

EDMs as probes of SUSY

Isabella Masina (CERN)

OUTLINE:

0* Warning: here Lepton EDM (LEDM)

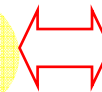
1* Constraints from LEDMs on slepton masses

2* LEDMs from **RGE-induced CPV Sources**

- See-Saw

- See-Saw + minSU(5)

- Semi-Realistic SO(10)



potentially
observable LFV!

3* Outlook

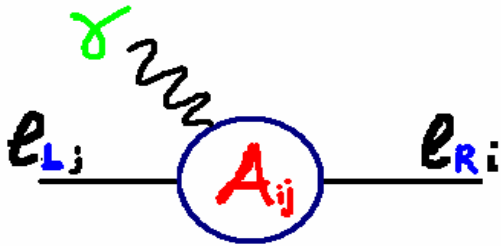
Beyond SM & ALL from DIPOLE OPERATOR

$$BR(l_i \rightarrow l_j \gamma) \propto |A_{ij}|^2$$

$$\delta a_{l_i} = \text{Re} A_{ii}$$

$$d_{l_i} = \text{Im} A_{ii}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{d=5} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi}_{Ri} \overset{\text{NewPhys}}{\text{A}_{ij}} \psi_{Lj} \sigma^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} + h.c.$$



$$\approx \frac{\overset{\text{e.m. charge}}{e} \overset{\text{chir flip}}{m_i}}{(4\pi)^2}$$

1-loop NP
loop factor

$$\frac{\sqrt{\overset{\text{adim coupl of NP with lept}}{A_{ij}}}}{M^2}$$

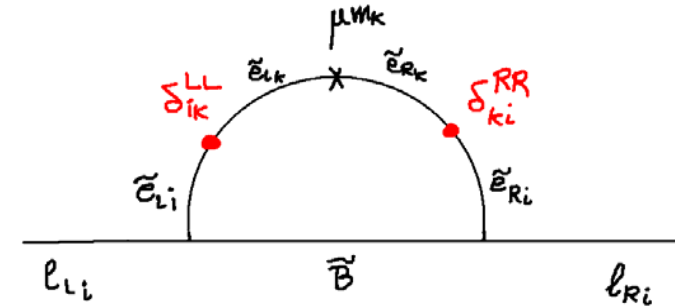
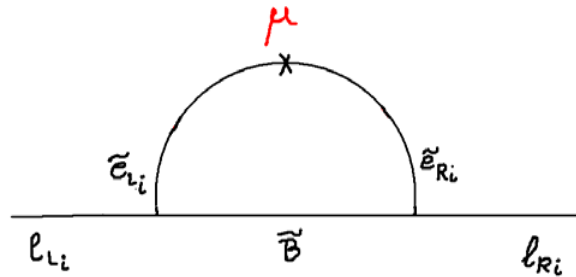
encodes F&CP violations
NP mass scale

Expansion in powers of the FV δ 's

$$BR(l_i \rightarrow l_j \gamma) \propto |A_{ij}|^2 = f_{LL} |\delta_{ji}^{LL}|^2 + f_{RR} |\delta_{ji}^{RR}|^2 + f_{LR} |\delta_{ji}^{LR}|^2 + f_{RL} |\delta_{ji}^{RL}|^2 + \dots$$

$$\delta a_{l_i} = \text{Re} A_{ii} = f_\mu m_{l_i}^2 \text{Re} \mu + \dots$$

$$d_{l_i} = \text{Im} A_{ii} = \underbrace{f_\mu m_{l_i} \text{Arg} \mu + f_a m_{l_i} \text{Im} a_i}_{\text{FC}} + \underbrace{f_{LLRR} \text{Im}(\delta^{LL} m_\ell \delta^{RR})_{ii}}_{\text{FV}} + \dots$$



$$BR(l_i \rightarrow l_j \gamma) \propto |A_{ij}|^2 = f_{LL} |\delta_{ji}^{LL}|^2 + f_{RR} |\delta_{ji}^{RR}|^2 + f_{LR} |\delta_{ji}^{LR}|^2 + f_{RL} |\delta_{ji}^{RL}|^2 + \dots$$

$$\delta a_{l_i} = \text{Re} A_{ii} = f_\mu m_{l_i}^2 \text{Re} \mu + \dots$$

$$d_{l_i} = \text{Im} A_{ii} = \underbrace{f_\mu m_{l_i} \text{Arg} \mu + f_a m_{l_i} \text{Im} a_i}_{\text{FC}} + \underbrace{f_{LLRR} \text{Im}(\delta^{LL} m_\ell \delta^{RR})_{ii}}_{\text{FV}} + \dots$$

No canc: pr lim in mSugra in susy region preferred by g_μ with $\text{tg}\beta=10$

[For more details see e.g.: IM&Savoy, ph/0211283]

$$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma \Rightarrow |\delta_{21}^{LL}| \leq 10^{-3} \quad |\delta_{21}^{RR}| \leq (10^{-2} - 1)$$

$$d_e \Rightarrow \text{Arg} \mu \leq 2 \times 10^{-3} \quad \text{Im} a_e / m_R \leq 0.2 \quad \text{Im}(\delta^{LL} m_l \delta^{RR})_{ee} / m_\tau \leq 10^{-5}$$

$$d_\mu @ 10^{-23} \text{ecm} \Rightarrow \text{Arg} \mu \leq 10^{-1} \quad - \quad \text{Im}(\delta^{LL} m_l \delta^{RR})_{\mu\mu} / m_\tau \leq 10^{-1}$$

$$BR(l_i \rightarrow l_j \gamma) \propto |A_{ij}|^2 = f_{LL} |\delta_{ji}^{LL}|^2 + f_{RR} |\delta_{ji}^{RR}|^2 + f_{LR} |\delta_{ji}^{LR}|^2 + f_{RL} |\delta_{ji}^{RL}|^2 + \dots$$

$$\delta a_{l_i} = \text{Re} A_{ii} = f_\mu m_{l_i}^2 \text{Re} \mu + \dots$$

$$d_{l_i} = \text{Im} A_{ii} = \underbrace{f_\mu m_{l_i} \text{Arg} \mu}_{\text{FC}} + \underbrace{f_a m_{l_i} \text{Im} a_i}_{\text{Scaling violation (in general)}} + \underbrace{f_{LLRR} \text{Im}(\delta^{LL} m_\ell \delta^{RR})_{ii}}_{\text{FV}} + \dots$$

Scaling $d_e/m_e = d_\mu/m_\mu$
FC
Scaling violation (in general)
FV

No canc: pr lim in mSugra in susy region preferred by g_μ with $\text{tg}\beta=10$

[For more details see e.g.: IM&Savoy, ph/0211283]

$$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma \Rightarrow |\delta_{21}^{LL}| \leq 10^{-3} \quad |\delta_{21}^{RR}| \leq (10^{-2} - 1)$$

$$d_e \Rightarrow \text{Arg} \mu \leq 2 \times 10^{-3} \quad \text{Im} a_e / m_R \leq 0.2 \quad \text{Im}(\delta^{LL} m_l \delta^{RR})_{ee} / m_\tau \leq 10^{-5}$$

would need $d_\mu @ 2 \times 10^{-25} \text{ ecm}$

Measure of $d_\mu = \text{scaling violation} \rightarrow$

Focus on CPV sources which violate scaling

a-term and FV δ 's a source of EDM

At low energy

$$\begin{aligned}
 a &= \cancel{a(0)} + a(\text{rad}) \\
 \delta &= \cancel{\delta(0)} + \delta(\text{rad})
 \end{aligned}$$

in soft masses at M_{Pl}
 Assume **INHIBITION**
 mechanism at work (e.g. mSUGRA)

radiatively induced running from M_{Pl} to m_{susy}
 by **FV&CPV YUKAWAS** of **Heavy States**

LFV exp's are testing the rad !!!

What about EDM exp's ?

1) See-Saw: ν^c

$$L_{\text{SS}} = \nu^c \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{Dirac } \nu\text{-Yukawa} \\ \text{coupling}}}{Y_\nu} \nu H_D^u + \nu^c \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \nu^c \text{ mass matrix}}}{M_R} \nu^c$$

2) GUTs: $\nu^c + H_T$

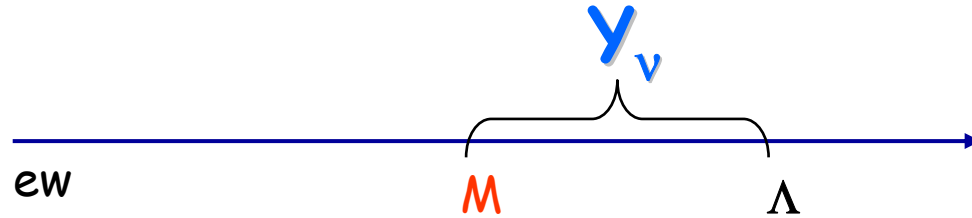
\uparrow
 Heavy colored Higgs Triplets
 (inducing p-decay)
 e.g. in SU(5):
 $5 = (H_D, H_T) \quad \bar{5} = (\bar{H}_D, \bar{H}_T)$

See-Saw

[RomaninoStrumia; EllisHisanoLolaRaidalShimizu; MSavoy; FarzanPeskin; ...]

See-Saw ν^c -deg

Solve RGE approx



LFV: at 1° order
(basis $Y_e = \text{diag}$)

[’86 BorzumatiMasiero]

$$1 \gg \delta_{ij}^{LL} \propto (Y_\nu^\dagger Y_\nu)_{ij} \ln \frac{\Lambda}{M}$$

**strong impact
on SS models!**

EDM

needs $\text{Im}(\text{non-herm})_{ii}$

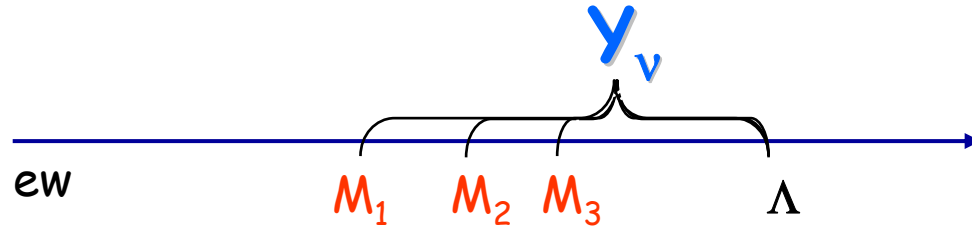
-> go at 4° order $\text{Im}(Y_\nu^\dagger Y_\nu [Y_\nu^\dagger Y_\nu, Y_\ell^\dagger Y_\ell] Y_\nu^\dagger Y_\nu)_{ii}$

a negligible effect...

deg->hier : EDM get STRONGLY enhanced, LFV not

See-Saw ν^c -hier

Solve RGE approx



LFV: at 1° order

$$\delta_{ij}^{LL} \propto \sum_{k=1,2,3} Y_{\nu ik}^\dagger \ln \frac{\Lambda}{M_k} Y_{\nu kj} = (C^k)_{ij} \text{ strong impact on SS models!}$$

EDM

FC: at 2° order
[’01 EllisHisanoLolaRaidalShimizu]

$$\text{Im}(a_i) \propto \sum_{k>k'} \frac{\ln(M_k/M_{k'})}{\ln(\Lambda/M_{k'})} \text{Im}(C^k C^{k'})_{ii}$$

FV: at 3° order \star $\text{tg}\beta^3$
[’03 IM]

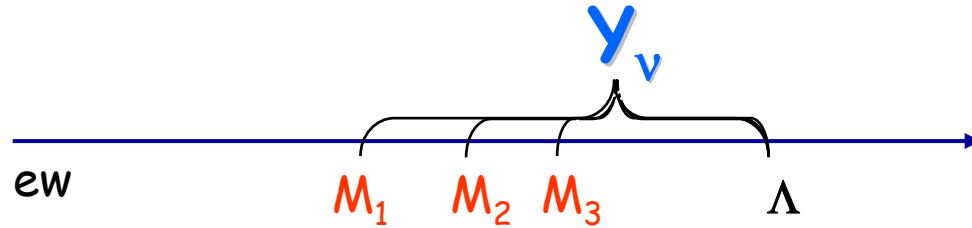
$$\text{Im}(\delta^{RR} m_\ell \delta^{LL})_{ii} \propto \sum_{k>k'} \tilde{\ln}_{k'}^k \text{Im}(C^k m_\ell^2 C^{k'})_{ii}$$

dominant for $\text{tg}\beta > 10$

[formulae written as in IM&Savoy, ph/0501166]

See-Saw ν^c -hier

Solve RGE approx



LFV: at 1° order

$$\delta_{ij}^{LL} \propto \sum_{k=1,2,3} Y_{\nu ik}^\dagger \ln \frac{\Lambda}{M_k} Y_{\nu kj} = (C^k)_{ij} \quad \text{strong impact on SS models!}$$

EDM

FC: at 2° order

[’01 EllisHisanoLolaRaidalShimizu]

$$\text{Im}(a_i) \propto \sum_{k>k'} \frac{\ln(M_k/M_{k'})}{\ln(\Lambda/M_{k'})} \text{Im}(C^k C^{k'})_{ii}$$

FV: at 3° order

[’03 IM]

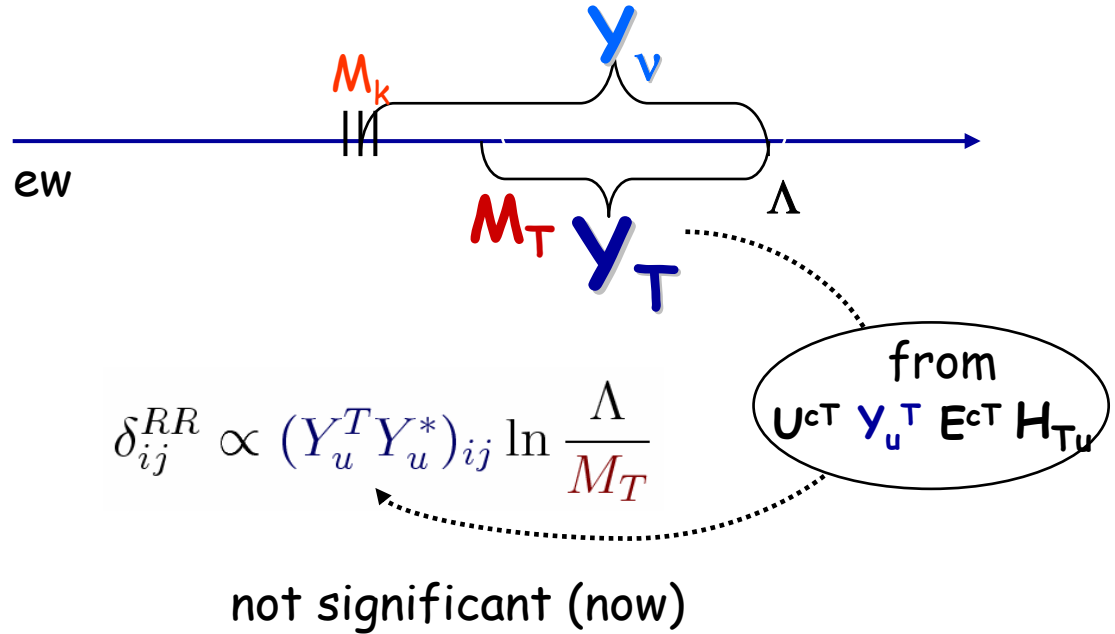
$$\text{Im}(\delta^{RR} m_\ell \delta^{LL})_{ii} \propto \sum_{k>k'} \tilde{\ln}_{k'}^k \text{Im}(C^k m_\ell^2 C^{k'})_{ii}$$

$g_\mu - 2$ region with $\text{tg}\beta = 20$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} d_\mu^{SS} \bullet 10^{-25} \text{ ecm} \text{ below planned...} \\ d_{e27}^{SS} \bullet 1/2 \times 10^{-27} \text{ ecm} \text{ At hand! Strong SS-model dependence} \end{array} \right.$

See-Saw + minSU(5)

[BarbieriHallStrumia; Hisano&ManyManyJapanese;]

See-Saw+mSU(5)



LFV at 1^o order:

$$\delta_{ij}^{LL} \propto \sum_k Y_{\nu ik}^\dagger \ln \frac{\Lambda}{M_k} Y_{\nu kj} = C_{ij}$$

not changed

EDM [03 IM]

FC: at 2^o order

$$\text{Im}(a_i) \propto \sum_{k>k'} \frac{\ln(M_k/M_{k'})}{\ln(\Lambda/M_{k'})} \text{Im}(C^{ik} C^{k'i})$$

same as only See-Saw

⑥

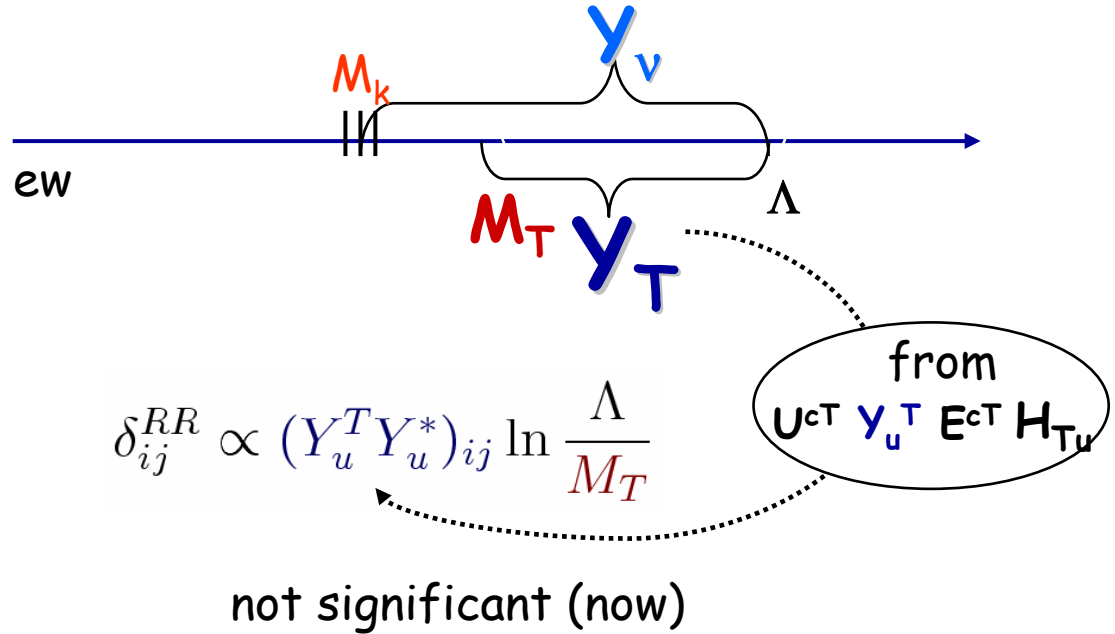
FV: at 2^o order ★ tgβ

$$\text{Im}(\delta^{RR} m_\ell \delta^{LL})_{ii} \propto \text{Im}(C m_\ell Y_u^T Y_u^*)_{ii} \ln \frac{\Lambda}{M_T}$$

MIXED

See-Saw+mSU(5)

even w/v^c-deg



LFV at 1^o order:

$$\delta_{ij}^{LL} \propto \sum_k Y_{\nu ik}^\dagger \ln \frac{\Lambda}{M_k} Y_{\nu kj} = C_{ij}$$

not changed

$$\delta_{ij}^{RR} \propto (Y_u^T Y_u^*)_{ij} \ln \frac{\Lambda}{M_T}$$

not significant (now)

EDM [03 IM]

FC: at 2^o order

$$\text{Im}(a_i) \propto \sum_{k>k'} \frac{\ln(M_k/M_{k'})}{\ln(\Lambda/M_{k'})} \text{Im}(C^{ik} C^{k'i})$$

⑥

FV: at 2^o order ★ tgβ

$$\text{Im}(\delta^{RR} m_\ell \delta^{LL})_{ii} \propto \text{Im}(C m_\ell Y_u^T Y_u^*)_{ii} \ln \frac{\Lambda}{M_T}$$

g_μ region, $\text{tg}\beta=20$
 $M_T=2 \times 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$
 $M_3=10^{15} \text{ GeV}$

$d_{\mu}^{SS5} \bullet 5 \times 10^{-25} \text{ ecm}$ below planned...
 $d_e^{SS5} \bullet 10^{-25} \text{ ecm}$ ABOVE present! $\rightarrow \text{Im}(e^{-i\beta} C_{13}) < 0.1$

N.B. minSU(5) ruled out by p-decay induced by H_T
(that requires $M_T \gg M_{GUT}$)

More realistic GUTs

e.g. in **SO(10)** p-decay rate can be suppressed by introducing more Higgs triplets with particular mass matrix

What predictions for d_e ?

Semi-Realistic SO(10)

Introduce: $16_i = 10_H^u = (H_D^u, H_T^u) + (\bar{H}_D^u, \bar{H}_T^u) \quad 10_H^d = (H_D^d, H_T^d) + (\bar{H}_D^d, \bar{H}_T^d)$

Fermion Masses

u-quarks & Dirac- ν $Y_u = Y_\nu$

d-quarks & ch-lept $Y_d = Y_e$

\rightarrow T-Yukawas determined

Masses of

DOUBLETS

$$\begin{matrix} \bar{H}_D^d \\ \bar{H}_D^u \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} H_D^u & H_D^d \\ e.w. & 0 \\ 0 & M_{GUT} \end{bmatrix}$$

TRIPLETS

(splitting problem)

$$\begin{matrix} \bar{H}_T^d \\ \bar{H}_D^u \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} H_T^u & H_T^d \\ ? & ? \end{bmatrix} \times M_{GUT}$$

deg

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

cpD

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & r \end{pmatrix}$$

(as D-W!)

$r < 1$

$p \rightarrow K^+ \nu$

VS

d_e

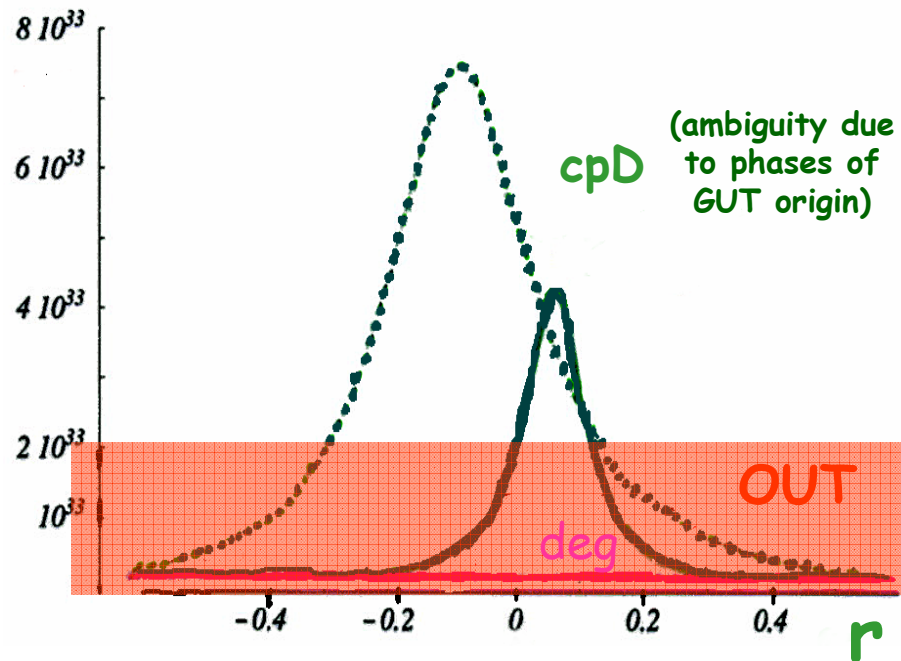
From d=5 op generated by TRIPLET exchange
['82: Weinberg, Sakai, Yanagida, ...]

τ_p depends A LOT on M_T -structure

deg: KO cpD: SAFE

g_μ region & $\tan\beta=3$

τ_p [yrs]



$p \rightarrow K^+ \nu$

VS

d_e

From d=5 op generated by TRIPLET exchange
['82: Weinberg, Sakai, Yanagida, ...]

τ_p depends A LOT on M_T -structure

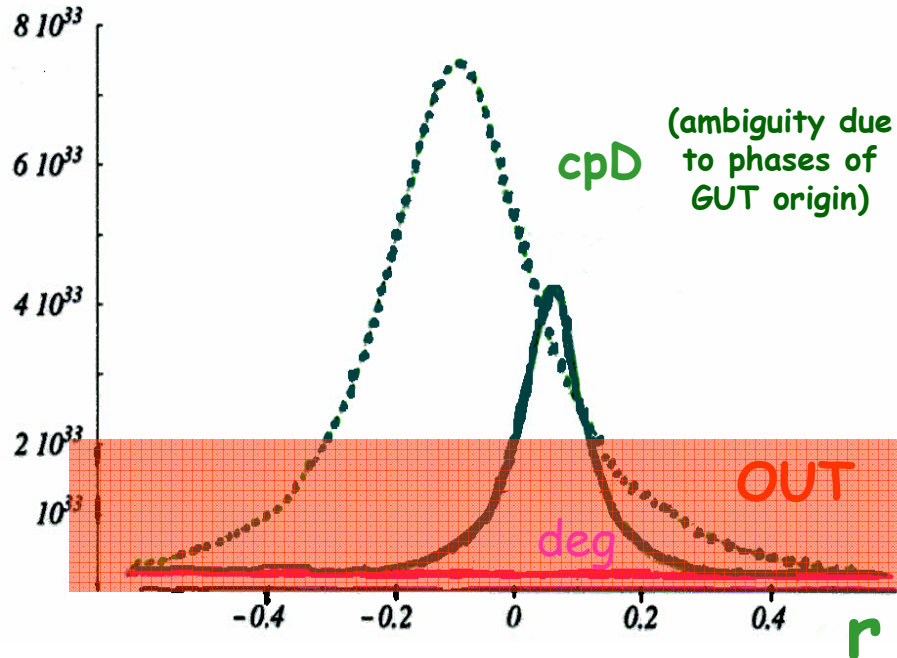
deg: KO cpD: SAFE

g_μ region & $\tan\beta=3$

From RGE where contributions of the
many heavy states sum up

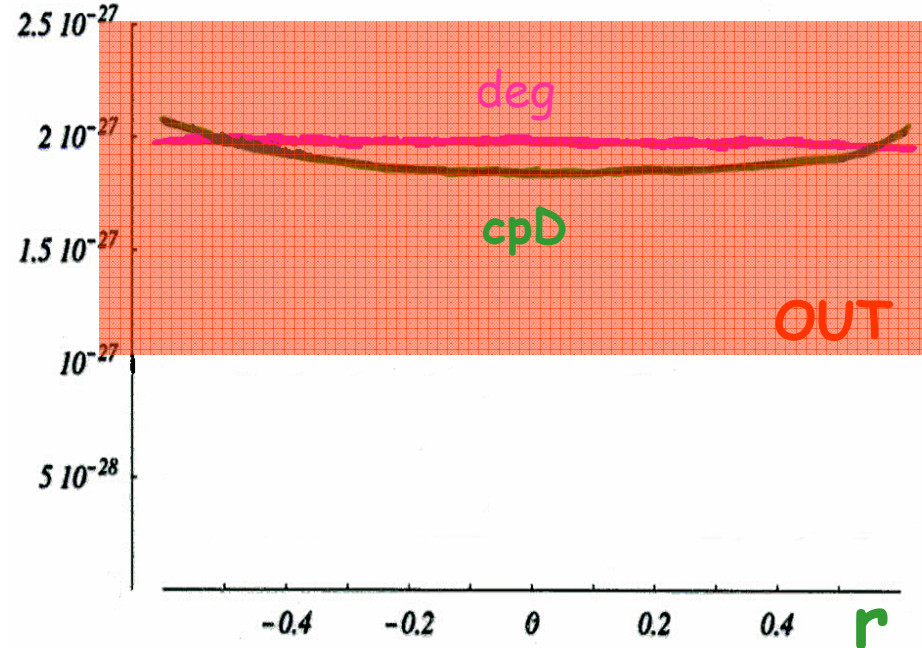
d_e INSENSITIVE to M_T -structure

τ_p [yrs]



d_e [ecm]

With (naturally)
O(1) phase:



Complementary in constraining SUSY GUTs

In this model

$$\frac{d_\mu}{d_e} \sim \left| \frac{V_{ts}}{V_{td}} \right|^2 \approx 25$$

$d_\mu < \text{planned}$

When $d_\mu > \text{planned}$?

May happen in L-R symm GUT models

[see: '00 BabuDuttaMohapatra]

Outlook

EDMs are effective probes of TeV-scale NP beyond SM
in particular SUSY

Even though it is interesting to compare their sensitivities by considering just ONE CPV source (like $\text{Arg}\mu$ in SUSY) in general EDMs probe many different CPV sources

➔ This is the case for RGE-induced LEDMs where CPV sources are Heavy State's Yukawas

{ See-Saw: EDMs generically below exp sensitivity
GUTs: EDMs possibly at hand

Planned EDM exp's have a strong impact on susy/seesaw/GUTs