

# STAR Online Meta-Data Collection Framework

Integration with the Pre-existing Controls Infrastructure

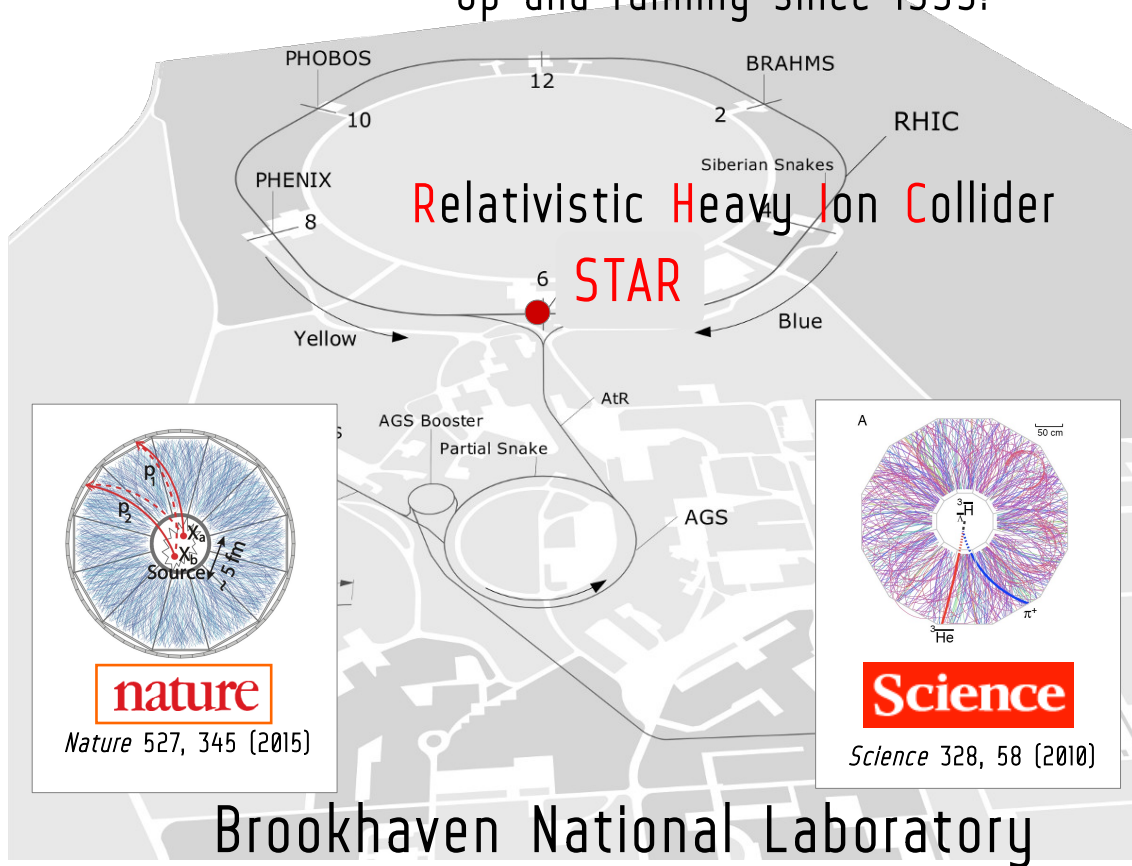
Dmitry Arkhipkin, Jerome Laurent  
Brookhaven National Laboratory

# Outline

- STAR & MIRA Overview
- Controls Upgrade Process
- EPICS $\leftrightarrow$ MQTT
  - Bridging two worlds
  - Deployment overview
- Use-Case Example
  - Alarm Handler Upgrade
  - ALH User Interface
- Summary & Outlook

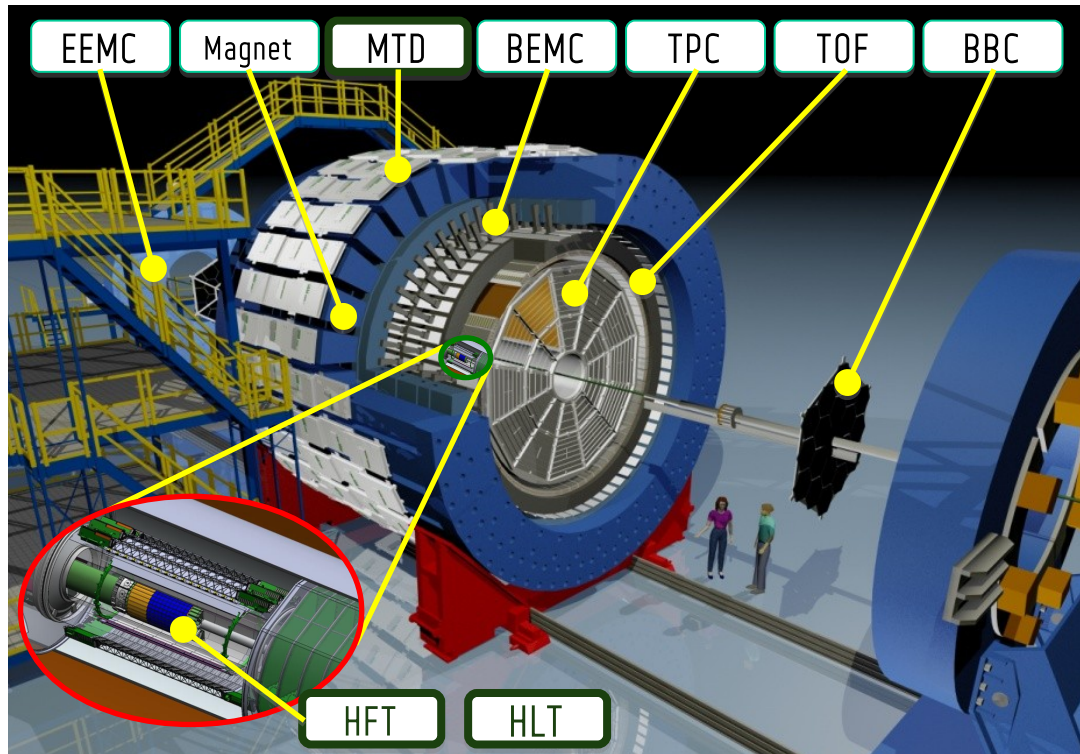


Up and running since 1999!



# STAR at RHIC, Brookhaven Lab

Detector and Control System Evolution



Solenoidal Tracker at RHIC

## STAR detector:

- 18 subsystems, 3 more being added – continual upgrade process
- Slow Control System is EPICS-based, having over 40k process variables at start, ~80k now
- Online Ecosystem includes DAQ, RTS, CS, ALH, Monitoring, subsystem-developed services – all talking to each other
- Since ~2009, obvious need for a modern service integration bus was clear
- MIRA framework was created to answer that need:

D Arhipkin et al 2012 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 396 012002

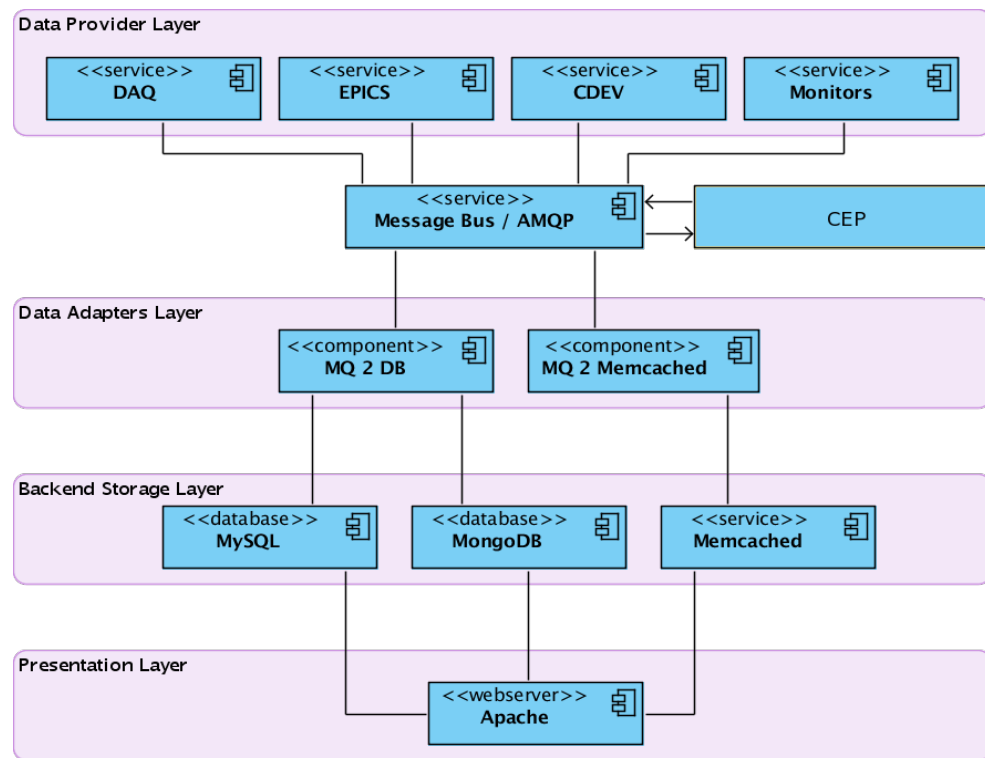
D Arhipkin et al 2011 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 331 022003

# MIRA Framework Overview

Messaging Interface and Reliable Architecture



- Features:
  - Scalable architecture
  - Inter-operable, low-overhead protocol
  - Payload-agnostic messaging
  - Quality of Service regulation
- Originally designed to implement better meta-data collection (archiver) and provide basic service messaging bus
- Implemented using Message-Queuing service bus - AMQP, later MQTT
- Supports Complex Event Processing (CEP)
- With time, expanded to the Control System realm and Alarm Handling



MIRA: basic components overview

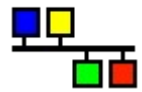
D Arkhipkin and J Lauret 2015 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 608 012036

# Slow Controls: Upgrade

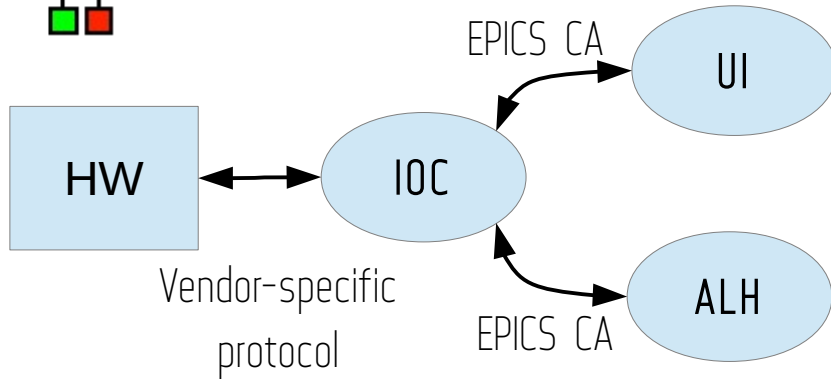
Experimental Physics and Industrial Control System



## EPICS



Basic CS setup: EPICS core



Multiply it by 18 STAR Subsystems  
Add in the need to communicate with DAQ, RTS and Archiver  
Divide by lacking manpower and subsystem expertise...

## • Current Conditions:

- Current Detector Control System is mostly EPICS-based
- New hardware is sometimes shipped with EPICS drivers
- Old hardware is being gradually replaced with new hardware
- Manpower is sparse, can't upgrade everything at once, so...

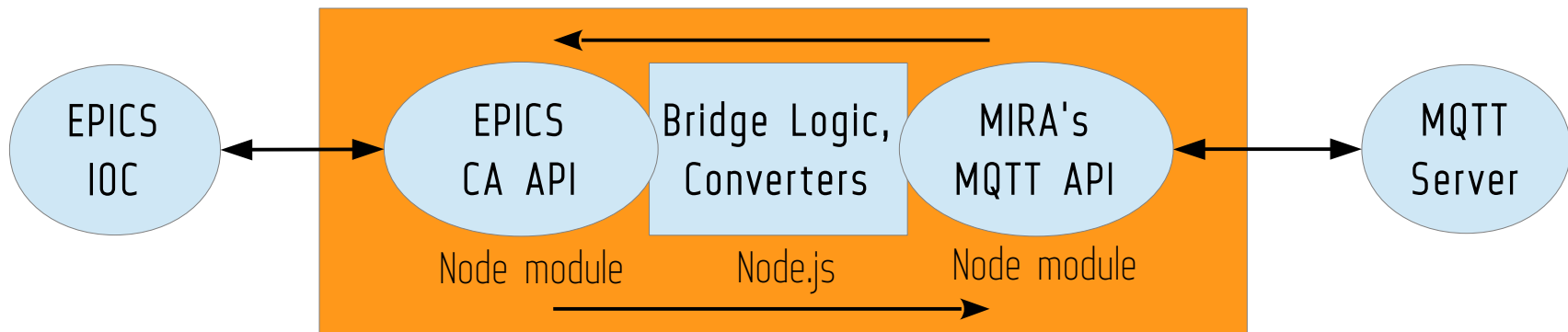
## • Staged Control System Upgrade:

- avoid drastic changes in well-defined experimental procedures
- gradually replace components with newer technologies
- provide extended functionality and better maintenance for years to come

# EPICS to MQTT and back again

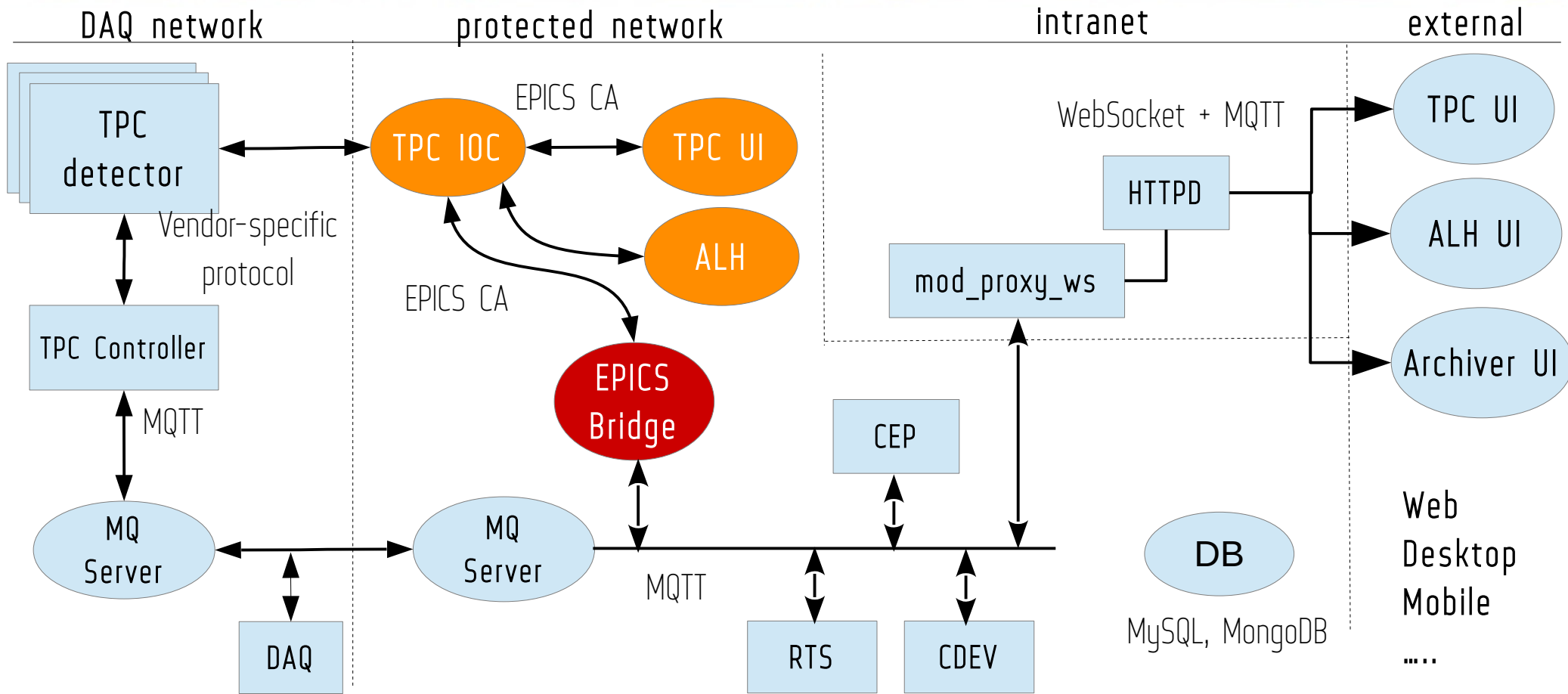


- MQ Bridge = Microservice architecture
  - scalable approach, deploy as many independent instances as you need
  - uses light-weight, technology-agnostic protocol - MQTT
  - enhances cohesion, decreases coupling
  - allows to evolve incrementally, eases maintenance
- EPICS $\leftrightarrow$ MQ Bridge upgrade steps:
  - a) keep IOC, keep UI, add EPICS $\leftrightarrow$ MQTT converter
  - b) keep IOC, replace EPICS UI with MIRA's web interface
  - c) use MIRA's UI, replace EPICS IOC with MQ-enabled IOC emulator

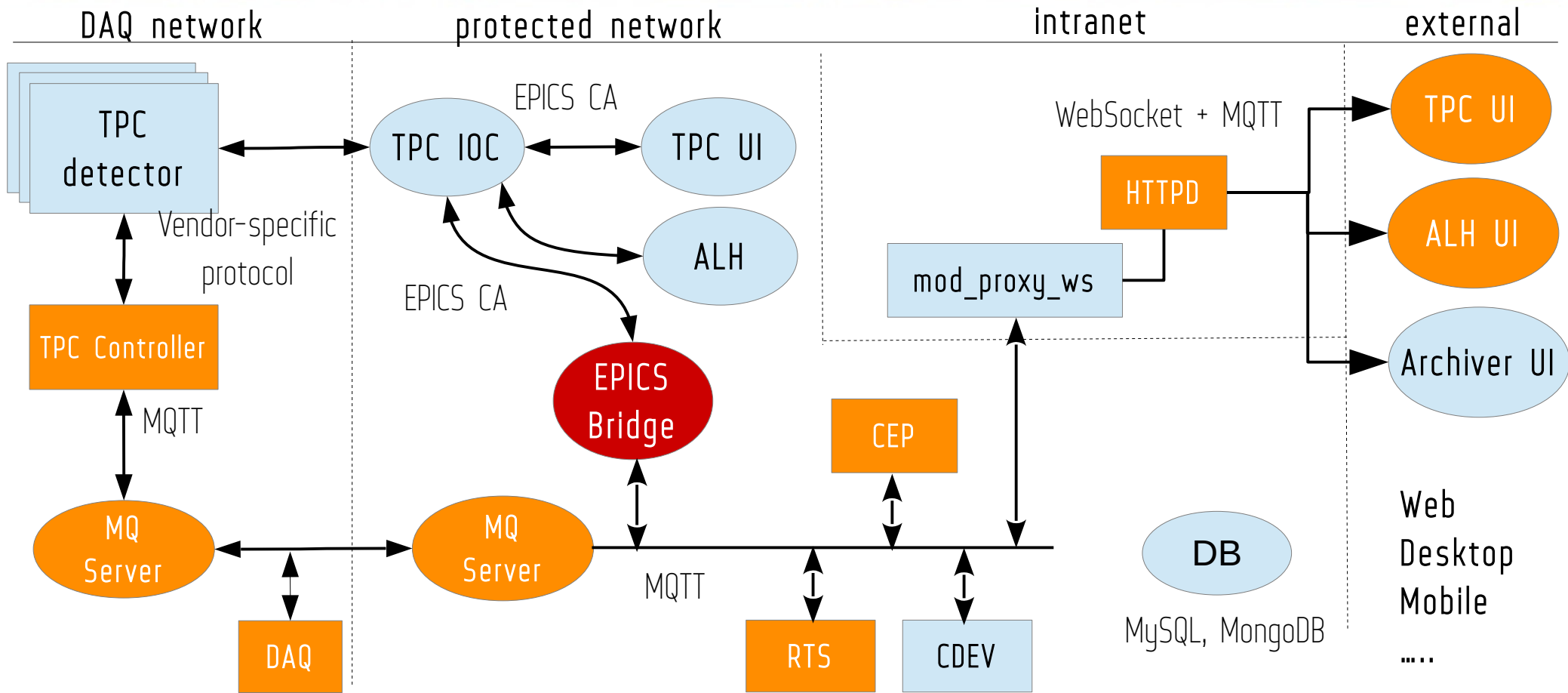


# Bridge: step 1

Expose EPICS to MIRA's service bus

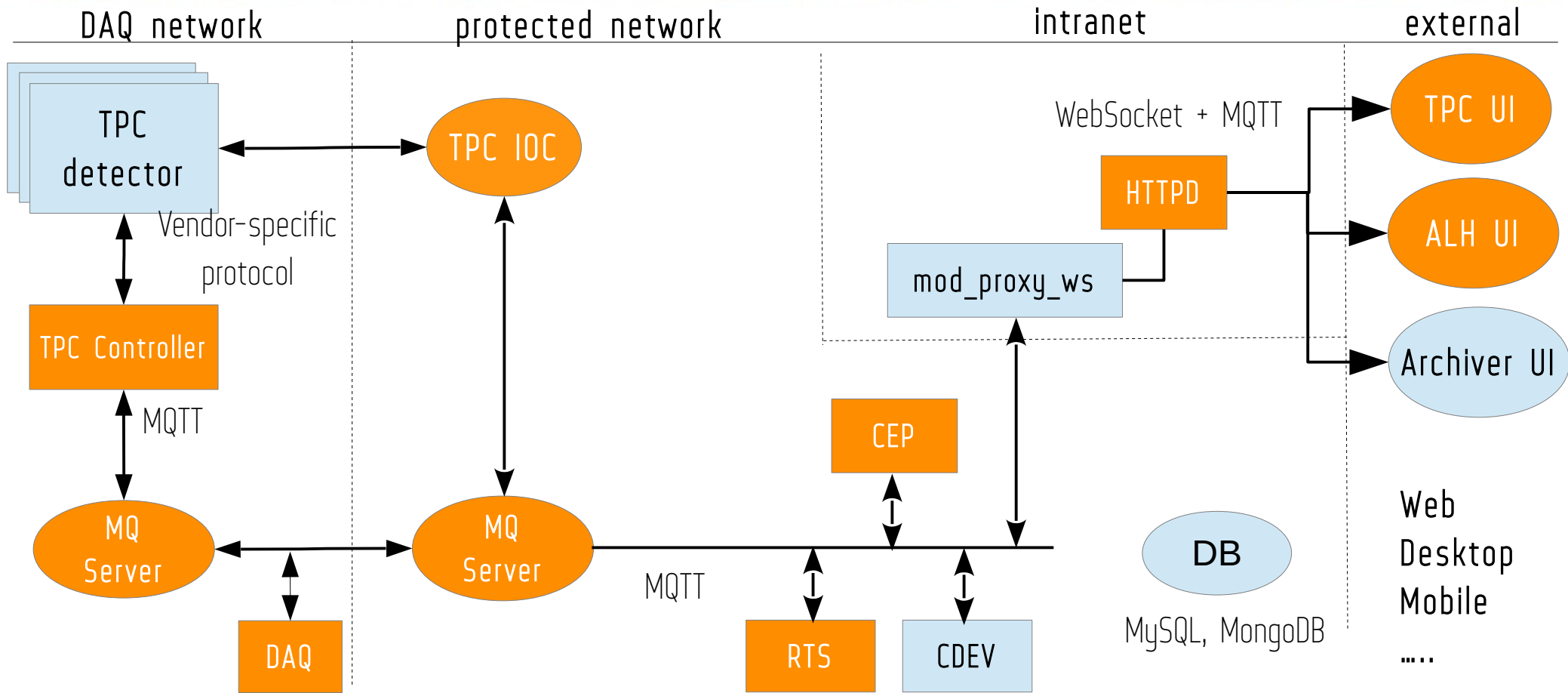


# Bridge: step 2 Integrate EPICS Alarms Into MQ bus



# Bridge: step 3

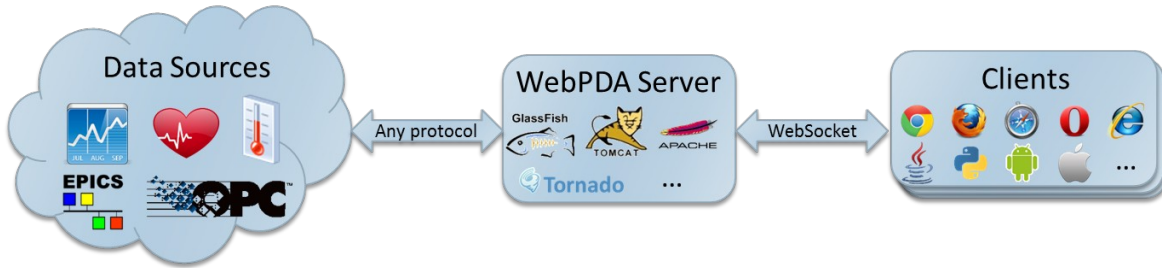
Emulate EPICS IOC with MQ-enabled Service



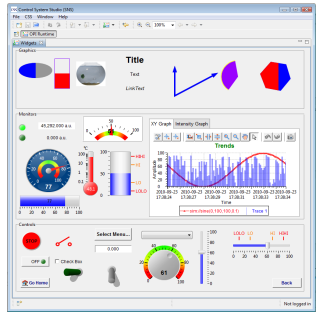
# What about other options?



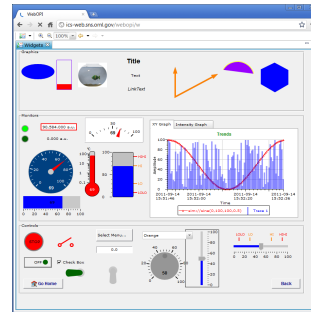
WebPDA is a protocol for accessing real-time data using [WebSocket](#).



EPICS BOY, WebOPI



Java



HTML5

There is a hint for MQTT Support for CS Studio:

<https://conference.sns.gov/event/11/session/1/contribution/51>

Available tools are mostly focused on “EPICS for Web”, rarely on service integration which is very important for STAR.

## WebPDA

Great idea, but it requires intermediate java application server, not clear how to allow bi-directional talk of non-EPICS services.

## EPICS BOY, WebAPI

EPICS-only service, scalability is questionable, as it creates a separate instance of BOY (potentially, spanning to thousands of channels) per connected client.

# Use-Case: Alarm Handler

Now, all alarms are available via MQ bus



## STAR Alarm Handler - EPICS:

- MEDM: Motif Editor and Display Manager
- single instance - local application running at STAR Control Room
- configured by plain text file residing at specific node

## Upgrade features:

- web-based interface + local app + phone app
- multiple instances - web and local apps attached to the MQ bus
- configured from database back-end, managed by web front-end

## EPICS $\leftrightarrow$ MQTT Bridge Setup:

- propagate Alarms only
- Hierarchy URI: System/Subsystem/module
- bridging mode: EPICS $\rightarrow$ MQTT and MQTT $\rightarrow$ EPICS
- message output throttled (per PV) to  $\sim$ 1 msg/sec
- nuisance alarms suppressed at UI level

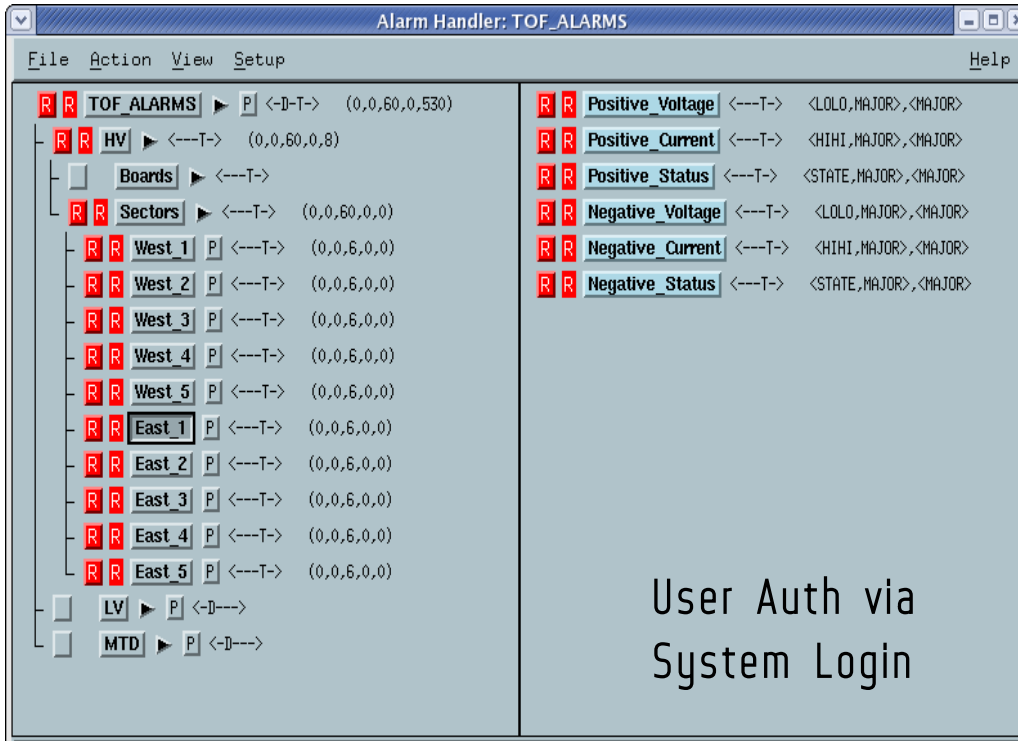


# Alarm Handler UI Conversion

HTML5 stack provides us with the cross-platform UI



Old UI is being replaced by web-based interface, powered by direct MQTT feed over WebSockets. HTML5-based UI could be deployed as Web, Win/Lin/MacOS/Android/iOS. WebGL could be employed to enable fast widget updates.



Alarm Handler: TOF\_ALARMS

File Action View Setup Help

TOF\_ALARMS P <-D-T> (0,0,60,0,530)

- HV <---T> (0,0,60,0,8)
  - Boards <---T>
    - Sectors <---T> (0,0,60,0,0)
      - West\_1 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
      - West\_2 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
      - West\_3 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
      - West\_4 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
      - West\_5 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
      - East\_1 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
      - East\_2 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
      - East\_3 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
      - East\_4 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
      - East\_5 P <---T> (0,0,6,0,0)
    - LV P <-D-->
    - MTD P <-D-->

Positive Voltage <---T> <LOLO,MAJOR>,<MAJOR>

Positive Current <---T> <HIHI,MAJOR>,<MAJOR>

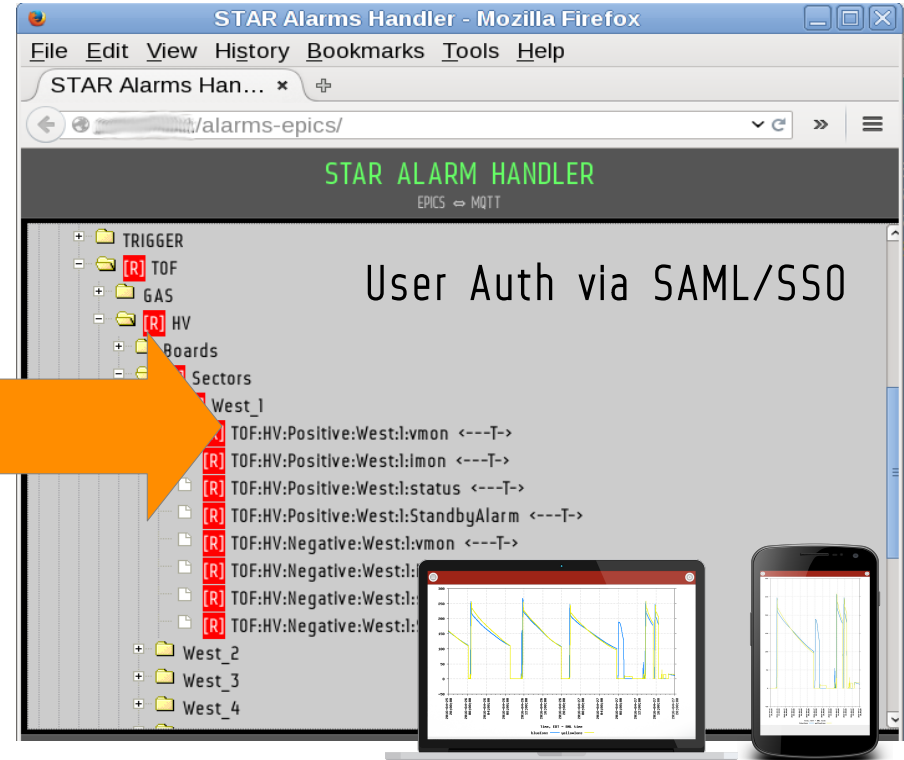
Positive Status <---T> <STATE,MAJOR>,<MAJOR>

Negative Voltage <---T> <LOLO,MAJOR>,<MAJOR>

Negative Current <---T> <HIHI,MAJOR>,<MAJOR>

Negative Status <---T> <STATE,MAJOR>,<MAJOR>

User Auth via System Login



STAR Alarms Handler - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

STAR Alarms Han... \* +

/alarms-epics/


STAR ALARM HANDLER

EPICS ↔ MQTT

TRIGGER

- TOF
- 6AS
- HV
  - Boards
    - Sectors
      - West\_1
        - TOF:HV:Positive:West:l:vmom <---T>
        - [R] TOF:HV:Positive:West:l:lmom <---T>
        - [R] TOF:HV:Positive:West:l:status <---T>
        - [R] TOF:HV:Positive:West:l:StandbyAlarm <---T>
        - [R] TOF:HV:Negative:West:l:vmom <---T>
        - [R] TOF:HV:Negative:West:l:lmom <---T>
        - [R] TOF:HV:Negative:West:l:status <---T>
      - West\_2
      - West\_3
      - West\_4

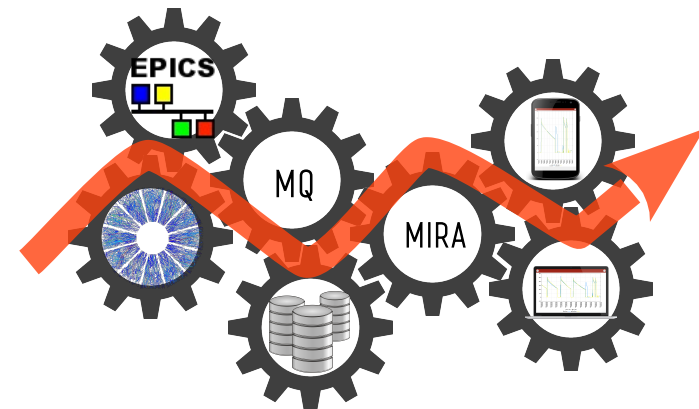
User Auth via SAML/SSO



# Summary & Outlook



- STAR Meta-data Collection Framework update:
  - STAR started with MIRA (Messaging Interface and Reliable Architecture) to archive/redirect/filter and act (CEP) upon streaming meta-data collected online. MQ-based service messaging bus provided STAR with stable and scalable solution, and enabled near-real-time view of the experimental status for all collaborators.
  - Proof of principle: EPICS Alarm Handler UI was replaced by a web interface relying on our recently developed EPICS $\leftrightarrow$ MQTT bridge approach.
  - STAR Online service integration is now greatly improved for DAQ and RTS subsystems, as our Integrated processing of the alarms produced by various STAR subsystems is completed.
- Future Plans:
  - Bridge and IOC emulator codes are largely experiment-specific for now, but we are working on a generic implementation to make it fully reusable by the HEP/NP/CA community
  - Bridging and service integration got an interest from collider-accelerator developers, discussions are ongoing





Thank You!  
Questions? Comments?