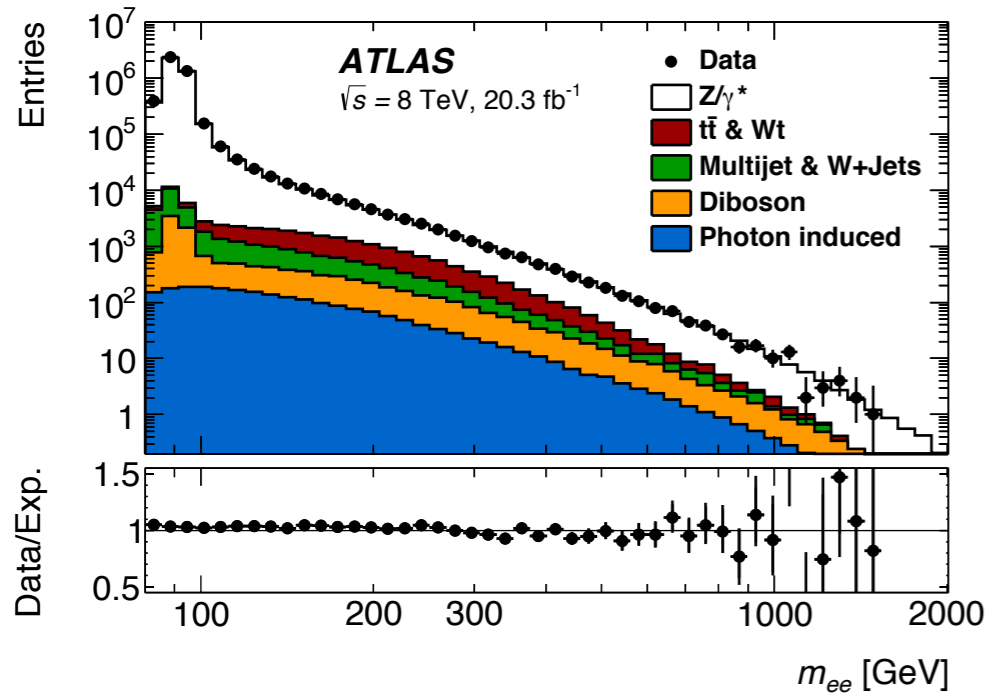
Background contribution:

## Electron channel

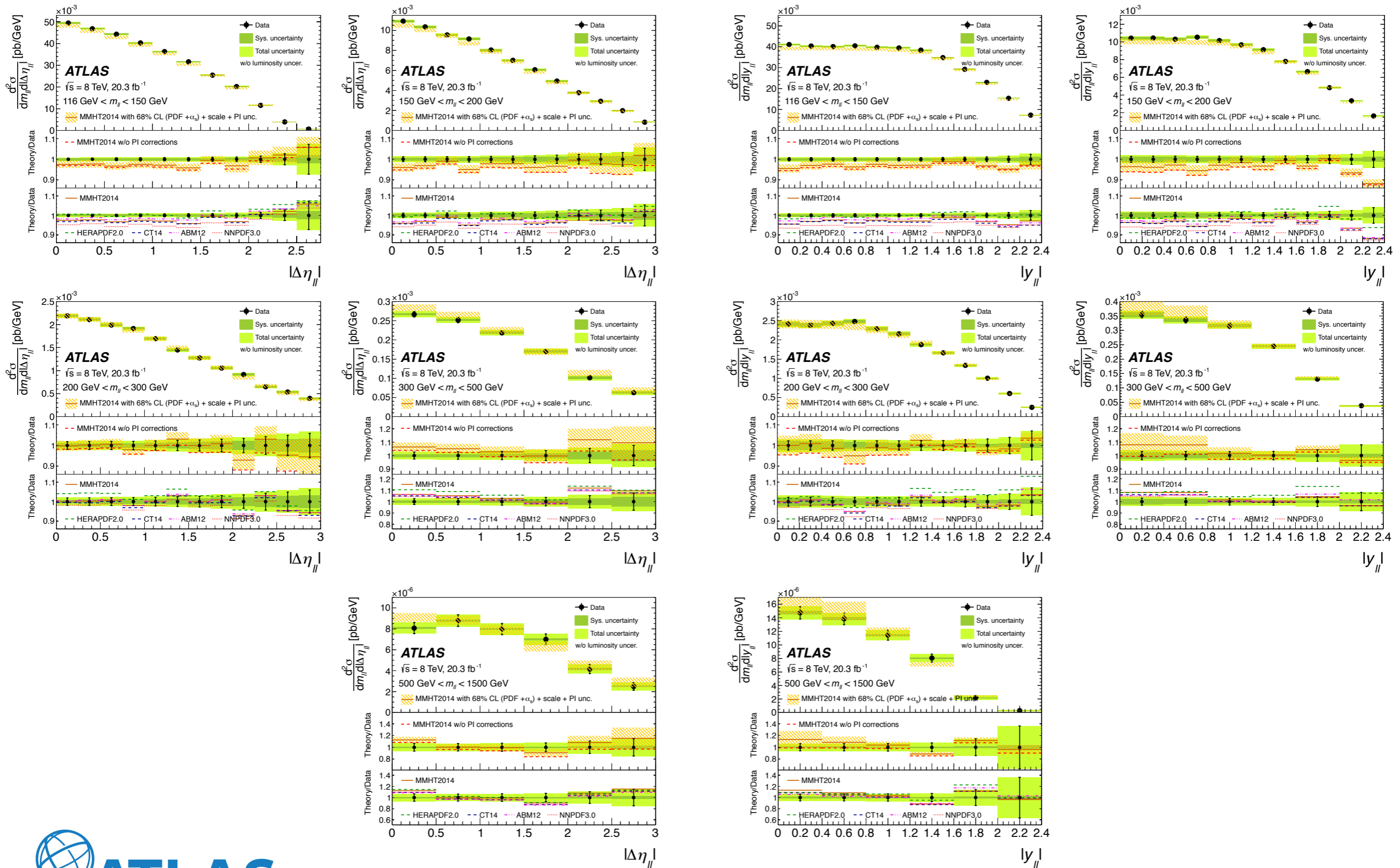
Top quark: 9%  
 Multijet: 4%  
 Diboson: 2%

## Muon channel

Top quark: 9%  
 Diboson: 2%  
 Multijet: < 1%

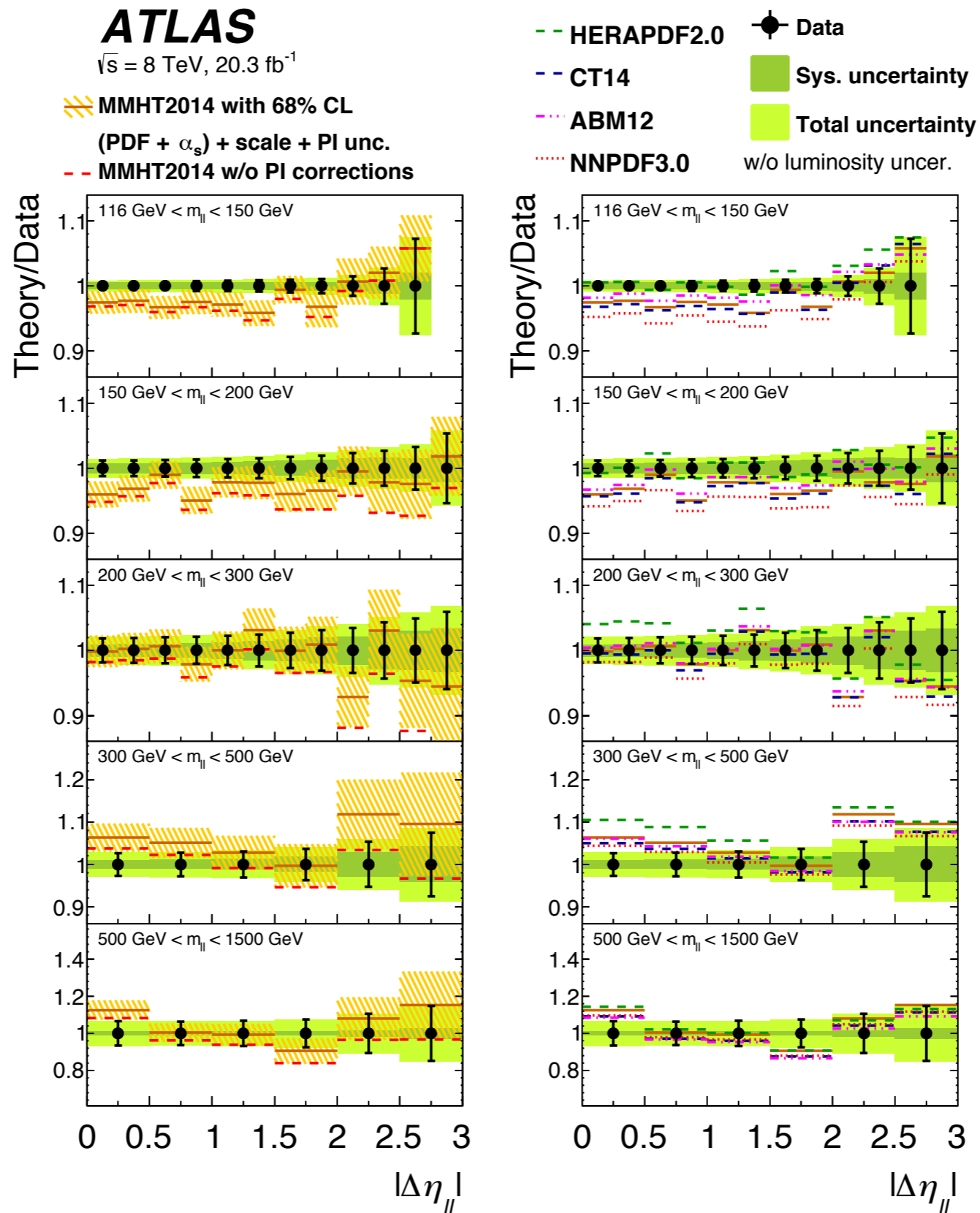


# High mass Drell-Yan at 8 TeV



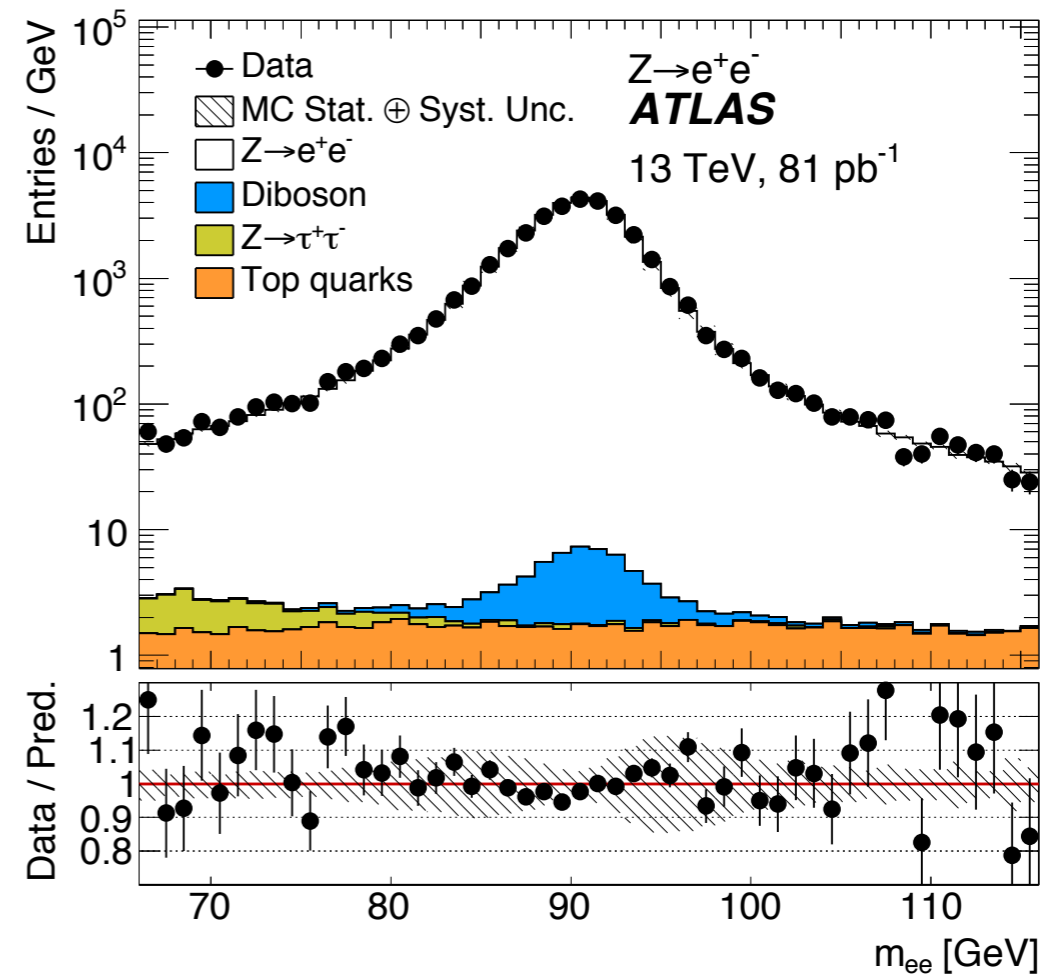
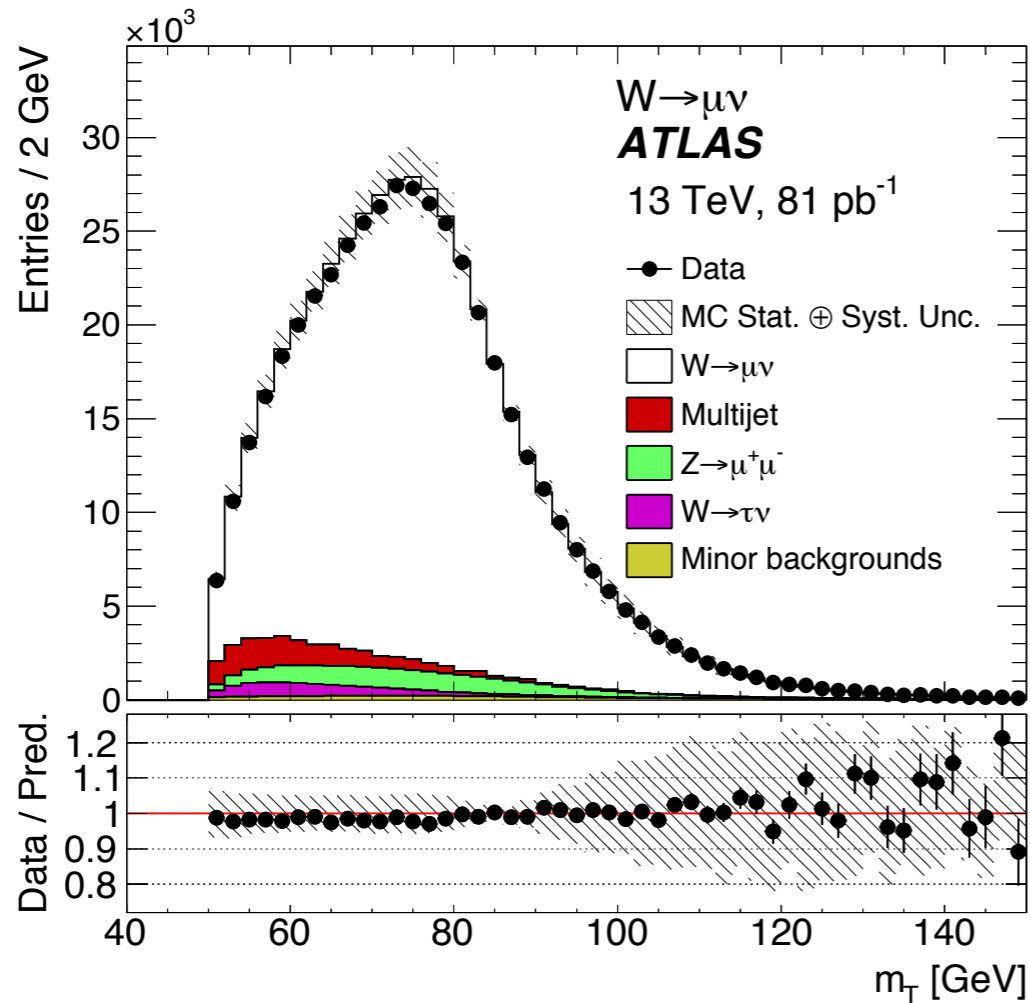


# High mass Drell-Yan at 8 TeV



# W and Z Cross Sections Measurements at 13 TeV

- Measurements are performed using data collected at  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$  corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $81 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



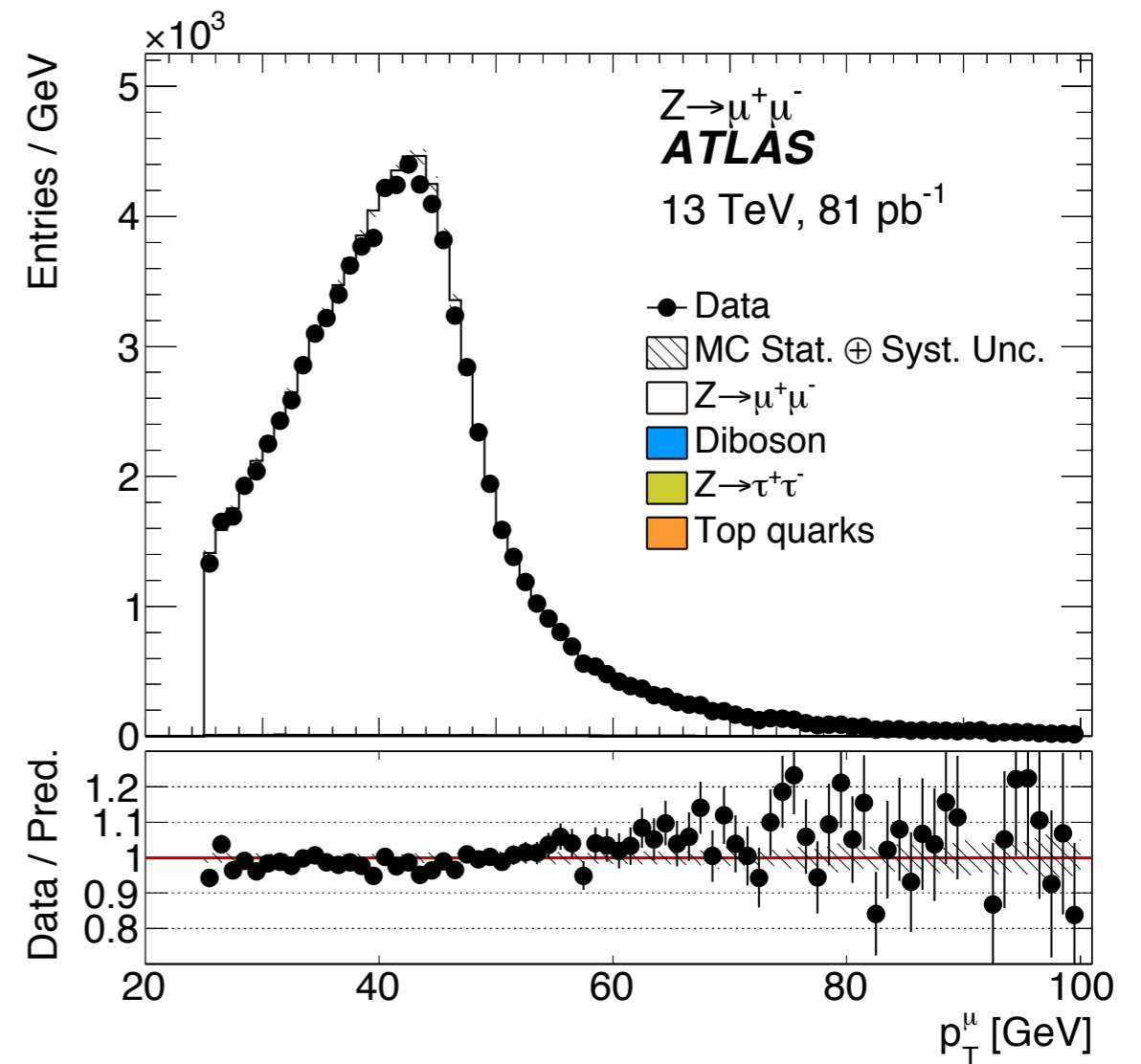
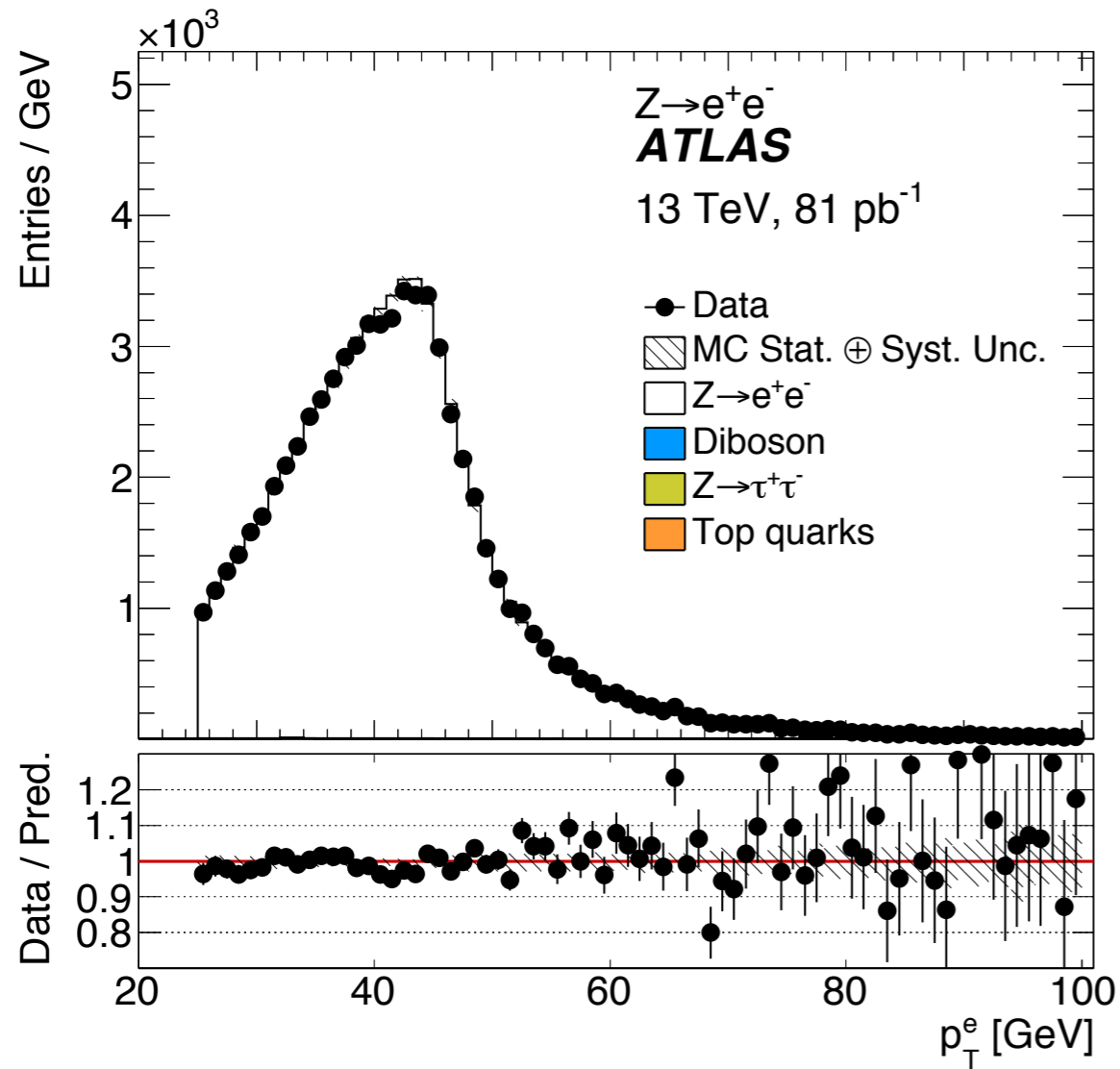
**Z channels** :  $t\bar{t}$  - 0.24% for electron and muon channels

**W channels** multi-jet:

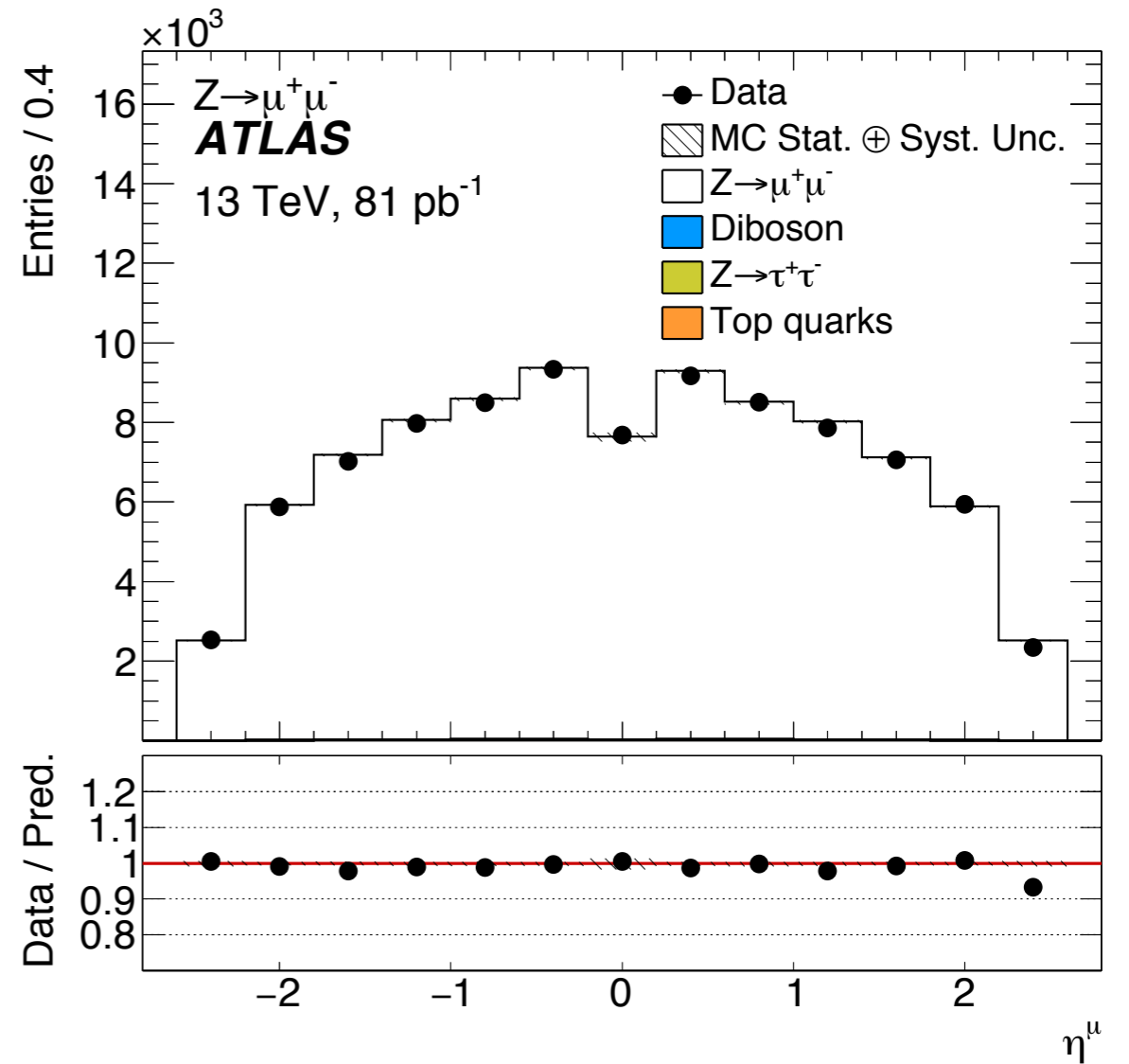
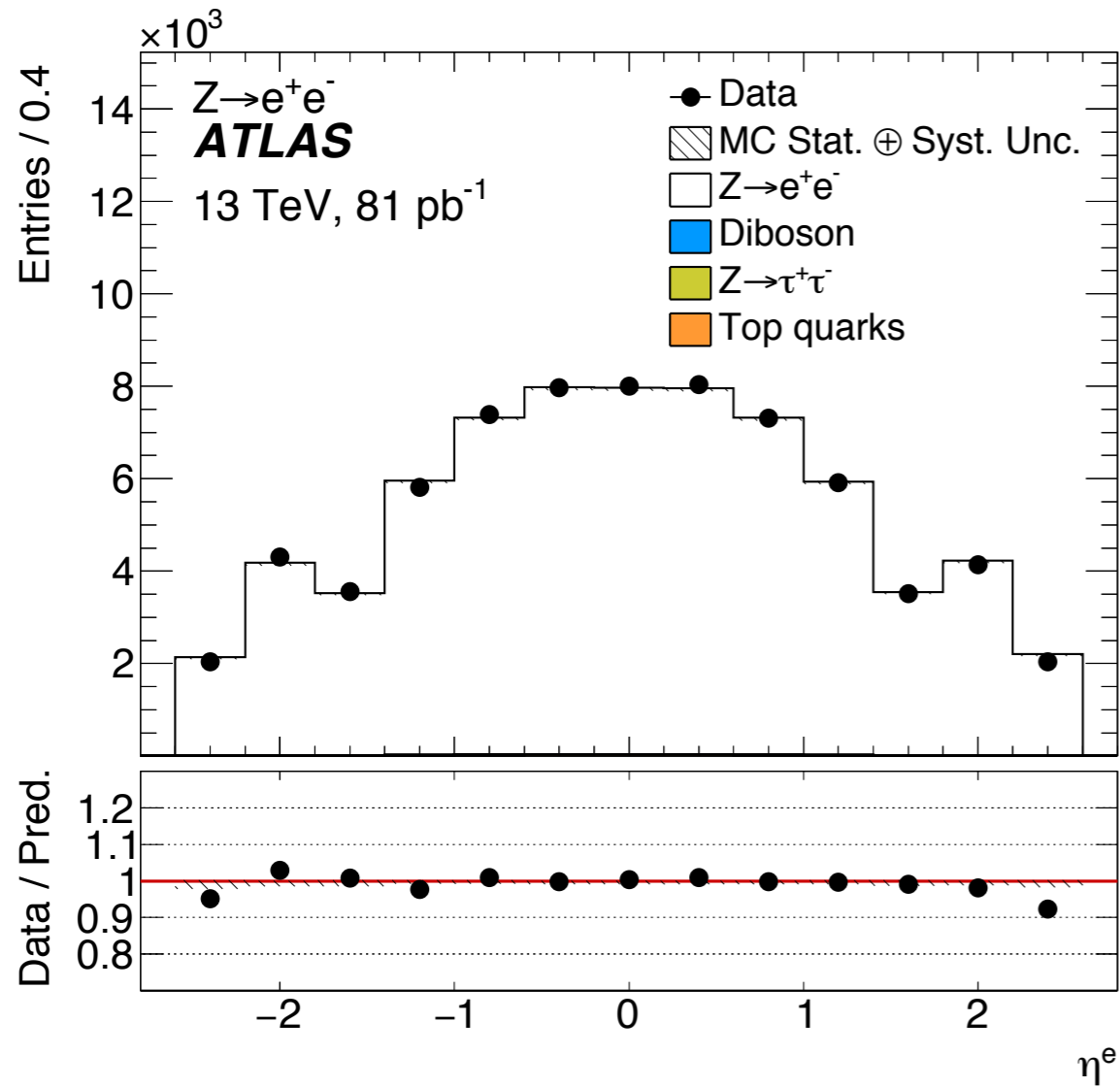
8% and 10% for  $W^+$  and  $W^-$  in electron channel

3.5% and 4% for  $W^+$  and  $W^-$  in muon channel

# W and Z Cross Sections Measurements at 13 TeV



# W and Z Cross Sections Measurements at 13 TeV



# W and Z Cross Sections Measurements at 13 TeV

	$W^+$	$W^-$	Z
<b>Electron channel (value <math>\pm</math> stat <math>\pm</math> syst <math>\pm</math> lumi)</b>			
Signal events	$228060 \pm 510 \pm 4920 \pm 200$	$177890 \pm 450 \pm 6110 \pm 180$	$34865 \pm 187 \pm 7 \pm 3$
Correction $C$	$0.602 \pm 0.012$	$0.614 \pm 0.012$	$0.552^{+0.006}_{-0.005}$
$\sigma^{\text{fid}}$ [nb]	$4.68 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.10$	$3.58 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.08$	$0.781 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.016$
Acceptance $A$	$0.383 \pm 0.007$	$0.398 \pm 0.007$	$0.393 \pm 0.007$
$\sigma^{\text{tot}}$ [nb]	$12.23 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.27$	$9.00 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.39 \pm 0.20$	$1.987 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.042$
<b>Muon channel (value <math>\pm</math> stat <math>\pm</math> syst <math>\pm</math> lumi)</b>			
Signal events	$237720 \pm 520 \pm 2210 \pm 410$	$183180 \pm 460 \pm 2520 \pm 360$	$44706 \pm 212 \pm 9 \pm 4$
Correction $C$	$0.653 \pm 0.012$	$0.650 \pm 0.012$	$0.711 \pm 0.008$
$\sigma^{\text{fid}}$ [nb]	$4.50 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.10$	$3.48 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.08$	$0.777 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.016$
Acceptance $A$	$0.383 \pm 0.007$	$0.398 \pm 0.007$	$0.393 \pm 0.007$
$\sigma^{\text{tot}}$ [nb]	$11.75 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.27$	$8.75 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.20$	$1.977 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.042$

▶ **Cross-section definition:**  $\sigma^{\text{tot}} = \frac{\sigma^{\text{fid}}}{A} = \frac{N-B}{A \cdot C \cdot \mathcal{L}}$

▶ **Main systematic sources:**

$Z \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu$  : lepton reco. and id. (0.9%)

$W^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm \nu, \mu^\pm \nu$  : jet energy scale and resolution ( $\sim 1.7\%$ )