# $\Lambda^*$ (1520) measurement in p+p collisions at 13 TeV with ALICE detector

ALICE-INDIA meeting SINP, Kolkata (6 – 7 Feb', 2016)

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### Outline

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- Λ\* Baryon
- Λ\* Analysis
  - ◆ Data Set
  - ◆ Event Information
  - ◆ Track Information
  - ♦ PID plots
- Results
  - ◆ Invariant mass for integrated p<sub>T</sub> bin.
  - lacktriangle Invariant mass for differential  $p_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$  bin. for both like sign subtraction and mixed event subtraction method.
  - lacktriangle Fitted mass and width as a function of  $p_T$ .
- Summary & Future plans

### Motivation

- Why pp system??
  - ◆ Study in pp system is important as it serves as a baseline measurement for p+A and A+A collisions.
  - pp results are used as a tool to test the QCD models/Monte Carlo.
- Why at 13 TeV??
  - ♦ Higher luminosity
  - ◆ Measurement in a new energy regime.
- Why resonance particle??
  - ◆ Short lifetime → Probe to study the in-medium properties.
  - ◆ Different lifetimes of different resonance particles
    - → Helps to study the evolution of fire-ball.

### Λ\* Baryon

- Mass = 1519.5 ± 1.0 MeV.
- Full Width =  $15.6 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}$ .
- Lifetime = ~ 13 fm/c.
- Decay Channels =  $NK \sim 45\%$  (Other channels :  $\Sigma \pi (\sim 42\%)$ ,  $\Lambda \pi \pi (\sim 10\%)$ ,  $\Sigma \pi \pi (\sim 0.9\%)$ ,  $\Lambda \gamma (\sim 0.85\%)$ )
- Quark Content = uds

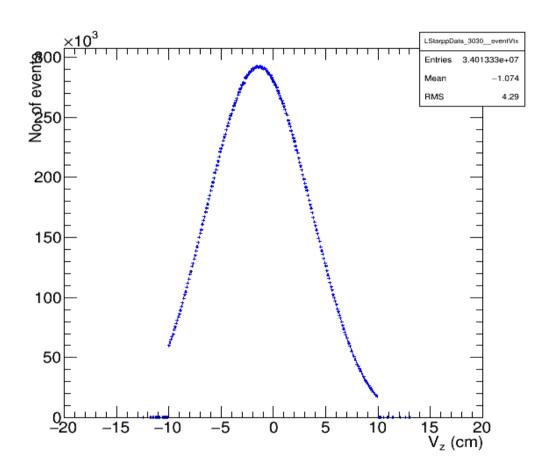
In this study the invariant mass is reconstructed through the decay channel PK (B.R  $\sim$  22.5%)

## Λ\* Analysis

- Data Set :
  - pp data at center of mass energy 13 TeV.
  - Period : LHC15f (pass2, AOD data).
- ◆ Total No of run: 56, Run no taken from web page https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/pub/ALICE/PWG2Resonances/Runlist\_LHC15f\_Good\_Runs\_151127.txt
  - ◆ Trigger : kMB
  - ♦ No. Of events: 34.01 Million

## ∧\* Analysis

- Event Information :
  - ♦ |V<sub>z</sub>| < 10 cm</p>



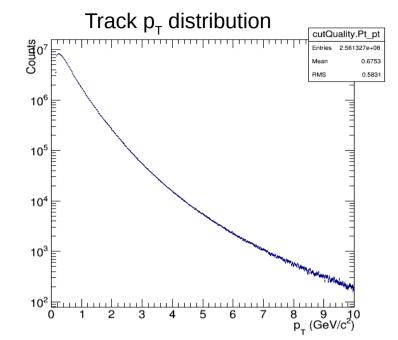
## Λ\* Analysis

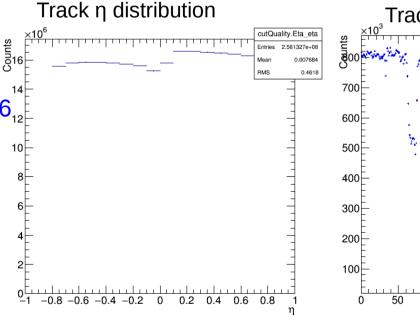
#### Track Information :

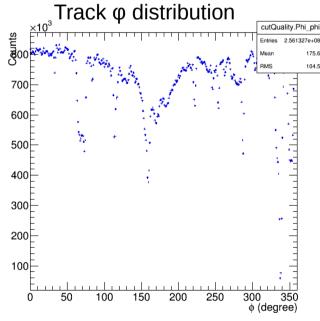
- $p_T > 0.15 \text{ GeV/c}$
- |η| < 0.8</li>
- ♦ |DCA<sub>7</sub>| < 2 cm</p>
- $\bullet$  |DCA<sub>XY</sub>| = 0.0182+0.035/p<sub>T</sub><sup>1.01</sup>
- ♦ Min. No. Of crossed rows in TPC = 70
- Min. No. Of crossed rows over findable

Clusters = 0.8

- Max. TPC  $\chi^2$  /cluster = 4,
- ♦ Max. χ² Constrained global = 36₁₂
- Max. ITS  $\chi^2$ /cluster = 36
- Rejection of kink daughters
- ITS and TPC refits





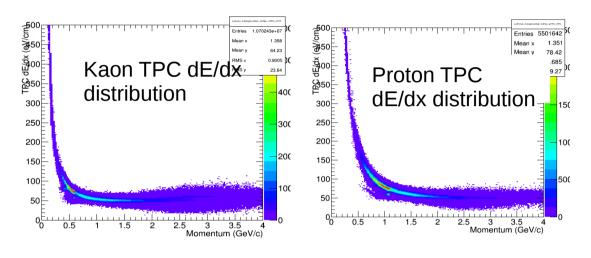


## ∧\* Analysis

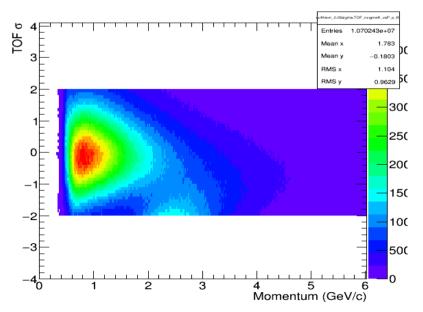
#### • PID Information :

- ◆ Track is not in TOF
  - Proton PID :  $0 , <math>(N\sigma)_{TPC} = 2$
  - Kaon PID :  $0 , <math>(N\sigma)_{TPC} = 2$
- Track is in TOF
  - $-(N\sigma)_{TPC} = 5 \&\& (N\sigma)_{TOF} = 2 (0$

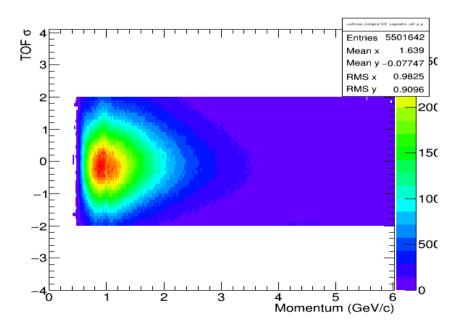
#### TPC dE/dx distribution



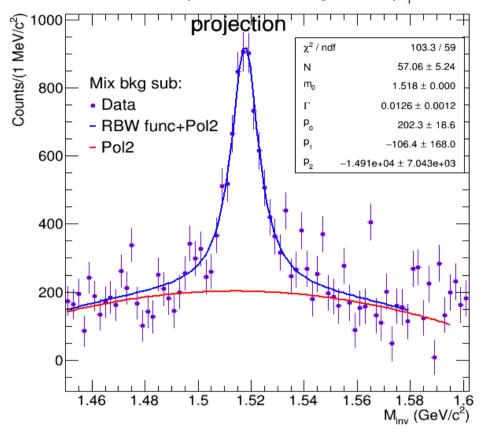
#### TOF $\sigma$ distribution for kaon

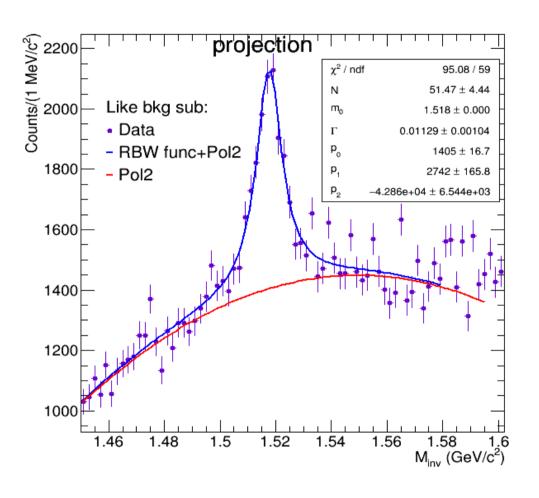


#### TOF $\sigma$ distribution for proton



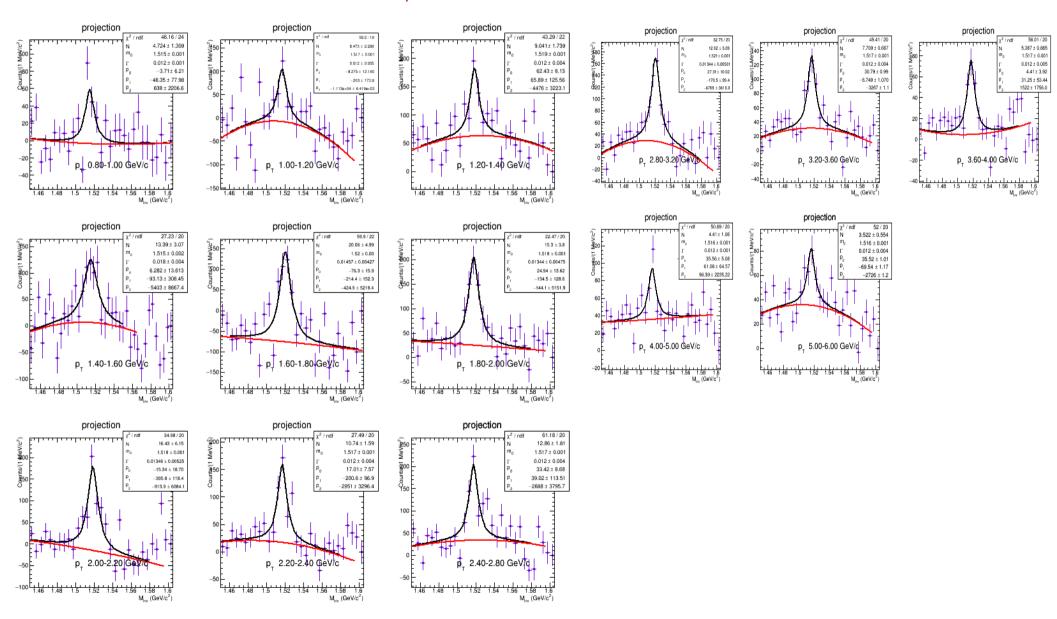
• Invariant mass plots for integrated  $p_{\tau}$  bin :



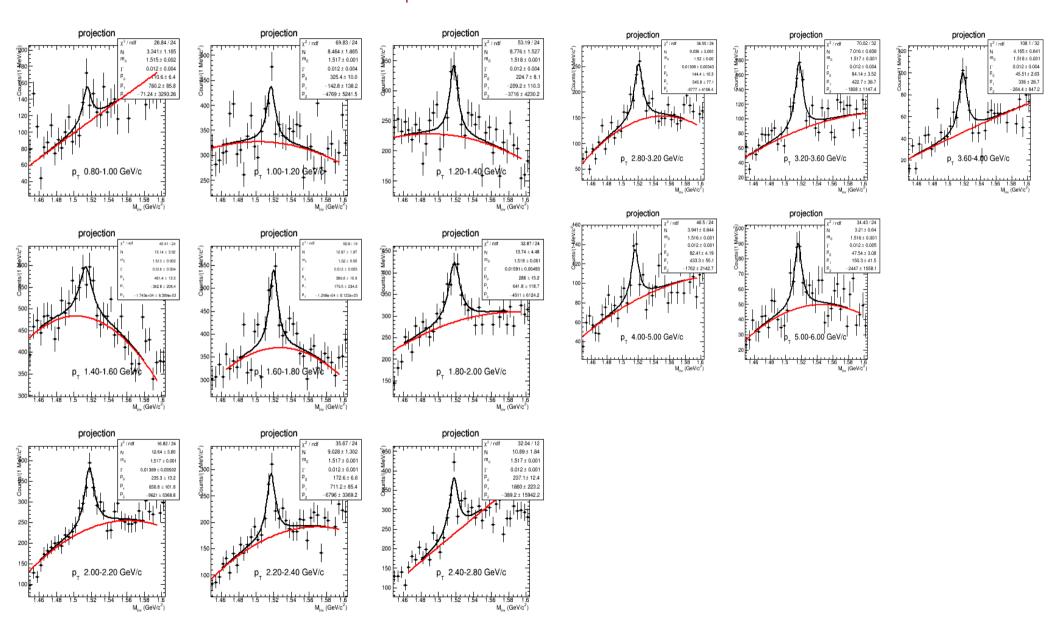


- **Event mixing information:** 
  - No of events mixed = 5
  - Vertex binning = 1.0
  - Multiplicity binning = 10.0

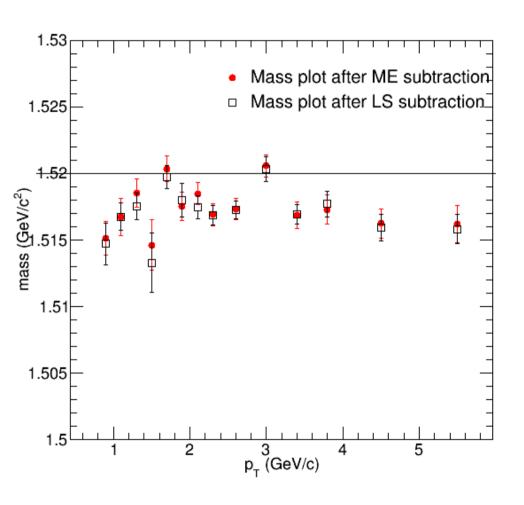
• Invariant mass plots for different  $p_{\tau}$  bin : (Mixed events background subtraction)

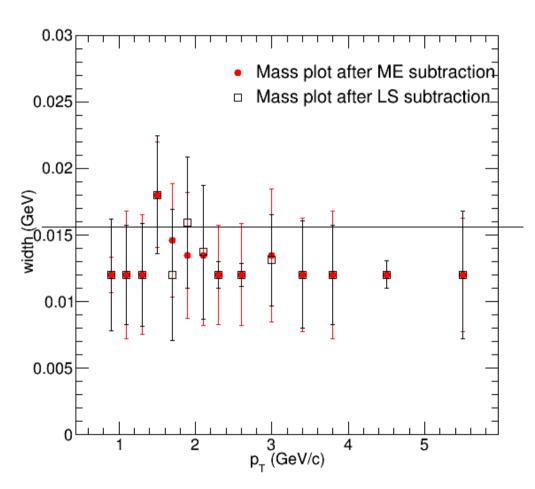


• Invariant mass plots for different  $p_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$  bin : (Like sign events background subtraction)



• Fitted mass & width plots for different  $p_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$  bin : (M E and like sign events bkg subtraction)





### Summary & Future Plans

#### Summary

- lacktriangle This is the first look for  $\Lambda^*$  in pp collisions at 13 TeV.
- Standard 2010 cuts has been used for this analysis.
- ◆ The initial results for the invariant mass peaks have been presented with RBW+Pol2 fits.
- The fiited mass and width has also been presented.

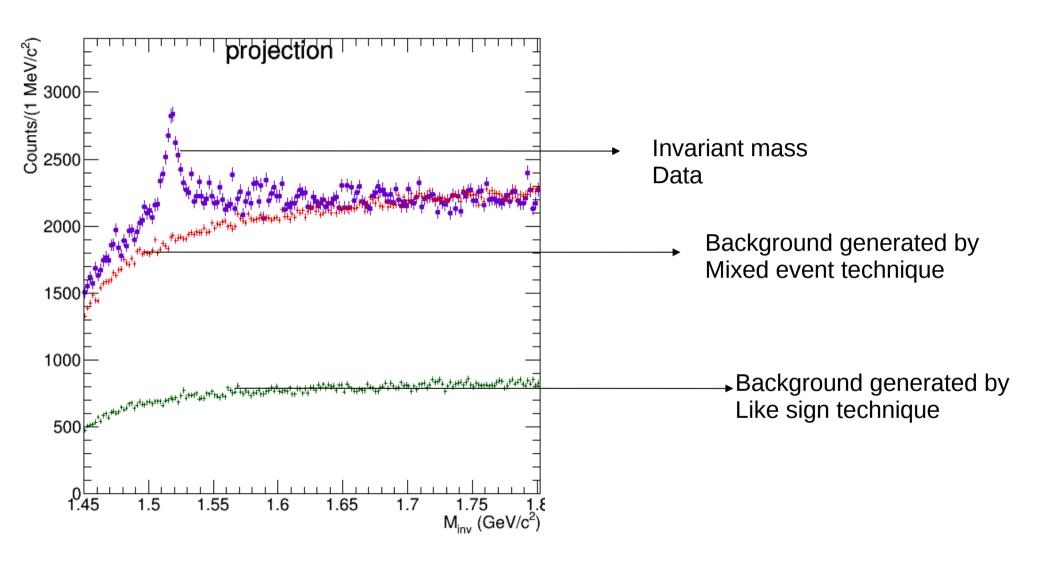
#### Future Plans

- Using Voigtian function for mass peak fitting.
- ♦ Monte Carlo results are yet to be seen.
- ◆ Spectra will be obtained using MC results.
- ♦ Systematic studies. (Long way to go)

### Back up

$$\mathbf{RBW} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \quad \frac{\mathbf{M_{KP} M_{\Lambda^*} \Gamma}}{(\mathbf{M_{KP}^2 - M_{\Lambda^*}^2}) + \mathbf{M_{\Lambda^*} \Gamma^2}}$$

## Back up



## Back up

