

Contribution ID: 285 Type: Poster

## The production $K^+$ meson in Al+Al collisions at beam energy 1.9A GeV.

Thursday, 25 May 2017 17:45 (15 minutes)

The kaon production in heavy ion collisions at intermediate energies provides a sensitive probe to study the inmedium properties and nuclear equation of state. Kaon properties in dense hadronic matter are important for understanding of nuclear matter at high densities. We investigated the in-medium kaon potential by rapidity density distribution and transverse mass spectra for  $K^+$ mesons in heavy ion collisions. We used Quantum Molecular Dynamics Model (QMD model) based on covariant kaon dynamics to simulate  $^{27}_{13}Al+^{27}_{13}Al$  collisions at beam energy 1.9 A GeV. Calculated results with a repulsive in-medium  $K^+N$  potential can reasonably describe the features of FOPI experiment data. They also shown that the transverse mass spectrum of  $K^+$  mesons is a sensitive observable to probe the kaon in-medium potential in dense nuclear matter.

**Primary authors:** Ms TOMUANG, Kristiya (Department of Physics Faculty of science Naresuan University); Ms SRISAWAD, Pornrad (Department of Physics Faculty of science Naresuan University); Mr ZHENG, Yu-Ming (China Institute of Atomic Energy)

Presenter: Ms TOMUANG, Kristiya (Department of Physics Faculty of science Naresuan University)

Session Classification: Poster Presentation II

Track Classification: High Energy and Particle Physics