



An Interactive and Comprehensive Working Environment for High-Energy Physics Software with Python and Jupyter Notebooks

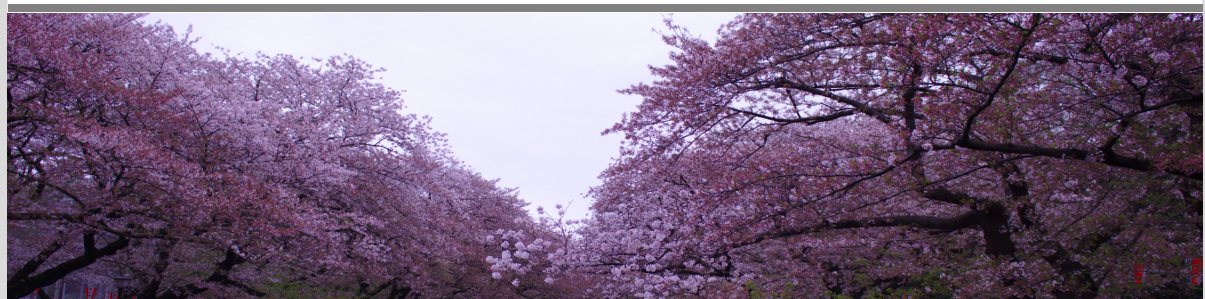
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Nils Braun¹, Thomas Hauth¹, Christian Pulvermacher², Martin Ritter³

¹ Institute for Experimental Nuclear Physics (IEKP), KIT, Germany

² KEK, Tsukuba, Japan

³ Ludwig-Maximilians-University, Munich, Germany



Under the Hood: Integrating basf2



We developed the Python library `hep_ipython_tools` [?] which simplifies the integration of HEP Frameworks with jupyter notebooks.

Core component for seamless Jupyter integration of basf2:

Process handler for background framework execution

- Creates a separate worker process for basf2
- Transfers path configuration and starts processing
- Monitors running framework process
- Installs a message queue between jupyter and basf2 processes to transfer status information (current event number, performance statistics etc.)
- Can support multiple basf2 Instances to concurrently scan a parameter space
- Implementation is generic and can be easily adapted to support other frameworks

Better User Experience: Widgets



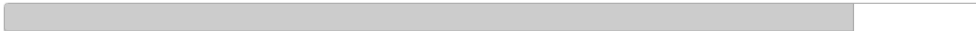
- Jupyter Widgets are graphical extensions to notebooks to better view use-case specific contents
- Written in Python and JavaScript, running interactively in the user's browser
- Allows to use rich library ecosystem of Python and web-development world (jQuery, HTML5, CSS etc.)

We developed a set of Jupyter widgets to improve the user experience of basf2 in Notebooks

Progress Bar



Status: finished



85 % Remaining time: 2.04 s



30 % Remaining time: 26.92 s

In []:

Full Analysis Example



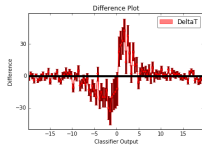
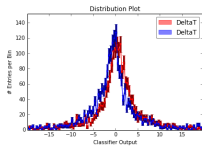
ipyter B2JpsiKshort (read only)

```
Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Help
In [0]: mask = (B0s.isSignal == 1) & (B0s.DeltaT.abs() < 20)
mask_B0 = (B0s.MCtagBFlavor == 511)
mask_B0bar = (B0s.MCtagBFlavor == -511)

p = b2plot.Distribution(figsize=plt.figure())
p.set_plot_options({'linestyle': '-', 'color': 'red'})
p.add(B0s[mask & mask_B0], 'DeltaT')
p.set_plot_options({'linestyle': '-', 'color': 'blue'})
p.add(B0s[mask & mask_B0bar], 'DeltaT')
p.finish()

p = b2plot.Difference(figsize=plt.figure())
p.set_plot_options({'linestyle': '-', 'color': 'red'})
p.add(B0s[mask], 'DeltaT', mask_B0, mask_B0bar)
p.finish()

Out[0]: <B2Tools.b2plot.Difference at 0x8f59458>
```



The shown notebook was already successfully tested with students in a tutorial at KIT.

Conclusion and Outlook



- Perform Python calculations with Jupyter notebooks to have all benefits of Python together with the interactivity.
- The lightweight software layer provided by `hep_ipython_tools` allows a **seamless integration of HEP frameworks** (here basf2) with interactive jupyter notebooks

Notebooks can be used for:

- Interactive development of framework module algorithms
- Working on analyses with fast feedback via inlined plots
- Self-describing Notebooks for tutorials and outreach
- Using jupyter(hub) with basf2 is a full environment for physics analysis!
- In the future: possibilities for interactive physics analysis via the web browser, centrally hosted at data centers