



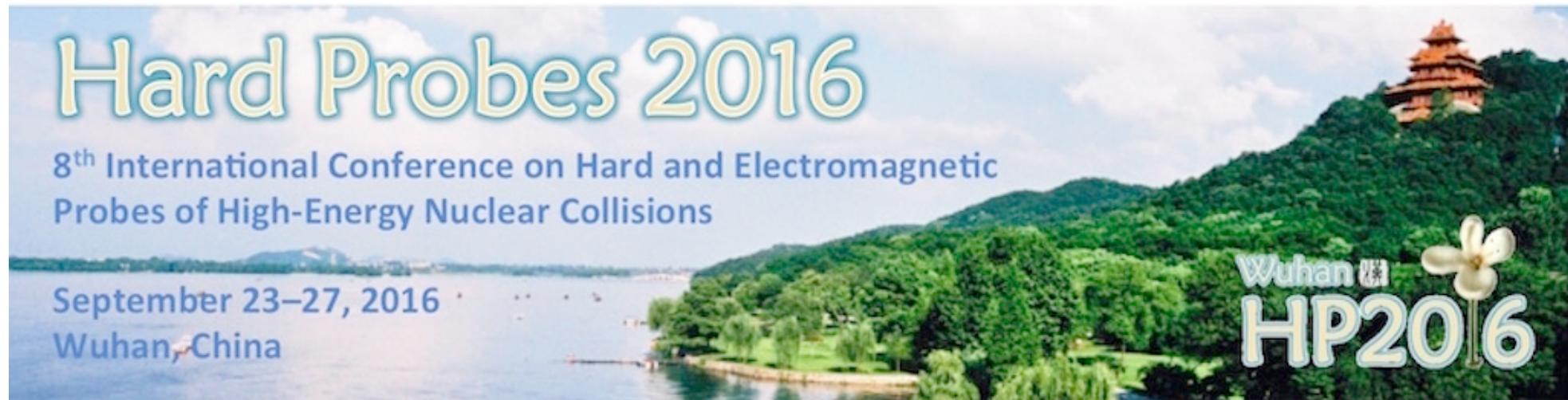
RUTGERS

MCnet

# Medium Recoils in JEWEL

Raghav Kunnawalkam Elayavalli (Rutgers)

In Collaboration with Dr. Korinna Zapp (CERN)



# What is JEWEL?

[Korinna Zapp, EPJ C, Volume 74, Issue 2, 2014](#)

- MC with in-medium jet energy loss implementation
  - Jet interacts with collection of quasi-free partons
  - LPM effect for collinear gluon splitting
  - NEW! Description of boson recoiling of jet ( $\gamma, Z^0, W^\pm + \text{jet}$ )
  - Consistent with all analytically known limiting cases
- 
- vacuum  
 $Q^2$ -evolution
- elastic scattering  
without  $Q^2$ -evolution
- inelastic scattering  
without  $Q^2$ -evolution  
LPM-suppression
- JEWEL
- These are very good talks on JEWEL and its finer workings. Pictures taken from there. KZapp [Talk1](#), [Talk2](#),

# Radiation in JEWEL

- Virtuality ordered parton shower
- Formation time for every gluon emitted
- In case of competing time, the shorter time one gets realized

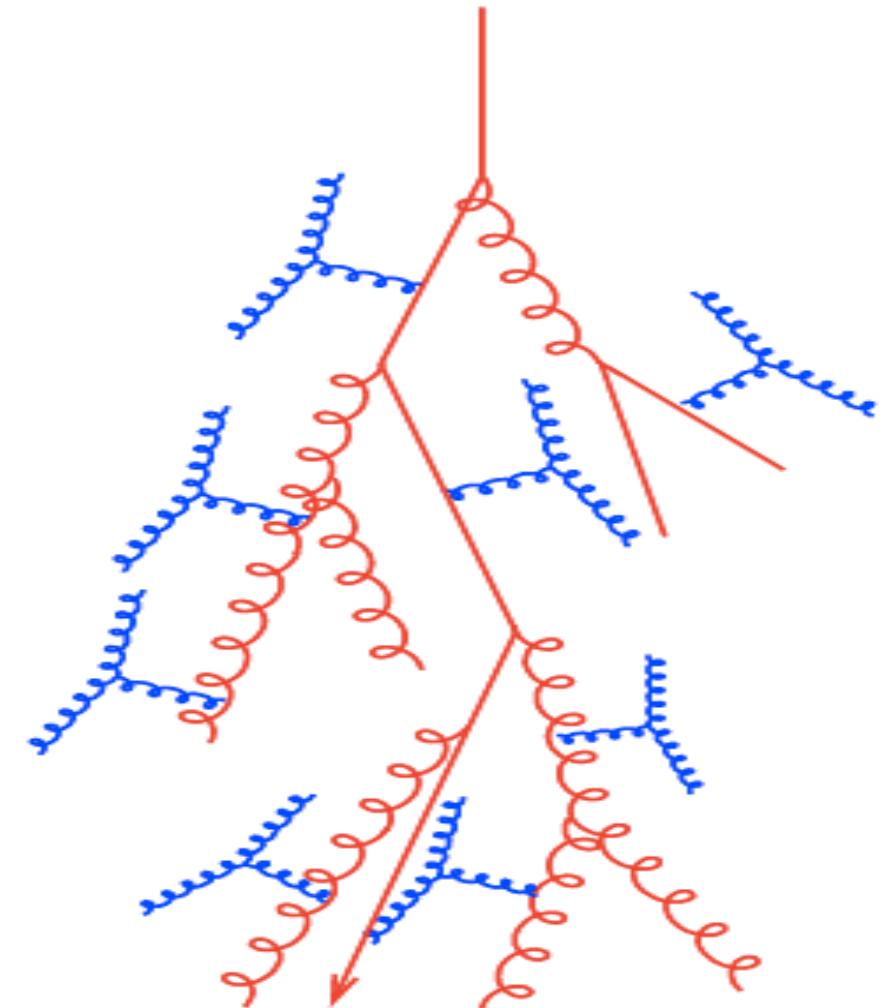
$$\tau \approx \frac{E}{Q^2} \approx \frac{2\omega}{k_\perp^2}$$



- Elastic/inelastic scattering from the scattering centers
- At most one emission from ISR for medium scattering

# Algorithm in MC

1. create gluon in inelastic process
2. check if scattering during  $t_f$
3. If no gluon is formed
  - Back to 1
4. If yes: scattering after time  $\Delta t < t_f$ , re-evaluate formation time and back to 2



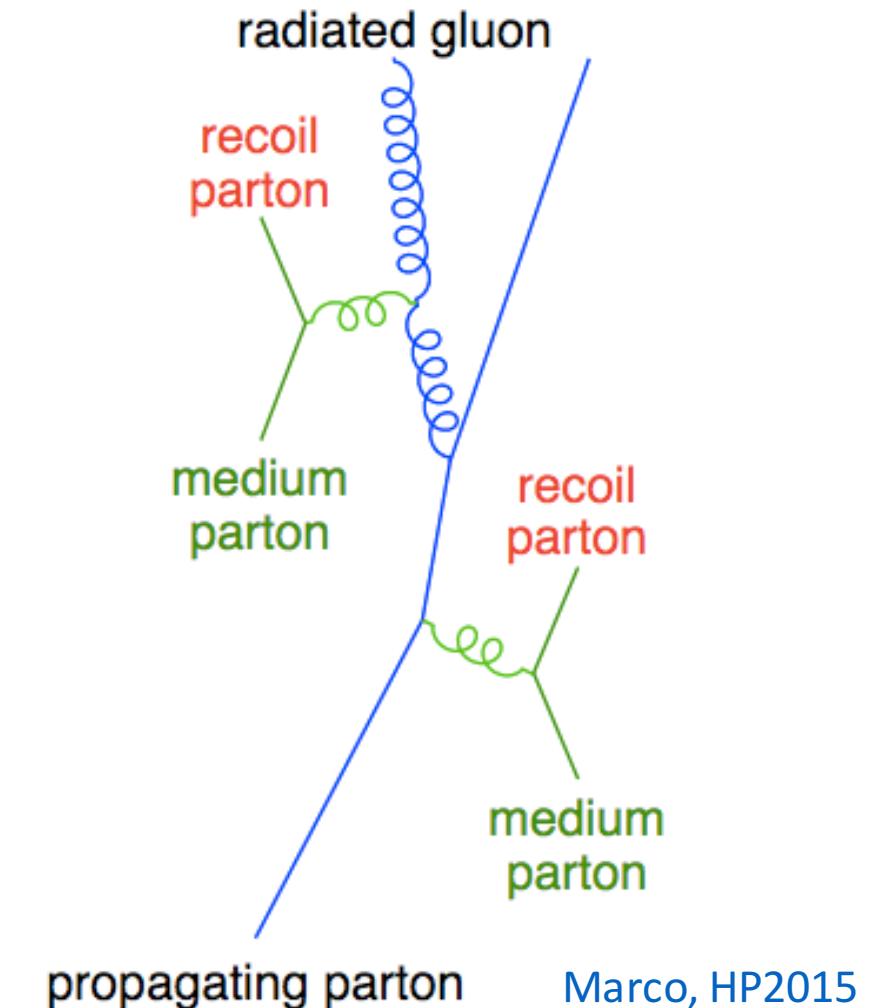
1212.1599

# Treatment of Recoils

- Scattering centers realized from the interaction of the high energy parton propagating through the medium
- w/ Recoils, as soon as interaction happens and a gluon is emitted, it is stored in the event record.

1212.1599

Scattering centers drawn from a thermal distribution

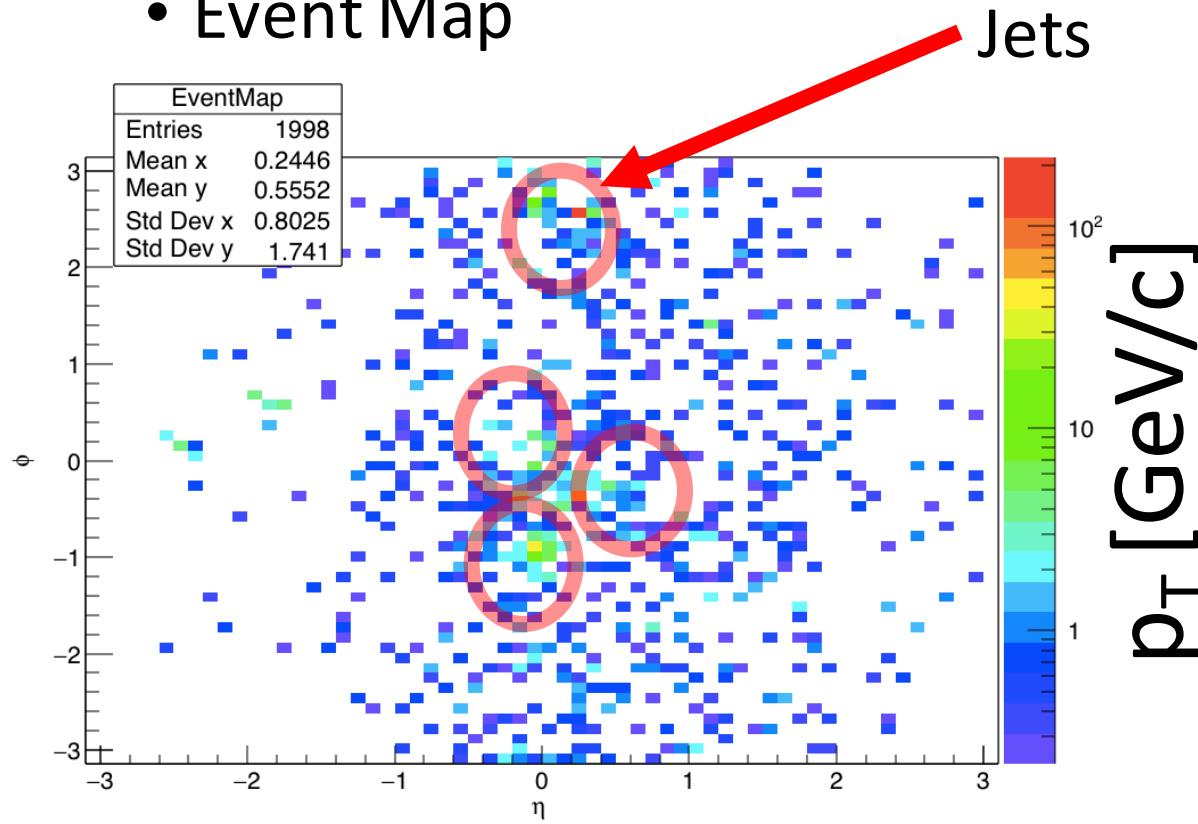


[Marco, HP2015](#)

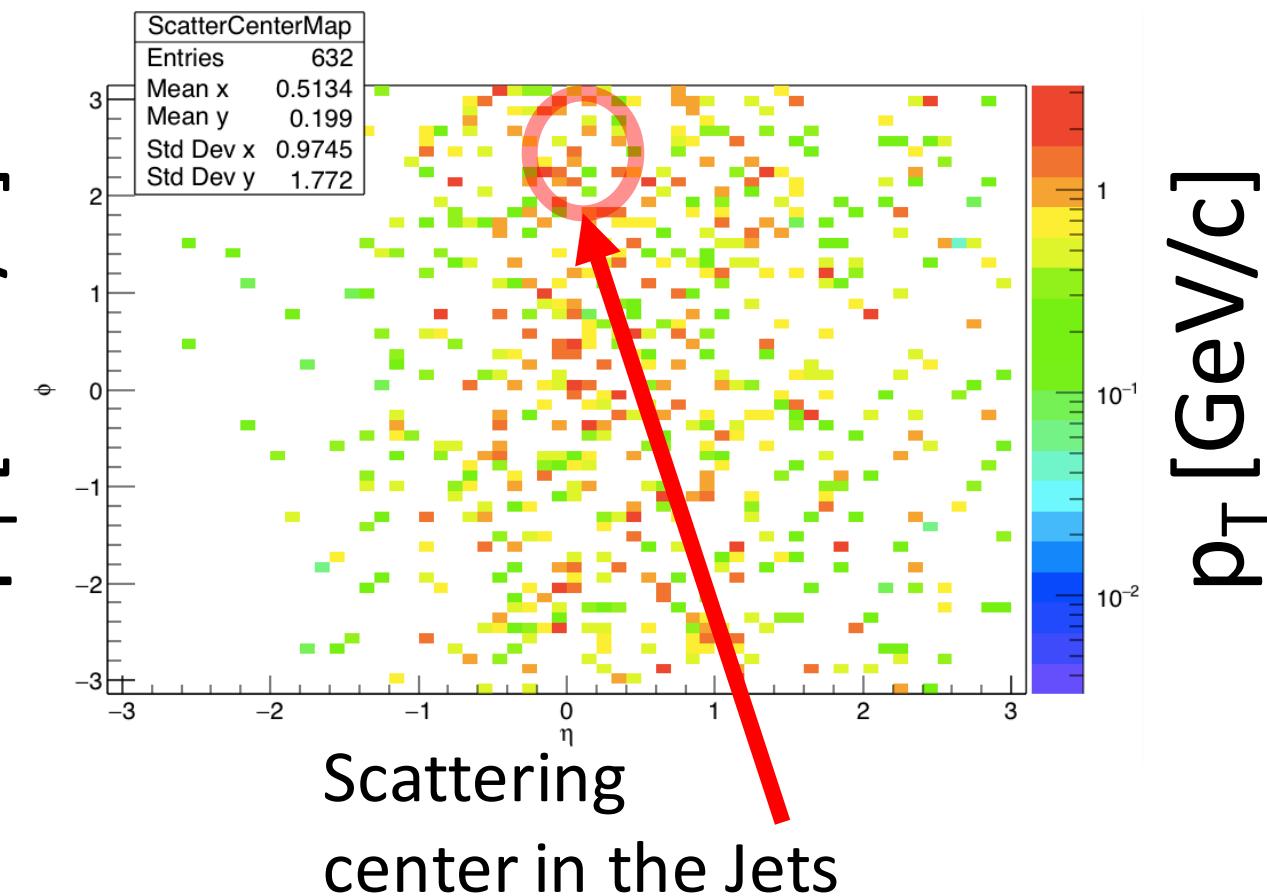
**NEW version of JEWEL!!**  
**Will be public soon!**

# Using the scattering centers

- Event Map

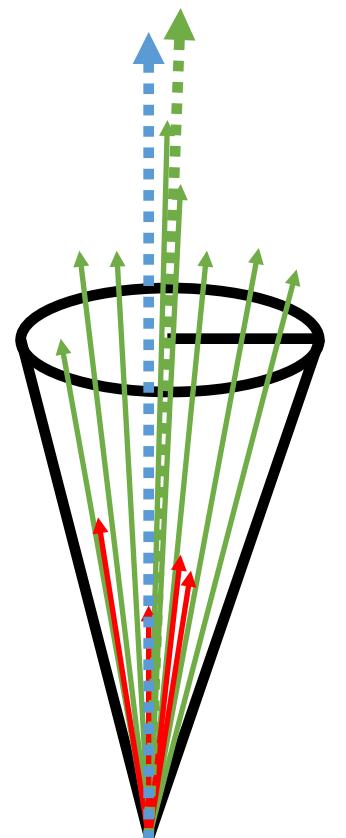


- Scattering centers Map



# Background subtraction in JEWEL (two choices)

REAL (**4MomSub**)

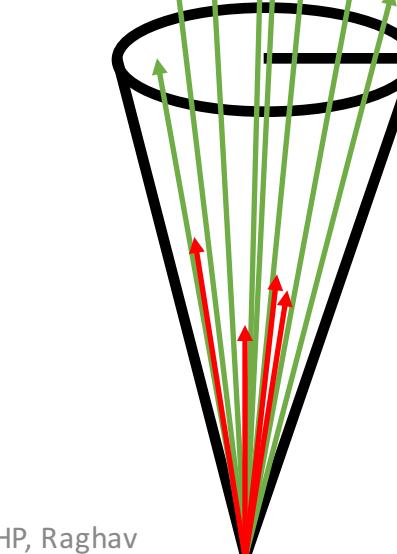
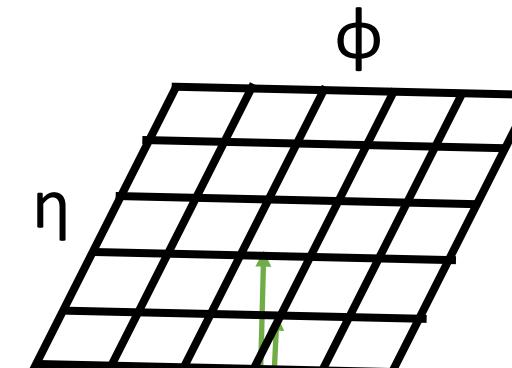


$$p^{\text{4MomSub}} = p^{\text{constituents}} - p^{\text{ScatCenter}}$$

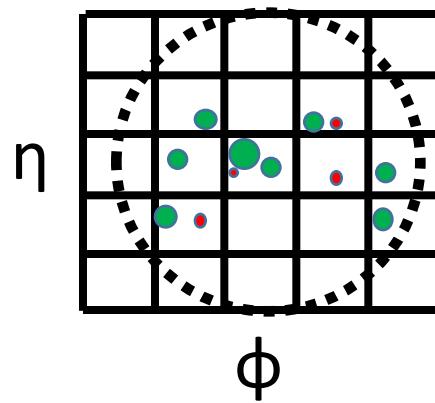
4vector manipulation

RKE, Korinna Zapp, Work in progress

DETECTOR-LIKE (**GridSub**)



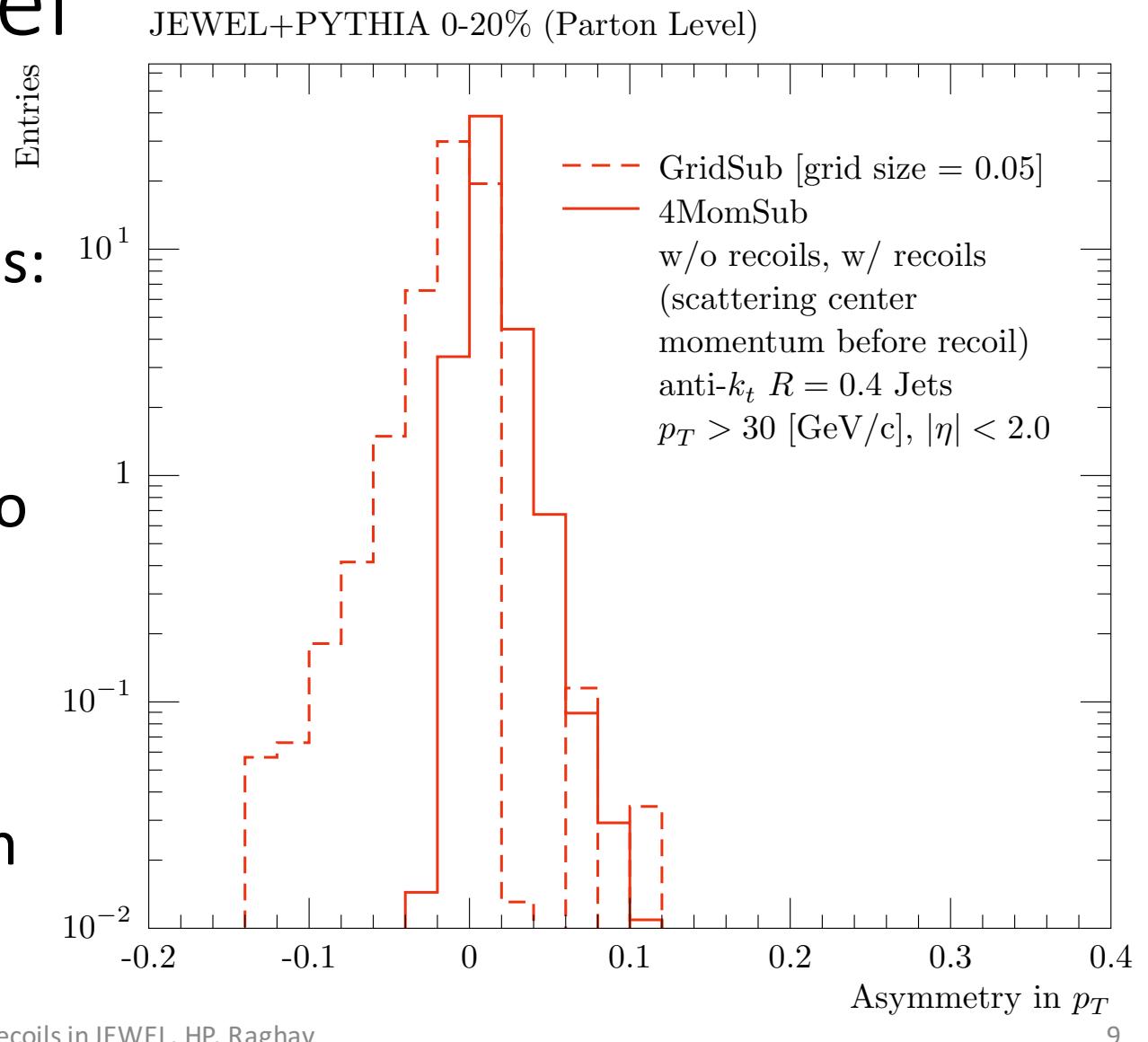
1. 4vector sum  
inside each box
2. Clustering with  
boxes as input



# Systematic studies of the background subtraction

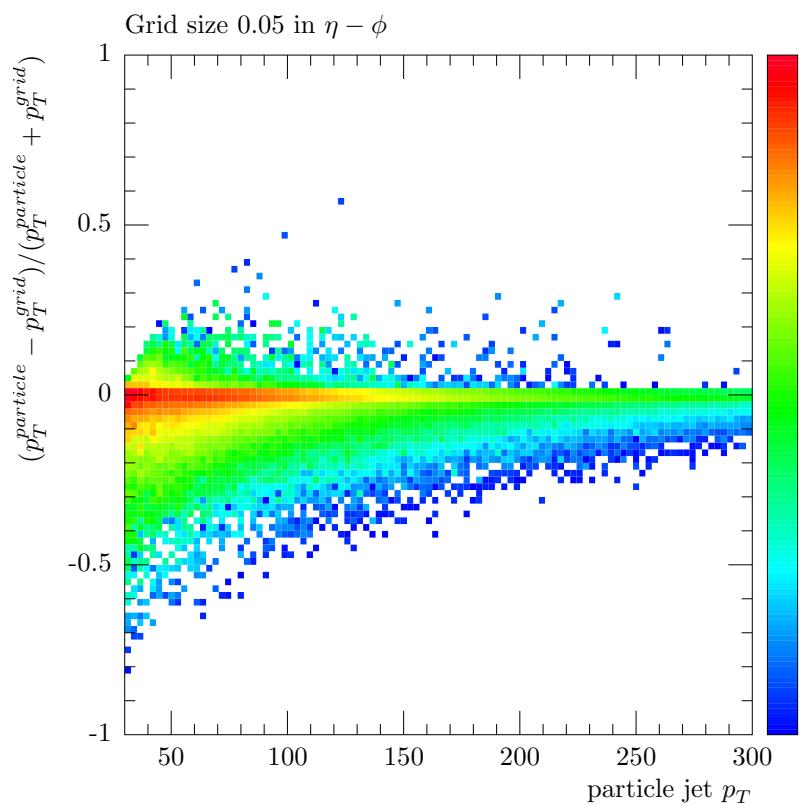
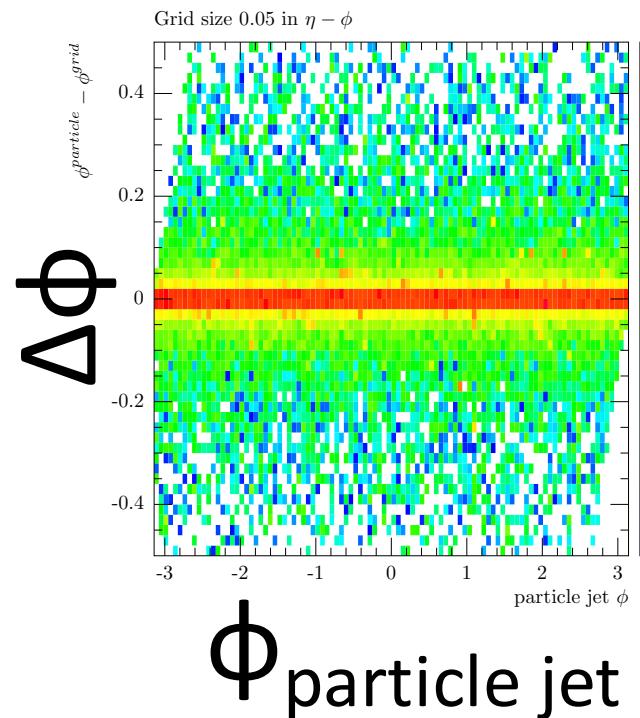
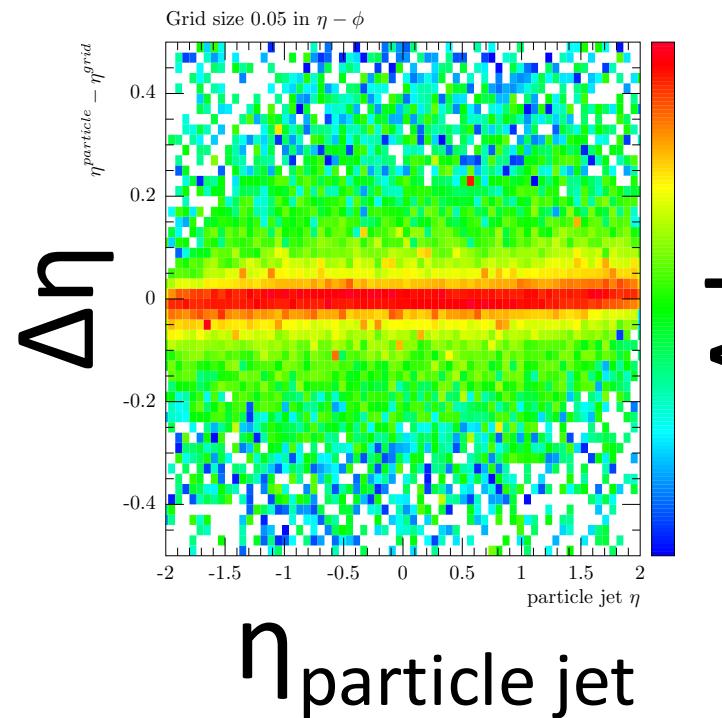
# Recreating without recoils: jets at the parton level

- Scattering centers carry momentum from two sources:
  - Thermal distribution
  - Recoils
- Recreate (at parton level) w/o recoils jet  $p_T$  by removing its recoil momenta
- Asymmetry in jet  $p_T$  at parton level →



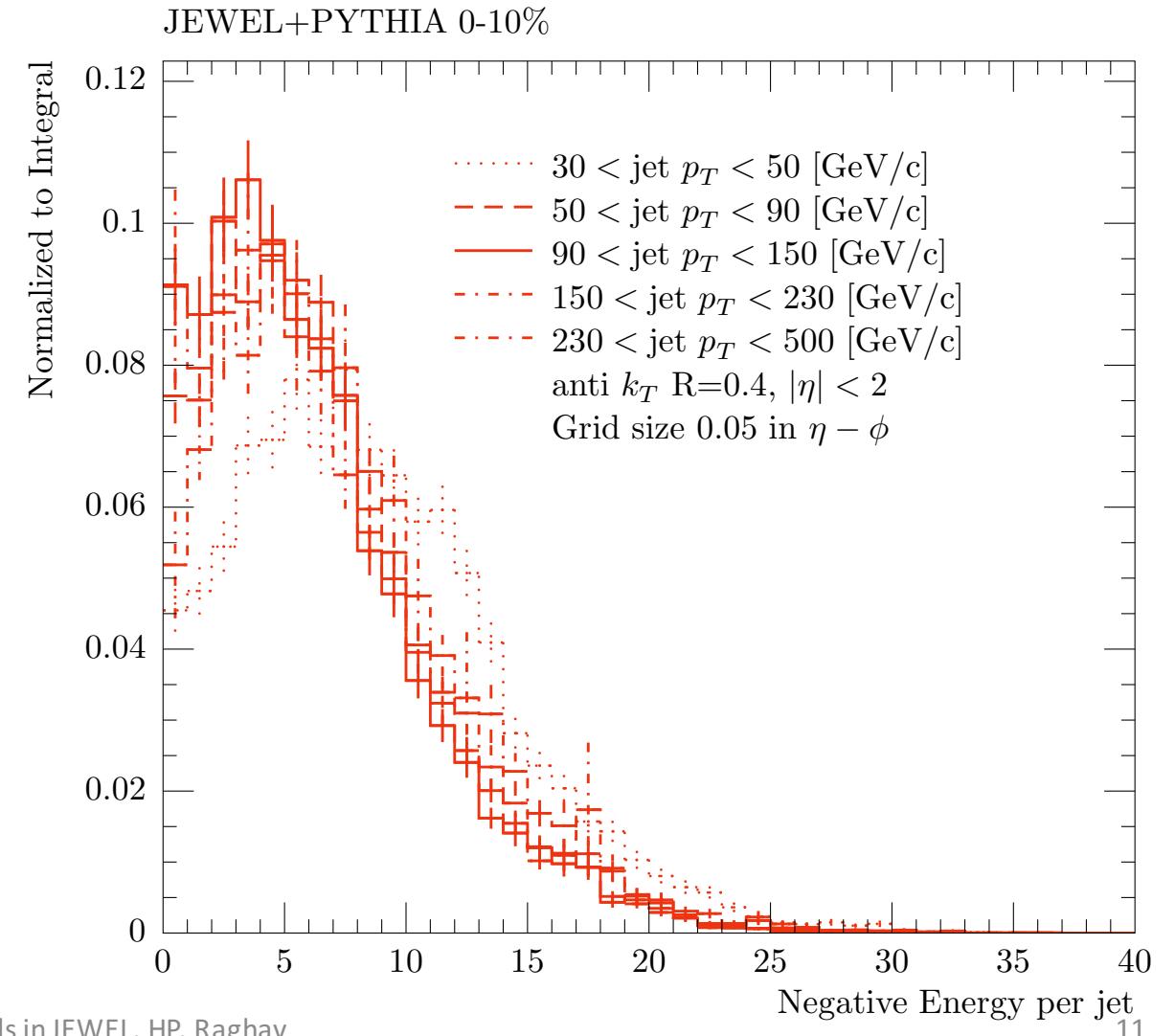
# Smearing due to the grid

- For JEWEL w/o any recoils (no need of any background subtraction), the grid smears the jet



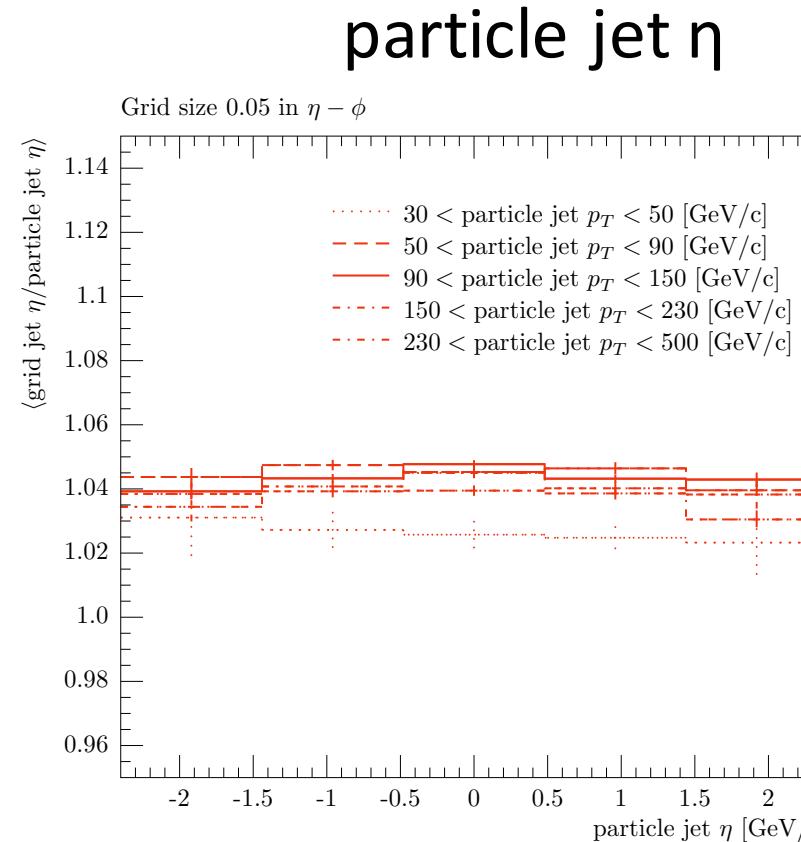
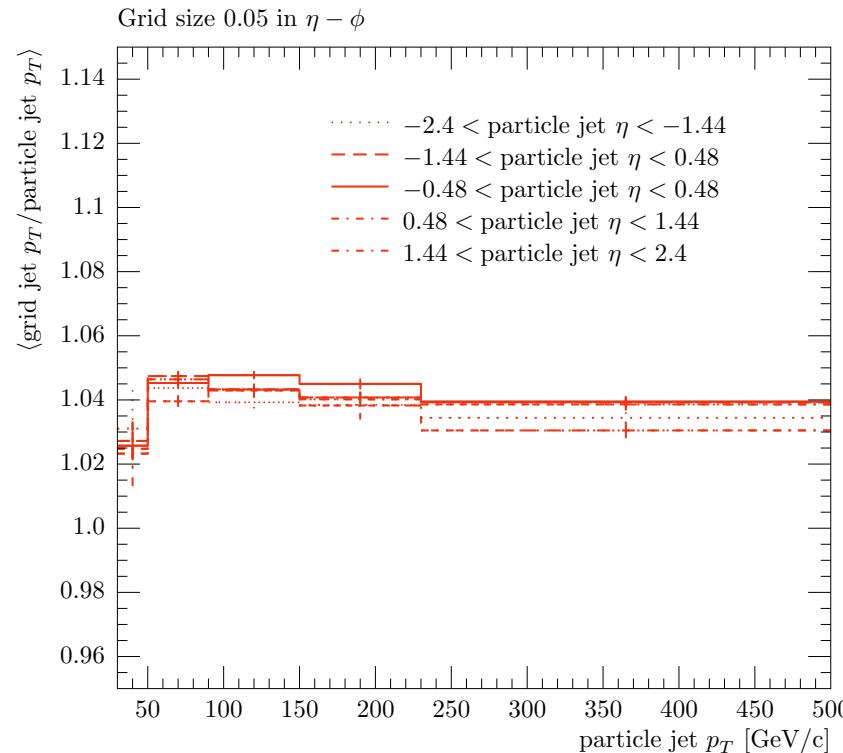
# Negative energy per jet due to the grid

- Quantify the amount of energy not subtracted in a jet
- Expected behavior across the different grid sizes
- Contribution is quite small



# Jet Energy Closure

- particle jet  $p_T$

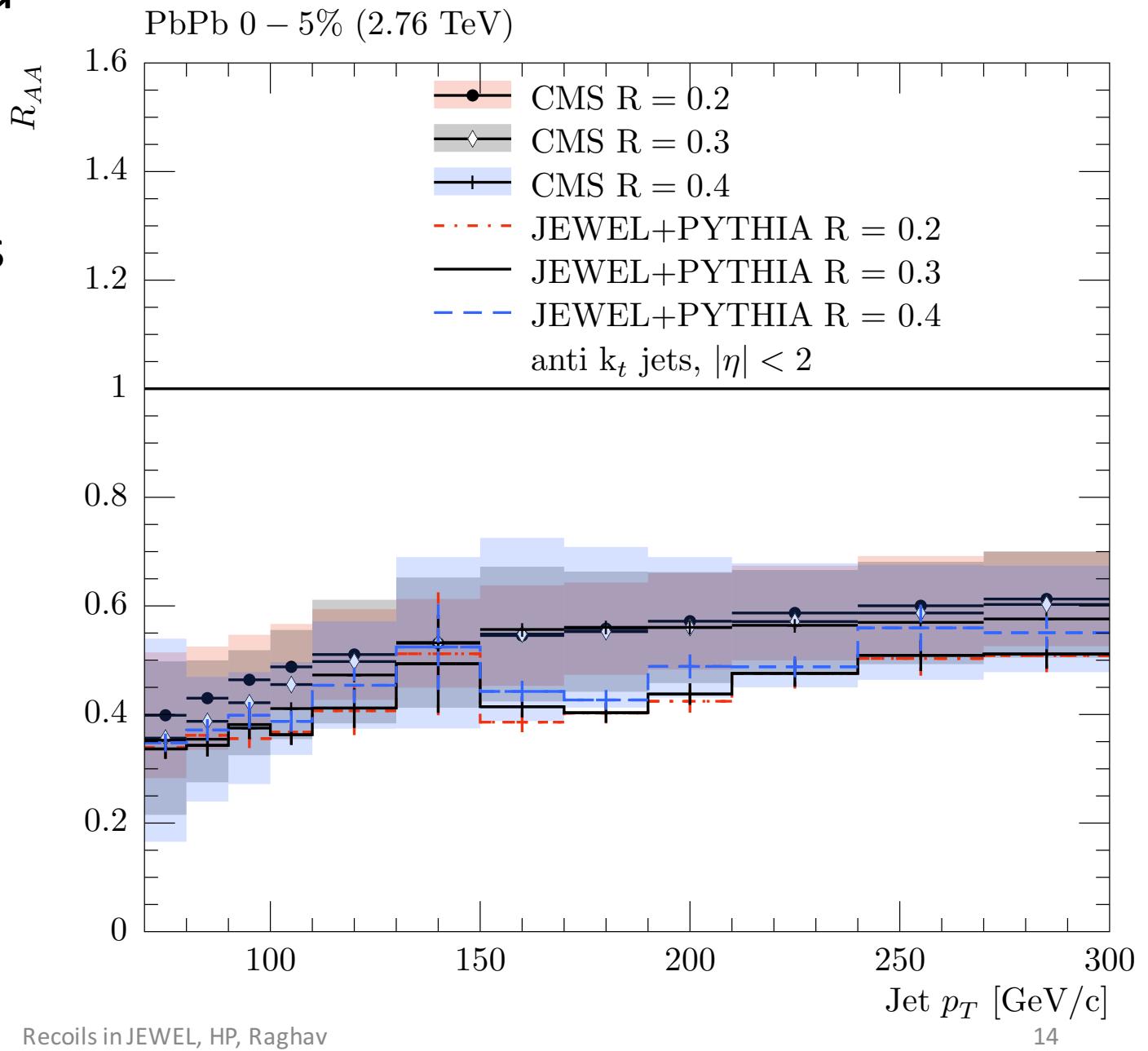


- 3–5% closure (decent level and flat across jet eta)
- This is due to the grid, hence happens in both pp and PbPb



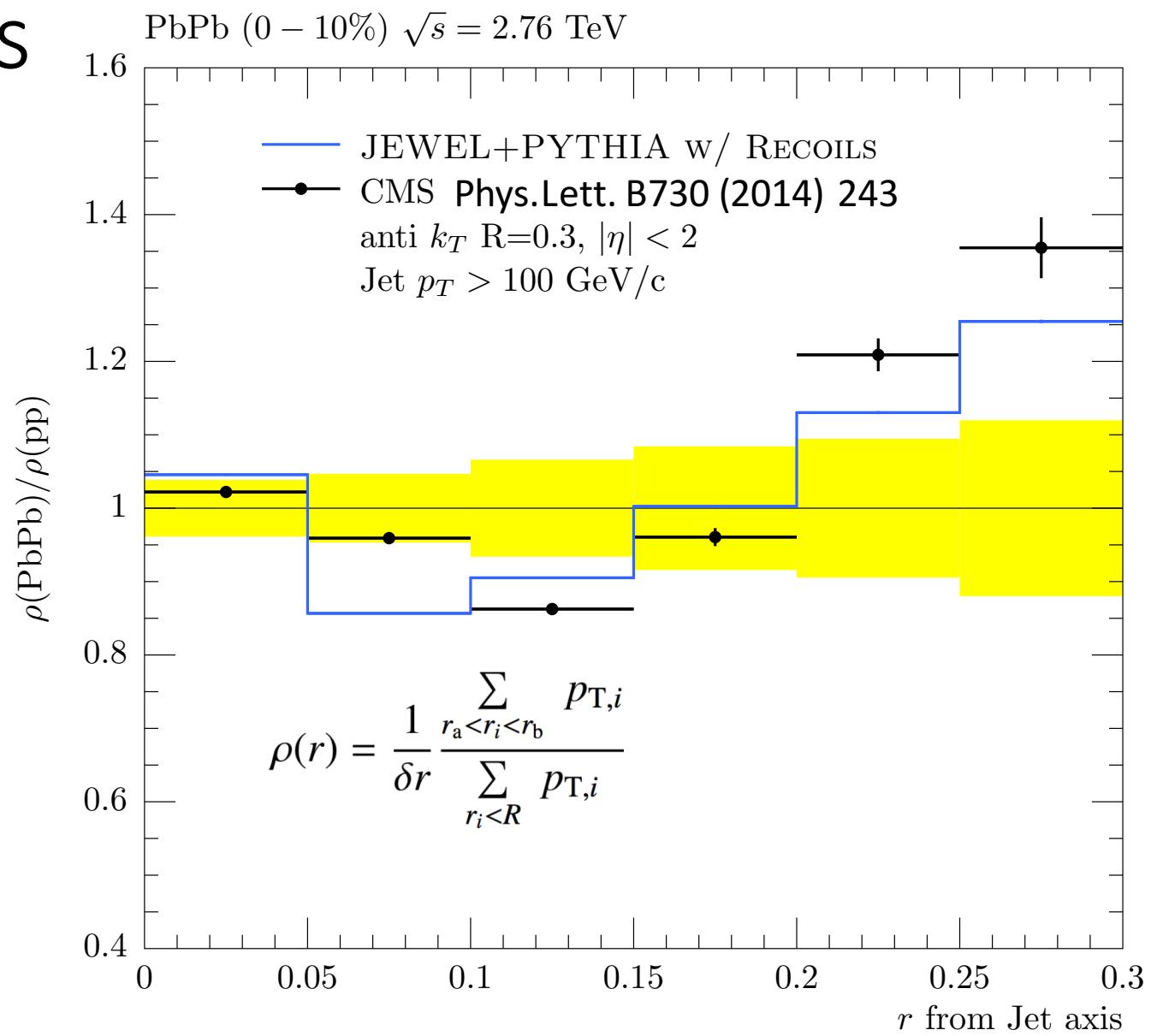
# Validation of background subtraction (Jet $R_{AA}$ )

- Performing 4MomSub on jets
- Agrees with data across the kinematic range
- CMS Data (FINAL!)  
arxiv:1609.05383
- See my poster for more details ☺

 $R_{AA}$ 

# Differential Jet Shapes

- Very good description of trend in data 😊
- Matches the collisional and radiative energy loss picture
- First MC capable of describing jet shape modification

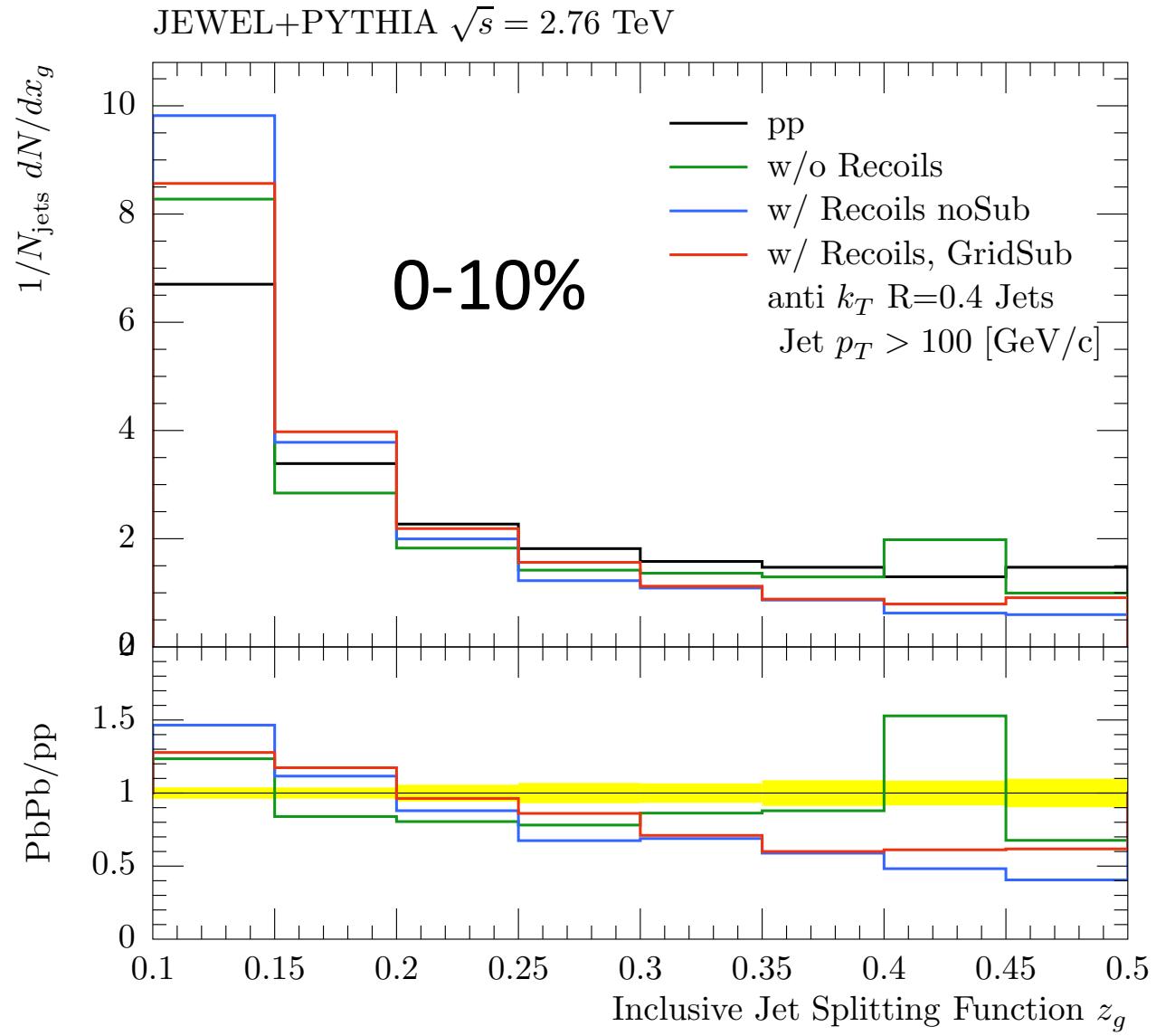


# Structure of Jet splitting with JEWEL

- $z_g$  (splitting function) :

$$\frac{\min(p_{T1}, p_{T2})}{p_{T1} + p_{T2}} > z_{\text{cut}} \left( \frac{\Delta R_{12}}{R_0} \right)^{\beta}$$

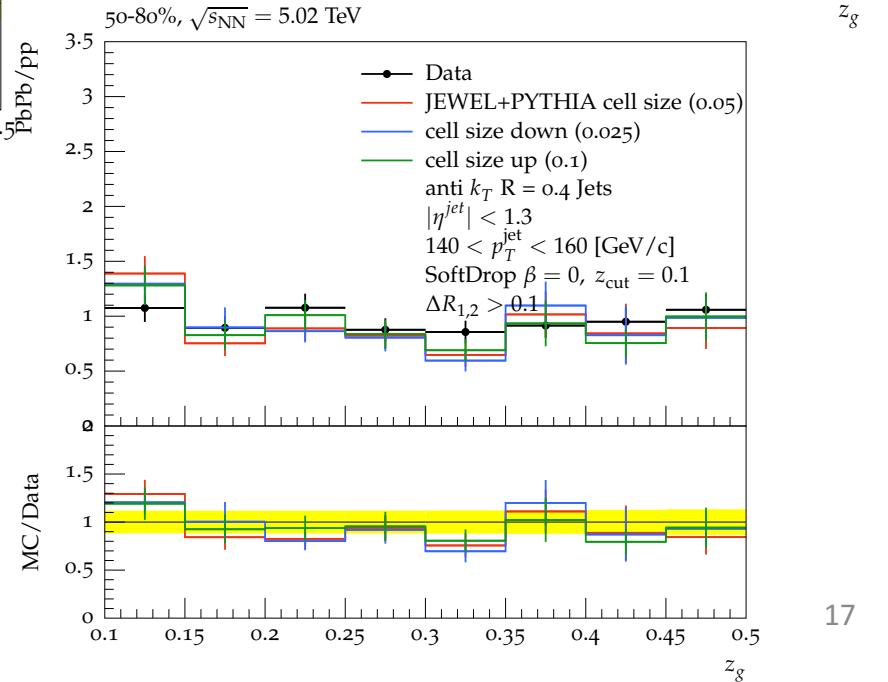
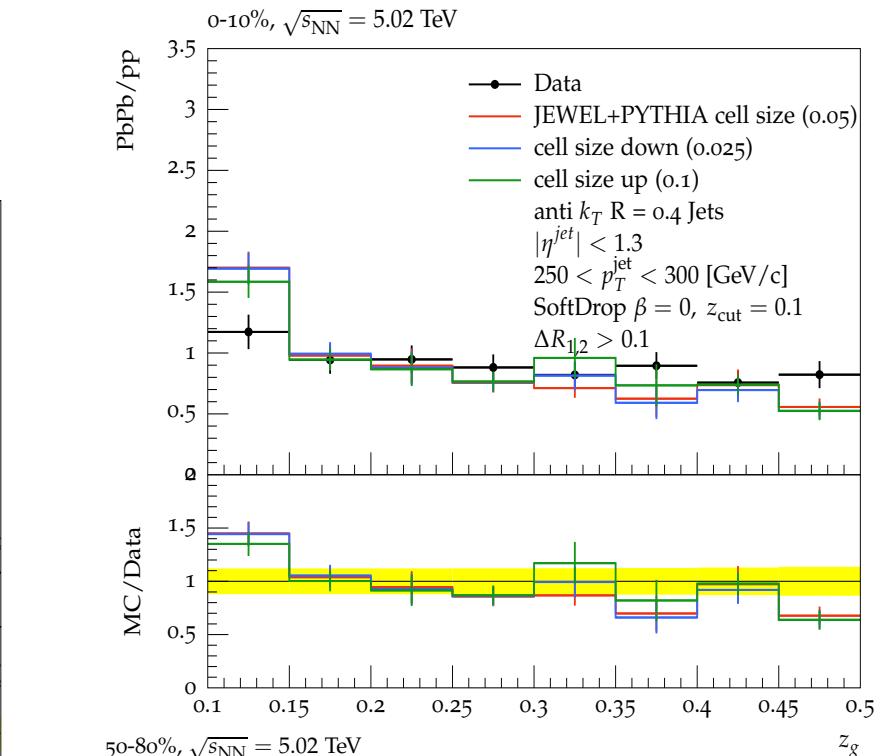
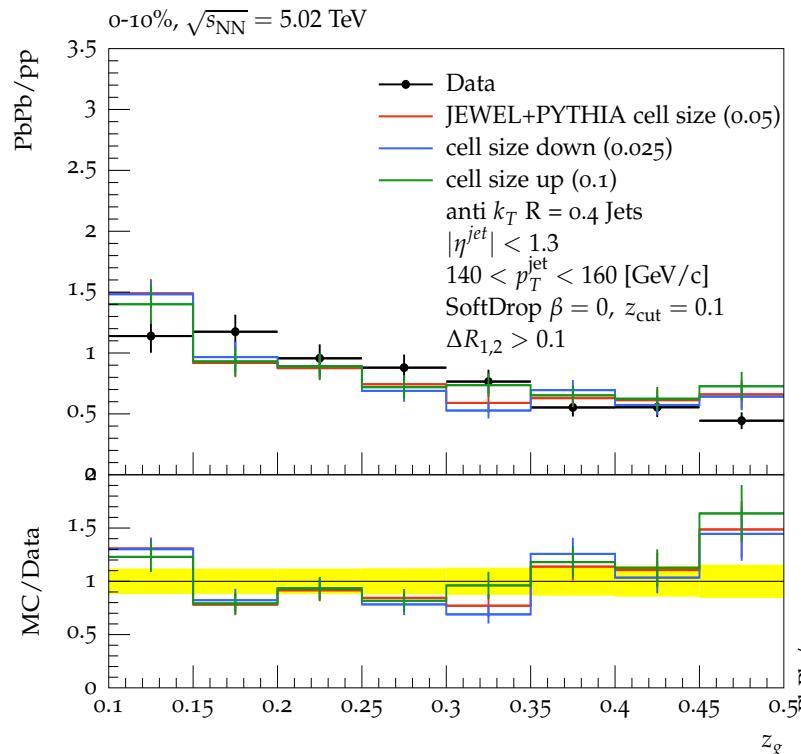
- $z_{\text{cut}} = 0.1, \beta = 0$
- Modifications to subjet splitting in the HIN environment: more asymmetric in PbPb
- w/o recoils, JEWEL doesn't store the information
- w/ recoils, need to subtract the background information to remove extraneous medium partons masquerading as splitting



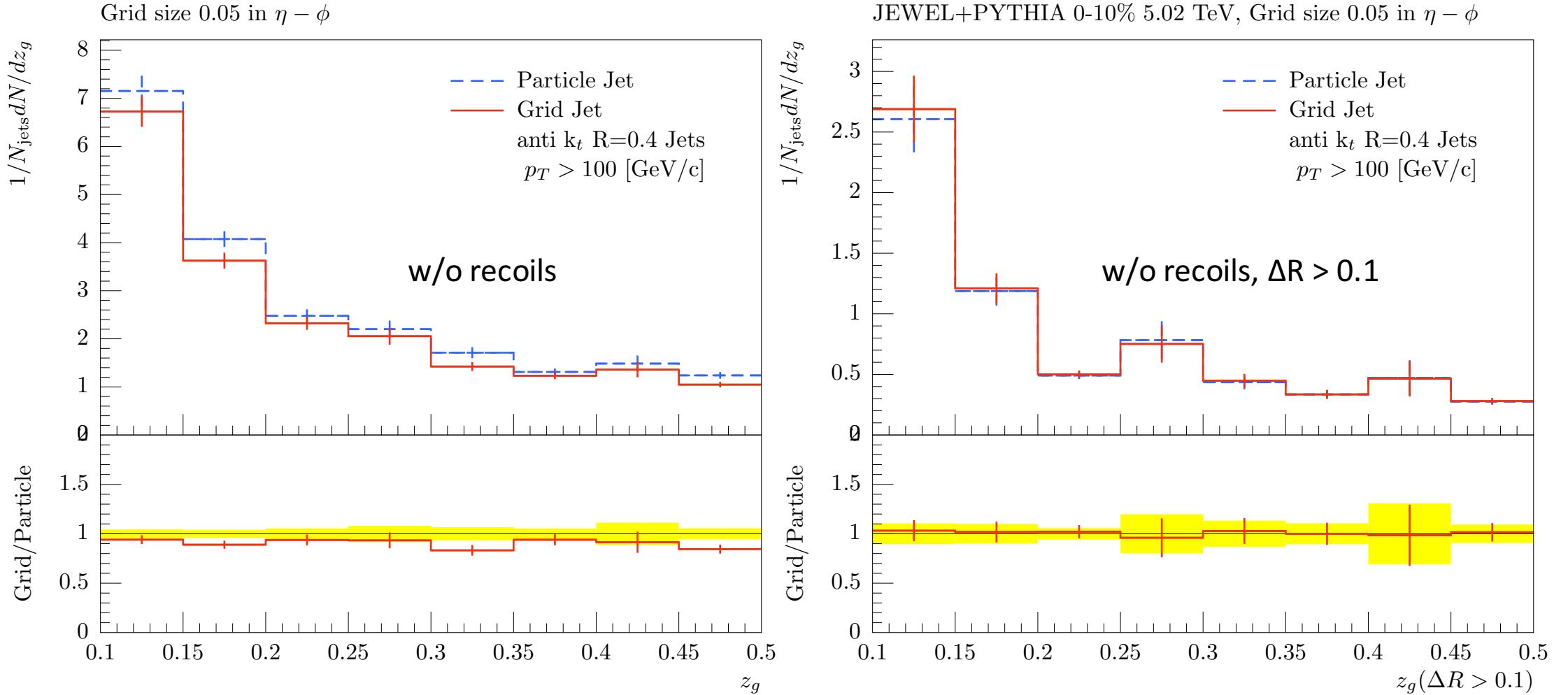
# Comparing with Data

CMS-PAS-HIN-16-006

- Good description!
- The PbPb jets prefer to be more asymmetric as compared to pp (and general qcd) which features harder splitting



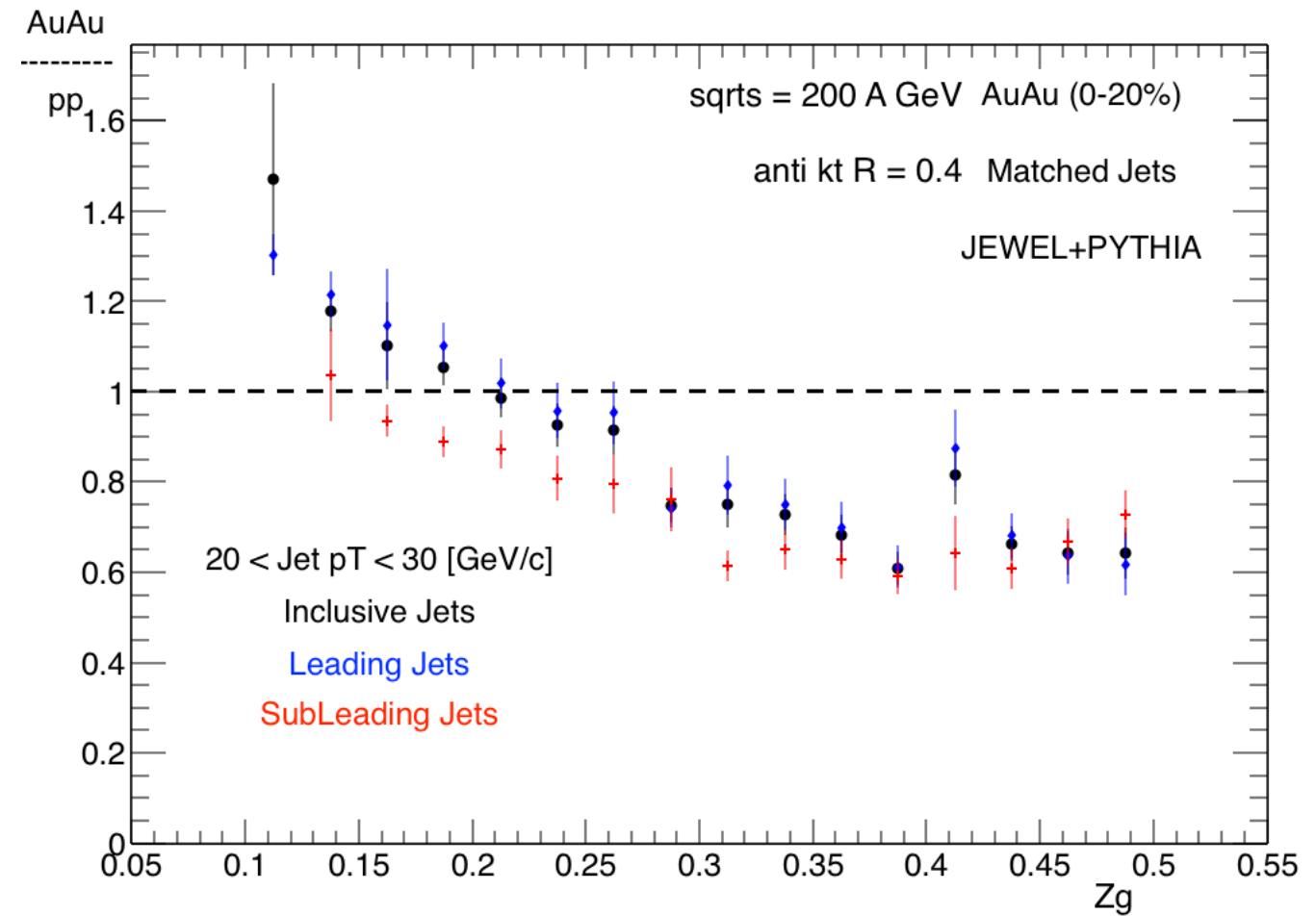
# Any effect of the grid here?



In the kinematic range, there are no issues caused by the grid.  
BUT, the delta R cut off, affects the results!

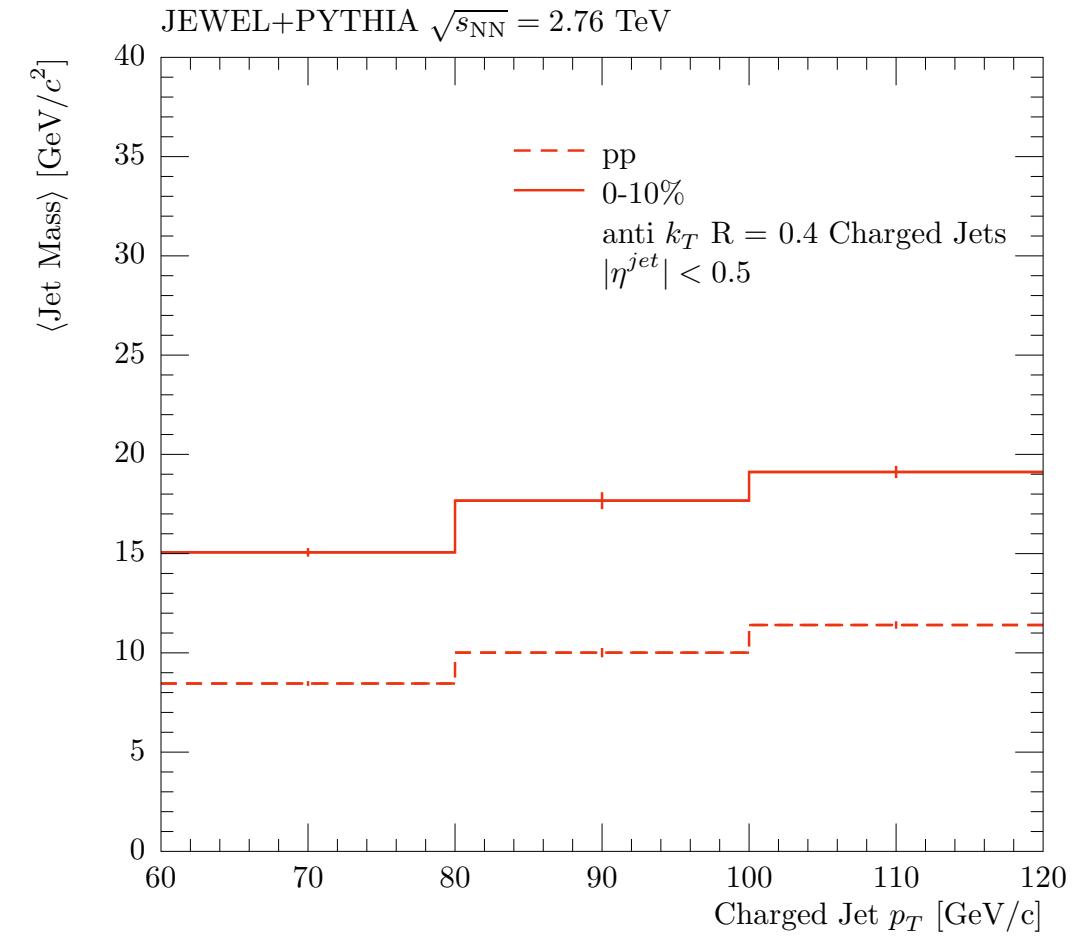
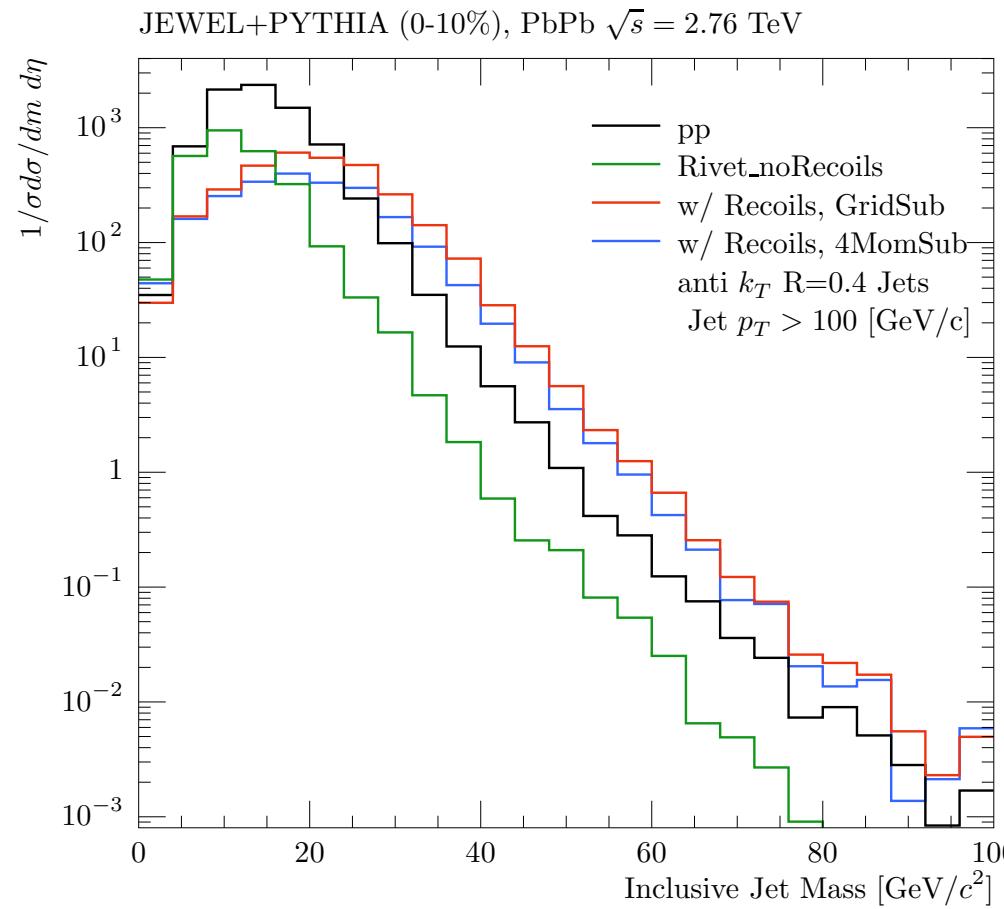
# Splitting function at lower jet $p_T$ @ RHIC

- Effectively the same behavior for very low  $p_T$  jets at RHIC energies
- Comparing leading vs sub-leading jets tells us that if any difference in the path length vs fluctuations
- Hints of sub-leading jets having a more symmetric splitting vs leading jets...
- Very interesting!



# Jet Mass (NEW!!!)

Background subtracted JEWEL provides a shift in pp vs PbPb  
 Very interesting to understand the behavior of recoil limit here.



# Conclusions

- JEWEL and its recoils reproduce jet structure modifications in the QGP
- Real physics is hidden in convolution of different observables: requiring more differential studies with MC support: JEWEL can provide that ☺
- Next generation of jet shapes observables: Mass, Radial moments, Angularity...
- Need to compare MC with results to gain more insights into the physics!

# Thanks for your attention!



# Backup

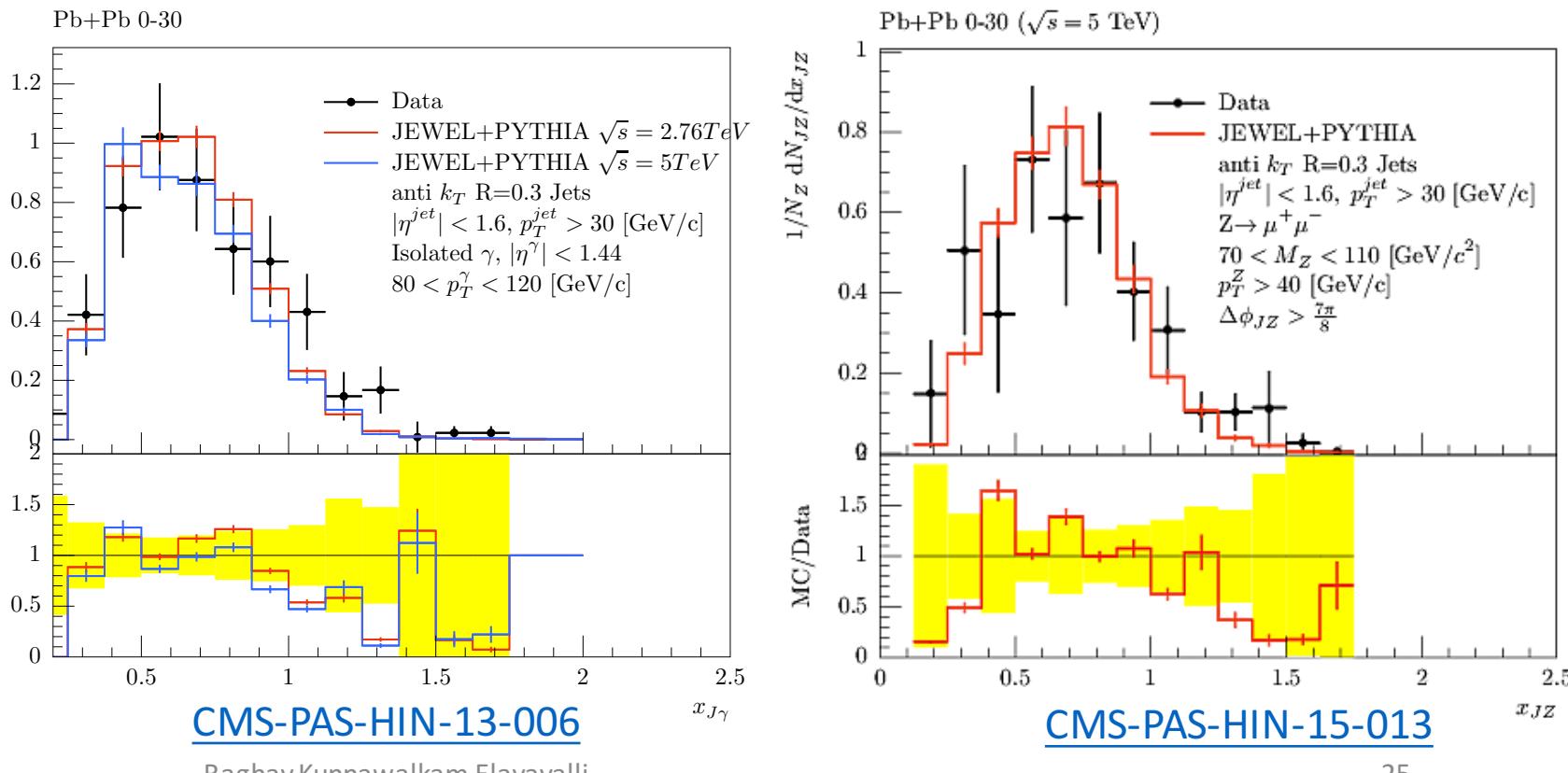
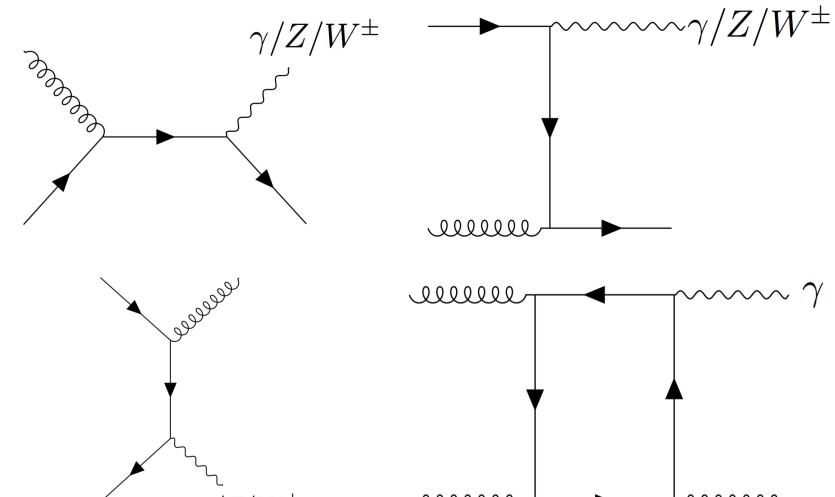
# Is there tuning involved?

Parameters	200 GeV (Au+Au)	2.76 TeV (Pb+Pb)	5.02 TeV (Pb+Pb)
Initial (spatially averaged) Temperature	350 (260) MeV	485 (360) MeV	590 (440) MeV <u>iEBE package from Chen Shun</u>
Formation Time	0.4	0.6	0.4
Inelastic cross section	42 mb	64 mb	72mb <u><a href="http://dde.web.cern.ch/dde/glauber_lhc.htm">http://dde.web.cern.ch/dde/glauber_lhc.htm</a></u>
Debye mass factor	0.9	0.9	0.9
This was to match hadron RAA at PHENIX			

# Recent addition to JEWEL

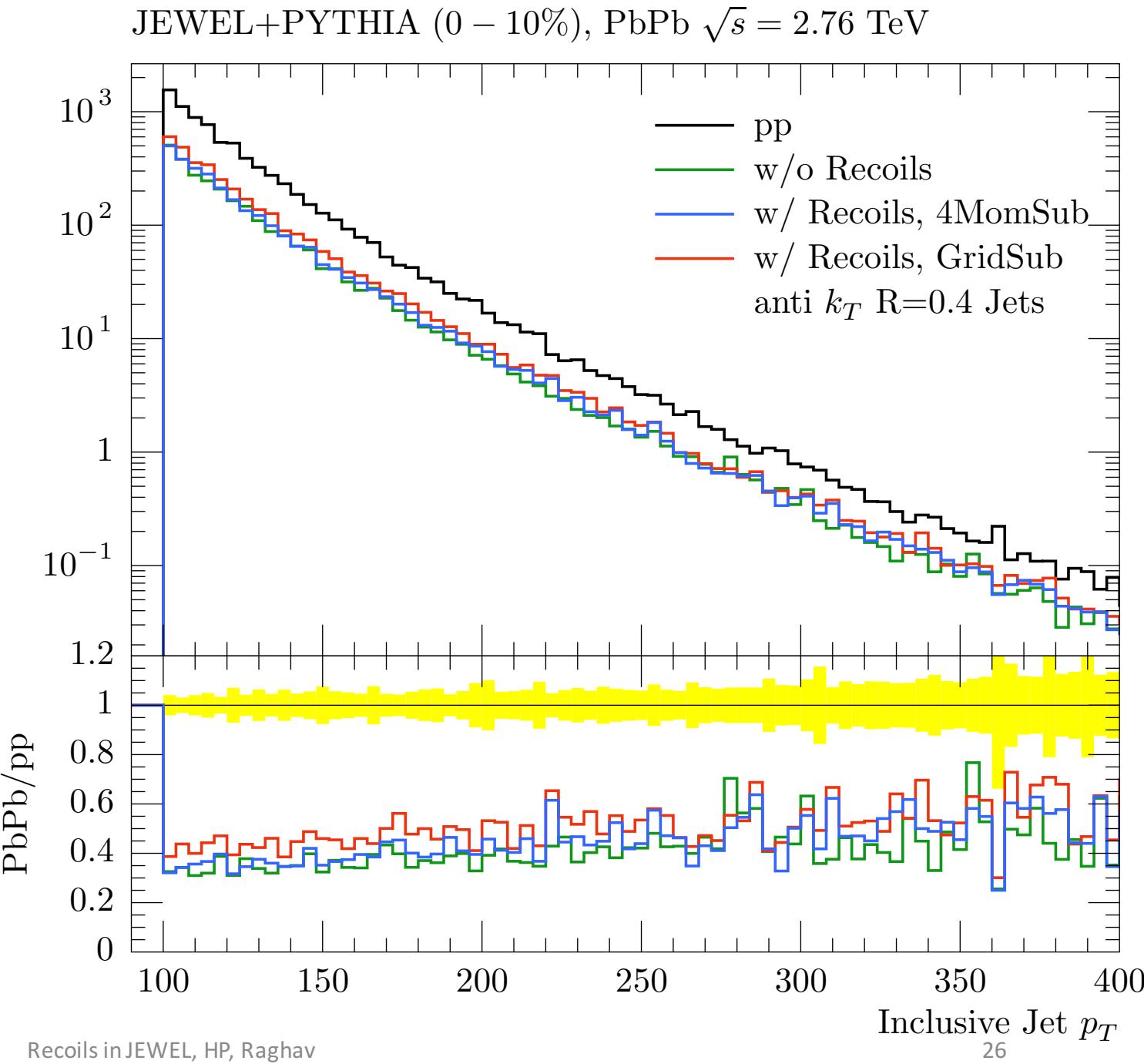
## - V+ Jet

- [RKE, Korinna Zapp](#)  
[1608.03099](https://arxiv.org/abs/1608.03099)  
Submitted to EPJC
- Good description  
of medium  
modification to  
jets associated  
with  $\gamma$  and Z

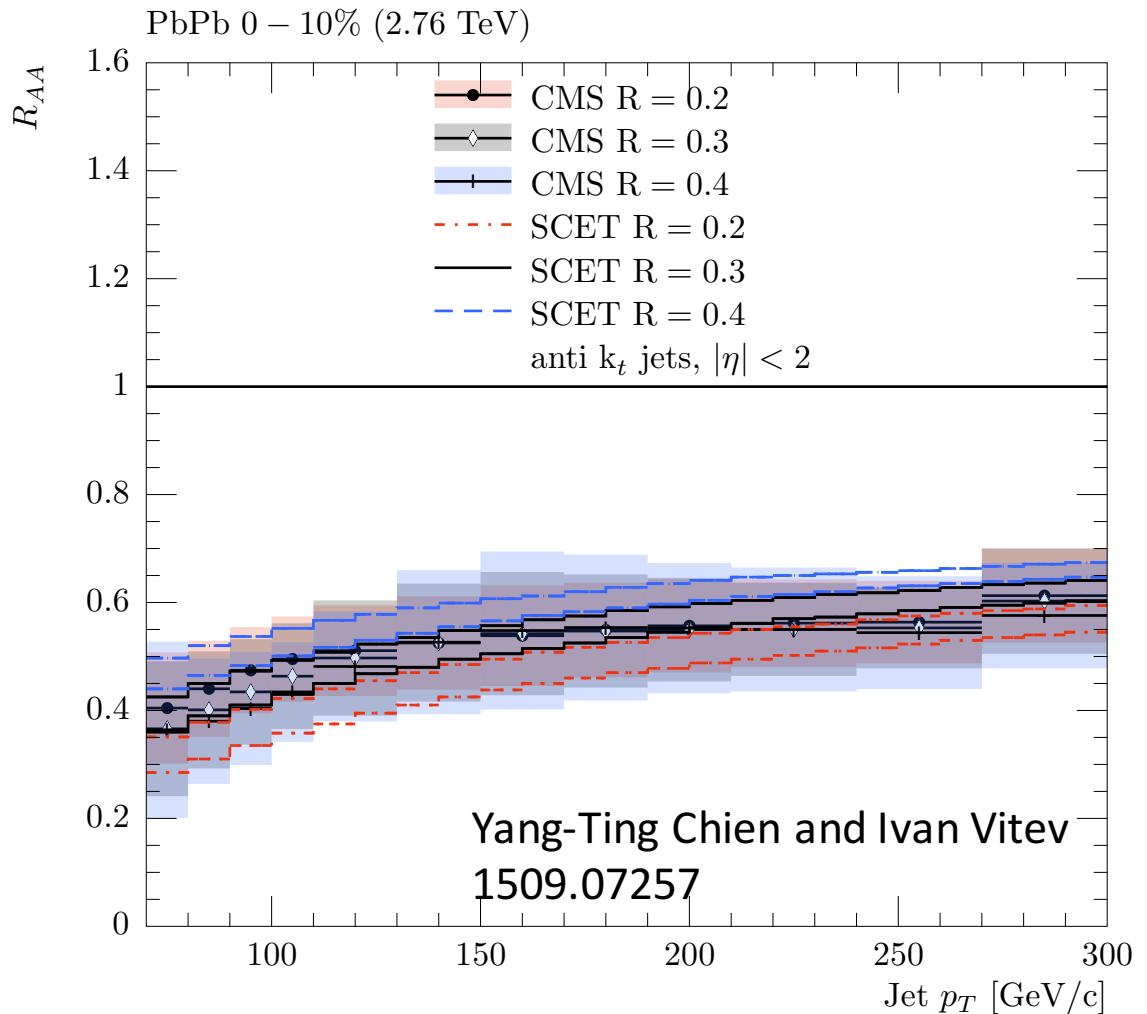
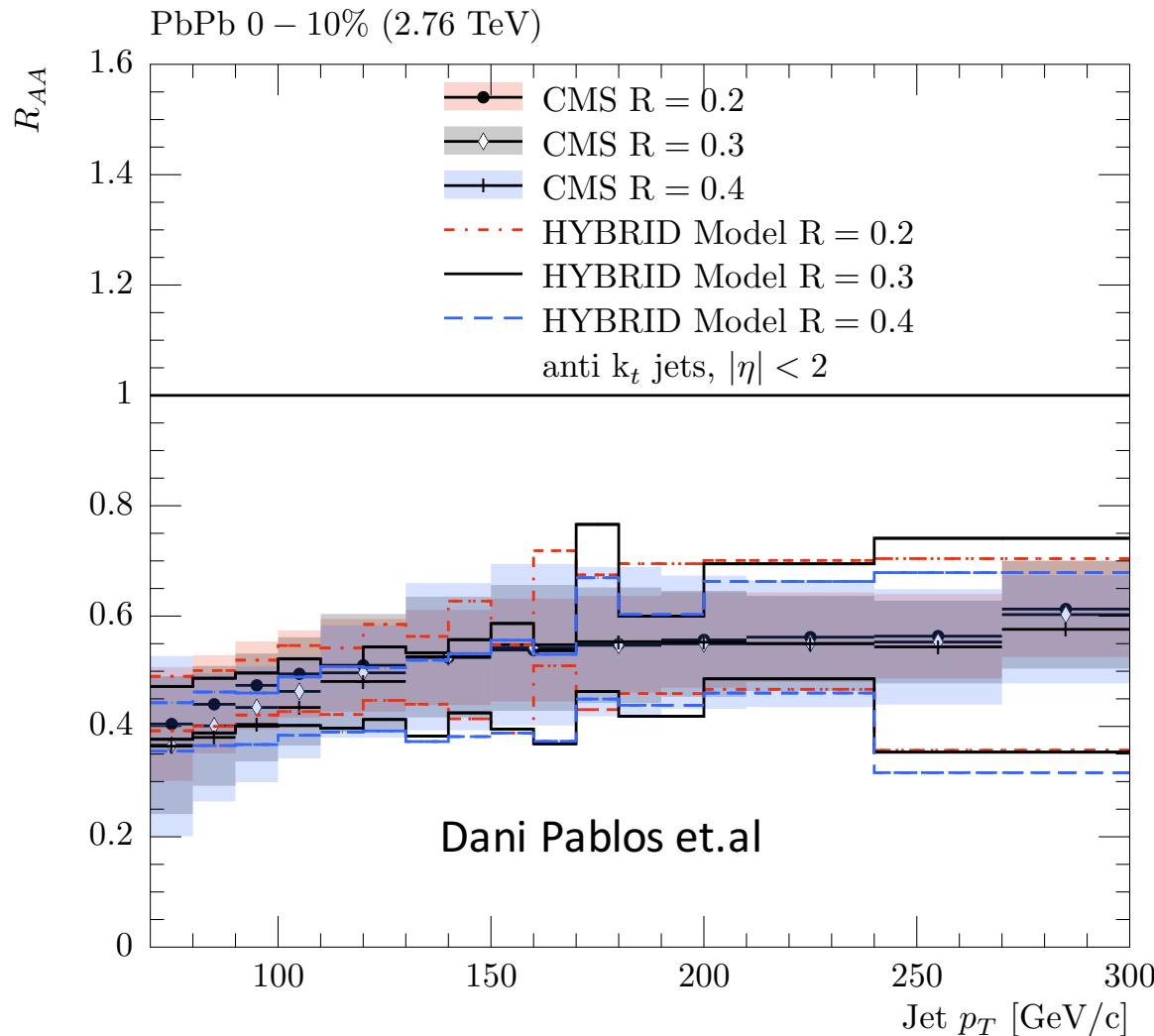


# How does that look?

1. Perform 4 momenta subtraction from the scattering centers. For a given Jet or annuli (jet shapes). Should be used if possible
2. “Quantize” the event: Detector like finite resolution. Subtract the backgrounds (scattering centers) from the boxes. If box net sum < 0, then set to zero.



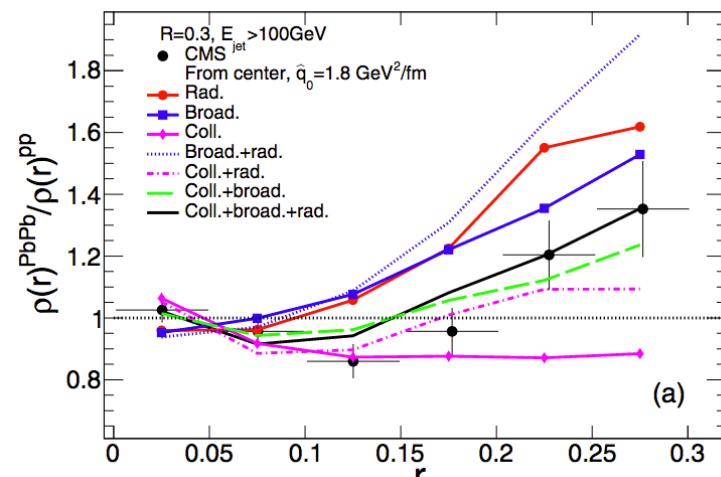
# Jet RAA theory comparisons



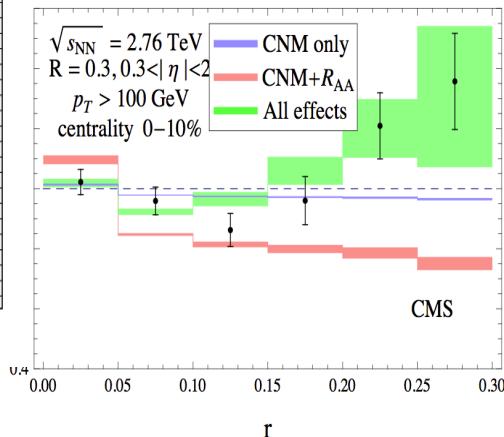
# What's available on the market:

N-B Chang, G-Y Qin

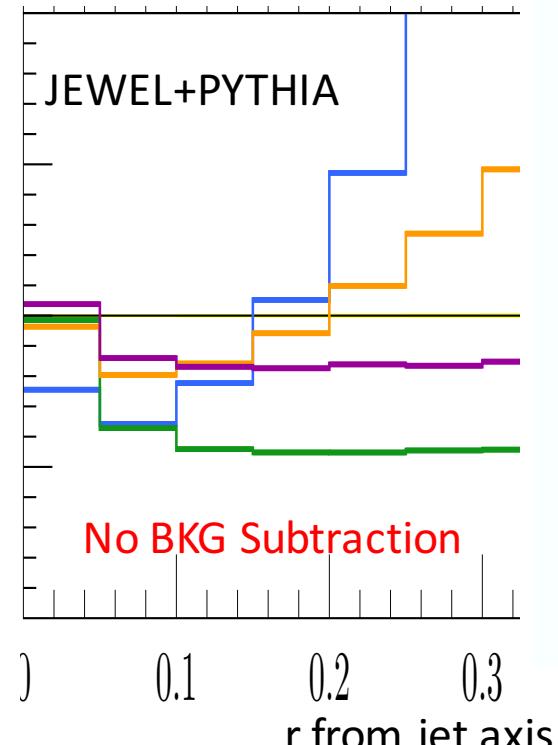
Phys. Rev. C94 (2016) no.2, 024902



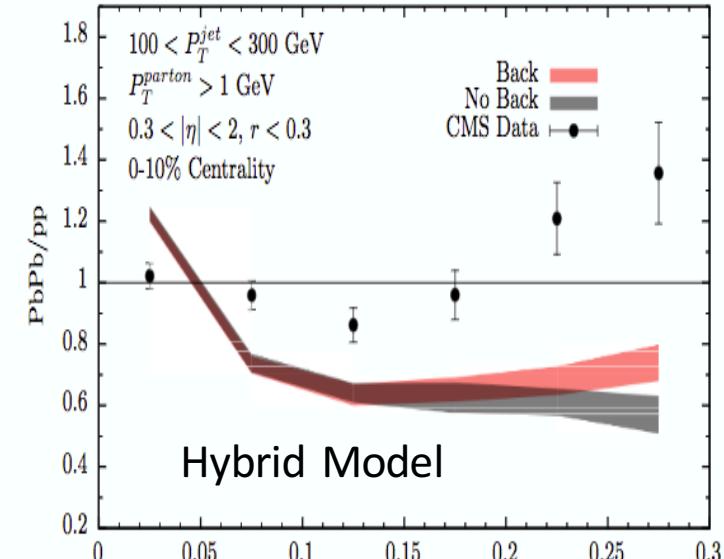
I Vitev, Y-T Chien  
JHEP 1605 (2016) 023



- From center,  $\hat{q}_0 = 1.8 \text{ GeV}^2/\text{fm}$
- Rad.
- Broad.
- Coll.
- Broad.+rad.
- Coll.+rad.
- Coll.+broad.
- Coll.+broad.+rad.



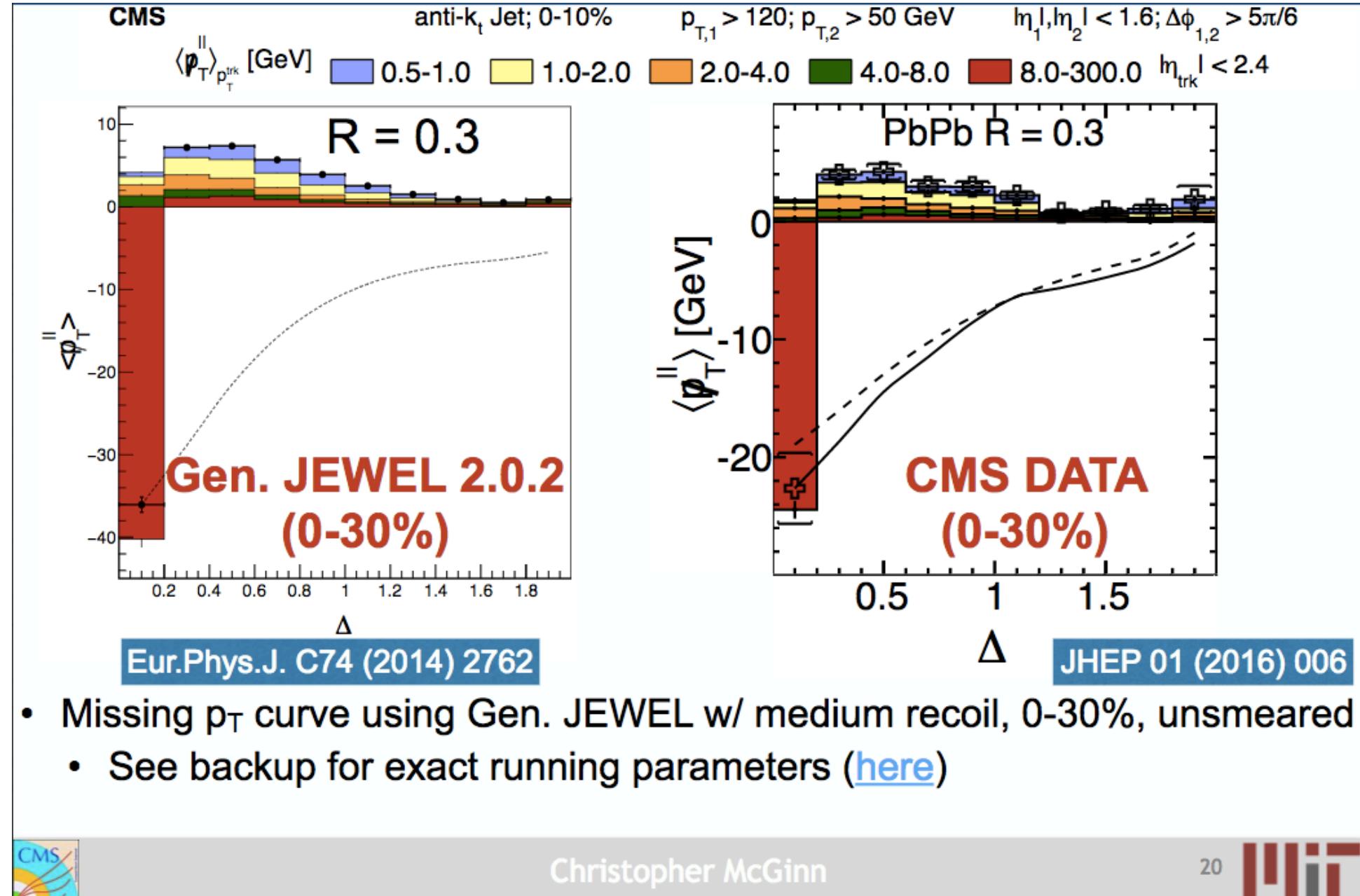
Back Reaction not enough



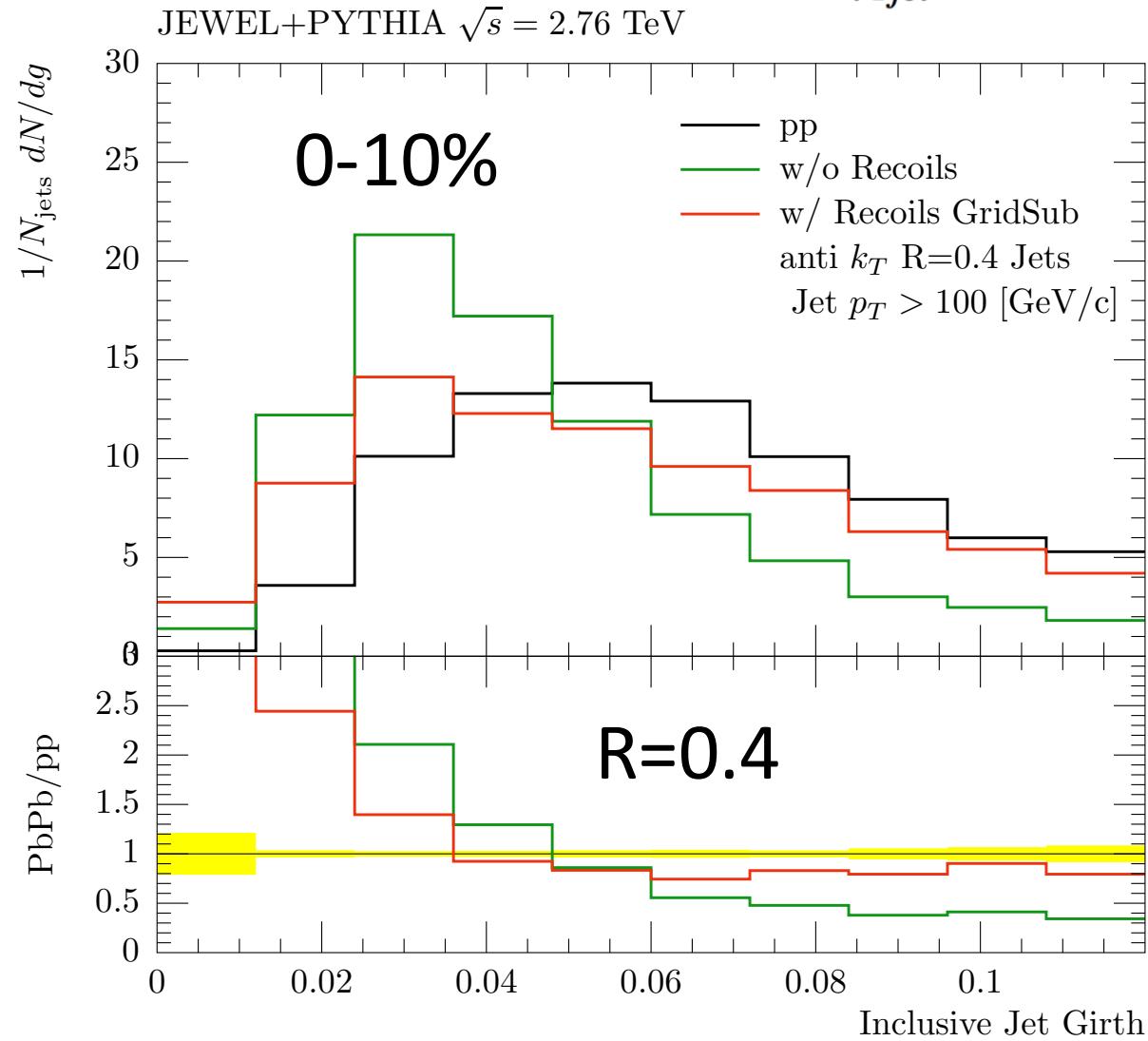
Casalderrey-Solana, J., Gulhan,  
D.C., Milhano, J.G. et al.  
J. High Energ. Phys. (2016)  
2016: 53.

# Is JEWEL recovering the lost energy?

- Looks quite good. General trend is recovered but the scale is off.
- Note: No background subtraction in JEWEL and we are investigating it.
- Chris McGinn (MIT) shown during 4<sup>th</sup> HIN Jet Workshop



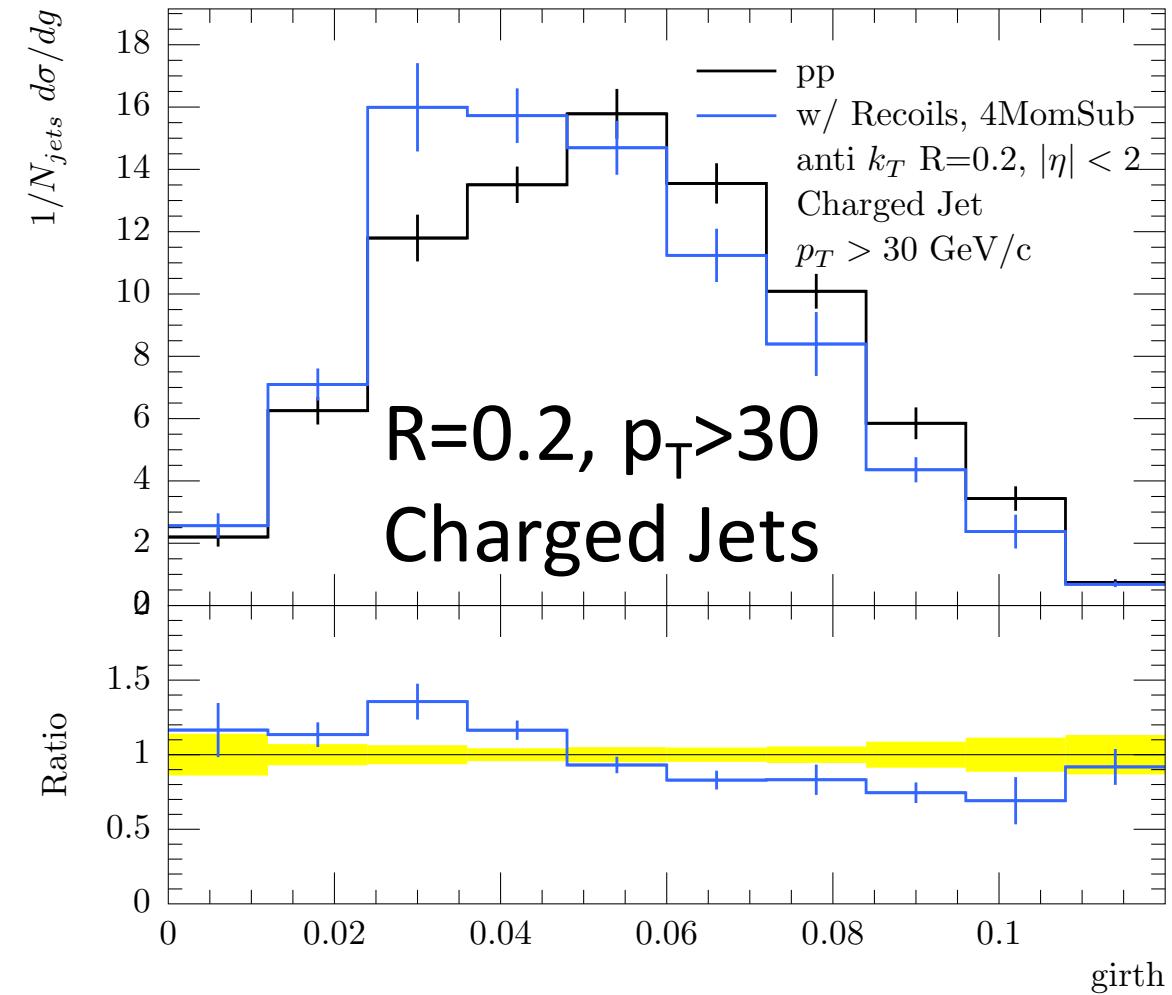
# Radial Moment

$$g = \sum_{i \in jet} \frac{p_T^i}{p_{T,jet}} |\Delta R_{i,jet}|$$


9/24/16

Recoils in JEWEL, HP, Raghav

JEWEL+PYTHIA, PbPb  $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$  TeV



We see a very nice shift in the  
PbPb jet girth compared to pp.  
Jets are more evenly filled!

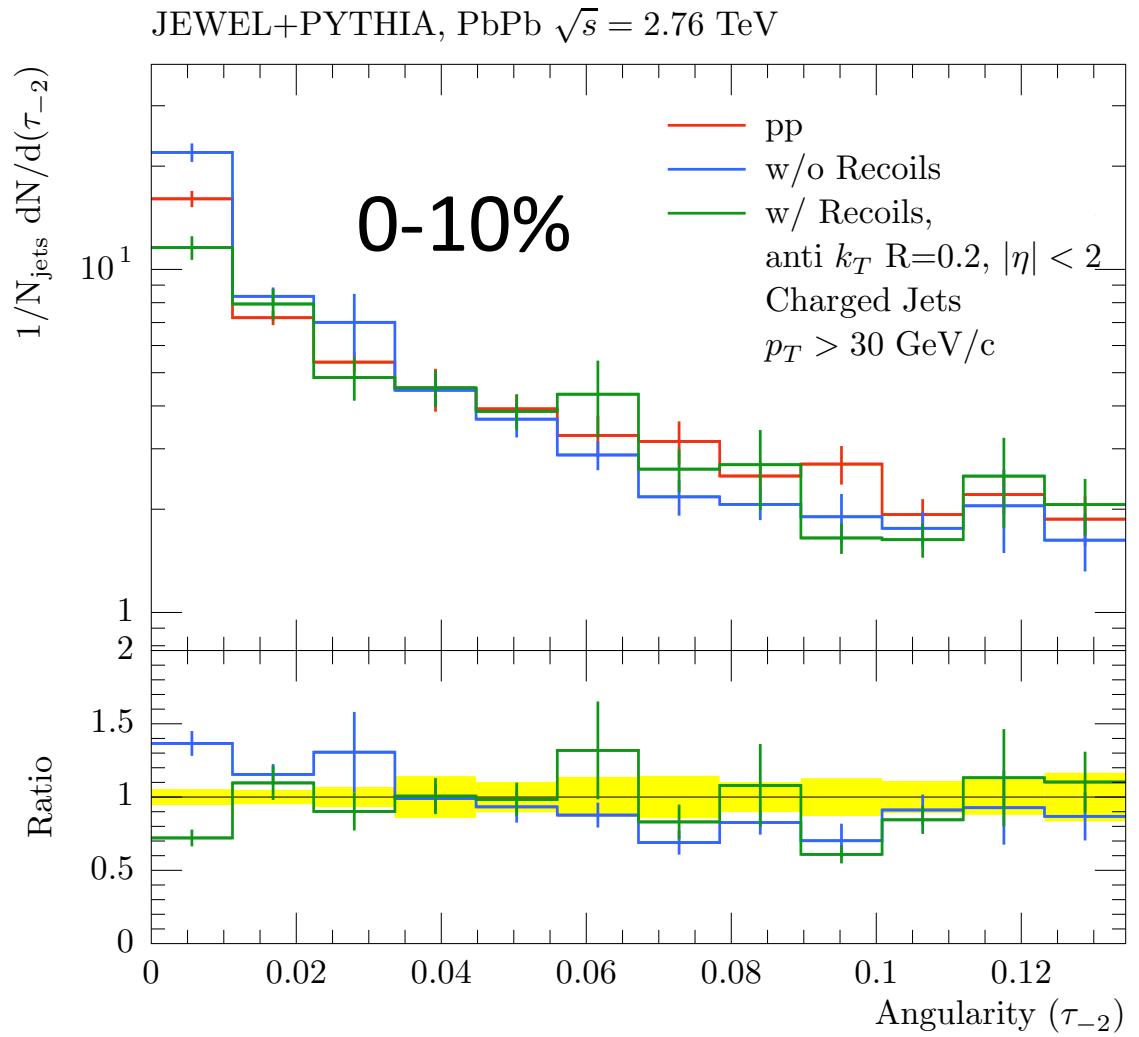
30

# Another fancy measurement: Jet Angularity

$$\tilde{\tau}_a(R, p_T) = \frac{1}{m_J} \sum_{i \in jet} \omega_i \sin^a \left( \frac{\pi \theta_i}{2R} \right) \left[ 1 - \cos \left( \frac{\pi \theta_i}{2R} \right) \right]^{1-a}, \quad (7)$$

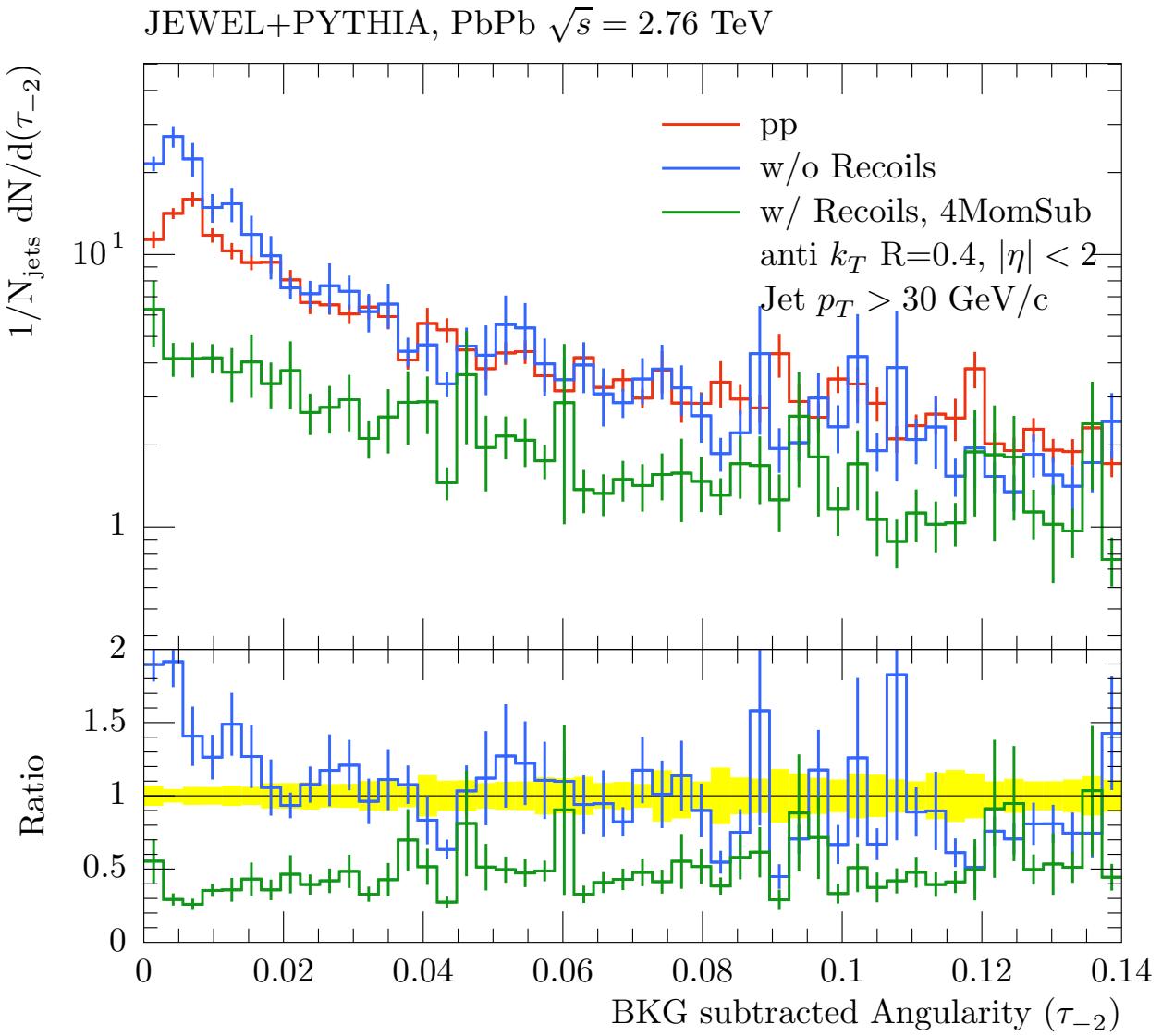
[0807.0234](#)

- Originally looked at in  $e^+e^-$  collisions in dijet events
- Thought useful for distinguishing boosted objects vs QCD
- Jet Shape quantity
- JEWEL seems to be insensitive to this (or is it??? Next page!)
- Expectation: would tell us that HIN jets are more broader than pp jets

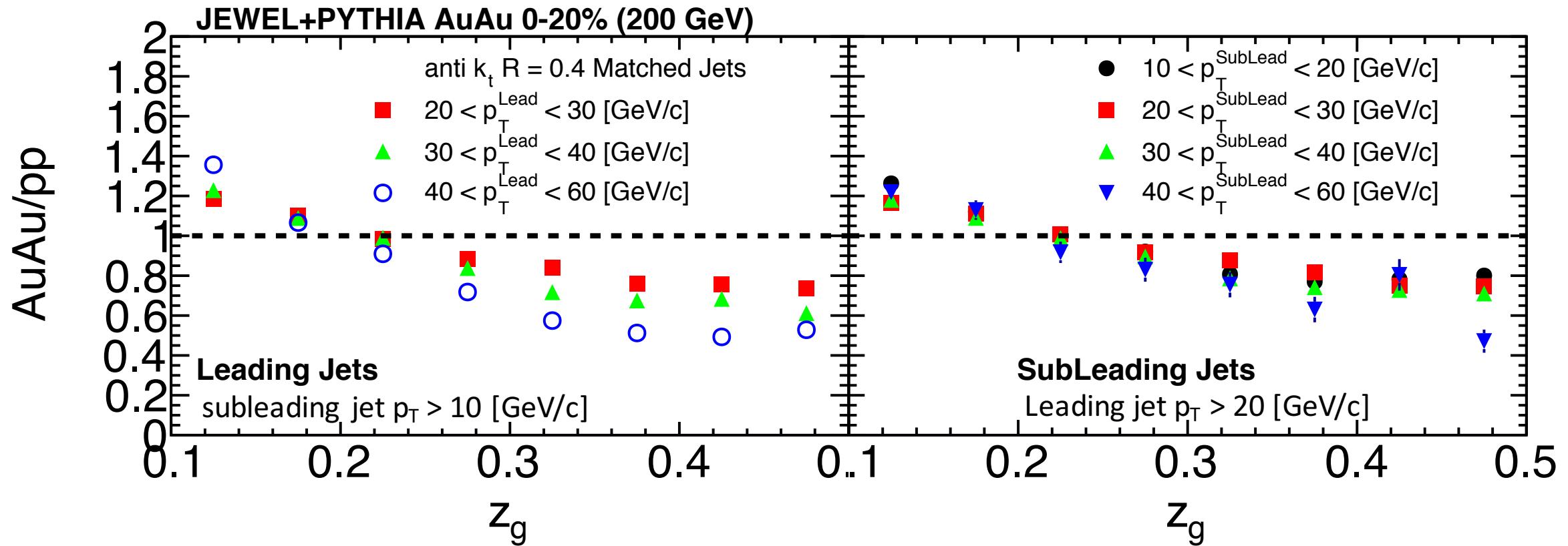


# But wait! Inclusive jets at a larger radii?

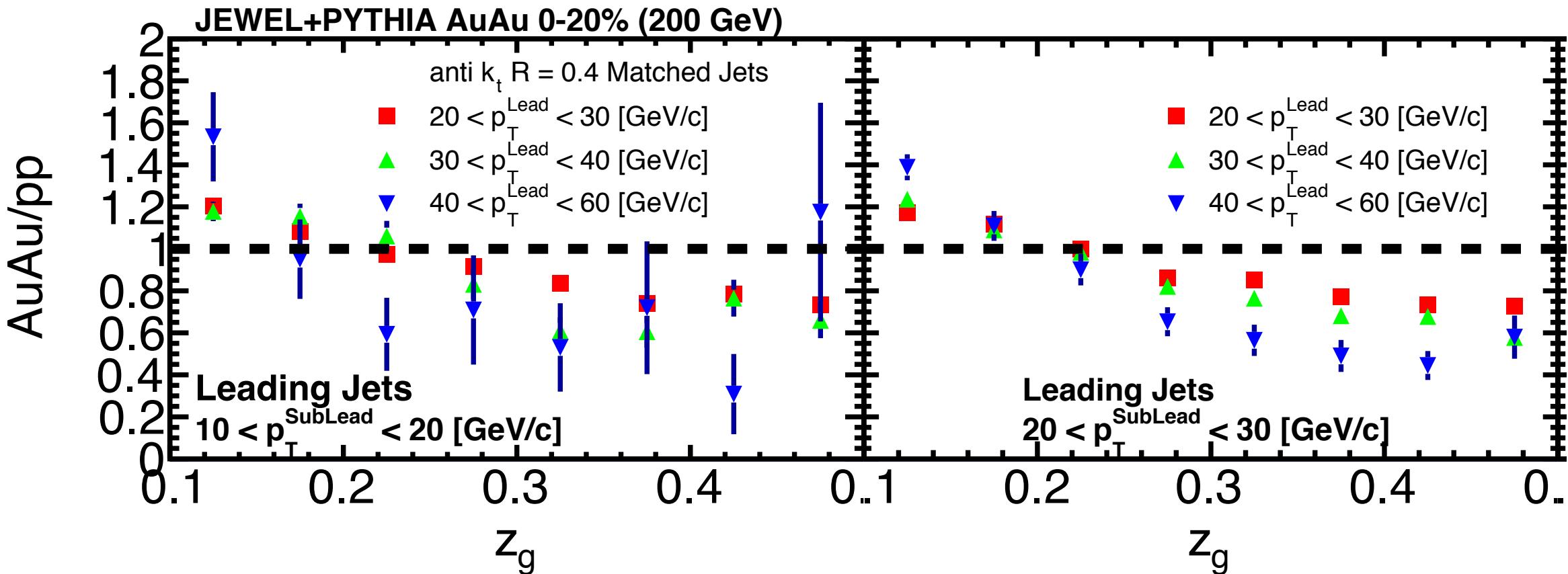
- This gives us the same picture that jets in PbPb are more broader than pp
- Background subtraction clearly shows an effect
- Is this the RAA?
  - (Again ☺)



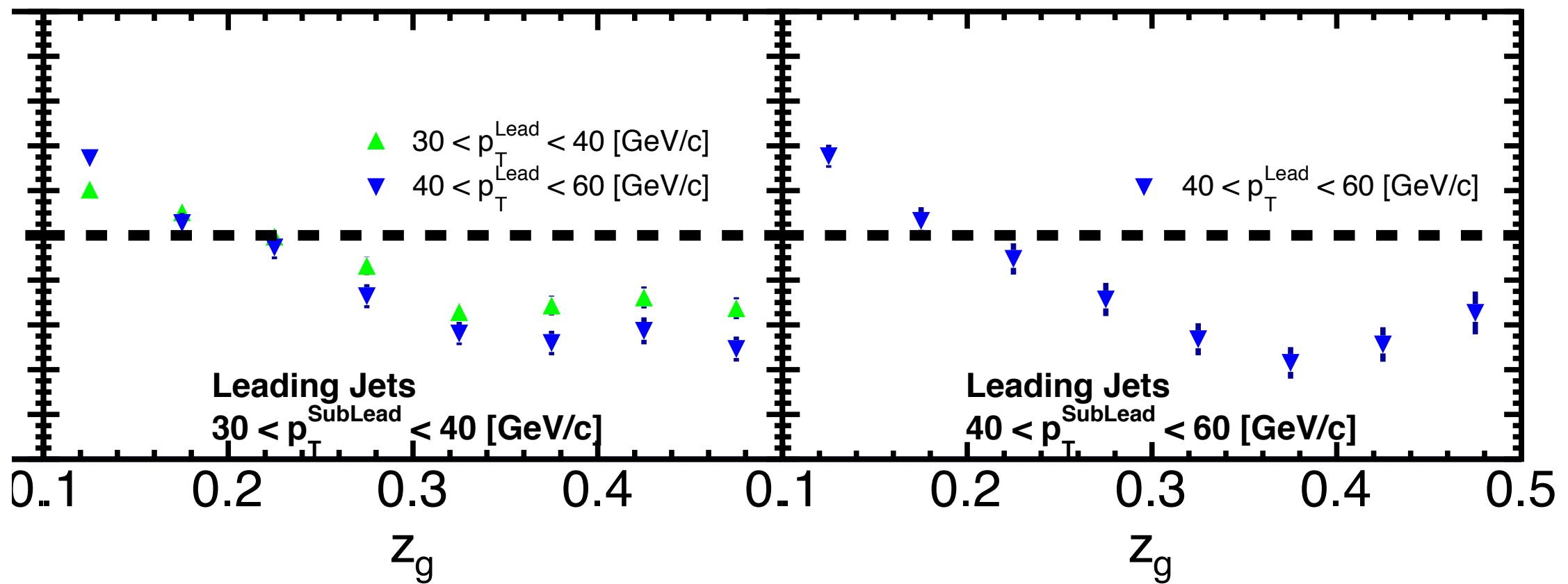
# Splitting function in differential jet $p_T$ bins



# Leading jet splitting in asymmetric events



# Leading jet splitting in asymmetric events



# Splitting in sub-leading jets in asymmetric events

