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Annealing Effects on Surface Morphology of IrMn Thin Films

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IrMn alloy has been intensively studied during last few years in order to improve exchange bias strength in magnetic storage. IrMn layer is usually coupling with a ferromagnetic layer to increase sensitivity in magnetic sensor due to its critical thickness. It can maintain high exchange strength even at ultra-thin layer. In this study, thermal annealing was performed at different temperatures in Ar atmosphere and air. The surface of asdeposited samples showed smooth surface and contain small grains. After annealing, surface grains exhibited flatter and larger for Ar-annealing. However for air annealing, some very large grains were developed on IrMn thin film surface. It was identified as Mn-Oxide by using micro-Raman spectroscopy. The effects of annealing temperature and annealing time on the formation of Mn-Oxide will be discussed during the presentation.

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