## SM<sub>(-like)</sub> Higgs production: theoretical progress

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## **State of play in 2014**



(and apologies to all work that I have overlooked in this subjective review)

## 2015: a banner year

A fantastic year that has led to a significantly better theoretical understanding of Standard Model Higgs boson production at the LHC.

- \* improved predictions for cross-sections and observables;
- \* development of better Monte Carlo tools;
- \* new ideas for additional channels and improved analyses.

>Headlined by new theoretical calculations of Higgs boson processes at NNLO and beyond.

- \* both total cross-sections and accounting for required fiducial cuts.
- \* control of both absolute normalization and remaining uncertainty.

Solution line: extraction of Higgs boson couplings and properties at an unprecedented level of precision.

## Headlines

## **Gluon-fusion production at N<sup>3</sup>LO**

Anastasiou, Duhr, Dulat, Furlan, Gehrmann, Herzog, Lazopoulos, Mistlberger

- \* Focus of great theoretical scrutiny.
  - dominant production mode at the LHC;
  - \* a "simple" 2→1 process.

- Exact calculation only known to NLO at present; higher orders tractable through EFT.
- Capture dominant effects through scaling with exact treatment at LO.



Sompute N<sup>3</sup>LO cross-section as an expansion around the soft limit, to arbitrary order.  $z = m_H^2/\hat{s} \longrightarrow (1-z)$  is distance from threshold



#### Fruits of theoretical labor: scale uncertainty



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## **Impact: latest results**

Cross-section increases by ~2% compared to NNLO and within scale uncertainty → negligible impact on value of coupling extracted so far.

>Level of precision mandates careful analysis of other effects,  $\rightarrow \underline{F. Dulat}$ approximations and remaining sources of uncertainty. Dec 2015, CERN

- \* N<sup>3</sup>LO pdfs not available and not accounted for by pdf uncertainties; can estimate uncertainty by equivalent at NNLO: ~1%.
- finite mass effects only known approximately beyond NLO, do not include all important interference effects; estimate of total uncertainty: ~2%.
- electroweak corrections to the LO process known, dominant mixed NLO effects computed in EFT;
   estimated uncertainty from missing NLO: ~1%

## Impact and outlook

Sest prediction at 13 TeV, combining all sources of uncertainty, promises spectacular precision:

$$\sigma = 48.48 \,{}^{+2.60}_{-3.47} \mathrm{pb} = 48.48 \mathrm{pb} \,{}^{+5.36\%}_{-7.15\%}$$

Current uncertainty budget points the way for further theoretical improvements.

>In addition:

- paves way for similar approaches to related Higgs processes, e.g. associated production.
- \* application to rapidity distributions too?



## The Higgs boson and QCD

#### CMS-HIG-14-028, Dec 2015

The Higgs boson radiates additional jets prolifically ...

- according to our theoretical tools;
- and (even more so?)
   in the 7 and 8 TeV
   data taken so far.

Important source of additional events;

 to exploit, need more differential information.



## **Higgs+jet production at NNLO**

Previous approximate results included only NNLO corrections to gluonic channels.
Boughezal, Caola, Melnikov, Petriello, Schulze (2013)
Chen, Gehrmann, Glover, Jaquier (2014)





This year, multiple new fully-differential results at NNLO:

- dominant gg and qg channels, sub-dominant (1% effect) qq at NLO;
   Boughezal, Caola, Melnikov, Petriello, Schulze, arXiv: 1504.07922
- \* extension to include Higgs boson decays for fiducial comparisons; Caola, Melnikov, Schulze, arXiv: 1508.02684
- \* all channels included at NNLO.

Boughezal, Focke, Giele, Liu, Petriello, arXiv: 1505.03893

## **Impact of NNLO corrections**



**BFGLP, arXiv: 1505.03893** 

Corrections modest, dominant effects already captured at NLO.; predictions already stabilized (c.f. inclusive production).

- \* NNLO ~15% for typical LHC cuts (p<sub>T</sub>~30 GeV), decrease as p<sub>T</sub> increases.
- Residual scale uncertainty ~ 5%.

Calculation uses powerful new SCET-based technique, "jettiness subtraction".

## Fiducial Higgs+jet at NNLO

#### (the other) CMS, arXiv: 1508.02684



Shows Consistent calculation,  $O(\alpha_s^5)$ , for jet multiplicities from one to three.

- \* *k*-jet rate known to  $N^{(3-k)}LO$ .
- also true for zero-jet bin in absence of fiducial cuts.
- Key observables, e.g. dilepton azimuthal separation in H→WW decays: not significantly changed.
- Ratios of fiducial cross-sections display excellent convergence.

$$R_{WW/\gamma\gamma} = \frac{\sigma_{H+j}^{WW \to e^+ \mu^- \nu \bar{\nu}, 13 \text{ TeV}}}{\sigma_{H+j}^{\gamma\gamma, 8 \text{ TeV}}} = 2.39^{-0.06}_{+0.04}, \quad 2.33^{-0.04}_{+0.05}, \quad 2.32^{-0.04}_{+0.02}$$

## **Differential VBF production at NNLO**

Cacciari, Dreyer, Karlberg, Salam, Zanderighi, arXiv: 1506.02660

Critical test of the Standard Model: largest production process that involves tree-level interactions.
 Bolzoni, Maltoni, Moch, Zaro (2010, 2012) Figy, Zeppenfeld, Oleari (2003)

Cross-section known at NNLO (total) and NLO (differential).

Innovative "projection-to-Born" method that exploits structure function approach to merge two existing calculations:



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## **Impact: differential VBF at NNLO**

Can now assess effect of NNLO corrections under fiducial cuts used to tag VBF events; contrast with inclusive case.

	inclusive	fiducial
	$\sigma^{(\text{no cuts})}$ (pb)	$\sigma^{(VBF cuts)}$ (pb)
LO	$4.032_{-0.069}^{+0.057}$	$0.957^{+0.066}_{-0.059}$
NLO	$3.929_{-0.023}^{+0.024}$	$0.876^{+0.008}_{-0.018}$
NNLO	$3.888^{+0.016}_{-0.012}$	$0.826^{+0.013}_{-0.014}$
	normalization. 107	nome aligation (01
Effect of	1000000000000000000000000000000000000	normalization: -6%
NNLO	uncertainty: 0.4%	uncertainty: 1.7%

>Invaluable information for future precision studies of this process.

## **Distributions and outlook**

Even bigger impact on differential distributions

- corrections up to O(10%);
- outside NLO uncertainty estimate from scale variation.

Motivation for N<sup>3</sup>LO calculation; may be possible with this technique.



## Gluon-fusion



### **Finite-mass effects**

Inclusion of finite mass effects (top and bottom loops) at NLO in NNLOPS generator: effects of order a few percent. Hamilton, Nason, Zanderighi, arXiv: 1501.04637

New analytic calculation of leading interference effects at NLO, as expansion in powers of m<sub>b</sub>.

Mueller, Ozturk, arXiv: 1512.08570



Opens up possibility of similar method at NNLO, to reduce one of the leading uncertainties that remains.

## The Higgs boson p<sub>T</sub> and jets

Investigations of the Higgs transverse momentum distribution in parton showers, at NNLO+NNLL and including some BSM effects.

Neill, Rothstein, Vaidya, arXiv: 1503.00005

Bagnaschi, Vicini, arXiv: 1505.00735

Bagnaschi, Harlander, Mantler, Vicini, Wiesemann, arXiv: 1510.08850

Phenomenology of H+2/3 jets (GF and VBF) in GOSAM/SHERPA. Greiner, Hoeche, Luisoni, Schoenherr, Winter, Yundin, arXiv: 1506.01016

>Very recently, jet-veto analysis taking into account new N<sup>3</sup>LO inclusive result.

 also includes NNLL jet pt and LL jet radius resummation.
 Banfi, Caola, Dreyer, Monni, Salam, Zanderighi, Dulat, arXiv: 1511.02886

increase in central value and new scale uncertainty both 2%



## **Beyond a scalar Higgs and related processes**

Primarily of interest for BSM but closely related to other developments discussed here.

≫N<sup>3</sup>LO predictions for a pseudoscalar Higgs in the threshold limit. Ahmed, Kumar, Mathews, Rana, Ravindran, arXiv: 1510.02235

>NNLL soft/collinear resummation for pseudoscalar Higgs boson (N<sup>3</sup>LL for scalar).
Schmidt, Spira, arXiv: 1509.00195

>Heavy-quark annihilation channels:

- FONLL scheme for bb annihilation;
   Forte, Napoletano, Ubiali, arXiv: 1508.01529
- NNLO for neutral, charged Higgs production.
   Harlander, arXiv: 1512.04901



## Associated VH production



## **Improved Monte Carlo modelling**

Goncalves, Krauss, Kuttimalai, Maierhofer, arXiv: 1509.01597 (see also: Hespel, Maltoni, Vryonidou, arXiv: 1503.01656)



- Useful to consider contributions separately for purposes of MC multi-jet merging (different QCD emission patterns).
- ⇒gg→VH enhanced by gluon pdf, large top Yukawa and effect of  $2m_t$  threshold;
  - especially important for invisible decays, e.g. Higgs-portal models.



## Impact

>Important for application of jet veto, e.g. to suppress background.

Solution The search for H application to boosted search for H application.



#### **Other new tools**

NLO parton shower (POWHEG) including effects of anomalous couplings in linear EFT:

Mimasu, Sanz, Williams, arXiv: 1512.02572

$$\frac{ig \ \bar{c}_W}{m_W^2} \Big[ \Phi^{\dagger} T_{2k} \overleftrightarrow{D}^{\mu} \Phi \Big] D^{\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^k + \\ \frac{2ig \ \bar{c}_{HW}}{m_W^2} \Big[ D^{\mu} \Phi^{\dagger} T_{2k} D^{\nu} \Phi \Big] W_{\mu\nu}^k$$

Fully-differential NNLO including both DY and y<sub>t</sub> contributions.

Ellis, JC, Williams, arXiv: 1601.00658

 \* also includes effects of radiation in decay at NLO for H→bb.

➢Recalculation of H→bb at NNLO. Del Duca et al, arXiv: 1501.07226



## Associated top production



## **Beyond NLO: parton showers and resummation**

>Public NLO parton shower available in POWHEG-BOX.

Hartanto, Jager, Reina, Wackeroth, arXiv: 1501.04498

>First steps beyond NLO: soft-gluon resummation for approximate NNLO.

Broggio, Ferroglia, Pecjak, Signer, Yang, arXiv: 1510.01914

- \* caveat: how well does this capture behavior of full corrections?
- \* estimate of uncertainty by including additional contributions that are formally sub-leading in the soft limit.
- \* justified by comparison of exact and approximate NLO.



## Less approximations at NLO

Denner, Feger, arXiv: 1506.07448

>Full treatment of all diagrams that lead to the same final state: non-resonant contributions, off-shell and interference effects.



Calculation performed in limit of massless b-quarks; infrared safety therefore requires two hard b-jets.

- \* difference with on-shell calculation < 1%.
- \* would be much bigger in regions where one bottom quark is not observed, but requires massive b-quarks.

## Fun facts about dogs

- The largest breed of dog is the Irish Wolfhound.
- Puppies do not know how to walk when first born; they usually learn when they are 2-5 weeks old.
- Two nose prints are never exactly alike.
- More than 50 dogs have lived in the White House!
- Dogs are able to smell things that we can't.
- They can see much better in the dark than we can.

Humans do have more taste buds than dogs- in fact, we have about 9,000 of them!



## Other production modes

# t-channel $\int_{b}^{q} \int_{t}^{u} \int_{t}^{u} \int_{t}^{u} f$ s-channel $\int_{q}^{q} \int_{t}^{u} \int_{t}^{u} \int_{t}^{u} f$

Small total cross-section ~ 75fb at 13 TeV (mostly t-); strong destructive interference due to unitarity, very sensitive to non-standard couplings.

Thorough analysis of theoretical uncertainty and sensitivity to CP-violating Yukawa in aMC@NLO.
Demartin, Maltoni, Mawatari, Zaro, arXiv: 1504.00611

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{y_t}{\sqrt{2}}\bar{\psi}_t \left(\cos\alpha + i\gamma_5 \frac{2}{3}\sin\alpha\right)\psi_t X_0$$

ensures GF cross-section remains at observed SM level



## **New modes in POWHEG-BOX**

 $\mathbf{H}\mathbf{W}^{+}\mathbf{W}^{-}$ 

 $HW^+Z$ 

 $HW^{-}Z$ 

HZZ

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Production in association with b-jets: probe of extended Higgs sectors. Jager, Reina, Wackeroth, arXiv: 1509.05843



#### **Electroweak NLO+PS corrections to H→4**ℓ

Boselli, Carloni Calame, Montagna, Nicrosini, Piccinini, arXiv: 1503.07394

>Full calculation of complete NLO weak and QED corrections, combined with multiple-photon emission through QED parton shower.

\* stand-alone package can be interfaced with any generator.



# Higgs pair production



## **Beyond NNLO in gluon fusion**



Cross-section known at NNLO in infinite top quark mass limit; now extended by threshold resummation to NNLL.

de Florian, Mazzitelli arXiv: 1505.07122



#### **Top mass corrections**

Second Exact dependence on top mass only known at LO; at NLO, expansion to  $(1/m_t)^{12}$  supplemented by factoring LO result.

>Exact calculation feasible at NLO but out of reach at NNLO;

\* improved NNLO approximation including mass effects to  $(1/m_t)^4$ ; strictly valid only for  $\sqrt{\hat{s}} \leq 2m_t$ 



Grigo, Hoff, Steinhauser, arXiv: 1508.00909

estimate of remaining finitemass uncertainty:

NLO ± 10% NNLO ± 5%

## Off-shell/interference effects

## **Higgs boson line-shape in H→VV decays**

>Reveals a significant off-shell component (real vector bosons, top threshold).

\* sensitive to cancellation of longitudinal modes in SM.



## Bounds on off-shell Higgs couplings/width

>Use high-mass events to bound off-shell Higgs couplings/width.

- \* larger rate in GF, requires additional theoretical assumptions (particles in the loop).
- constraints in Run 2 from tree-level vector boson scattering processes (not just VBF), significant backgrounds from QCD.
- Best information from like-sign W channels that have only small backgrounds.



JC, Ellis, arXiv: 1502.02990





sensitivity to Higgs coupling through t-channel

Run I estimate (ATLAS data):  $\kappa_V < 2.8$ 

Ballestrero, Maina, arXiv: 1506.02257 — SM+singlet extension Englert, McCullough, Spannowsky, arXiv: 1504.02458 — combination with LEP

# Higgs couplings

## **Coupling to charm quarks**

Perez, Soreq, Stamou, Tobioka, arXiv: 1503.00290

#### >Novel ideas for constraining the charm Yukawa coupling.

- recasting VH(→bb), taking advantage of bottom/ charm mis-tagging and new production channels that are normally pdf-suppressed;
- \* re-interpreting direct bound on total width;
- \* bounds on exclusive decay,  $H \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma$



\* indirect bound from global analysis of Higgs couplings.



## ... or through Higgs + charm

Brivio, Goertz, Isidori, arXiv: 1507.02916

Can take advantage of clean Higgs decay modes and only need to tag one charm jet.

More events, but larger intrinsic "background".



Expected constraint from HL-LHC similar to previous slide.

theoretical uncertainty
 based on NLO calculation
 ~ 20%



## New analysis of exclusive decays



Koenig, Neubert, arXiv: 1505.03870

original idea in: Bodwin et al, 1306.5770 Kagan et al, 1406.1722

>Include radiative corrections, resum large logarithms, account for flavor mixing.

Substitutions must be predicted with precision and accounted for, without assuming SM, in order to extract information on Yukawa; achieve by taking ratio:  $Br(h \rightarrow V\gamma)/Br(h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ .

SM branching ratios of order 10<sup>-6</sup> or smaller; long-term prospects (3000fb<sup>-1</sup>):

- \*  $h \rightarrow \phi y$  yields O(30) constraint on  $y_s$
- \*  $h \rightarrow J/\psi y$  gives O(1) constraint on  $y_c$

\*  $h \rightarrow \Upsilon(nS)$  and  $h \rightarrow bb$  complementary.



## **Complementary information on bottom Yukawa**

>Weak boson fusion with Higgs decays to bottom quarks.

- \* small signal to background ratio
- \* lack of typical cuts to ameliorate analysis, e.g. central jet veto.

New proposal to use:

- \* fat jets to identify  $H \rightarrow bb$  decay;
- \* matrix element method combined with shower deconstruction;
- \* data-driven approach.

Englert, Mattelaer, Spannowsky, arXiv: 1512.03429

Sensitivity to SM value after LHC accumulates ~ 100fb<sup>-1</sup>;

\* with 600fb<sup>-1</sup>, constrain SM value at ~20% level.



## Outlook

(Un-)fortunately this talk has a short shelf-life, due to the rapid pace of theoretical developments.

Huge, ongoing effort in the LHC Higgs Cross Section Working Group. <u>https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCHXSWG</u>

\* next meeting later this week, Jan 13-15 at CERN. <u>http://indico.cern.ch/event/407347/overview</u>

The great strides being made now will surely be reflected in sharper constraints on the Higgs boson, and in greater number, later this year.