

Parallel Monte Carlo search for Hough transform

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We investigate the combination of a Monte Carlo Tree Search, hierarchical space decomposition, Hough Transform techniques and parallel computing to the problem of line detection and shape recognition in general.

Paul Hough introduced in 1962 a method for detecting lines in binary images. Extended in the 1970s to the detection of space forms, what came to be known as the Hough Transform (HT) has been proposed, for example, in the context of track fitting in the LHC ATLAS [1] and CMS [2]

projects. The HT transfers the problem of line detection, for example, into one of optimization of the peak in a vote counting process

for cells which contain the possible points of candidate lines. The detection algorithm can be computationally expensive both in the demands

made upon the processor and on

memory. Proposals to improve its CPU performance have included the use of Monte Carlo algorithms and parallel computing.

However, the detection algorithm can be expensive both in

CPU and memory demands. Variations of the HT found in literature have a complexity that is least at cubic in the number of points.

In addition, background noise can reduce the HT effectiveness, and statistical techniques or the use of the Radon transform

instead have been proposed.

We present results for the practical evaluation of variations of the Hough Transform for line detection and discuss

implementations on multi-GPU and multicore architectures.

References

[1] N. Amram, Hough Transform Track Reconstruction in the Cathode Strip Chambers in ATLAS, PhD Thesis, Tel Aviv University, 2008 CERN-THESIS-2008-062

[2] D. Cieri et al, L1 track finding for a time multiplexed trigger, *Nucl. Instrum & Meth A* (2015) doi:10.1016/j.nima.2015.09.117

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