

Model-Independent Constraints on New Physics:

Minimal Flavour Violation (MFV)

Federico Mescia

ECM & ICC,

Universitat de Barcelona

in collaboration with J.Kamenik, T.Hurth & G.Isidori

- *Outline*

- ① Model-Independent Analysis
 - ➔ Flavour Problem and MFV
- ② Present Constraints on MFV (*at large $\tan\beta$*)
 - ➔ $\Delta F=2$ FCNC observables: $\Delta M_{s'}$, ...
 - ➔ $\Delta F=1$ FCNC observables: $\mathbf{B} \rightarrow \mathbf{X}_s \gamma$, ...
 - ➔ $\Delta F=1$ Charged Current processes: $\mathbf{B} \rightarrow \mathbf{D} \tau \nu$, ...

Interplay of Collider and Flavour Physics, March 15th-17th, CERN

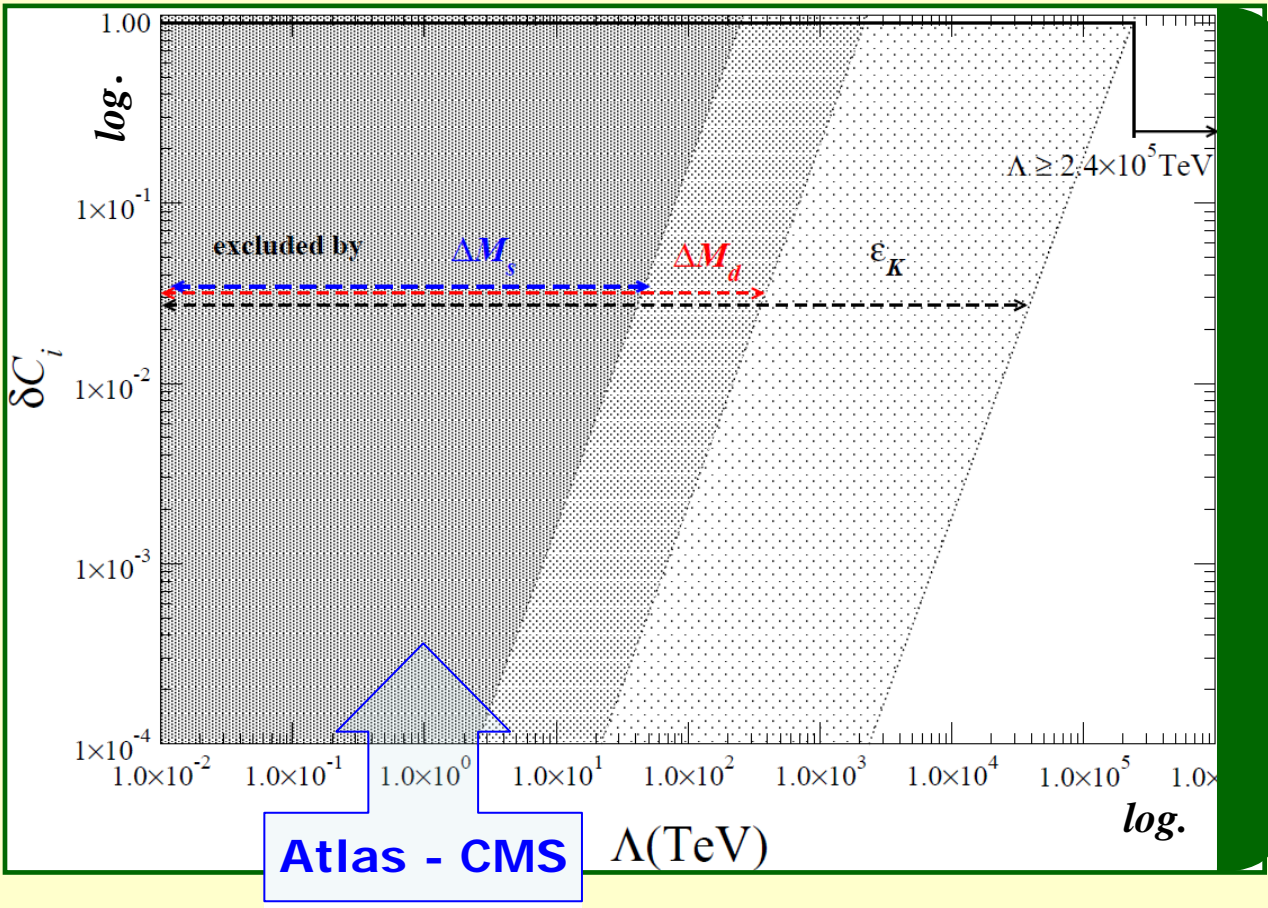
Model-independent Analysis: Flavour Problem

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}(\mu \leq M_Z) = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}(H, A_i, \psi_i) + \frac{\delta C_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)}$$

BSM contributions

for example, for $\Delta F=2$ mixing:

$$\mathcal{O}_4^{(6)} = \bar{s}_R d_L \bar{s}_L d_R$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{SM}^{(6)} = \bar{s}_L \gamma^\mu d_L \bar{s}_L \gamma^\mu d_L \dots$$


Bounds for generic flavour couplings

$\Rightarrow \delta C_i = 1$

s→d: $\Lambda \geq 2.4 \times 10^5 \text{ TeV}$ ϵ_K

b→d: $\Lambda \geq 2.2 \times 10^3 \text{ TeV}$ ΔM_d

b→s: $\Lambda \geq 2.5 \times 10^2 \text{ TeV}$ ΔM_s

values from UTfit 0707.0636

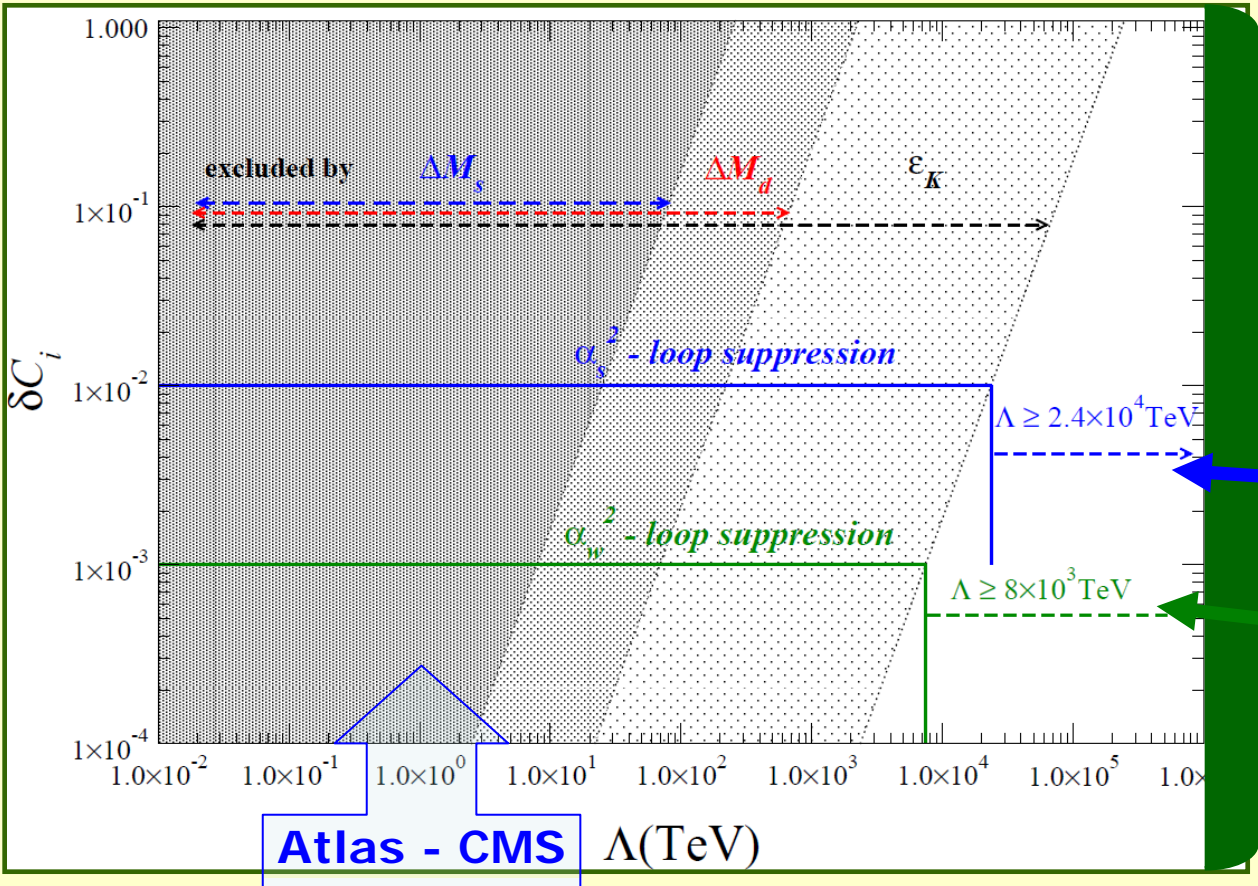
Model-independent Analysis: Flavour Problem

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}(\mu \leq M_Z) = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}(H, A_i, \psi_i) + \frac{\delta C_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)}$$

BSM contributions

for example, for $\Delta F=2$ mixing:

$$\mathcal{O}_4^{(6)} = \bar{s}_R d_L \bar{s}_L d_R$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{SM}^{(6)} = \bar{s}_L \gamma^\mu d_L \bar{s}_L \gamma^\mu d_L \dots$$


Dynamical hypothesis on δC_i :

$\delta C_i \propto \alpha_S^2$
 $\Lambda \geq 2.4 \times 10^4 \text{ TeV}$

$\delta C_i \propto \alpha_W^2$
 $\Lambda \geq 8 \times 10^3 \text{ TeV}$

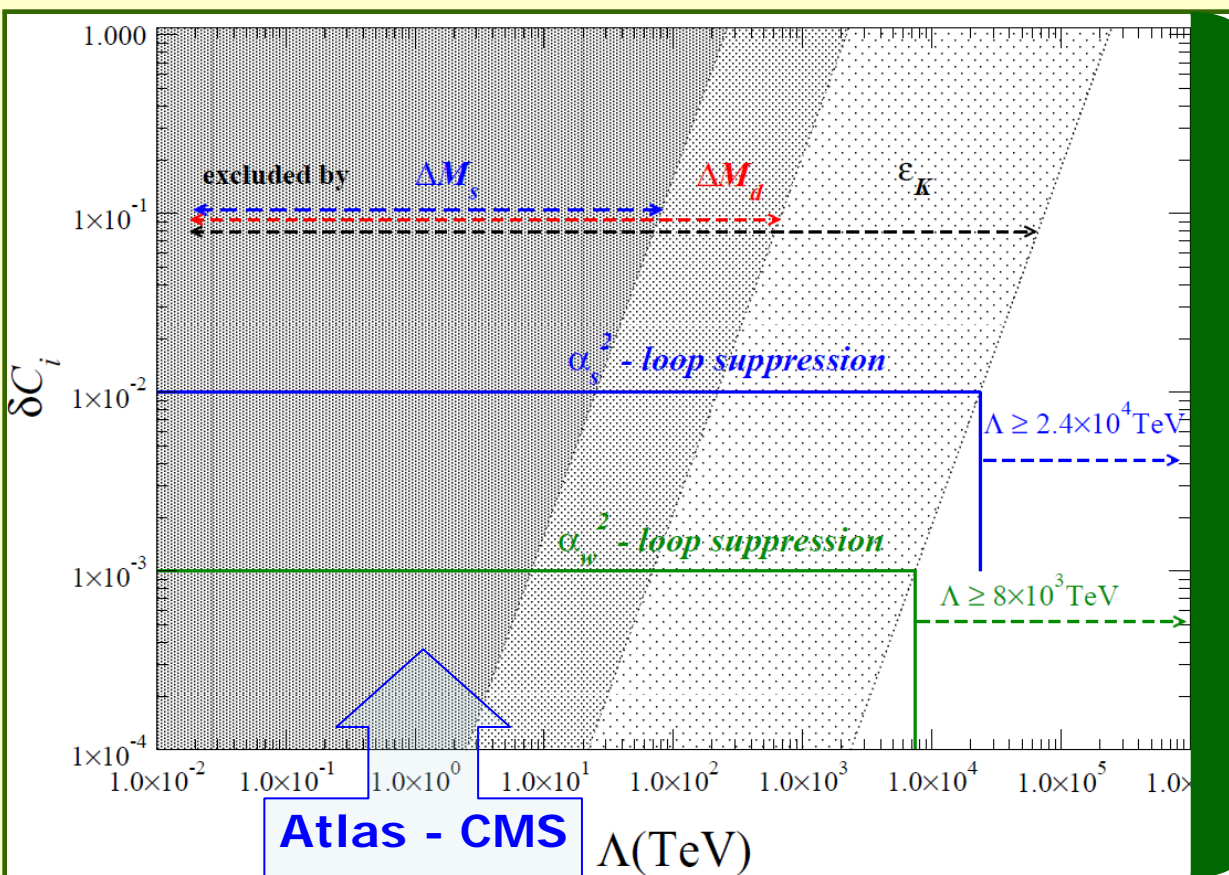
UTfit 0707.0636

does not help

Model-independent Analysis: Flavour Problem

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}(\mu \leq M_Z) = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}(H, A_i, \psi_i) + \frac{\delta C_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)}$$

$\delta C_i = 0$?
too strong restriction!



at low energy, the minimal amount of flavour violation has been measured

$$Y_D = \hat{m}_D, Y_U = V_{CKM}^+ \hat{m}_U$$

RGE potentially $\delta C_i \neq 0$

$$"g_{NP}^{FV} = g_{CKM}^{FV} \times \log\left(\frac{M_Z}{M_\gamma}\right)"$$

MFV: δC_i small by symmetry!
accommodates both flavour problem and RGE logs

Model-independent Analysis: MFV – Effective Theory (EFT)

Minimal Flavour Violation hypothesis:

$[\Lambda \sim O(1\text{TeV}) + \delta\mathcal{C}_i \text{ natural small by additional symmetries}]$



The breaking of the flavour symmetry occurs at very high scales and is mediated at low energy only by terms proportional to SM Yukawa couplings preserving the $U(3)^5$ SM Flavour group.

EFT: D'Ambrosio, Giudice, Isidori & Strumia '02

→ $\delta\mathcal{C}_i \propto (y_t^2 V_{tk}^* V_{tj})^2$ (for FCNC with ext. d -type quark)

- Possibility of building a low-energy EFT: model-independent studies

Recently,

MFV in non-linear r.: Kagan, Perez, Zupan, Volansk '09; CPV: Mercolli & Smith, '09

this afternoon

Wed. morning

RGE logs: Paradisi, Ratz, Schieren, Simonetto '08; Colangelo, Nikolidakis, Smith '08;

earlier: Buras, Gambino, Gorbahn, Jager, L. Silvestrini '00

Chivukula & Georgi '86, J.L. Hall & L. Randall '90

Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F=2$ constraints in MFV

EFT: D'Ambrosio, Giudice, Isidori & Strumia '02

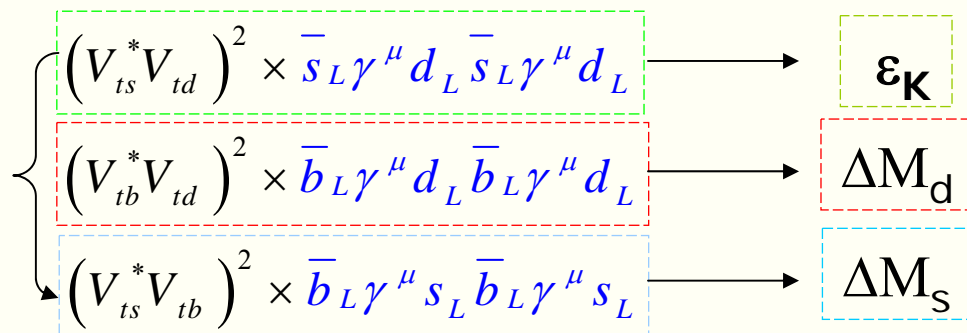
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}^{\text{MFV}} = \sum_i \frac{\delta C_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)}$$

\mathcal{O} basis invariant under $\text{SU}(3)_{Q_L} \times \text{SU}(3)_{U_R} \times \text{SU}(3)_{D_R}$
 \mathcal{O} 's written in terms of $Y_U = 3_{Q_L} \times 3_{U_R}, Y_D = 3_{Q_L} \times 3_{D_R}$

• Due to the large top $Y, Y_U Y_U^+ \propto y_t^2 \sim O(1)$

$$1) \mathcal{O}_{SM}^{(6)} = \bar{Q}_L Y_U Y_U^+ \gamma^\mu Q_L \cdot \bar{Q}_L Y_U Y_U^+ \gamma^\mu Q_L$$

1 Higgs doublet, SM basis complete \rightarrow CMFV

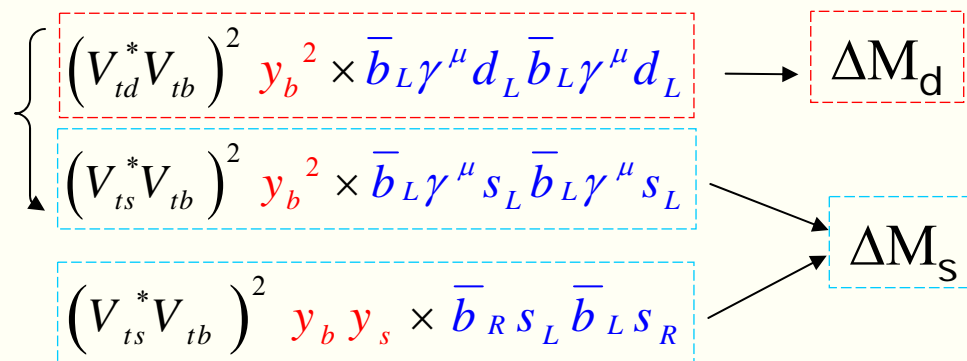


Buras, Gambino, Gorbahn, Jager, L. Silvestrini '00

• Adding Higgs doublets, $Y_D \propto m_b / m_t \frac{\langle H_U \rangle}{\langle H_D \rangle} \sim O(1)$ ($\tan\beta$ enhancement of down-type YDs)

$$2) \left(\bar{Q}_L Y_D Y_D^+ Y_U Y_U^+ \gamma^\mu Q_L \right)^2$$

$$3) \bar{D}_R Y_D^+ Y_U Y_U^+ Q_L \cdot \bar{Q}_L Y_U Y_U^+ Y_D D_R$$



A few extra $\mathcal{O}_s^{(6)}$ in a clear pattern between $s \rightarrow d$ & $b \rightarrow d$, $b \rightarrow s$ transitions

Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F=2$ constraints in MFV

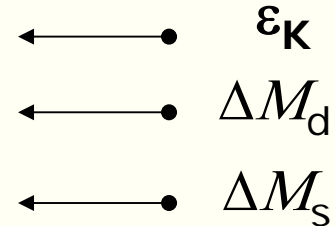
UTfit 0707.0636

• Due to the large top $Y, Y_U Y_U^+ \propto y_t^2 \sim O(1)$

$$1) \mathcal{O}_{SM}^{(6)} = \bar{Q}_L Y_U Y_U^+ \gamma^\mu Q_L \cdot \bar{Q}_L Y_U Y_U^+ \gamma^\mu Q_L$$

$$\Lambda \geq 5.5 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\left[\Lambda \geq 0.5 \text{ TeV} \right. \\ \left. \text{loop-suppr.} \right]$$



• Adding Higgs doublets, $Y_D \propto m_b / m_t \frac{\langle H_U \rangle}{\langle H_D \rangle} \sim O(1)$

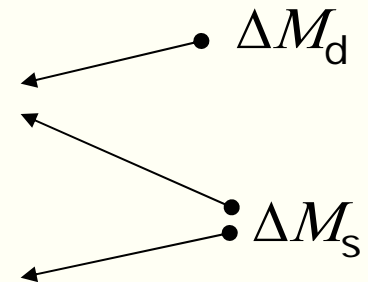
(*tanβ enhancement of down-type YDs*)

$$2) \left(\bar{Q}_L Y_D Y_D^+ Y_U Y_U^+ \gamma^\mu Q_L \right)^2$$

$$\Lambda \geq 5.1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$3) \bar{D}_R Y_D^+ Y_U Y_U^+ Q_L \cdot \bar{Q}_L Y_U Y_U^+ Y_D D_R$$

$$M_H \geq 5. \tan\beta / 50 \text{ TeV}$$



Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F=2$ constraints in MFV

❖ CPV signals in the B_s sector:

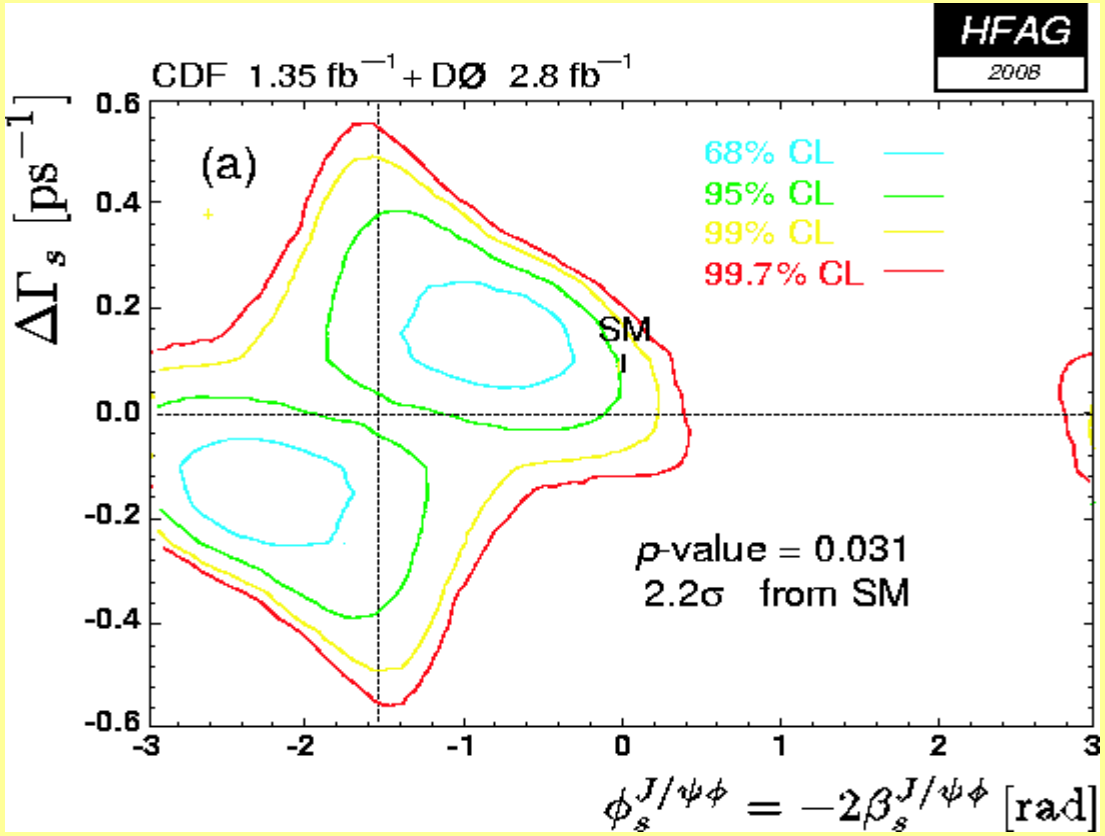
$\beta_s^{MFV} \approx \beta_s^{SM}$



$B_s \rightarrow \psi \phi$
t-dependent CP asymmetries

LHCb

Tevatron



*Key observable to kill MFV
 2.2 σ deviation!*

$\phi_s = -2\beta_s$

UTfit 0803.0659

Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F=1$ FCNC constraints in MFV

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}^{\text{MFV}} = \sum_i \frac{\delta C_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i \quad (6)$$

$$(\lambda_{\text{FC}})_{ij} = (Y_U Y_U^\dagger)_{ij}$$

- $\Delta F=1$ Higgs field:

$$\mathcal{O}_{H1} = i (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu Q_L) H_U^\dagger D_\mu H_U, \quad \mathcal{O}_{H2} = i (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \tau^a \gamma_\mu Q_L) H_U^\dagger \tau^a D_\mu H_U,$$

- $\Delta F=1$ gauge field:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{G1} &= H_D (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \lambda_d \sigma_{\mu\nu} \bar{T}^a D_R) (g_s G_{\mu\nu}^a), & \mathcal{O}_{G2} &= (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu T^a Q_L) (g_s \bar{D}_\mu G_{\mu\nu}^a) \\ \mathcal{O}_{F1} &= H_D (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \lambda_d \sigma_{\mu\nu} D_R) (e F_{\mu\nu}), & \mathcal{O}_{F2} &= (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu Q_L) (e D_\mu F_{\mu\nu}), \end{aligned}$$

- $\Delta F=1$ semileptonic field:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{\ell 1} &= (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu Q_L) (\bar{L}_L \gamma_\mu L_L), & \mathcal{O}_{\ell 2} &= (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu \tau^a Q_L) (\bar{L}_L \gamma_\mu \tau^a L_L) \\ \mathcal{O}_{\ell 3} &= (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu Q_L) (\bar{E}_R \gamma_\mu E_R), \end{aligned}$$

- $\Delta F=1$ scalar density: 2 Higgs doublets

$$\mathcal{O}_{S1} = (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \lambda_d D_R) (\bar{E}_R \lambda_\ell L_L)$$

after
ewsb

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{Q}_7 &= \frac{e}{g^2} m_j \bar{d}_i \sigma_{\mu\nu} (1 + \gamma_5) d_j F_{\mu\nu}, \\ \mathcal{Q}_8 &= \frac{g_s}{g^2} m_j \bar{d}_i \sigma_{\mu\nu} T^a (1 + \gamma_5) d_j G_{\mu\nu}^a \\ \mathcal{Q}_9 &= \bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) d_j \sum_\ell \bar{\ell} \gamma_\mu \ell \\ \mathcal{Q}_{10} &= \bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) d_j \sum_\ell \bar{\ell} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 \ell \\ \mathcal{Q}_{\nu\bar{\nu}} &= \bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) d_j \sum_\nu \bar{\nu} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \nu \\ \mathcal{Q}_S^\ell &= \bar{d}_i (1 + \gamma_5) d_j \bar{\ell} (1 - \gamma_5) \ell \end{aligned}$$

~ many $\Delta F=1$ operators

$$H_U \rightarrow H_D \text{ and/or } \lambda_{\text{FC}} \rightarrow Y_D Y_D^\dagger \lambda_{\text{FC}}$$

6 $\Delta F=1$ independent combinations after ewsb:
(as much as available $\Delta F=1$ "clean" observables)

Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F=1$ FCNC constraints in MFV

$Br(B_{d^-} \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{E_\gamma > 1.6 \text{ GeV}}$

th (7%): $(3.13 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-4}$ NNLO: Misiak et al '06
 exp (7%): $(3.52 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-4}$ HFAG

$b \rightarrow s$

$s \rightarrow d$

$Br(B_{d^-} \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-)$: 3 bins (out of r.)

	exp (30%):	th (10-25%):
$[q^2 \in [0.04, 1.0] \text{ GeV}^2]$	$(0.6 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-6}$	$(0.8 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-6}$
$[q^2 \in [1.0, 6.0] \text{ GeV}^2]$	$(1.6 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-6}$	$(1.6 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-6}$
$[q^2 > 14.4 \text{ GeV}^2]$	$(4.4 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-7}$	$(2.4 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-7}$

Babar+Belle NNLO: Bobeth et al. '01, Asatrian et al., '02

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_7 &= \frac{e}{g^2} m_j \bar{d}_i \sigma_{\mu\nu} (1 + \gamma_5) d_j F_{\mu\nu} , \\
 Q_8 &= \frac{g_s}{g^2} m_j \bar{d}_i \sigma_{\mu\nu} T^a (1 + \gamma_5) d_j G_{\mu\nu}^a , \\
 Q_9 &= \bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) d_j \sum_\ell \bar{\ell} \gamma_\mu \ell \\
 Q_{10} &= \bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) d_j \sum_\ell \bar{\ell} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 \ell \\
 Q_{\nu\bar{\nu}} &= \bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) d_j \sum_\nu \bar{\nu} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \nu \\
 Q_S^\ell &= \bar{d}_i (1 + \gamma_5) d_j \bar{\ell} (1 - \gamma_5) \ell
 \end{aligned}$$

$Br(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$:

th (20%): $(4.1 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-9}$
 Exp: $< 5.8 \times 10^{-8}$ (95% CL) CDF

$A_{FB}(B_{d^-} \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-)$: 2 bins

	exp (large): Babar+Belle '09	
$[q^2 < 6.25 \text{ GeV}^2]$	$0.24^{+0.19}_{-0.24}$	-0.01 ± 0.02
$[q^2 > 10.24 \text{ GeV}^2]$	$0.76^{+0.53}_{-0.34}$	0.20 ± 0.08 [%]

$Br(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$:

BNL $(14.7^{+13.0}_{-8.9}) \times 10^{-11}$ th (10%):

6 $\Delta F=1$ independent combinations after ewsb:
 (can now be constrained by $\Delta F=1$ observables)

Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F = 1$ FCNC constraints in MFV

Hurth, Isidori, Kamenik, F.M '08

δC_i ★	95% probability bound	Observables
δC_7	$[-0.14, 0.06] \cup [1.42, 1.62]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
δC_9	$[-2.8, 0.8]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
δC_{10}	$[-0.4, 2.3]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_S^\mu / m_b$	$[-0.09, 0.09] / (4.2 \text{ GeV})$	$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_{\nu\bar{\nu}}$	$[-6.1, 2.0]$	$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$

available range for δC_i in MFV
=> predictions

$$Q_7 = \frac{e}{g^2} m_j \bar{d}_i \sigma_{\mu\nu} (1 + \gamma_5) d_j F_{\mu\nu},$$

$$Q_8 = \frac{g_s}{g^2} m_j \bar{d}_i \sigma_{\mu\nu} T^a (1 + \gamma_5) d_j G_{\mu\nu}^a,$$

$$Q_9 = \bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) d_j \sum_\ell \bar{\ell} \gamma_\mu \ell$$

$$Q_{10} = \bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) d_j \sum_\ell \bar{\ell} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 \ell$$

$$Q_{\nu\bar{\nu}} = \bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) d_j \sum_\nu \bar{\nu} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \nu$$

$$Q_S^\ell = \bar{d}_i (1 + \gamma_5) d_j \bar{\ell} (1 - \gamma_5) \ell$$

★ Mind: CKM couplings factorized out

$O(1 \text{ TeV})$ scale as much as
 $\Delta F = 2$ constraints

Operator	$\Lambda_i @ 95\%$	Observables
$H_D^\dagger (\bar{D}_R \lambda_d \lambda_{\text{FC}} \sigma_{\mu\nu} Q_L) (e F_{\mu\nu})$	6.1	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
$H_D^\dagger (\bar{D}_R \lambda_d \lambda_{\text{FC}} \sigma_{\mu\nu} T^a Q_L) (g_s G_{\mu\nu}^a)$	3.4	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
$(\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu Q_L) (e D_\mu F_{\mu\nu})$	1.5	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
$i (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu Q_L) H_U^\dagger D_\mu H_U$	1.1 ^a	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$i (\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \tau^a \gamma_\mu Q_L) H_U^\dagger \tau^a D_\mu H_U$	1.1 ^a	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$(\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu Q_L) (\bar{L}_L \gamma_\mu L_L)$	1.7	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$(\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu \tau^a Q_L) (\bar{L}_L \gamma_\mu \tau^a L_L)$	1.7	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$(\bar{Q}_L \lambda_{\text{FC}} \gamma_\mu Q_L) (\bar{E}_R \gamma_\mu E_R)$	2.7	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

for CMFV: Bobeth, Bona, Buras, Ewerth, Pierini, Silvestrini Weiler '05

Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F = 1$ FCNC constraints in MFV

Hurth, Isidori, Kamenik, F.M '08

δC_i	95% probability bound	Observables
δC_7	$[-0.14, 0.06] \cup [1.42, 1.62]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
δC_9	$[-2.8, 0.8]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
δC_{10}	$[-0.4, 2.3]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_S^\mu / m_b$	$[-0.09, 0.09] / (4.2 \text{ GeV})$	$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_{\nu\bar{\nu}}$	$[-6.1, 2.0]$	$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu}$

available range for δC_i in MFV
=> predictions

1) Predictions in MFV: way to test and falsify MFV

Observable	Experiment	MFV bound	SM prediction
$R^{(\mu/e)}(B \rightarrow K \ell^+ \ell^-) - 1$	0.17 ± 0.28	$[-0.004, 0.14]$	$O(10^{-4})$ [64]
$R^{(\mu/e)}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-) - 1$	$0.37_{-0.40}^{+0.53} \pm 0.09$	$[-0.002, 0.01]$	$\lesssim 10^{-2}$
$\mathcal{B}(B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$	$< 1.8 \times 10^{-8}$ ★	$< 1.2 \times 10^{-9}$	$1.3(3) \times 10^{-10}$
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_s \tau^+ \tau^-)$	– ★	$< 5 \times 10^{-7}$	$1.6(5) \times 10^{-7}$
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow K \nu\bar{\nu})$	– ★	$< 0.4 \times 10^{-4}$	$(0.5 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-5}$
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow K^* \nu\bar{\nu})$	– ★	$< 9.4 \times 10^{-5}$	$(0.68 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-5}$
$\mathcal{B}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu})$	– ★	$< 2.9 \times 10^{-10}$	$2.9(5) \times 10^{-11}$

★ room for NP contributions

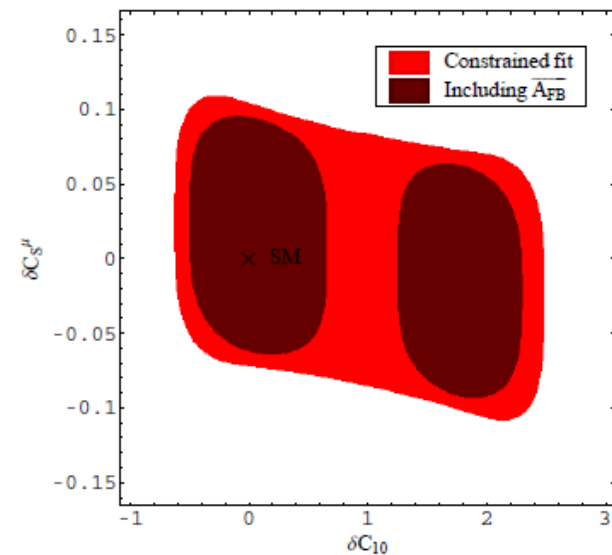
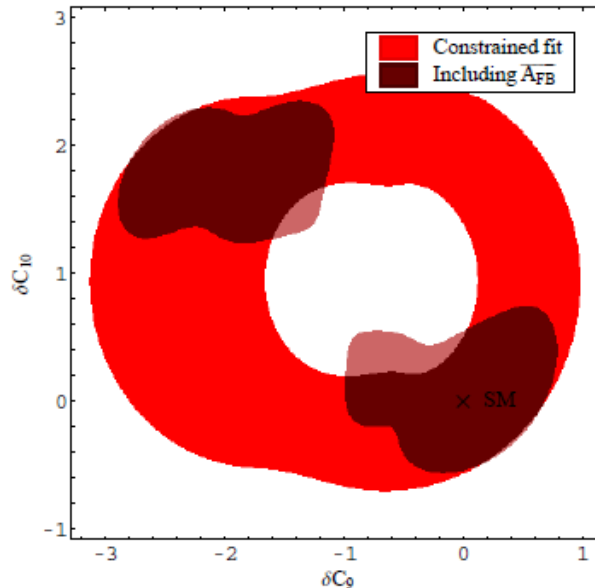
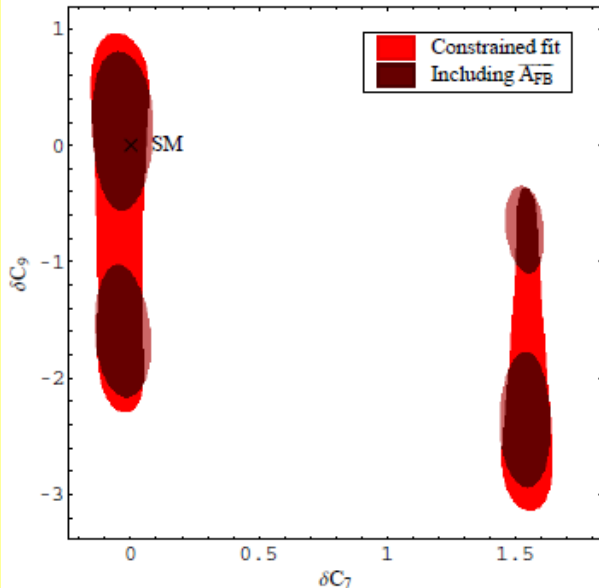
for $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \nu\bar{\nu}$, recently
Altmannshofer, Buras, Straub Wick '09

Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F=1$ FCNC constraints in MFV

Hurth, Isidori, Kamenik, F.M '08

δC_i	95% probability bound	Observables
δC_7	$[-0.14, 0.06] \cup [1.42, 1.62]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
δC_9	$[-2.8, 0.8]$	$B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
δC_{10}	$[-0.4, 2.3]$	$B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_S^\mu / m_b$	$[-0.09, 0.09] / (4.2 \text{ GeV})$	$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_{\nu\bar{\nu}}$	$[-6.1, 2.0]$	$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$

available range for δC_i in MFV
=> predictions



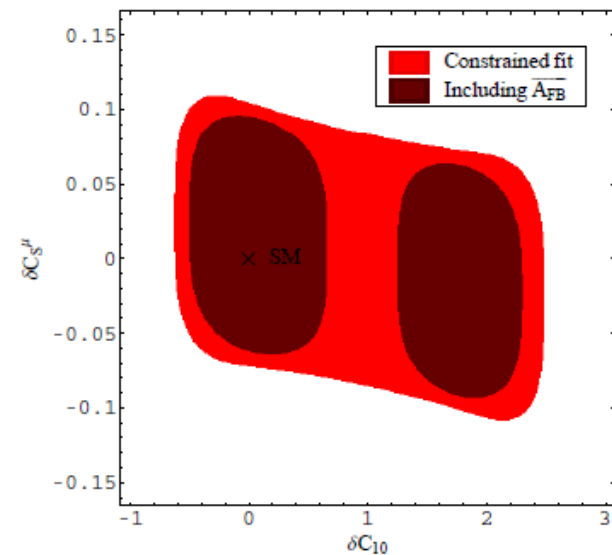
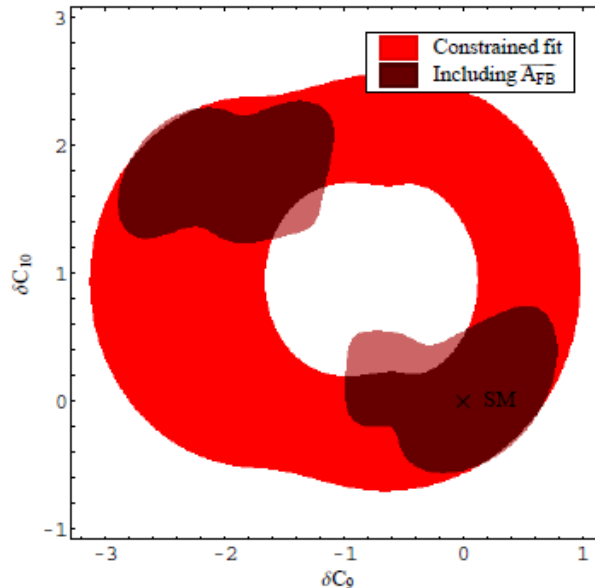
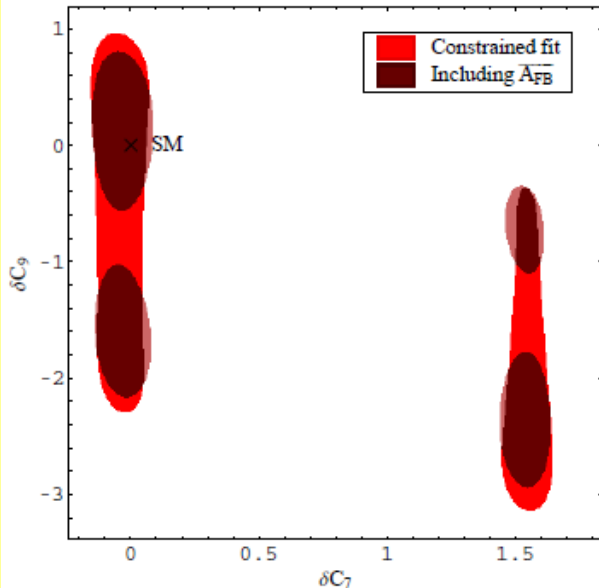
$A_{FB}(B_d \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-)$, plays a special role: large exp err. but sensitive to independent δC_i

Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F=1$ FCNC constraints in MFV

Hurth, Isidori, Kamenik, F.M '08

δC_i	95% probability bound	Observables
δC_7	$[-0.14, 0.06] \cup [1.42, 1.62]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
δC_9	$[-2.8, 0.8]$	$B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
δC_{10}	$[-0.4, 2.3]$	$B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_S^\mu / m_b$	$[-0.09, 0.09] / (4.2 \text{ GeV})$	$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_{\nu\bar{\nu}}$	$[-6.1, 2.0]$	$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$

available range for δC_i in MFV
=> predictions



$B_d \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$: in future, full angular analysis gives access to other th. clean obs: LHCb, SFF

recent refs: Egede et al. '08, Altmannshofer et al. '08

Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F = 1$ FCNC constraints in MFV

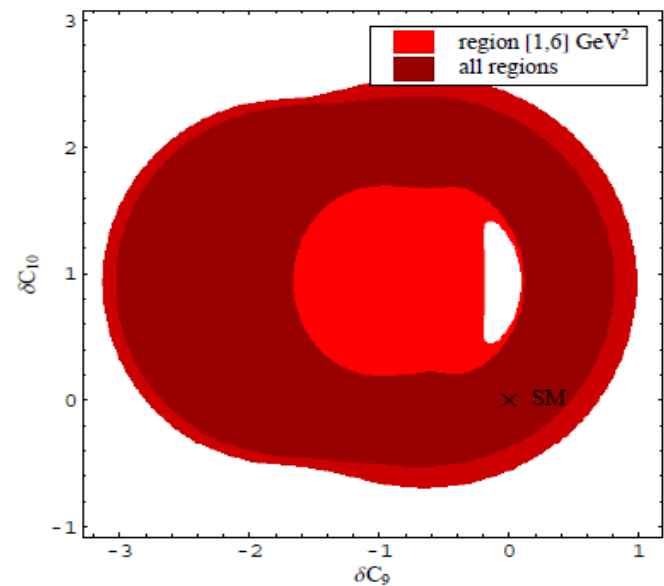
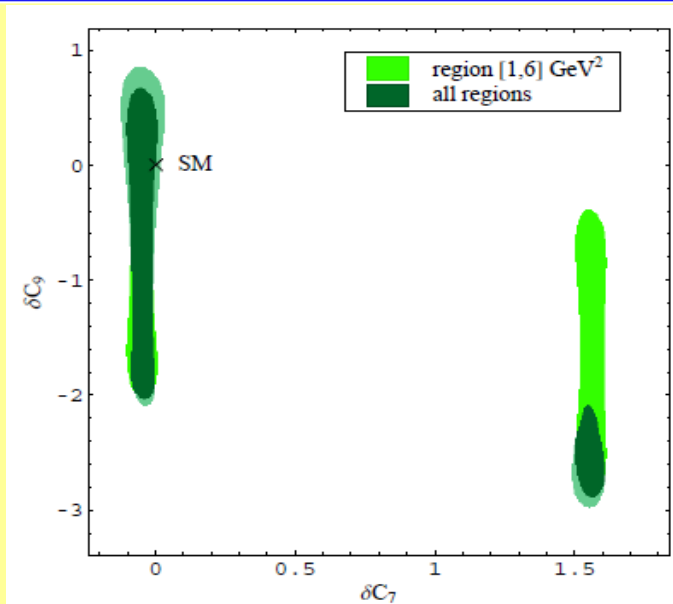
Hurth, Isidori, Kamenik, F.M '08

δC_i	95% probability bound	Observables
δC_7	$[-0.14, 0.06] \cup [1.42, 1.62]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
δC_9	$[-2.8, 0.8]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$
δC_{10}	$[-0.4, 2.3]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_S^\mu / m_b$	$[-0.09, 0.09] / (4.2 \text{ GeV})$	$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_{\nu\bar{\nu}}$	$[-6.1, 2.0]$	$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$

available range for δC_i in MFV
=> predictions

$B_{d \rightarrow X_s} \ell^+ \ell^-$: interesting information from low and high q^2 bin

$[q^2 \in [0.04, 1.0] \text{ GeV}^2]$
 $[q^2 \in [1.0, 6.0] \text{ GeV}^2]$
 $[q^2 > 14.4 \text{ GeV}^2]$



Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F=1$ FCNC constraints in MFV

δC_i	95% probability bound	Observables
δC_7	$[-0.14, 0.06] \cup [1.42, 1.62]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
δC_9	$[-2.8, 0.8]$	$B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
δC_{10}	$[-0.4, 2.3]$	$B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_S^\mu / m_b$	$[-0.09, 0.09] / (4.2 \text{ GeV})$	$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_{\nu\bar{\nu}}$	$[-6.1, 2.0]$	$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$

available range for δC_i in MFV
=> predictions

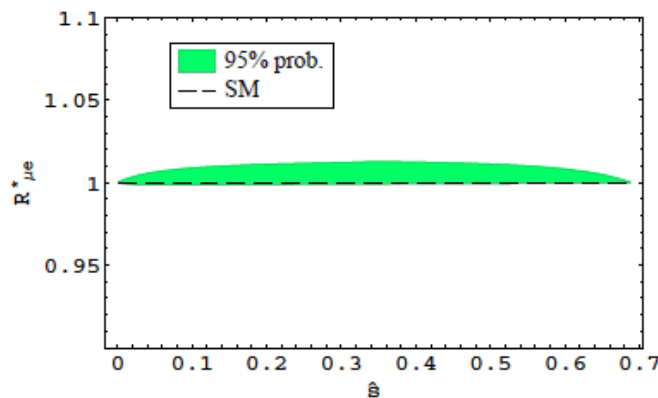
2) Predictions in MFV: way to test and falsify MFV

- Predictive relations between observables linked by CKM factors

$$\frac{\Gamma(B_s \rightarrow l^+ l^-)}{\Gamma(B_d \rightarrow l^+ l^-)} \approx \frac{f_{B_s} m_{B_s}}{f_{B_d} m_{B_d}} \left| \frac{V_{ts}}{V_{td}} \right|^2.$$

valid at both small and large $\tan \beta$!

- $R_{K^*} \equiv \Gamma(B \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-) / \Gamma(B \rightarrow K^* e^+ e^-)$ close to SM values even at large $\tan \beta$



Hurth, Isidori, Kamenik, F.M '08

Hiller & Kruger '03

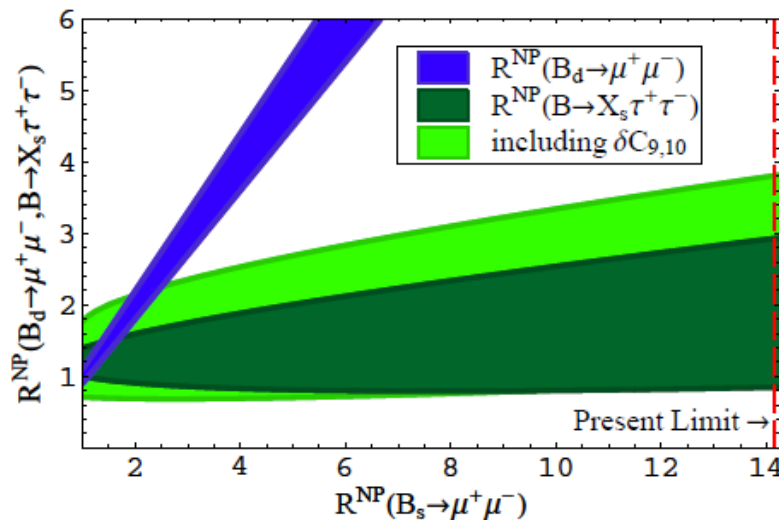
Model-independent Analysis: $\Delta F = 1$ FCNC constraints in MFV

δC_i	95% probability bound	Observables
δC_7	$[-0.14, 0.06] \cup [1.42, 1.62]$	$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma, B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
δC_9	$[-2.8, 0.8]$	$B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
δC_{10}	$[-0.4, 2.3]$	$B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_S^\mu / m_b$	$[-0.09, 0.09] / (4.2 \text{ GeV})$	$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$\delta C_{\nu\bar{\nu}}$	$[-6.1, 2.0]$	$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$

available range for δC_i in MFV
=> predictions

3) Predictions in MFV: way to test and falsify MFV

- $B \rightarrow X_s \tau^+ \tau^-$ - room for density operator contributions: m_τ / m_μ relative enhancement - (SM $\times 3$ contributions to Br still allowed)



*tan β enhancement
at work*

Hurth, Isidori, Kamenik, F.M '08

Model-independent Analysis: Flavour Changing Neutral Current constraints in MFV

➤ Bounds can be set on the complete set of MFV contributions at both small and large $\tan\beta$ → *extra operators*

- Bounds on NP contributions from $\Delta F=2$ obs very constraining

$$\Lambda \geq 5 \text{ TeV}$$

- in $\Delta F=1$ processes,
 - mainly $\delta C_{7\gamma}$ very constraining
 - not all ambiguities can be resolved

$$\Lambda \geq 6 \text{ TeV}$$

Tree level NP d.o.f: $\Lambda \geq 6 \text{ TeV}$

Loop-suppressed NP d.o.f: $\Lambda \geq 0.6 \text{ TeV}$

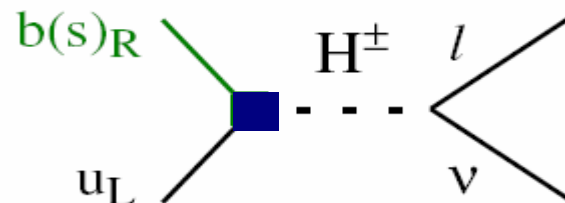
$\Delta F=1$ Charged Current Processes: H^\pm bounds

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff}^{CC} = \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{qb} \sum_{\substack{\ell=e,\mu,\tau \\ U=u,c}} \left(\bar{U} \gamma_L^\mu b \bar{\ell}_L \gamma_L^\mu \nu_L + C_{NP}^\ell \bar{U} L b_R \bar{\ell}_R \nu_L \right)$$

In MFV
$$C_{NP}^\tau = -\frac{m_b m_\tau}{M_{H^\pm}^2} \frac{\tan^2 \beta}{1 + \varepsilon_0 \tan \beta}$$

- $\tan\beta$ enhancement of down-type Y s:
competitive to $W^\pm_{||}$ tree-level exchange
- the sign of C_{NP}^ℓ fixed in MFV:
destructive interference with SM
- $\varepsilon_0 \tan\beta$ resumes $U(1)_{PQ}$ breaking corrections
 $\Rightarrow 2HDM \rightarrow \varepsilon_0 \sim 0.00$ and $SUSY \rightarrow \varepsilon_0 \sim 0.01 \times f(M_{SUSY})$

Tree-level H^\pm exchange

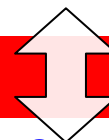


CC

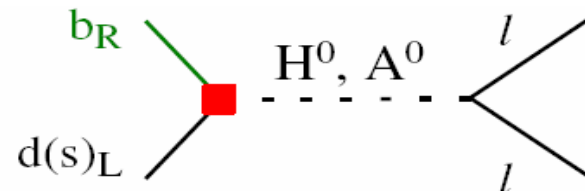
$$B^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$$

$$B^\pm \rightarrow D \tau^\pm \nu$$

$$(K^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \nu)$$



Complementary to H^0 searches



FCNC

$$B_{s,d} \rightarrow l^+ l^-$$

$\Delta F=1$ Charged Current Processes: H^+ bounds

$$C_{NP}^\tau = -\frac{m_b m_\tau}{M_{H^+}^2} \frac{\tan^2 \beta}{1 + \epsilon_0 \tan \beta} \quad (\text{MFV})$$

$B^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$

$B^\pm \rightarrow D \tau^\pm \nu$

$$Br(B \rightarrow \tau \nu) \propto |V_{ub}|^2 f_B^2 m_B m_\tau^2 \times \left(1 + \frac{m_B^2}{m_B m_\tau} C_{NP}^\tau \right)^2$$

1. helicity suppressed in the SM, m_τ
2. hadronic uncertainty in f_B :
 ~20% accuracy from Lattice
 (use $\Delta m_d \propto f_B^2$ for Δm_d NP free, like in MFV-MSSM)

$Br = (1.41 \pm 0.43) \times 10^{-4}$ [Belle-Babar]

Best for indirect H^+ searches but only feasible at **• SuperB**

Isidori & Paradisi '06;
 earlier: Hou '93; Akeroyd & Recksiegel '03

$$\frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow D \tau \nu)}{dq^2} \propto |V_{cb}|^2 \rho_V(q^2) \times \left(1 - \frac{m_\tau^2}{m_B^2} \left| 1 + \frac{t(w)}{(m_b - m_c) m_\tau} C_{NP}^\tau \right|^2 \rho_S(q^2) \right)$$

1. ρ_V : vector component (~0.5 Br) $\rightarrow W^\pm$
 => from exp. $B \rightarrow D e \nu$ spectrum & Lattice
2. ρ_S : scalar component (~0.5 Br) $\rightarrow W^\pm, H^\pm$
 => helicity suppressed m_τ

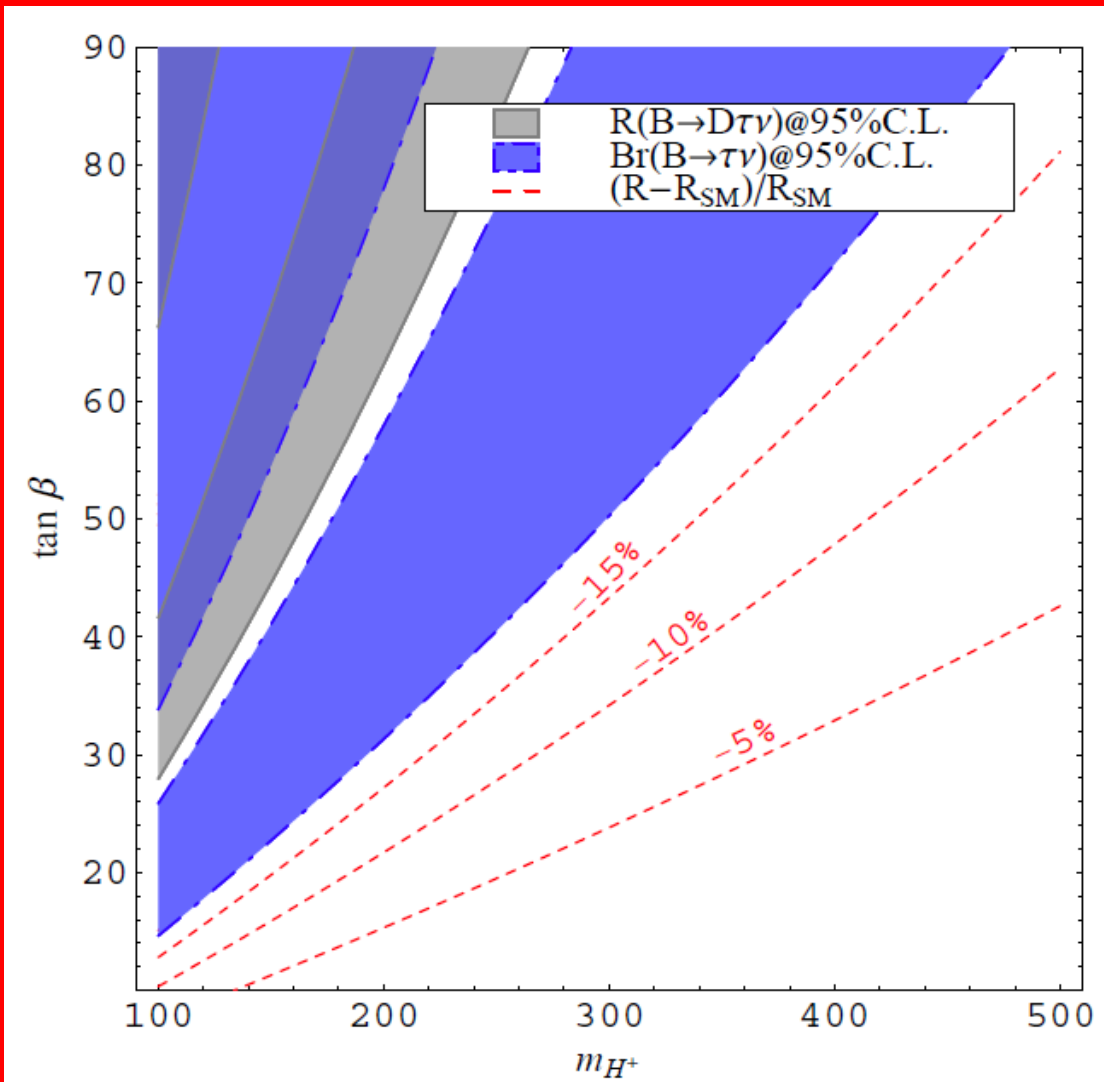
$Br = (0.86 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-2}$ [Babar]

Only scalar component sensitivity to H^+ but opportunity for **Lhcb**

Kamenik & F.M '08; Nierste, Trine, Westhoff '08, Trine ICHEP08. earlier: Hou '93; Kiers & Soni '97

$\Delta F=1$ Charged Current Processes: H^+ bounds

$$C_{NP}^\tau = -\frac{m_b m_\tau}{M_{H^+}^2} \frac{\tan^2 \beta}{1 + \varepsilon_0 \tan \beta} \quad (\text{MFV})$$



To reduce hadronic uncertainty it is useful to consider the ratio $R = Br(B \rightarrow D\tau\nu) / Br(B \rightarrow D\ell\nu)$

in the SM, uncertainty of $Br(B \rightarrow D\tau\nu) / Br(B \rightarrow D\ell\nu) \sim 6\%$

H^+ bounds with $R(B \rightarrow D\tau\nu)$:
not as sensitive as $Br(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)$,
but competitive thanks
different exp. & theory
prospects

Kamenik & F.M '08:
Nierste, Trine, Westhoff '08

updates on, Trine ICHEP'08

Conclusions:

The MFV allows us for a bottom -> up approach:

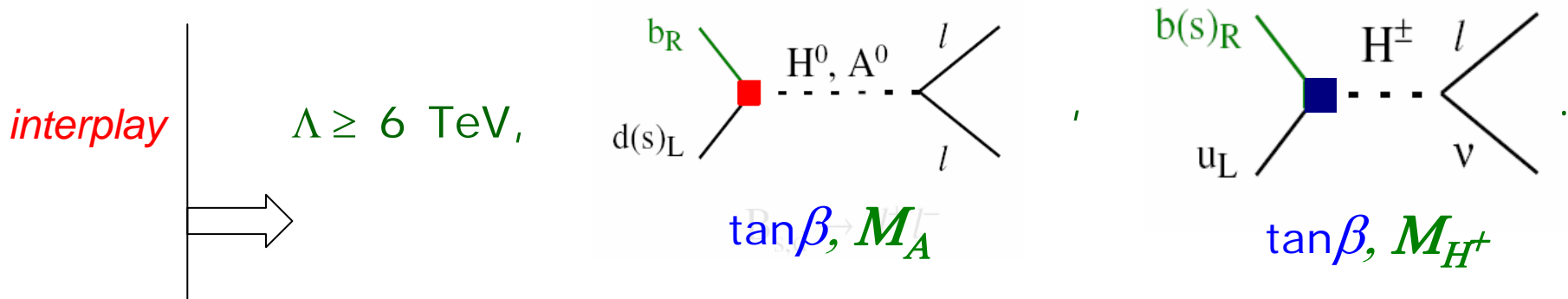
⇒ testable and model-independent predictions

① $\beta_s^{MFV} \approx \beta_s^{SM}$

②
$$\frac{\Gamma(B_s \rightarrow l^+ l^-)}{\Gamma(B_d \rightarrow l^+ l^-)} \approx \frac{f_{B_s} m_{B_s}}{f_{B_d} m_{B_d}} \left| \frac{V_{ts}}{V_{td}} \right|^2$$

⇒ powerful tool to analyse future precise data on Flavour Physics

⇒ with the flavour constraints embedded in MFV, the residual info directly points to Atlas-CMS searches (**masses and FC couplings**):

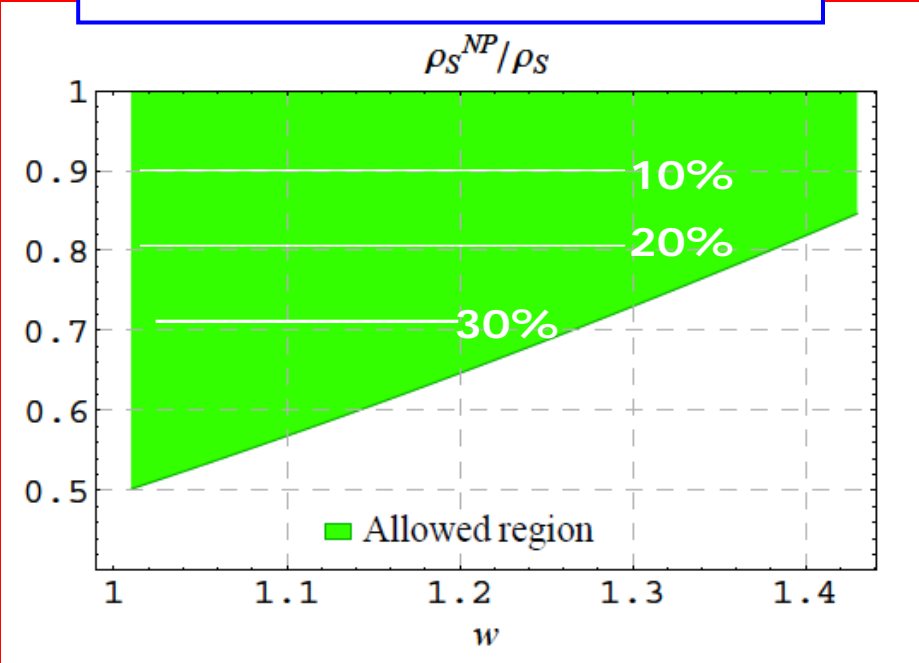


$\Delta F=1$ Charged Current Processes: H^+ bounds

$$C_{NP}^\tau = -\frac{m_b m_\tau}{M_{H^+}^2} \frac{\tan^2 \beta}{1 + \epsilon_0 \tan \beta} \quad (\text{MFV})$$



$$\rho_S^{NP}(w) = \left| 1 + \frac{t(w)}{(m_b - m_c)m_\tau} C_{NP}^\tau \right|^2 \rho_S(w)$$

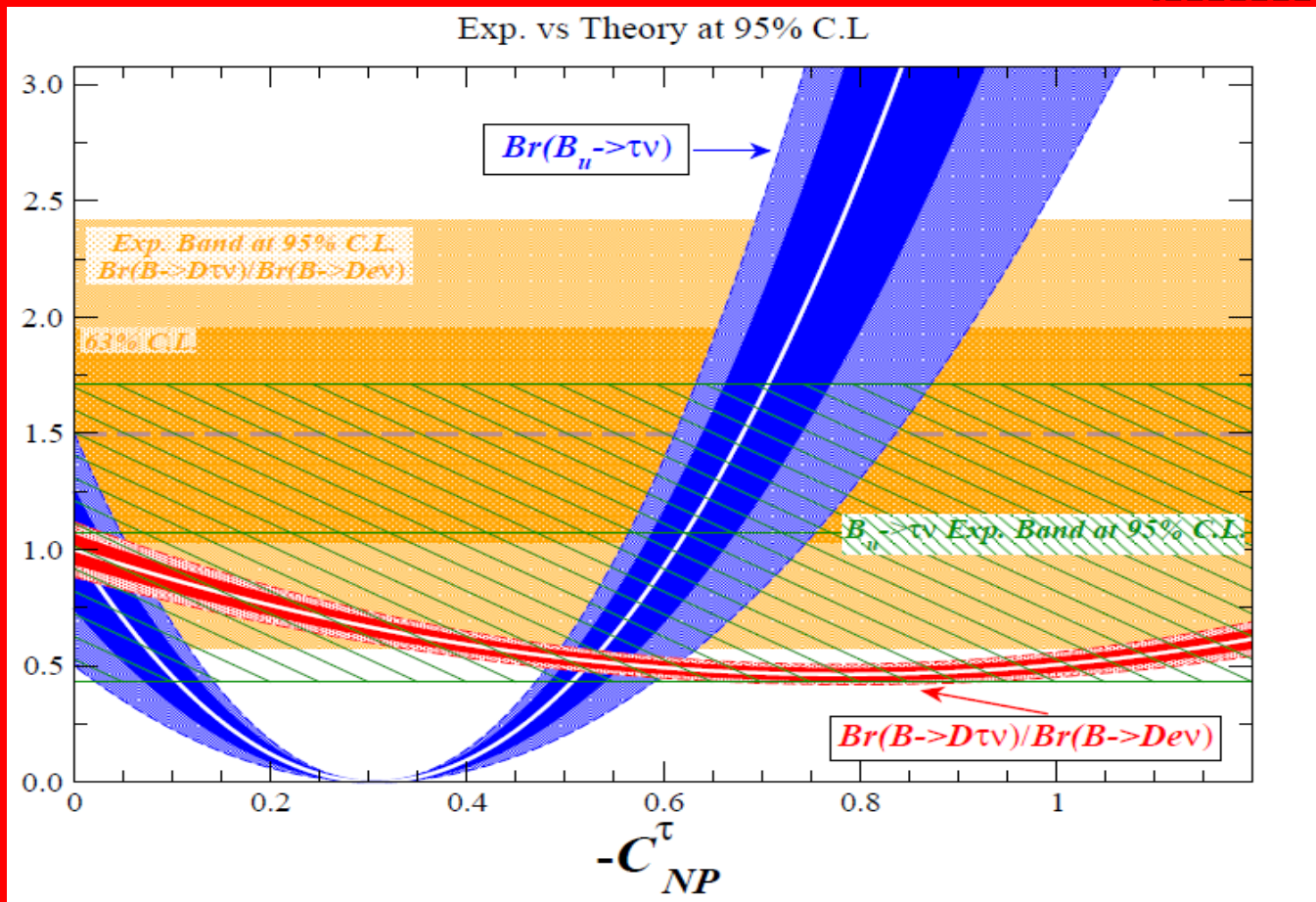
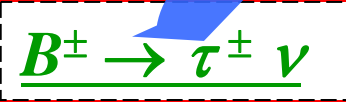


$$\frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow D\tau\nu)}{dw} \propto |V_{cb}|^2 \rho_V(w) \times \left(1 - \frac{m_\tau^2}{m_B^2} \left| 1 + \frac{t(w)}{(m_b - m_c)m_\tau} C_{NP}^\tau \right|^2 \rho_S(w) \right)$$

2. ρ_S : scalar component (~ 0.5 Br) $\rightarrow W^\pm, H^\pm$
 \Rightarrow elicity suppresses m_τ

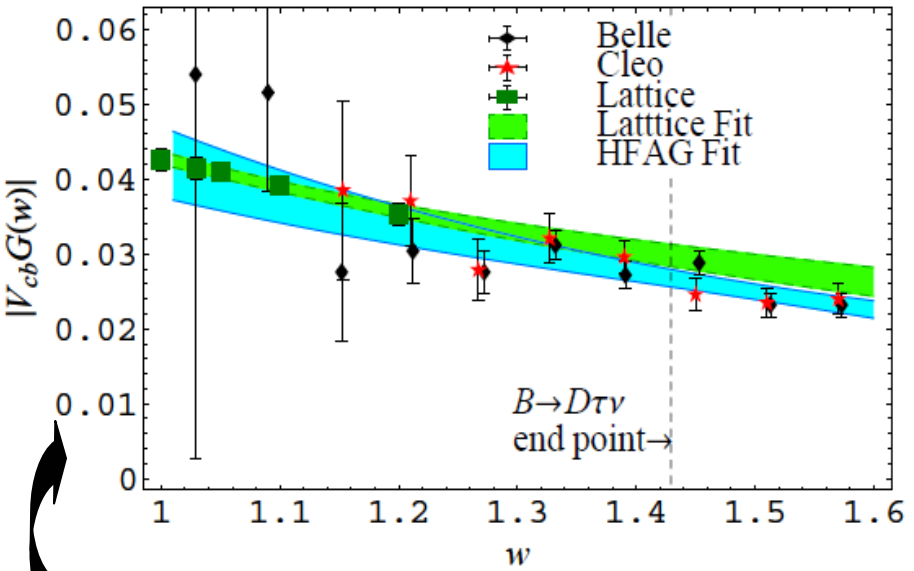
$\Delta F=1$ Charged Current Processes: H^+ bounds

$$C_{NP}^\tau = -\frac{m_b m_\tau}{M_{H^+}^2} \frac{\tan^2 \beta}{1 + \varepsilon_0 \tan \beta} \quad (\text{MFV})$$



$\Delta F=1$ Charged Current Processes: H^+ bounds

HFAG'08:
De Divitiis, Petronzio and Tantalò '07'08
 $B \rightarrow Dev$ spectrum



$$\underline{B^\pm \rightarrow D \tau^\pm \nu}$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow D\tau\nu)}{dw} \propto |V_{cb}|^2 \rho_V(w) \times \left(\left| 1 - \frac{m_\tau^2}{m_B^2} \right| \left| 1 + \frac{t(w)}{(m_b - m_c)m_\tau} C_{NP}^\tau \right|^2 \rho_S(w) \right)$$

1. ρ_V : vector component (~ 0.5 Br) $\rightarrow W^\pm$

ρ_V :

- under control by the exp. $B \rightarrow Dev$ spectrum &/or Lattice: $\sim 5\%$
-> can be improved by Belle!
- *partially cancels in the ratio $B \rightarrow D\tau\nu/B \rightarrow Dev$*

ρ_S : from Lattice => ratio of ffs and symmetry at work

Kamenik & F.M '08: Nierste, Trine, Westhoff '08