

RootJS: Node.js Bindings for ROOT 6

Theo Beffart, Maximilian Früh, Christoph Haas, Sachin Rajgopal,
Jonas Schwabe, Christoph Wolff, Marek Szuba

Steinbuch Centre for Computing (SCC)



- ROOT — scientific software framework from CERN
 - *de facto* standard tool in particle physics
 - written mainly in C++
 - essentially a library of classes
 - integrated C++ interpreter based on LLVM (ROOT 6)
 - bindings exist for Python, R, Ruby, ...
- Node.js — high-performance runtime environment for Web applications
 - user code in JavaScript
 - internals in C++ — Google V8 engine
 - non-blocking, asynchronous I/O
 - popular in modern large-scale systems
- Web applications in high-energy physics
 - numerous — e.g. data browsers, quality assurance, ...
 - back-end processing with ROOT frequently desired

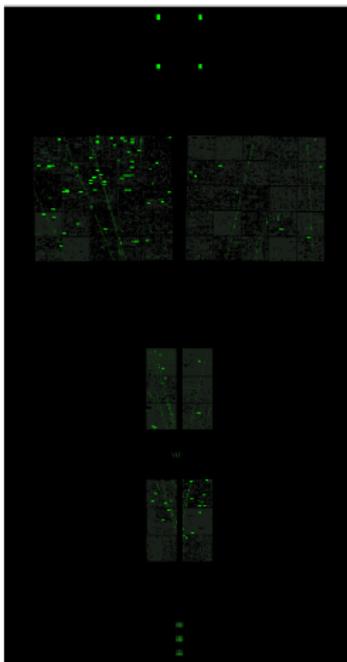
- **RootJS: Node.js bindings for ROOT 6**
 - JavaScript access to all ROOT classes
 - inject, JIT-compile and execute C++ macros
 - dynamically updated state
 - asynchronous
- Native Node.js module written in C++
- System requirements:
 - OS supporting ROOT 6
 - tested under Linux, Mac OS X
 - Node.js 4–6
 - v4 LTS recommended

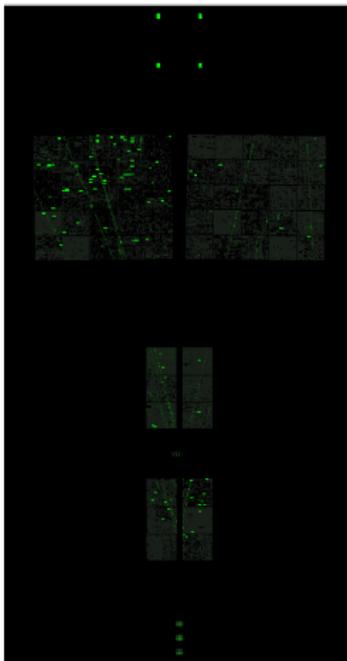
Live event viewer

- Important for monitoring, basic QA
- Typically, standalone ROOT application
- Limited portability:
 - needs ROOT and dependencies installed
 - requires access to data source
- Alternative — modern Web application:
 - back-end processing: ROOT, close to detector
 - front-end *anywhere in the world*
 - only require a Web browser

Analytics in Web applications

- Take advantage of ROOT in machine learning, statistical analysis, linear algebra, ...
- Gain access to XRootD, PROOF *etc.*





Live event viewer

- Important for monitoring, basic QA
- Typically, standalone ROOT application
- Limited portability:
 - needs ROOT and dependencies installed
 - requires access to data source
- Alternative — modern Web application:
 - back-end processing: ROOT, close to detector
 - front-end *anywhere in the world*
 - only require a Web browser

Analytics in Web applications

- Take advantage of ROOT in machine learning, statistical analysis, linear algebra, ...
- Gain access to XRootD, PROOF *etc.*

Related Work

JavaScript ROOT

JSROOT

- Web client
- reimplementation
- feature set limited by design:
 - ROOT graphics
 - basic file input
 - THttpServer interface

RootJS

- standalone, or Web server
- wrapper
- all features of ROOT 6

- **Highly complementary!**

- Example: Web application with RootJS back-end and JSROOT front-end.

Related Work

Jupyter Notebook

ROOT in Jupyter

- Web client *and* server
- sophisticated interactive interface
- not meant for scripting/batch
- limited access to third-party libraries
 - but: Python 2 kernel + PyROOT + ...
- Some overlap
- Different context — interactive vs scripted
- Jupyter + Javascript kernel + RootJS + ...

RootJS

- standalone, or Web server
- no interactive interface (yet)
- aimed at scripted/batch processing
- full access to the Node.js ecosystem

Related Work

Jupyter Notebook

ROOT in Jupyter

- Web client *and* server
- sophisticated interactive interface
- not meant for scripting/batch
- limited access to third-party libraries
 - but: Python 2 kernel + PyROOT + ...
- Some overlap
- Different context — interactive vs scripted
- **Jupyter + Javascript kernel + RootJS + ...**

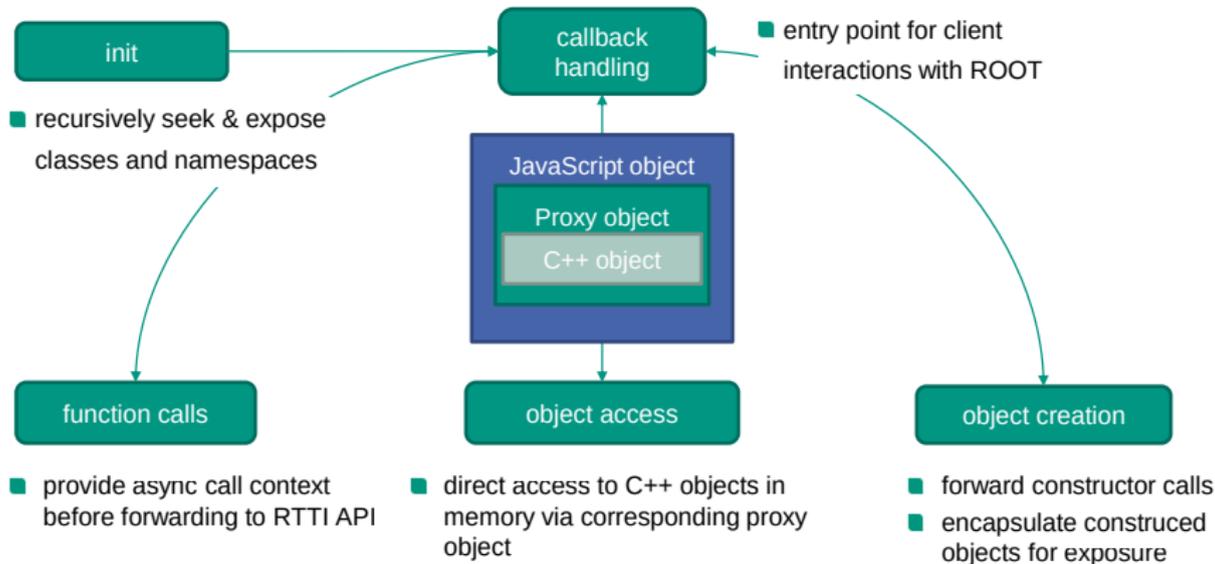
RootJS

- standalone, or Web server
- no interactive interface (yet)
- aimed at scripted/batch processing
- full access to the Node.js ecosystem

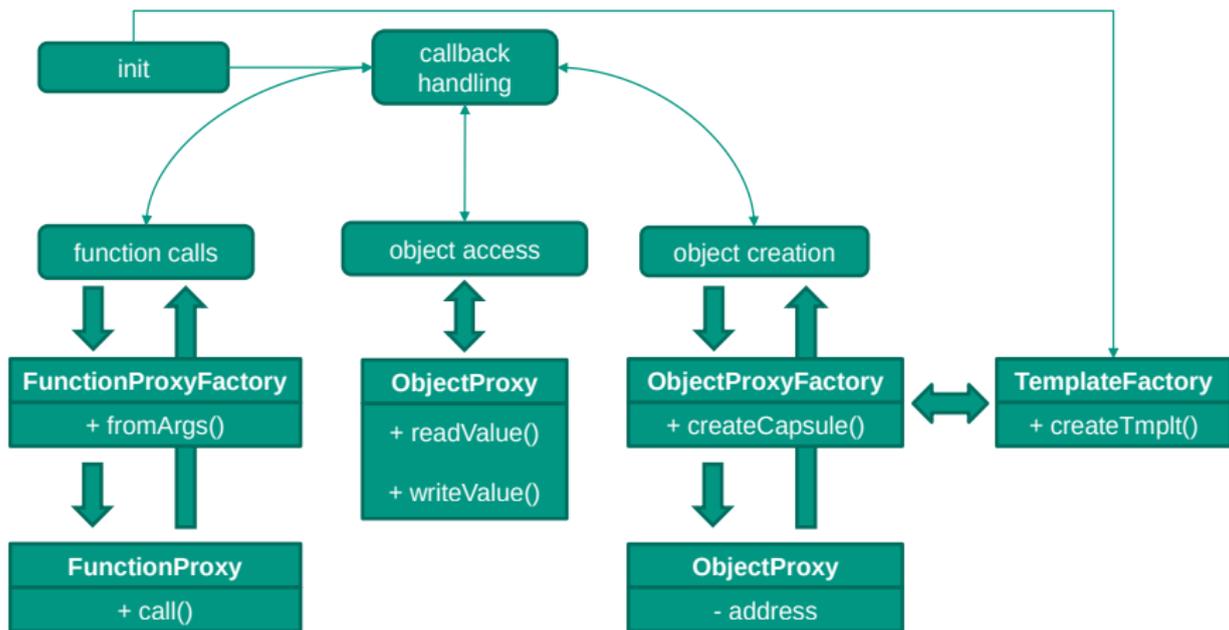


- Basic architecture requirements:
 - dynamic object creation and encapsulation
 - non-blocking function calls via callbacks
- Fundamental language differences
 - different type systems (dynamic vs static)
 - a *functional* language
 - classless objects, prototype functions
- “Need an adapter”
 - software design pattern
 - help incompatible interfaces work together
- Environment:
 - V8 API — object exposure and callback handling
 - ROOT RTTI interface — class, namespace, global and member variable information

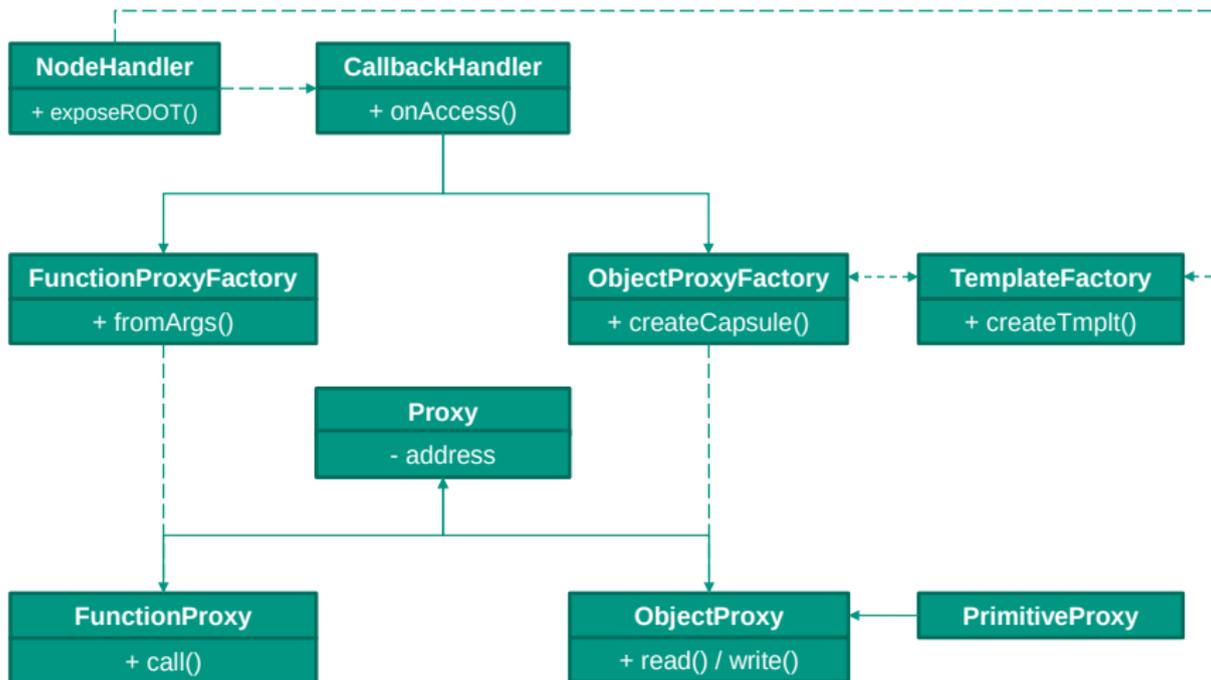
Fulfilment of Requirements



Core Architecture



Core Architecture



Non-blocking Execution

- Killer feature of Node.js
- RootJS: can add a callback to *any* exposed function
- Asynchronous workers
- Worker-V8 message passing using libuv
 - integrates well with Node.js
 - no need to actively wait for threads
 - based on signals — non-blocking, no waste of CPU time



Installation and Invocation

- We are on npmjs.com — easy!

```
npm install rootjs
```

- Requirements: Node.js, npm, C++ compiler, ROOT 6, libuv headers
- Loaded the standard Node.js way:

```
var root = require('rootjs');
```

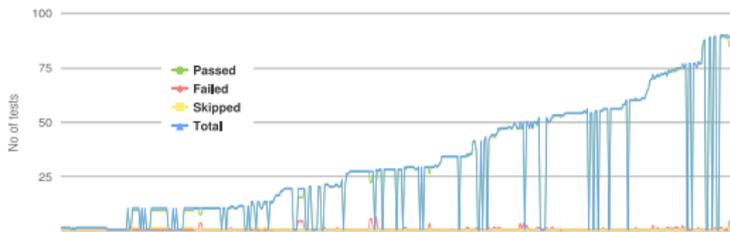
- All ROOT variables and classes now accessible through root
- Need more libraries? No problem:

```
root.loadlibrary("libMathCore.so"); // load it...  
root.ROOT.Math.Pi(); // ...and use it!
```

- Callback example:

```
root.TFile.Open("foo.root", function (fin) {  
    fin.ls();  
});
```

- Source-code repository: Git
 - primary: GitHub
 - mirror: CERN GitLab
 - currently: ≈ 4000 lines of code
- Issue tracker: GitHub
- Continuous integration: CERN Jenkins
 - integration tests
 - code coverage
 - Doxygen documentation
 - currently: 90 tests, 76 % line coverage



THANK YOU

`https://github.com/rootjs/rootjs`
`https://www.npmjs.com/package/rootjs`