
Experiences with the new ATLAS Distributed Data —Management System—

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DDM in a Nutshell

- The **D**istributed **D**ata **M**anagement project is charged with managing all ATLAS data
 - All for the purpose of helping the ATLAS collaboration to store, manage and process LHC data in a heterogeneous distributed environment
 - Requirements:
 - Discover data
 - Transfer data to/from sites
 - Delete data from sites
 - Ensure data consistency at sites
 - Enforce ATLAS computing model
- ➡ The current DDM system relies on the Rucio software project, developed during Long Shutdown 1 to address the challenges of run2

Rucio - gitlab.cern.ch/rucio01/rucio

- Rucio exploits commonalities between experiments and other data intensive sciences to address HEP experiments needs and scaling requirements
- Rucio is an evolution from our previous Data management system, DQ2, used during Run-1
- One of our goal is to build a broader support community

○ AMS, Xenon1t, etc.

In a Nutshell, Rucio...

... has had 4,392 commits made by 31 contributors representing 96,706 lines of code

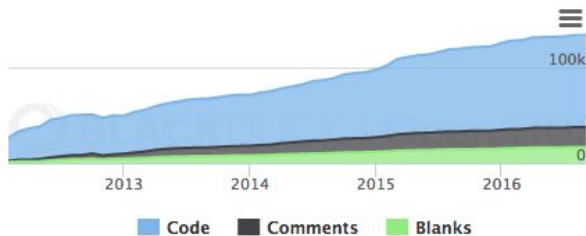
... is mostly written in Python with an average number of source code comments

... has a codebase with a long source history maintained by a large development team with stable Y-O-Y commits

... took an estimated 24 years of effort (COCOMO model) starting with its first commit in February, 2012 ending with its most recent commit about 1 month ago

Lines of Code

<http://rucio.cern.ch/>



Languages



Python	63%	XML	21%
JavaScript	7%	10 Other	9%

ATLAS DDM: The Scale

The ATLAS DDM System has demonstrated very large scale data management

Total:

- 1B file replicas
- 230 PB on 130 sites

Transfers:

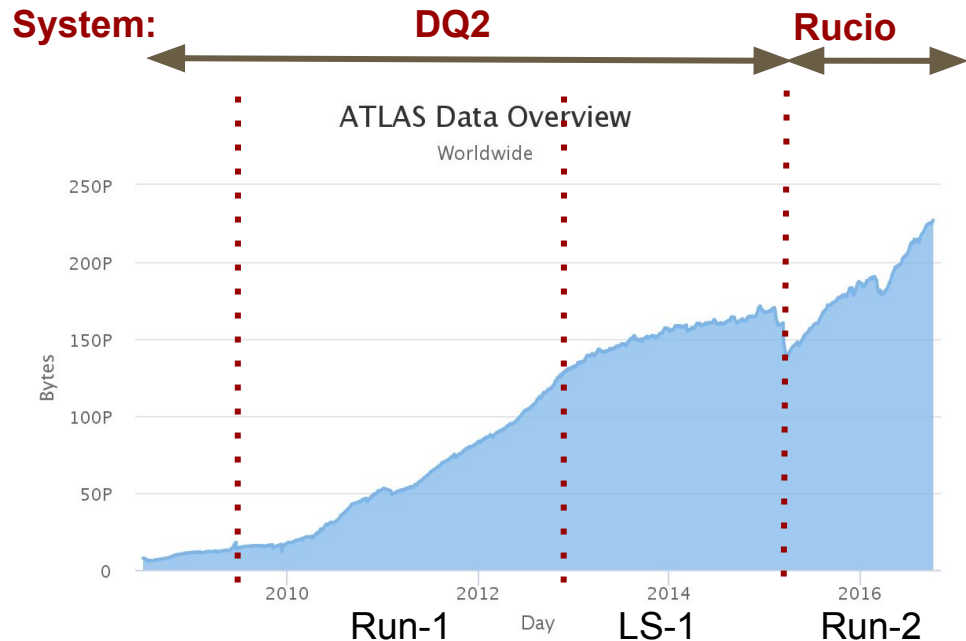
- 40M files/Month
- 40 PB/Month

Download:

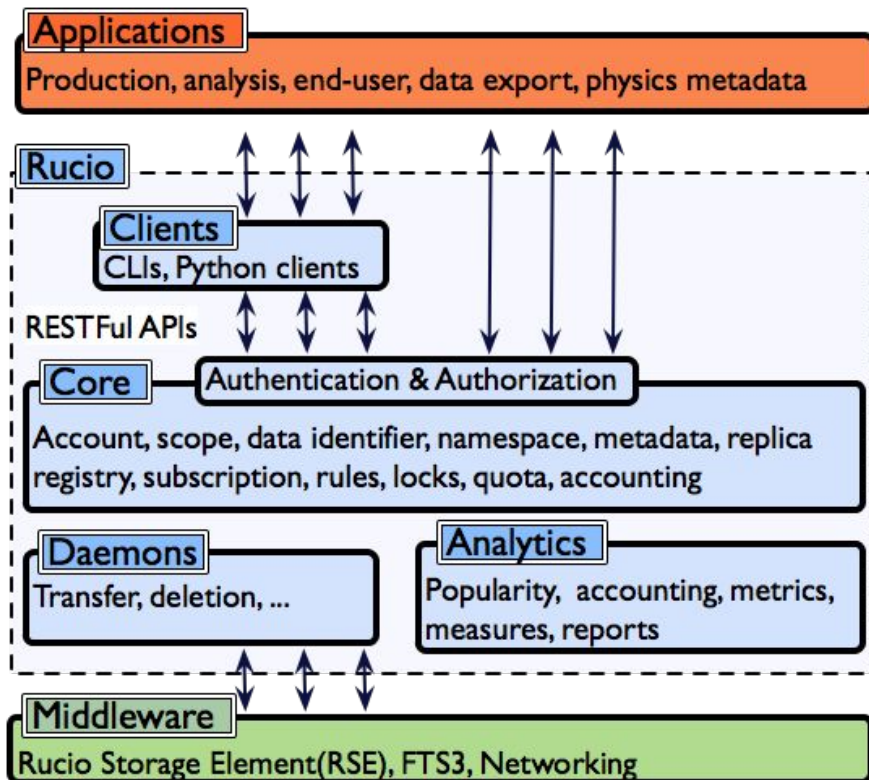
- 150 M files/Month
- 50 PB/Month

Deletion:

- 100M files/Month
- 40 PB /Month



Rucio - SW Stack Overview



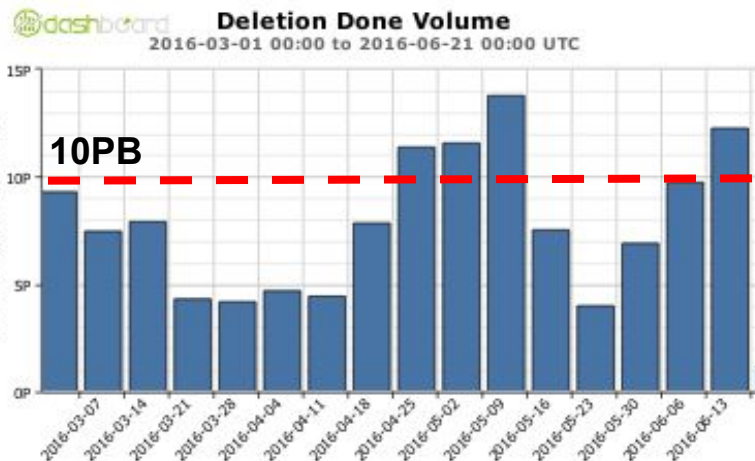
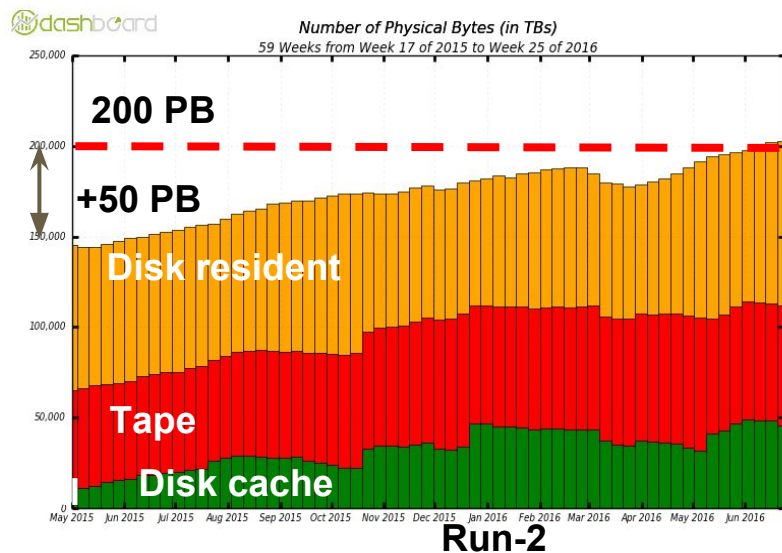
Open and standard technologies:

- WSGI server
- Caching
- Token-based authentication
- New middleware capabilities

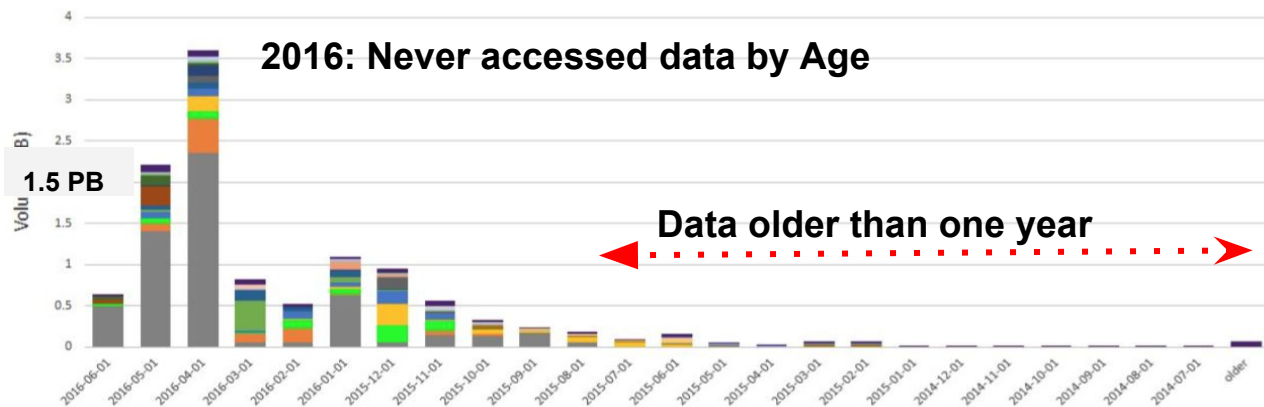
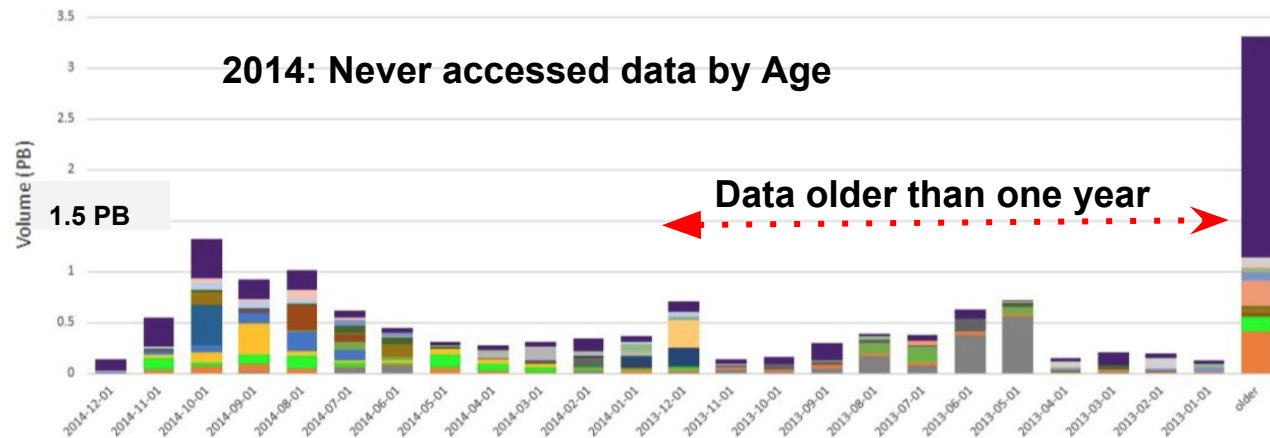
Run-1 vs. Run-2

Rucio is scalable, robust and reliable.
It keeps up nicely with the load increase:

- Transfer
 - 2M transfers/day
 - Equivalent to Run-1 but bigger files with peak at 40GB/s
 - More load/hotspots on the network
- Deletion
 - 8M deleted files/day
 - Factor 4 increase since Run-1
 - Much more pressure on disk space



Disk Usage: Improvements



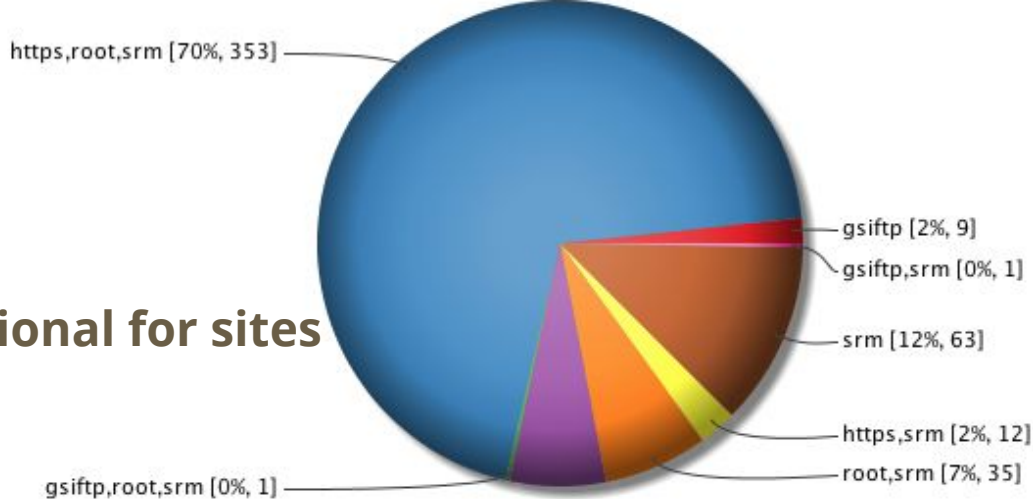
Thanks to:

- Better space monitoring
- Lifetime model
- ATLAS Policies/actions
- strategies to keep recent and popular data on disks (LRU deletion) and to avoid data duplication

More automation in place, Cf. :

- Rucio Auditor - Consistency in the ATLAS Distributed Data Management System
- C3PO - A Dynamic Data Placement Agent for ATLAS Distributed Data Management

SRM Alternatives



- **Achieved goal: Make SRM optional for sites**
 - Caveat: Not for tapes !
 - We now have sites without SRM !
- DDM/Rucio supports natively multiple protocols
 - But requires some work to support them: FTS, plugin, swift, etc
- We proposed alternatives for all SRM functionalities
 - E.g., gsiftp/xroot for third party copy, space reporting with a JSON file
- We are gradually moving to SRM alternatives
 - Deletion, upload/download, third party copy

Object Store Support

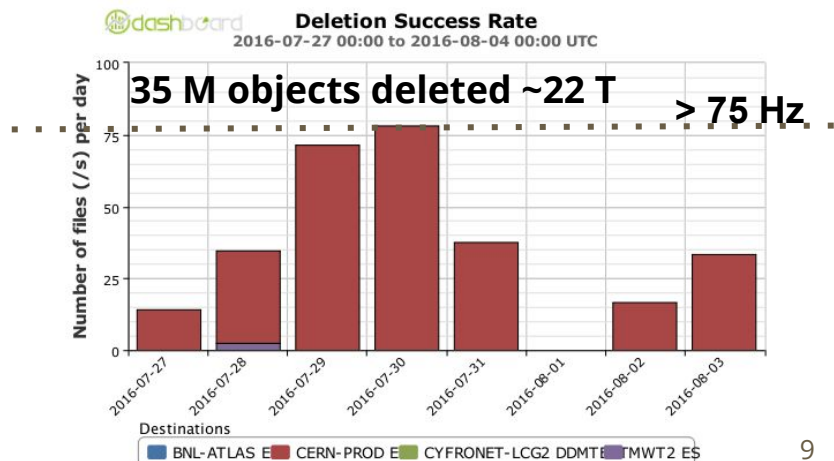
DDM can use objectstore as a standard Storage endpoint

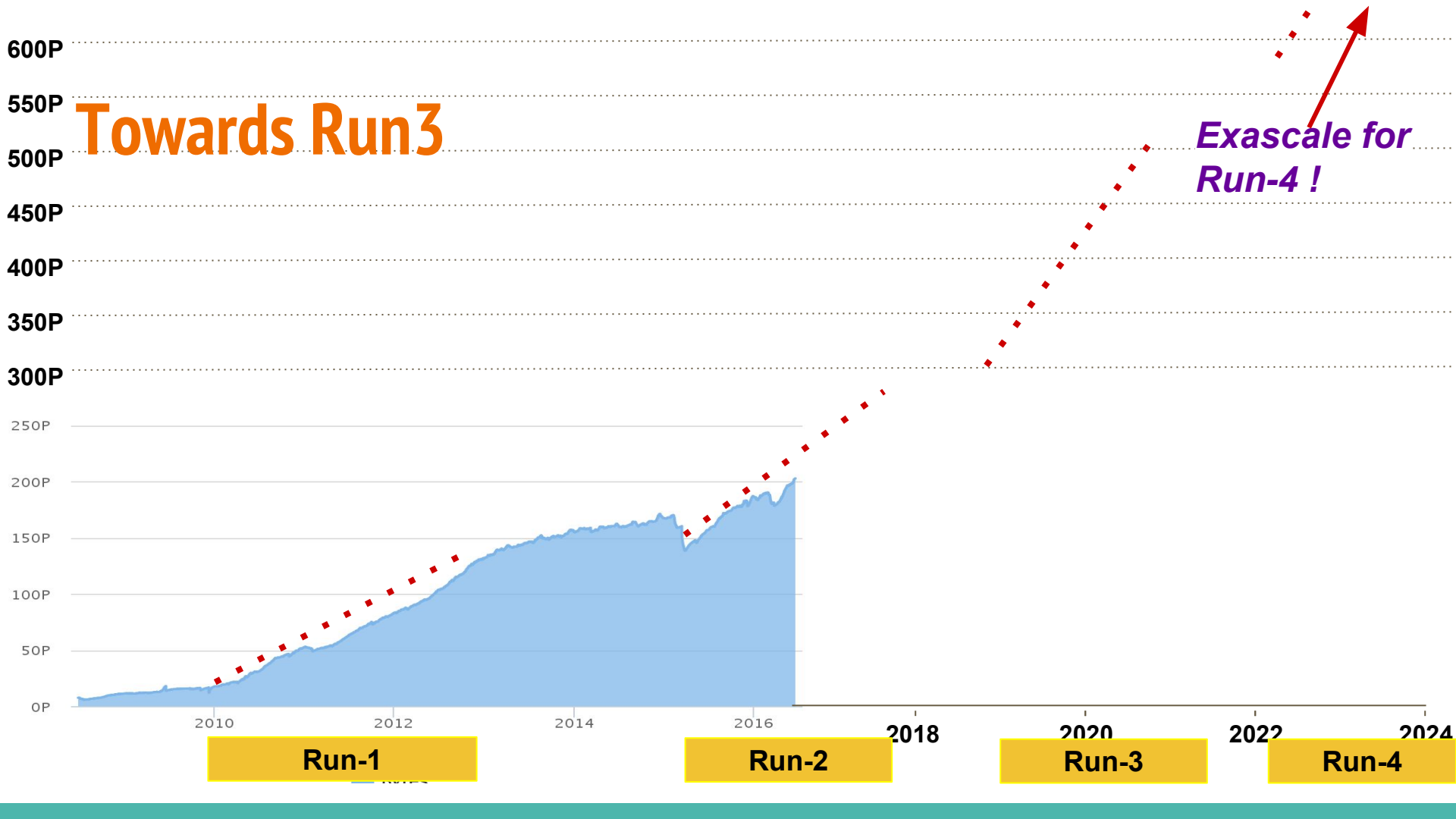
- BNL (Ceph), Lancaster (Ceph), RAL (Ceph), CERN (Ceph), MTW2(Ceph)

Two use cases are supported in production:

- Log files: Upload/Download are transparently supported in the rucio clients
- ATLAS Event Service (AES): deletion
 - 300k events deleted per day [\[Link\]](#)

Cf. Object-based storage integration within the ATLAS DDM system





Towards Run3

Exascale for Run-4!



Run-1

Run-2

Run-3

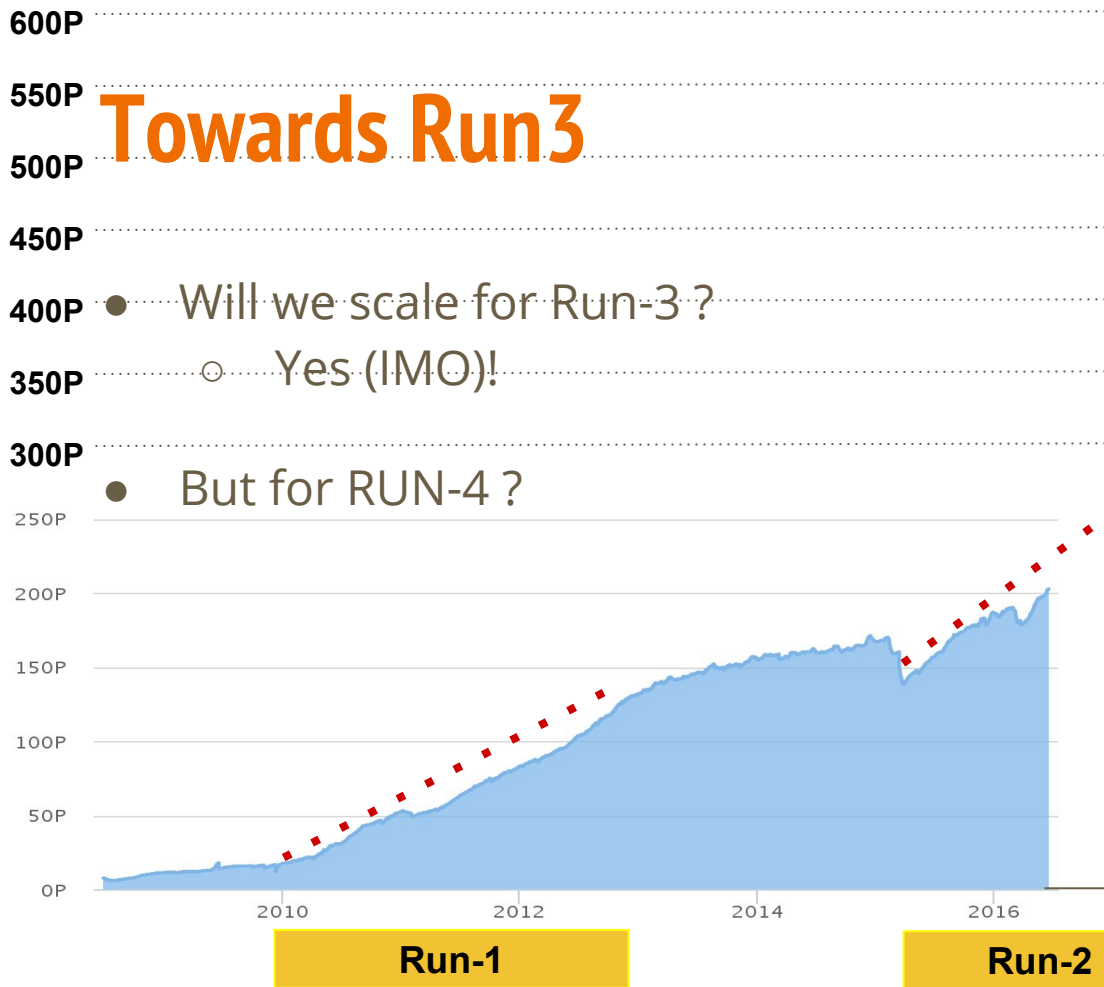
Run-4

Towards Run3

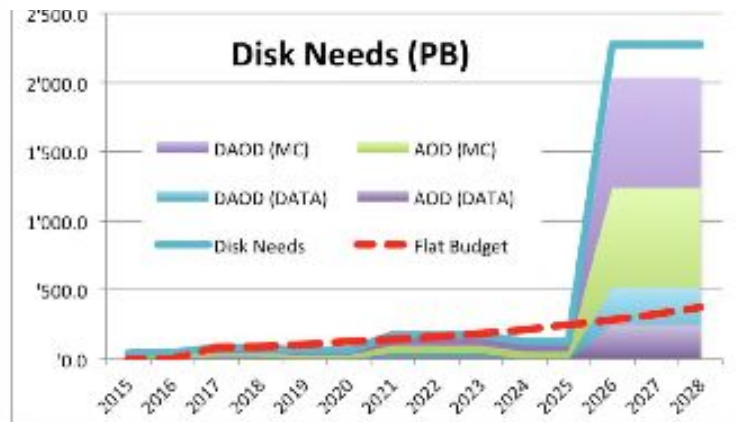
● Will we scale for Run-3?

○ Yes (IMO)!

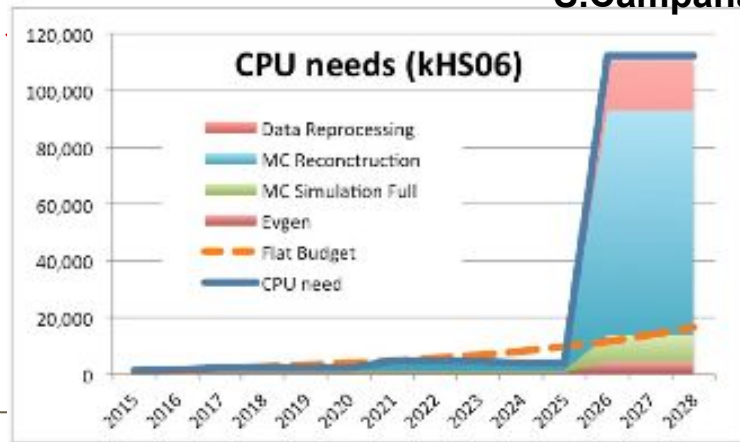
● But for RUN-4 ?



Initial studies of computing for HL-LHC



S.Campana



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Run-1

Run-2

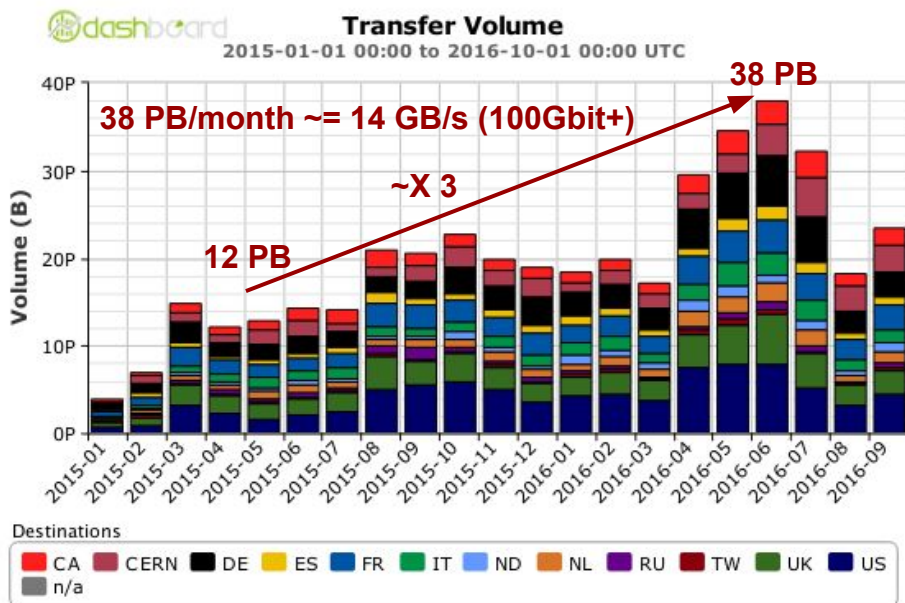
Run-3

Run-4

Network Evolution

- We'll be more and more reliant on our foundation of the network
- It's coherent with our approach to use it more and more
 - E.g., remote i/o
- By 2020, 800 Gbps waves should be possible but not from everywhere..
- Cf. Using machine learning algorithms to forecast network and system load metrics for ATLAS Distributed Computing

Network Use in ATLAS



Summary

- DDM is in good shape
 - It has been operating robustly, stably and effectively since beginning of 2016
 - We are safe with Run-2 data taking
 - ATLAS is using all the available resources at full scale
 - We need to keep an eye on disk spaces
- The target keeps moving with challenging development work ahead
- Evolution or Revolution for Run-4?
 - We need to gain one order of magnitude in computing capability !
- R&D planning
 - We will do it collaboratively with others (WLCG, HEP Software Foundation, community white paper, cross experiment working groups)

ATLAS DDM: CHEP Contributions

Rucio WebUI - The Web Interface for the ATLAS Distributed Data Management

C3PO - A Dynamic Data Placement Agent for ATLAS Distributed Data Management

Object-based storage integration within the ATLAS DDM system

Rucio Auditor - Consistency in the ATLAS Distributed Data Management System

Using machine learning algorithms to forecast network and system load metrics for ATLAS Distributed Computing