

# **Flow excited by full jet shower in QGP fluid and its effect on jet shape**

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Yasuki Tachibana

Central China Normal University

in collaboration with Ning-Bo Chang, Guang-You Qin

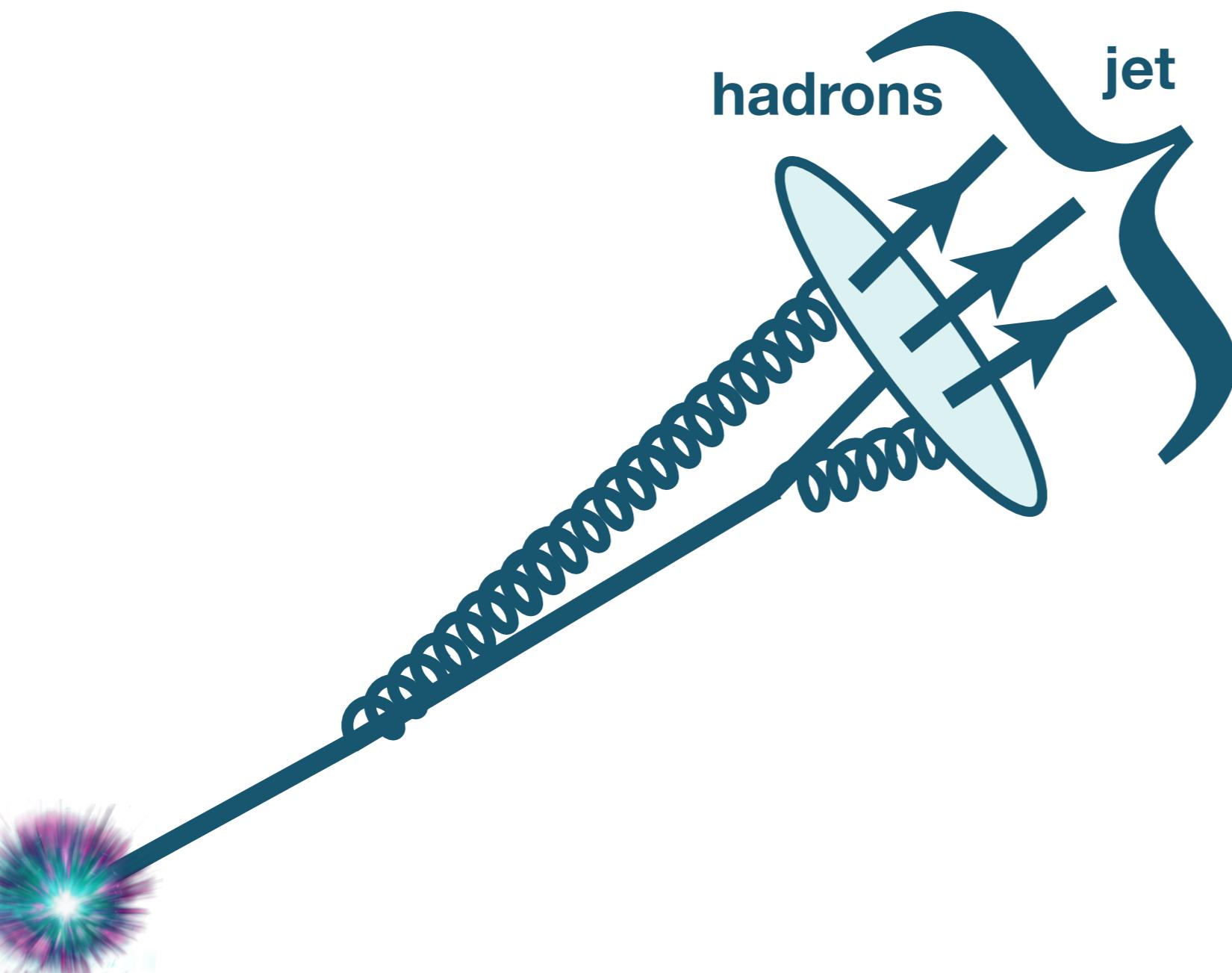
Hard Probes 2016, Wuhan, 25 September 2016



華中師範大學

# Jet quenching in QGP medium

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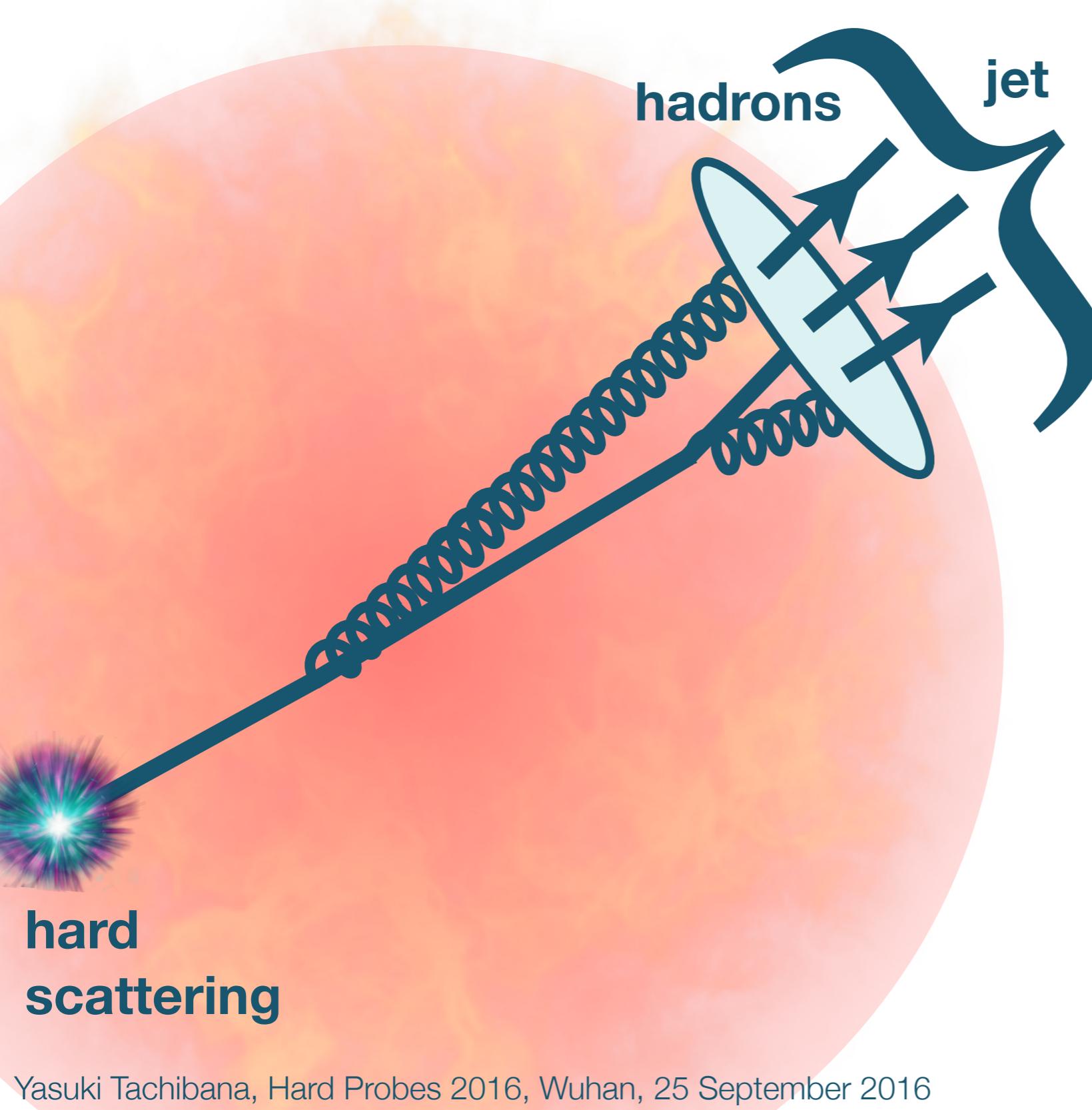


- Jet in heavy ion colls.
  - produced in initial hard scattering
  - propagating through QGP medium
- QGP medium effect

hard  
scattering

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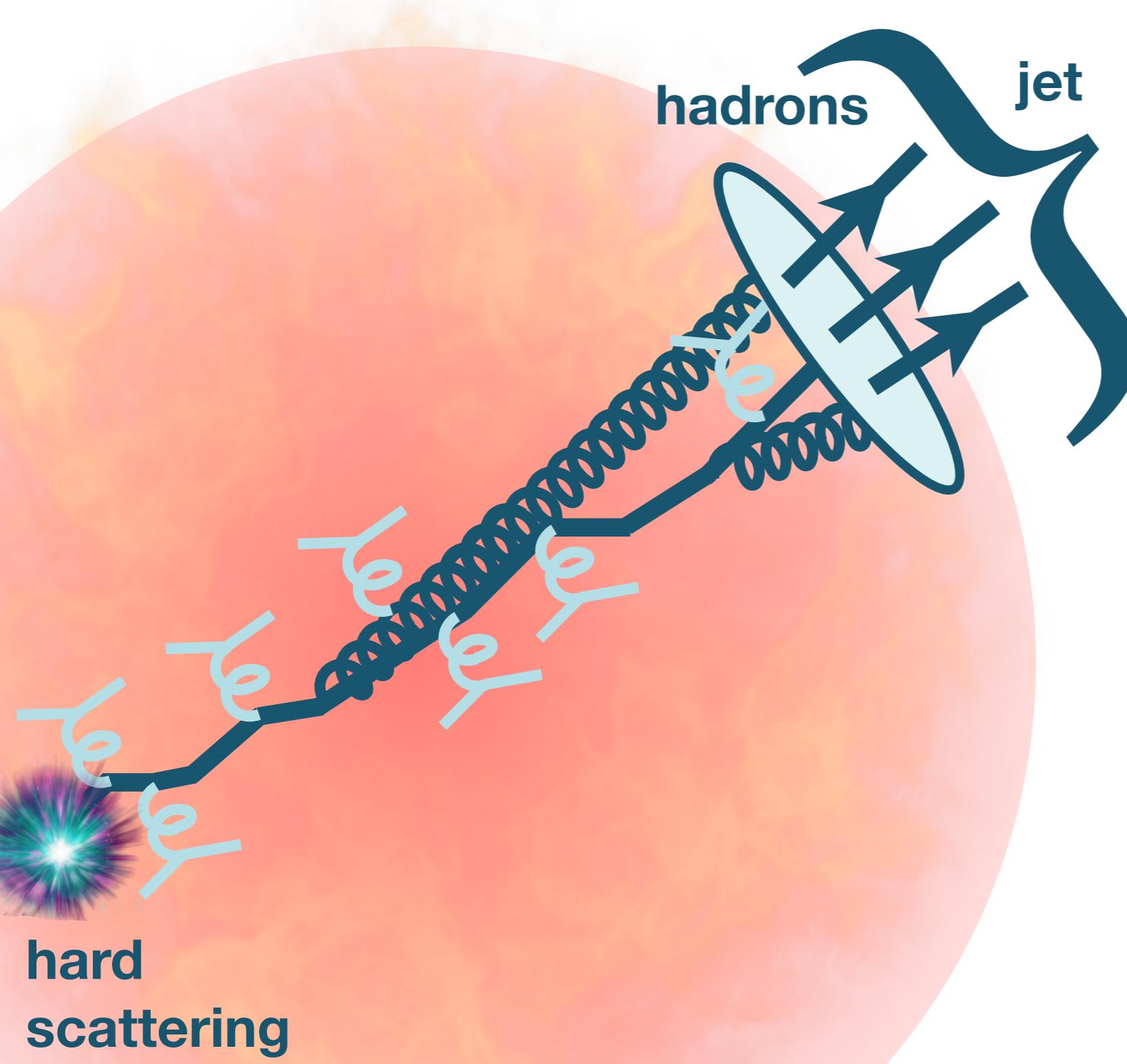
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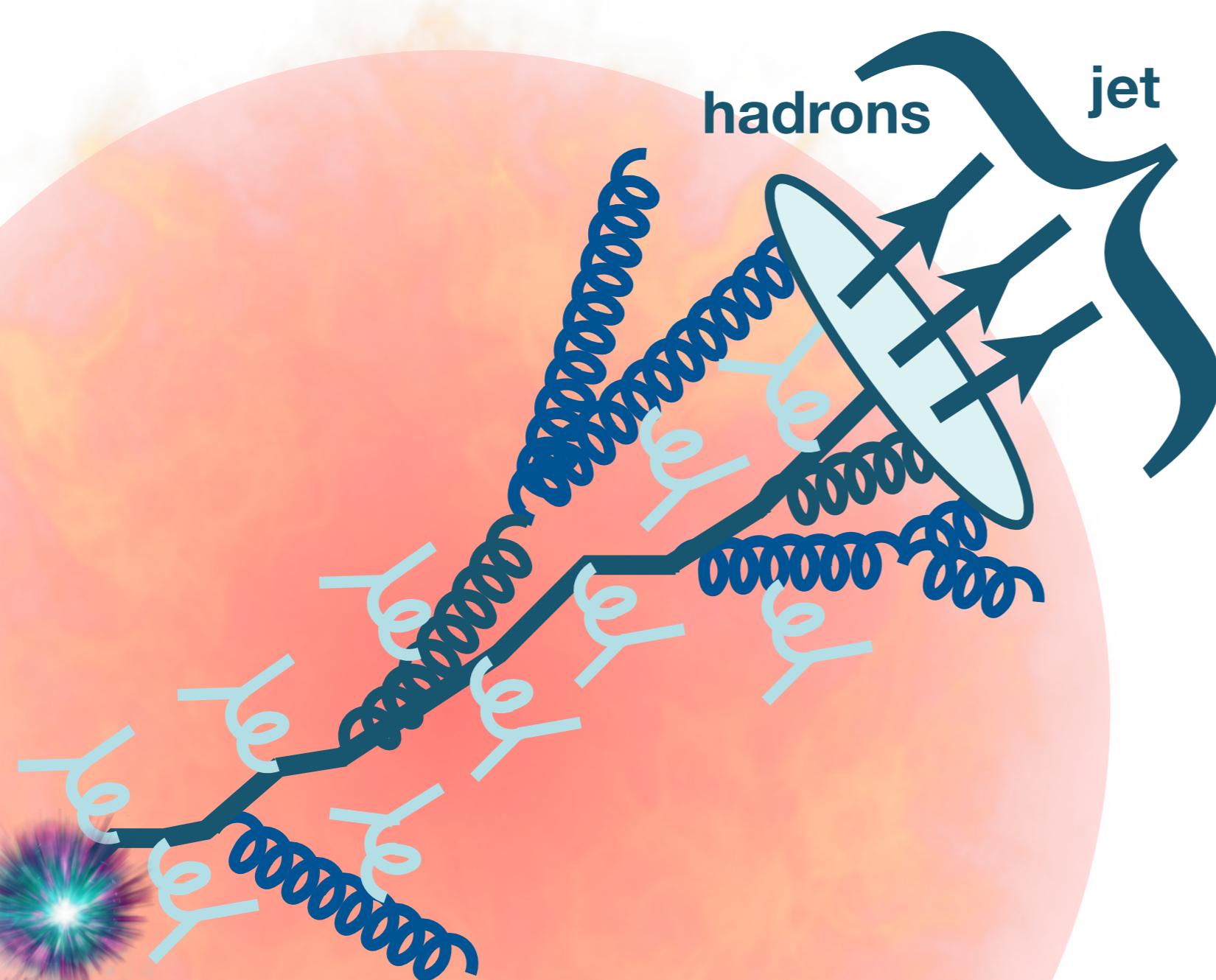
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  - **interaction with medium constituents**

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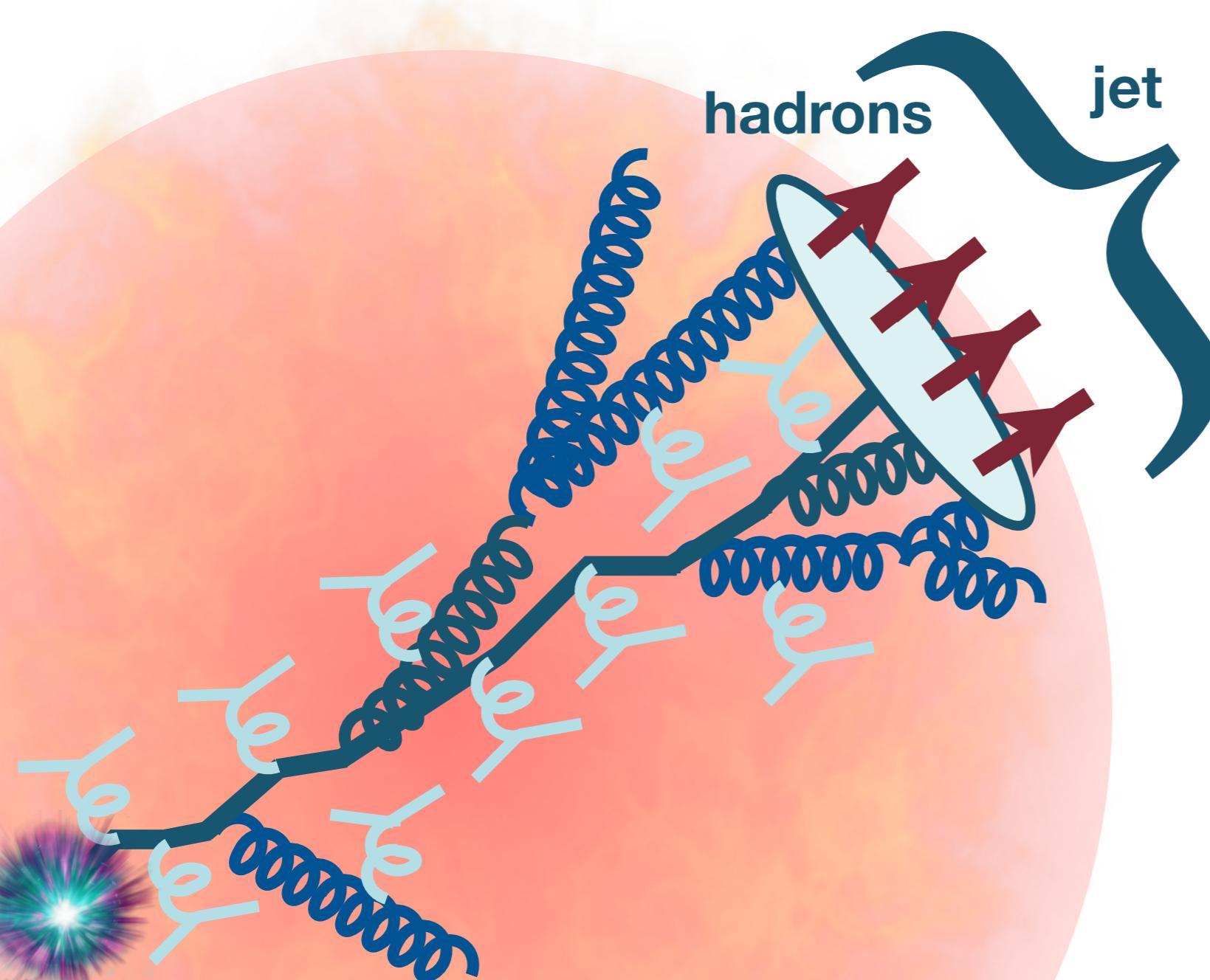


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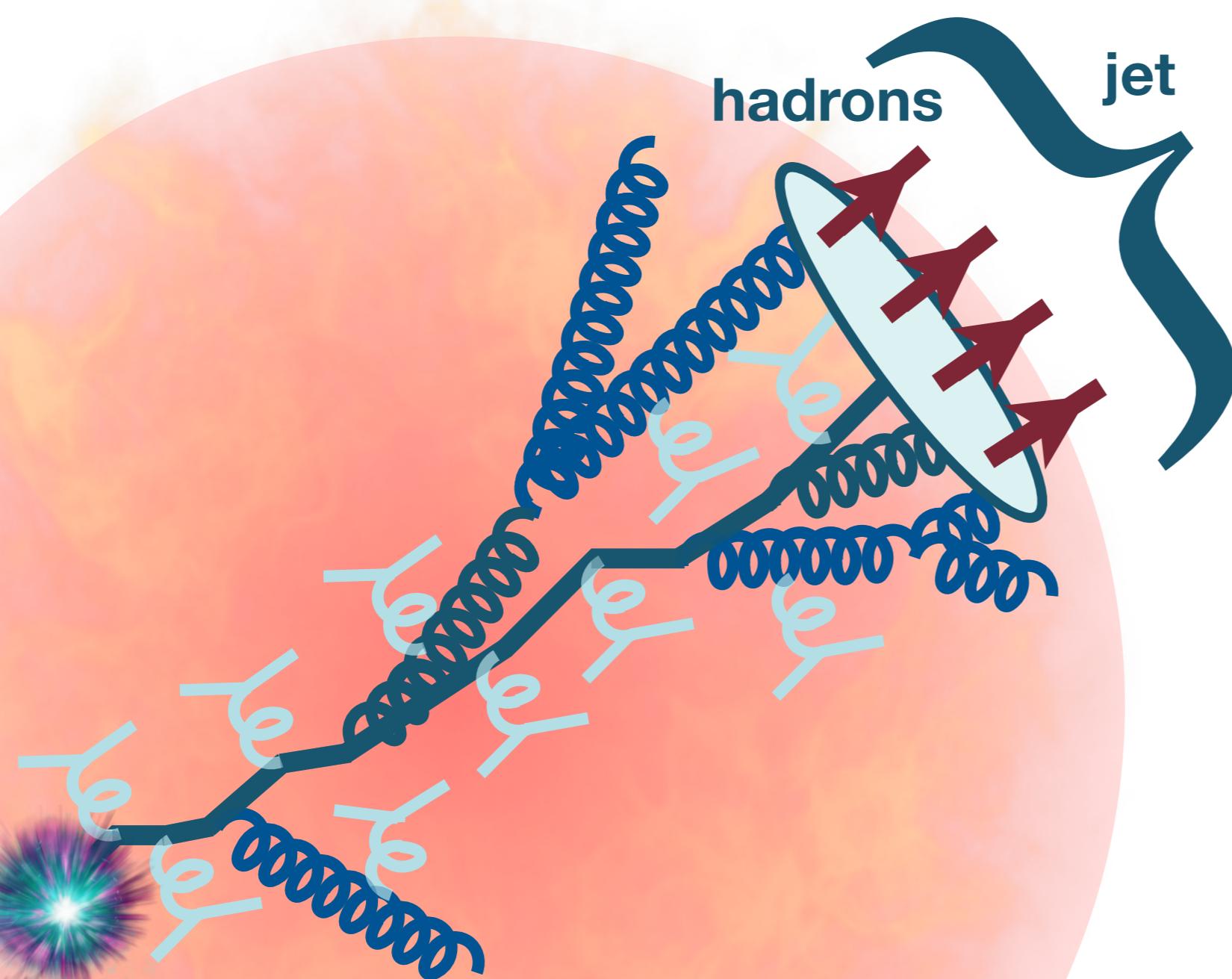
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Jet energy loss  
Modification of jet structure

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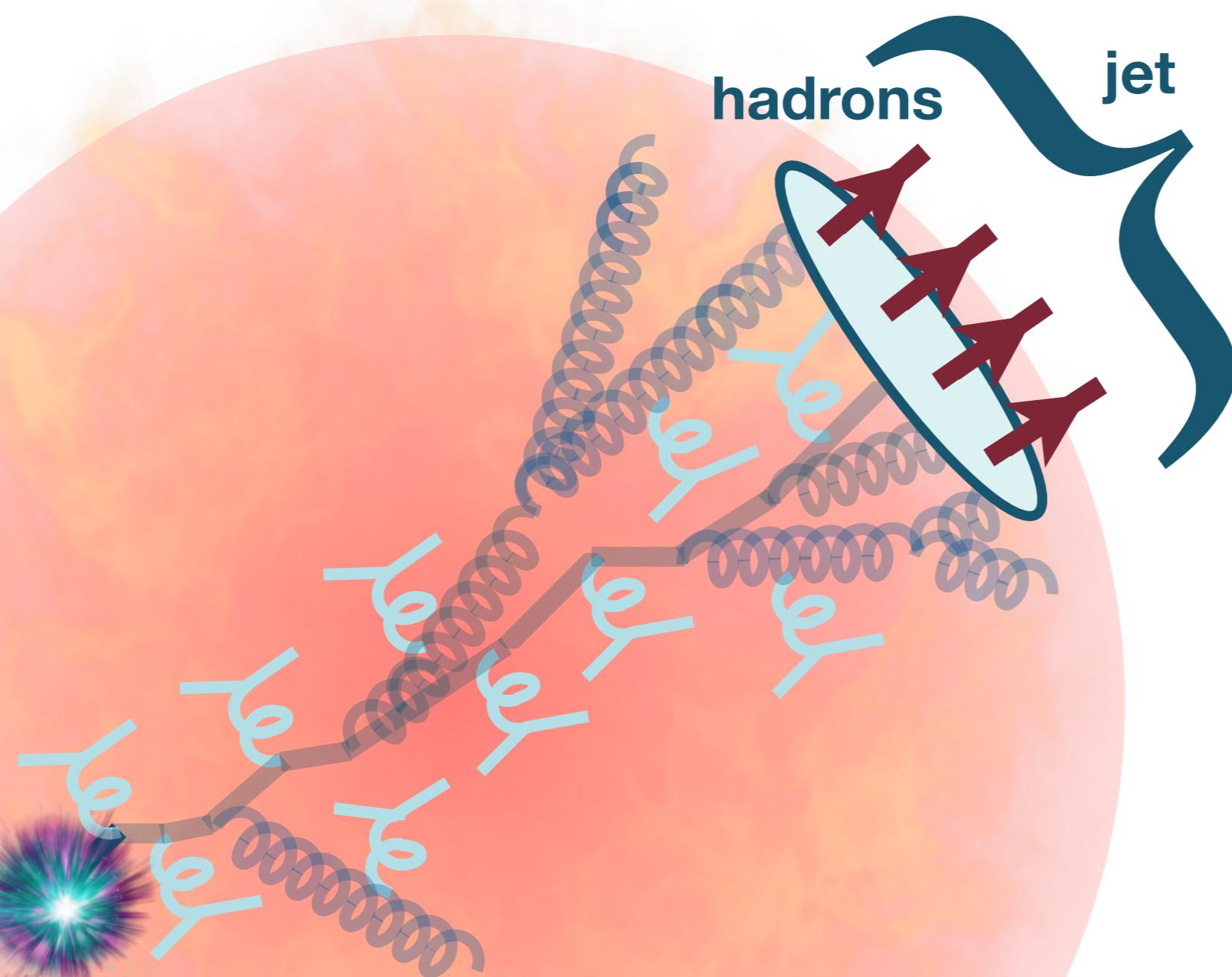


- Energy-momentum deposition

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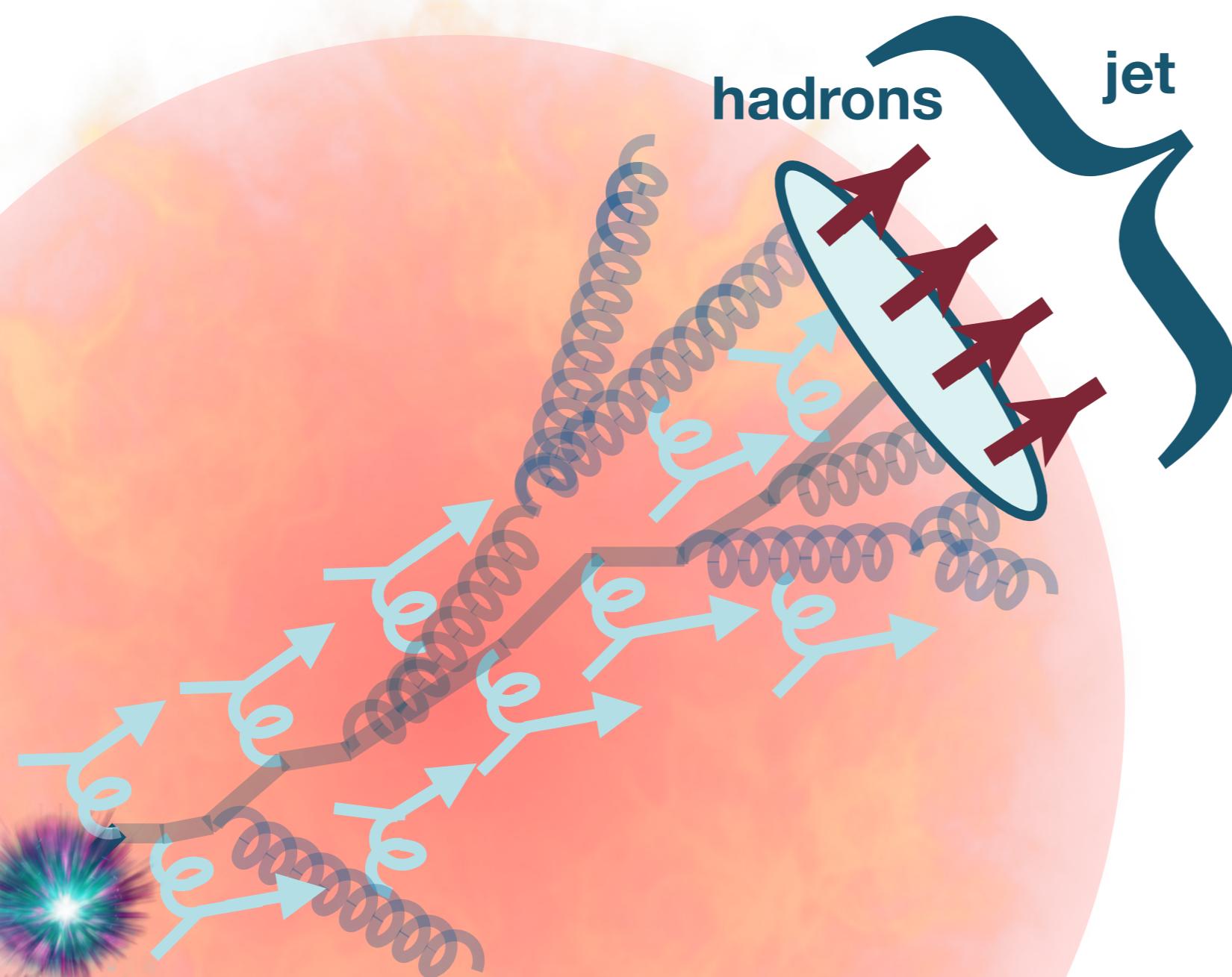
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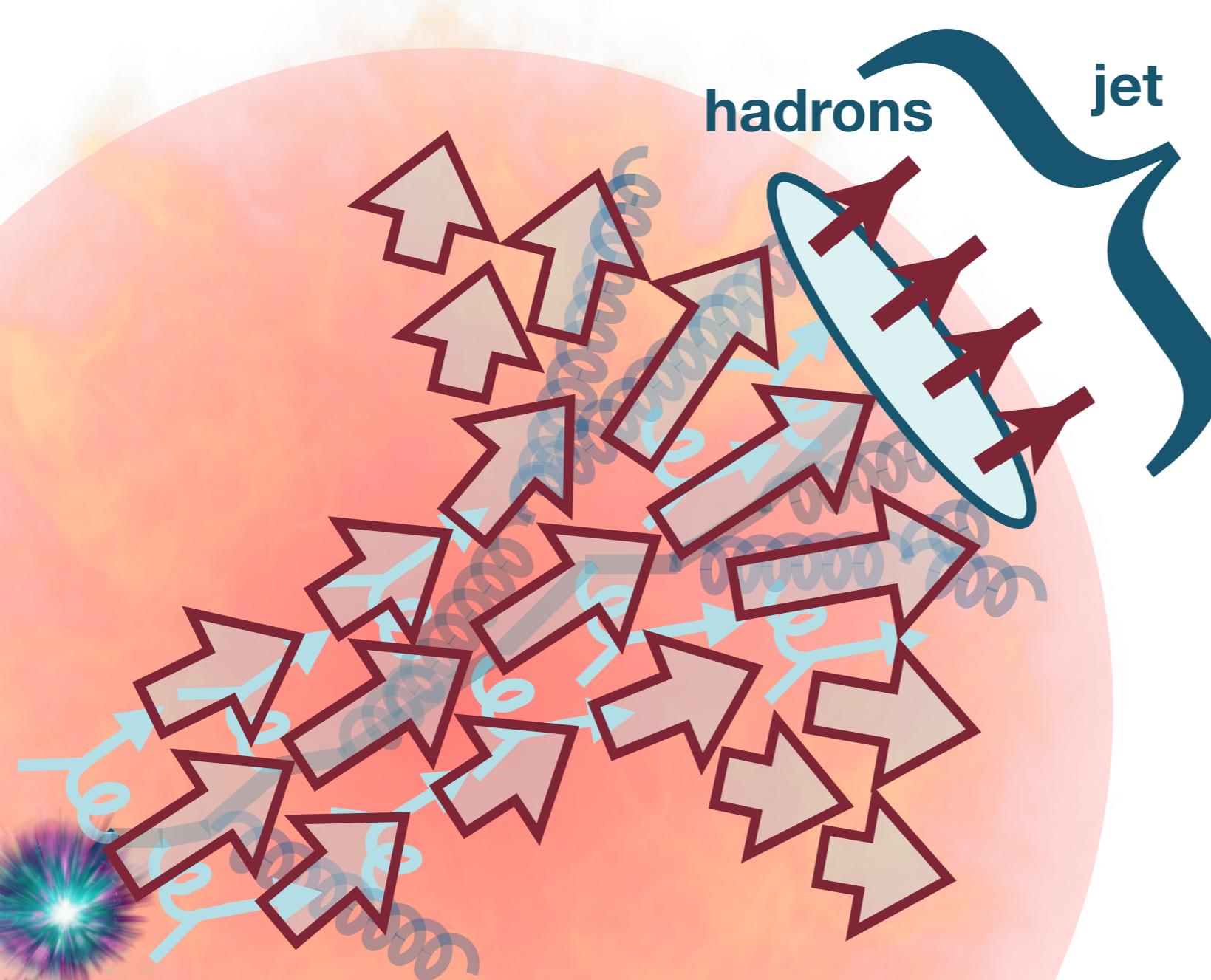


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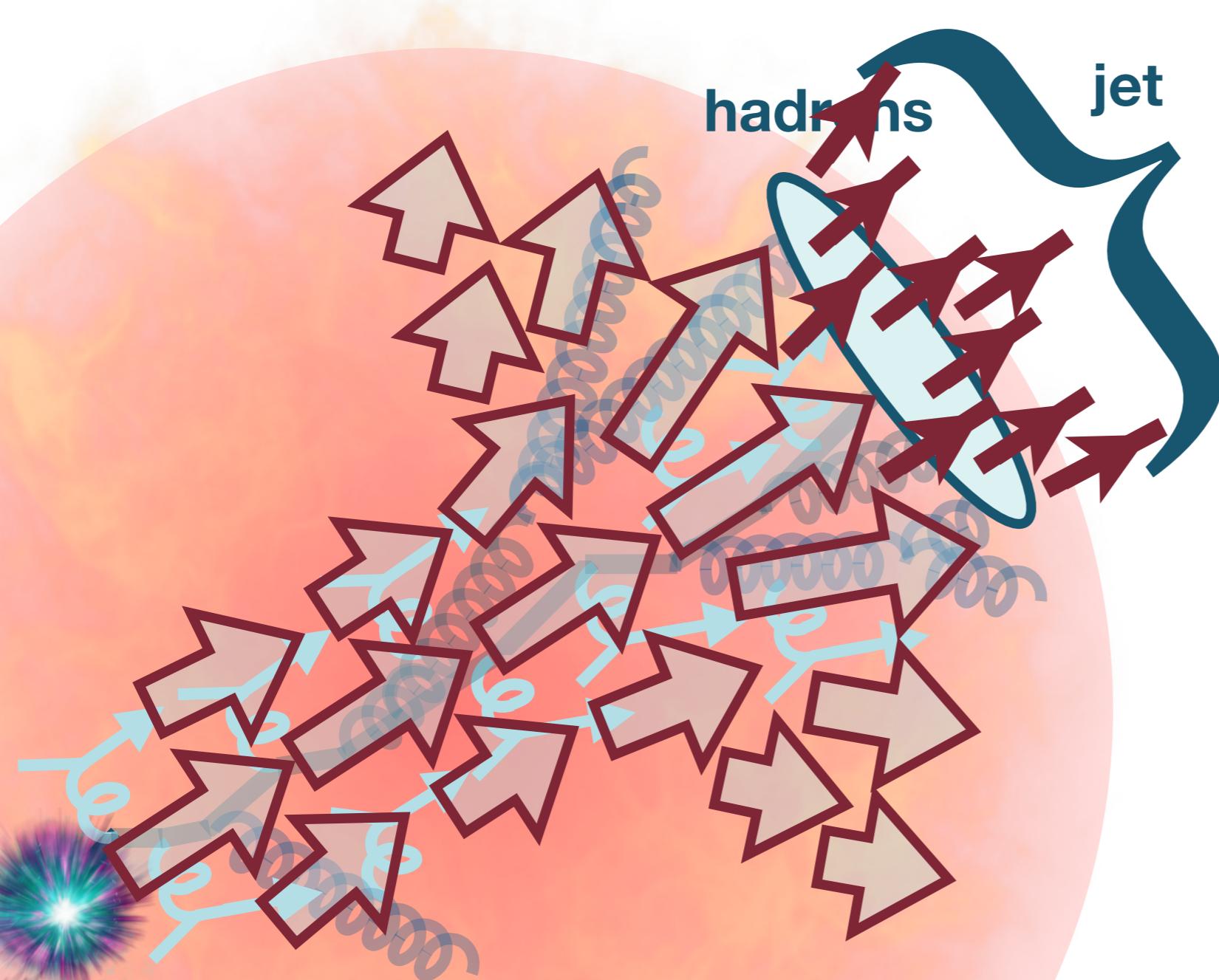


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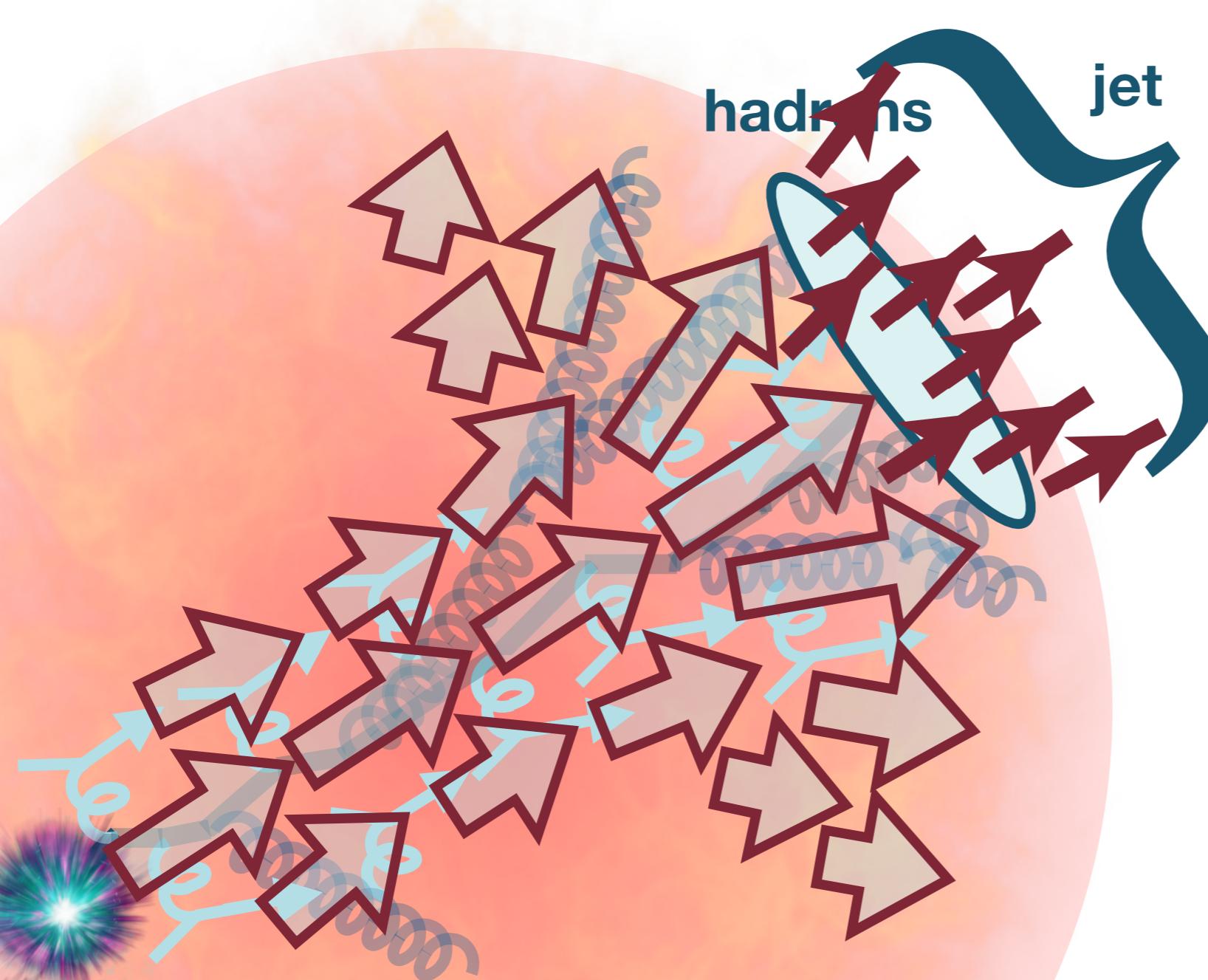


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**Enhancement of particle emission from medium**

**Further modification**

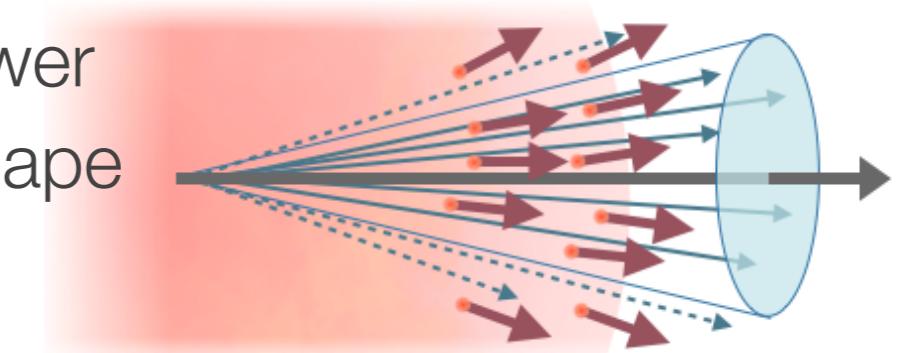


**Jet energy loss  
Modification of jet structure**

# Motivation

- Purpose

- Flow induced as medium response to jet shower
- Medium contribution to jet energy loss and shape



- Method

- Describe both jet shower and medium evolution
- Interaction between them



Jet shower transport equation  
+  
Hydrodynamic equation with source term

- Other works about jet with medium response

B. Betz, J. Noronha, G. Torrieri, M. Gyulassy, I. Mishustin, D. H. Rischke ('09), G.-Y. Qin, A. Majumder, H. Song, U. Heinz ('09), R. B. Neufeld, B. Muller ('10), R. B. Neufeld, T. Renk ('10), H. Li, F. Liu, G.-L. Ma, X.-N. Wang, Y. Zhu ('11), R. B. Neufeld, I. Vitev ('12), X.-N. Wang, Y. Zhu ('13), YT, T. Hirano ('14, '16), R. P. G. Andrade, J. Noronha, G. S. Denicol ('14), M. Schulc, B. Tomášik ('14), S. Floerchinger, K. C. Zapp ('14), Y. He, T. Luo, X.-N. Wang, Y. Zhu ('15), S. Cao, T. Luo, G.-Y. Qin and X.-N. Wang ('16), J. Casalderrey-Solana, D. C. Gulhan, J. G. Milhano, D. Pablos, K. Rajagopal ('16), ...

Linearized Boltzmann Transport (LBT) Model

T. Luo (Saturday), SS. Cao (Saturday)

LBT + Hydro Model

W. Chen (Saturday)

Hybrid Strong/Weak Coupling Model by D. Pablos (Saturday), JEWEL by R. Kunnavalkam Elayavalli (Saturday), Multi-phase Transport Model by G.-L. Ma (Saturday), Linearized Hydro w/ Source Term by A. Ayala (Sunday)

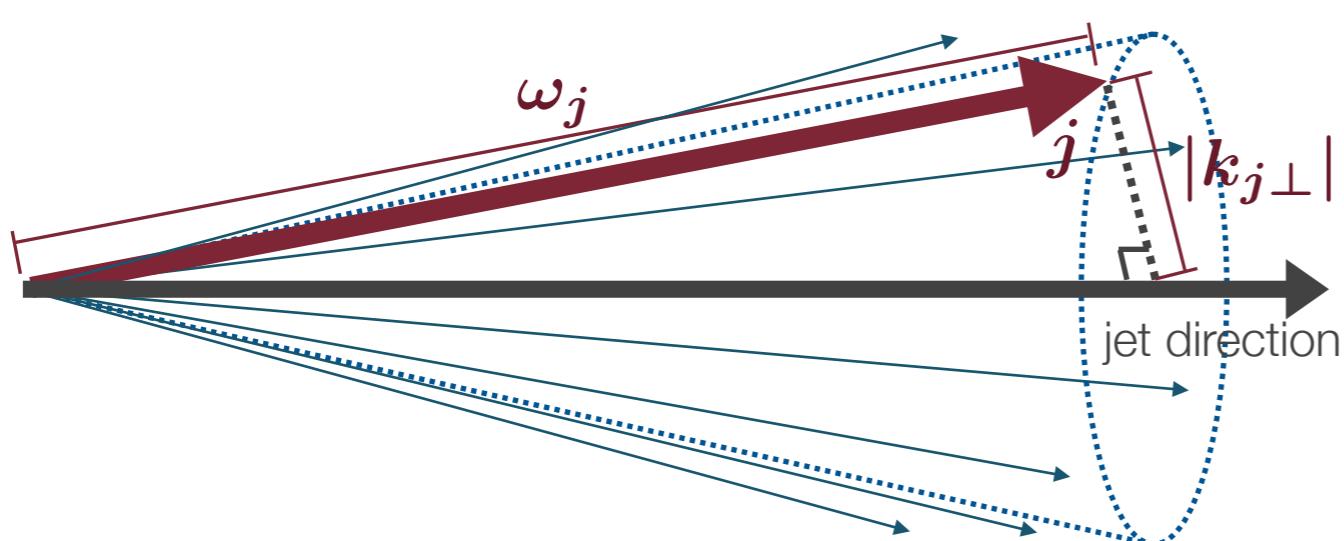
# Full jet shower evolution

N.-B. Chang and G.-Y. Qin, Phys. Rev. C 94, no. 2, 024902 (2016)

- **Transport equations for all partons in jet shower**

- evolution of energy and transverse momentum distributions,  $f_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2, t)$   
( $j$ : parton species)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{df_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2, t)}{dt} &= \hat{e}_j \frac{\partial f_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2, t)}{\partial \omega_j} \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} \hat{q}_j \nabla_{k_\perp}^2 f_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2, t) \\ &+ \sum_i \int d\omega_i dk_{i\perp}^2 \left[ \frac{d\tilde{\Gamma}_{i \rightarrow j}(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2 | \omega_i, k_{i\perp}^2)}{d\omega_j d^2 k_{j\perp} dt} f_i(\omega_i, k_{i\perp}^2, t) - \frac{d\tilde{\Gamma}_{j \rightarrow i}(\omega_i, k_{i\perp}^2 | \omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2)}{d\omega_i d^2 k_{i\perp} dt} f_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2, t) \right] \end{aligned}$$



$$\hat{e}_j = \frac{\hat{q}_j}{4T}$$

$$\frac{d\tilde{\Gamma}_{j \rightarrow i}(\omega_i, k_{i\perp}^2 | \omega_j, 0)}{d\omega_i dk_{i\perp}^2 dt} = \frac{2\alpha_s}{\pi} \frac{x P_{j \rightarrow i}(x) \hat{q}_j(t)}{\omega k_{i\perp}^4} \sin^2 \left( \frac{t - t_0}{2\tau_f} \right)$$

( $P_{j \rightarrow i}(x = \omega_j/\omega_i)$ : vacuum splitting function)

Initial jet profiles are generated by PYTHIA

N.-B. Chang (**NEXT** talk)

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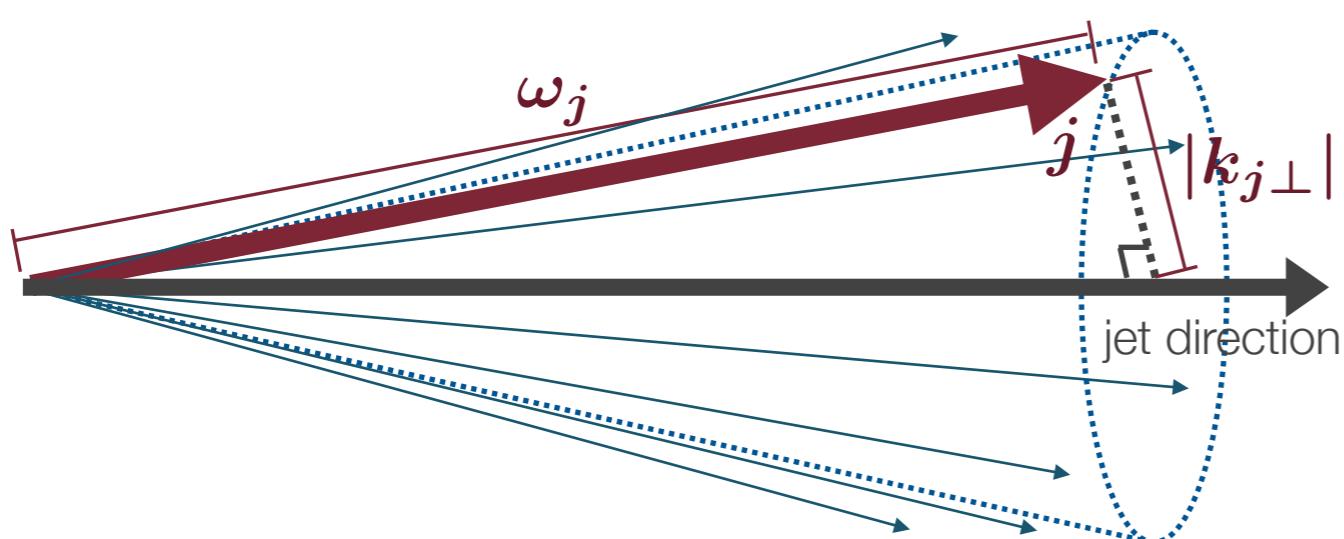
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interaction with medium constituents (j: parton species)

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$$+ \frac{1}{4} \hat{q}_j \nabla_{k_\perp}^2 f_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2, t) \quad \text{momentum broadening (transverse)}$$

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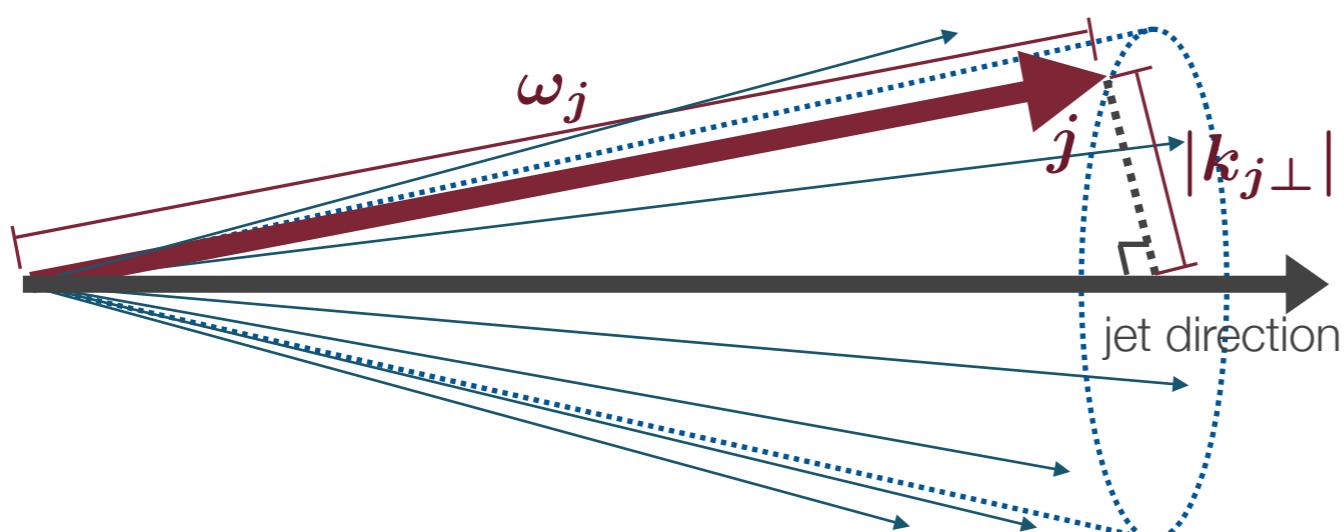
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medium-induced radiation



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N.-B. Chang (**NEXT** talk)

# Space-time evolution of QGP medium

- Hydrodynamic equation with source term
  - describe hydrodynamic response to jet and background expansion

$$\partial_\mu T^{\mu\nu}(x) = J^\nu(x)$$

Energy-momentum tensor  
of the QGP fluid

Energy and momentum  
deposited from the jet

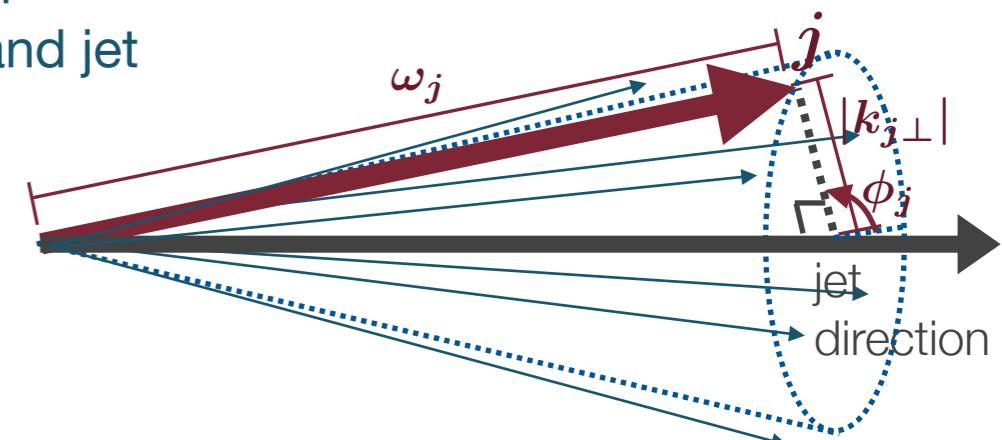
- Source term

$$J^\nu(x) = \sum_j \int \frac{d\omega_j dk_{j\perp}^2 d\phi_j}{2\pi} k_j^\nu \left. \frac{df_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2)}{dt} \right|_{\hat{e}, \hat{q}} \delta^{(3)}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_j(k, t))$$

momentum transfer  
between medium and jet

$$\left. \frac{df_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2)}{dt} \right|_{\hat{e}, \hat{q}} = \left( \hat{e}_j \frac{\partial}{\partial \omega_j} + \frac{1}{4} \hat{q}_j \nabla_{k\perp}^2 \right) f_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2, t)$$

$$\mathbf{x}_j(k, t) = \mathbf{x}_0^{\text{jet}} + \frac{\mathbf{k}_j}{\omega_j} t$$

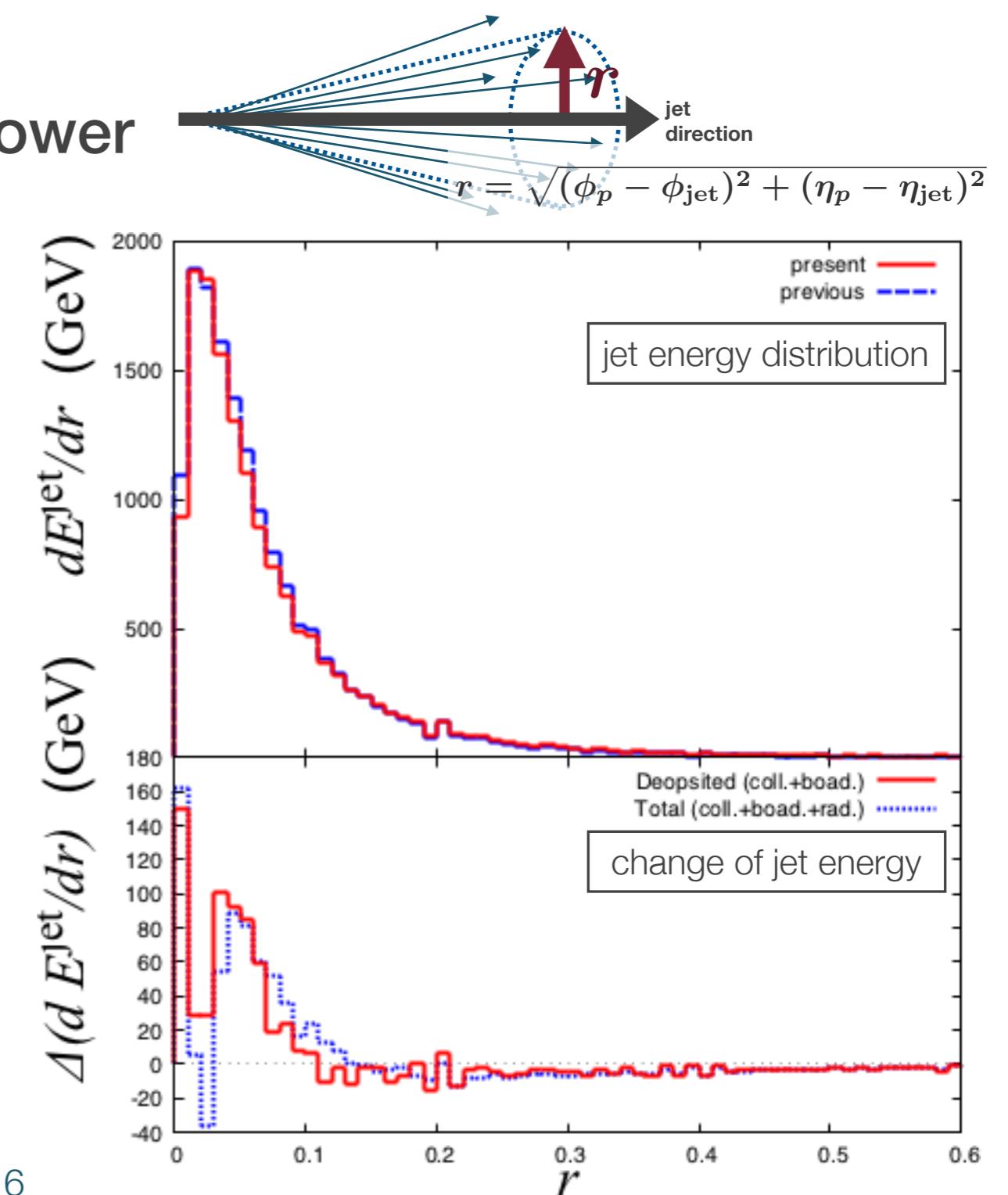
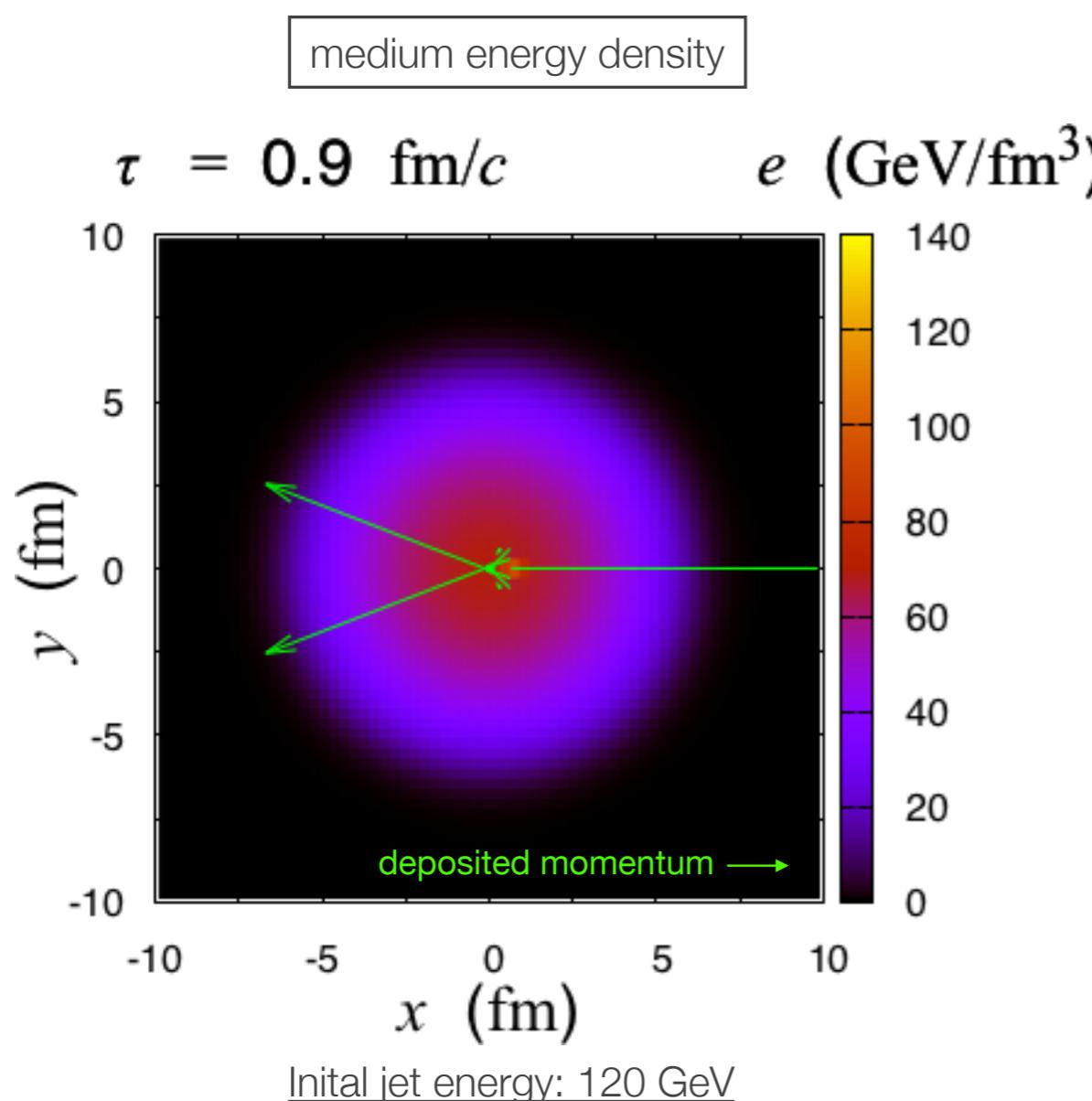


## Assumption

Instantaneous local thermalization of deposited energy and momentum

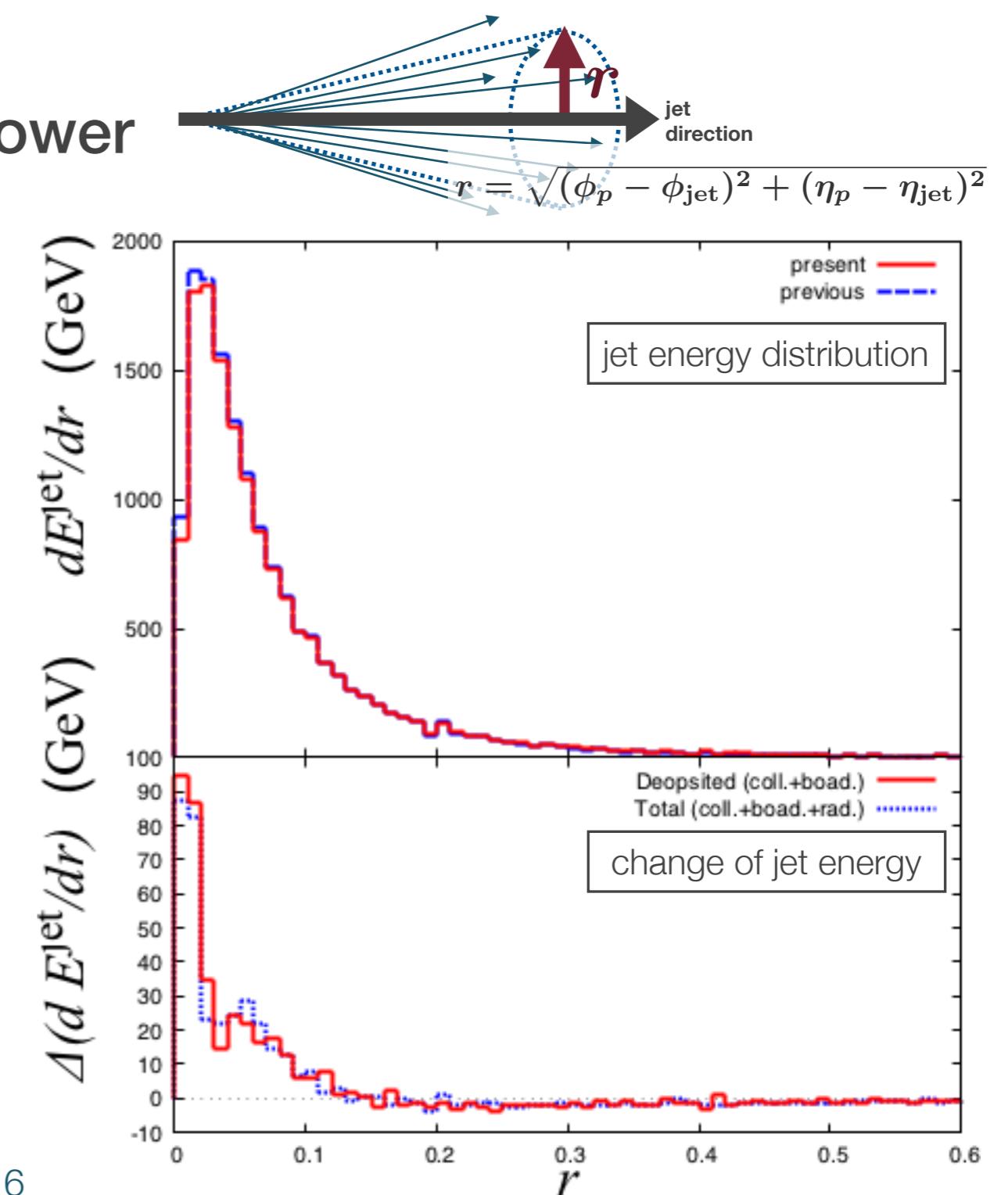
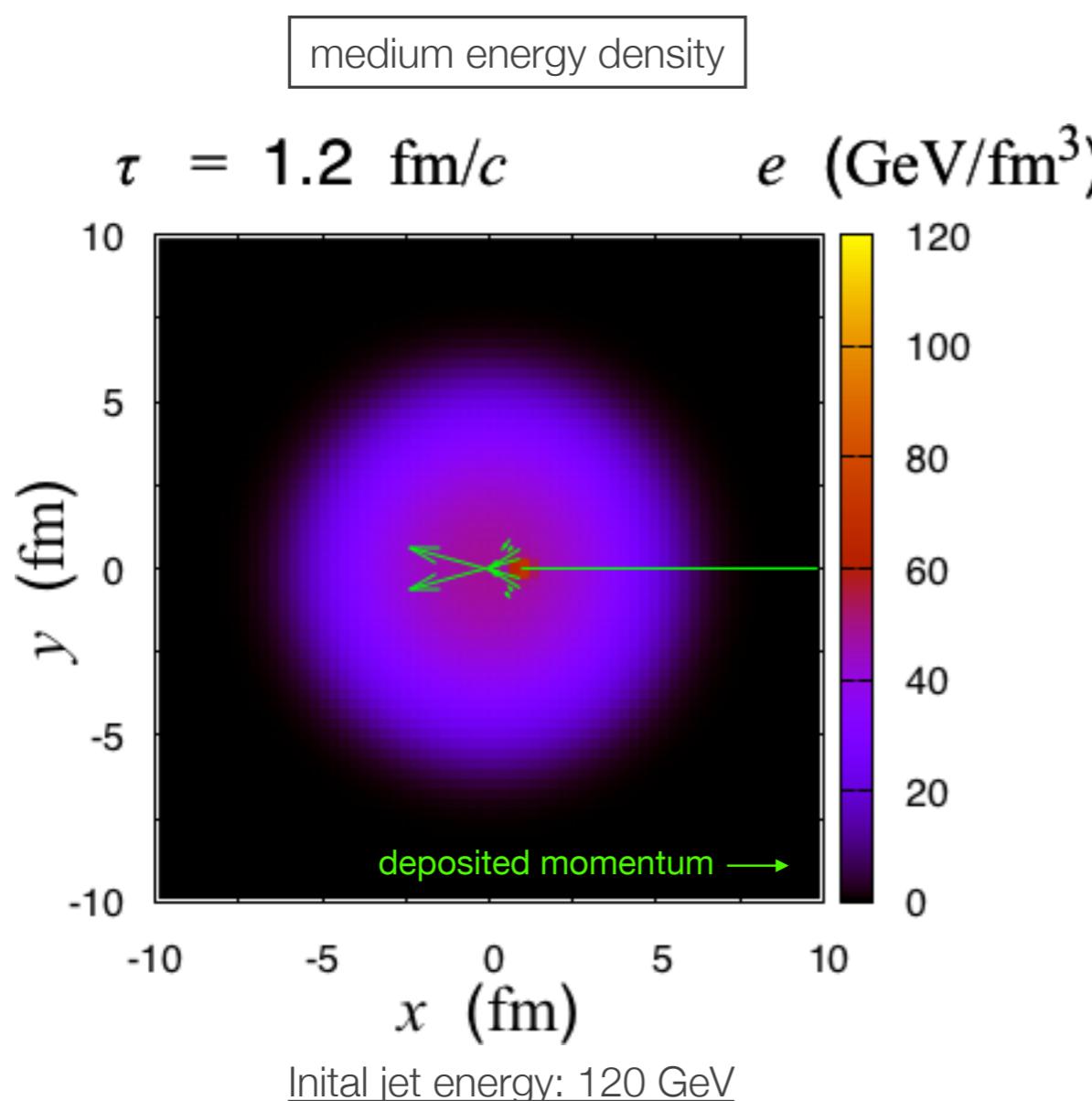
# Flow in QGP fluid induced by jet shower

- (3+1)-D ideal hydro
  - optical Glauber model in central Pb-Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}$
  - EoS from lattice QCD
- Evolution of medium and jet shower



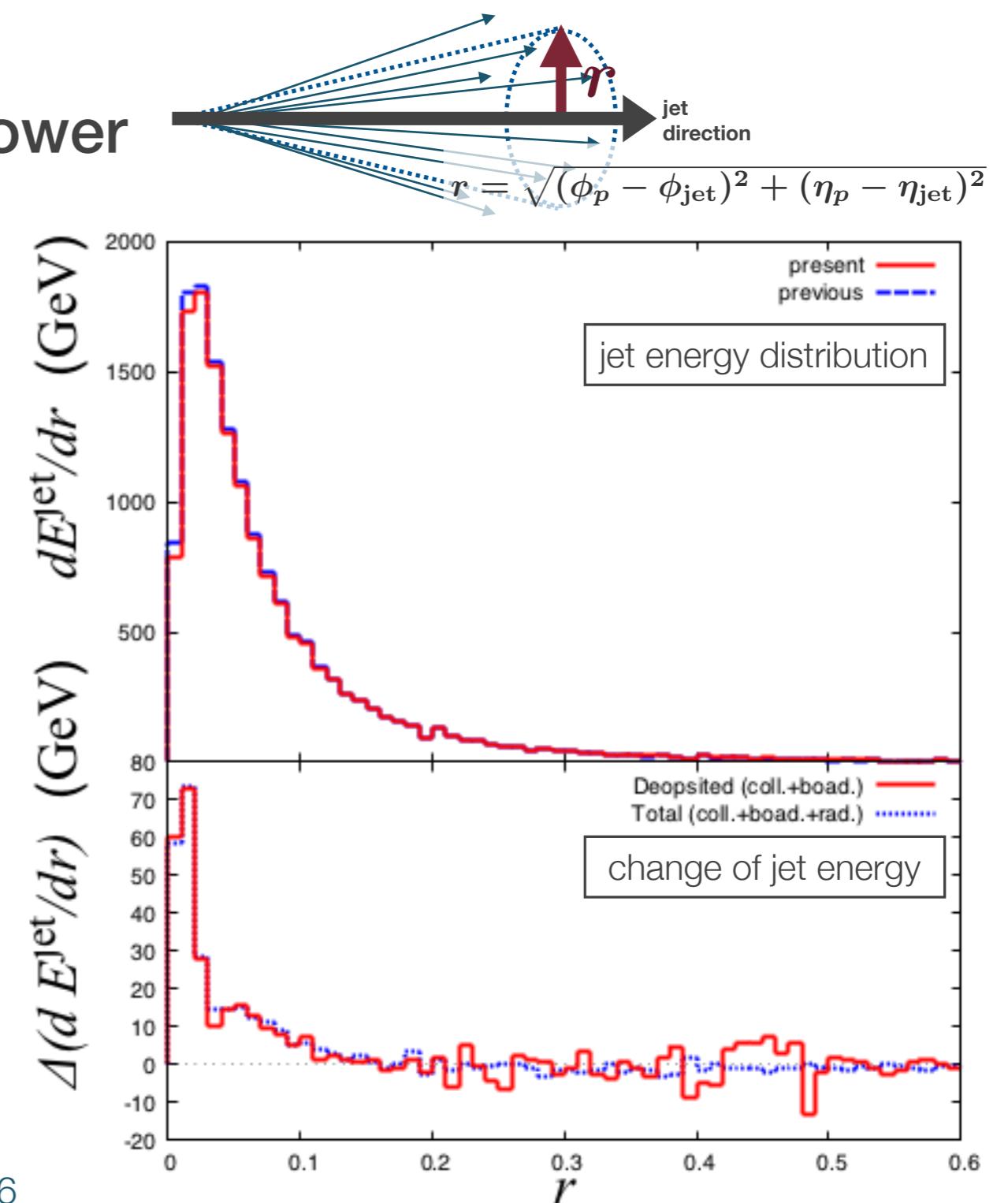
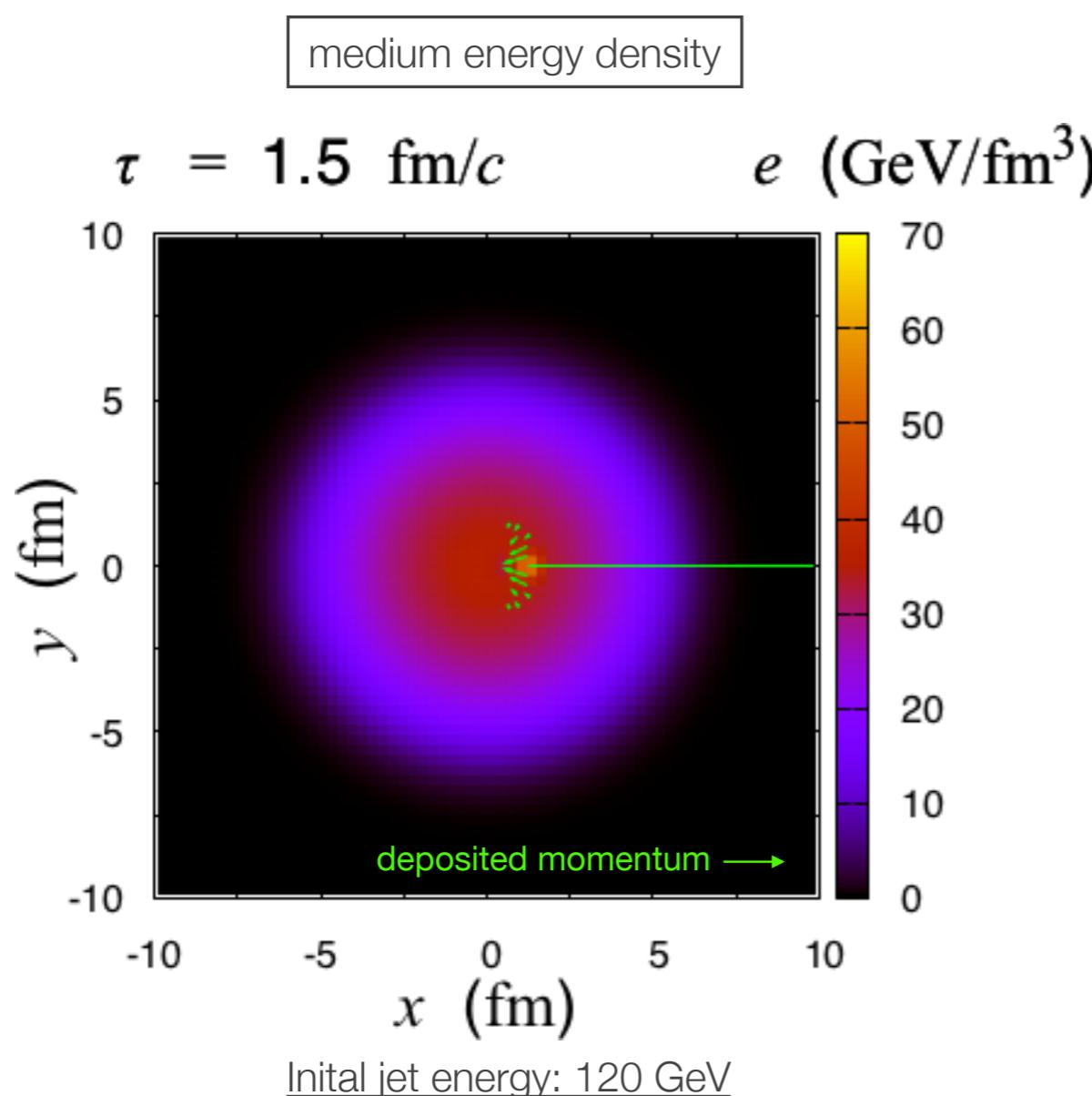
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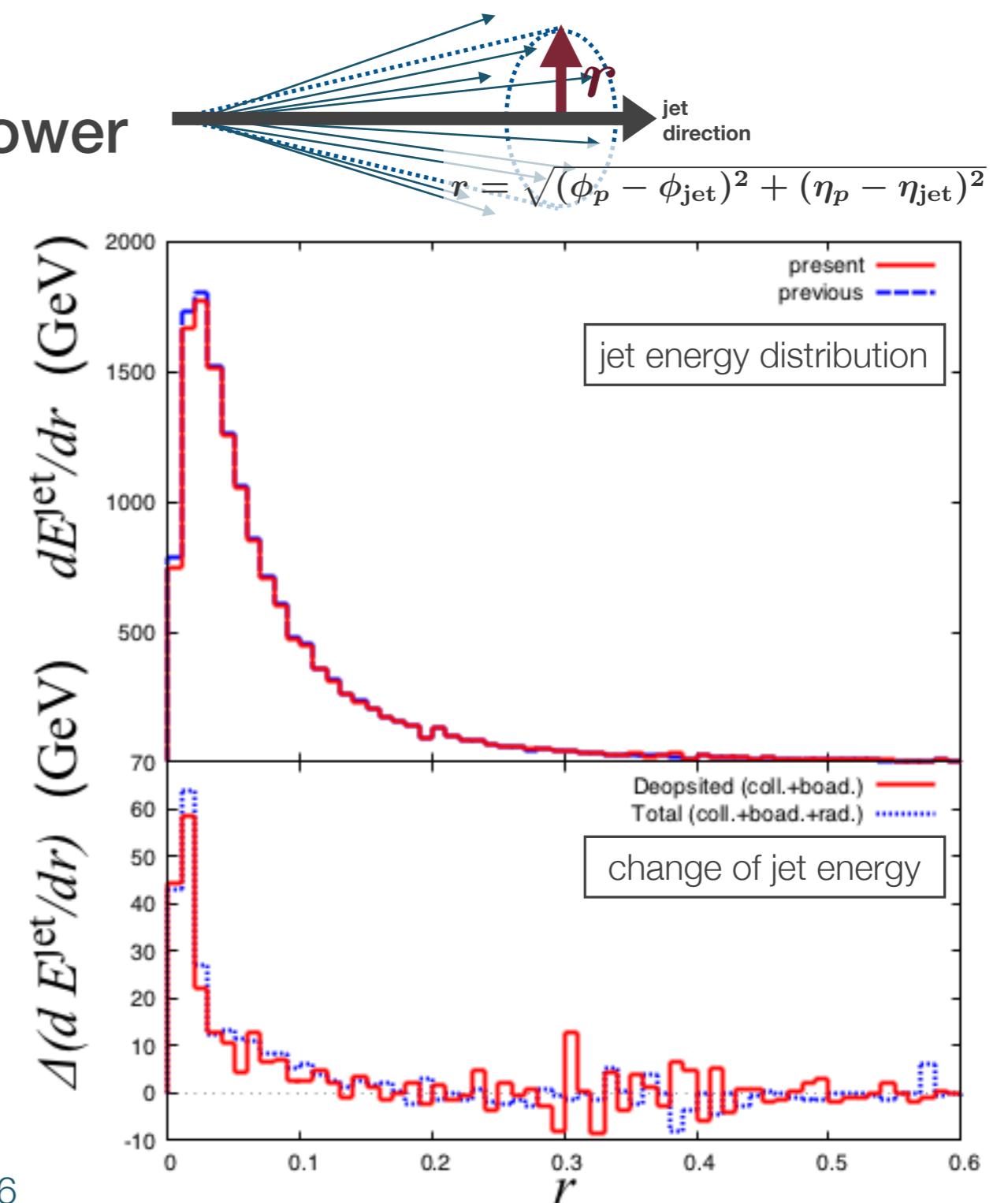
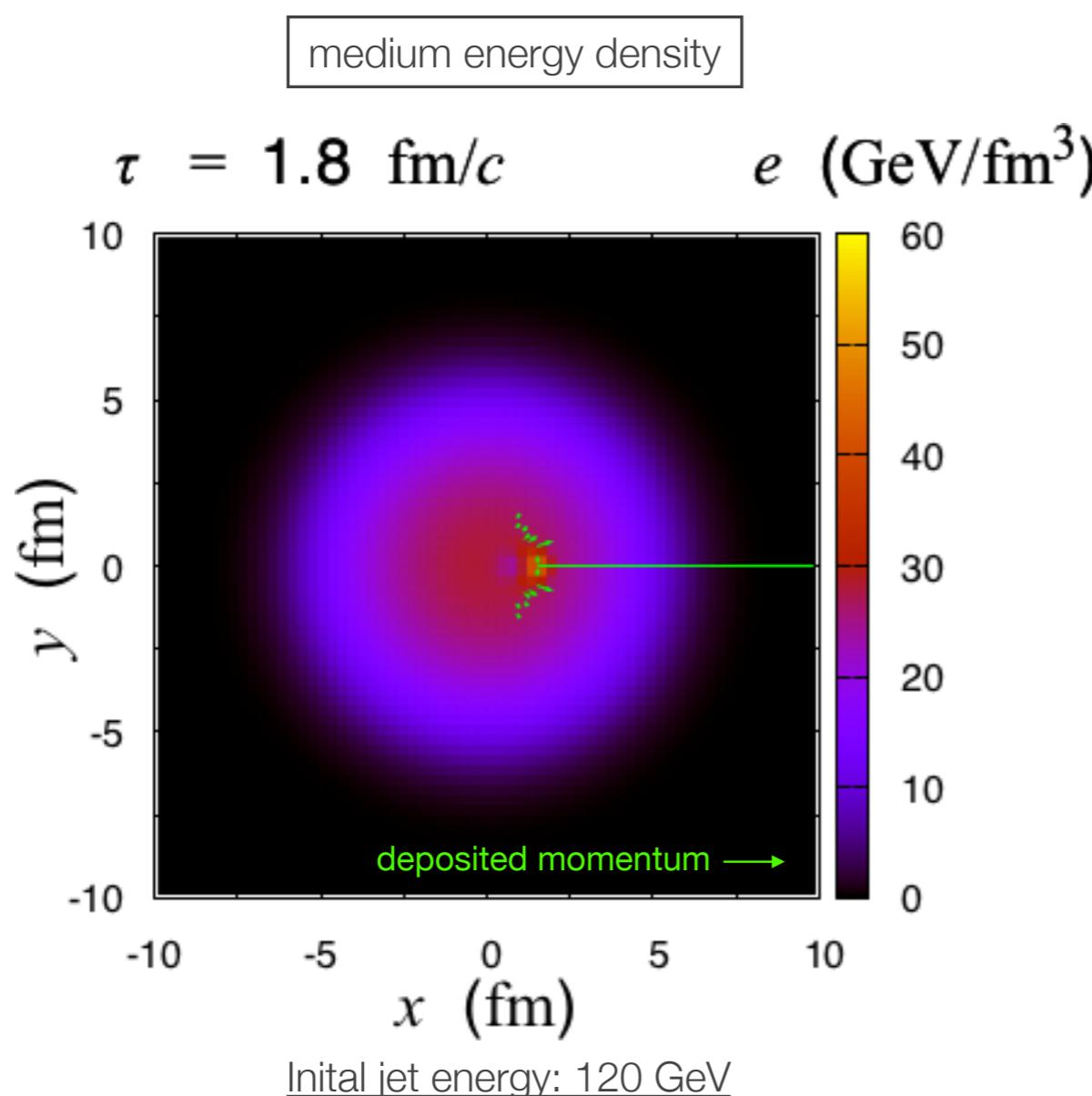
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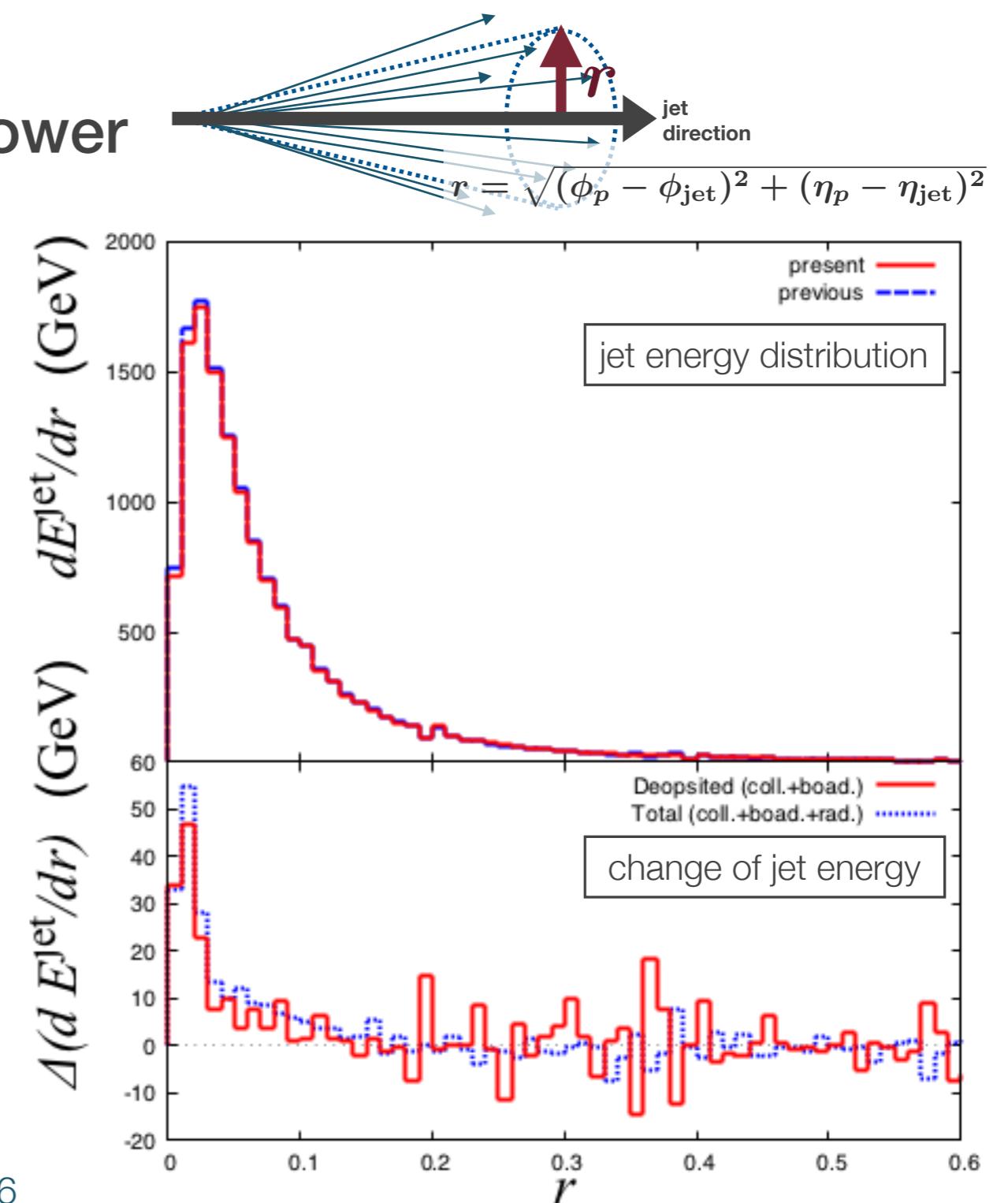
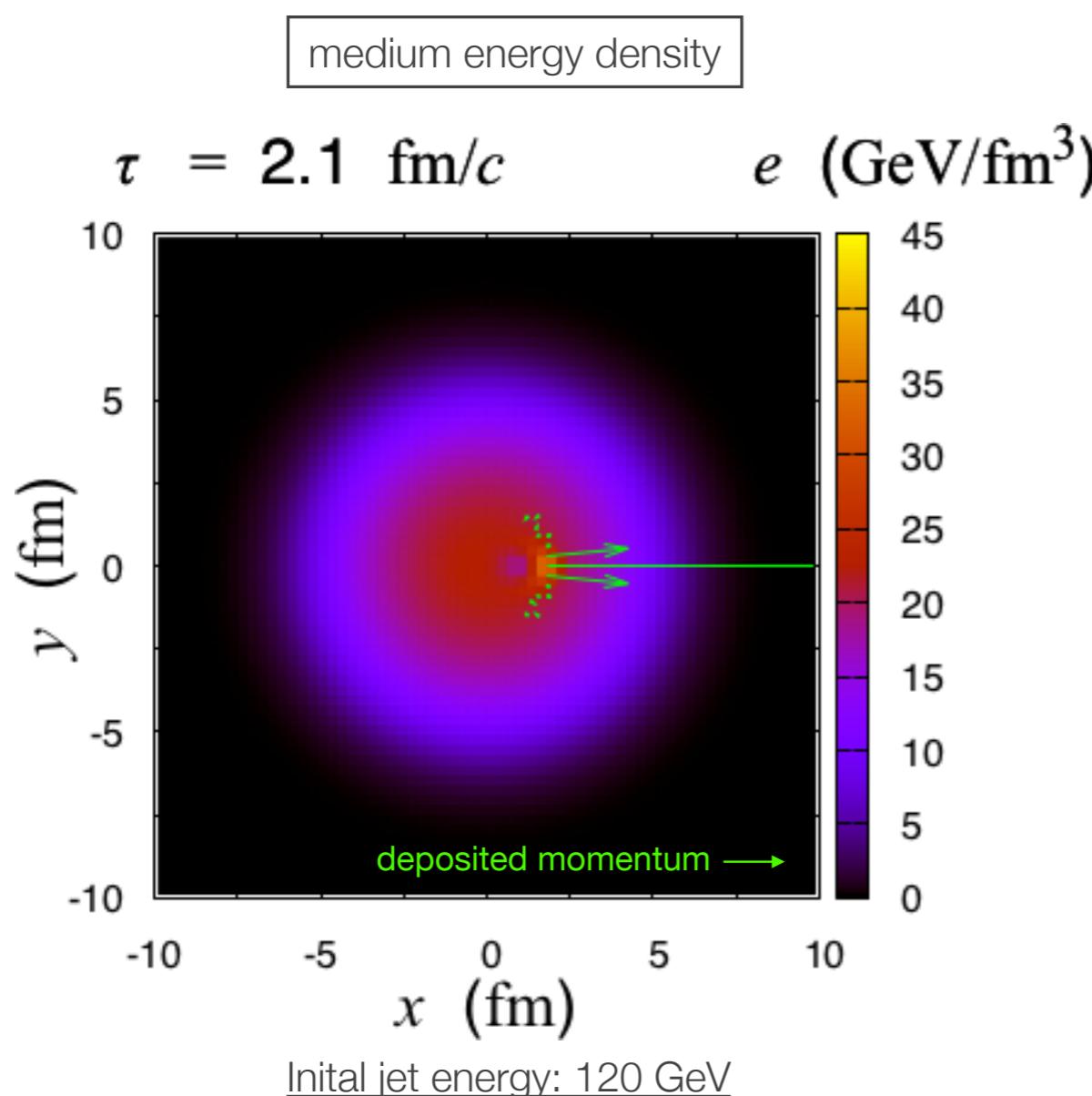
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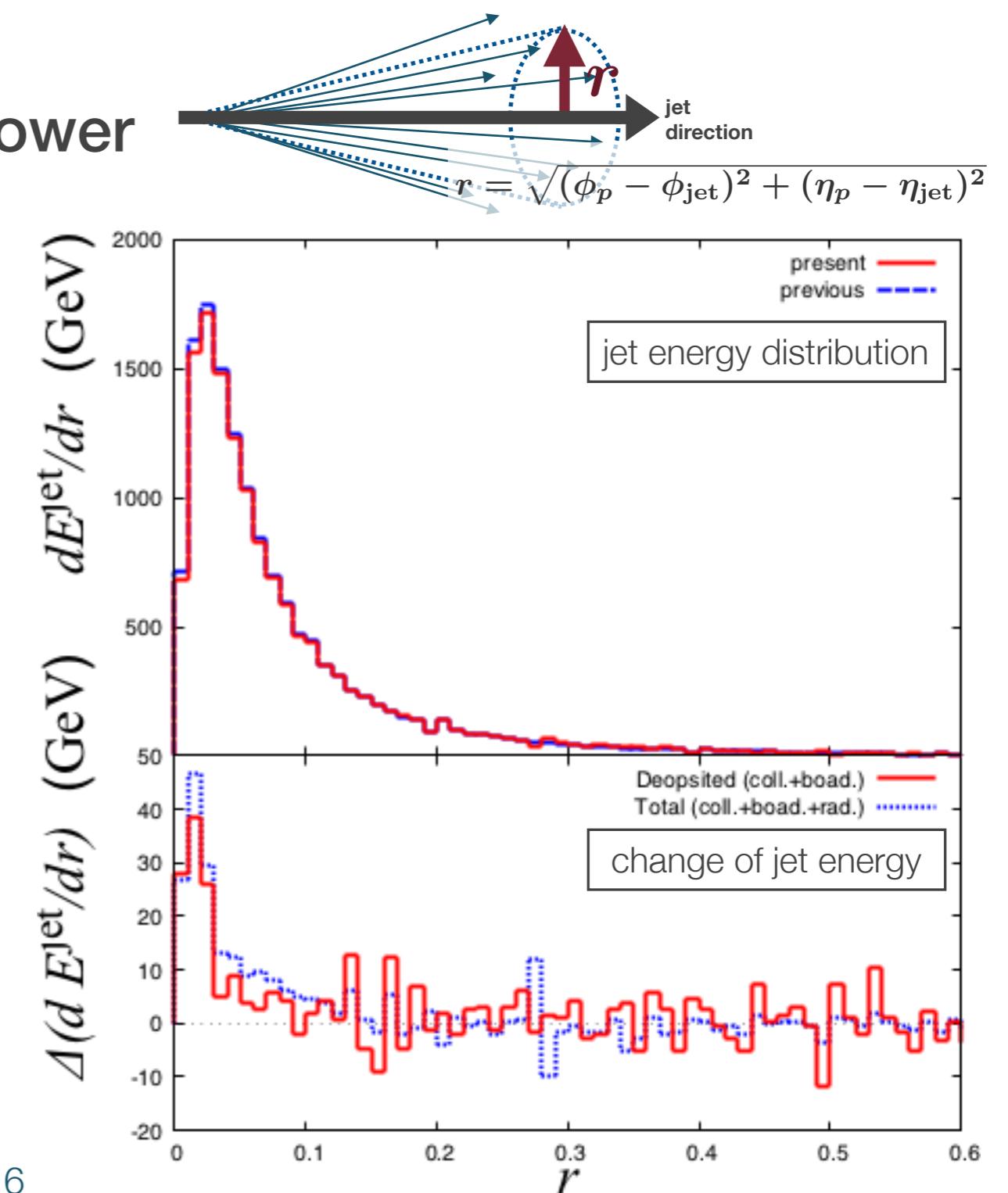
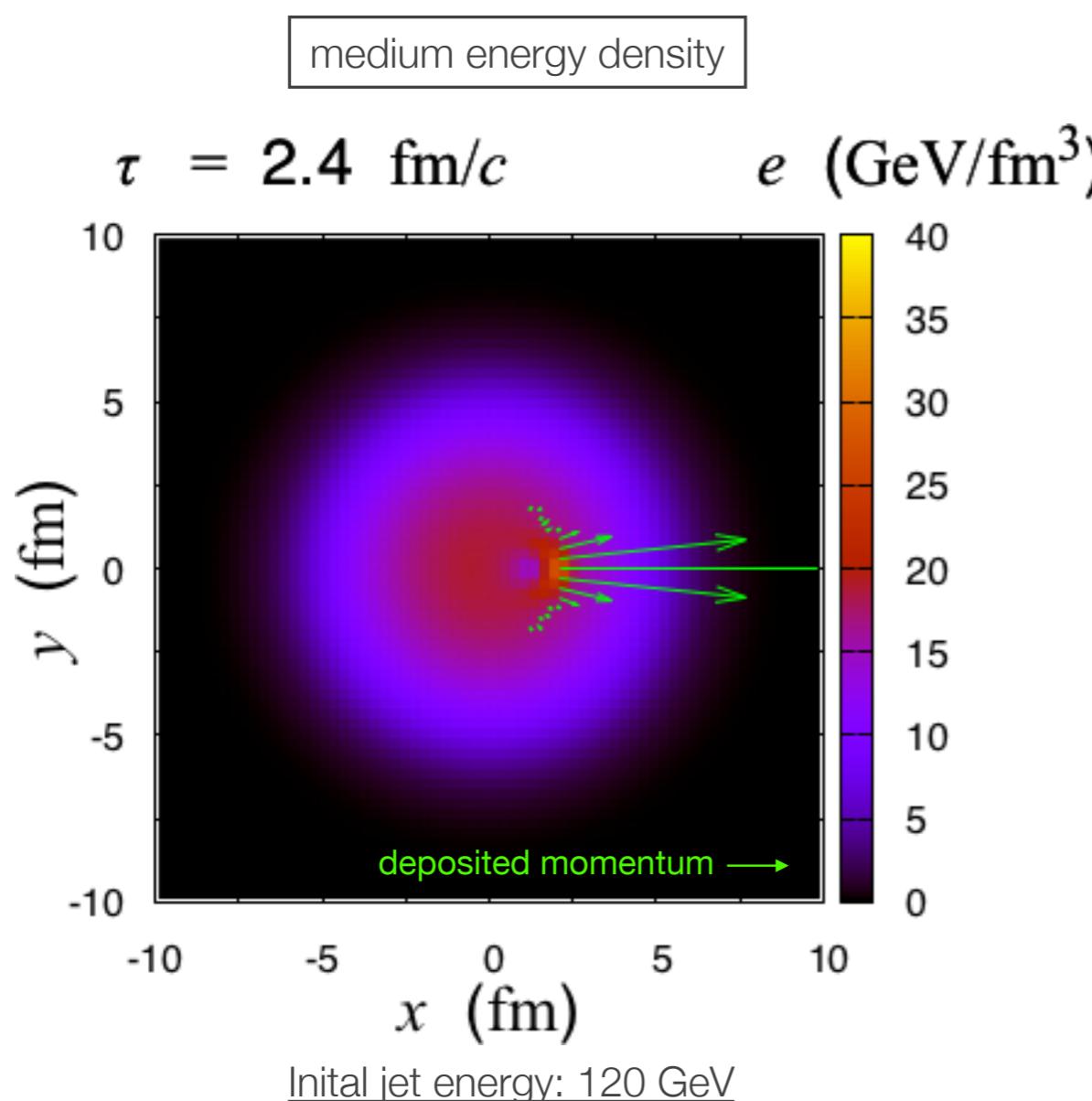
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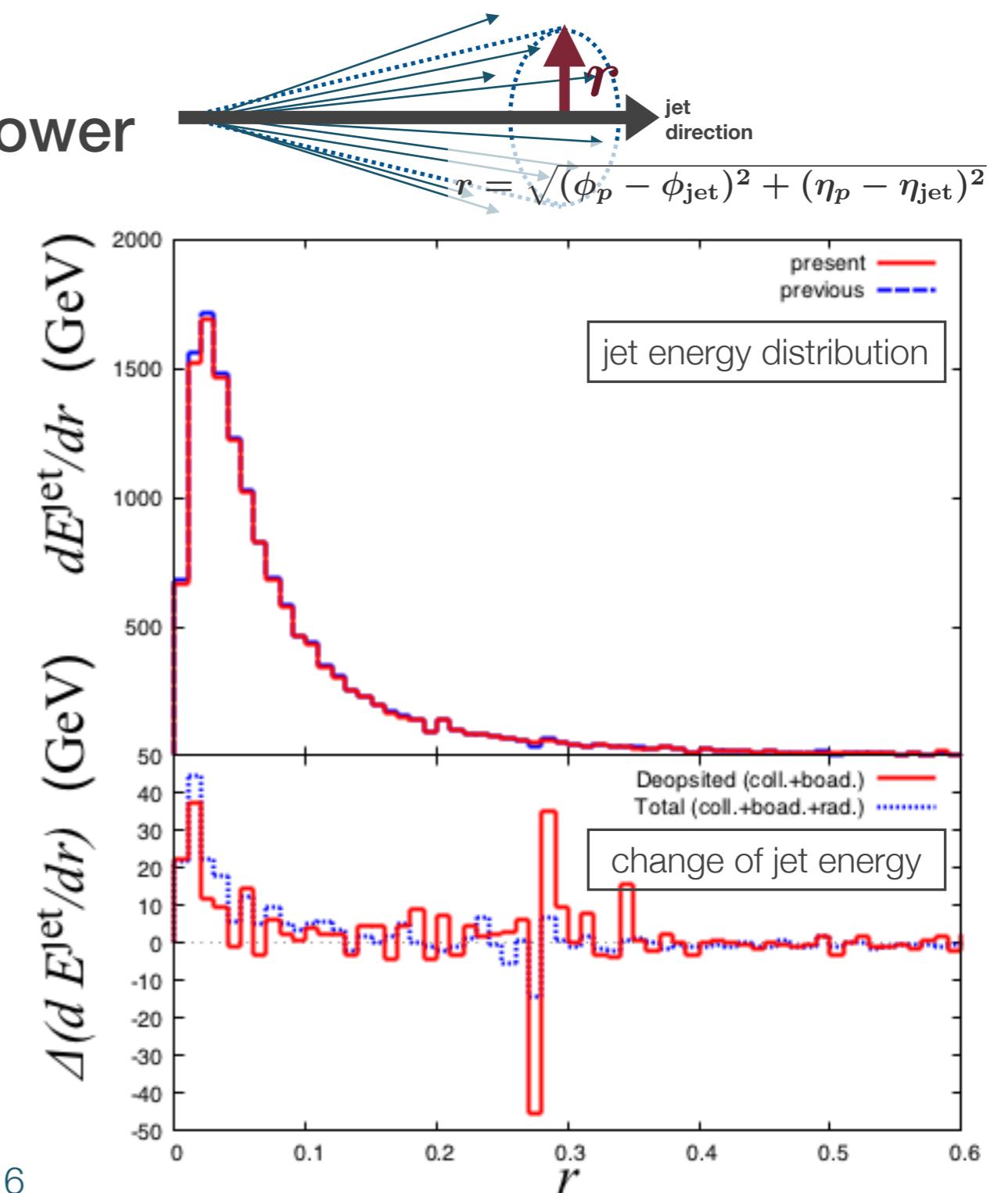
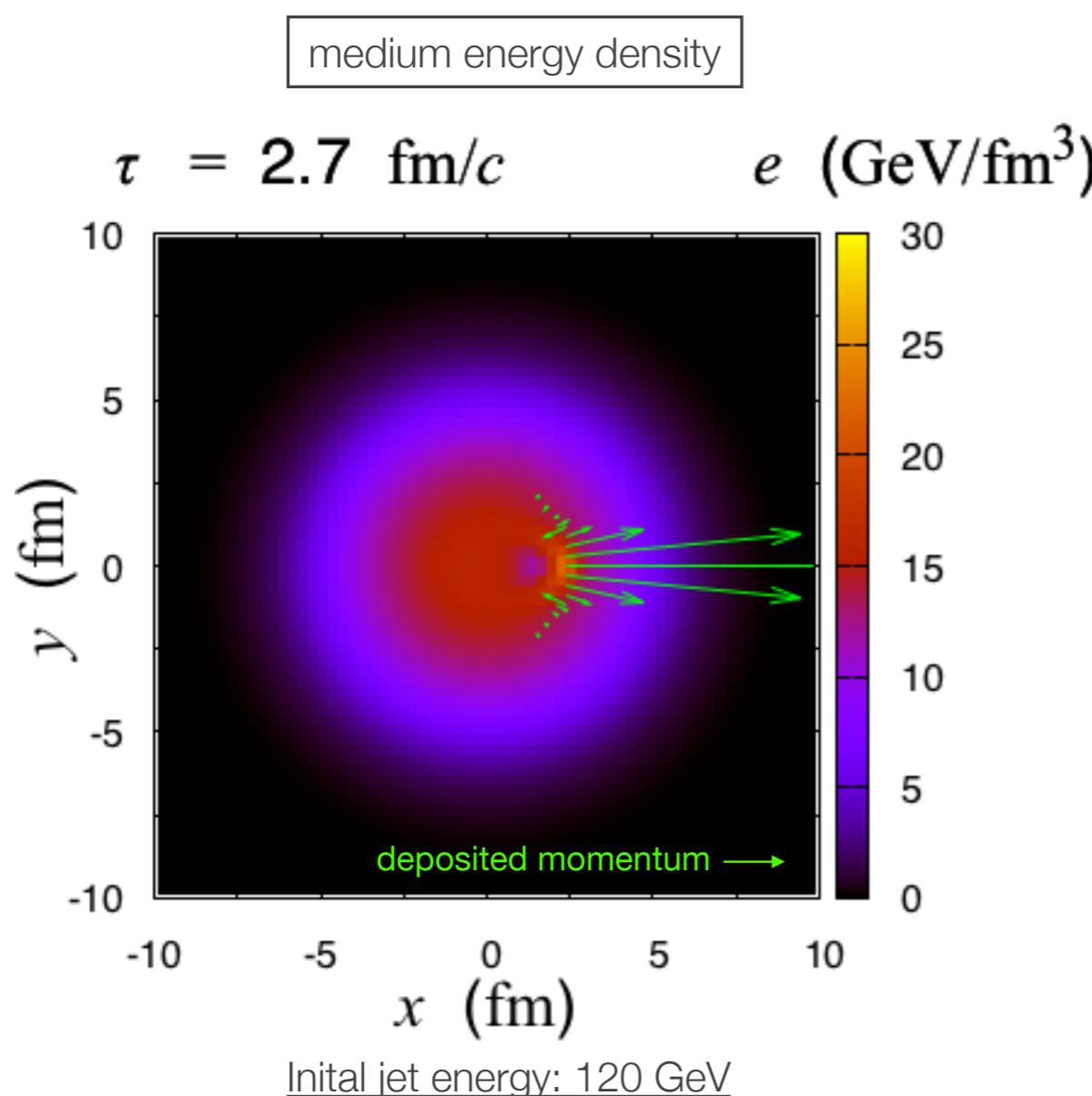
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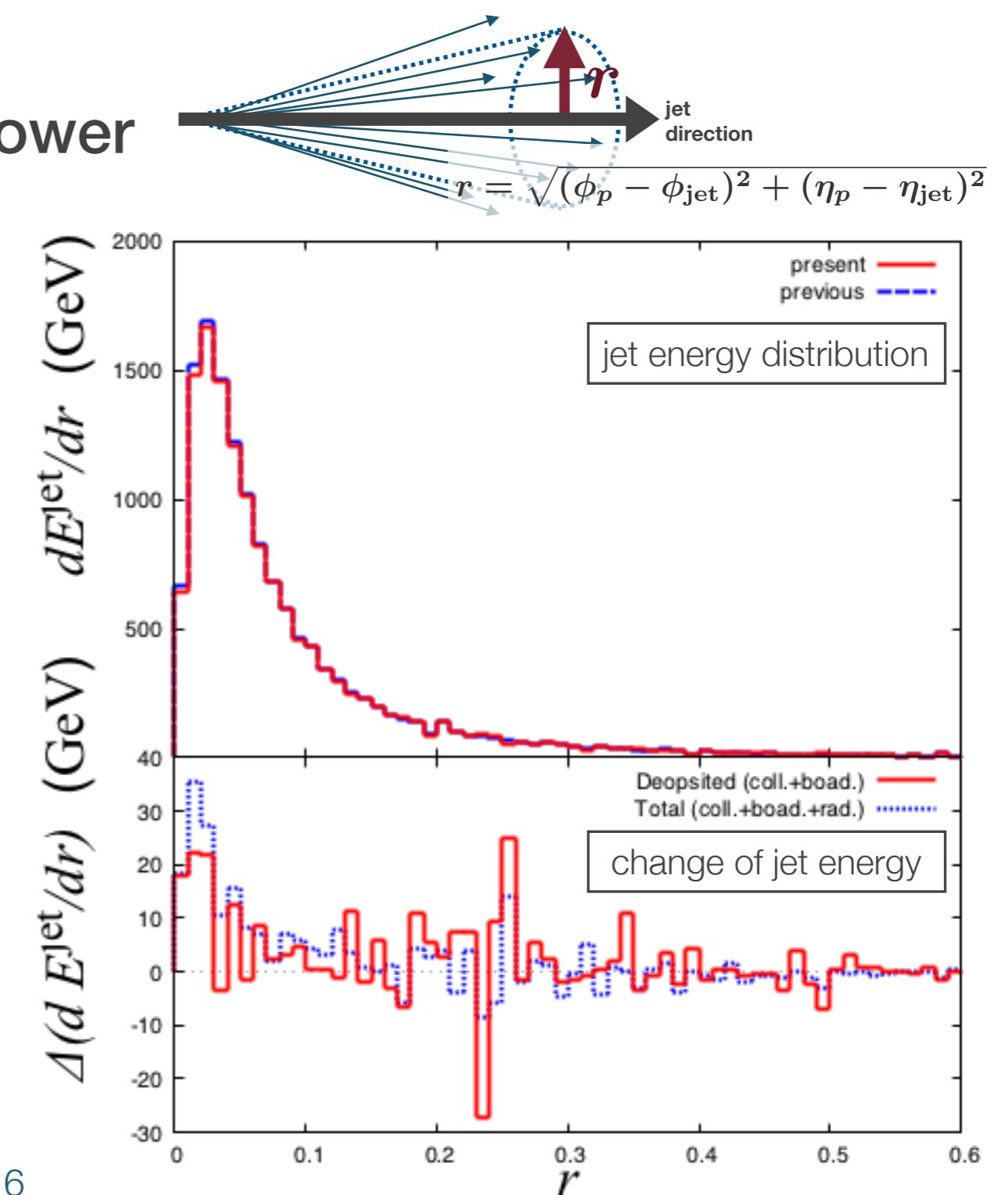
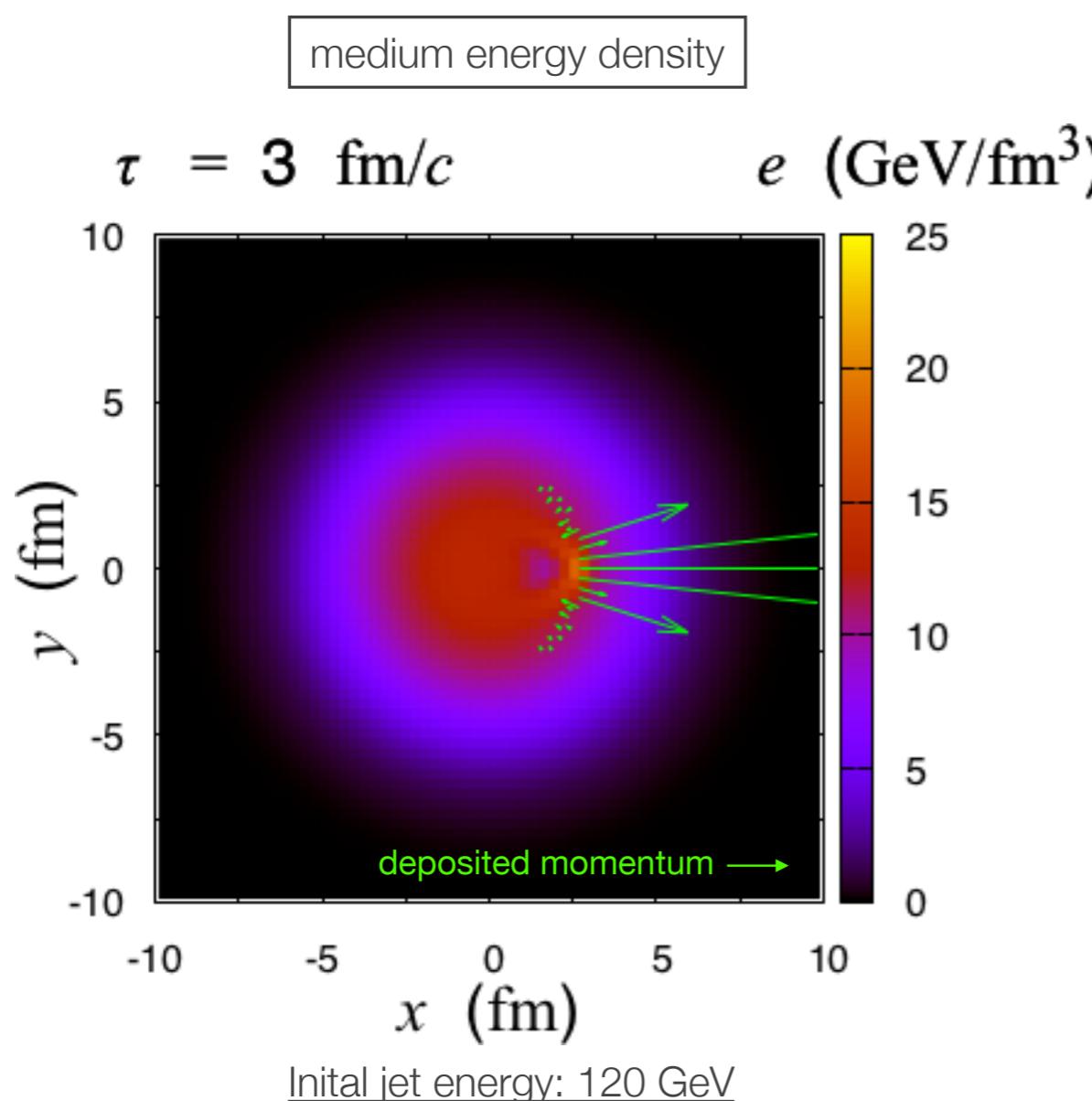
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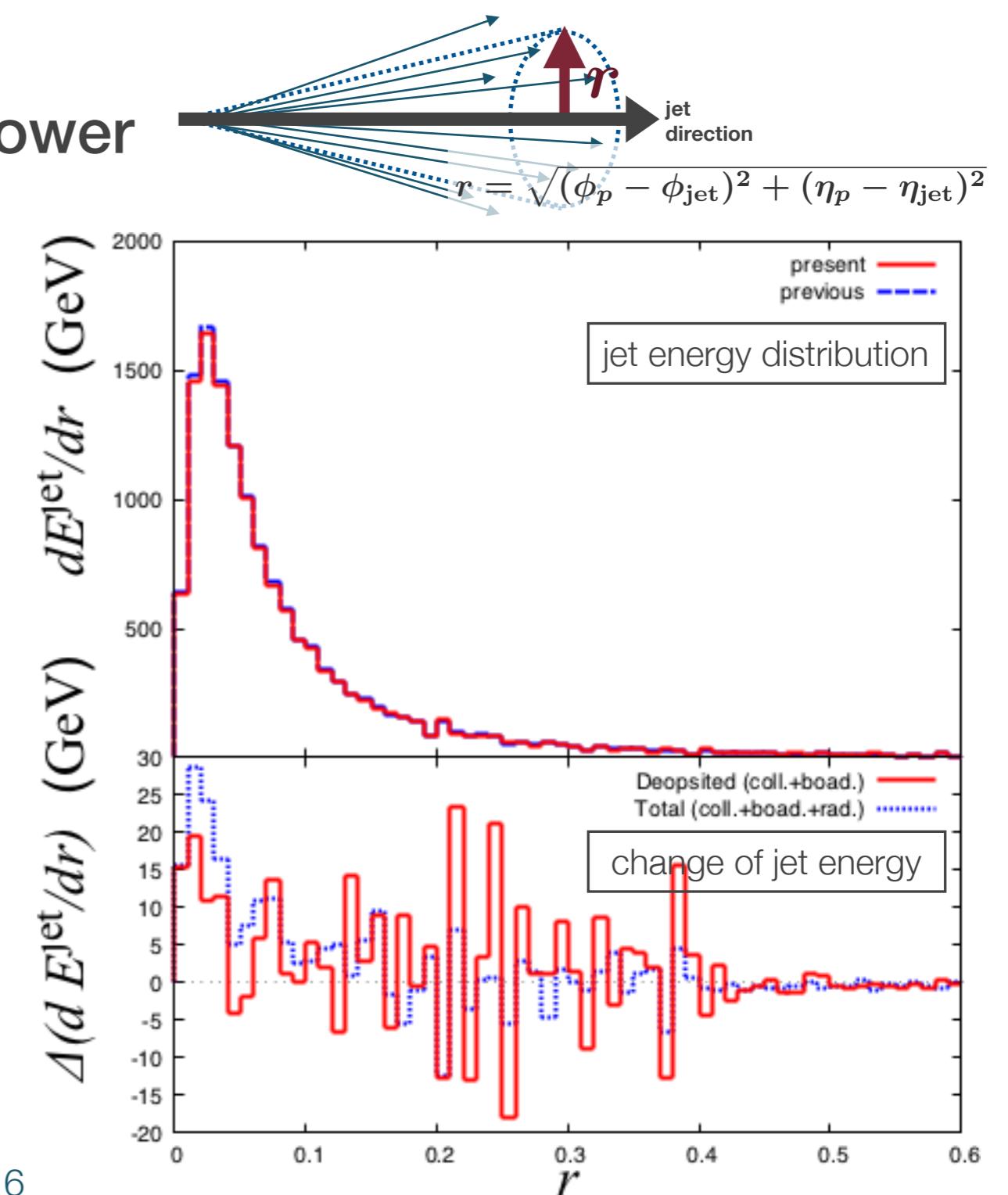
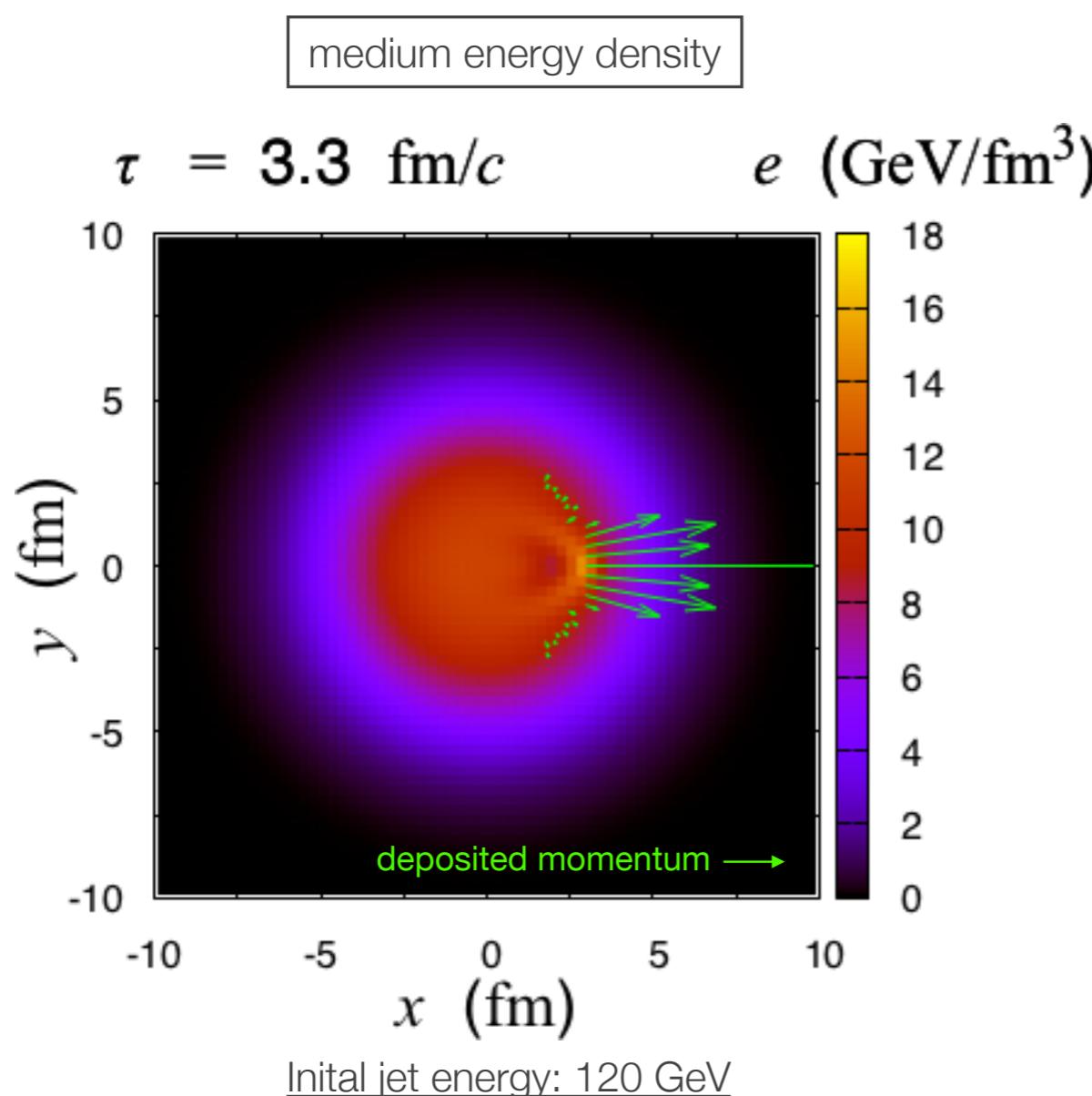
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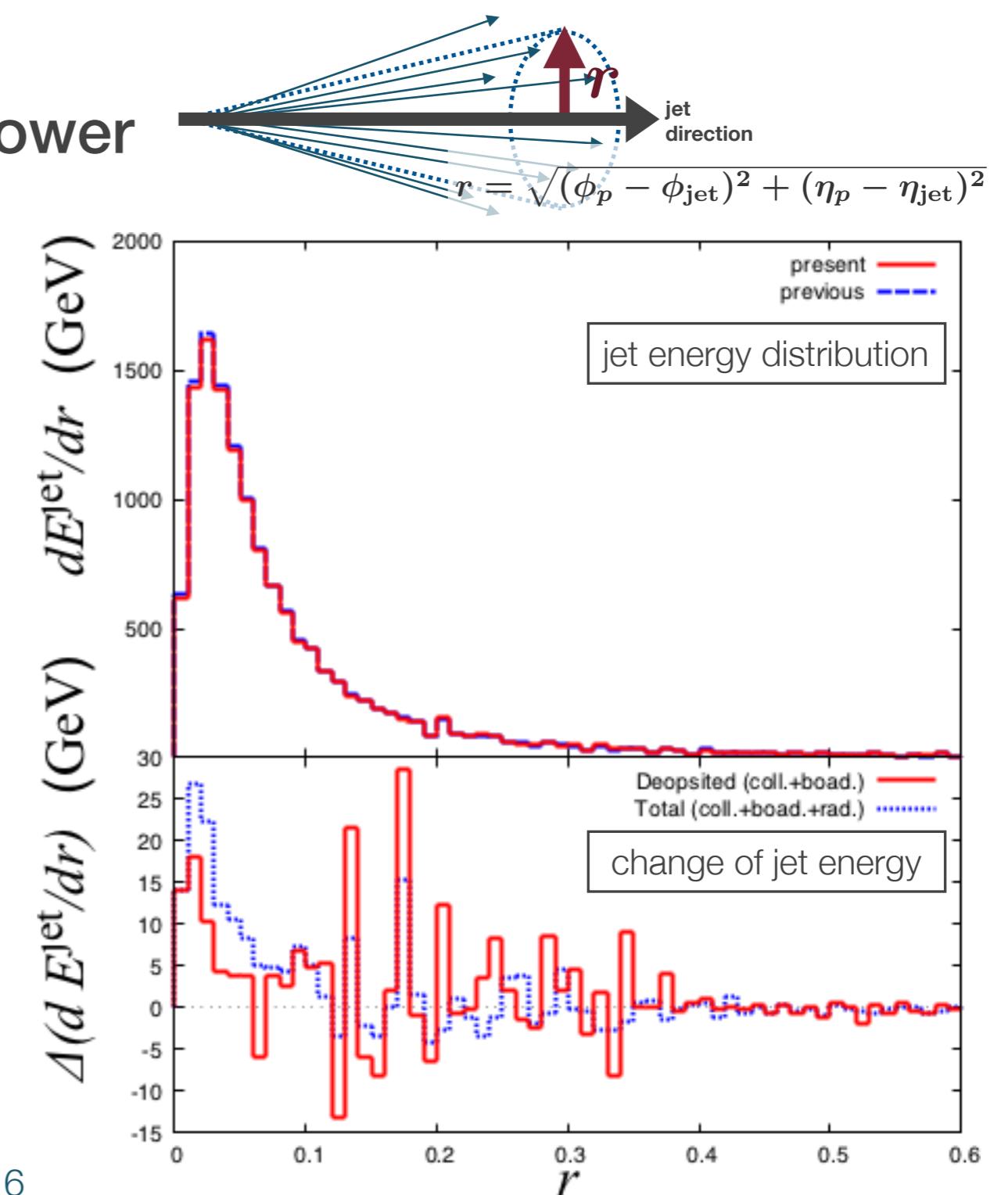
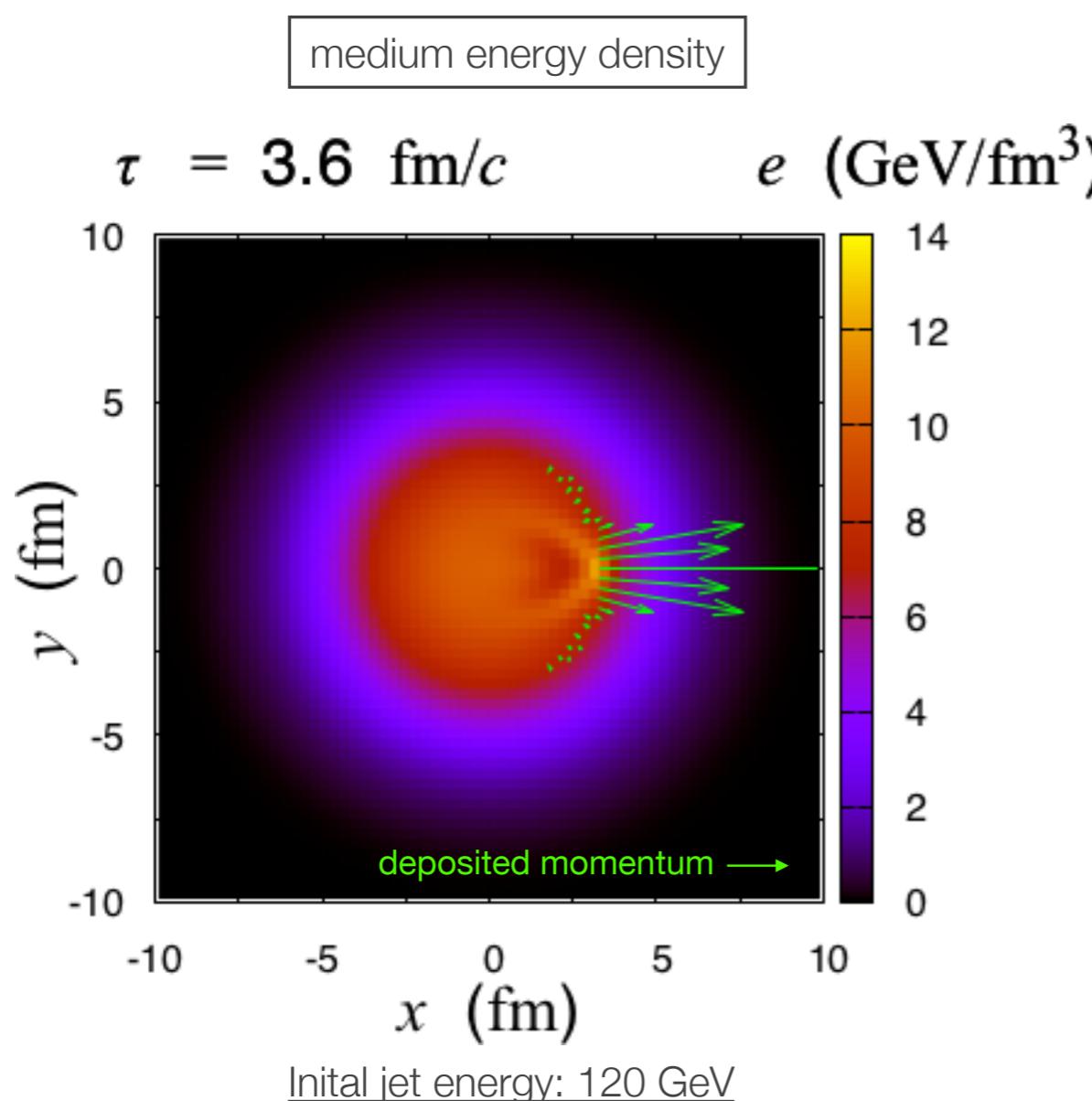
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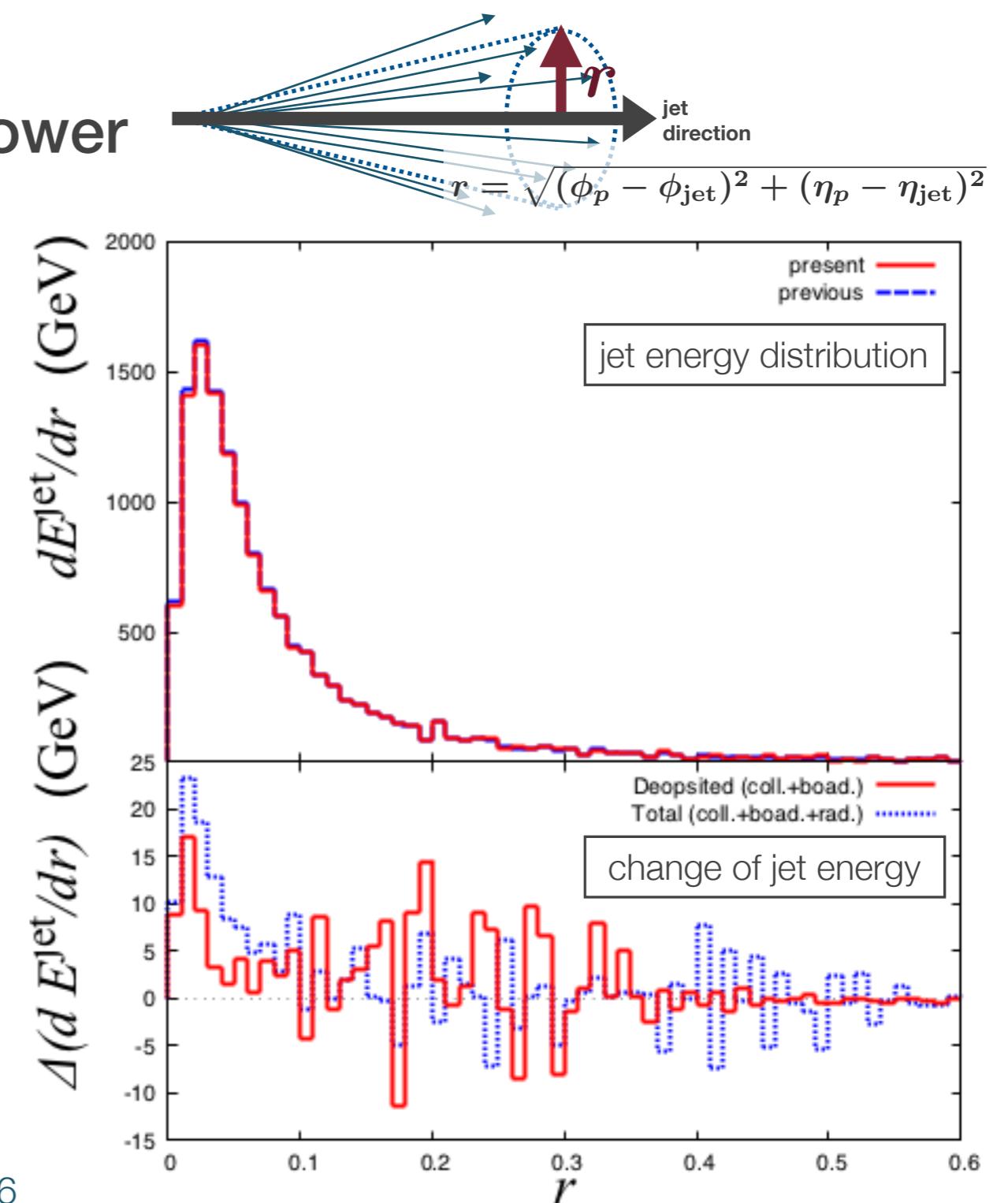
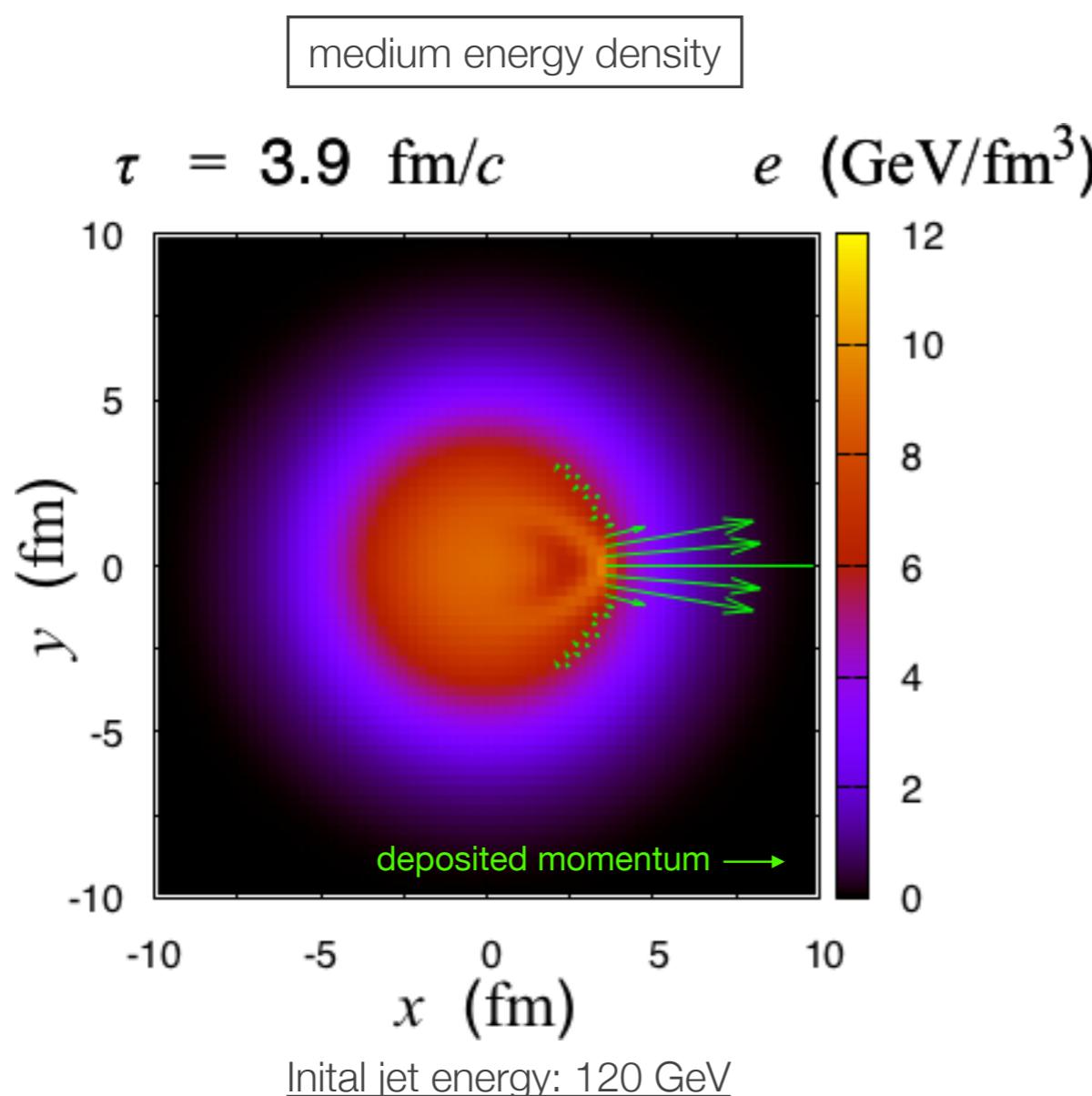
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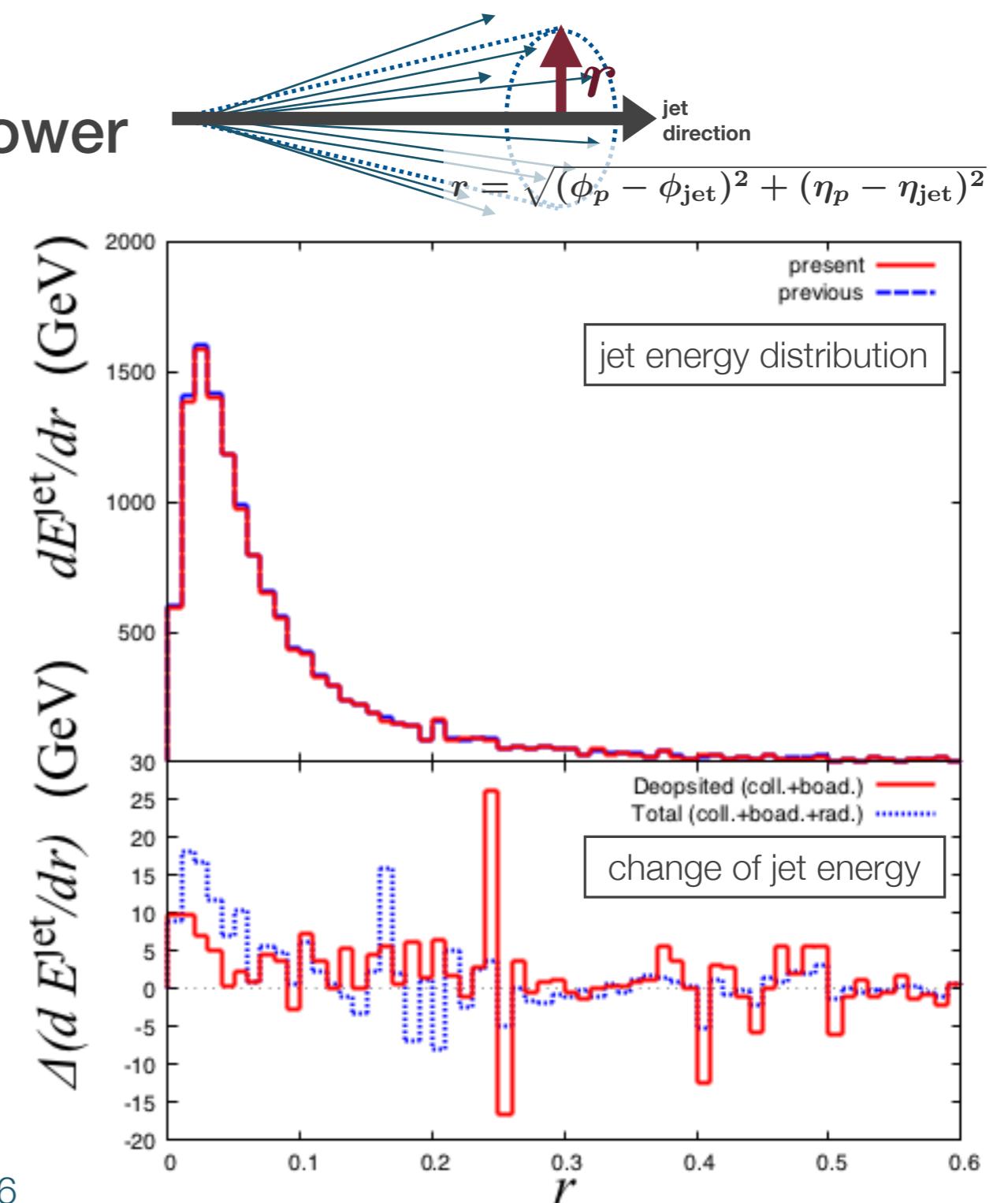
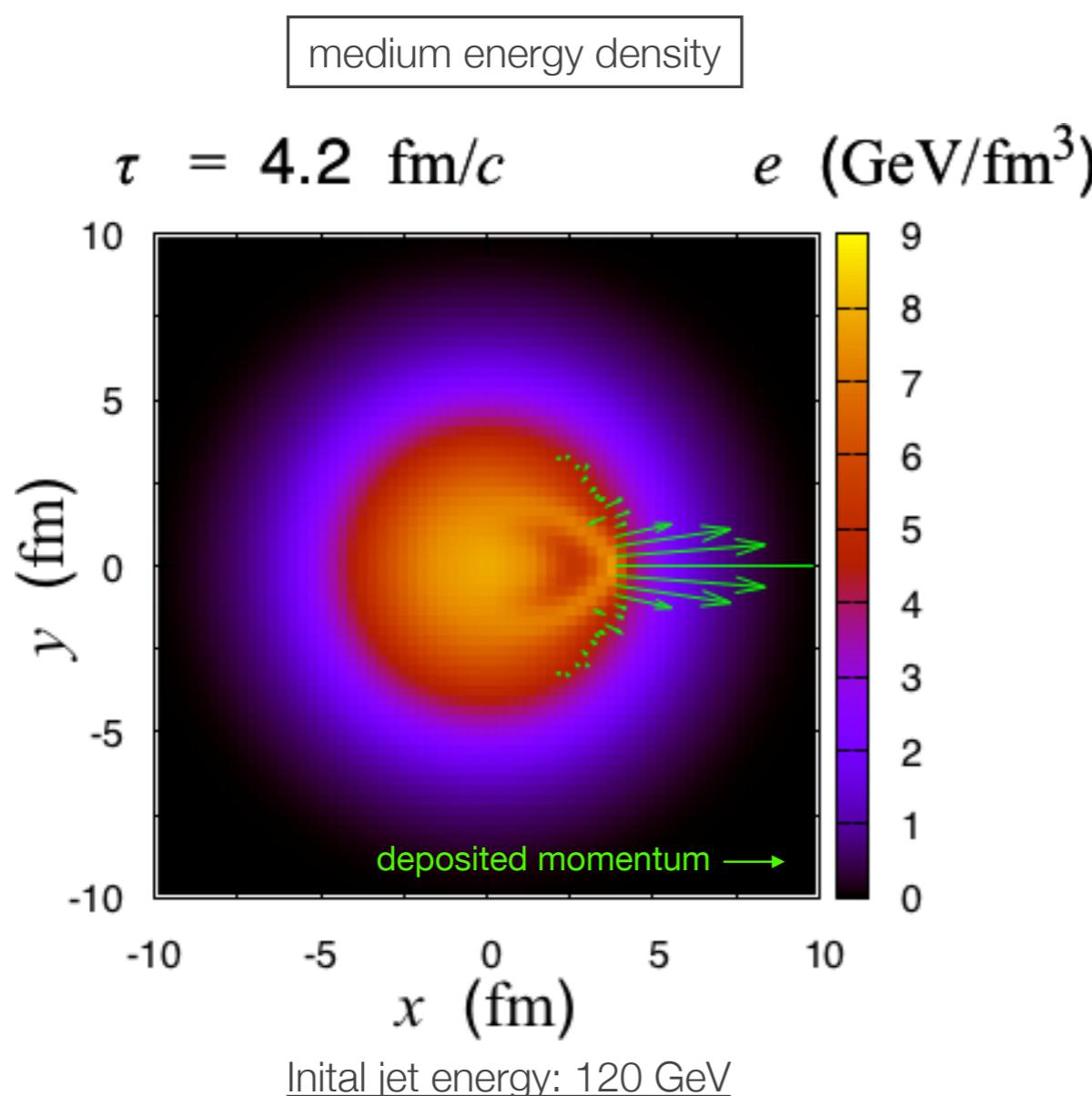
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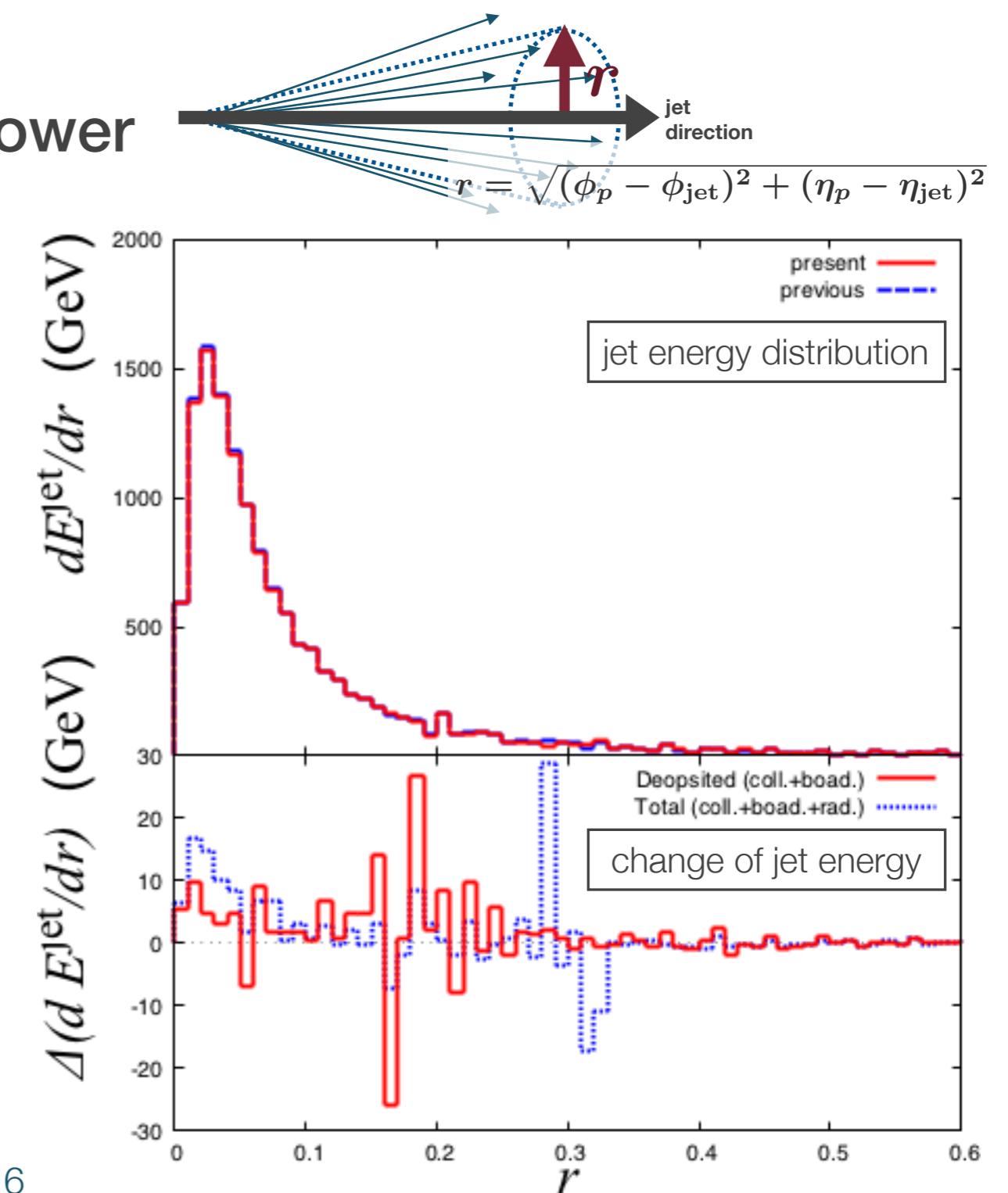
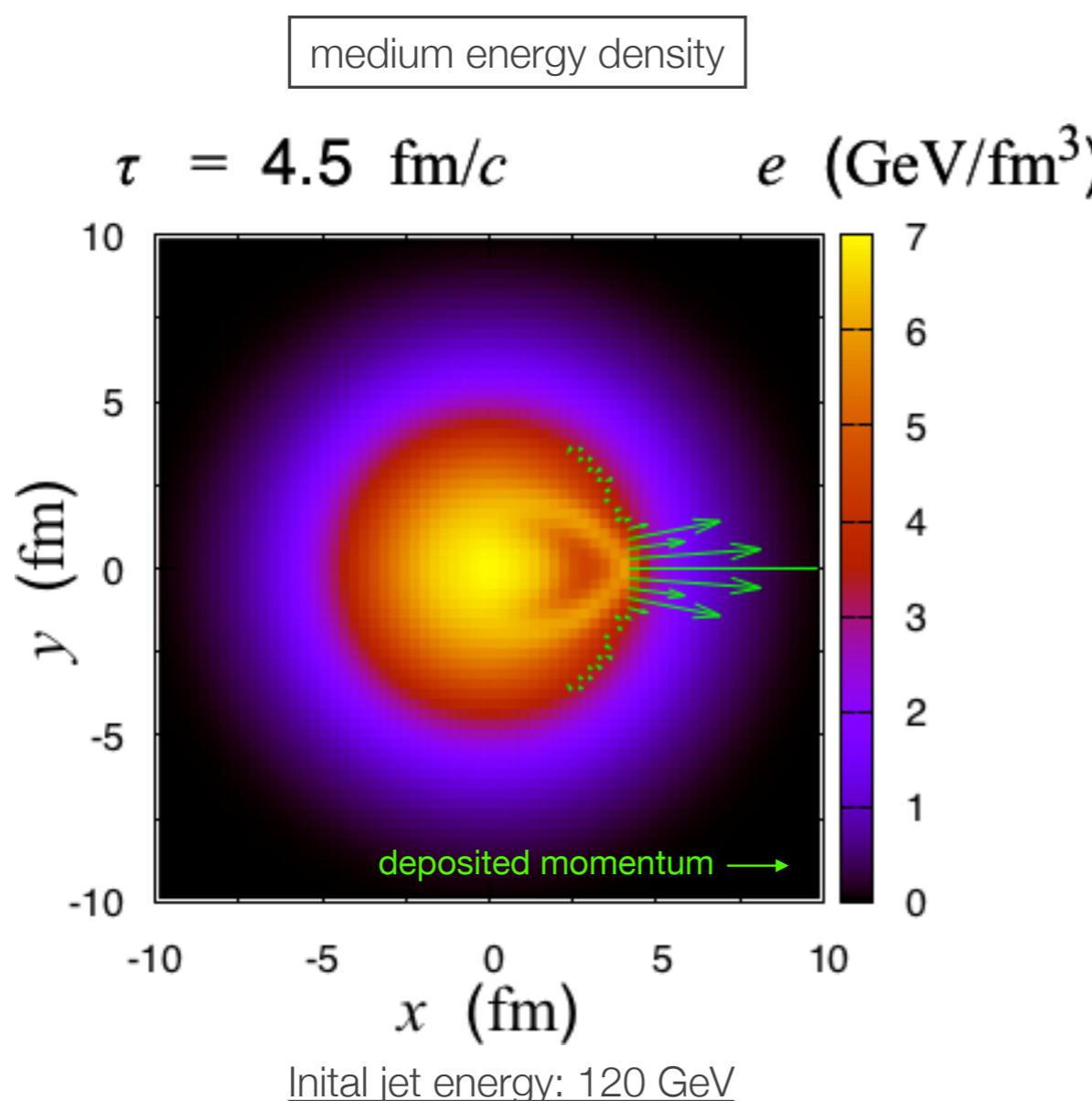
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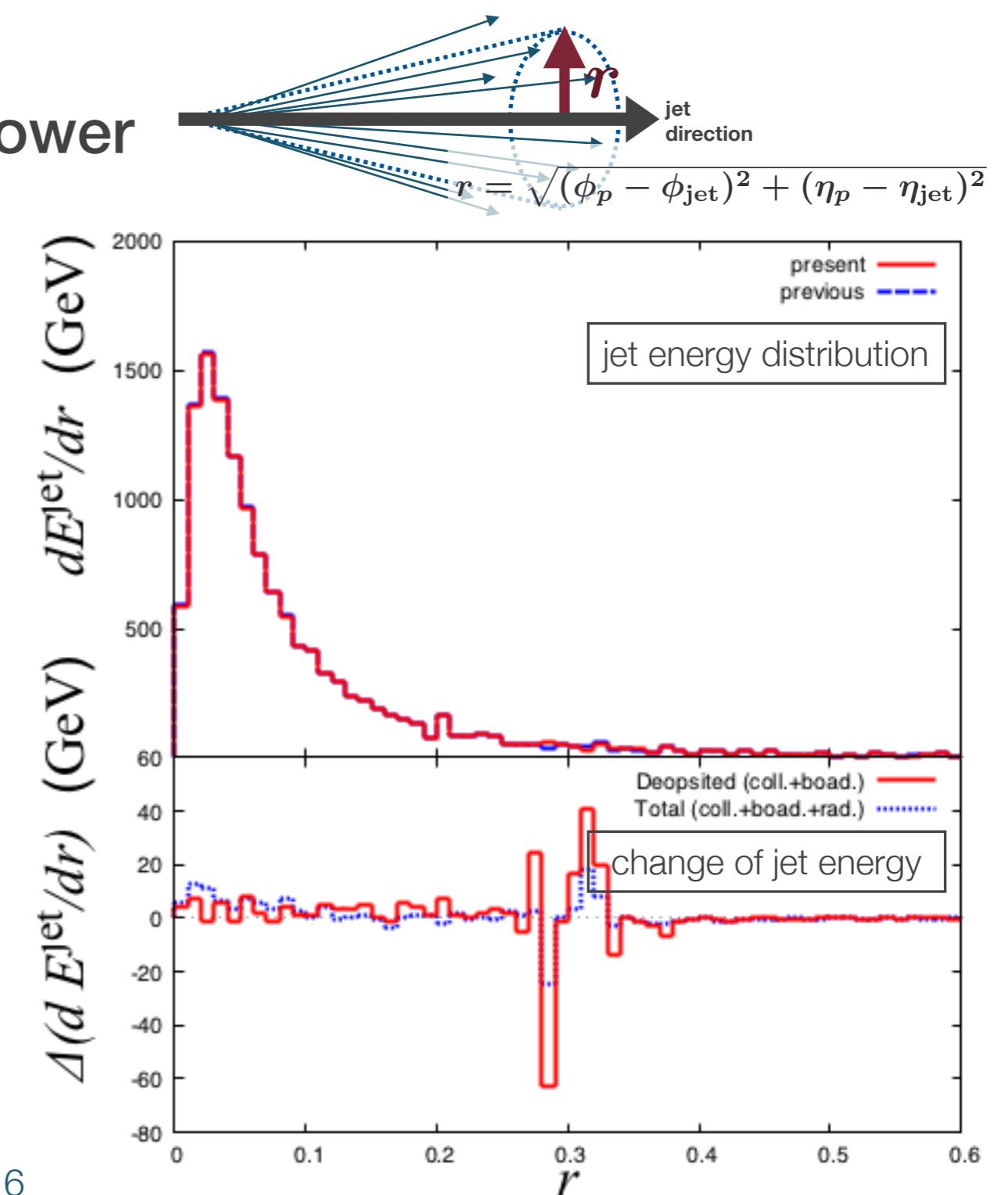
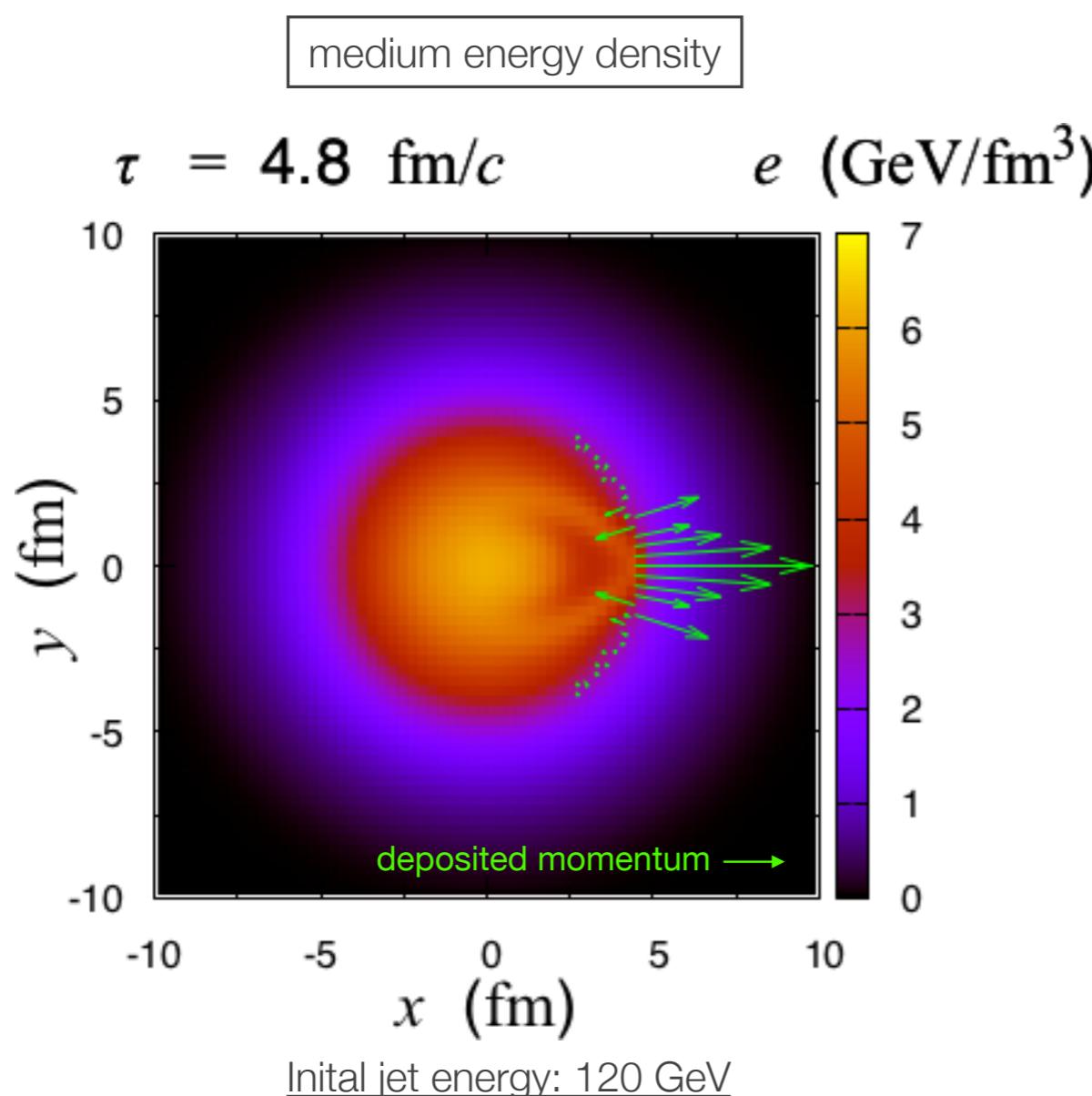
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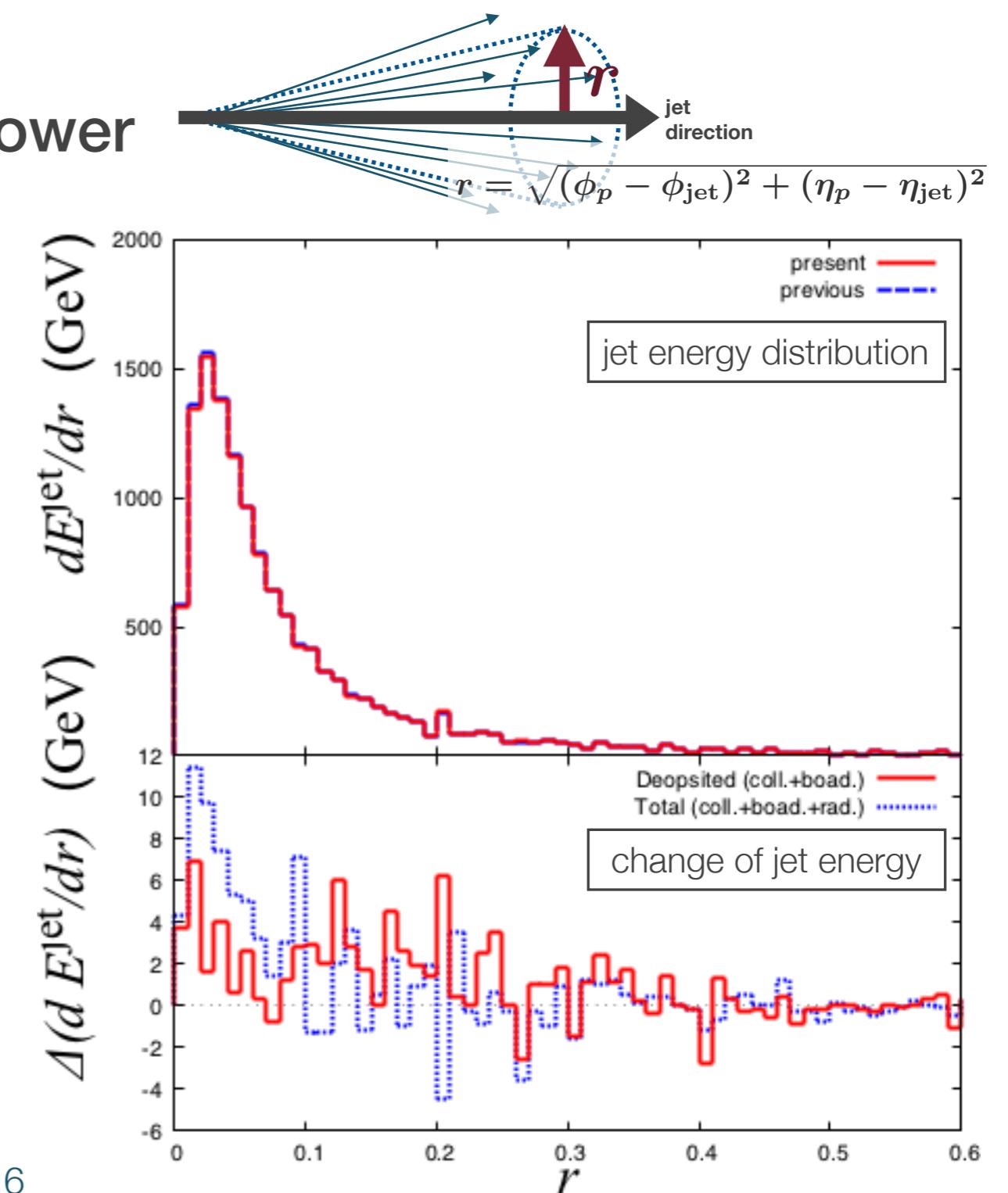
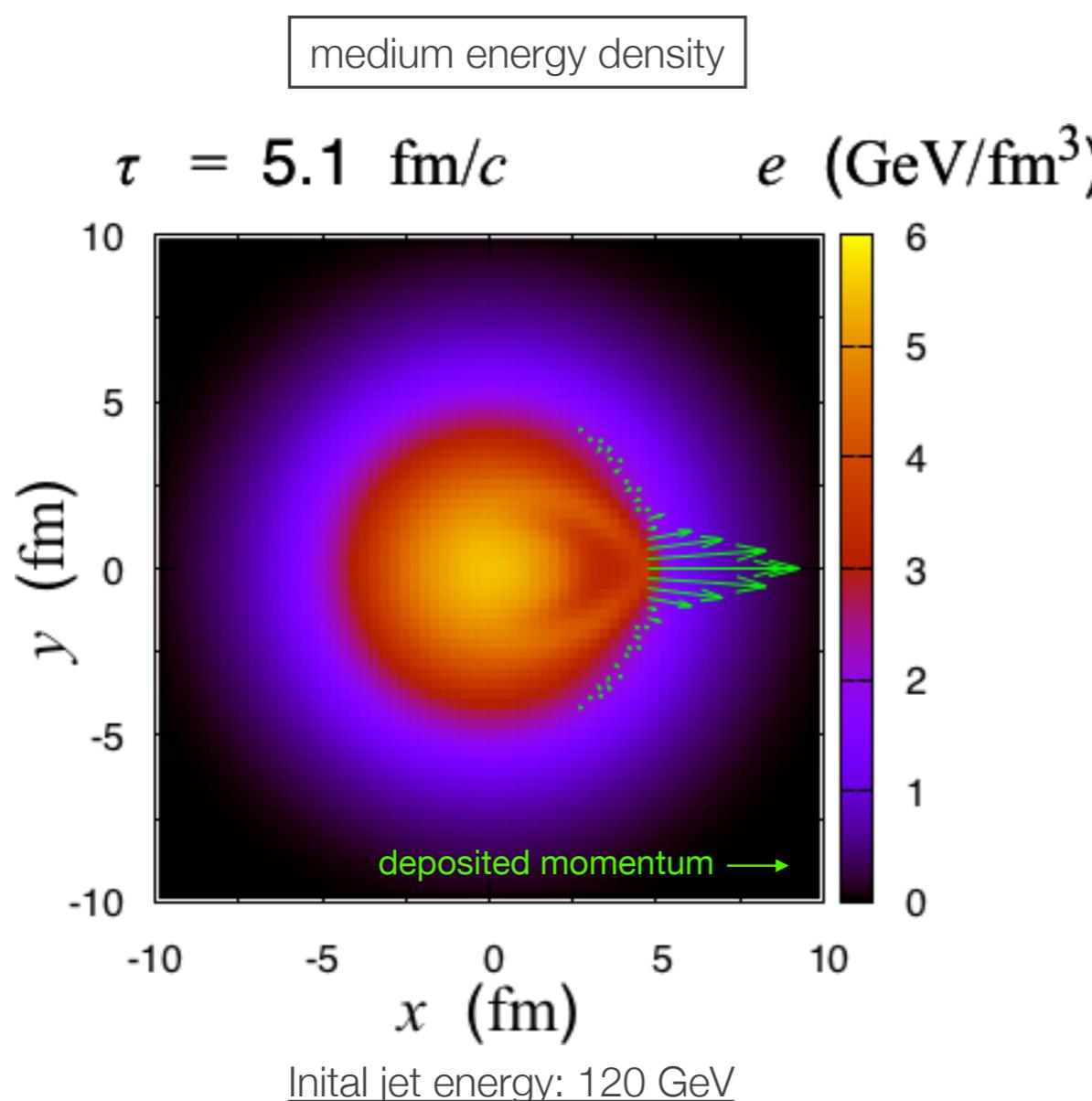
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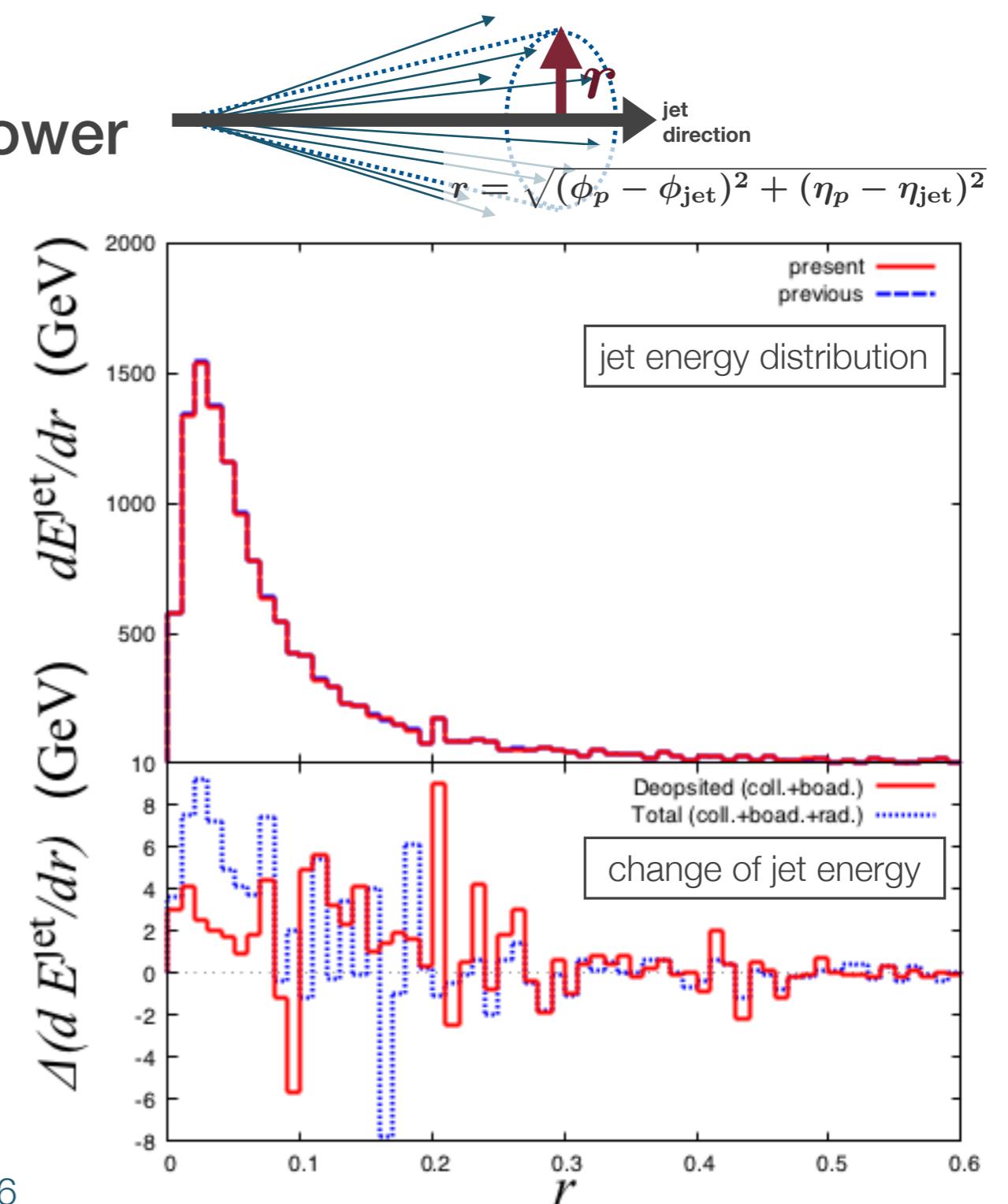
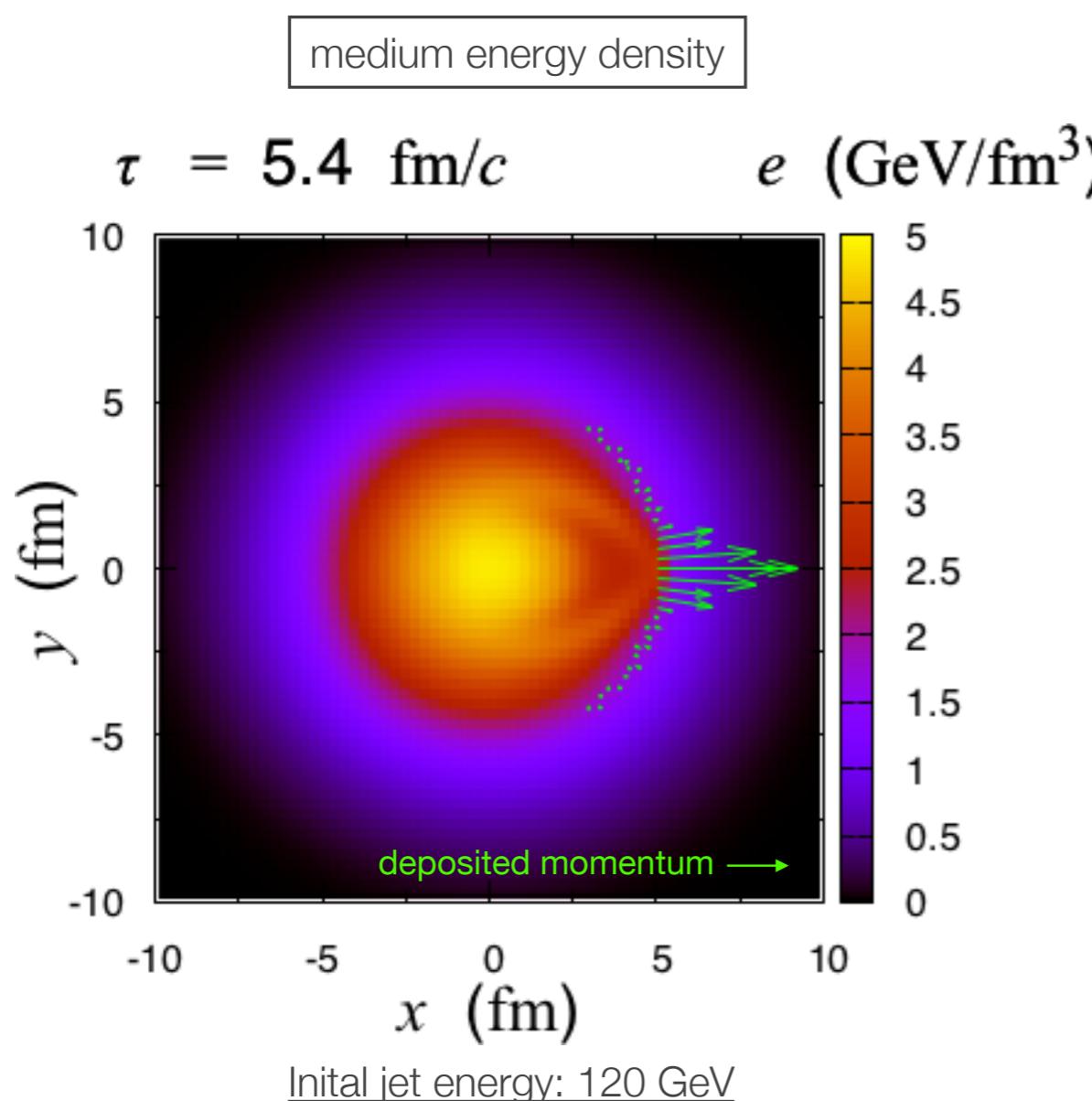
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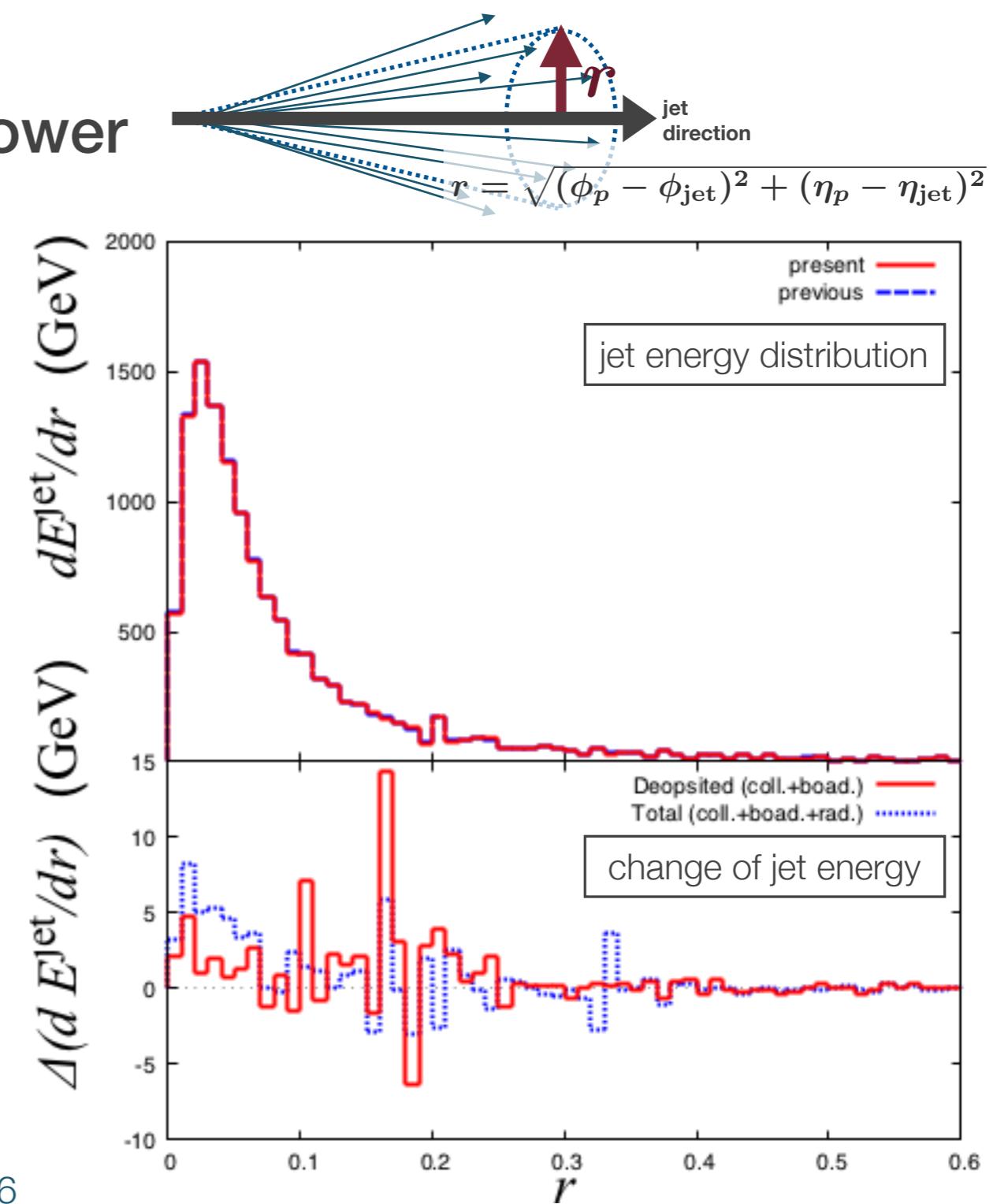
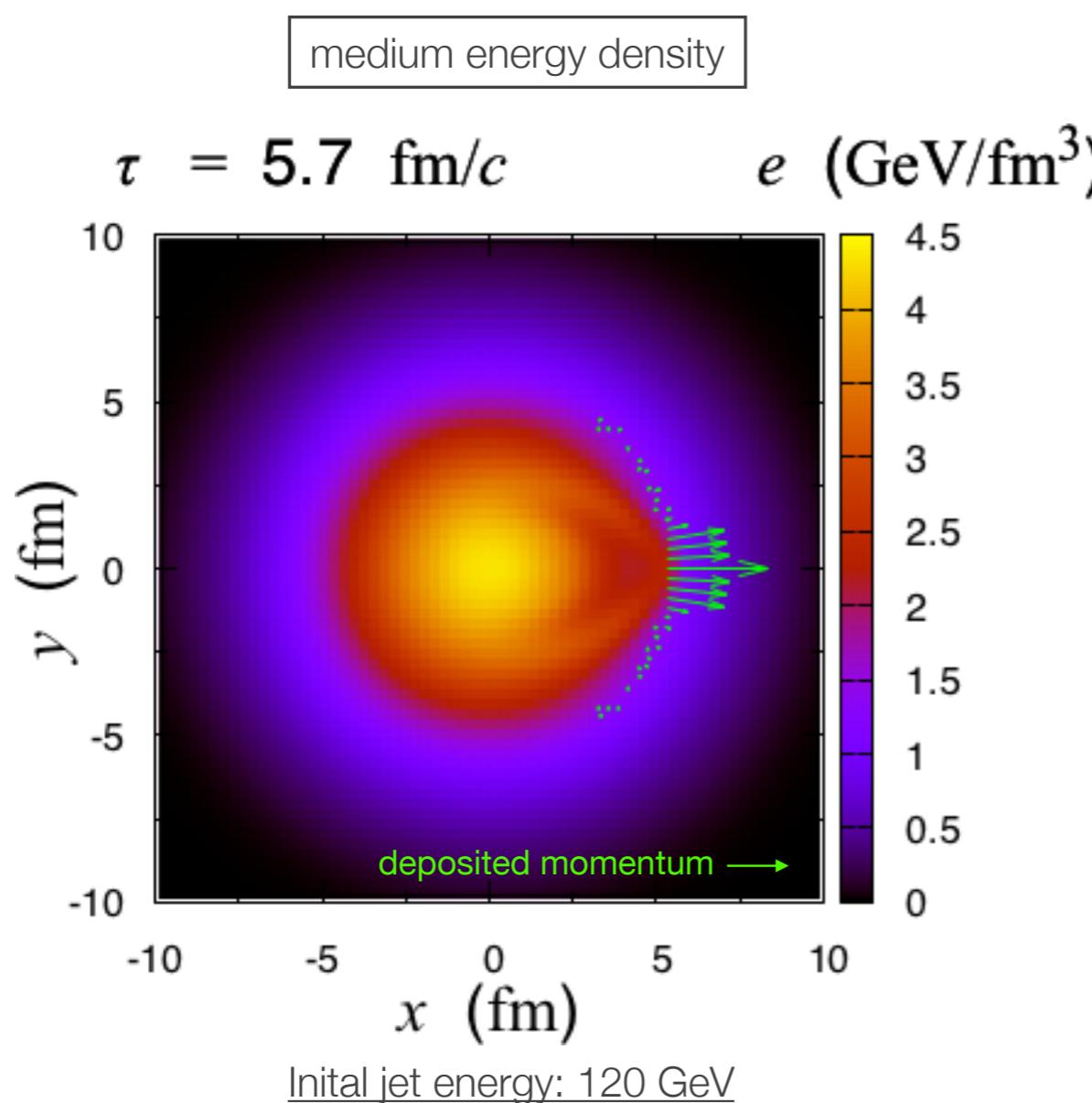
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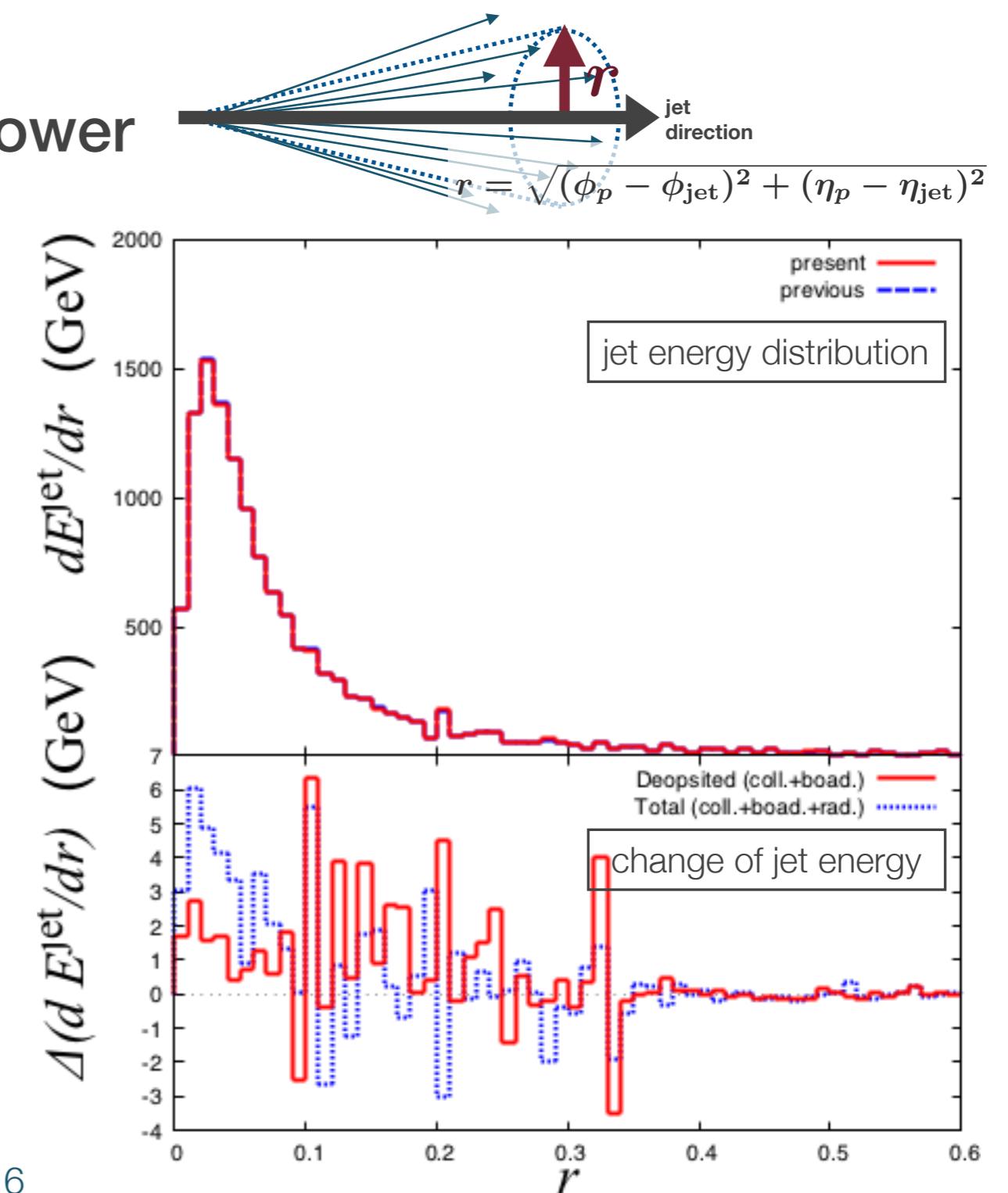
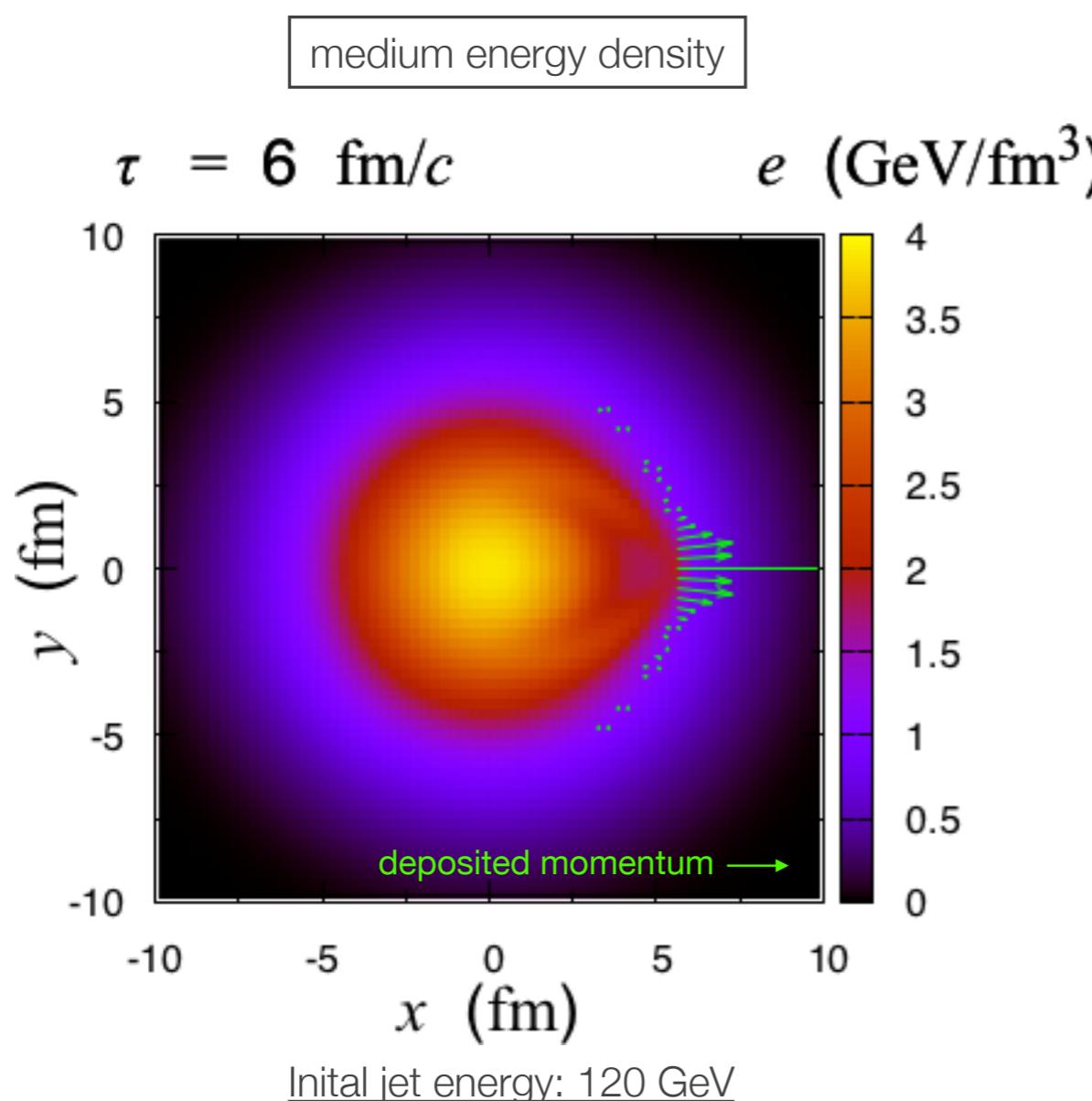
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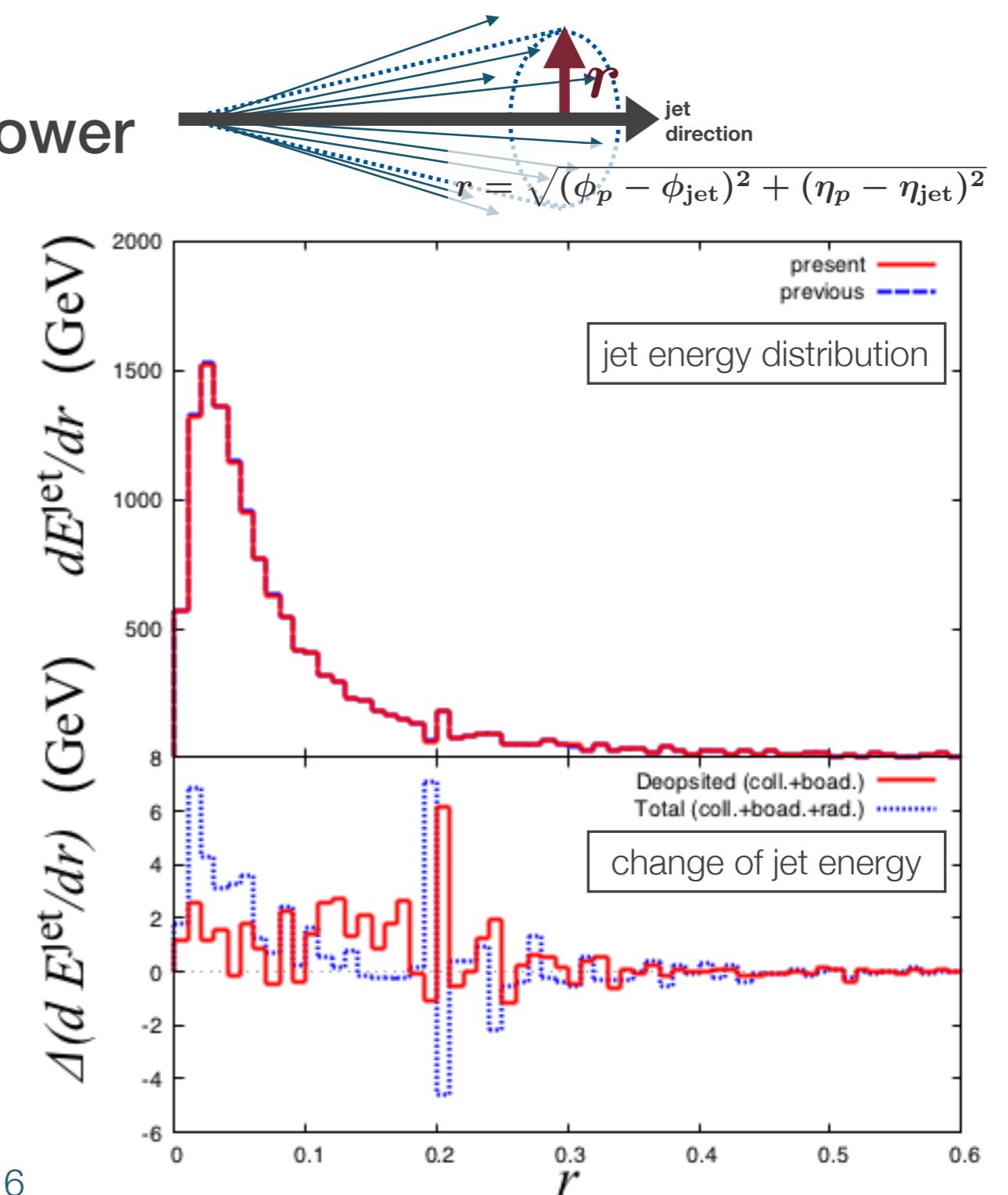
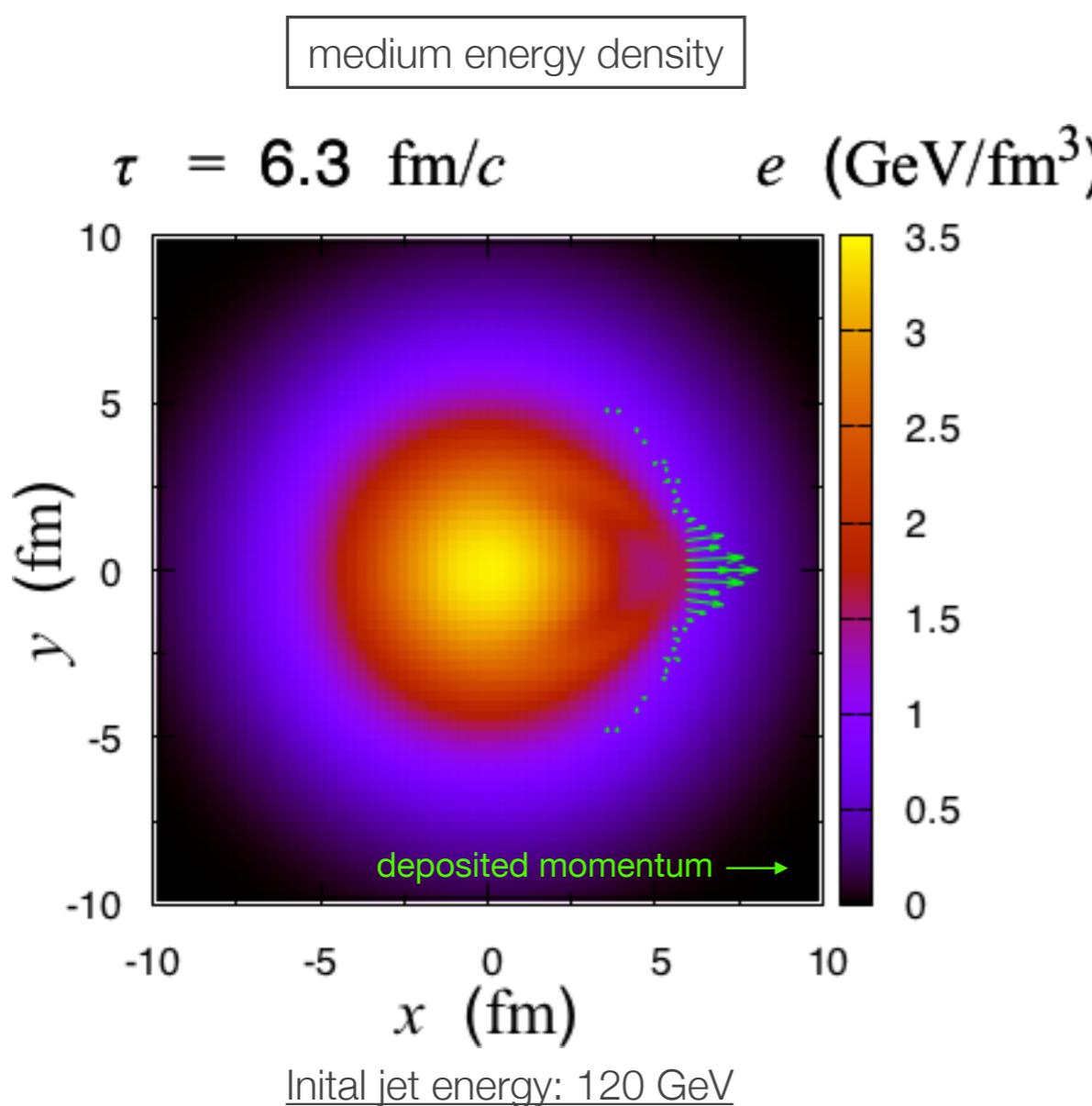
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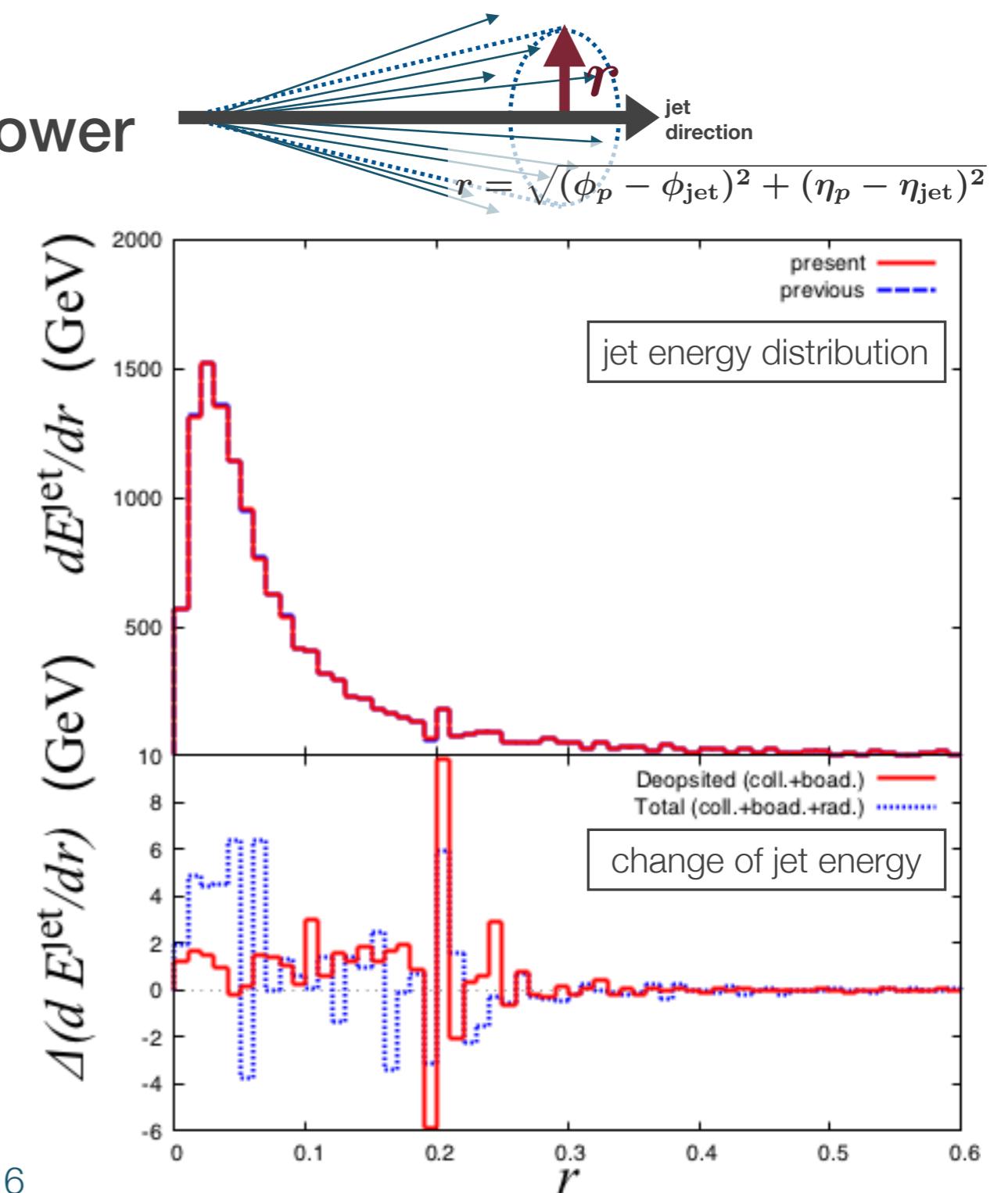
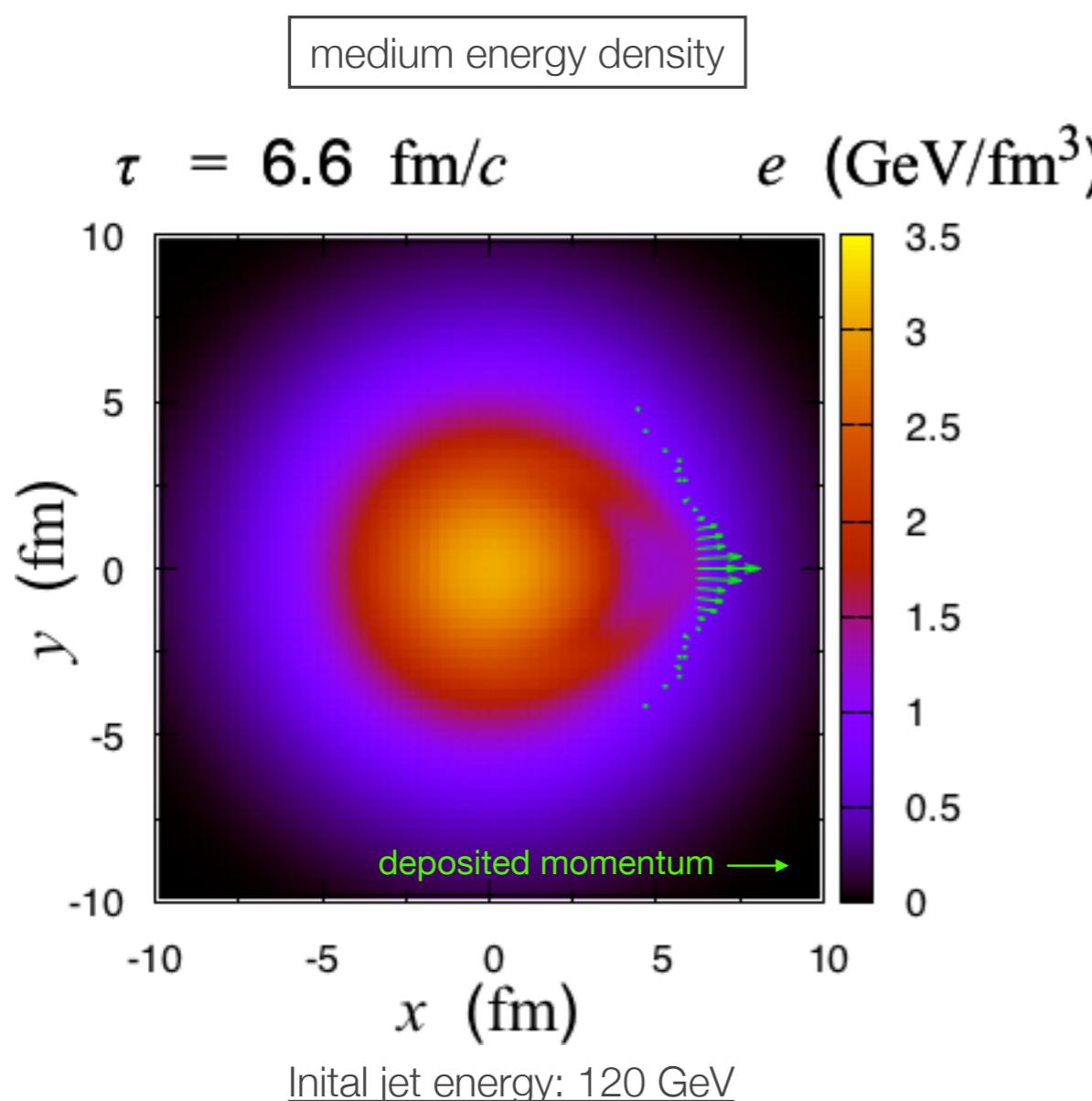
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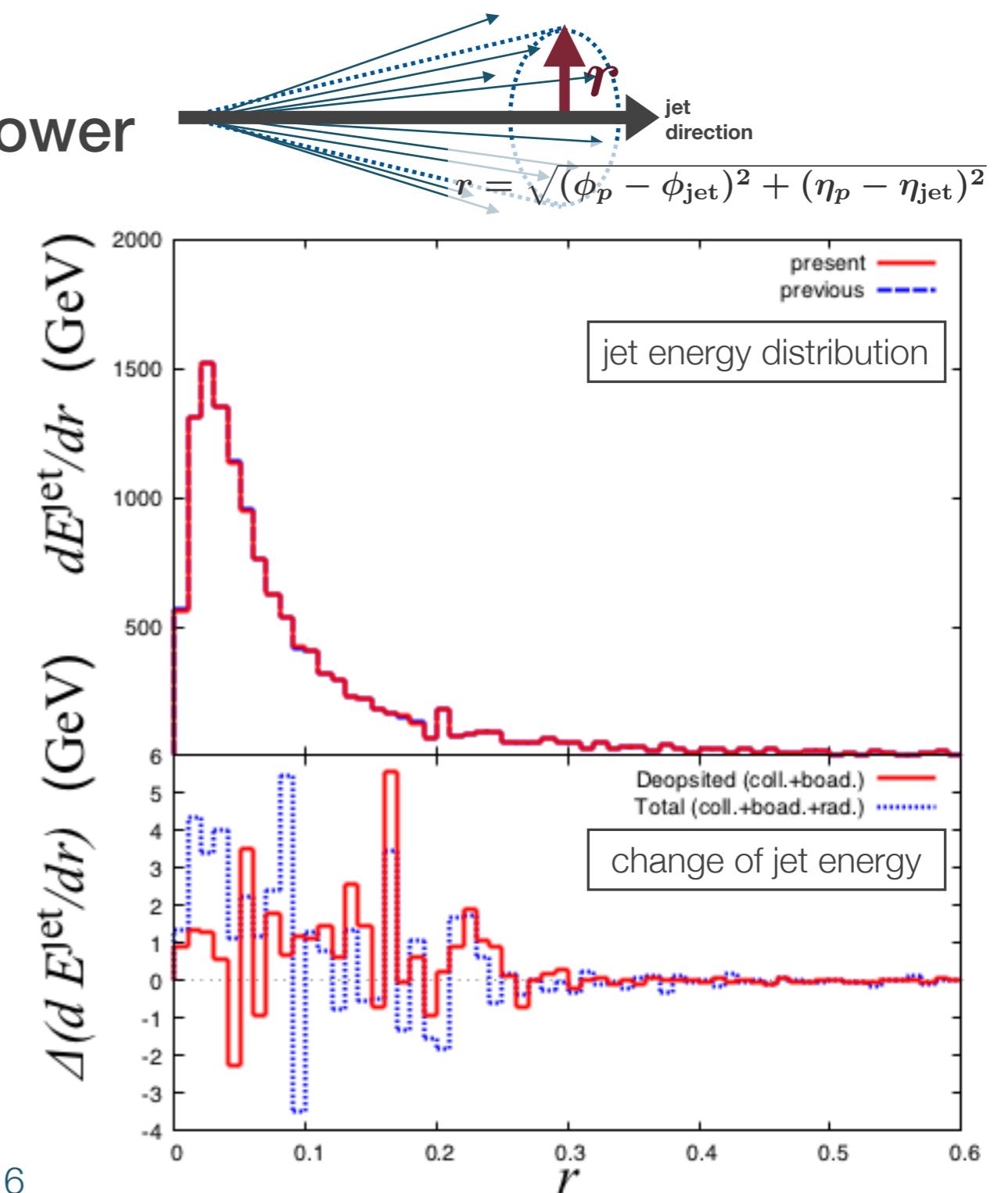
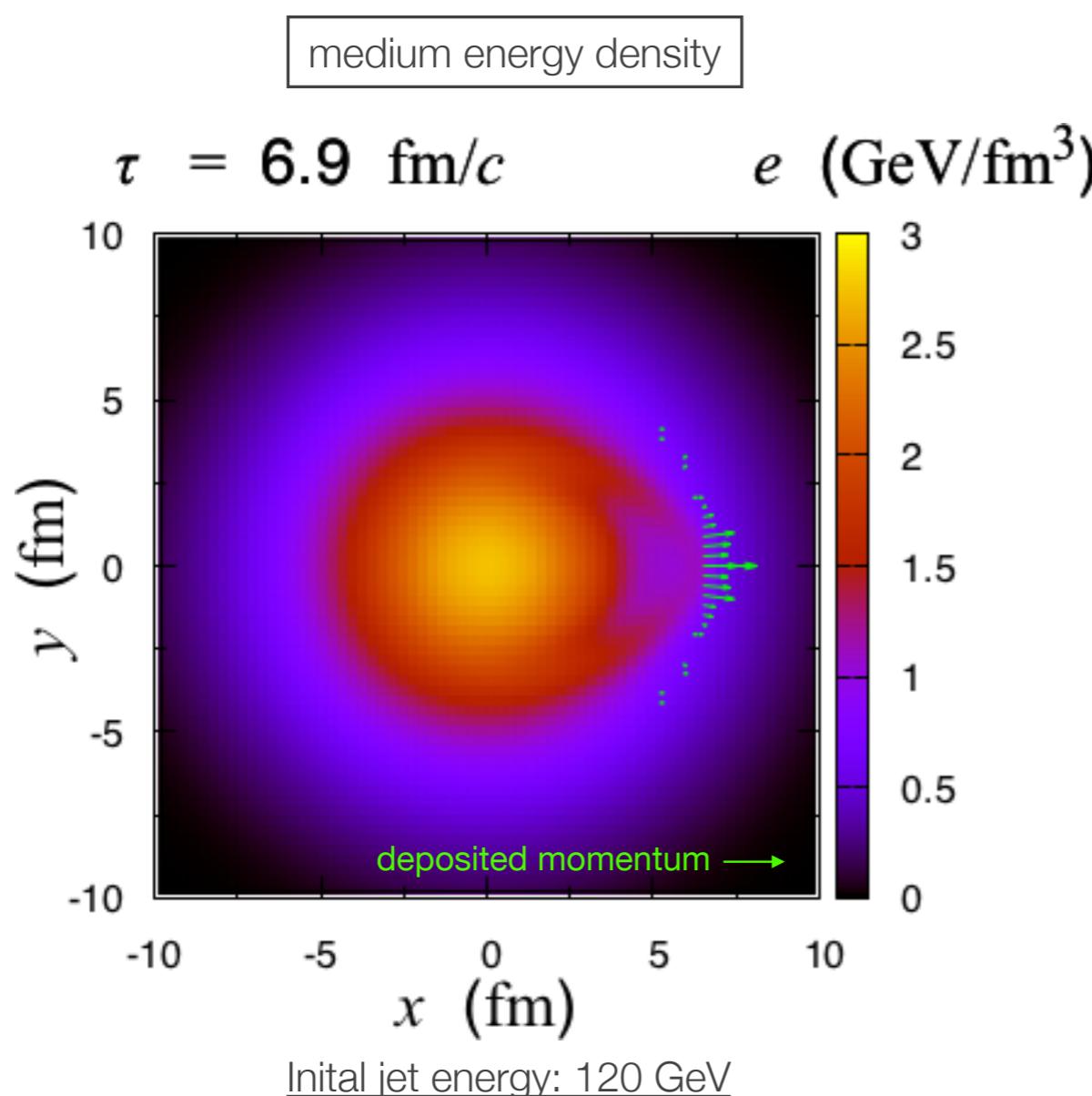
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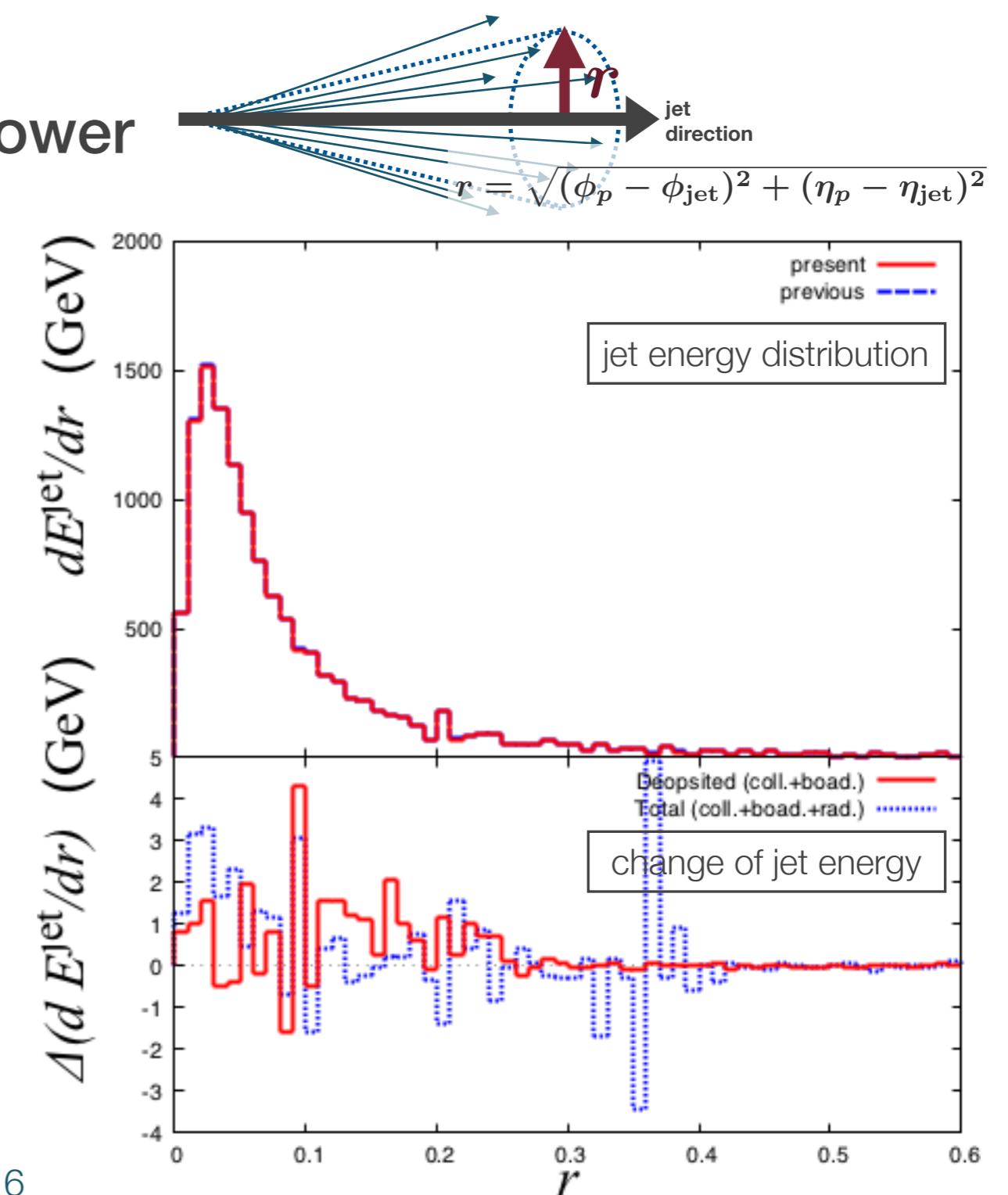
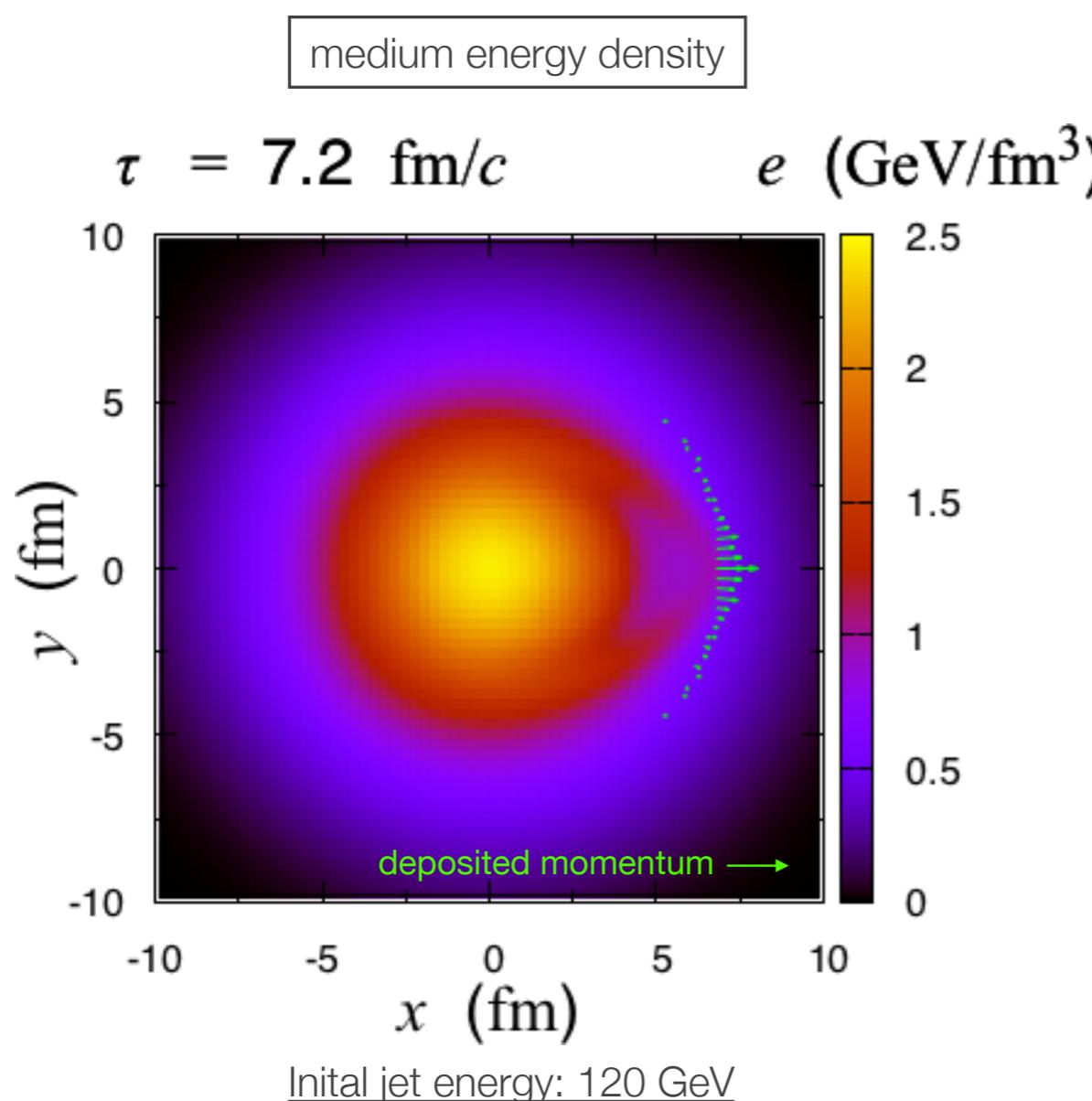
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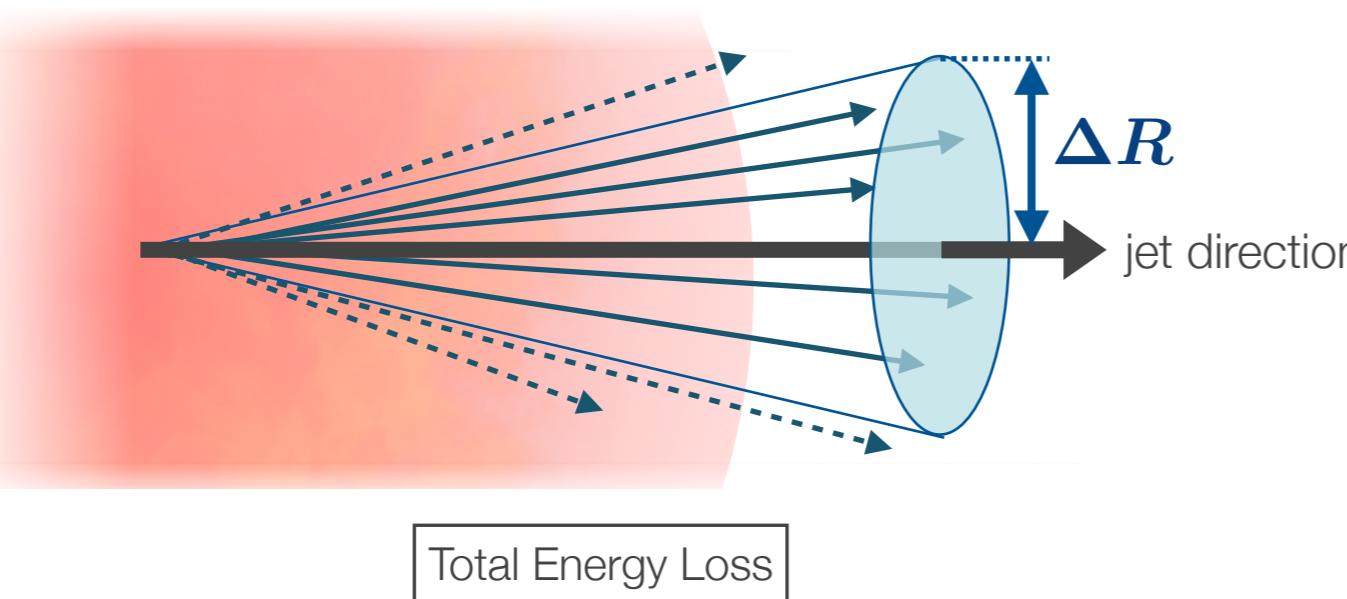
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# Medium contribution to jet energy loss

- Contribution of particles emitted from excited medium



(jets are generated by PYTHIA & MC Glauber)

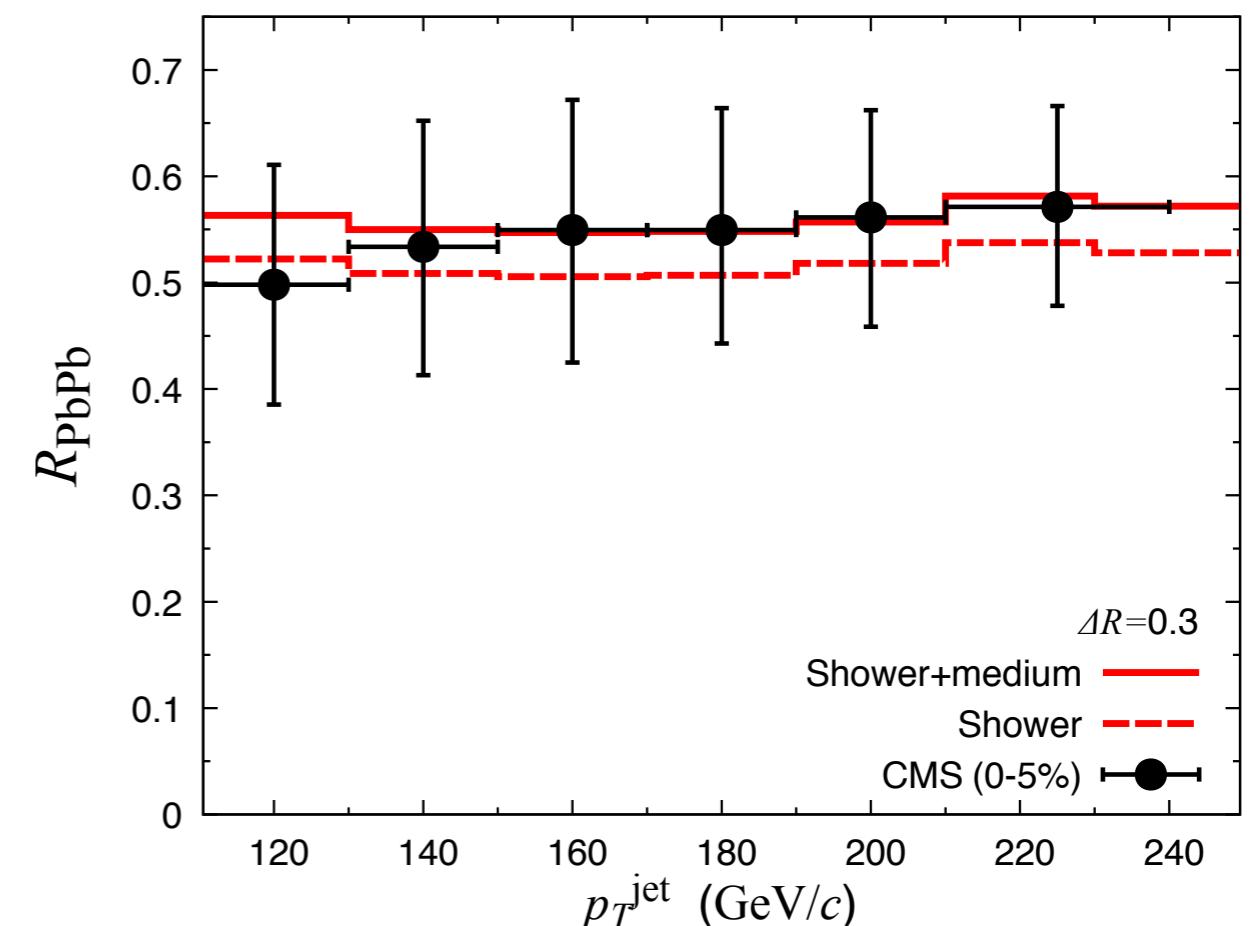
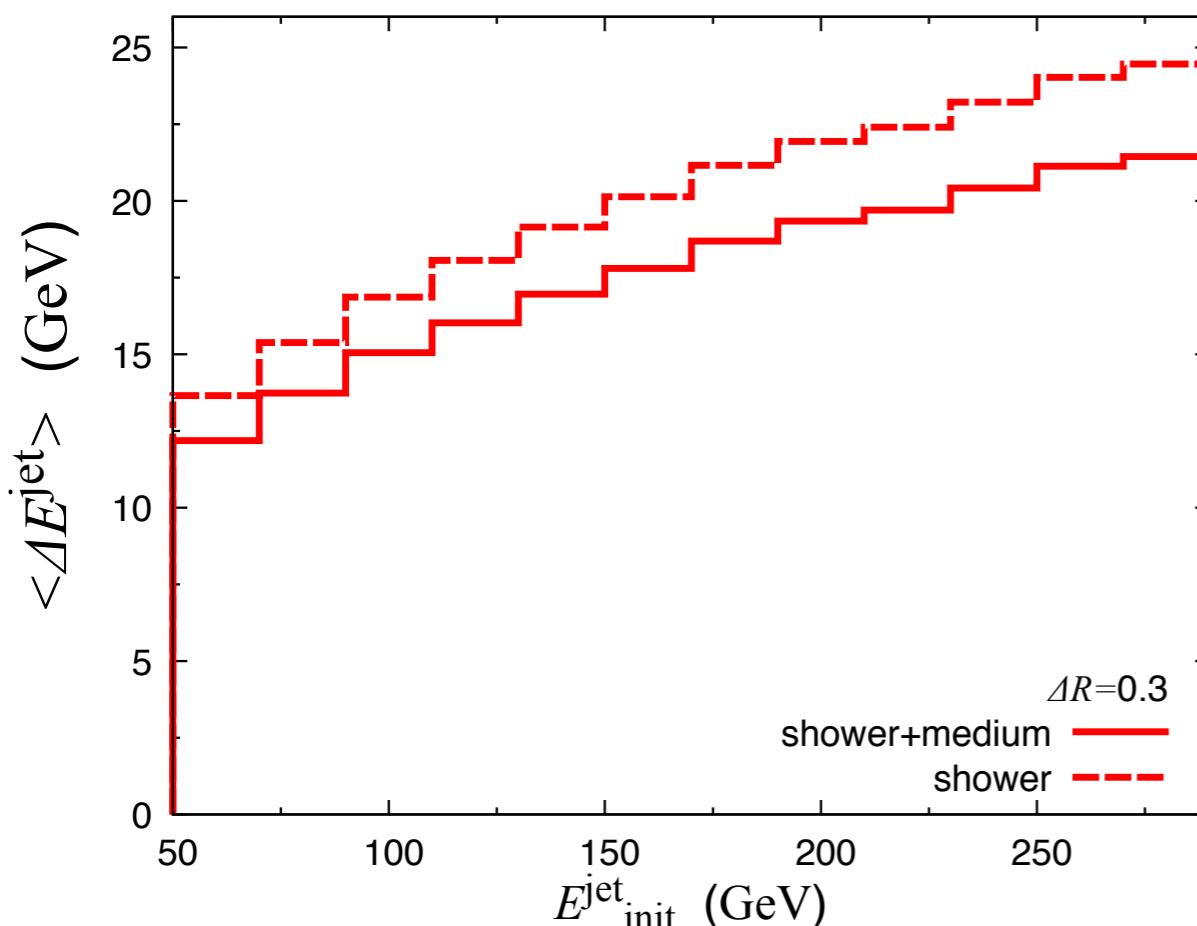
$\Delta R$ : jet-cone size

$$r = \sqrt{(\eta_p - \eta_{\text{jet}})^2 + (\phi_p - \phi_{\text{jet}})^2} < \Delta R$$

→ counted as part of jet

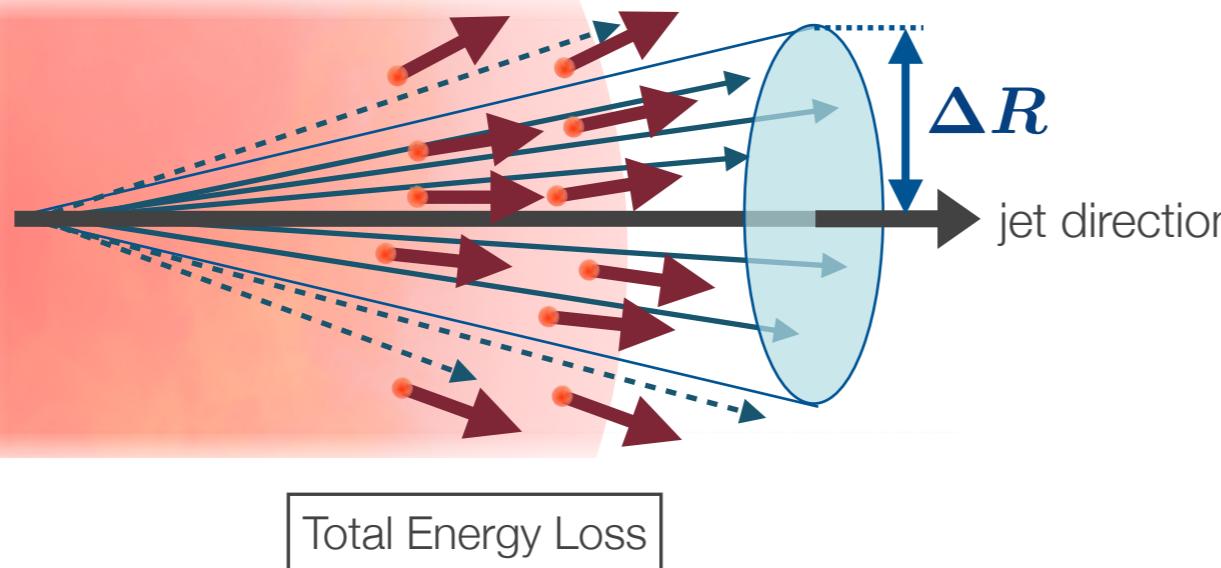
The nuclear modification factor

$$R_{\text{PbPb}} = \frac{1}{\langle N_{\text{coll}} \rangle} \frac{d^2 N_{\text{PbPb}} / d\eta_p dp_T^{\text{jet}}}{d^2 N_{\text{pp}} / d\eta_p dp_T^{\text{jet}}},$$



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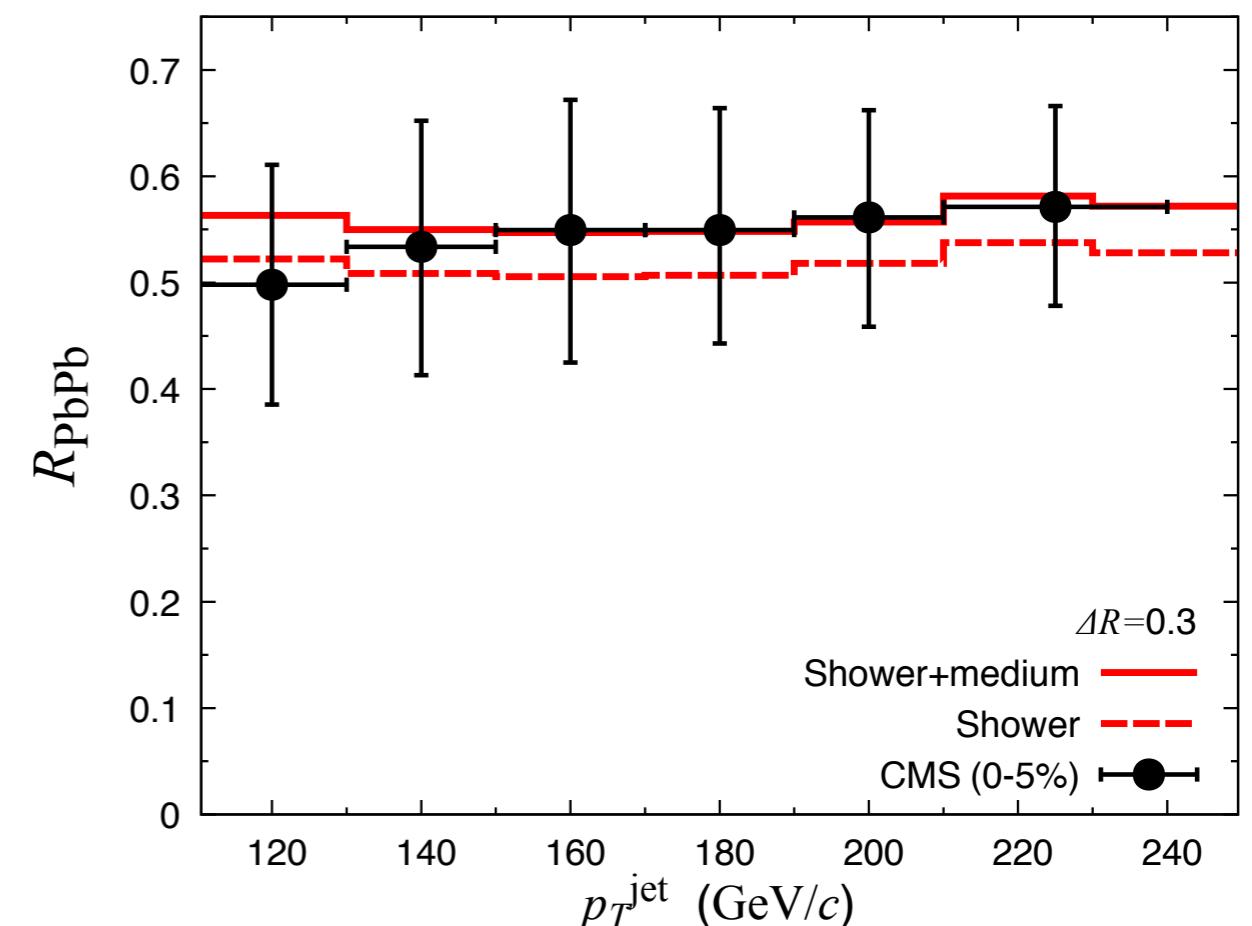
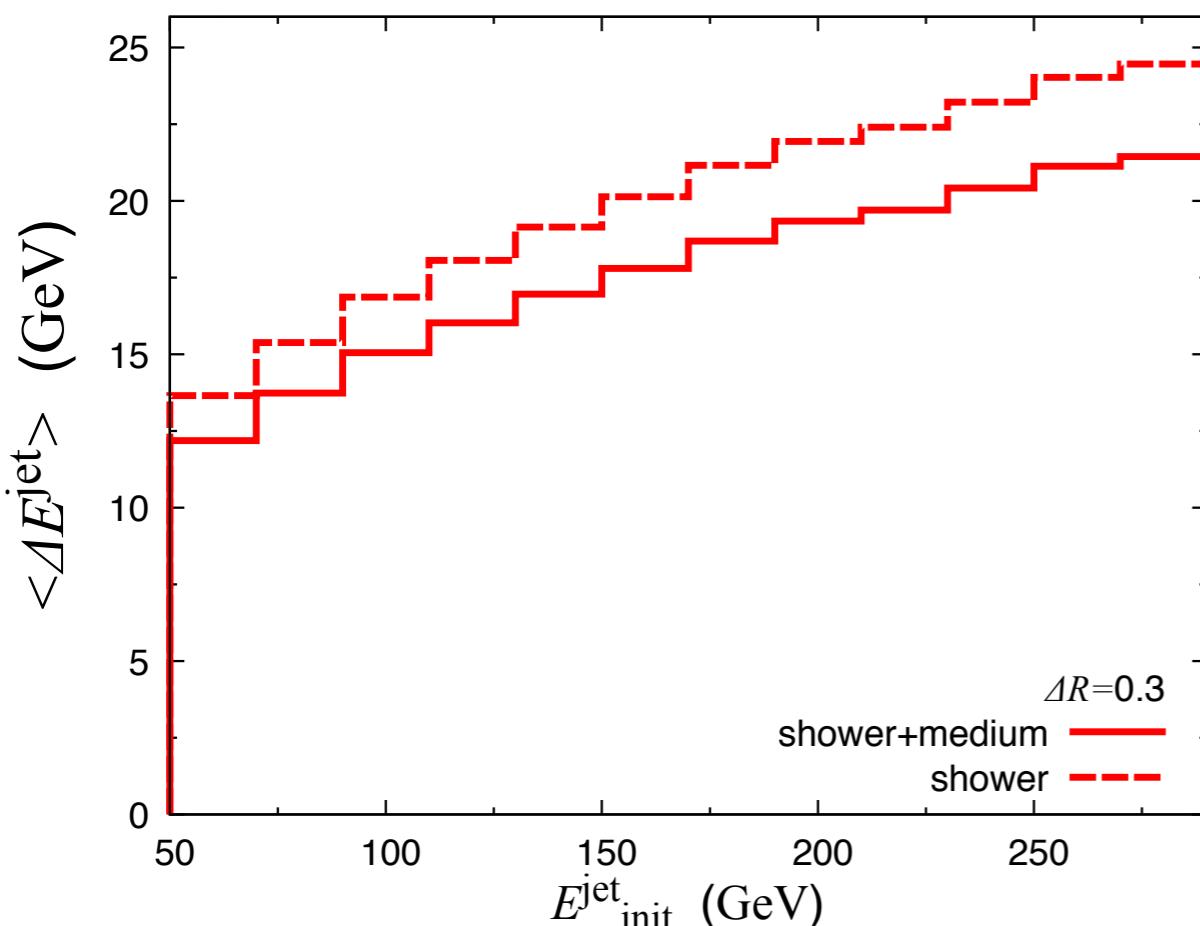
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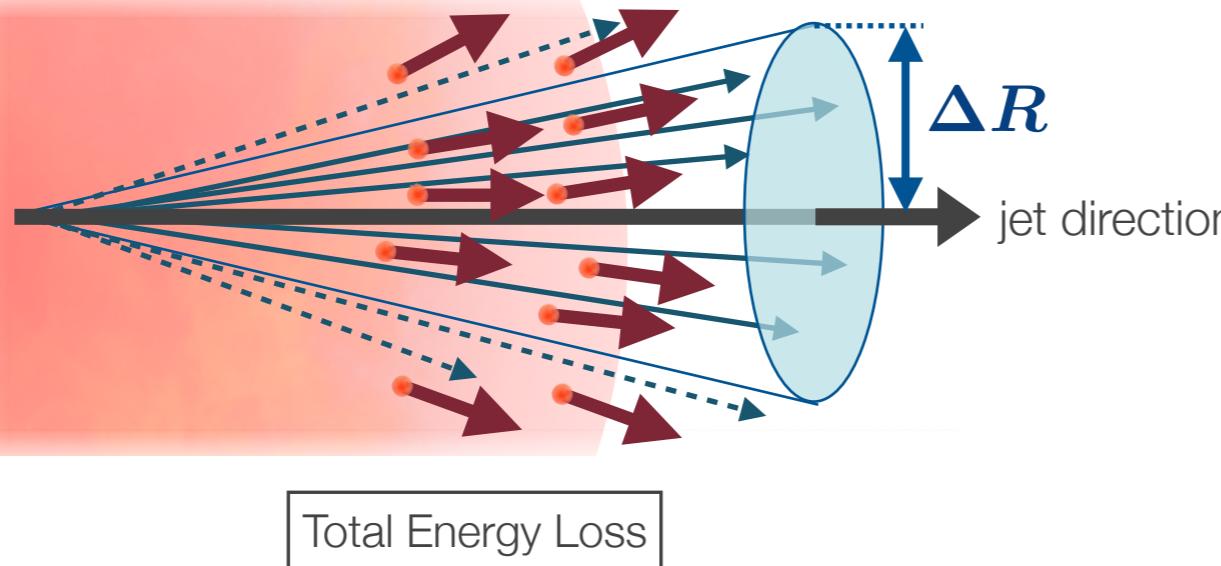
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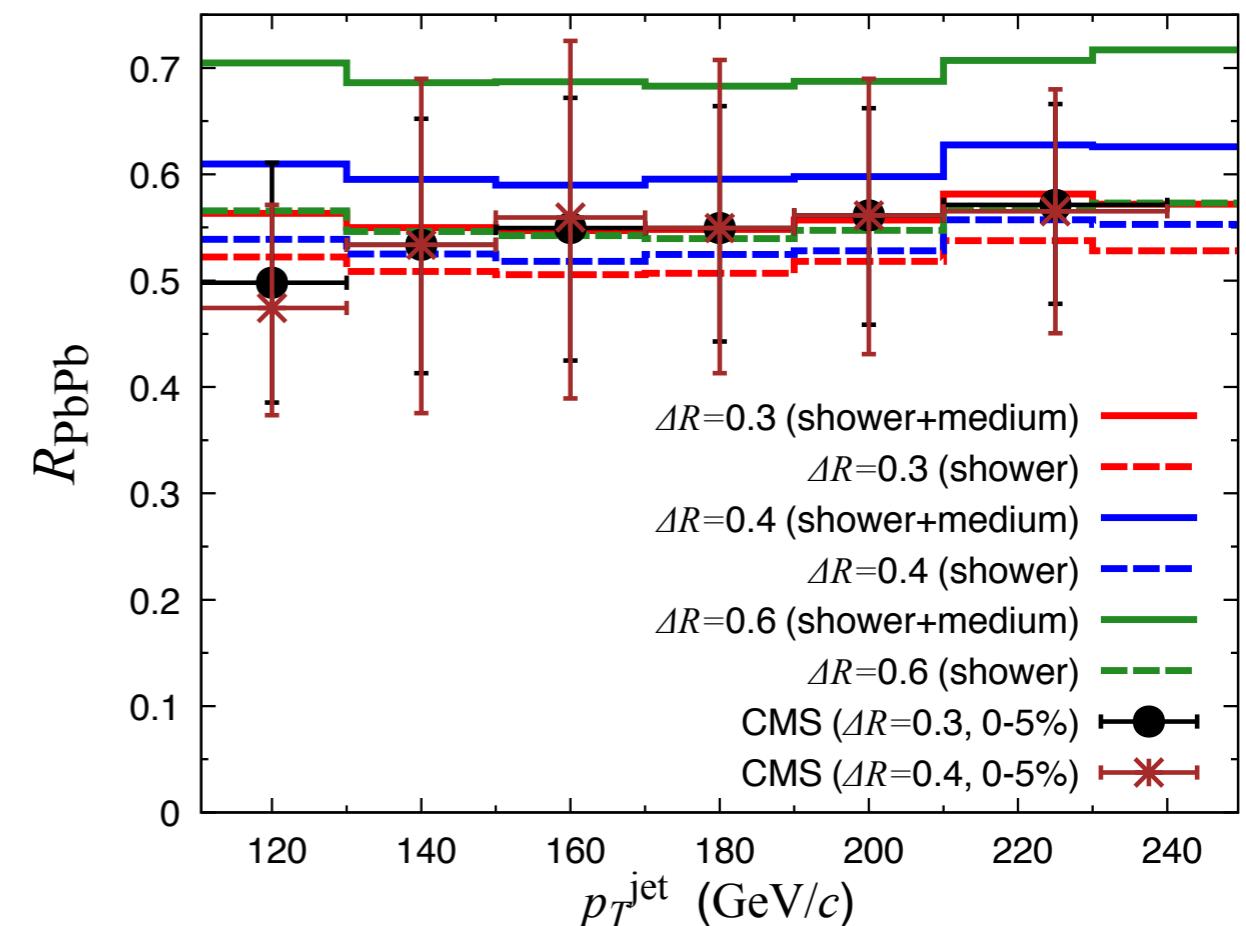
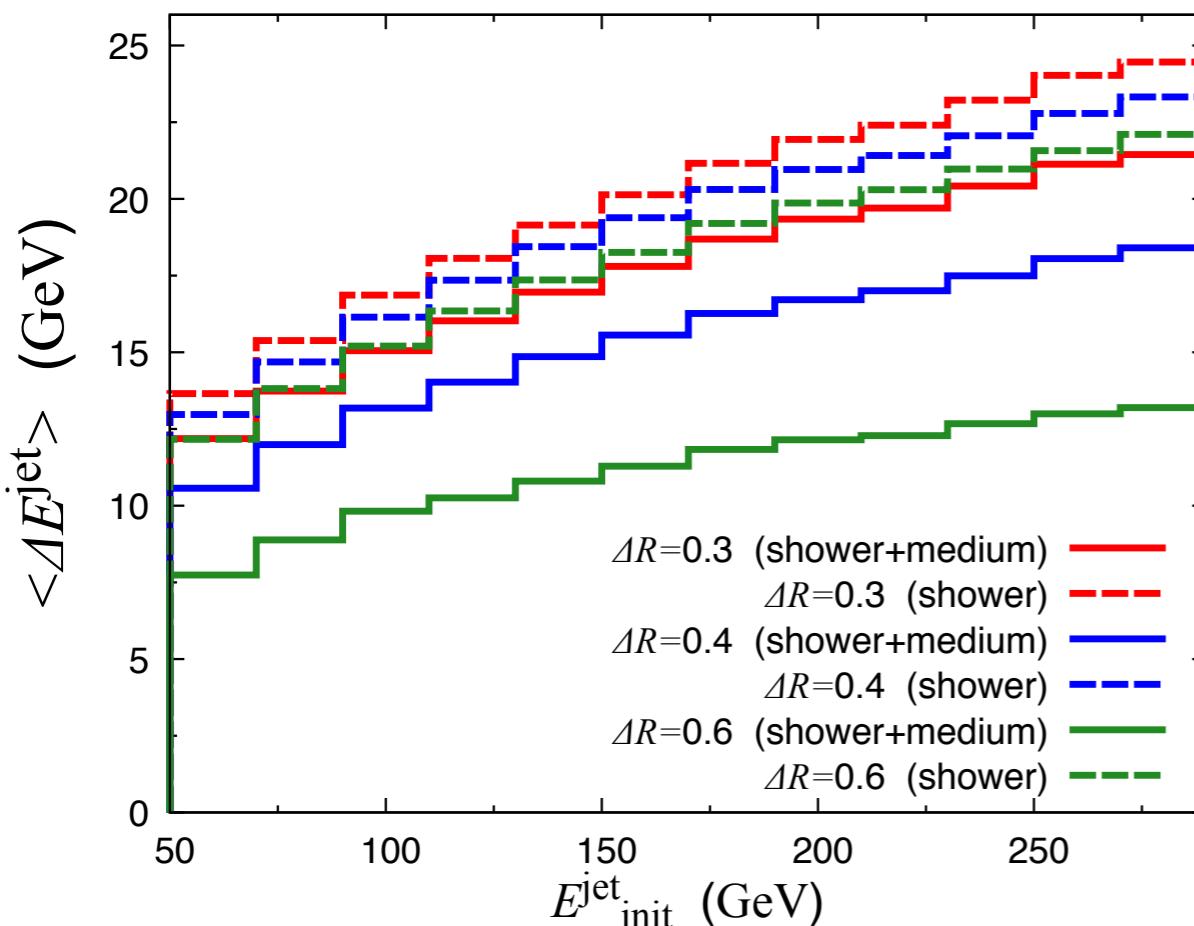
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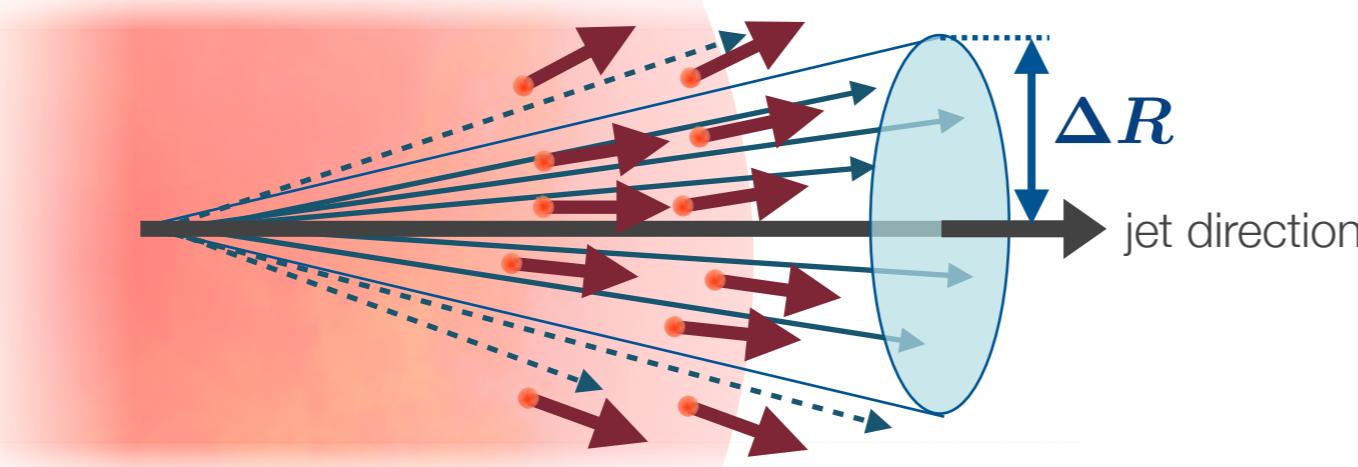
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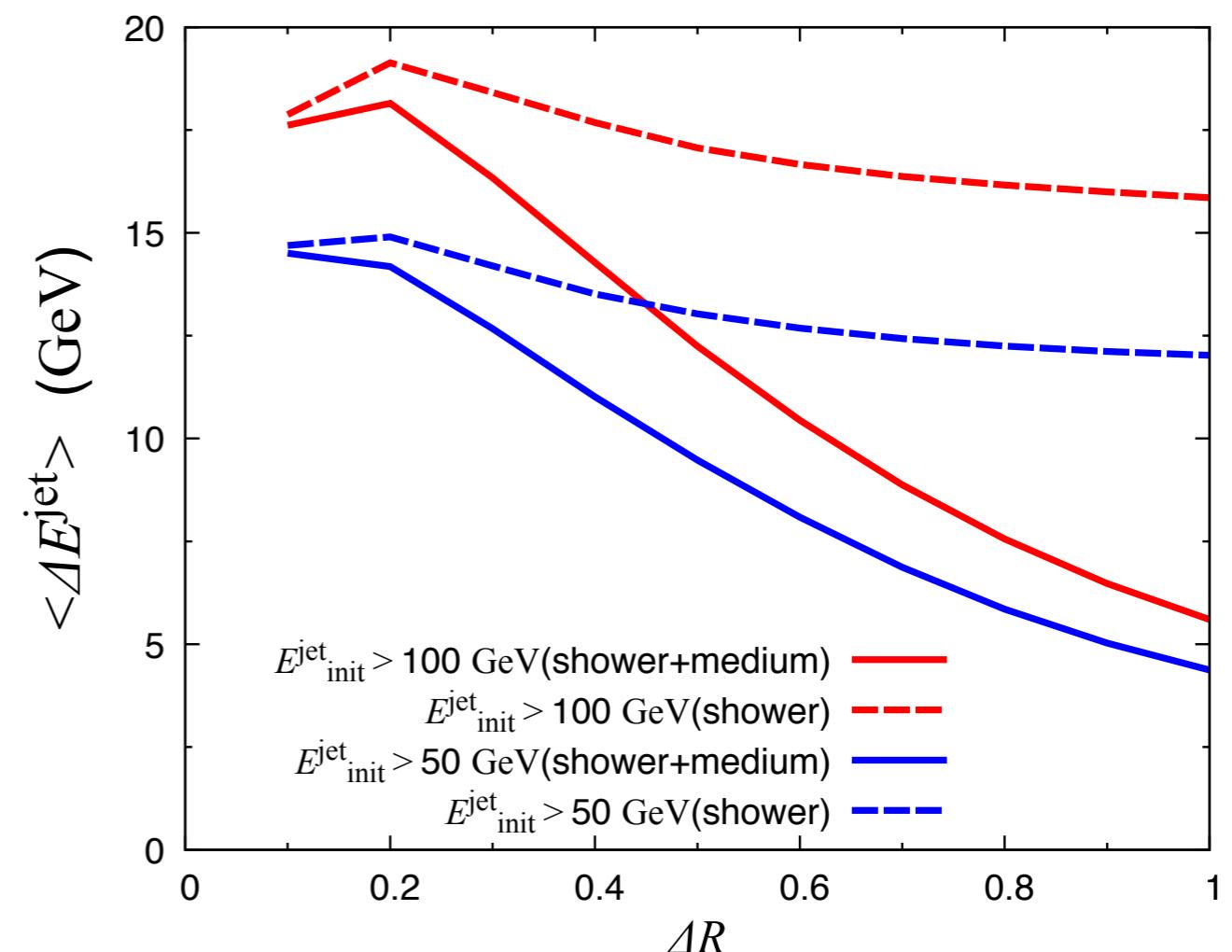
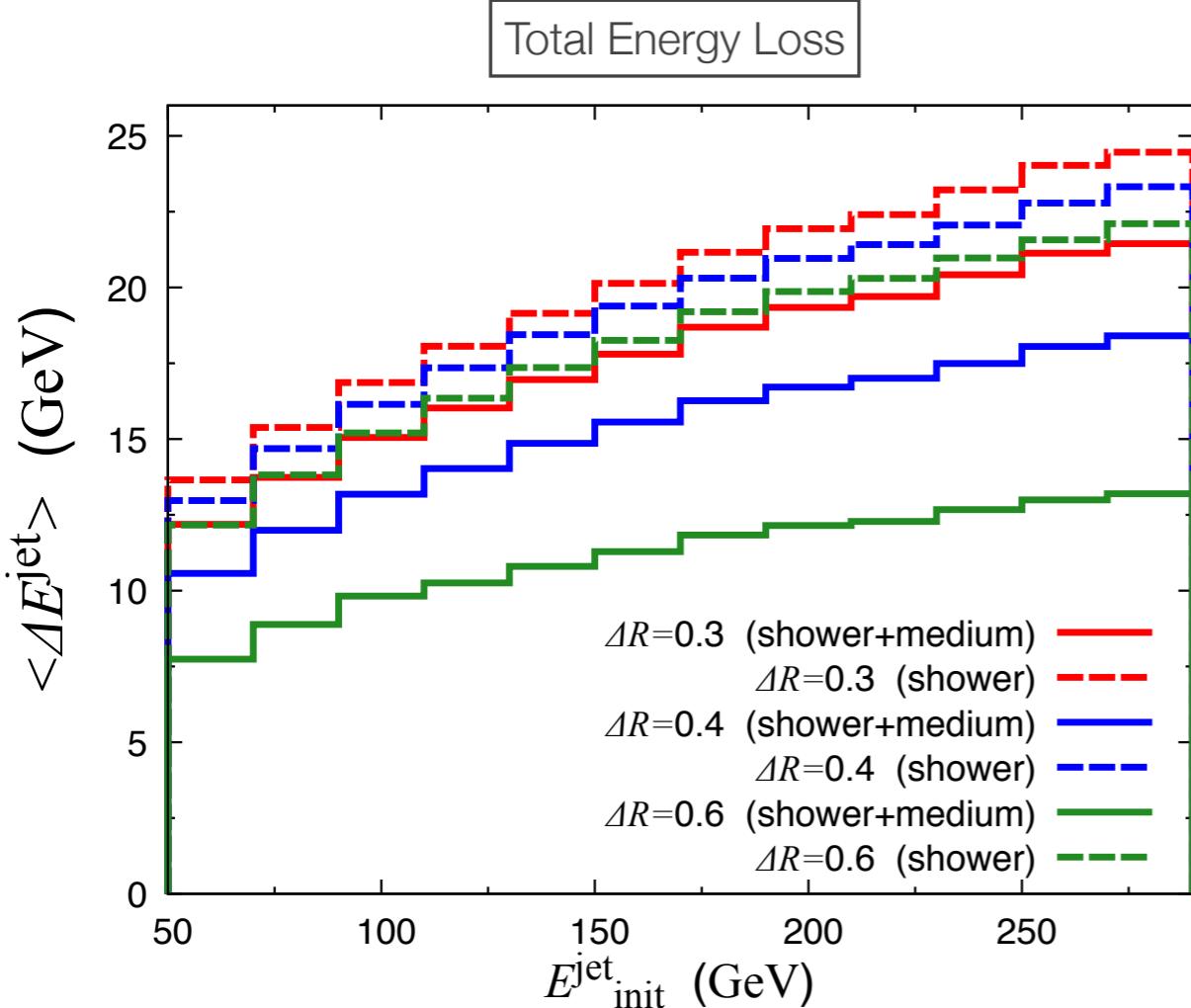
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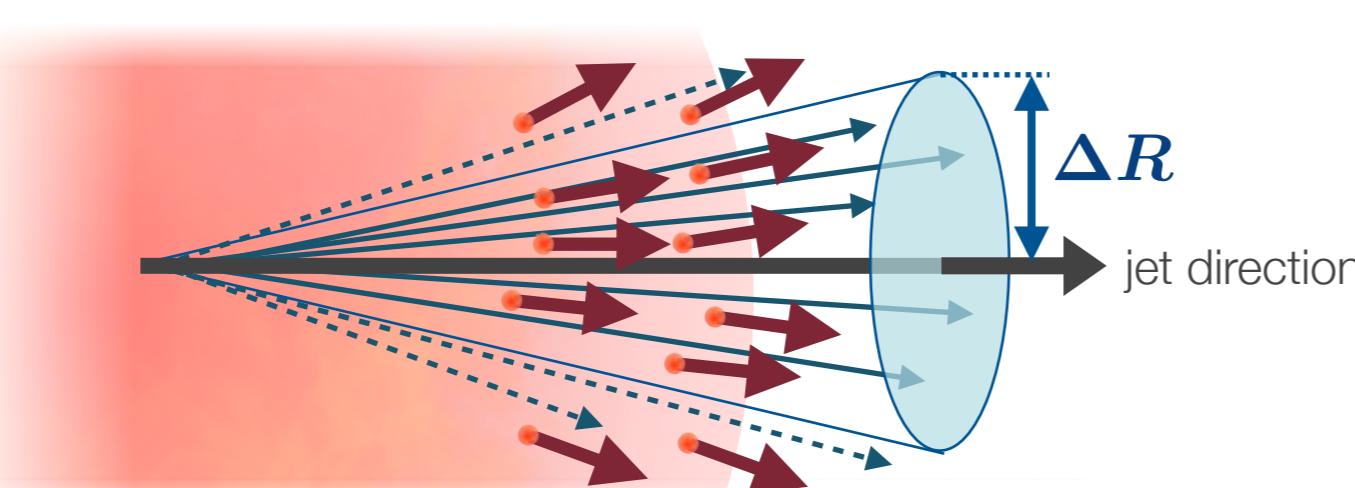
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Jet-cone Size Dependence



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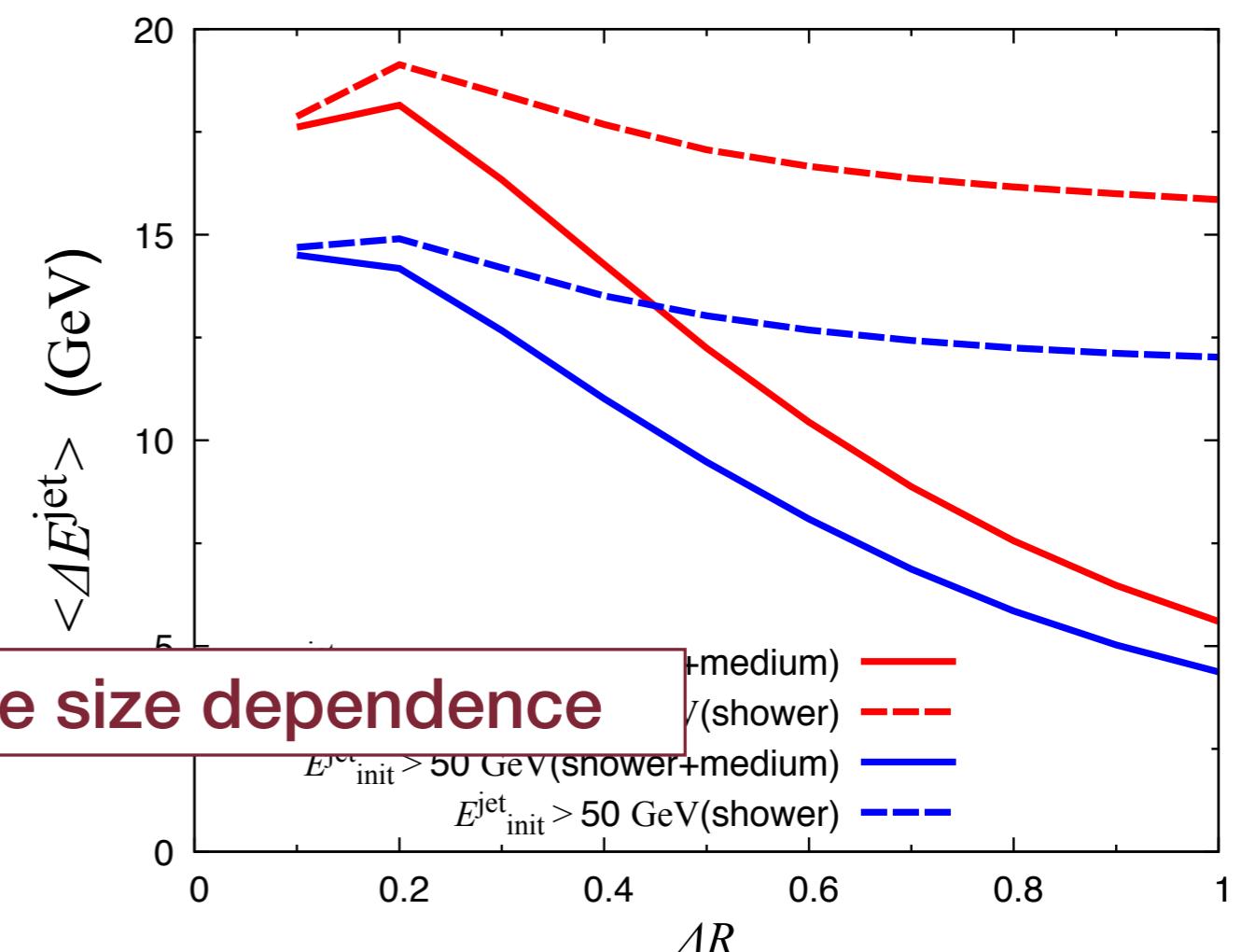
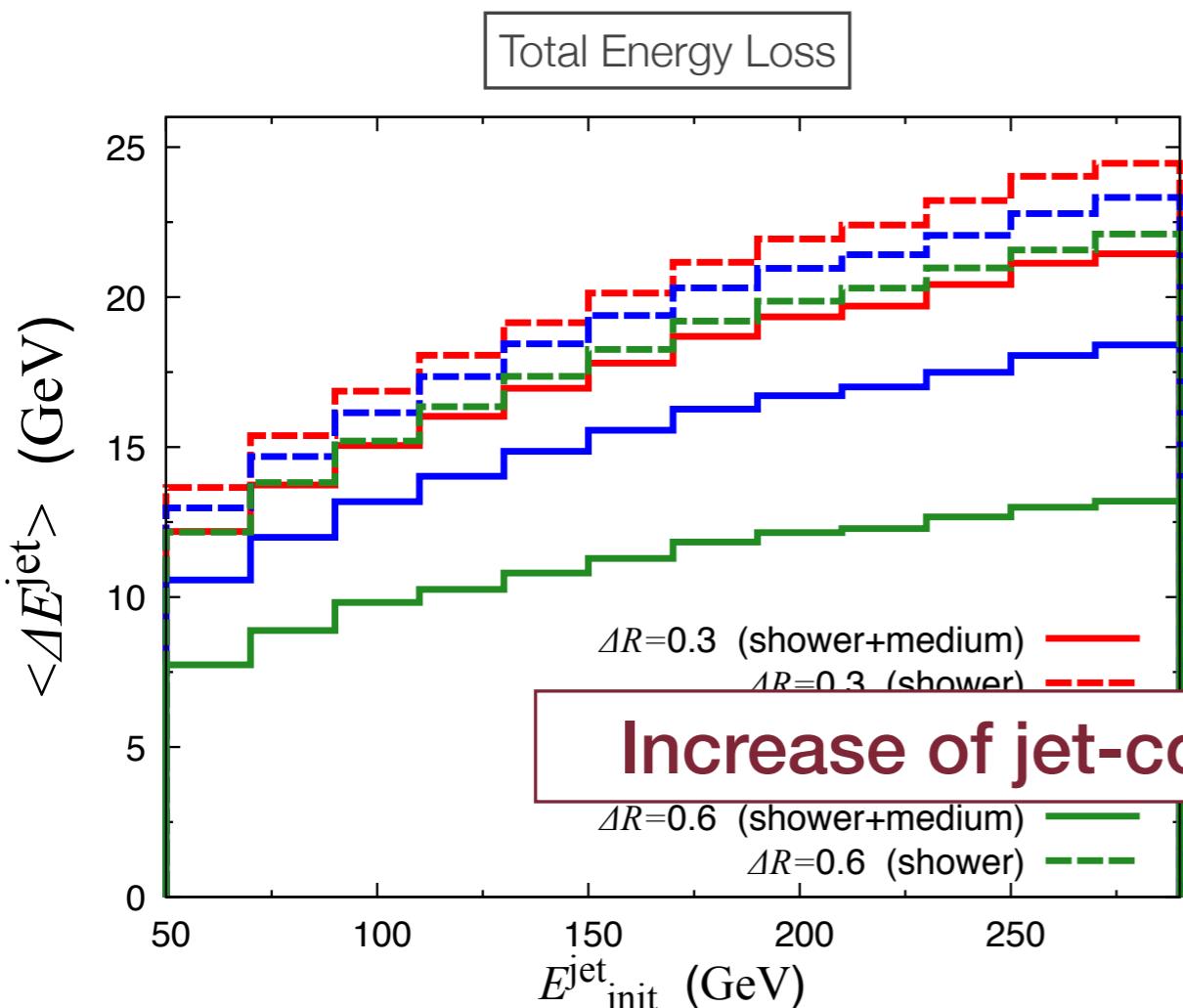
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Jet-cone Size Dependence



# Jet shape modification

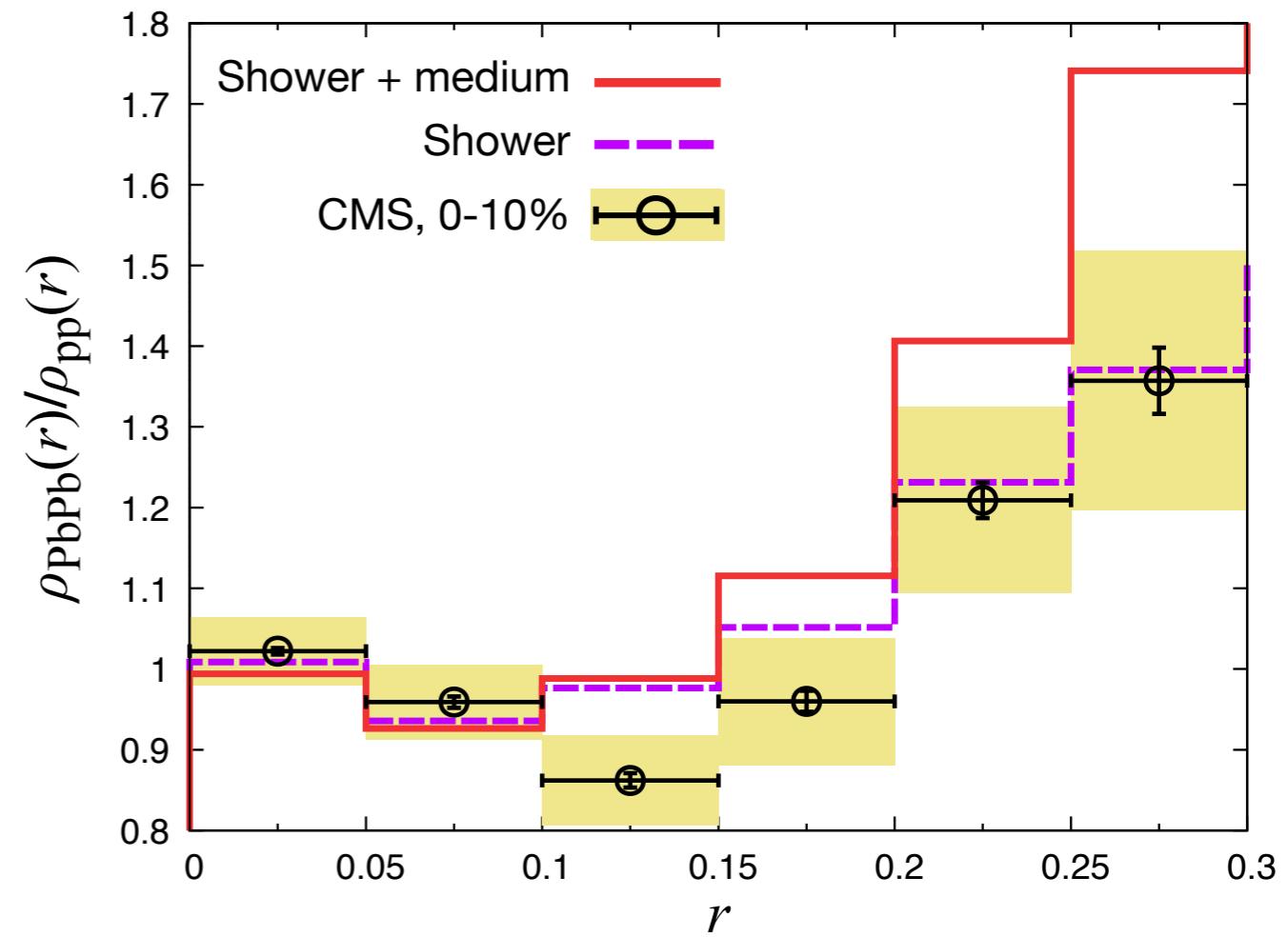
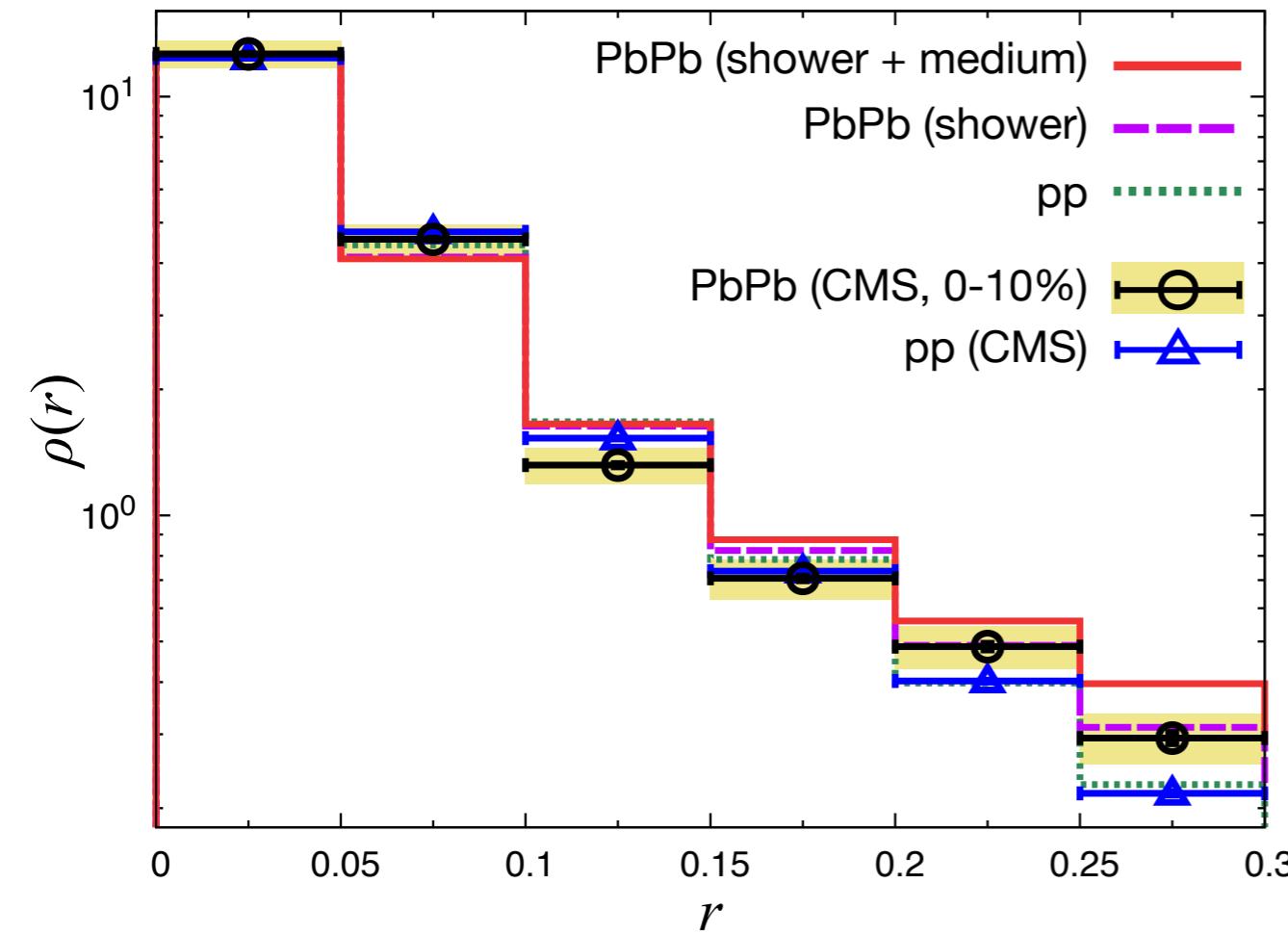
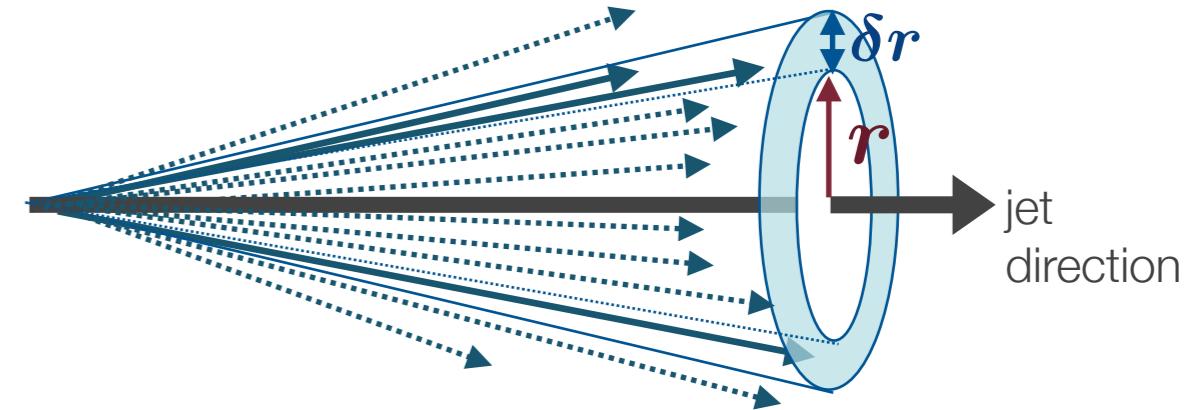
- Jet shape function

(jets are generated by PYTHIA & MC Glauber)

$$r = \sqrt{(\phi_p - \phi_{\text{jet}})^2 + (\eta_p - \eta_{\text{jet}})^2}$$

$$\rho(r) = \sum_i \frac{p_T^i}{p_T^{\text{jet}}} \frac{\theta[r_i - (r - \frac{1}{2}\delta r)]\theta[(r + \frac{1}{2}\delta r) - r_i]}{\delta r}$$

- Inclusive,  $E_{\text{jet}} \geq 100 \text{ GeV}$  ( $\Delta R = 0.3$ )



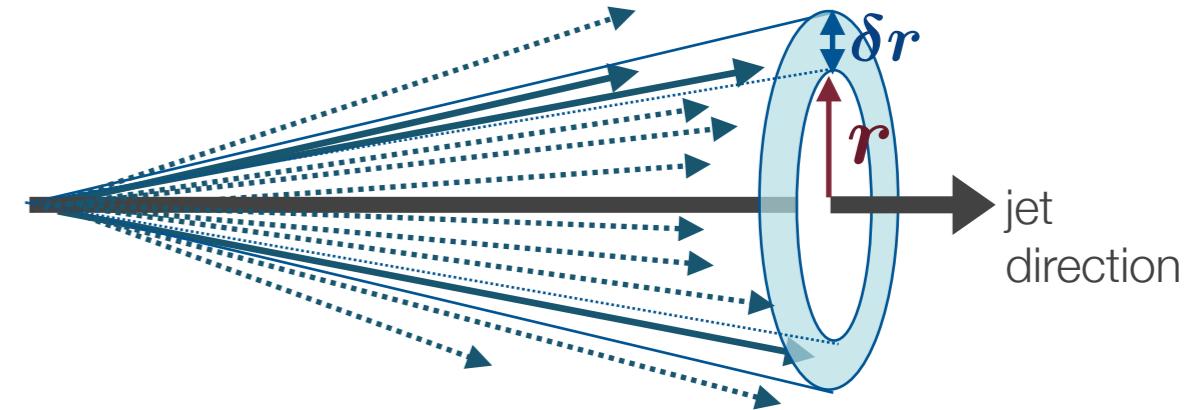
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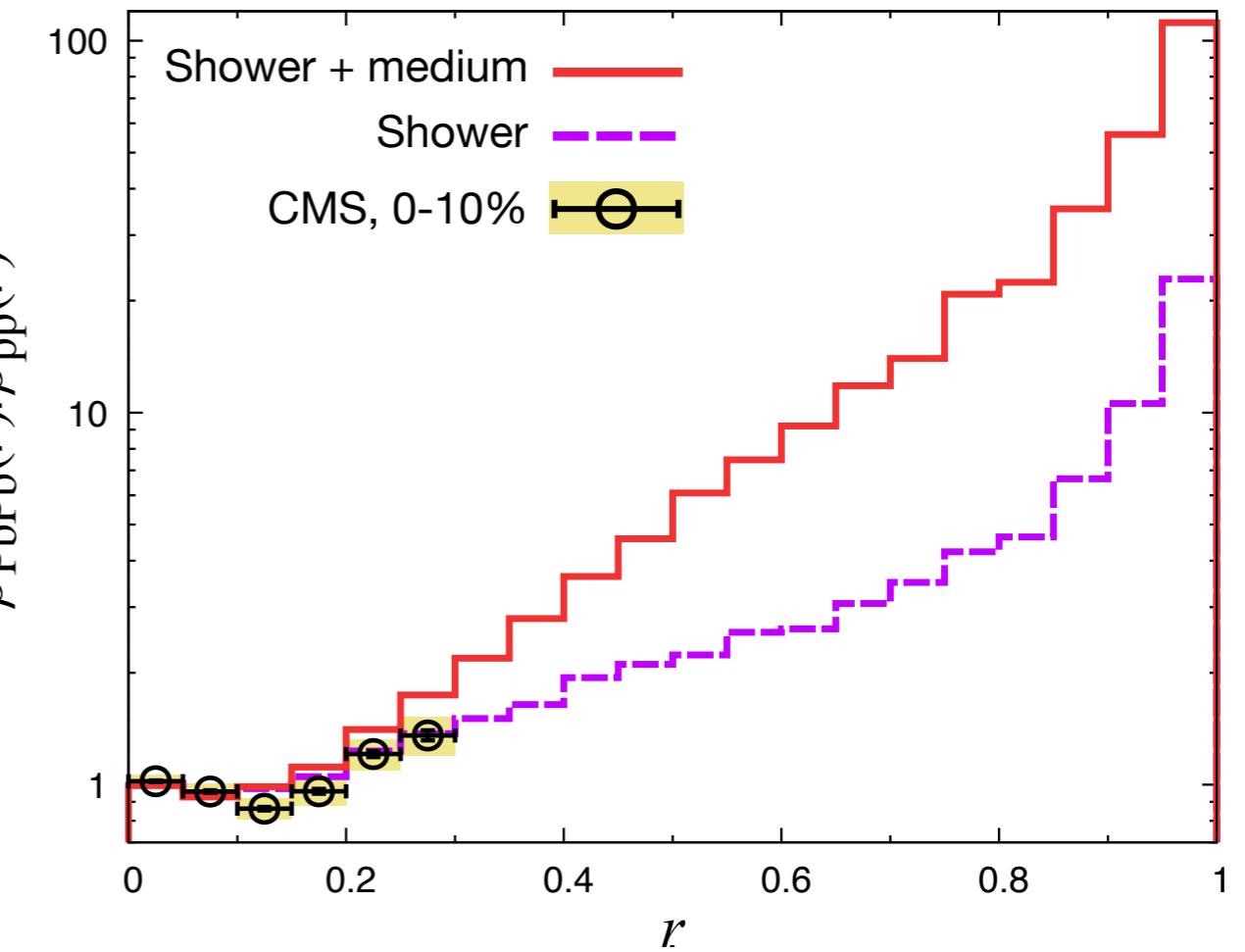
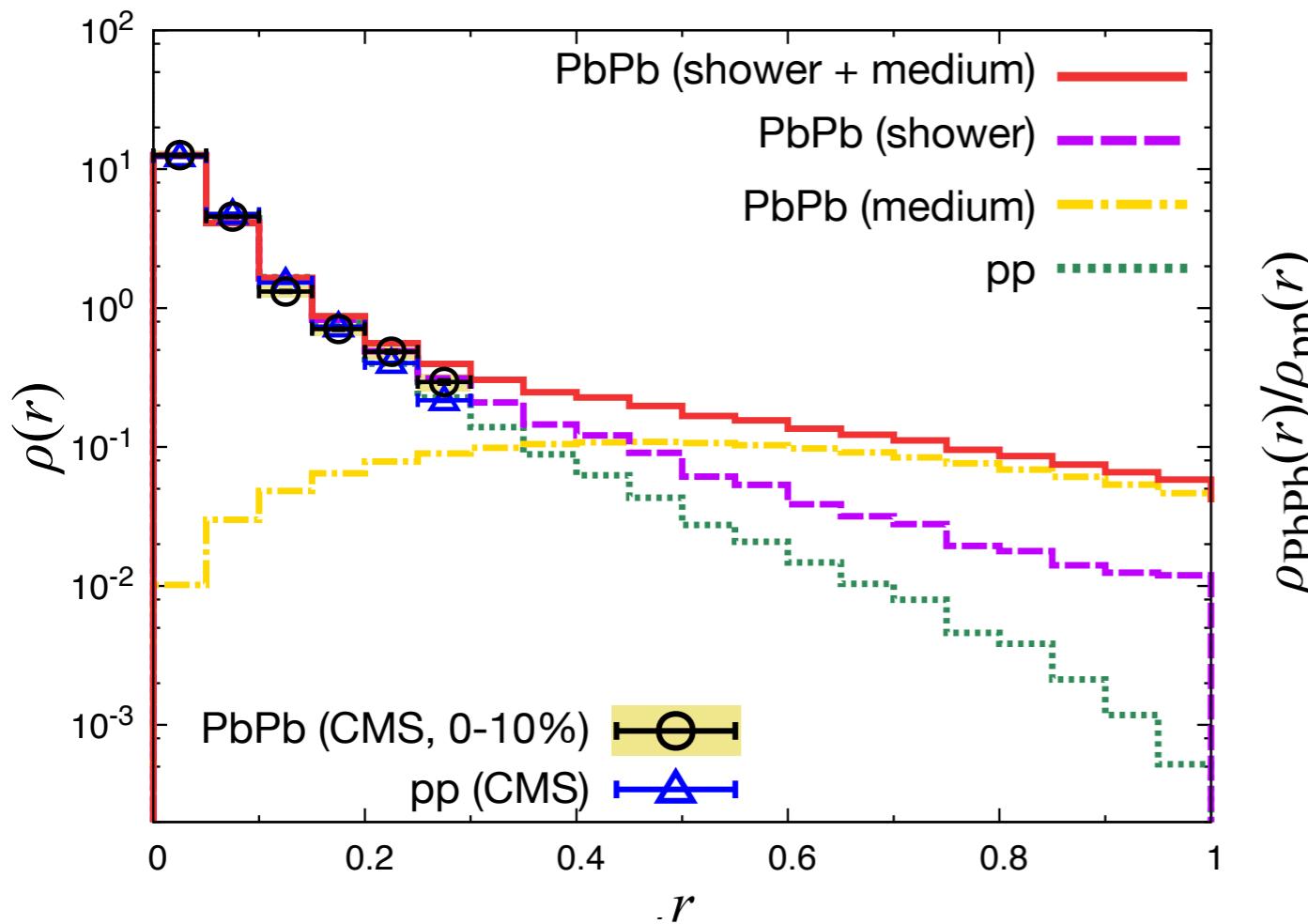
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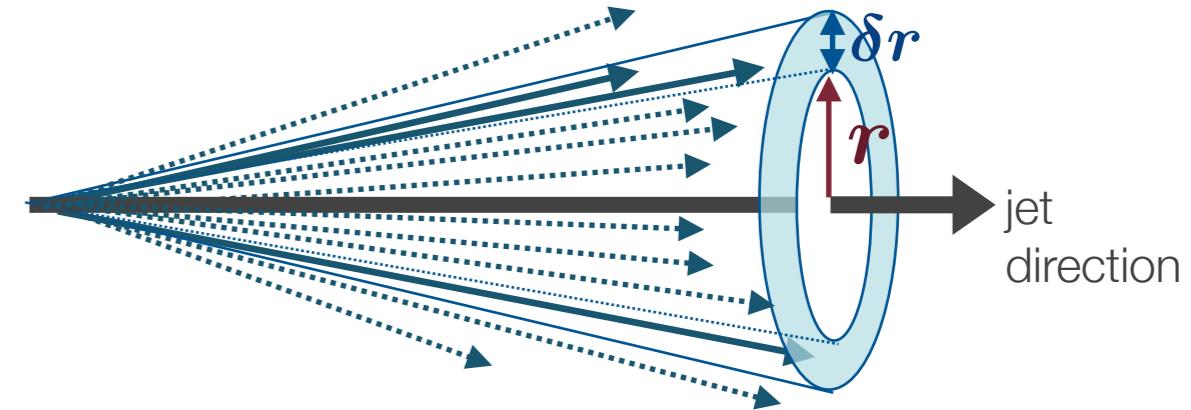
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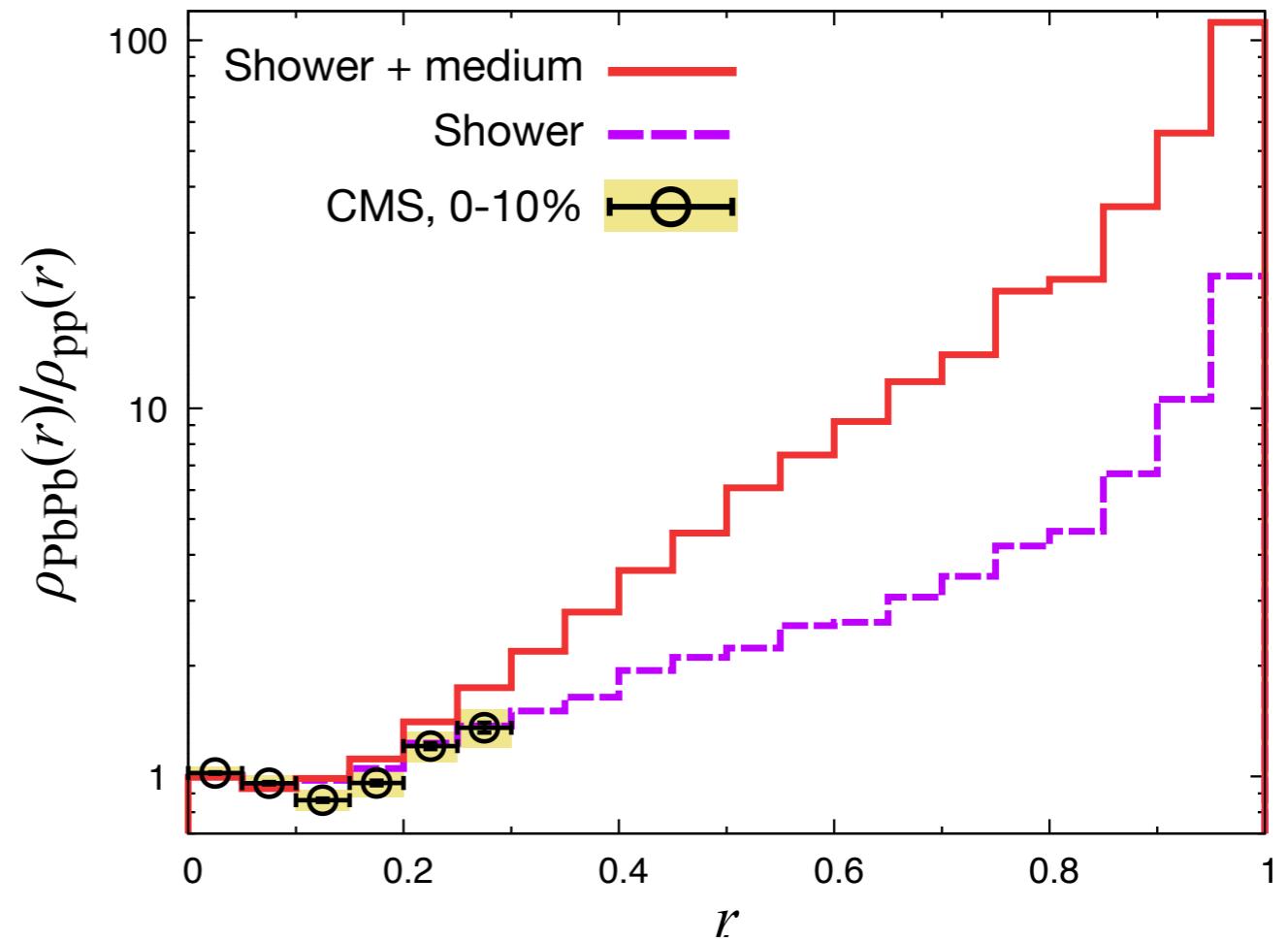
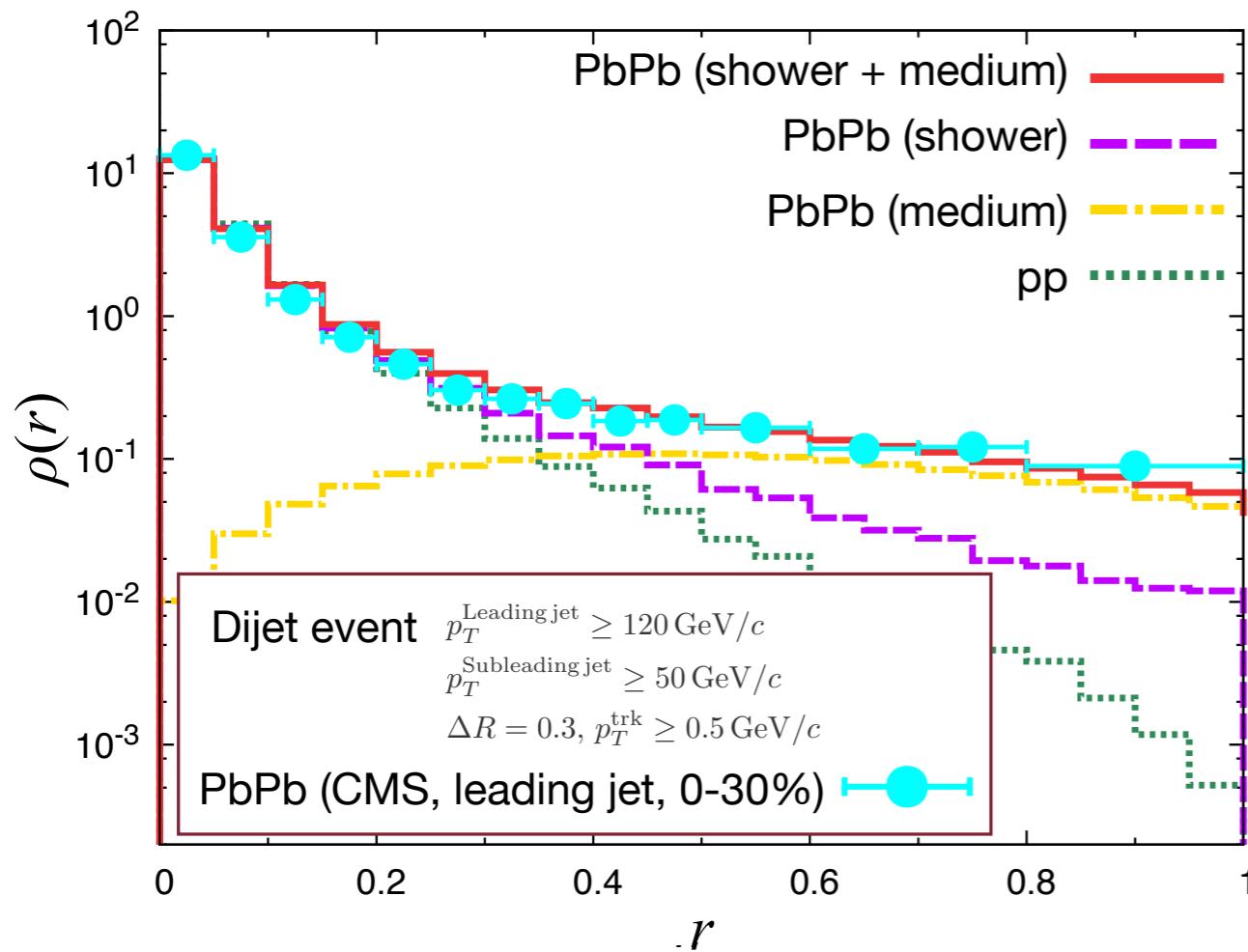
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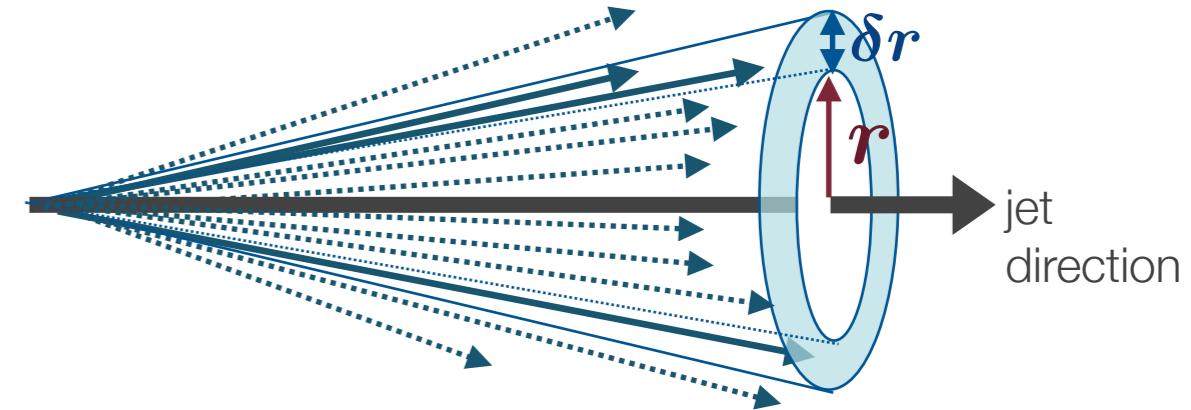
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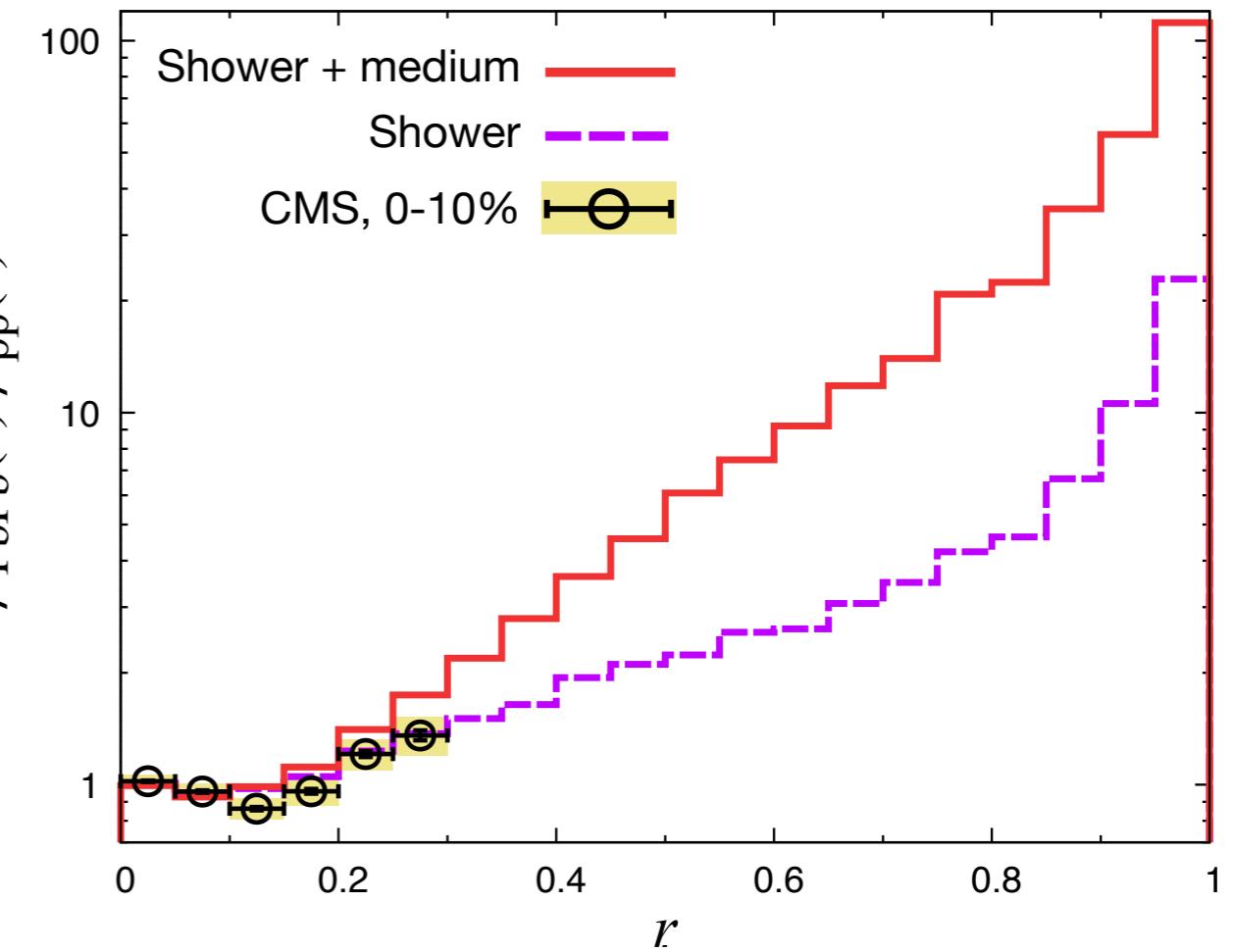
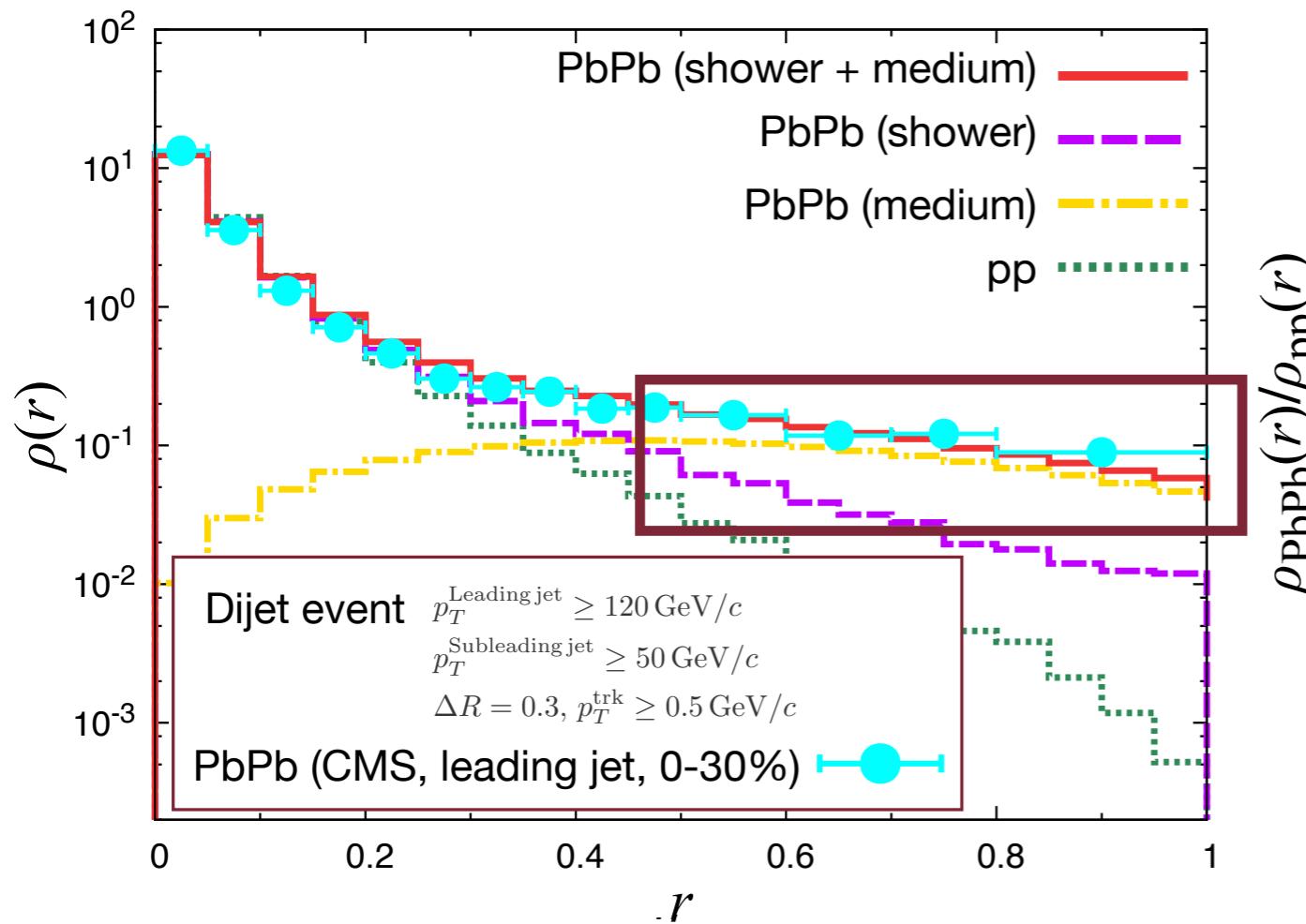
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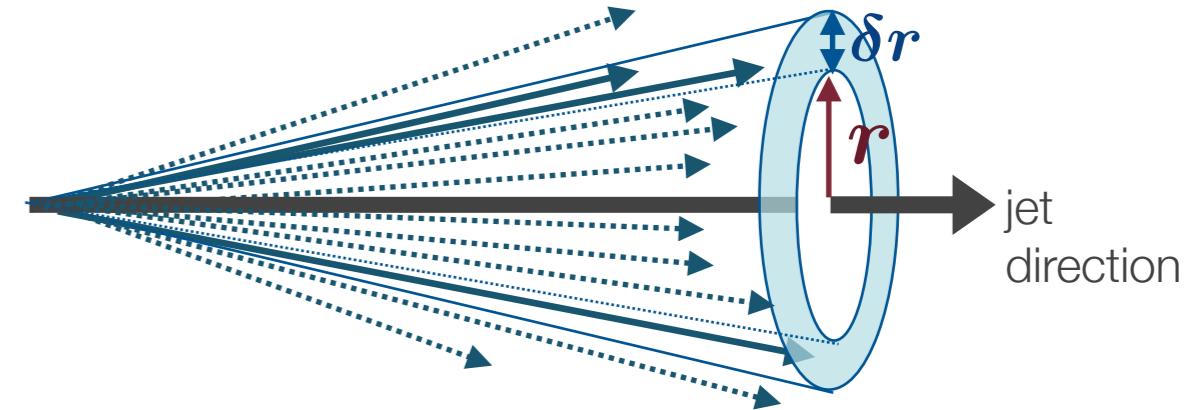
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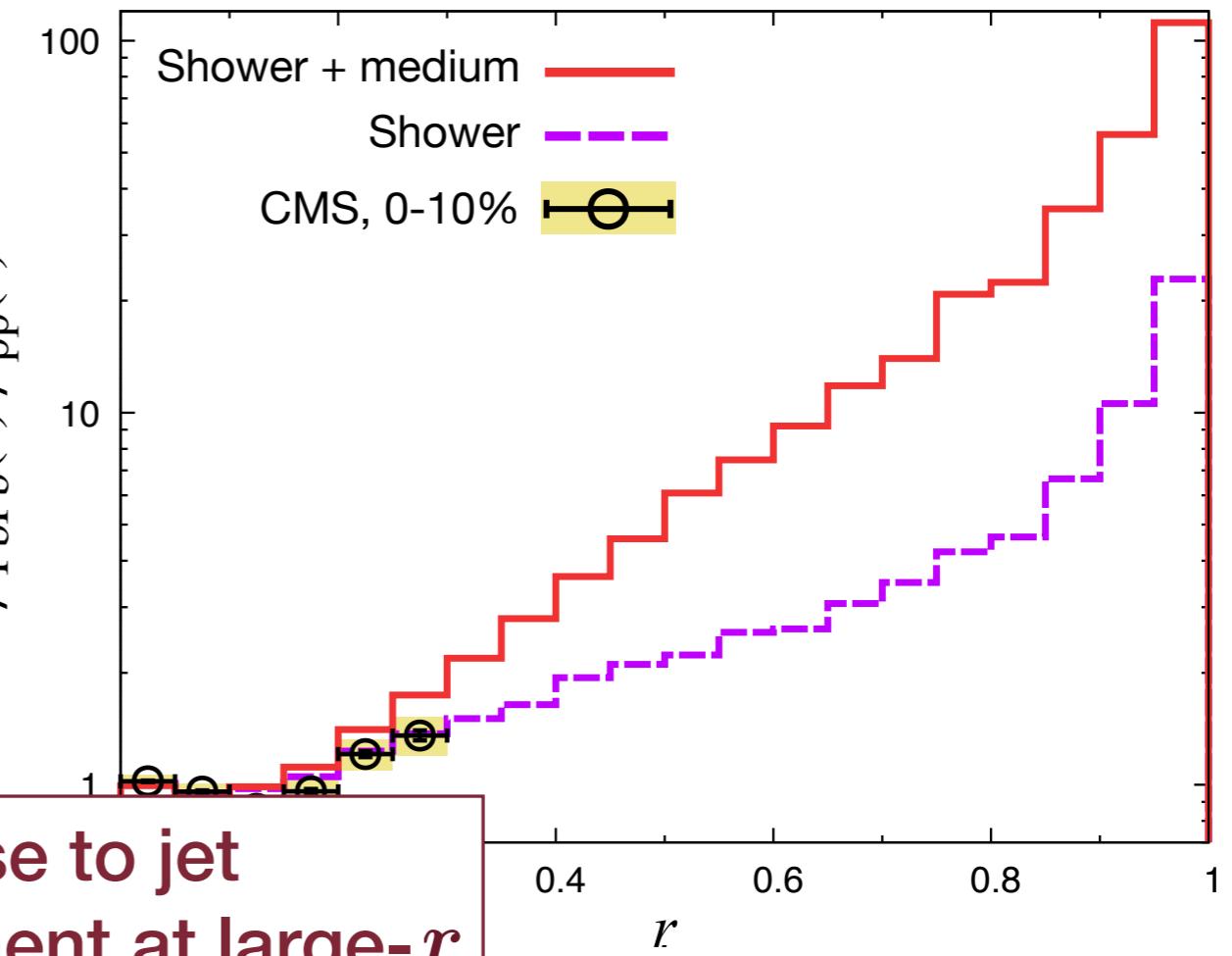
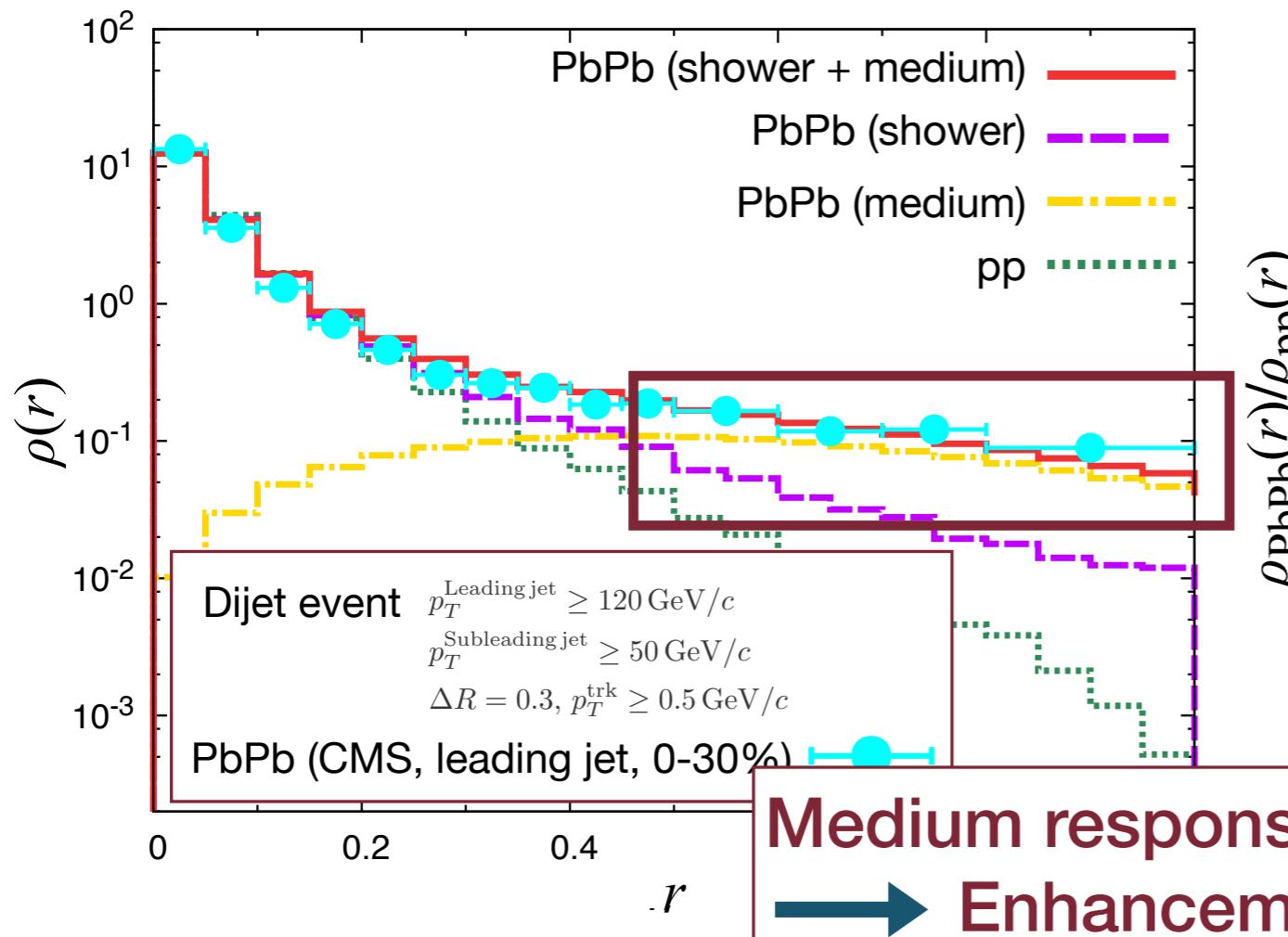
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# Summary

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- **Full jet shower + hydro model**

- Jet shower evolution: transport equations for partons in jet
  - N.-B. Chang's talk (NEXT)
- Medium evolution: hydrodynamic equation with source term
  - ↑
    - Constructed from jet transport equation

- **Medium contribution to jet energy loss**

- Increase of jet cone size dependence

- **Medium contribution to jet shape modification**

- Further broadening of jet shape
- Significantly modification except for very small- $r$
- Medium contribution dominates large- $r$  region

# Backup

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# Source term

- Energy momentum conservation for QGP + jet system

$$\partial_\mu \left[ T_{\text{QGP}}^{\mu\nu}(x) + T_{\text{jet}}^{\mu\nu}(x) \right] = 0$$



$$\begin{aligned} \partial_\mu T_{\text{QGP}}^{\mu\nu}(x) &= J^\nu(x), \quad J^\nu(x) \equiv -\partial_\mu T_{\text{jet}}^{\mu\nu}(x) \\ &= - \sum_j \int \frac{d^3 k_j}{\omega_j} k_j^\nu k_j^\mu \partial_\mu f_j(\mathbf{k}_j, \mathbf{x}, t) \\ &= - \sum_j \int \frac{d^3 k_j}{\omega_j} k_j^\nu k_j^\mu \left[ \partial_\mu f_j(\mathbf{k}_j, \mathbf{x}, t) \Big|_{\hat{e}, \hat{q}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Only coll. & broad. contribution  
Energy-momentum conservation during rad. processes;

$$\sum_j \int \frac{d^3 k_j}{\omega_j} k_j^\nu k_j^\mu \left[ \partial_\mu f_j(\mathbf{k}_j, \mathbf{x}, t) \Big|_{\text{rad.}} \right] = 0$$

Approximation:  $\mathbf{x}_j(k, t) = \mathbf{x}_0^{\text{jet}} + \frac{\mathbf{k}_j}{\omega_j} t$

→  $J^\nu(x) = \sum_j \int \frac{d\omega_j dk_{j\perp}^2 d\phi_j}{2\pi} k_j^\nu \left. \frac{df_j(\omega_j, k_{j\perp}^2)}{dt} \right|_{\hat{e}, \hat{q}} \delta^{(3)}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_j(k, t))$

# Some details of model

- Jet quenching parameter  $\hat{q}$

$$\hat{q}_q(x_{\text{jet}}) = \hat{q}_{q,0} \frac{T^3(x_{\text{jet}})}{T_0^3} \frac{p_{\text{jet}} \cdot u(x_{\text{jet}})}{p_{\text{jet}}^0}$$

$$\hat{q}_{q,0} = 2.0 \text{ GeV}^2/\text{fm} \quad (\text{chosen to fit the experimental data of } R_{\text{PbPb}})$$

$$T_0 = T(\mathbf{x} = 0, \tau = \tau_0) = 0.514 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\hat{q}_{g,0} = \frac{C_A}{C_F} \hat{q}_{q,0}$$

- Initial profile of medium

- initial proper time  $\tau_0 = 0.6 \text{ fm}/c$
- optical Glauber model with  $\mathbf{b} = 0$

$$s(\tau_0, \mathbf{x}_\perp, \eta_s) = s_T(\mathbf{x}_\perp) H(\eta_s)$$

$$s_T(\mathbf{x}_\perp) = \frac{C}{\tau_0} \left[ \frac{(1-\alpha)}{2} n_{\text{part}}^\mathbf{b}(\mathbf{x}_\perp) + \alpha n_{\text{coll}}^\mathbf{b}(\mathbf{x}_\perp) \right], \quad H(\eta_s) = \exp \left[ -\frac{(|\eta_s| - \eta_{\text{flat}}/2)^2}{2\sigma_\eta^2} \theta \left( |\eta_s| - \frac{\eta_{\text{flat}}}{2} \right) \right] \quad C = 19.8, \alpha = 0.14, \\ \eta_{\text{flat}} = 3.8, \sigma_\eta = 3.2.$$

- Generation of inclusive jet events

- PYTHIA + MC Glauber Model  $b = 3.5 \text{ fm}$
- created and traveling in transverse plane  $\eta_s = 0$

Jet Shape, hydro, and Jet energy deposition profile are 3D

# Jet reconstruction

- **Jet-  $p_T$**

$$\begin{aligned} p_T^{\text{jet}} &= p_{T,\text{shower}}^{\text{jet}} + p_{T,\text{medium}}^{\text{jet}} \\ p_{T,\text{shower}}^{\text{jet}} &= \sum_j p_{T,\text{shower}}^j \theta(\Delta R - r_i) \\ p_{T,\text{medium}}^{\text{jet}} &= \sum_i p_{T,\text{medium}}^i \left. \theta(\Delta R - r_i) \right|_{\text{w/ jet}} - \sum_i p_{T,\text{medium}}^i \left. \theta(\Delta R - r_i) \right|_{\text{w/o jet}} \end{aligned}$$

$j$ : partons with  $p_{T,\text{shower}}^j > 2 \text{ GeV}/c$ ,  $i$ : hadrons with  $p_{T,\text{medium}}^i > 1 \text{ GeV}/c$

- **$p_T$  of hadrons emitted from medium ( $p_{T,\text{medium}}^i$ )**
  - Cooper-Frye formula

$$E_i^0 \frac{dN_i}{d^3p_i} = \frac{g_i}{(2\pi)^3} \int \frac{p^\mu d\sigma_\mu}{\exp [p^\mu u_\mu(x)/T(x)] \mp_{\text{BF}} 1} \rightarrow \sum_i p_{T,\text{medium}}^i = \sum_i \int d^3p_i p_{T,i} \frac{dN_i}{d^3p_i}$$

$u^\mu(x)$ : flow velocity,  $T(x)$ : temperature,  $g_i$ : degeneracy

(No hadronic interaction after the hydrodynamic evolution)