

Large Scale Analysis: MET With Different Masking

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Outline:

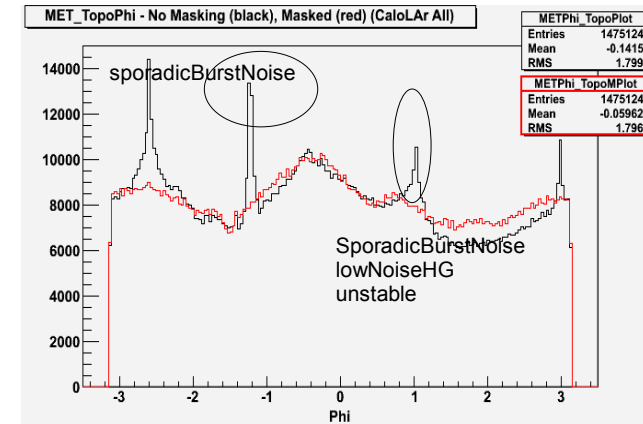
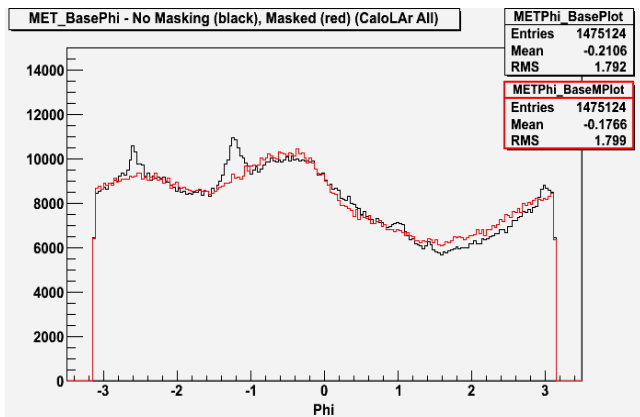
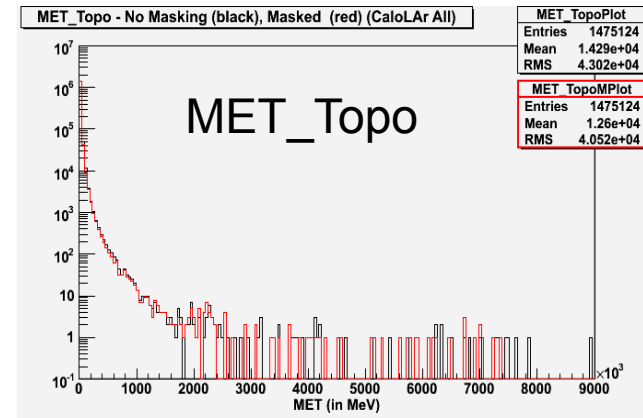
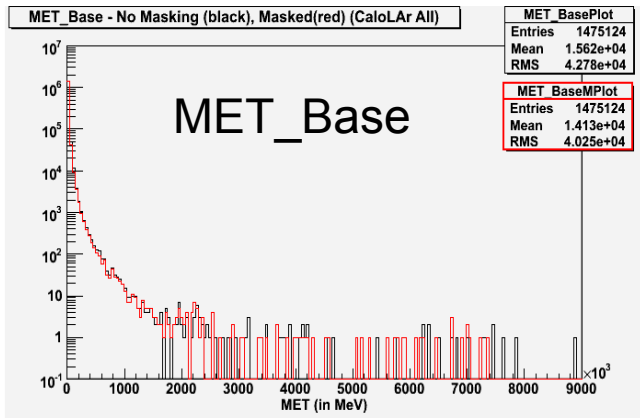
- Goal – Compare the effect of different bad channel masking configurations on Missing ET variables using the December 2008 reprocessed cosmic dataset (81 runs in the DPD_CALOCOMM stream, ~1.5 million events).
 - Give a brief summary of the different masking tools
 - Show distributions for some general MET variables
 - Show preliminary results for the effects of masking on MET

Masking Bad Channels

- The new METCellMaskTool allows for two possible choices for masking bad channels in MET reconstruction.
 1. Use the CaloBadChanTool for both LAr and Tile cells.
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 2. Use the LArBadChannelMasker for LAr cells & CaloBadChannelTool for Tile cells (our results follow this option).
 - **Dead cells:** “deadPhys”, “deadReadout”
 - **Noisy cells:** “highNoiseHG”, “highNoiseMG”, “highNoiseLG”, “unstableNoiseHG”, “unstableNoiseMG”, “unstableNoiseLG”, “sporadicBurstNoise”
 - **Affected cells:** “deadCalib”, “almostDead”, “distorted”, “lowNoiseHG”, “lowNoiseMG”, “lowNoiseLG”, “peculiarCalibrationLine”, “short”, “unstable”, “problematicForUnknownReason”, “missingFEB”, “shortProblem”

*already masked in reprocessed data

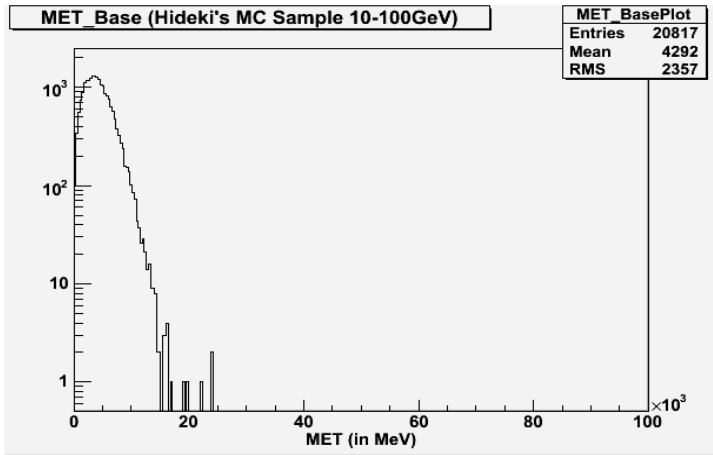
General Distributions for MET variables



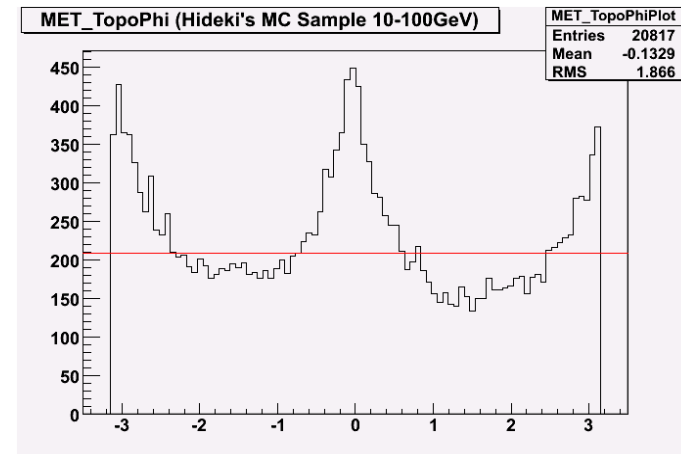
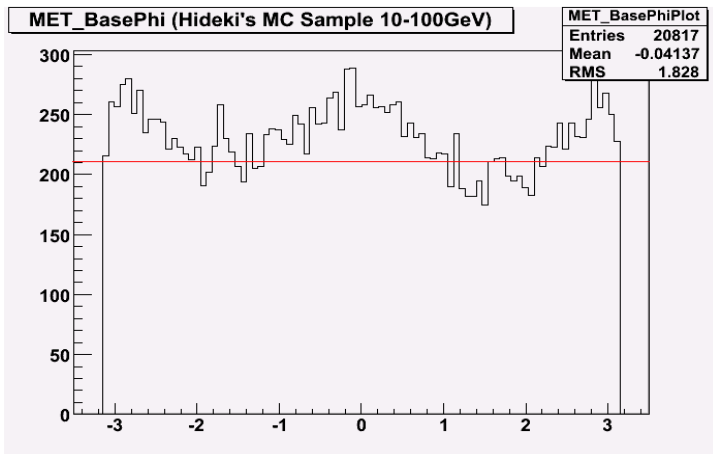
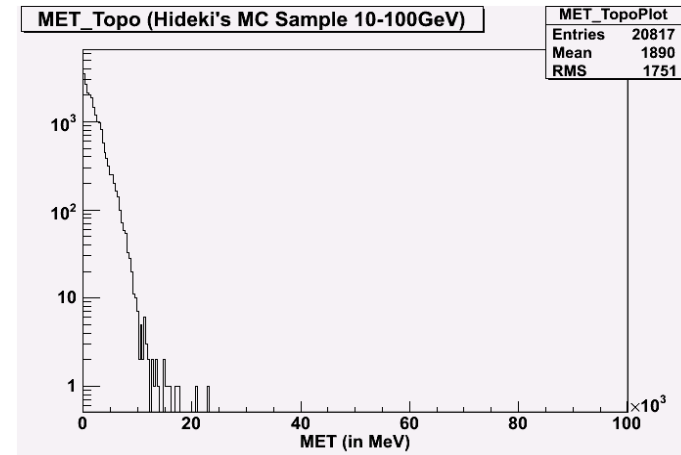
- The sharp peaks in the MET Phi distribution tends to go away after masking affected and noisy cells
- Possible hypothesis for the Phi assymetry that persists after masking include:
 - General topology of cosmic events ?
 - Detector effects (eg. Pedestal shifts) ?

Assymetry in MET Phi Dist'n: MC generated cosmic events 10-100 GeV muons

MET_Base



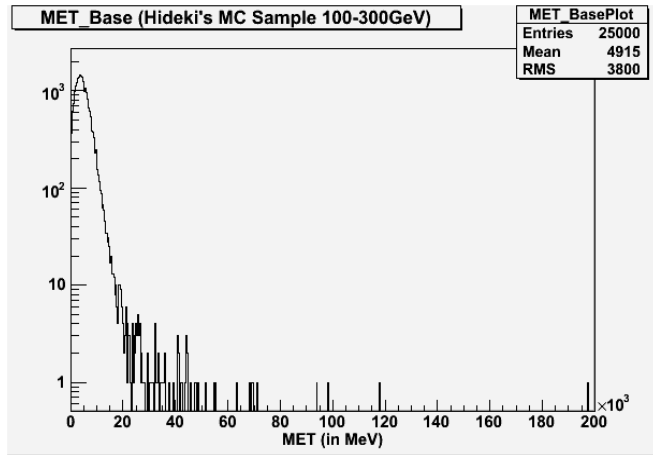
MET_Topo



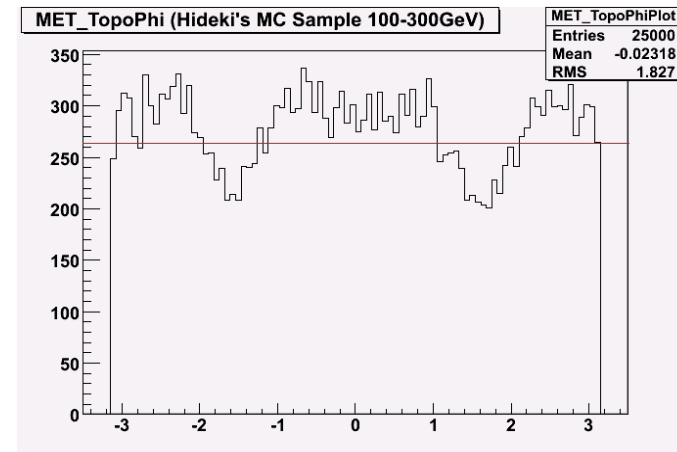
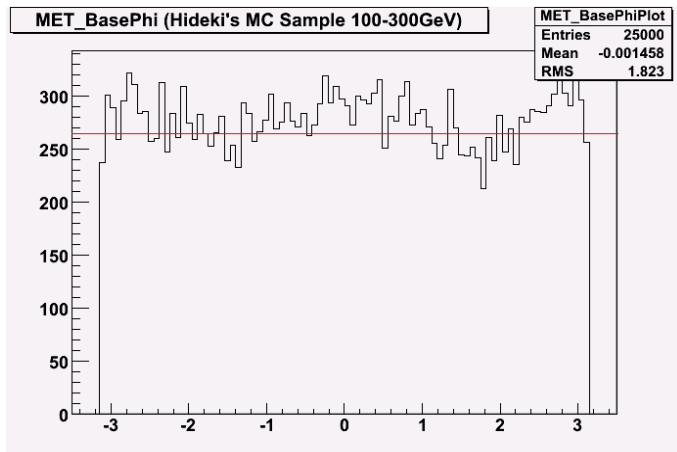
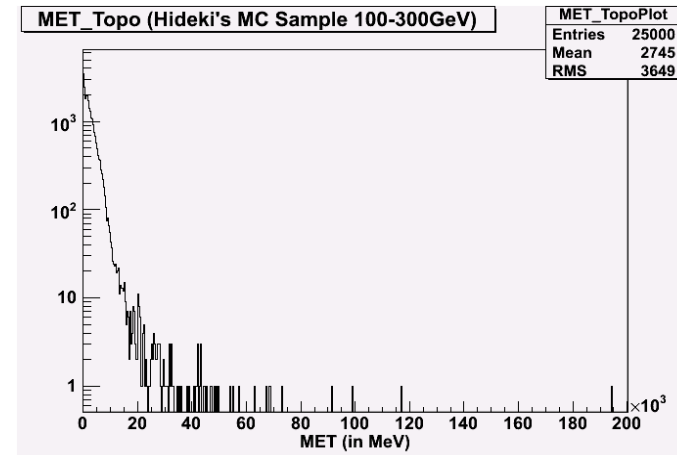
The statistics shown are equivalent to ~1.6 hours of cosmic data taking

Assymetry in MET Phi Dist'n: MC generated cosmic events 100-300 GeV muons

MET_Base



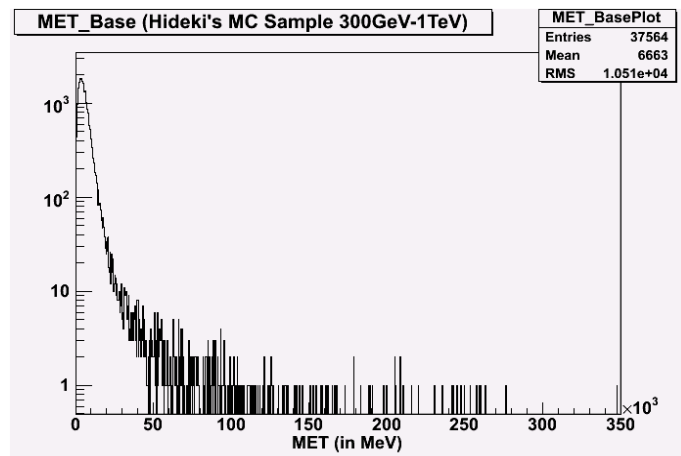
MET_Topo



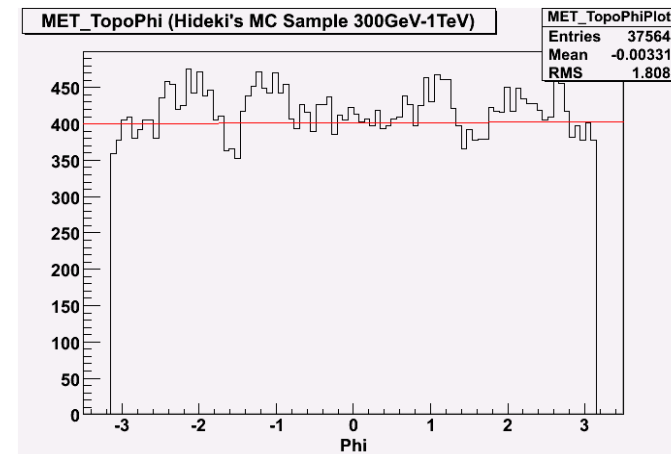
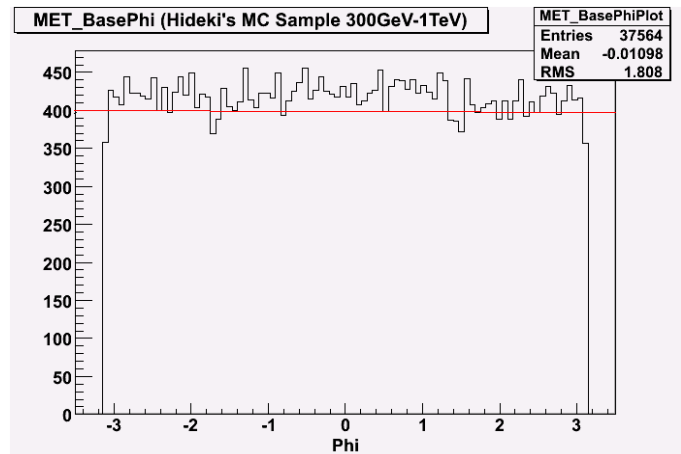
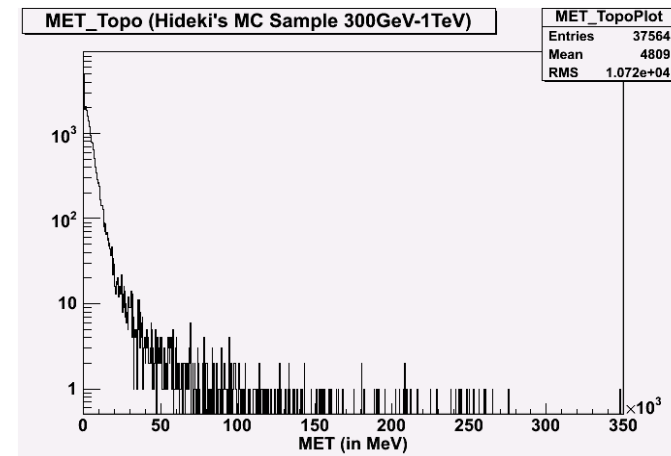
The statistics shown are equivalent to ~17 hours of cosmic data taking

Assymetry in MET Phi Dist'n: MC generated cosmic events 300GeV-1TeV muons

MET_Base



MET_Topo

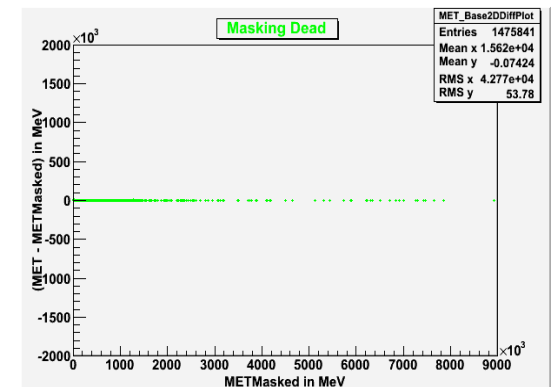
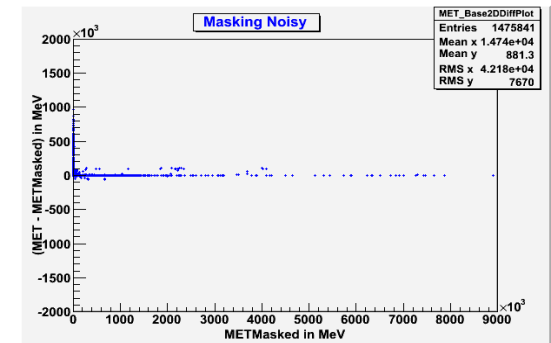
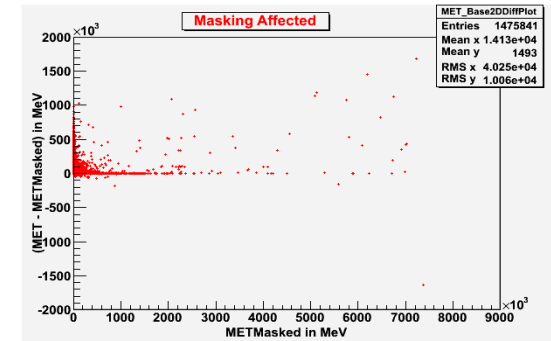
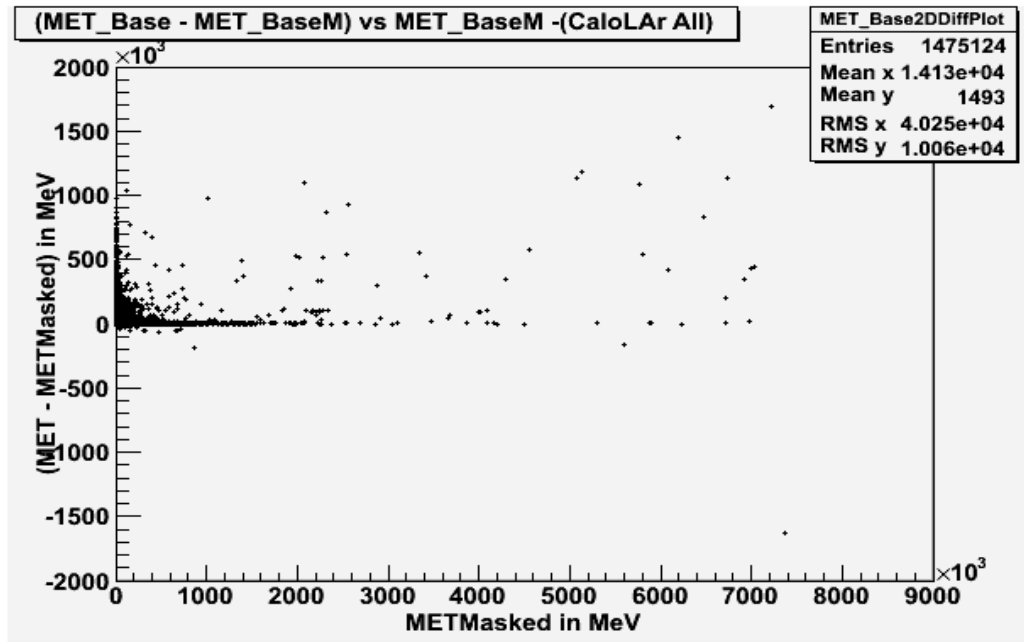


The statistics shown are equivalent to ~11 days of cosmic data taking

General Remarks about MC generated Cosmic Events

- There appears to be a slight asymmetry in MET Phi distributions for low energy muons
- The dips at $\text{Phi} \sim \pm \pi/2$ tend to go away for higher energy muons
- The observed asymmetries in Phi are not significant enough to provide an explanation for the asymmetry observed in real cosmic data

Difference in MET_Base after Masking



- The Effect of masking is more significant for MET<20GeV
- ~0.4% of above events lie in the region with MET>20GeV and an MET Difference of 10 GeV after masking all bad cells. (~0.4% “Affected”, ~0.2% “Noisy”, 1 event “Dead”)
- Masking of Affected cells has the greatest effect on MET.

Conclusions:

- **Performed large scale analysis on commissioning DPDs.**
- **Our analysis suggests that masking cells categorized as “Affected” has a very significant effect on MET variables followed by “Noisy” cells.**
- **This effect appears to be most significant in the Tile calorimeter.**

Future Plans:

- **This analysis is currently being performed on the March 2009 reprocessed cosmic data.**
- **We intend to extend the analysis of the full dataset to the subdetector level.**
- **Find out what types of affected cells are contributing to the large shifts in MET variables for both the Tile and LAr calorimeters.**
- **Study general calorimeter based pathologies and investigate events with TeV range MET values.**