



(C) Peter Ginter (2002)

$b \rightarrow s$ transition CP
measurements
and
 γ extraction in $B \rightarrow DK$

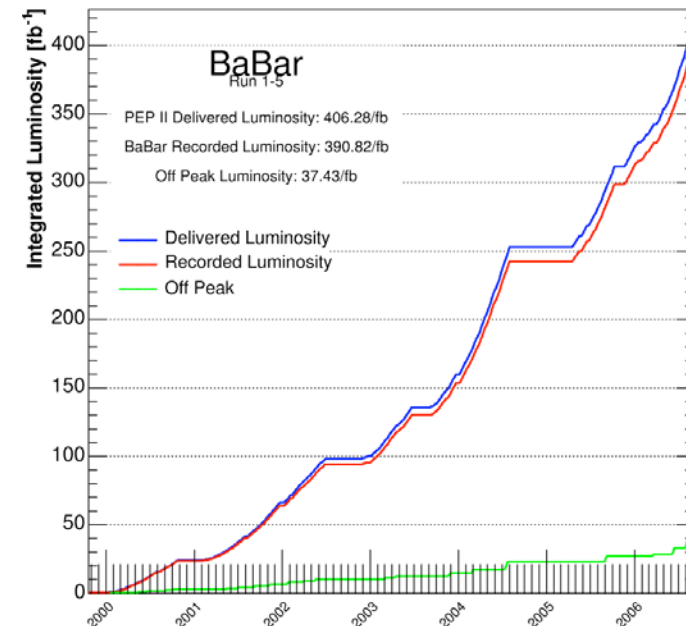


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LHC Flavour Workshop
Oct 2006

Summary

- $b \rightarrow s$ penguin transition
 - time-dependent CP measurements
 - Is New Physics or just Standard Model ?
 - Summary of experimental results in several channels
 $B^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-K^0, \eta'K^0, K_S K_S K_S, \omega K_S, \rho K_S, \pi^0 K_S$
- γ extraction
 - Various method: GLW, ADS, Dalitz
 - Concentrate on some detail
 - Dalitz Model
 - systematics for γ

2006 summer results



Is there New Physics in $b \rightarrow s$?

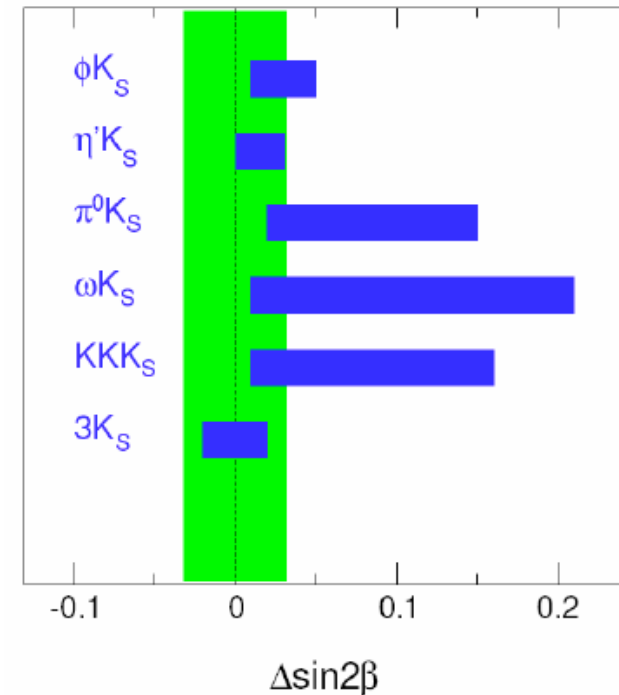
- $b \rightarrow c$ measure $\sin(2\beta)$
with small theoretical unc.
(0.1-1%)

In the SM:

$$\mathbf{S}_f = -\eta_{\text{CP}} \sin 2\beta_{\text{eff}}^f \sim -\eta_{\text{CP}} \sin 2\beta$$
$$\mathbf{C}_f \sim 0$$

$\Delta S_f = \sin 2\beta_{\text{eff}}^f - \sin 2\beta \neq 0$ can be explained inside the SM

- Positive deviation ? (in QCDF)



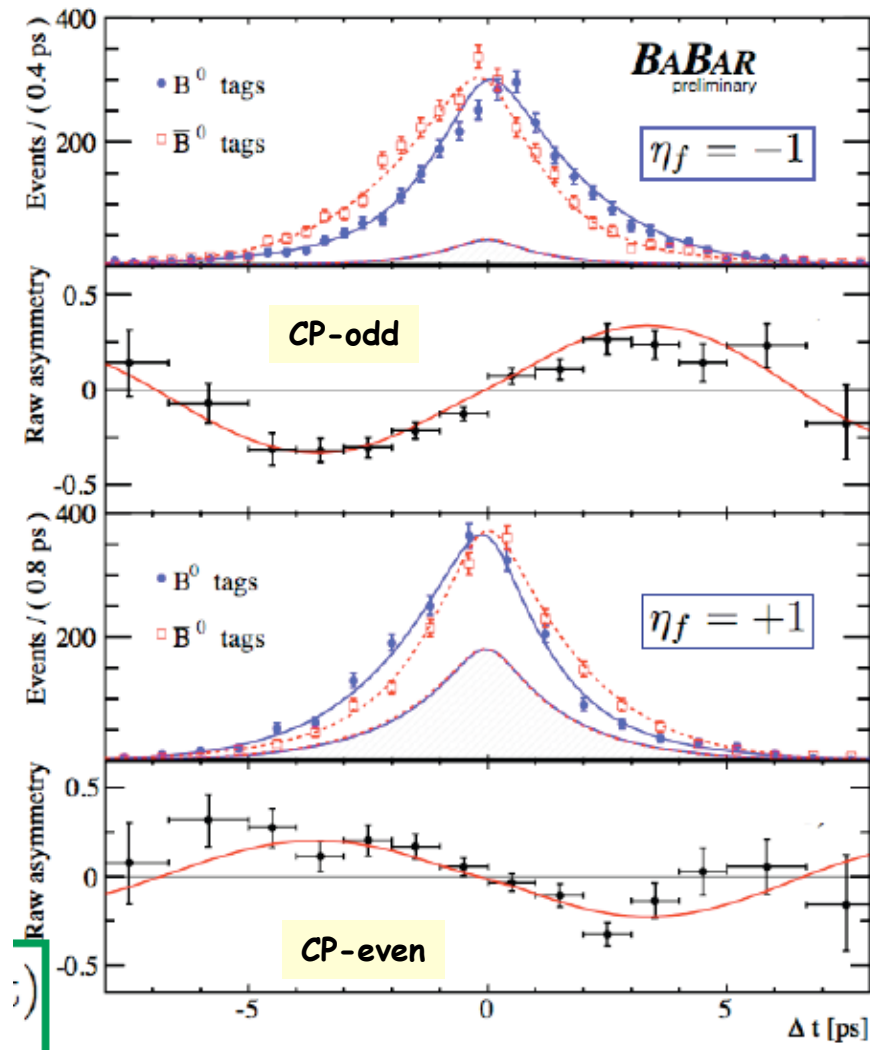
QCDF (Beneke, PLB620 (2005) 143-150; Cheng, Chua, Soni, PRD72 (2005) 094003; ...) and SCET (Williamson, Zupan, hep-ph/0601214) allows to estimate ΔS :

Analysis technique

- ➡ Particle ID to separate charged particles (kaons and pions)
- ➡ K_L^0 candidates reconstructed in EMC or IFR
- ➡ B -flavor tagging: NN-based, output sorted in 6 independent categories (plus untagged events)
- ➡ Unbinned maximum-likelihood fit using m_{ES} (m_B), ΔE (m_{miss}), the resonance mass and decay angle, the MVA, and Δt
- ➡ Likelihood components are signal (corrected and misreconstructed), continuum background, charmed and charmless B -related backgrounds

$\sin(2\beta)$ in $(c\bar{c})$ s BaBar

347M $B\bar{B}$



$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^0,$
 $\psi(2S)K_S,$
 $\eta_c K_S,$
 $\chi_{c1} K_S,$
 $J/\psi K^{*0}$

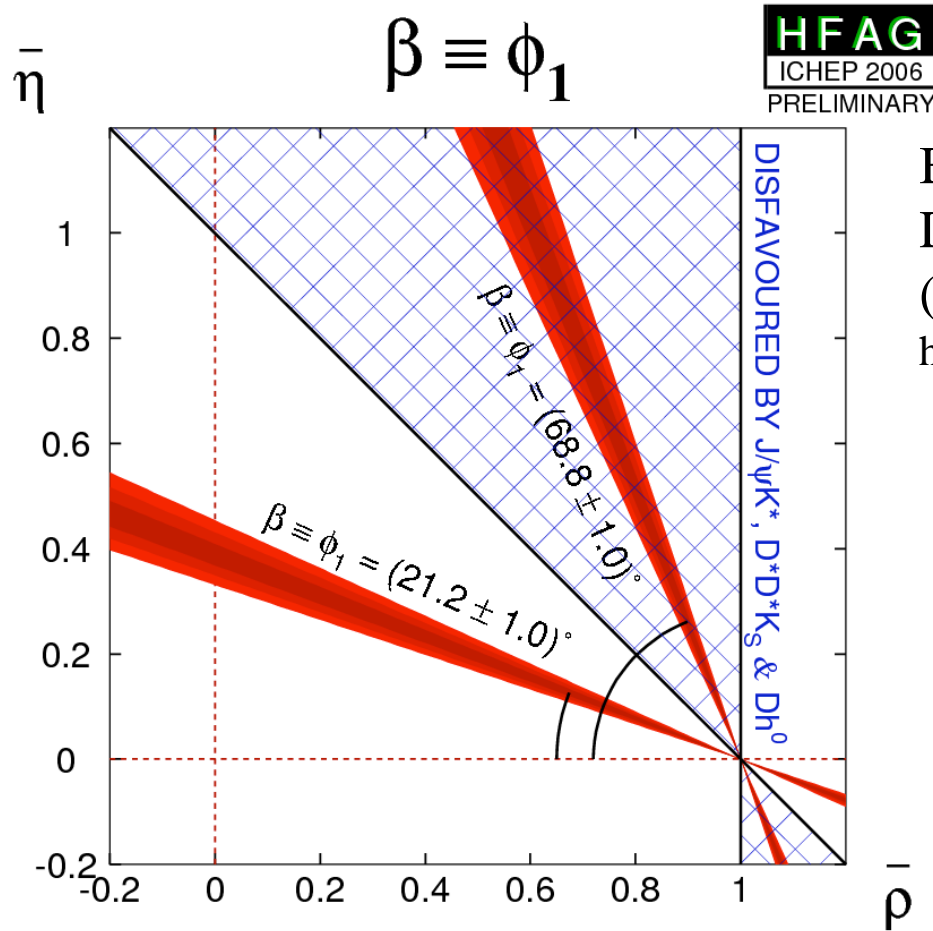
$$\sin(2\beta) = 0.710 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.019$$

$$A = -0.070 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.018$$

Averages over all modes,
In the process of splitting them...

$$\sin(2\beta)_{WA} = 0.674 \pm 0.026$$

Measuring β



$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*+} D^{*-} K_S$

Dalitz time dependent CP analysis
(94% CL, model-dependent)

hep-ex/0608016

$B^0 \rightarrow D h^0$ ($h^0 = \pi^0$ etc.)

Dalitz time dependent CP analysis

$\rightarrow \cos 2\beta > 0$ BaBar 87% CL

hep-ex/0607105



Dalitz TD CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-K^0$

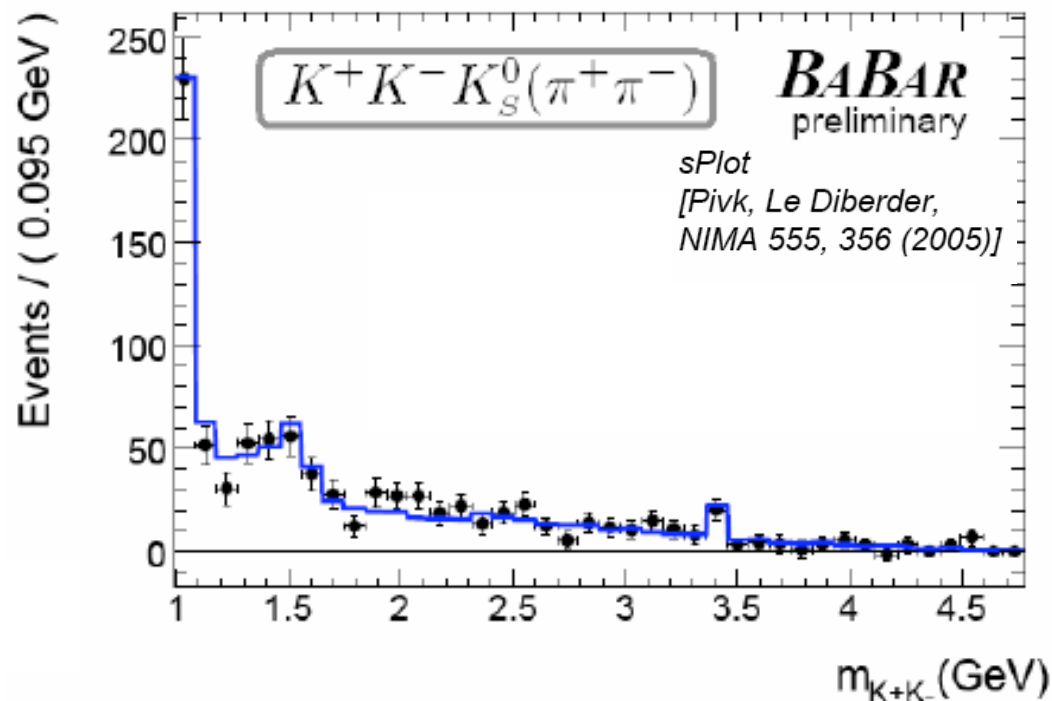
347M $B\bar{B}$

- Obtain CP parameters for 2-body and 3-body modes simultaneously by time-dependent Dalitz fit
 - Isobar model ($\phi(1020)K^0$, $f_0(980)K^0$, $X_0(1550)K^0$, Non-resonant, $\chi_{c0}K^0$, D^+K^- , $D_S^+K^-$)

$$K^+K^-K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$$

$$K^+K^-K_S \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$$

$$K^+K^-K_L$$

 1516 ± 65 $K^+K^-K^0$ signal

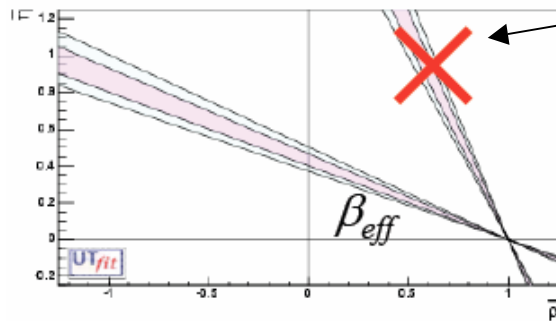


TD CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-K^0$: results

β measurement (not $\sin 2\beta$)

$$A_{CP} = -0.034 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.025$$

$$\beta_{eff} = 0.361 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.037$$

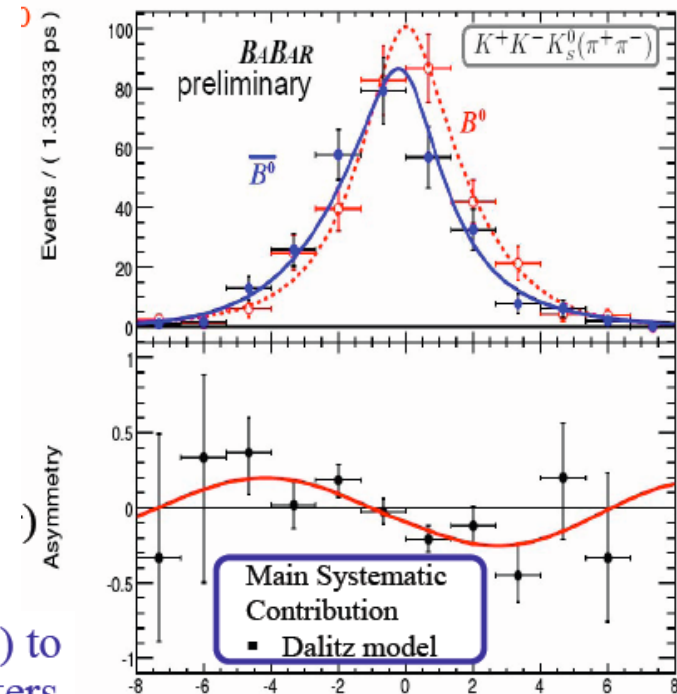


Rejected
(within SM)
 4.6σ

Fit to low mass K^+K^- region (<1.1 GeV) to extract ϕK^0 and $f_0(980)K^0$ CPV parameters

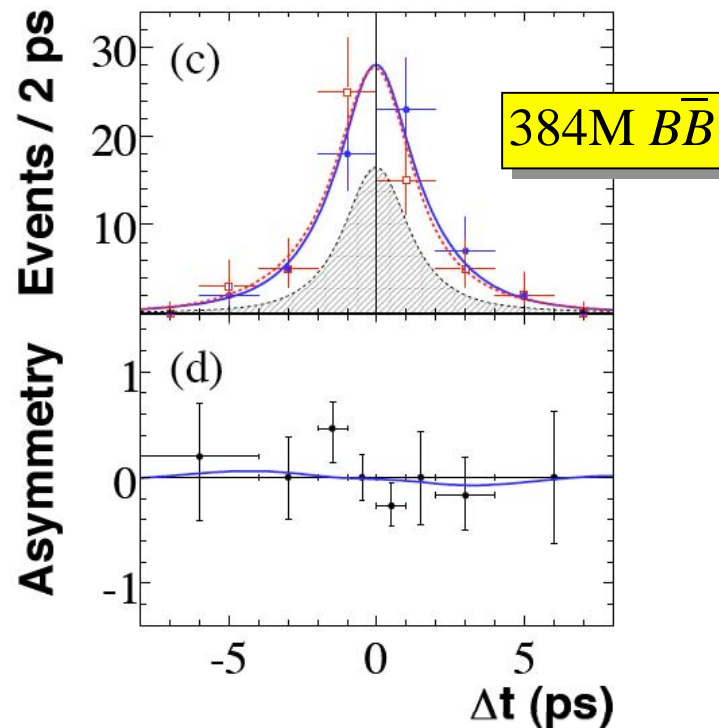
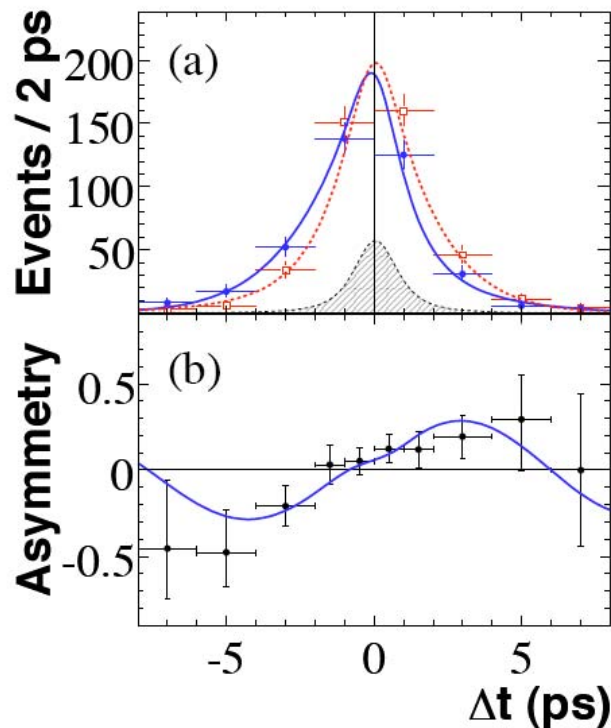
$A_{CP}(\phi K^0)$	$-0.18 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.10$
$\beta_{eff}(\phi K^0)$	$0.06 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.05$
$A_{CP}(f_0 K^0)$	$0.45 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.10$
$\beta_{eff}(f_0 K^0)$	$0.18 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.04$

ϕK^0 : $\sin 2\beta_{eff} = +0.12 \pm 0.31(\text{stat}) \pm 0.10(\text{syst})$



TD CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K^0$

Reconstructed 6 sub-decays: 5 with $K^0 \rightarrow K_S^0$ ($\eta_{CP} = -1$) and 1 with $K^0 \rightarrow K_L^0$ ($\eta_{CP} = +1$), with $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$, and $\eta' \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$, $\rho^0\gamma$, and $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-, \pi^0\pi^0$



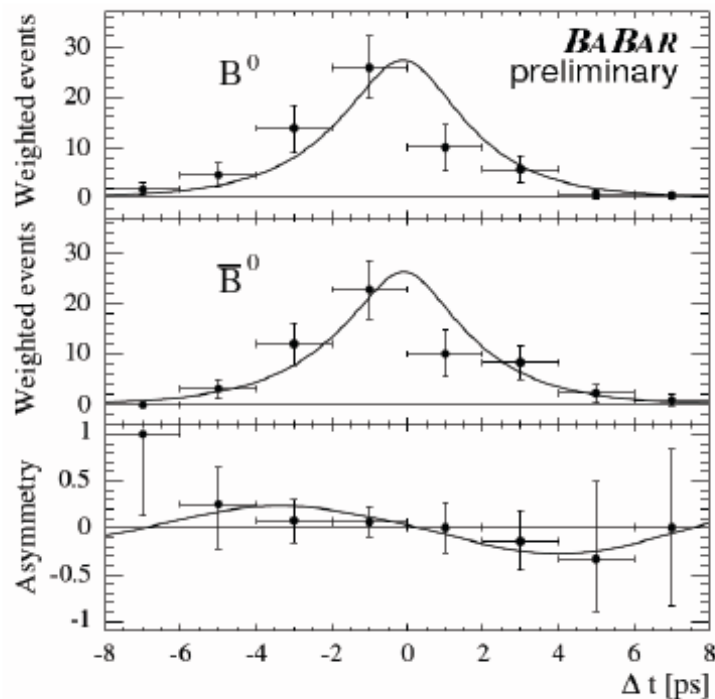
$$\begin{aligned} \text{“sin}2\beta\text{”} &= +0.58 \pm 0.10(\text{stat}) \pm 0.03(\text{syst}) \\ \mathcal{A} &= -0.16 \pm 0.07(\text{stat}) \pm 0.03(\text{syst}) \end{aligned}$$

● Observation of tCPV
($>5\sigma$) in a single $b \rightarrow s$ mode

TD CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow K_S K_S K_S$ Even CP eigenvalue (+1)

require at least 4 SVT hits for both K_S^0 pions (~60% of events) for Δt measurement
 determine Δt from a geometric fit to the $Y(4S) \rightarrow B^0 \bar{B}^0$ system taking in account the Interaction Point and by imposing a Gaussian constrain on the sum of the two B decay times to be equal to $2\tau_B$

keep remaining “no- Δt ” events for direct CPV measurement



347M $B\bar{B}$

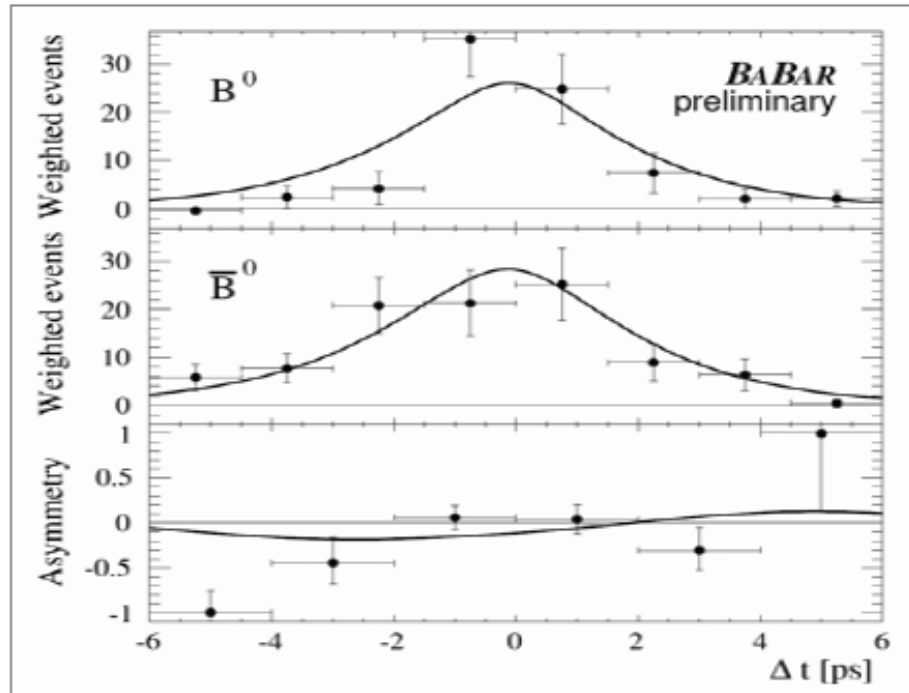


176 ± 17
 $K_S K_S K_S$ signal

“ $\sin 2\beta$ ” = $+0.66 \pm 0.26(\text{stat}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst})$
 \mathcal{A} = $+0.14 \pm 0.22(\text{stat}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst})$

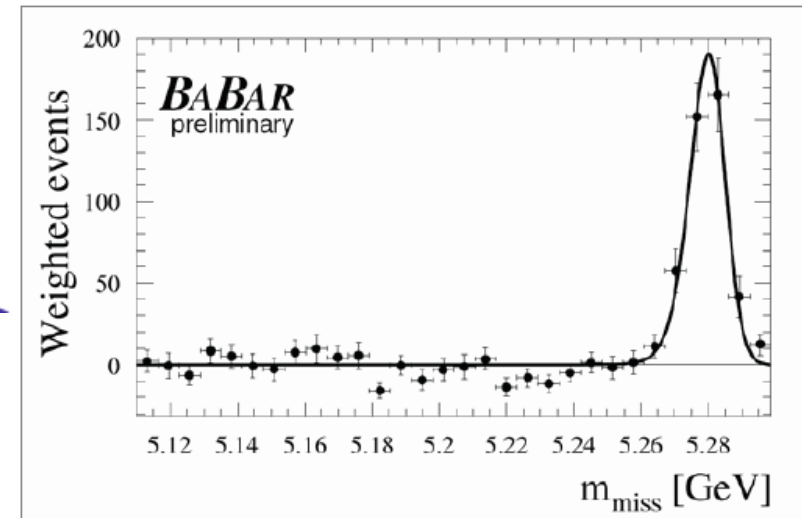


TD CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 K_S$



347M $B\bar{B}$

425 ± 28
 $\pi^0 K_S$ signal

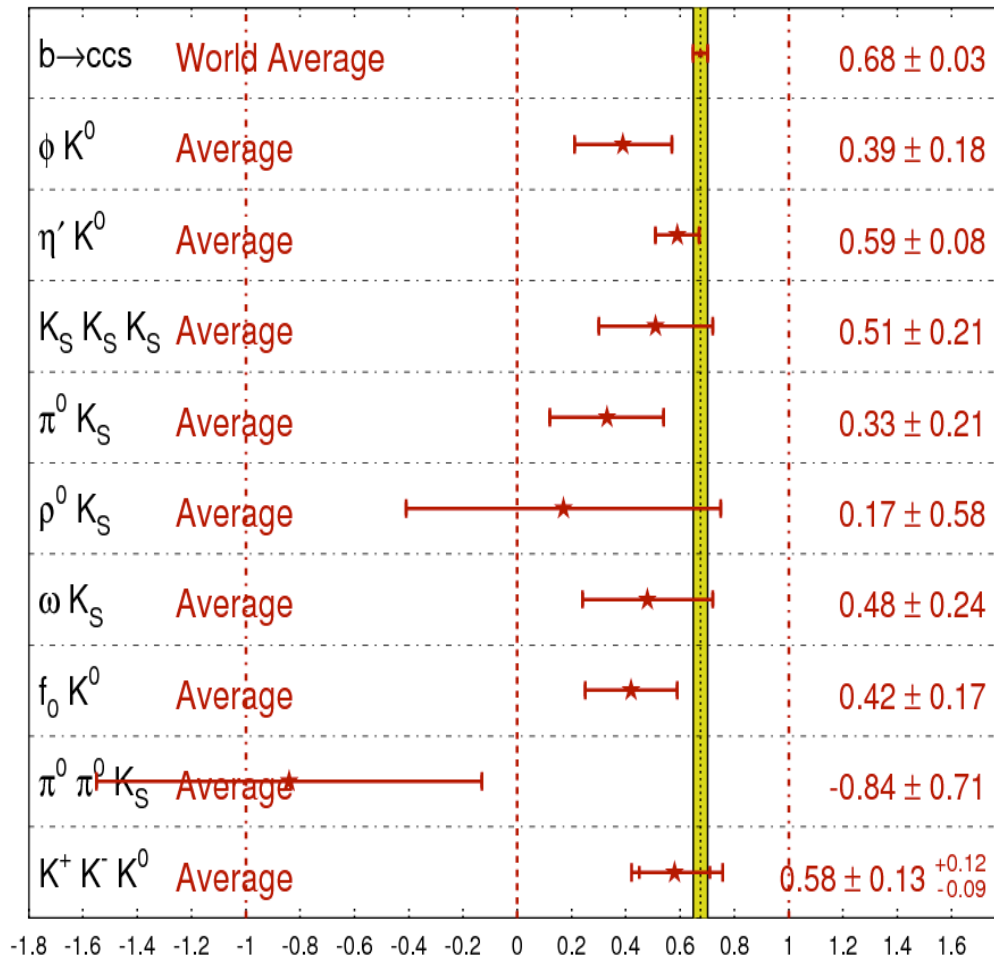


$$\begin{aligned} \text{“sin}2\beta\text{”} &= +0.33 \pm 0.26(\text{stat}) \pm 0.04(\text{syst}) \\ \mathcal{A} &= -0.20 \pm 0.16(\text{stat}) \pm 0.03(\text{syst}) \end{aligned}$$

"sin2β" with $b \rightarrow s$ penguins

$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}})$$

HFAG
ICHEP 2006
PRELIMINARY



Is there a negative trend?

Naïve average of all $b \rightarrow s$ modes

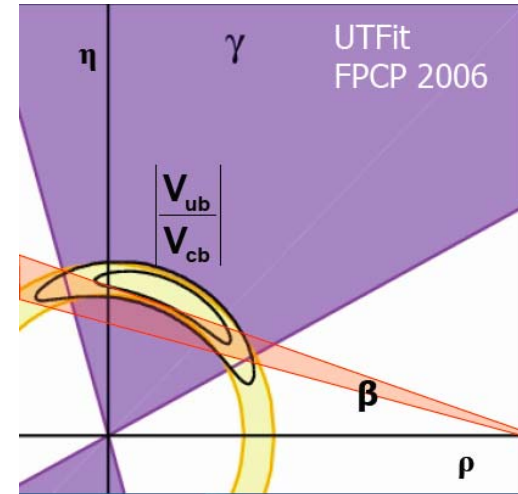
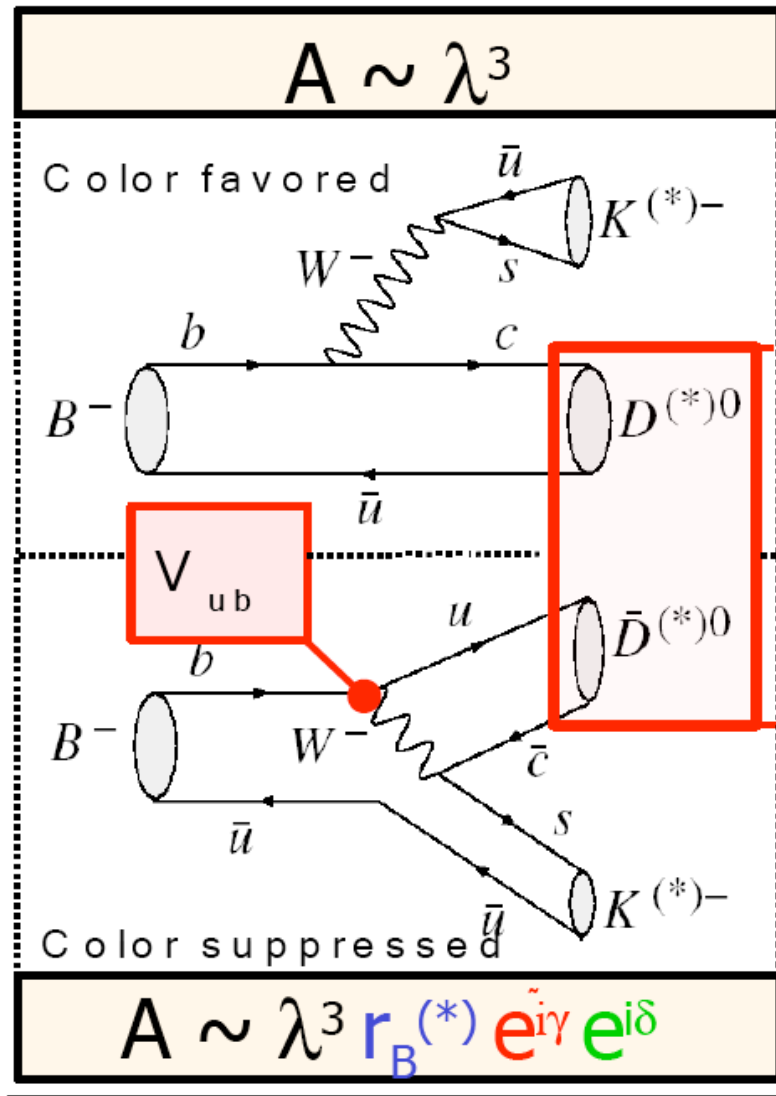
$$\sin 2\beta^{\text{eff}} = 0.52 \pm 0.05$$

$$\sin 2\beta^{\text{ccs}} = 0.674 \pm 0.026$$

*Most of channels have
~0.20 stat error:
more statistics !!!*

Need full Dalitz analysis

γ extraction



Tree-only process,
Constraint for all New Physics
scenarios

$$r_B^{(*)} = \frac{|A(B^- \rightarrow \underline{D}^{(*)0} K^-)|}{|A(B^- \rightarrow D^{(*)0} K^-)|}$$

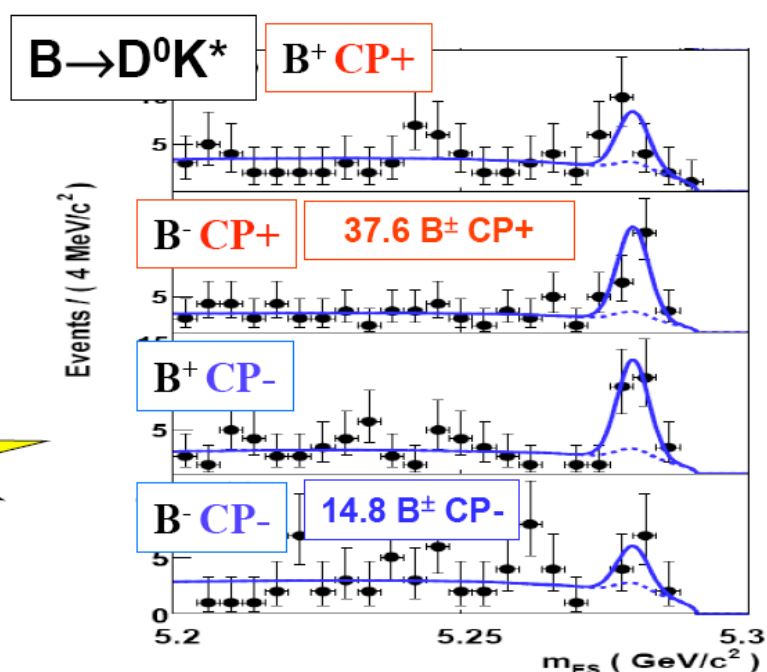
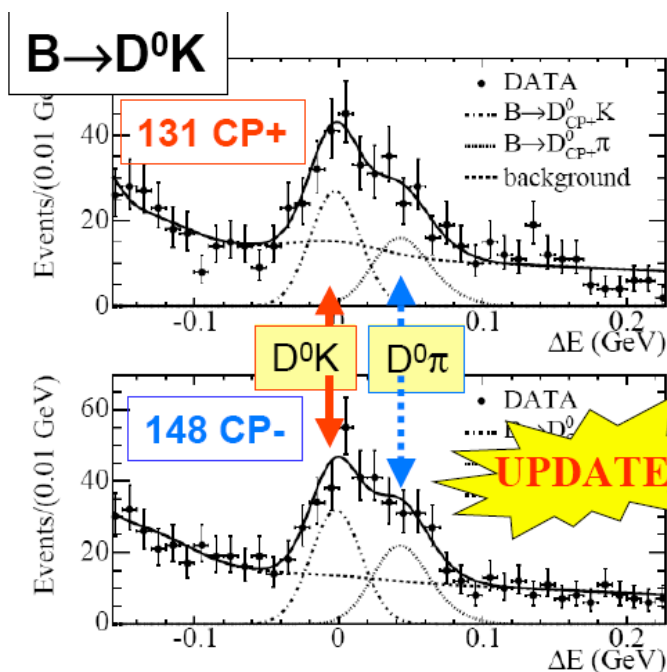
Gronau London Wyler

Reconstruct $D^{(*)0}$ to CP eigenstates $f_{CP\pm}$

$$R_{CP\pm} \equiv \frac{\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow D_{CP\pm}^0 K^-) + \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow D_{CP\pm}^0 K^+)}{2\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow D^0 K^-)} = 1 \pm 2r_B \cos\gamma \cos\delta_B + r_B^2$$

$$A_{CP\pm} \equiv \frac{\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow D_{CP\pm}^0 K^-) - \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow D_{CP\pm}^0 K^+)}{\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow D_{CP\pm}^0 K^-) + \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow D_{CP\pm}^0 K^+)} = \pm 2r_B \sin\gamma \sin\delta_B / R_{CP\pm}$$

$B \rightarrow D_{CP\pm}^0 K, D_{CP\pm}^0 K^*, D^{*0}_{CP+} K$
 $f_{CP+} = KK, \pi\pi$
 $f_{CP-} = K_S \pi^0, K_S \phi, K_S \omega$



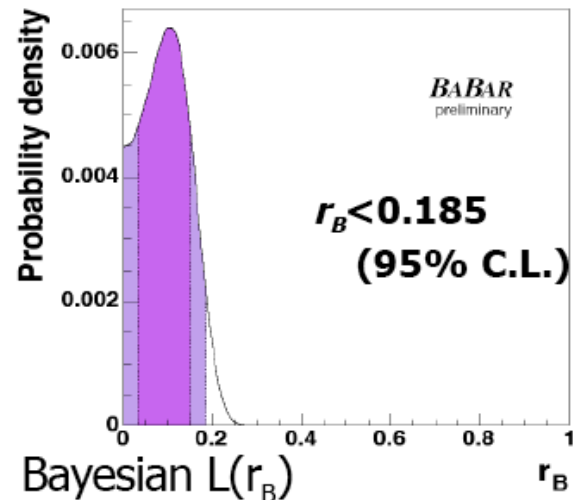
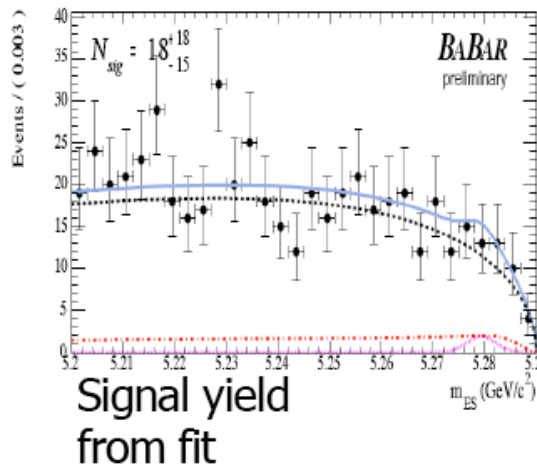
Atwood Dunietz Soni

Color favored	Doubly CKM suppressed	$[K^+ \pi^-]_D K^-$
$B^- \rightarrow D^0 K^-$	$D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	
Color suppressed	CKM allowed	
$B^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 K^-$	$\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	

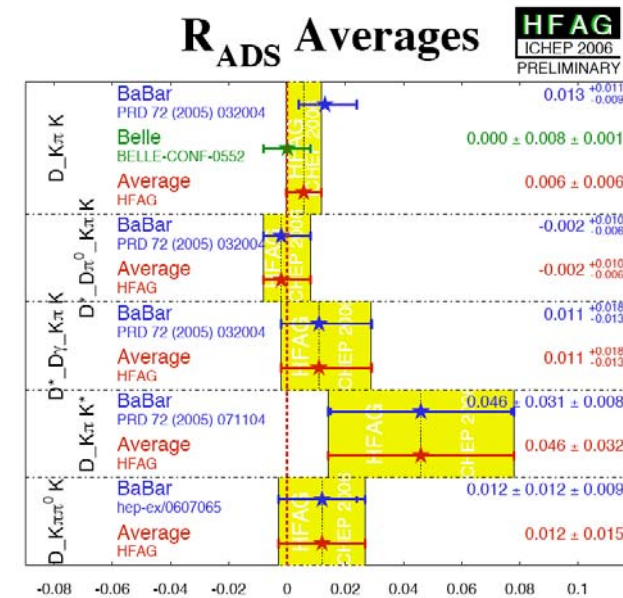
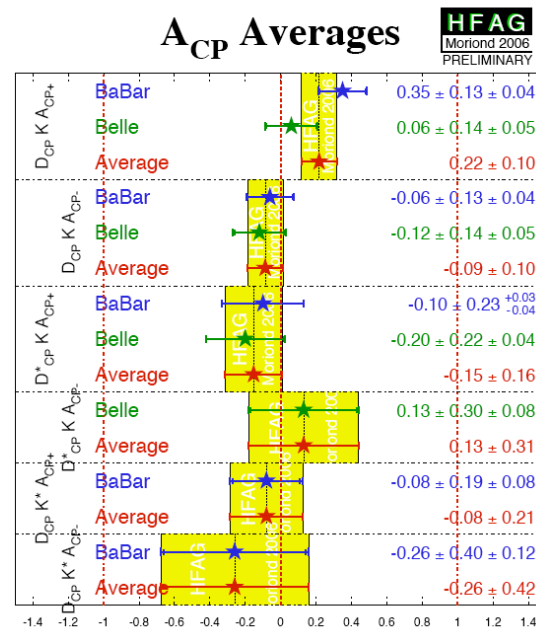
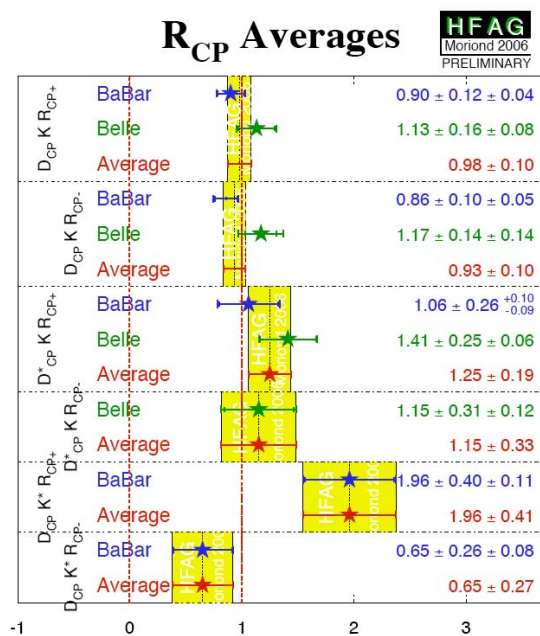
Signature = opposite sign kaons

$$R_{ADS} = \frac{Br([K^+ \pi^-] K^-) + Br([K^- \pi^+] K^+)}{Br([K^- \pi^+] K^-) + Br([K^+ \pi^-] K^+)} = r_D^2 + r_B^2 + 2r_B r_D \cos(\delta_D + \delta_B) \cos \gamma$$

$$A_{ADS} = \frac{Br([K^+ \pi^-] K^-) - Br([K^- \pi^+] K^+)}{Br([K^+ \pi^-] K^-) + Br([K^- \pi^+] K^+)} = 2r_B r_D \sin(\delta_D + \delta_B) \sin \gamma / R_{ADS}$$



Sensitivity only by combining...



– No constraint on γ with current statistics

B → D^{0(*)}(K_Sπ⁺π⁻) K Dalitz

Dalitz model $f_{\pm}(m_{+}^2, m_{-}^2)$ $m_{\pm}^2 = m(K_S^0 \pi^{\pm})^2$

$$\Gamma_{B_{\mp}}(m_{-}^2, m_{+}^2) \propto |f_{\mp}|^2 + r_B^{(*)2} |f_{\pm}|^2 + 2\eta \left\{ x_{\mp}^{(*)} \operatorname{Re}[f_{\pm}^{*} f_{\mp}] + y_{\mp}^{(*)} \operatorname{Im}[f_{\mp} f_{\pm}^{*}] \right\}$$

$\eta = +1$ ($D^0 K$, $D^{*0}[D^0 \pi^0]K$), -1 ($D^{*0}[D^0 \eta]K$)

No mixing and CP violation in charm decay

$$x_{\pm}^{(*)} = r_B^{(*)} \cos(\delta_B^{(*)} \pm \gamma)$$

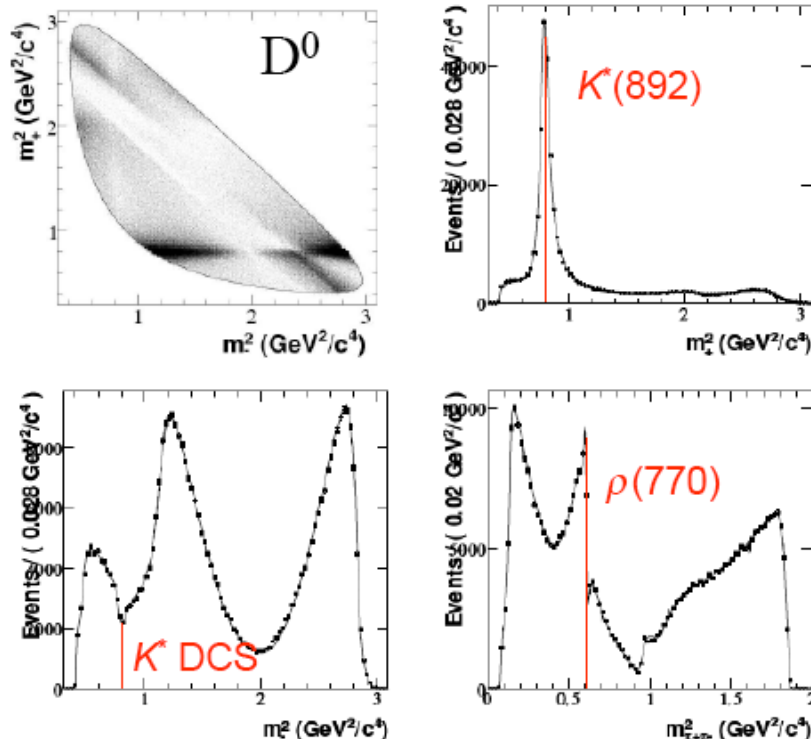
$$y_{\pm}^{(*)} = r_B^{(*)} \sin(\delta_B^{(*)} \pm \gamma)$$

$$r_B^{(*)2} = x_{\pm}^{(*)2} + y_{\pm}^{(*)2}$$

hep-ex/0607104 - 347 *10⁶ BB pairs

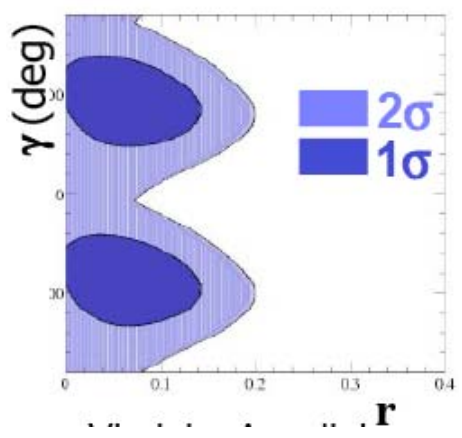
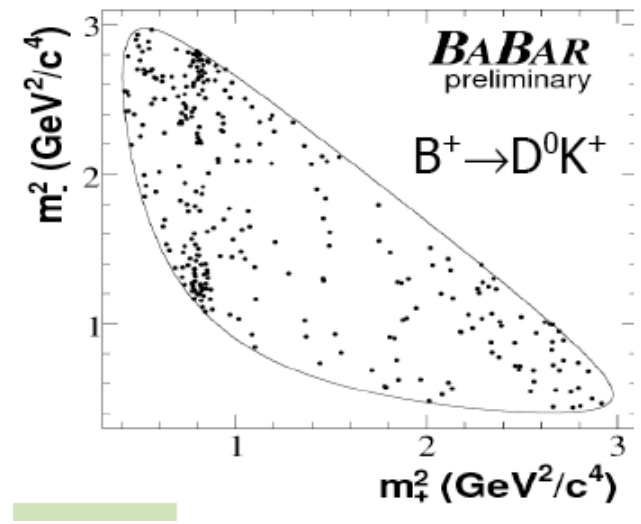
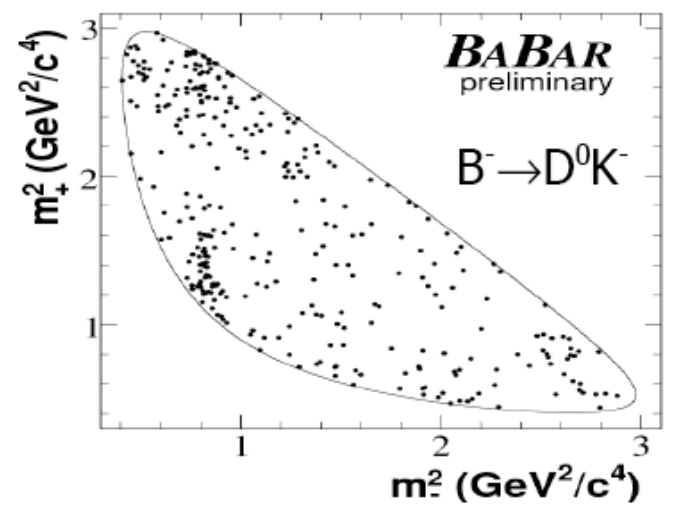
$D^0 \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$: Dalitz model

- From 390000 $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$, $D^0 \rightarrow K_S \pi \pi$ candidates (98% purity)
- ISOBAR model**: 16 Breit-Wigner functions + a constant term
 - parameters from PDG/other experiments (except for σ , σ' , fit from data)
 - K-Matrix formalism to estimate S-wave $\pi\pi$ systematic
 - 8 alternative models to fully evaluate model systematic



Component	$Re\{a_r e^{i\phi_r}\}$	$Im\{a_r e^{i\phi_r}\}$	Fit fraction (%)
$K^*(892)^-$	-1.223 ± 0.011	1.3461 ± 0.0096	58.1
$K_0^*(1430)^-$	-1.698 ± 0.022	-0.576 ± 0.024	6.7
$K_2^*(1430)^-$	-0.834 ± 0.021	0.931 ± 0.022	6.3
$K^*(1410)^-$	-0.248 ± 0.038	-0.108 ± 0.031	0.1
$K^*(1680)^-$	-1.285 ± 0.014	0.205 ± 0.013	0.6
$K^*(892)^+$	0.0997 ± 0.0036	-0.1271 ± 0.0034	0.5
$K_0^*(1430)^+$	-0.027 ± 0.016	-0.076 ± 0.017	0.0
$K_2^*(1430)^+$	0.019 ± 0.017	0.177 ± 0.018	0.1
$\rho(770)$	1	0	21.6
$\omega(782)$	-0.02194 ± 0.00099	0.03942 ± 0.00066	0.7
$f_2(1270)$	-0.699 ± 0.018	0.387 ± 0.018	2.1
$\rho(1450)$	0.253 ± 0.038	0.036 ± 0.055	0.1
Non-resonant	-0.99 ± 0.19	3.82 ± 0.13	8.5
$f_0(980)$	0.4465 ± 0.0057	0.2572 ± 0.0081	6.4
$f_0(1370)$	0.95 ± 0.11	-1.619 ± 0.011	2.0
σ	1.28 ± 0.02	0.273 ± 0.024	7.6
σ'	0.290 ± 0.010	-0.0655 ± 0.0098	0.9

B → D^{0(*)}K: results on γ



x_-	$0.041 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.011$
y_-	$0.056 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.023$
x_+	$-0.072 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.029$
y_+	$-0.033 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.018$
x_-^*	$-0.106 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.009$
y_-^*	$-0.019 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.016$
x_+^*	$0.084 \pm 0.088 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.018$
y_+^*	$0.096 \pm 0.111 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.017$

$$\gamma \text{ mod } 180^\circ = (92 \pm 41 \pm 11 \pm 12)^\circ$$

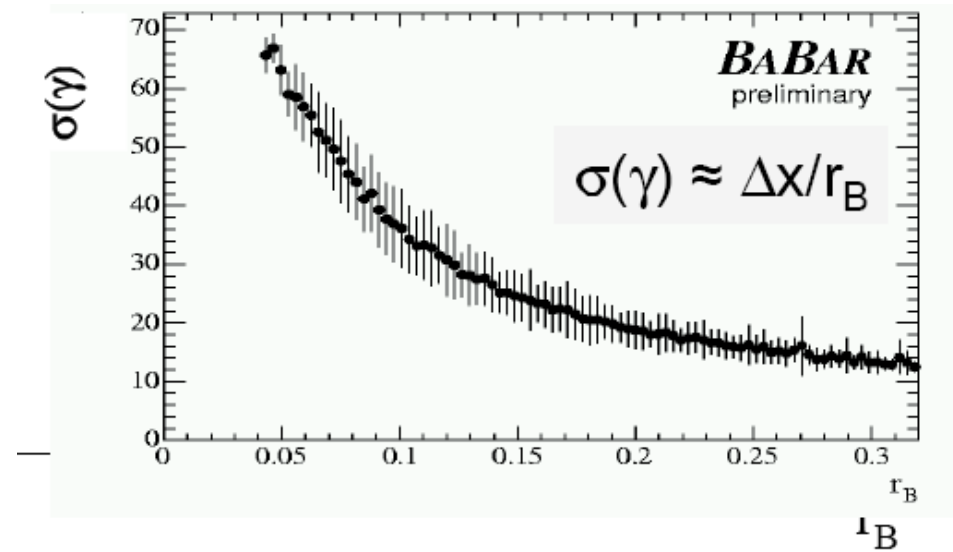
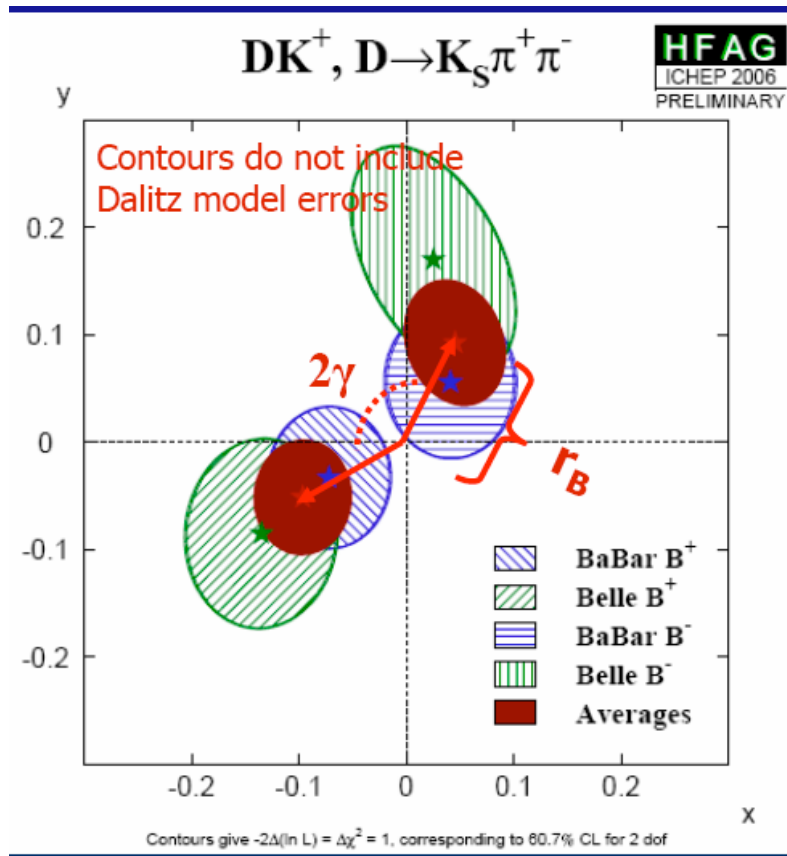
↓ Stat ↓ Syst ↓ Dalitz

$$r_B < 0.142 \quad (r_B < 0.198)$$

$$0.016 < r_B^* < 0.206 \quad (r_B^* < 0.142)$$

↓ 1 σ ↓ (2 σ)

Statistical sensitivity to γ



Error on γ depends on true value of r_b

Model Systematics

$\pi\pi$ S-wave: Use K-matrix $\pi\pi$ S-wave model instead of the nominal BW model

$\pi\pi$ P-wave:

- Change $\rho(770)$ parameters according to PDG
- Replace Gounaris-Sakurai by regular BW

$\pi\pi$ and $K\pi$ D-wave: Zemach Tensor as the Spin Factor for $f_2(1270)$ and $K^*_2(1430)$ BW

$K\pi$ S-wave:

- Allow $K^*_0(1430)$ mass and width to be determined from the fit
- Use LASS parameterization with LASS parameters

$K\pi$ P-wave:

- Use $B \rightarrow J/\psi K_S \pi^+$ as control sample for $K^*(892)$ parameters
- Allow $K^*(892)$ mass and width to be determined from the fit

Blatt-Weisskopf penetration factors

Running width: consider a fixed value

Remove $K^*_2(1430)$, $K^*(1680)$, $K^*(1410)$, $\rho(1450)$

– Generate MC experiments with different models

– Evaluate $\Delta x = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^8 \Delta x_i^2}$ for each coord.

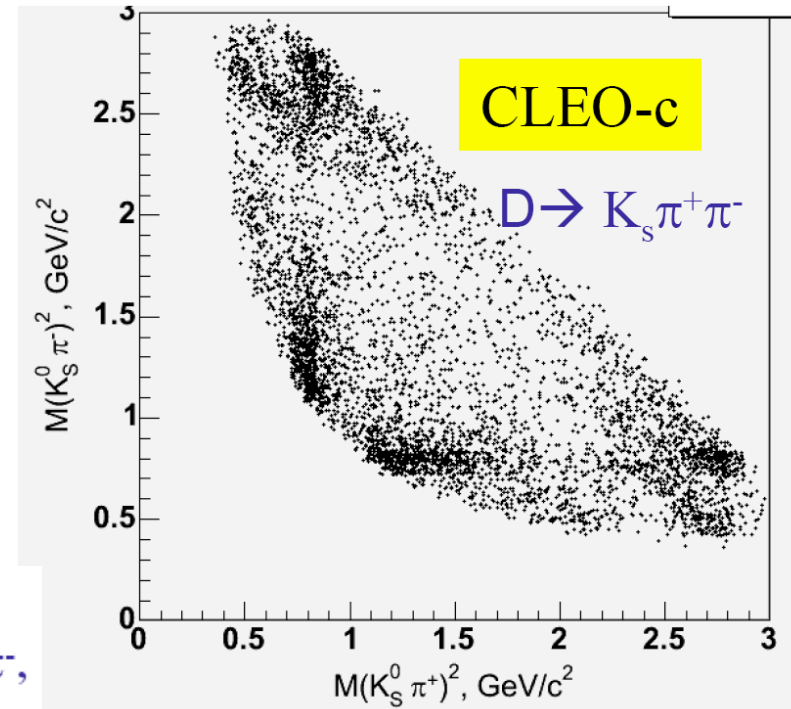
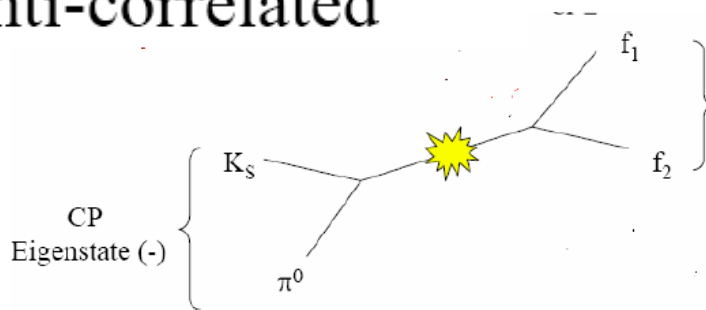
CP-tagged sample

$$|D_{CP\pm}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[|D^0\rangle \pm |\bar{D}^0\rangle \right] \quad \sqrt{2}A(D_{CP\pm} \rightarrow f) = A(D^0 \rightarrow f) \pm (\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow f)$$

CP invariance

$\psi(3770)L=1 C=-1$

CP anti-correlated

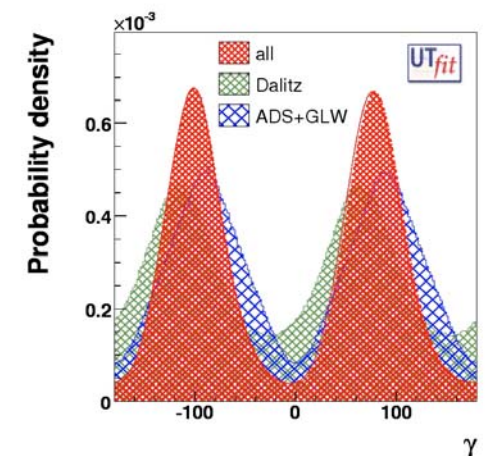


- CLEO-c CP tagged D's reduce Dalitz plot model dependence, compare CP+ $\leftarrow DD \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$, CP- $\leftarrow DD \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$, & untagged $D \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$, Extrapolation of Belle study CLEO-c 285 pb⁻¹/6fb⁻¹ (3770 + D_sD_s) reduce model error to ~7°, ~1°

Ian Shipsey
CKM 2005

Conclusion & Outlook

- Two B-factories analyzed almost 1 ab⁻¹
 - Still 1 ab⁻¹ (at least) to come
- Many b → s transitions channels analyzed
 - Observation of CP violation in $\eta'K^0$ transition
 - No clear deviation from SM (Stat errors ~0.20)
 - Statistically limited, theory model uncertainties!
- γ extraction
 - Large statistical error
 - Some sensitivity from combination of modes
 - Dalitz approach
 - Stat limited: Babar ± 41 (small fitted r_b)
 - Dalitz model systematics (10 deg)
 - Model independent approach
 - synergy with charm factory (1 deg ?)



± 30 deg (WA)