

# CHARM 2016

VIII International Workshop on Charm Physics

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# CONVENTIONAL VERSUS UNCONVENTIONAL

## NATURE OF X(3915)

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# Motivation

$c\bar{c}$ $I^G(J^{PC})$	
• $\eta_c(1S)$	$0^+(0^-+)$
• $J/\psi(1S)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
• $\chi_{c0}(1P)$	$0^+(0^{++})$
• $\chi_{c1}(1P)$	$0^+(1^{++})$
• $h_c(1P)$	$?^?(1^{+-})$
• $\chi_{c2}(1P)$	$0^+(2^{++})$
• $\eta_c(2S)$	$0^+(0^-+)$
• $\psi(2S)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
• $\psi(3770)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
• $X(3872)$	$0^?(?^?+)$
• $X(3915)$	$0^+(?^?+)$
• $\chi_{c2}(2P)$	$0^+(2^{++})$
$X(3940)$	$?^?(?^??)$
• $\psi(4040)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
$X(4050)^\pm$	$?^?(?^?)$
$X(4140)$	$0^+(?^?+)$
• $\psi(4160)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
$X(4160)$	$?^?(?^??)$
$X(4250)^\pm$	$?^?(?^?)$
• $X(4260)$	$?^?(1^{--})$
$X(4350)$	$0^+(?^?+)$
• $X(4360)$	$?^?(1^{--})$
• $\psi(4415)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
$X(4430)^\pm$	$?^?(?^?)$
• $X(4660)$	$?^?(1^{--})$

J. Beringer *et al.* 2012  
Phys. D86, 010001

$c\bar{c}$ $I^G(J^{PC})$	
• $\eta_c(1S)$	$0^+(0^-+)$
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• $\chi_{c2}(1P)$	$0^+(2^{++})$
• $\eta_c(2S)$	$0^+(0^-+)$
• $\psi(2S)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
• $\psi(3770)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
$X(3823)$	$?^?(?^?-)$
• $X(3872)$	$0^+(1^{++})$
• $X(3900)^\pm$	$?(1^+)$
$X(3900)^0$	$?^?(?^?)$
• $\chi_{c0}(2P)$	$0^+(0^{++})$
• $\chi_{c2}(2P)$	$0^+(2^{++})$
$X(3940)$	$?^?(?^??)$
$X(4020)^\pm$	$?^?(?^?)$
• $\psi(4040)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
$X(4050)^\pm$	$?^?(?^?)$
$X(4140)$	$0^+(?^?+)$
• $\psi(4160)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
$X(4160)$	$?^?(?^??)$
$X(4250)^\pm$	$?^?(?^?)$
• $X(4260)$	$?^?(1^{--})$
$X(4350)$	$0^+(?^?+)$
• $X(4360)$	$?^?(1^{--})$
• $\psi(4415)$	$0^-(1^{--})$
$X(4430)^\pm$	$?(1^+)$
• $X(4660)$	$?^?(1^{--})$

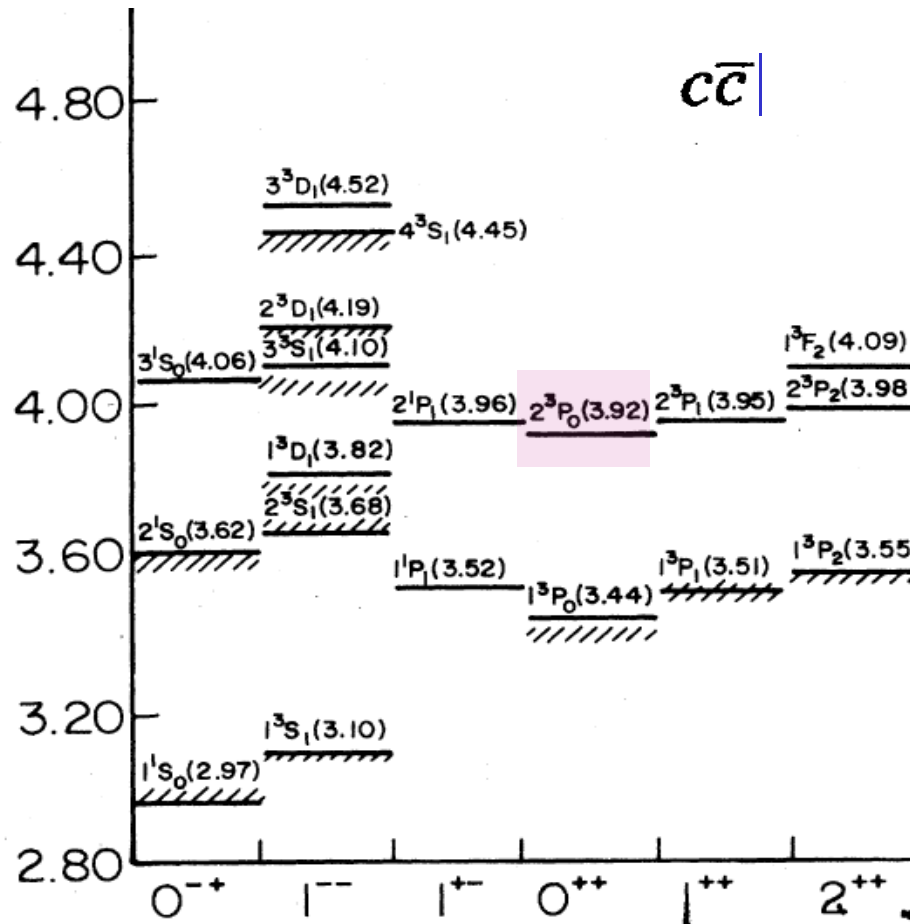
K. A. Olive *et al.* 2014  
Ch. Phys. C86, 090001

# Conventional States

$$H = T(Q) + T(\bar{Q}) + V_{conf} + V_{Coul} + V_{Sd}$$

$$V_{conf} = \sigma r \quad V_{Coul} = -\frac{\chi}{r} \quad \chi = \frac{4}{3}\alpha_s \hbar$$

S. Godfrey, N. Isgur  
PRD 32, 189 (1985)



## Decay properties and production rates of X(3915) may be incompatible with a conventional description

F. K. Guo and U. G. Meissner, Phys. D86, 091501 (2012)

S. L. Olsen, Phys. D91, 057501 (2015)

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ X(3915)) \mathcal{B}(X(3915) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega) = 3.0_{-0.5-0.3}^{+0.6+0.5} \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\Gamma(X(3915) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \mathcal{B}(X(3915) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega) = 54 \pm 9 \text{ eV}$$

OZI allowed  $X(3915) \rightarrow D\bar{D}$  but suppressed

# Non quark-antiquark structure?

H-X. Chen, W. Chen, X. Liu, S-L. Zhu, Phys. Rep. 639, 1-121 (2016)

- Meson-antimeson molecule
- Tetraquark
- Mixed charmonium-molecule
- ...

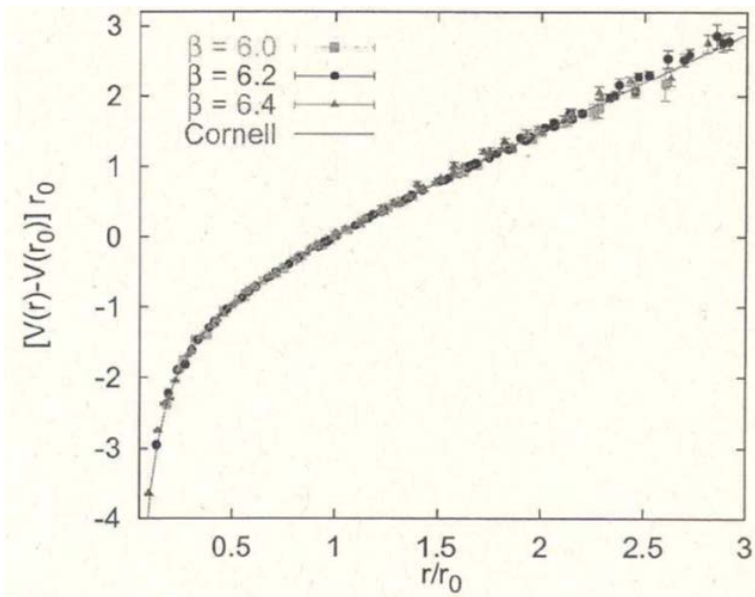
No full compatibility with current data

# INDEX

- i) Conventional versus unconventional quark-antiquark model description of  $X(3915)$ .
- ii) Decay models for  $X(3915) \rightarrow D\bar{D}$ .
- iii) The  $X(3915) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega$  decay.
- iv) The production process  $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ X(3915)$ .
- v) Summary.

# Conventional description: the Cornell Model.

G. S. Bali, Phys. Rep. 343,1 (2001)



$$V_{Corn}(r) \equiv \sigma r - \frac{\chi}{r}$$

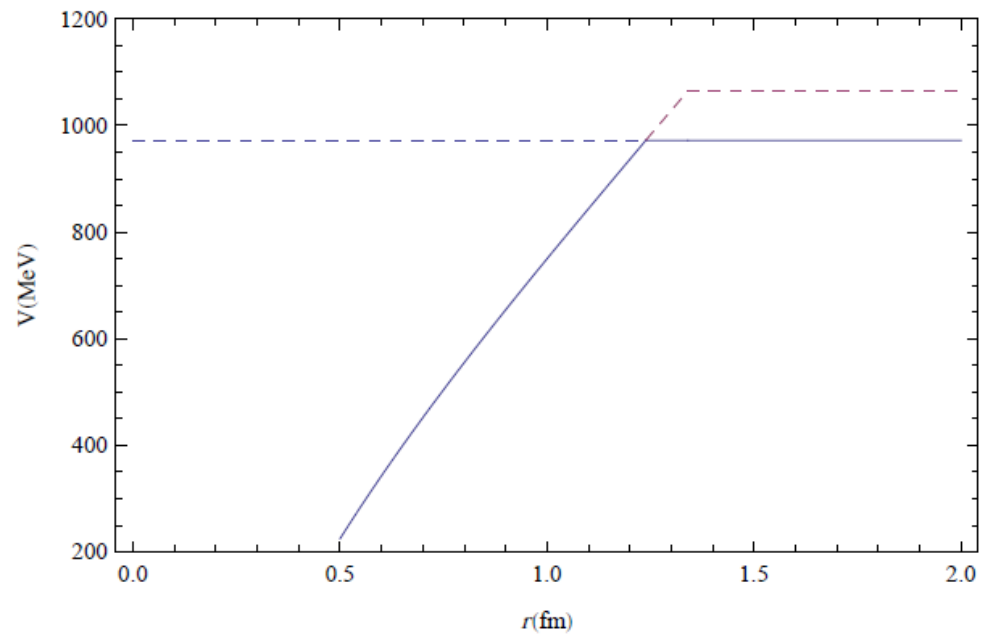
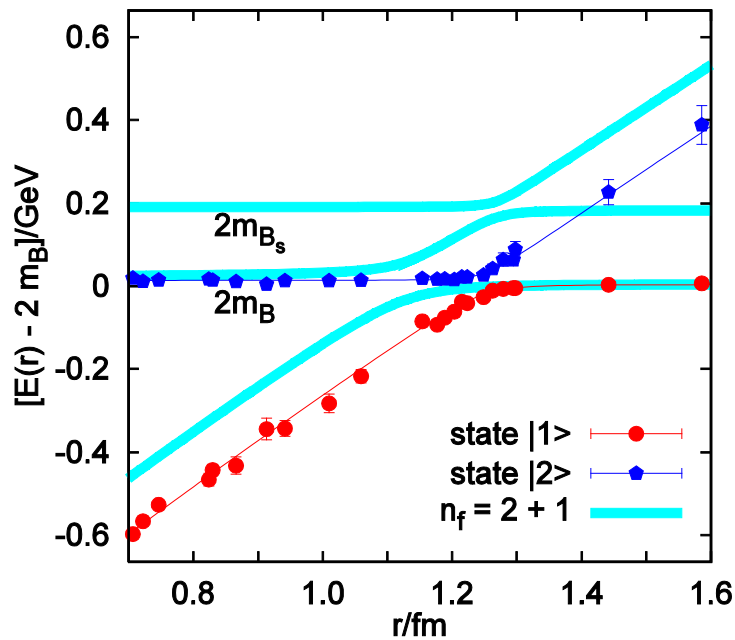
$$\begin{aligned}\sigma &= 850 \text{ MeV/fm} \quad (0.17 \text{ GeV}^2) \\ \chi &= 100 \text{ MeV}\cdot\text{fm} \quad \alpha_s = \frac{3\chi}{4\hbar} \simeq 0.38 \\ m_b &= 4793 \text{ MeV} \\ m_c &= 1348.5 \text{ MeV}\end{aligned}$$

Calculated masses for the lowest lying spin triplet states differing at most 30 MeV (60 MeV) for bottomonium (charmonium).



# Unconventional description: Generalized Screened Potential Model (GSPM)

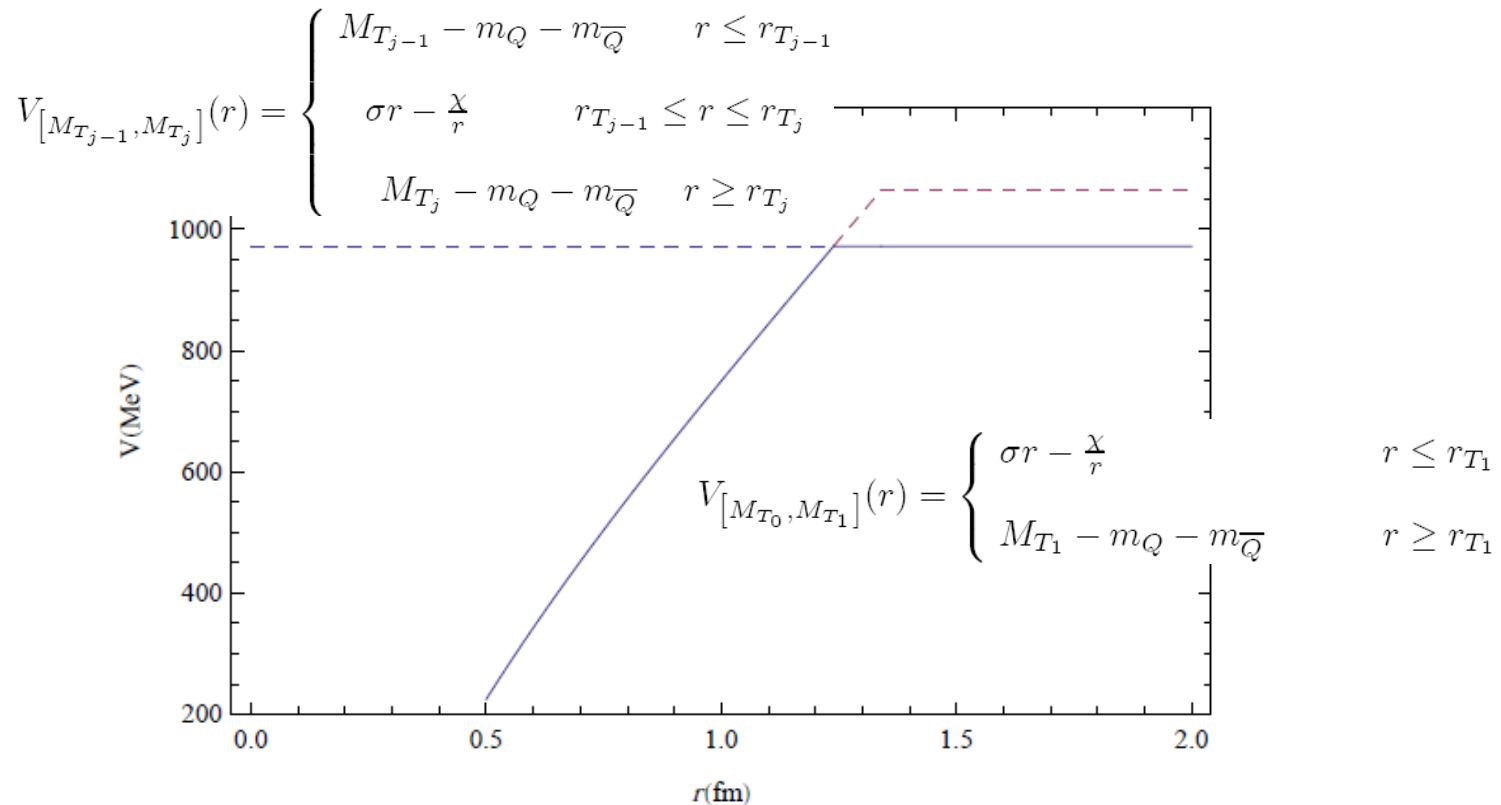
$$V_{E_{Q\bar{Q}}}(r) = V_{[M_{T_{i-1}}, M_{T_i}]}(r) \quad \text{if } M_{T_{i-1}} < E_{Q\bar{Q}} \leq M_{T_i} \quad M_{T_0} \equiv 0$$



G. S. Bali *et al.*, PRD 71, 11453 (2005)

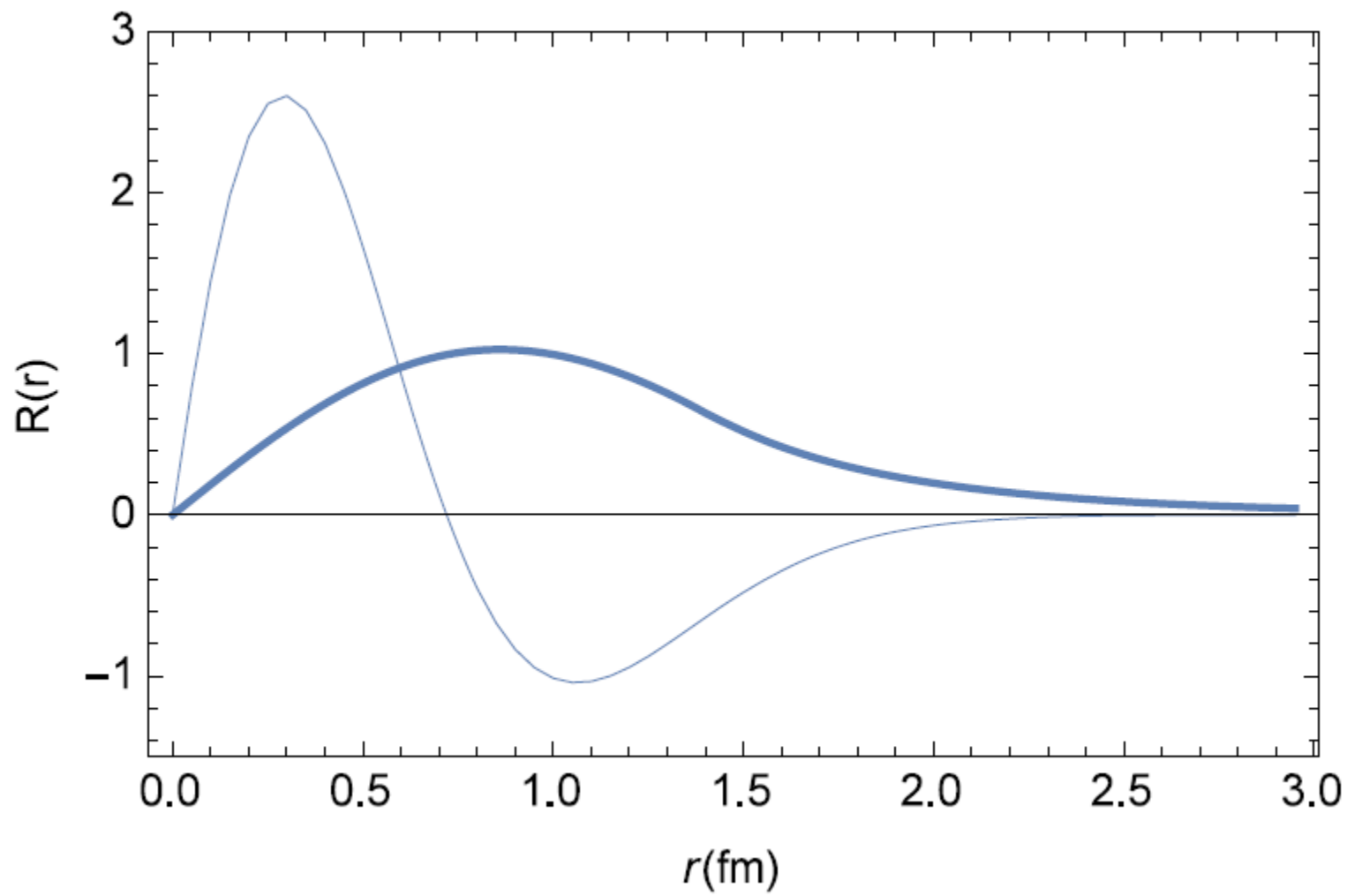
$$\sigma r_{T_{j-1}} - \frac{\chi}{r_{T_{j-1}}} = M_{T_{j-1}} - m_Q - m_{\bar{Q}}$$

$$V_{E_{Q\bar{Q}}}(r) = V_{[M_{T_{i-1}}, M_{T_i}]}(r) \quad \text{if } M_{T_{i-1}} < E_{Q\bar{Q}} \leq M_{T_i}$$



Cornell potential modulated by thresholds

$J^{PC}$	GSPM States $k_{[T_{i-1}, T_i]}$	$M_{GSPM}$ MeV	$M_{PDG}$ MeV	$M_{Cor}$ MeV
$0^{++}$	$1p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3456	$3414.75 \pm 0.31$	3456
$1^{++}$	$1p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3456	$3510.66 \pm 0.07$	3456
$2^{++}$	$1p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3456	$3556.20 \pm 0.09$	3456
$1^{++}$	$2p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3871.7	$3871.68 \pm 0.17$	3911
$0^{++}$	$1p_{[T_1, T_2]}$	3898	$3918.4 \pm 1.9$	3911
$2^{++}$	$2p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3903	$3927.2 \pm 2.6$	3911
$1^{++}$	$1p_{[T_1, T_2]}$	4017		
$0^{++}$	$1p_{[T_3, T_4]}$	4140	$4143.0 \pm 2.9 \pm 1.2$	
$2^{++}$	$1p_{[T_1, T_2]}$	4140	$4156_{-20}^{+25} \pm 15$	
$0^{++}$	$1p_{[T_4, T_5]}$	4325	$4350.6_{-5.1}^{+4.6} \pm 0.7$	4295



$$X(3915) \rightarrow D\bar{D}$$

OZI allowed but experimentally suppressed

$$\Gamma = 2\pi \frac{E_D E_{\bar{D}}}{M_{X(3915)}} k_D |A|^2$$

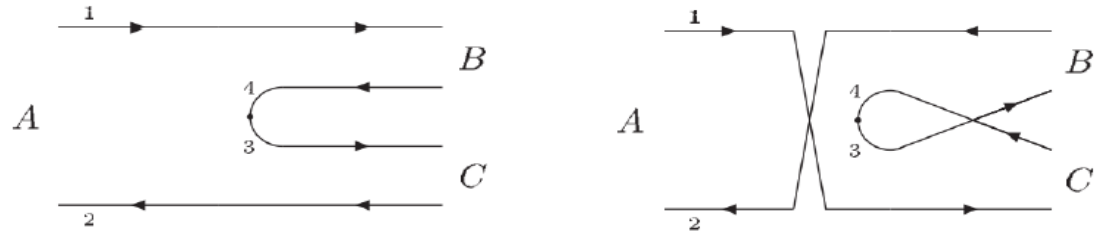
$$k_D = 599.6 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\psi_D(r_D) = \frac{2}{\pi^{\frac{1}{4}} R_D^{\frac{3}{2}}} e^{-\frac{r_D^2}{2R_D^2}} \quad R_D = 0.54 \text{ fm}$$

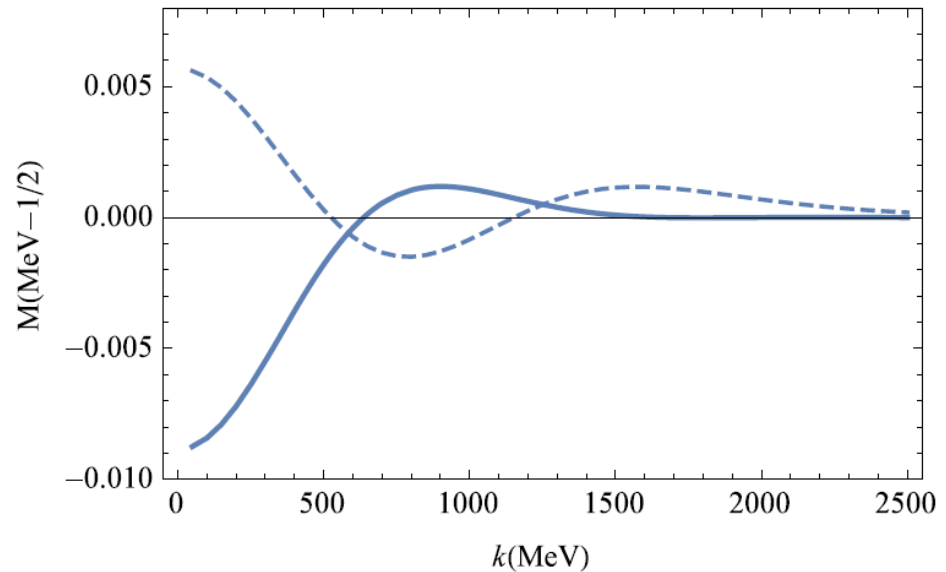
# $^3P_0$ Decay Model

$$H_{pair} = \gamma \sum_{i,j} a_i^\dagger(\vec{p}) b_j^\dagger(\vec{p}') \frac{\vec{\sigma} \cdot (\vec{p} - \vec{p}')}{2\sqrt{2}\pi} (2\pi)^3 \delta(\vec{p} + \vec{p}') + h.c.$$

$$|A|_{^3P_0}^2 \equiv \gamma^2 |M|^2$$



Solid line: GSPM  
Dashed line: Cornell

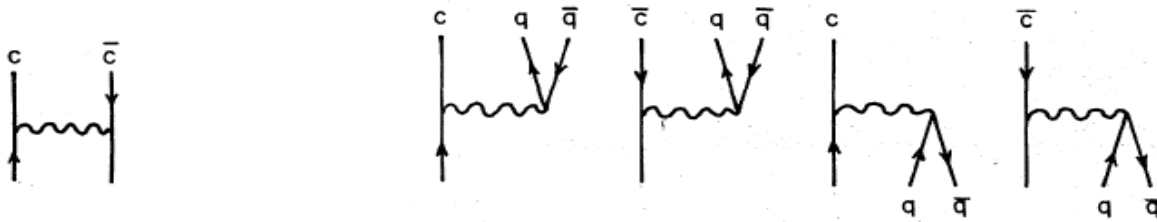


The suppression of the decay might be explained from a decay model  $^3P_0$  with the GSPM description.

# $C^3$ Decay Model

$$H_I = \frac{1}{2} \int d^3x d^3y : \rho_a(\vec{x}) \frac{3}{4} V(\vec{x} - \vec{y}) \rho_a(\vec{y}) :$$

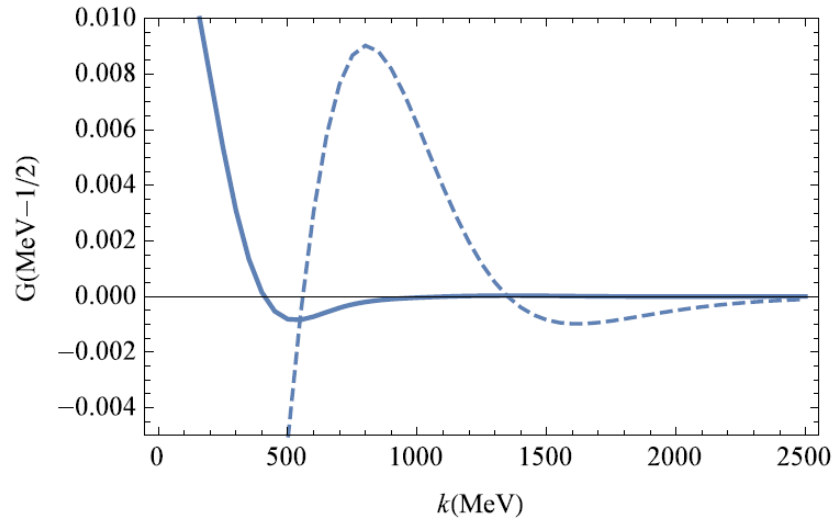
$$\rho_a(\vec{x}) = \sum_{\text{flavors}} \psi^\dagger(\vec{x}) \frac{1}{2} \lambda_a \psi(\vec{x})$$



$$|A|_{Cor}^2 \equiv |G|^2$$

Solid line: **GSPM**

Dashed line: **Cornell**



The suppression of the decay might be explained from a  $C^3$  decay model with the Cornell description.

$$X(3915) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega$$

$$\Gamma(X(3915) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \mathcal{B}(X(3915) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega) = 54 \pm 9 \text{ eV}$$

Cornell description

$$\frac{\Gamma(\chi_{c0}(2p) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)}{\Gamma(\chi_{c0}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)} = \frac{|R'_{0^{++}(2p)}(0)|^2}{|R'_{0^{++}(1p)}(0)|^2} = 1.4$$

$$\Gamma(\chi_{c0}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 2.3 \pm 0.4 \text{ KeV}$$

$$\Gamma(\chi_{c0}(2p) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim 3.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ KeV}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(\chi_{c0}(2p) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega) \sim 0.017 \pm 0.006$$

GSPM description

$$\frac{\Gamma(1p_{[T_1, T_2]} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)}{\Gamma(\chi_{c0}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)} = \frac{|R'_{0^{++}(1p_{[T_1, T_2]})}(0)|^2}{|R'_{0^{++}(1p_{[T_0, T_1]})}(0)|^2} = 0.02$$

$$\Gamma(\chi_{c0}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 2.3 \pm 0.4 \text{ KeV}$$

$$\Gamma(0^{++}(1p_{[T_1, T_2]}) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim 46 \pm 8 \text{ eV}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(1p_{[T_1, T_2]} \rightarrow J/\psi\omega) > 0.83$$



$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ X(3915)) \mathcal{B}(X(3915) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega) = 3.0_{-0.5-0.3}^{+0.6+0.5} \times 10^{-5}$$

Cornell description

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(2p)) \sim 1.8 \times 10^{-3}$$

GSPM description

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ 0^{++}(1p_{[T_1, T_2]})) < 3.6 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ X(3915)$$

G. Bodwin, E. Braaten, T. C. Yuan, G. P. Lepage, PRD 46, R3703, 1992

The decay rate of a B<sup>+</sup>-meson to 0<sup>++</sup> charmonium is given by the decay rate of the b antiquark with the light quark as a noninteracting spectator.

$$\Gamma_{(\bar{b} \rightarrow 0^{++}, \bar{s})} = H'_8(m_b) \Gamma_{8(\bar{b} \rightarrow c\bar{c}(^3S_1), \bar{s})}$$

$$H'_8(m_b) = a + eH_1$$

$$e \approx 0.2 \quad H_1 \approx \frac{1}{m_c^4} \left( \frac{9}{2\pi} \right) |R'_{0^{++}}(0)|^2$$

## Cornell description

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(2p)) \sim 1.8 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(2p))}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(1p))} \sim \frac{1}{F} \left( \frac{a + 0.2 (H_1)_{\chi_{c0}(2p)}}{a + 0.2 (H_1)_{\chi_{c0}(1p)}} \right)$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(2p)) \lesssim \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(1p))$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(1p)) = 1.5_{-0.14}^{+0.15} \times 10^{-4}$$

Incompatibility

## GSPM description

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ 0^{++} (1p_{[T_1, T_2]})) < 3.6 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ 0^{++}_{1p_{[T_1, T_2]}})}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(2p))} = \frac{a + e(H_1)_{1p_{[T_1, T_2]}}}{a + e(H_1)_{\chi_{c0}(2p)}}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ 0^{++}_{1p_{[T_1, T_2]}}) \lesssim \left( \frac{a + e(H_1)_{1p_{[T_1, T_2]}}}{a + e(H_1)_{\chi_{c0}(2p)}} \right) \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(1p))$$

$$a \sim 2.1 \text{ MeV}$$

Compatibility

# Summary

- i) Strong decays of  $X(3915)$  have been analyzed from a conventional as well as from an unconventional quark model description.
- ii) The  $X(3915) \rightarrow D\bar{D}$  decay can not discriminate between both descriptions once momentum dependent corrections are taken into account.
- iii) The  $X(3915) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega$  decay can not be consistently explained from a Cornell description. However, an unconventional description may accommodate all the experimental information predicting a quite big branching ratio for this OZI non allowed decay.
- iv) The PDG assignment of  $X(3915)$  as a conventional state should not be taken for granted.

THE END

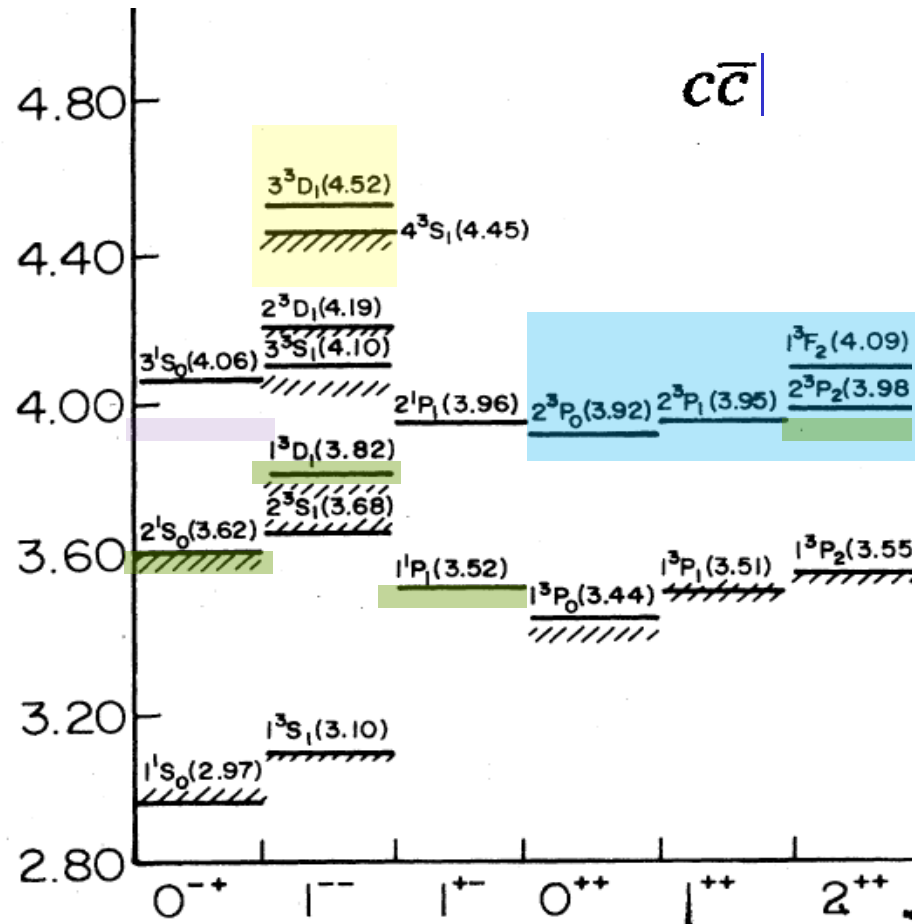


# Conventional States

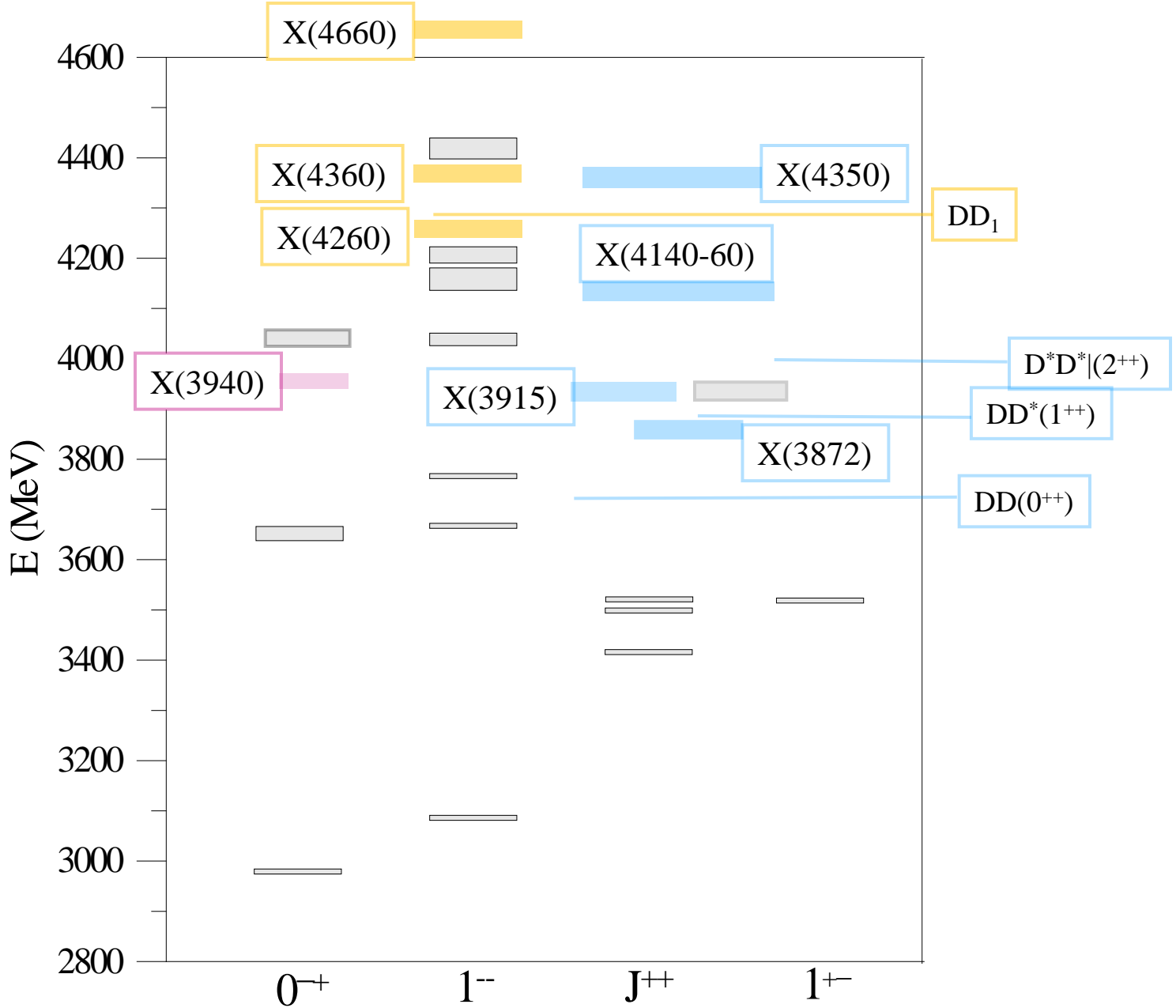
$$H = T(Q) + T(\bar{Q}) + V_{conf} + V_{Coul} + V_{Sd}$$

$$V_{conf} = \sigma r \quad V_{Coul} = -\frac{\chi}{r} \quad \chi = \frac{4}{3}\alpha_s \hbar$$

S. Godfrey, N. Isgur  
PRD 32, 189 (1985)







X states : Close-below or Above their First S-wave M-M Threshold

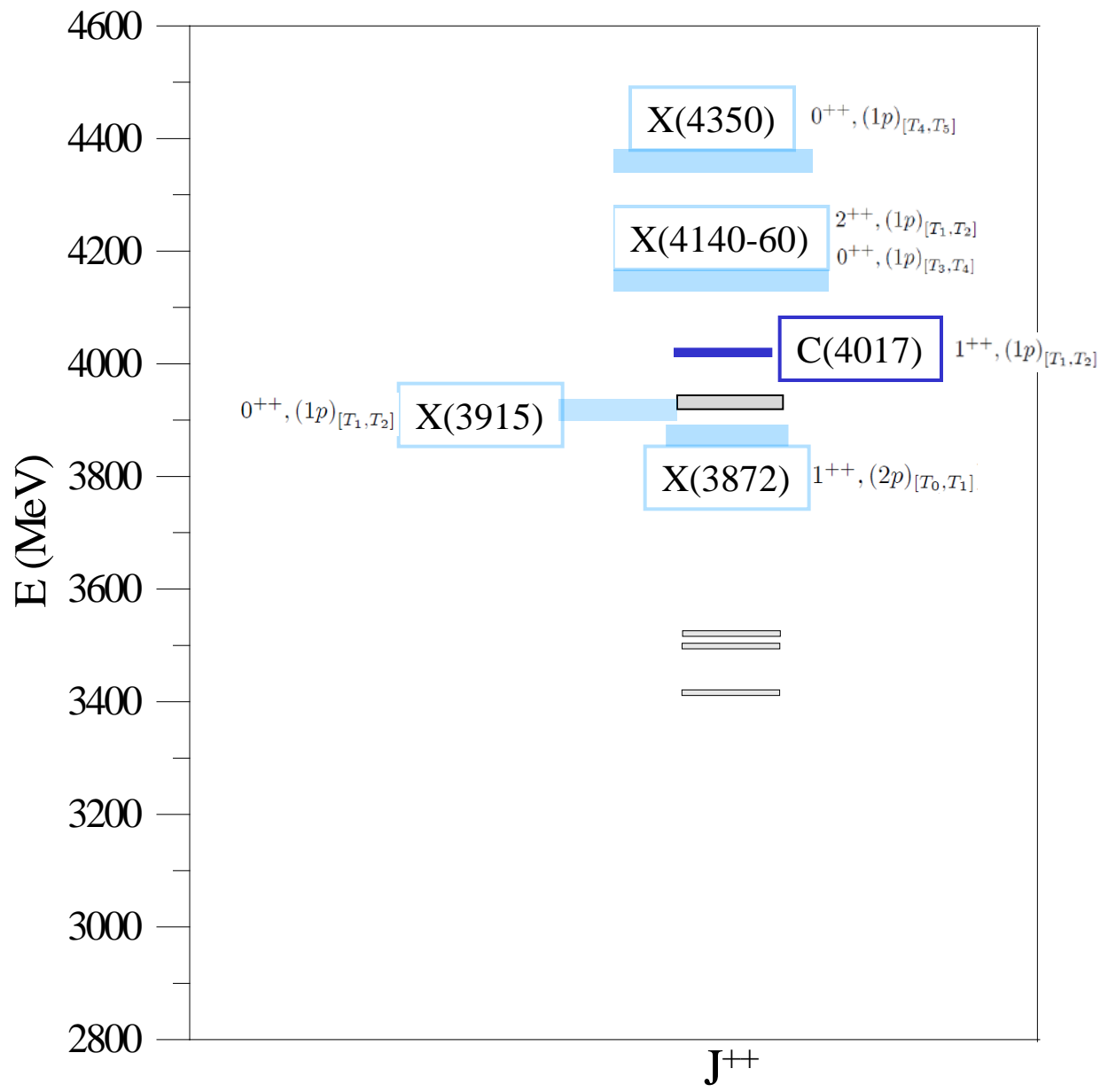
# Charmonium

## J++ Thresholds

$J^{PC}$	$T_i$	Meson1 – Meson2	$(J_1^P, J_2^P)$	$M_{T_i}$
$0^{++}$	$T_1$	$D^0 \overline{D}^0$	$(0^-, 0^-)$	3730
	$T_2$	$D_s^+ D_s^-$	$(0^-, 0^-)$	3937
	$T_3$	$D^*(2007)^0 \overline{D}^*(2007)^0$	$(1^-, 1^-)$	4014
	$T_4$	$D_s^{*+} D_s^{*-}$	$(1^-, 1^-)$	4224
	$T_5$	$D^0 \overline{D}(2550)^0$	$(0^-, 0^-)$	4405
$1^{++}$	$T_1$	$D^0 \overline{D}^*(2007)^0$	$(0^-, 1^-)$	3872
	$T_2$	$D_s^+ D_s^{*-}$	$(0^-, 1^-)$	4080
$2^{++}$	$T_1$	$D^*(2007)^0 \overline{D}^*(2007)^0$	$(1^-, 1^-)$	4014
	$T_2$	$D_s^{*+} D_s^{*-}$	$(1^-, 1^-)$	4224

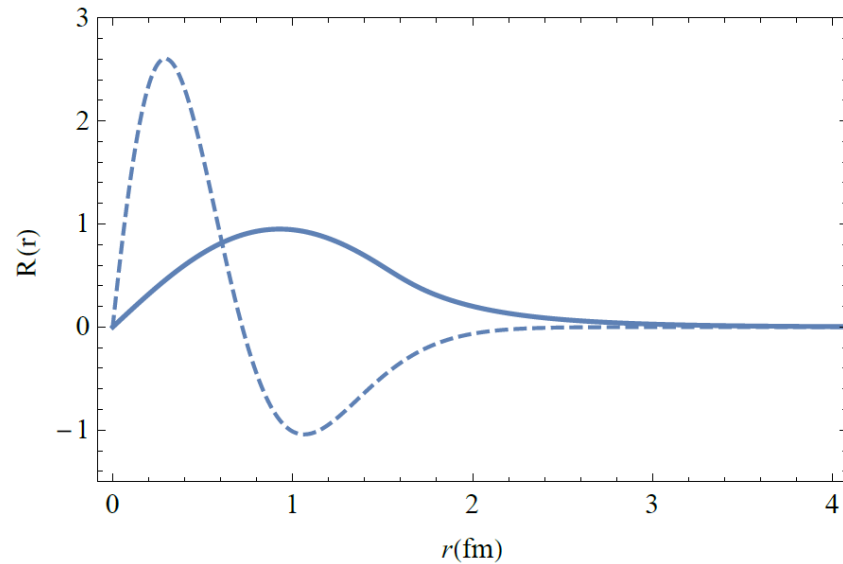
# GSPM J++ Spectrum

$J^{PC}$	GSPM States $k_{[T_{i-1}, T_i]}$	$M_{GSPM}$ MeV	$M_{PDG}$ MeV	$M_{Cor}$ MeV
$0^{++}$	$1p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3456	$3414.75 \pm 0.31$	3456
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$2^{++}$	$1p_{[T_1, T_2]}$	4140	$4156_{-20}^{+25} \pm 15$	
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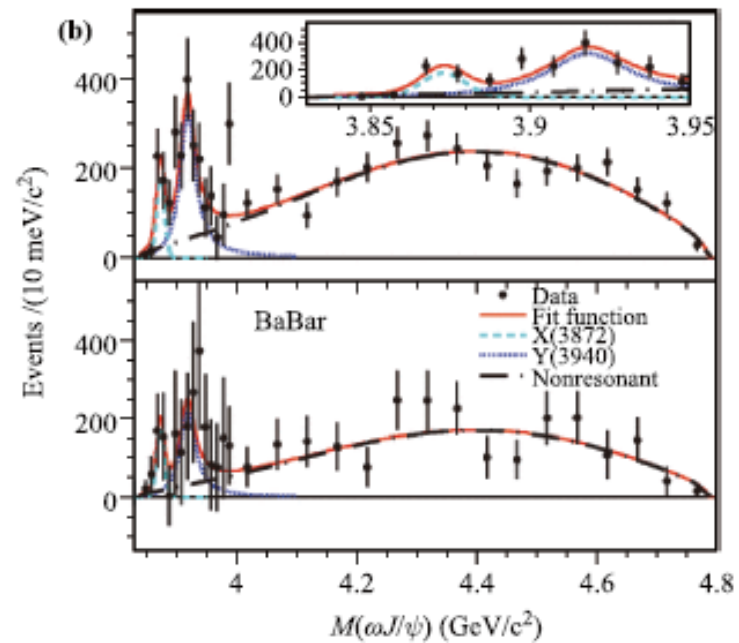
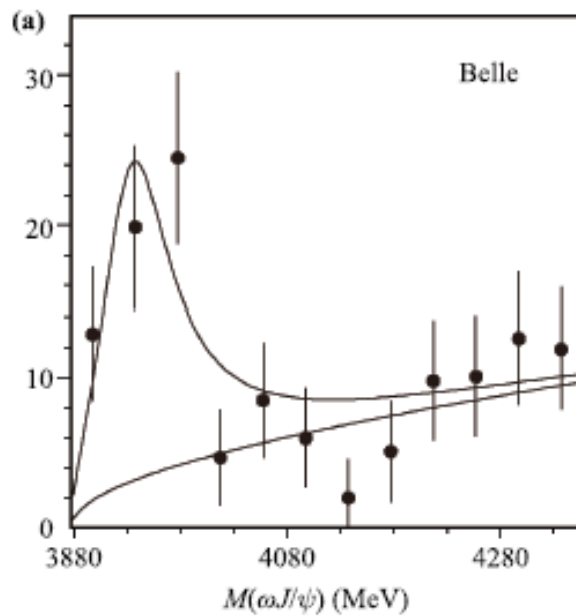


# C(4017)

$1^{++} (1p)_{[T_1, T_2]}$  vs  $\chi_{c1} (2p)$



$B \rightarrow K\omega J/\psi$



$J^{PC}$	GSPM States $k_{[T_{i-1}, T_i]}$	$M_{GSPM}$ MeV	$M_{PDG}$ MeV	$M_{Cor}$ MeV	Cornell States $k$
$0^{++}$	$1p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3456.1	$3414.75 \pm 0.31$	3456.2	$1p$
$1^{++}$	$1p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3456.1	$3510.66 \pm 0.07$	3456.2	$1p$
$2^{++}$	$1p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3456.1	$3556.20 \pm 0.09$	3456.2	$1p$
$1^{++}$	$2p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3871.7	$3871.69 \pm 0.17$	3910.9	$2p$
$0^{++}$	$1p_{[T_1, T_2]}$	3897.9	$3918.4 \pm 1.9$	3910.9	$2p$
$2^{++}$	$2p_{[T_0, T_1]}$	3903.0	$3927.2 \pm 2.6$	3910.9	$2p$
$1^{++}$	$1p_{[T_1, T_2]}$	4017.3			
$0^{++}$	$1p_{[T_3, T_4]}$	4140.2			
			$X(4140)$		
$2^{++}$	$1p_{[T_1, T_2]}$	4140.2			
$0^{++}$	$1p_{[T_4, T_5]}$	4325.1	$X(4350)$	4294.6	$3p$

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ X(3915)$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ X(3915)) \mathcal{B}(X(3915) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega) = 3.0_{-0.5-0.3}^{+0.6+0.5} \times 10^{-5}$$

Cornell description

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(2p)) \sim 1.8 \times 10^{-3}$$

G. Bodwin, E. Braaten,  
T. C. Yuan, G. P. Lepage,  
PRD 46, R3703, 1992

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(2p))}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(1p))} \sim \frac{1}{F} \left( \frac{a + 0.2(H_1)_{\chi_{c0}(2p)}}{a + 0.2(H_1)_{\chi_{c0}(1p)}} \right)$$

$$H_1 \approx \frac{1}{m_c^4} \left( \frac{9}{2\pi} \right) |R'_{0++}(0)|^2$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(2p)) \lesssim \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(1p))$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(1p)) = 1.5_{-0.14}^{+0.15} \times 10^{-4}$$

Incompatibility

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ X(3915)$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ X(3915)) \mathcal{B}(X(3915) \rightarrow J/\psi\omega) = 3.0_{-0.5}^{+0.6+0.5} \times 10^{-5}$$

GSPM description

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ 0^{++} (1p_{[T_1, T_2]})) < 3.6 \times 10^{-5}$$

G. Bodwin, E. Braaten,  
T. C. Yuan, G. P. Lepage,  
Phys. Rev. D46, R3703

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ 0_{1p_{[T_1, T_2]}}^{++})}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(2p))} = \frac{a + e(H_1)_{1p_{[T_1, T_2]}}}{a + e(H_1)_{\chi_{c0}(2p)}}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ 0_{1p_{[T_1, T_2]}}^{++}) \lesssim \left( \frac{a + e(H_1)_{1p_{[T_1, T_2]}}}{a + e(H_1)_{\chi_{c0}(2p)}} \right) \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi_{c0}(1p))$$

$$a \sim 2.1 \text{ MeV}$$

Compatibility