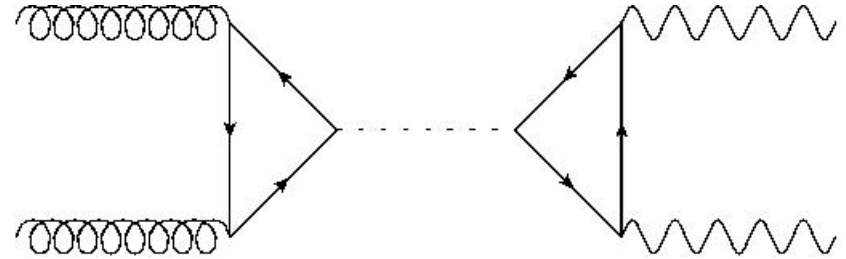


Glue to light signal of a new particle

Tae Hyun Jung

Seoul National University

with Dongjin Chway, Radovan Dermisek and Hyung Do Kim,
arXiv:1512.08221, replaced version on May 1 (threshold resummation)

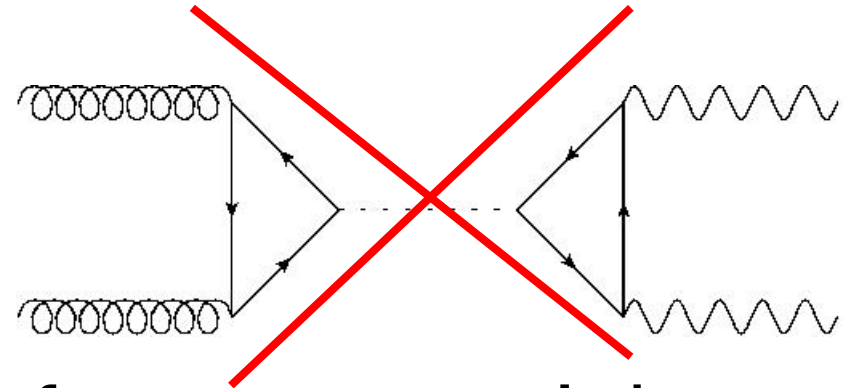


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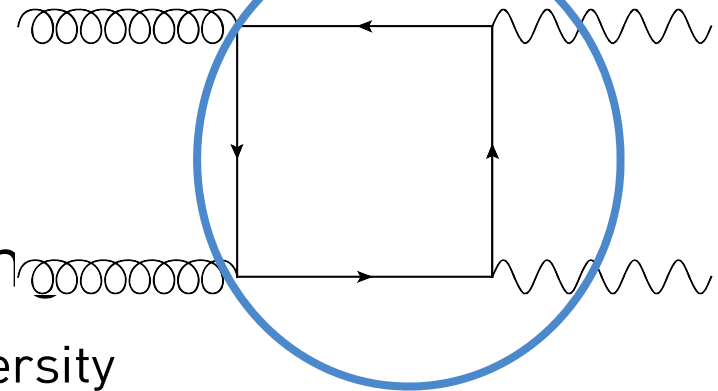
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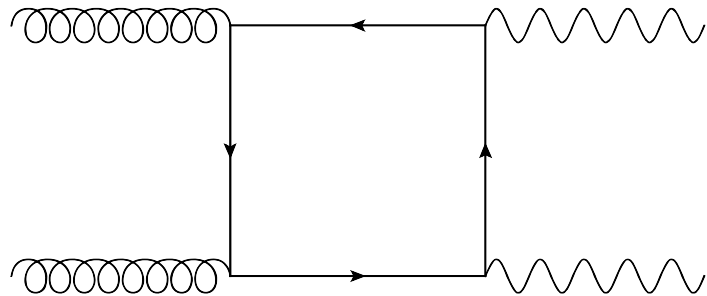
What is the best way if the direct pair production of particle X is somehow difficult to be observed in LHC?
(X :colored($SU(3)_c$) and charged($U(1)_{EM}$) particle)

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simple (ugly) example : $X \rightarrow j \ S \rightarrow j \ (jj)$ or $j \ (jj) \ (jj)$ or ...

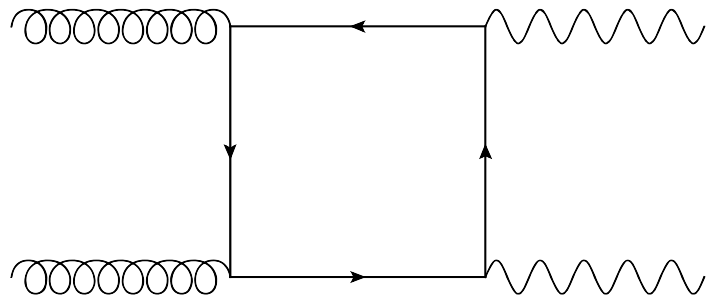
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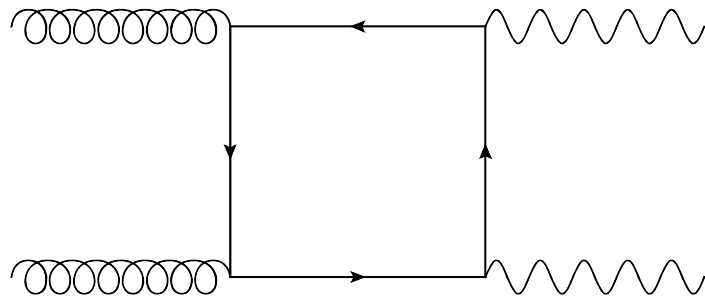
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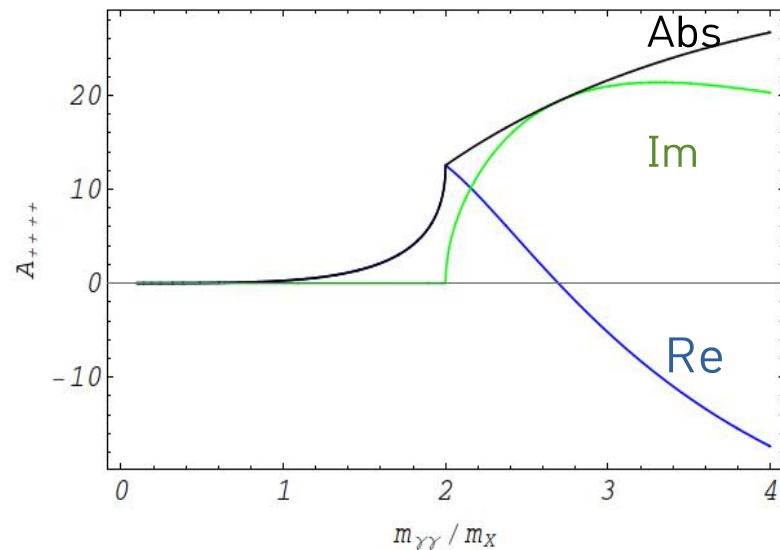
Drastic enhancement near $m_{\gamma\gamma} = 2m_X$

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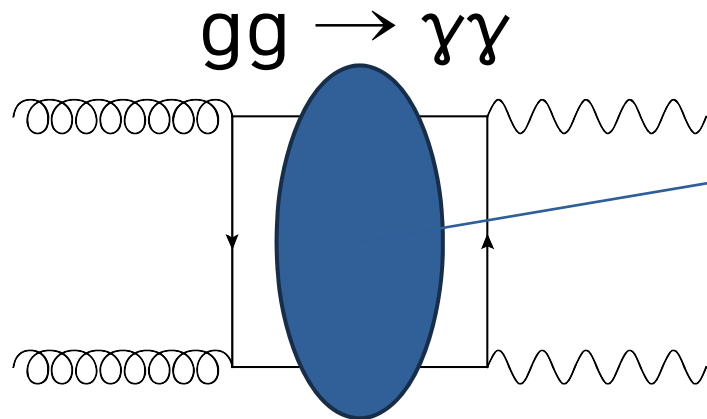
$$gg \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$



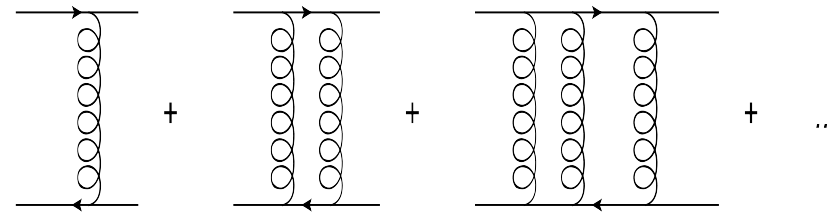
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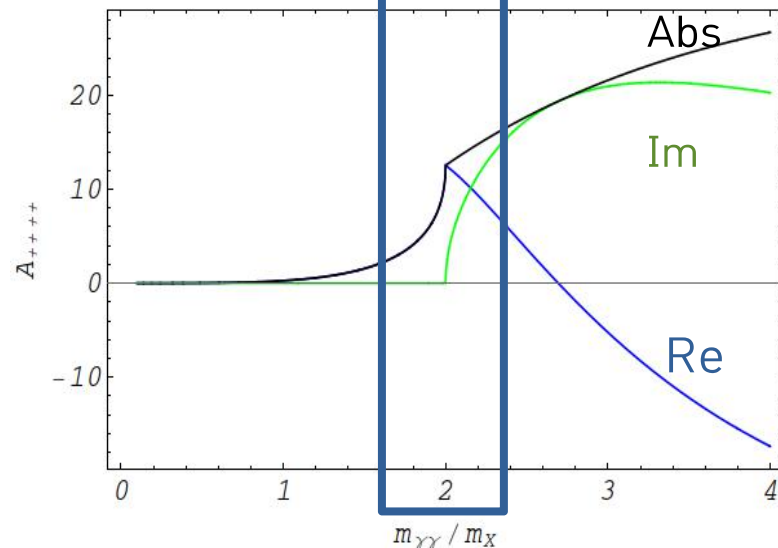
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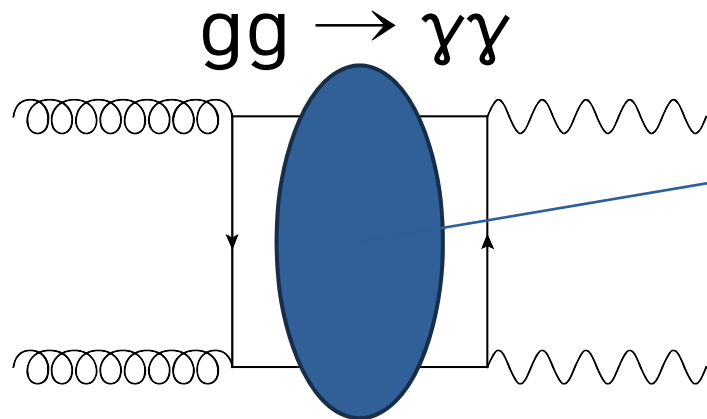
Sommerfeld enhancement near $m_{\gamma\gamma} = 2m_X$
 (resummation of ladder diagrams)



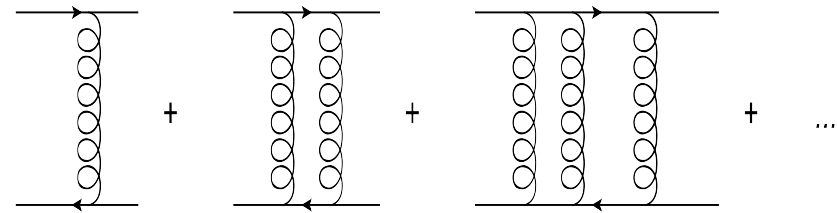
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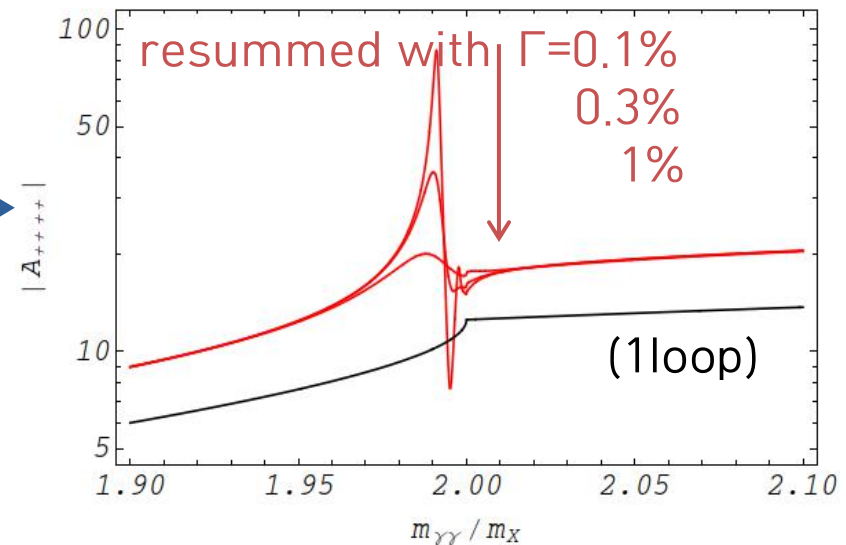
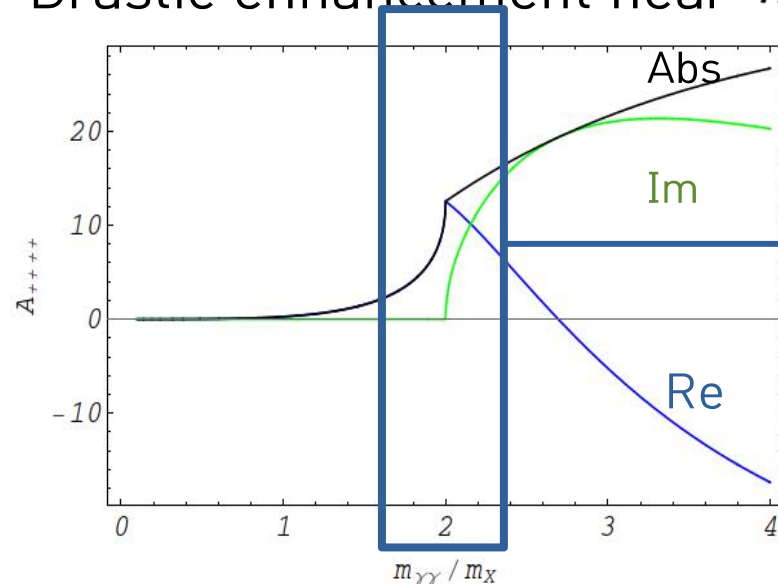
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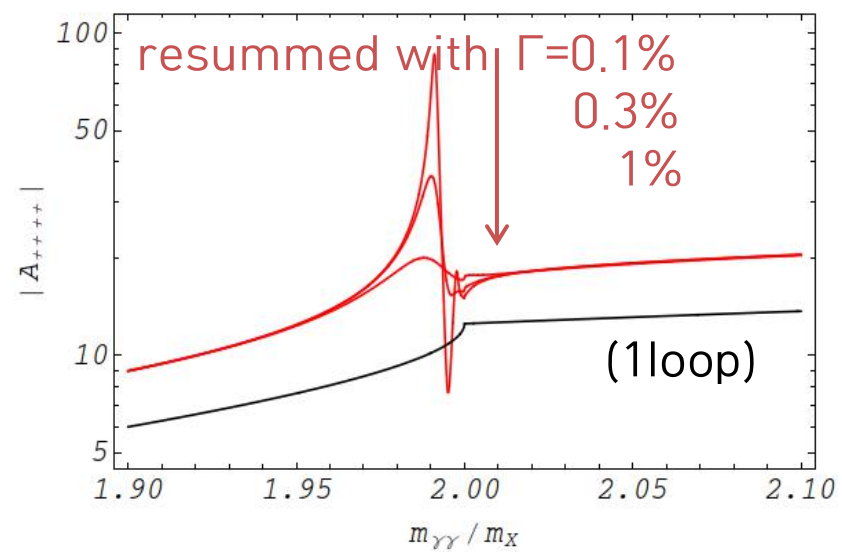


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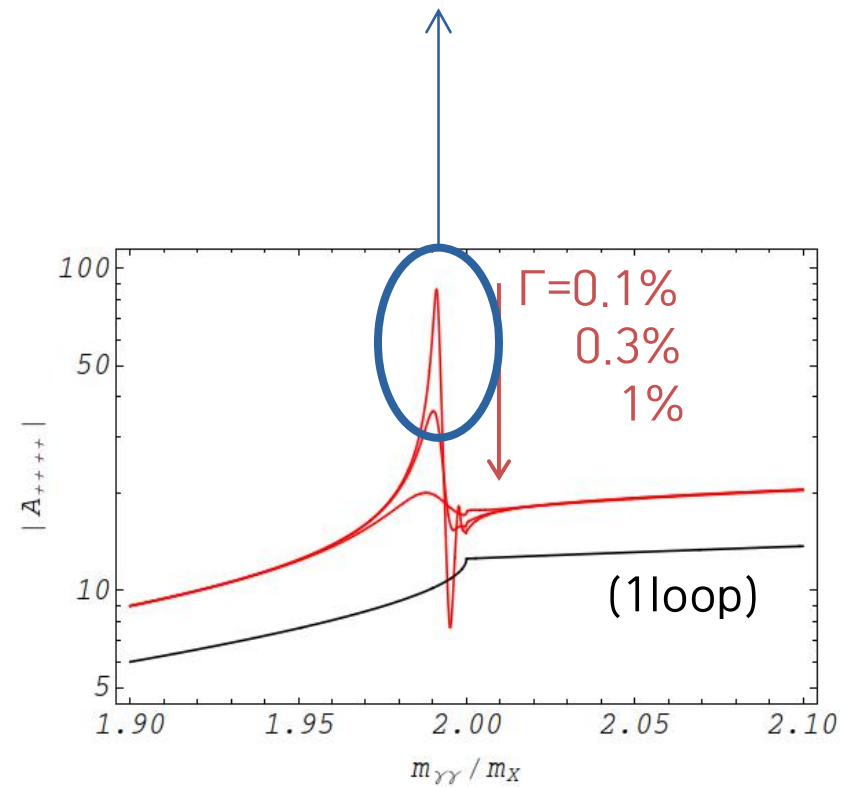
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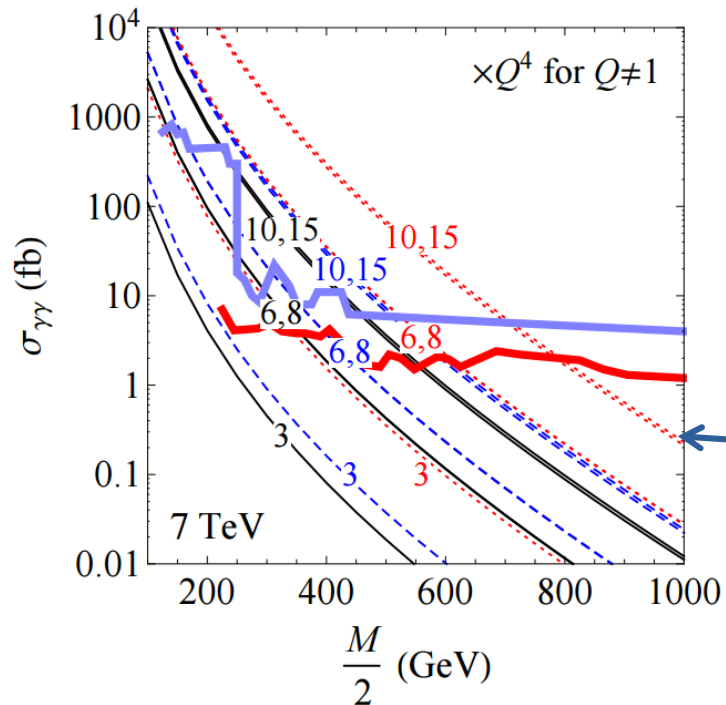




Bound state search

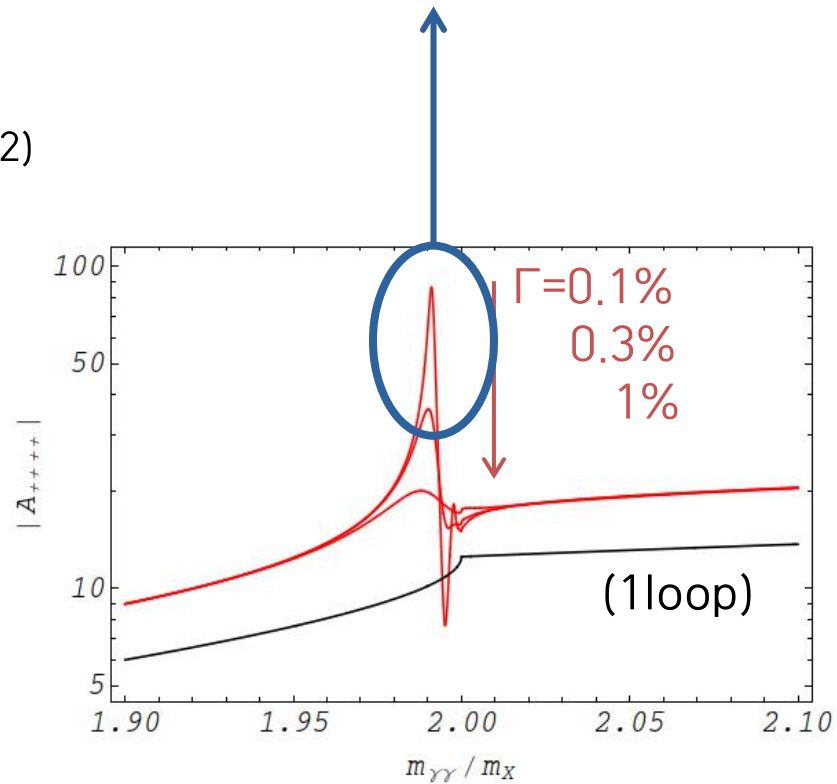
e.g.: quarkonium, stoponium, gluonium ...
($\Gamma/m \ll 0.7\%$)

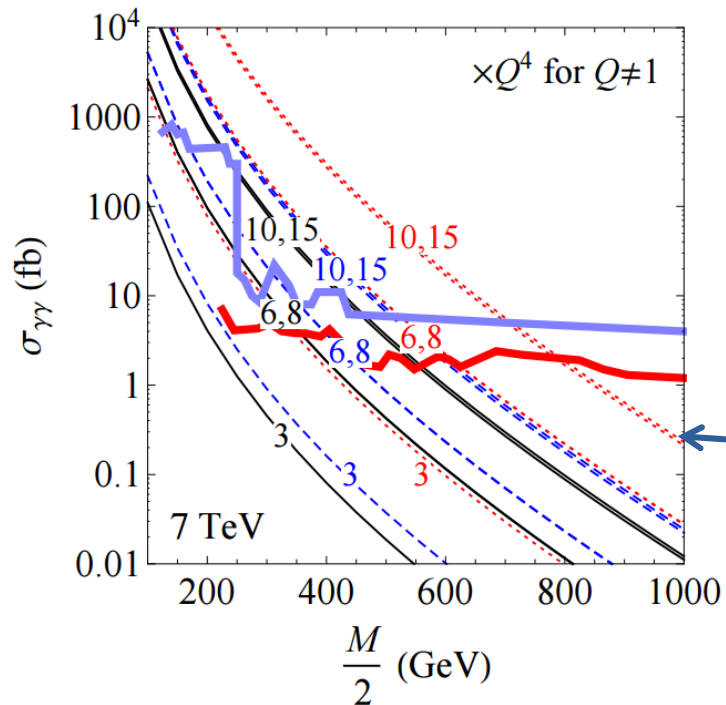




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Y. Kats and M. J. Strassler, JHEP 1211, 097 (2012)

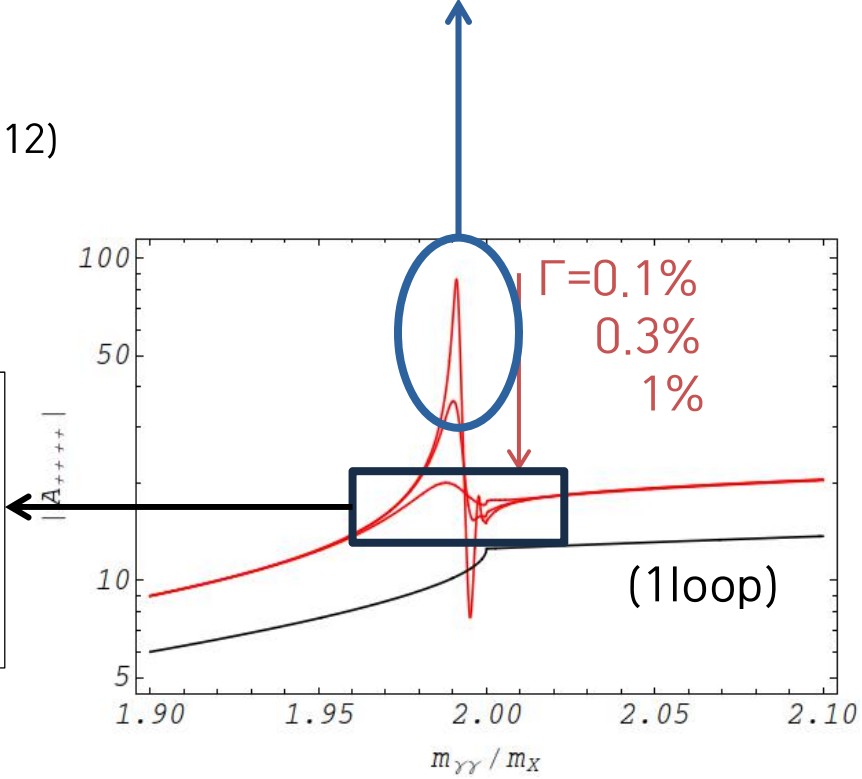




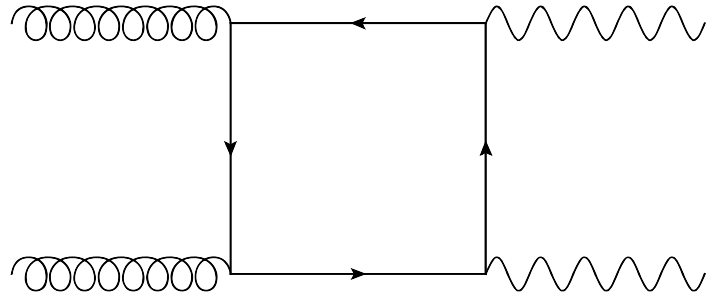
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My interest
 We also can see this unfortunate
 parameter space ($\Gamma/m > 0.7\%$)
 e.g.: top quark $\Gamma/m \sim 0.8\%$

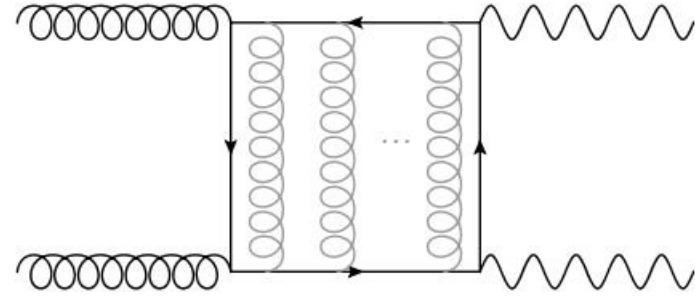


Background Amplitude



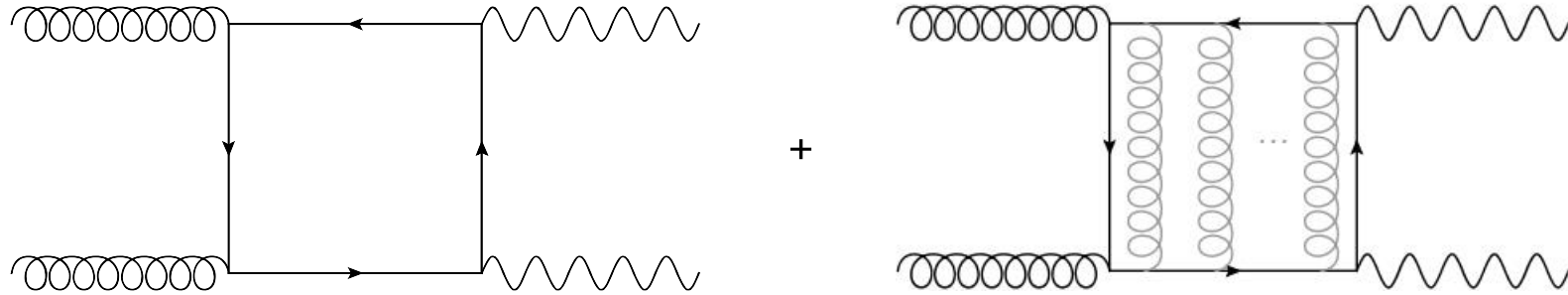
light quarks(u, d, s, ...)

+



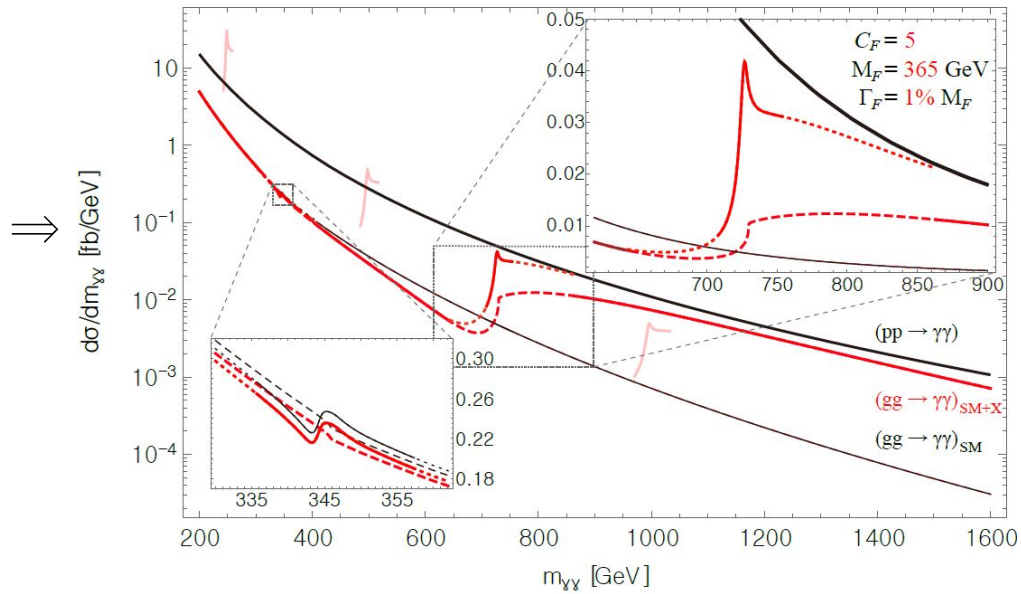
new particle

Background Amplitude



light quarks(u, d, s, ...)

new particle



$$C_X = N_X S_2 Q^2$$

of ptc

Dynkin index

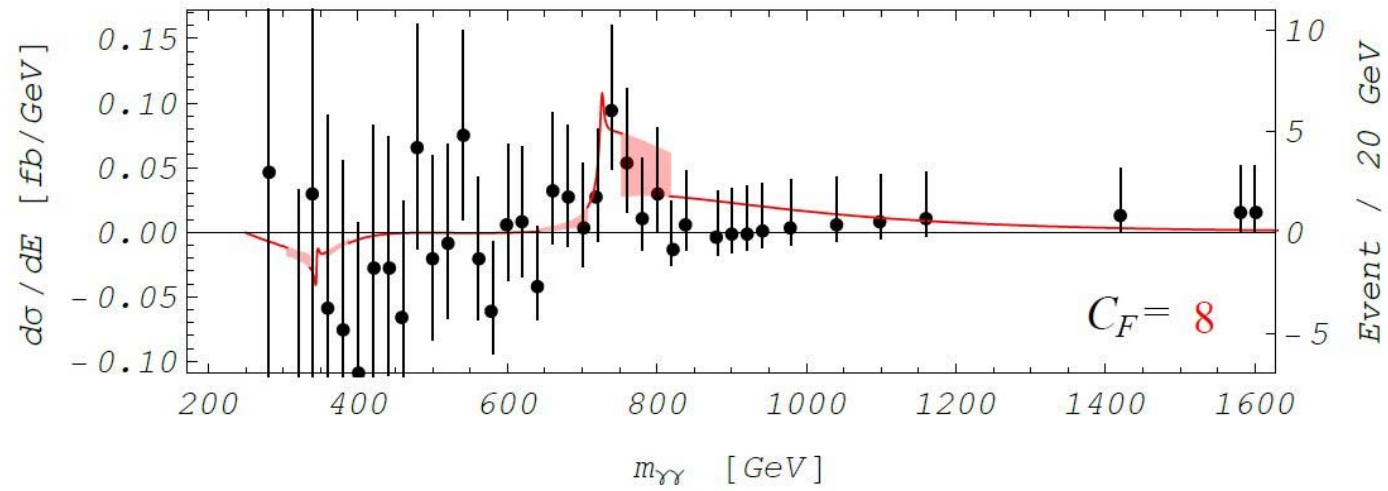
electric charge

$$5 = 10 * (1/2) * (1)^2$$

$$= 2 * (1/2) * (2.2)^2$$

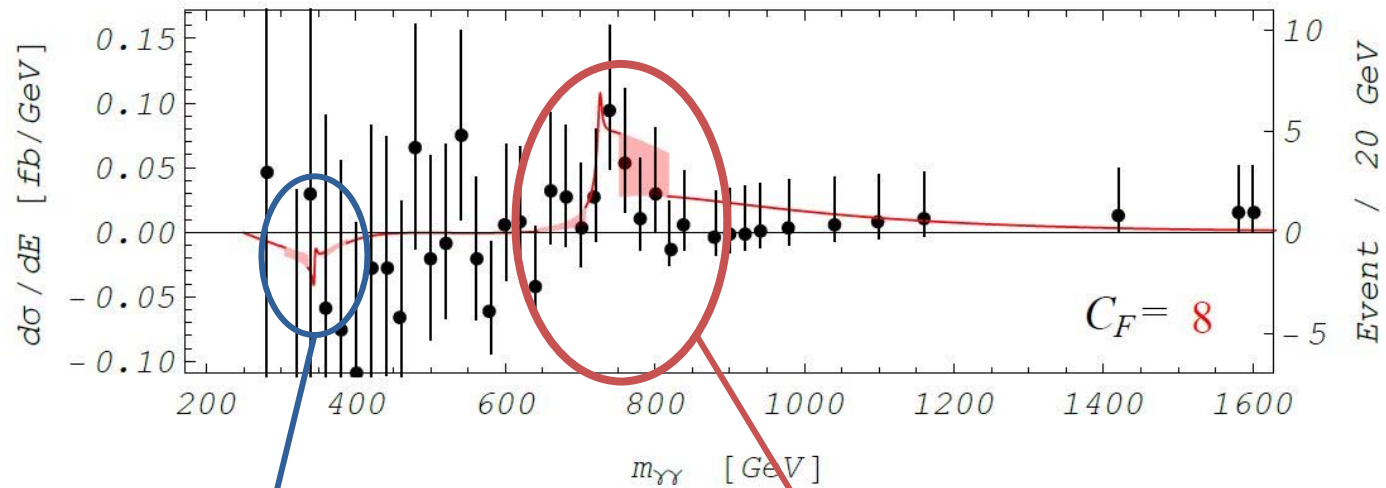
750 GeV excess as an example

fermion



750 GeV excess as an example

fermion



$$N_X S_2 Q^2 = 8 \text{ with } M_X = 365, \Gamma/M_X = 1\%$$

Preferred large width seems to be well-fitted without any perturbativity problem

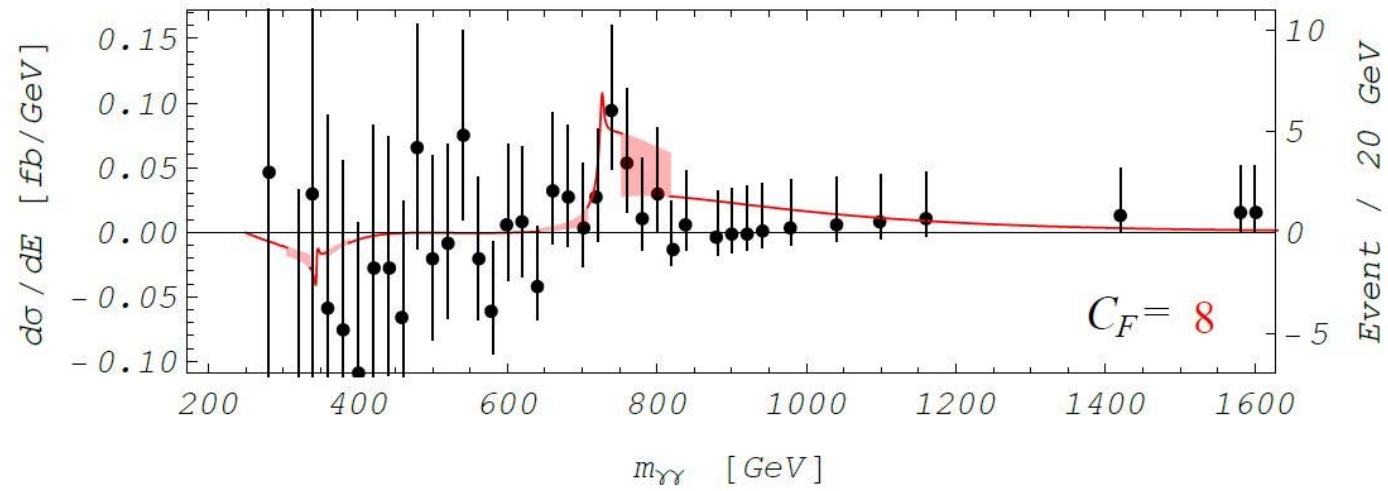
Top threshold interference dip due to SM 5 light quark diagrams (2~3 fb : expected to be observed at the end of runII)

$$C_X = N_X S_2 Q^2$$

of ptc Dynkin index electric charge

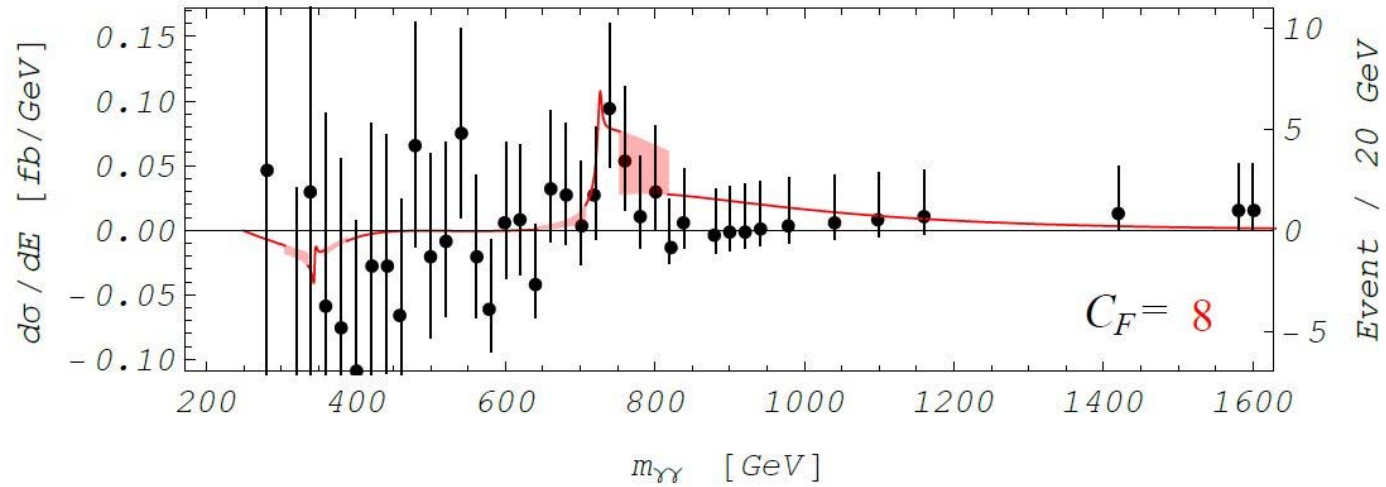
750 GeV excess as an example

fermion

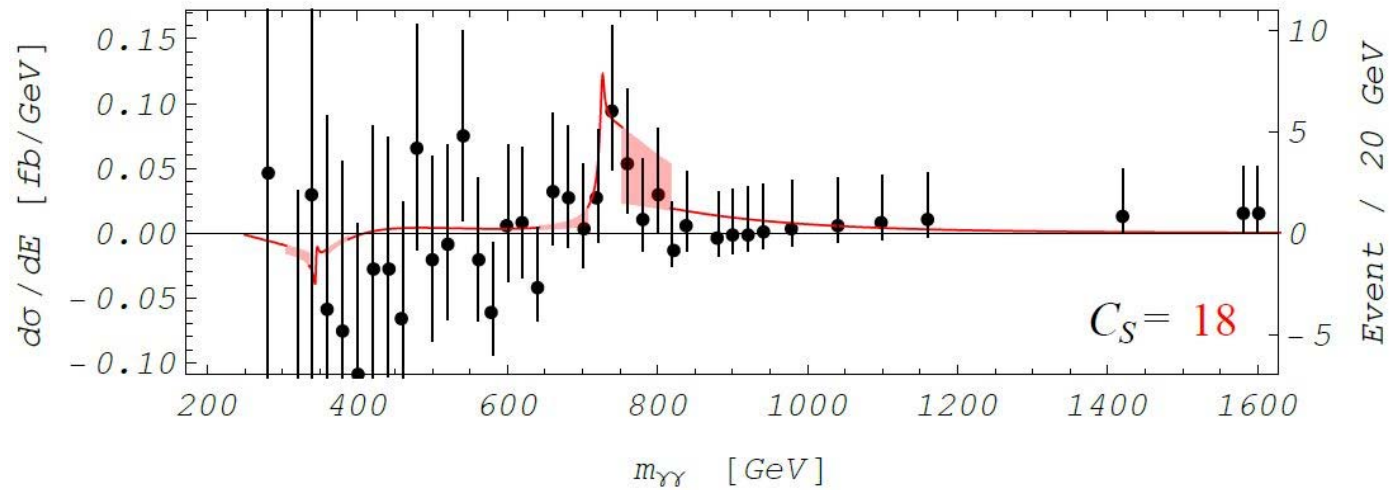


750 GeV excess as an example

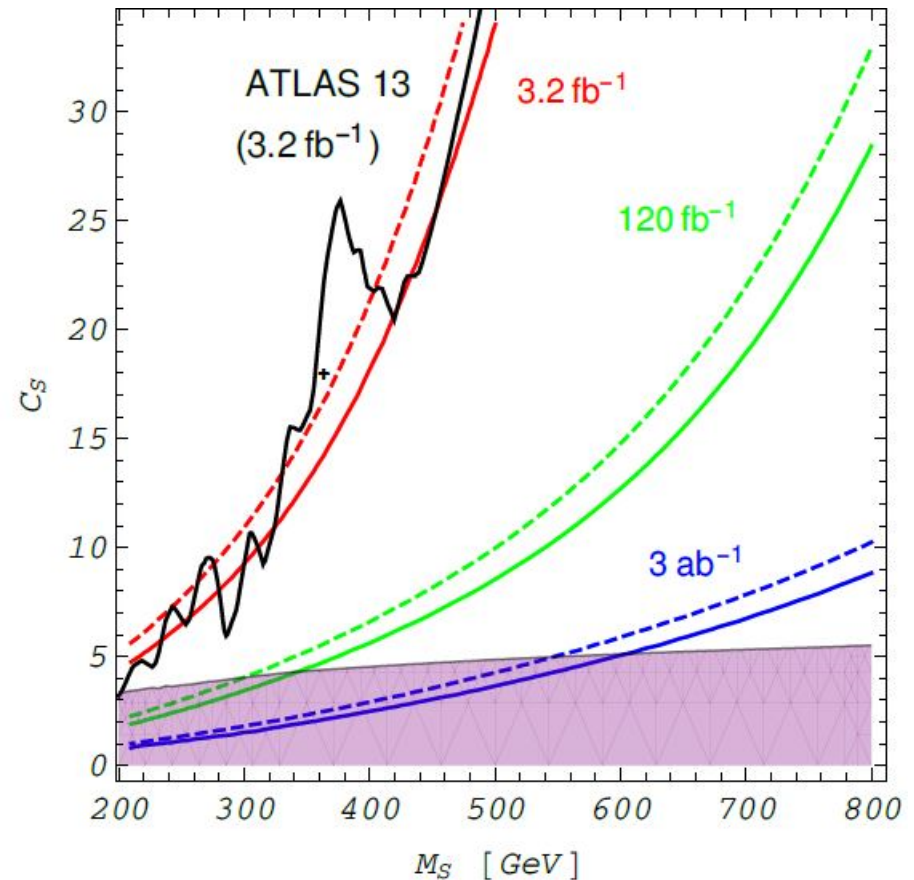
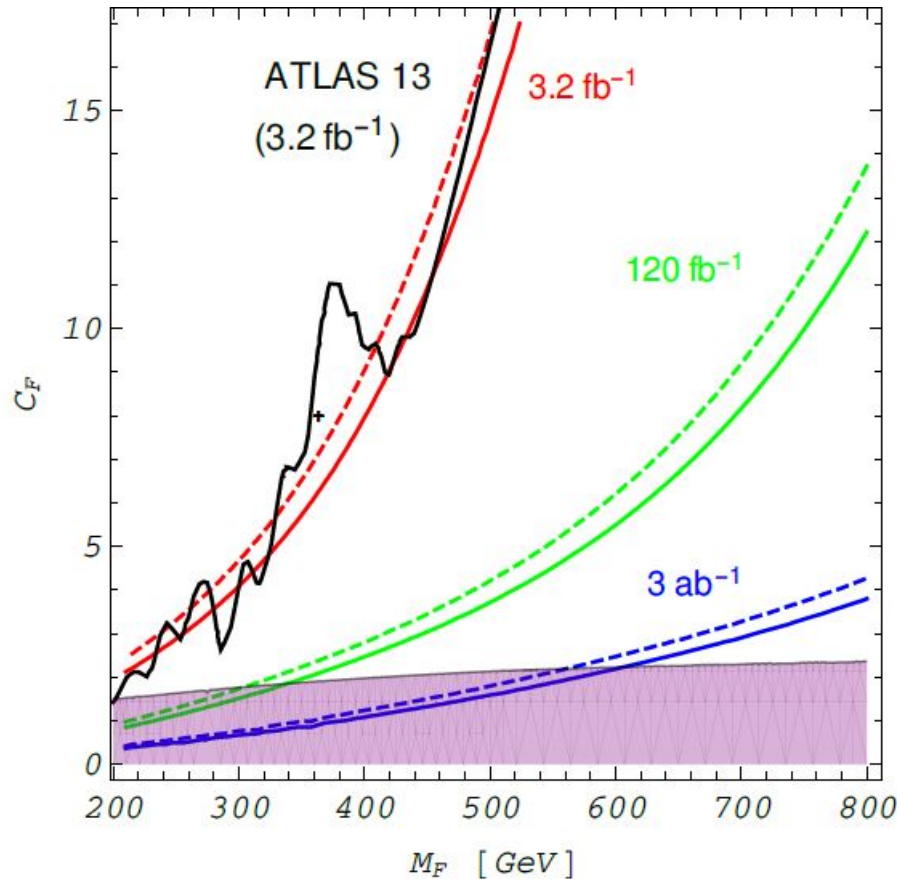
fermion



scalar



Exclusion Plot (without interference)

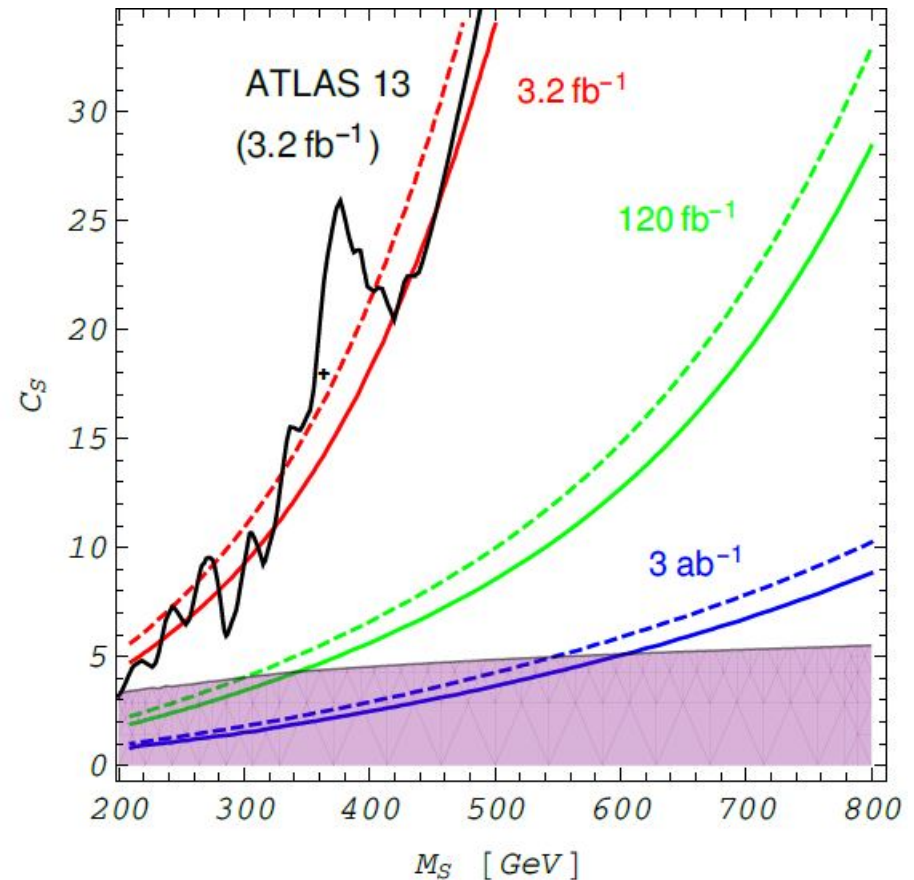
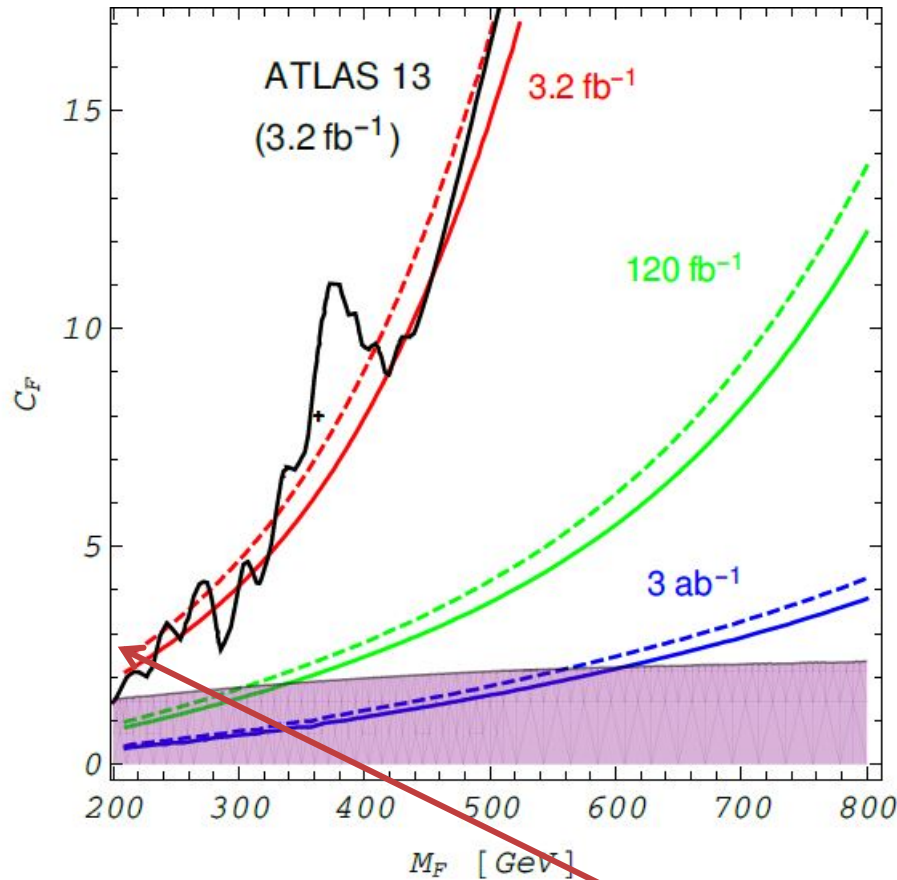


y axis : $C_X = N_X S_2 Q^2$

\swarrow \swarrow \swarrow
 # of ptc Dynkin index electric charge

There is no more possibility of colored and charged particle which is excluded by this plot.

Exclusion Plot (without interference)



y axis : $C_X = N_X S_2 Q^2$

\swarrow \swarrow \swarrow
 # of ptc Dynkin index electric charge

There is no more possibility of colored and charged particle which is excluded by this plot.

e.g) 200 GeV vector-like quark with charge 5/3

Summary

- Without any hint of detail of BSM in the nature, $gg \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ channel gives the most conservative exclusion for color charged and electric charged particles.
- For large $C_X = N_X S_2 Q^2$, the spectrum shape seems like a bump at the threshold with broad **width**.
(If the large width of 750 GeV excess is confirmed, then this scenario should be considered seriously)
- For small $C_X = N_X S_2 Q^2$, the interference effect becomes important and the spectrum shape seems like a dip (e.g. top threshold; expected to be observed at the end of runII).