

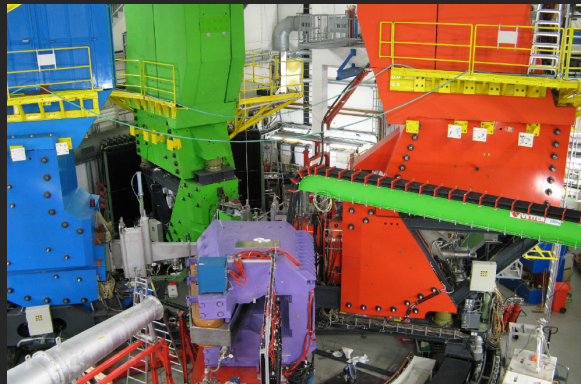
Achim Denig

Institute for Nuclear Physics

Johannes Gutenberg University Mainz



Dark Photon Searches at MAMI and MESA / Mainz

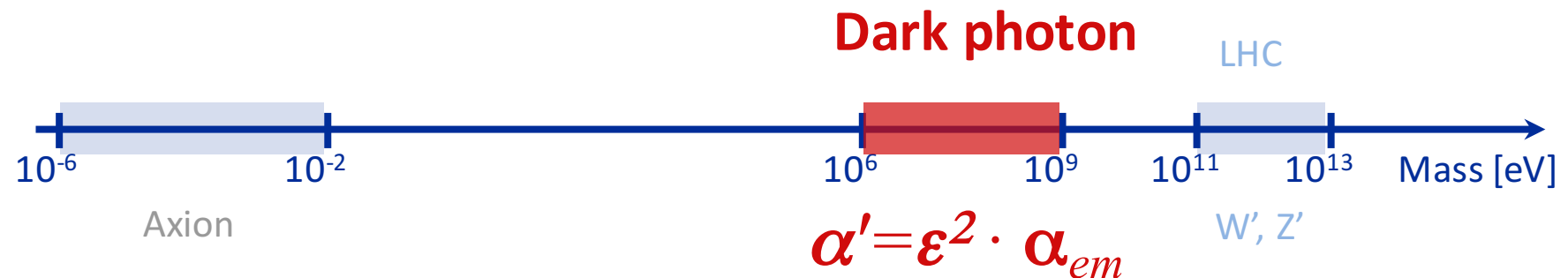


THE LOW-ENERGY FRONTIER

OF THE STANDARD MODEL

Dark Photon

New massive force carrier of extra $U(1)_d$ gauge group;
 predicted in almost all string compactifications



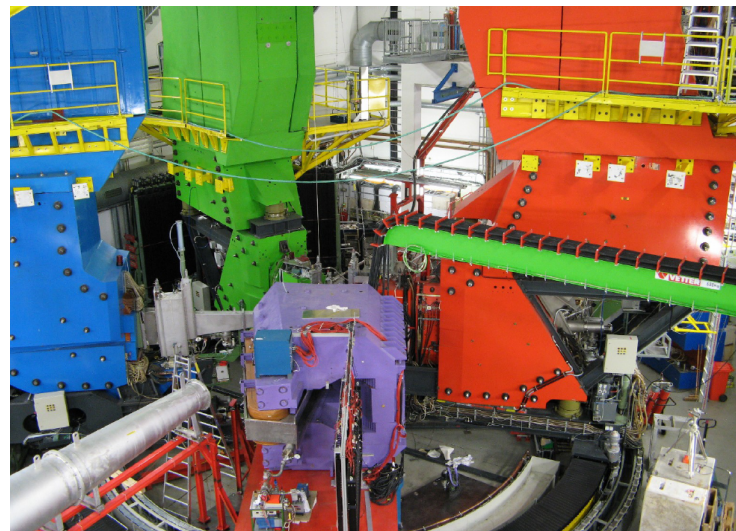
Search for the $O(\text{GeV}/c^2)$ mass scale in a world-wide effort

- Could explain large number of **astrophysical anomalies**
 Arkani-Hamed et al. (2009)
 Andreas, Ringwald (2010); Andreas, Niebuhr, Ringwald (2012)
- Could explain presently seen **deviation of 3.6σ between $(g-2)_\mu$**
 Standard Model prediction and direct $(g-2)_\mu$ measurement
 Pospelov (2008)

- **Visible Dark Photon searches at the existing MAMI accelerator**
- **Perspectives for future MESA accelerators**
- **Possibilities for Beam Dump Experiments at MESA and MAMI (?)**

Dark Photon

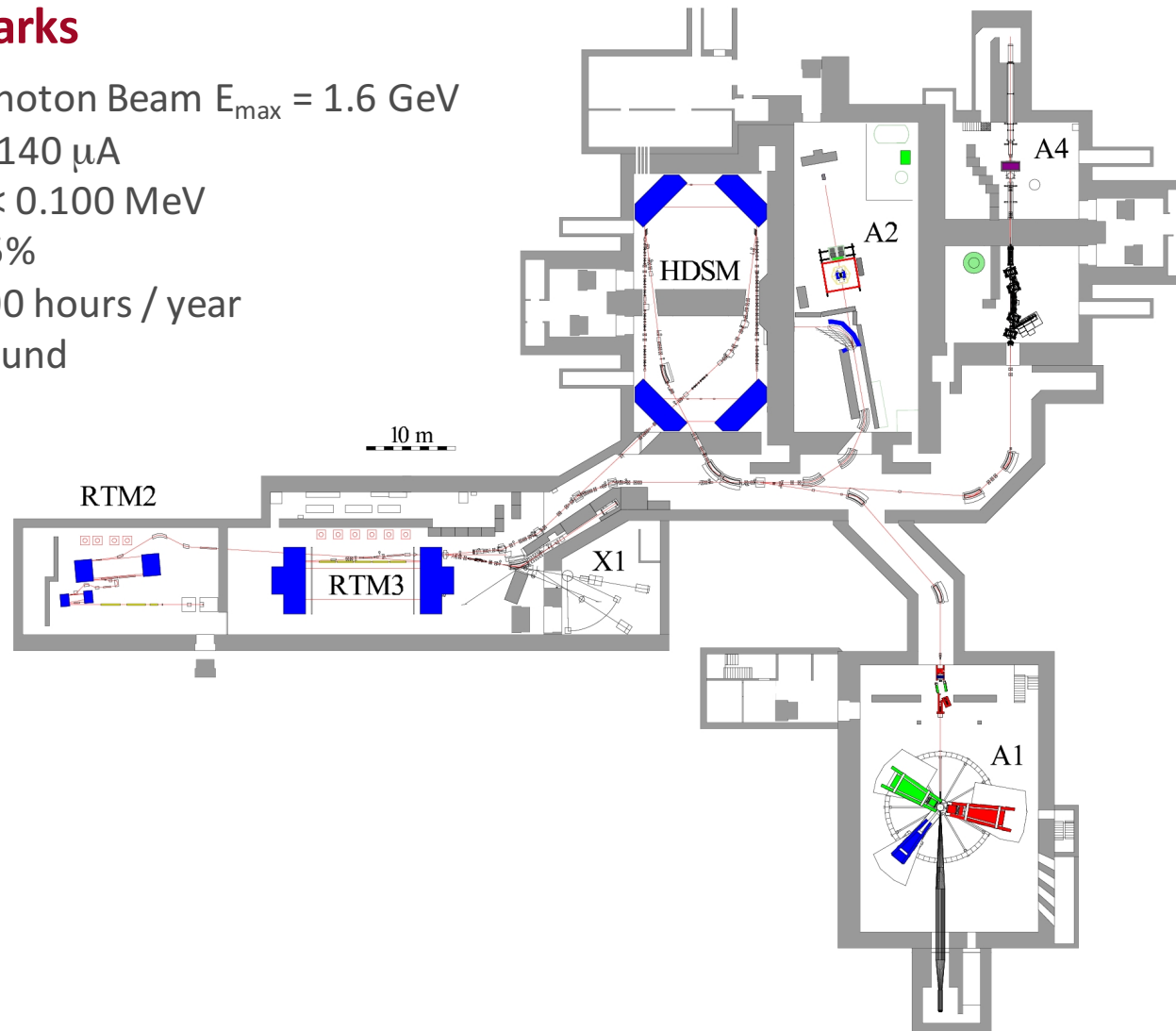
Searches at A1/MAMI



The Mainz Microtron MAMI

MAMI Hallmarks

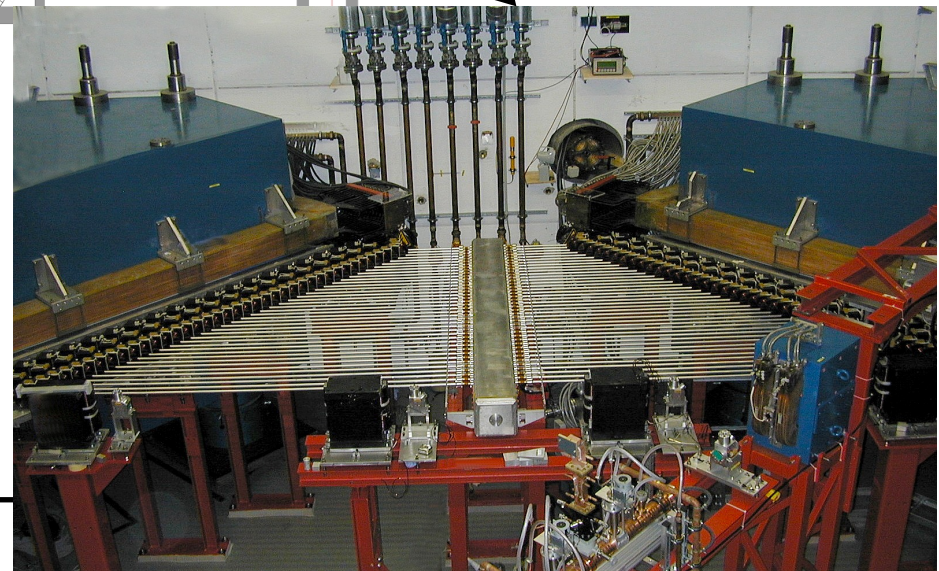
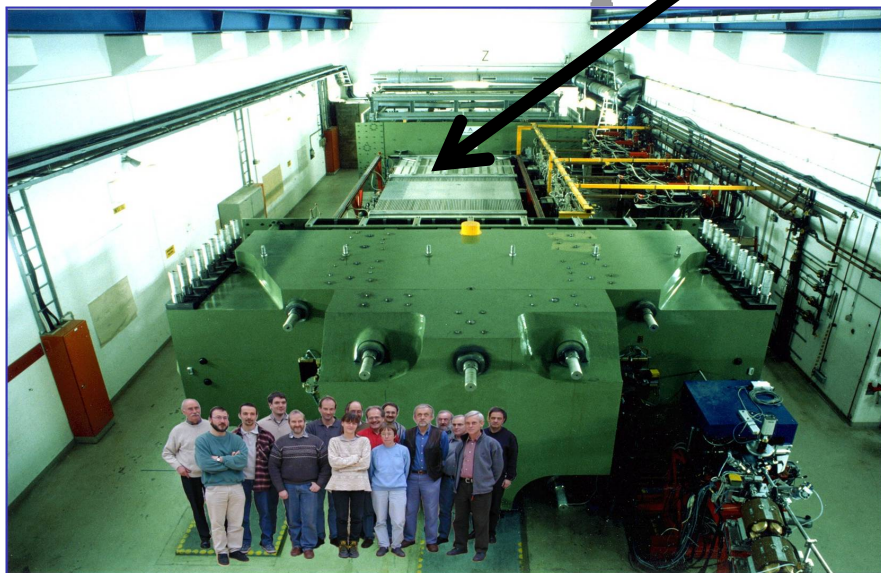
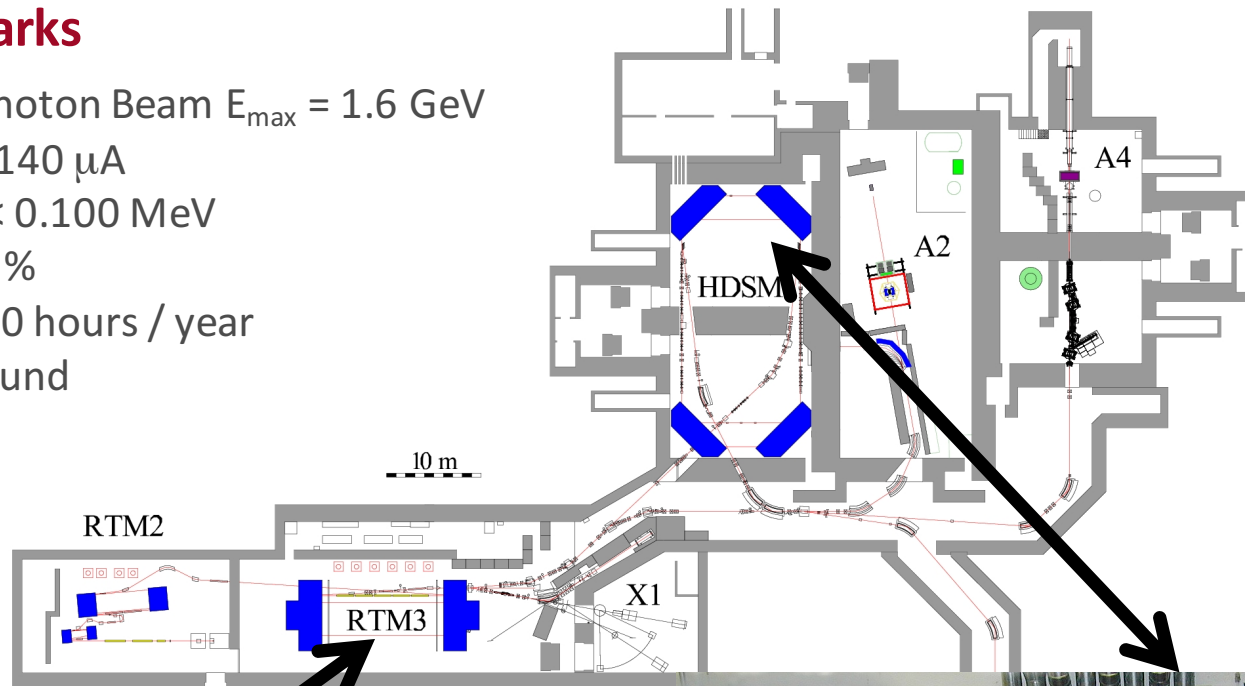
- Electron and Photon Beam $E_{\max} = 1.6 \text{ GeV}$
- Intensity max. $140 \mu\text{A}$
- Resolution $\sigma_E < 0.100 \text{ MeV}$
- Polarization 85%
- Reliability: 7000 hours / year
- 11 m underground



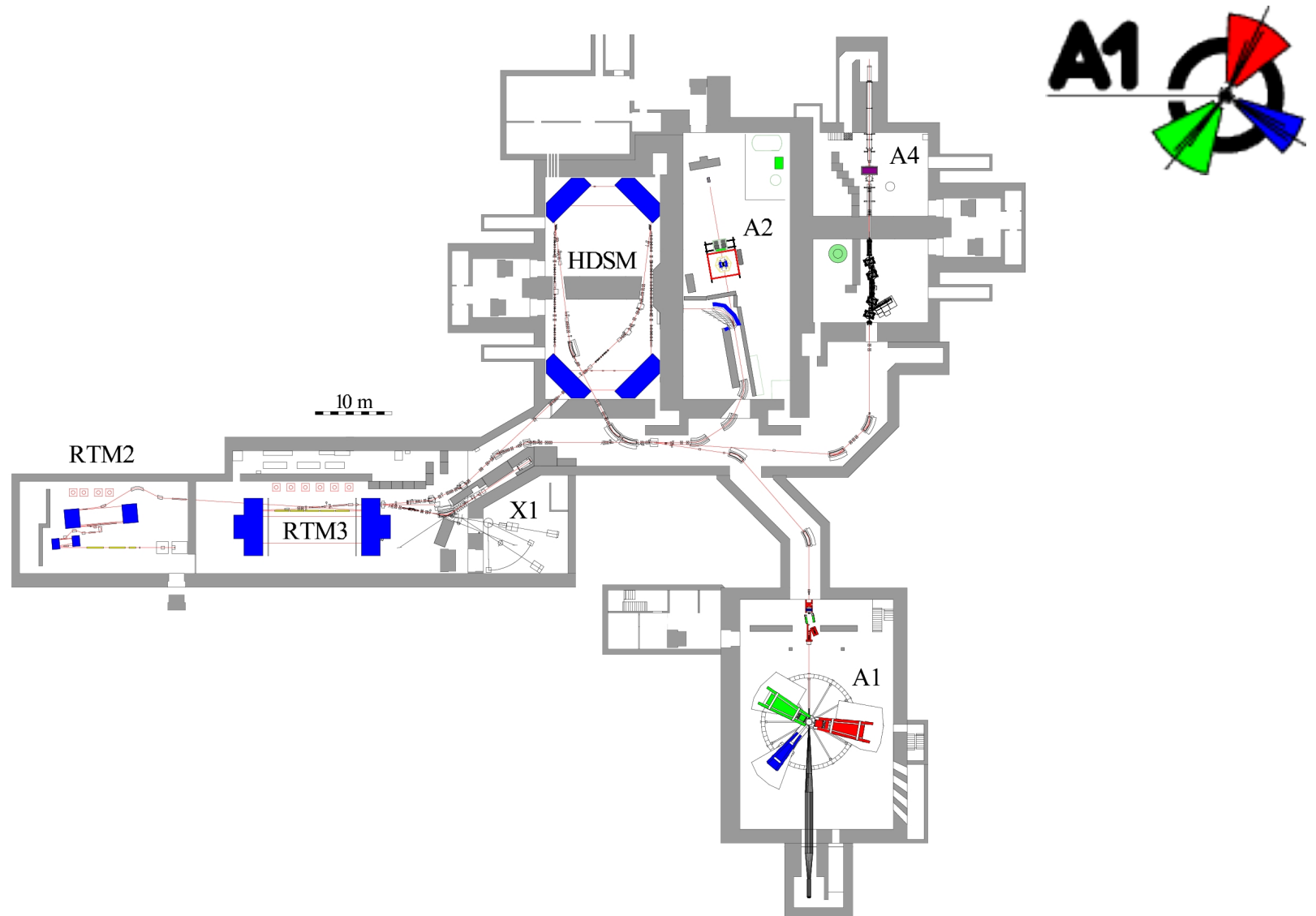
The Mainz Microtron MAMI

MAMI Hallmarks

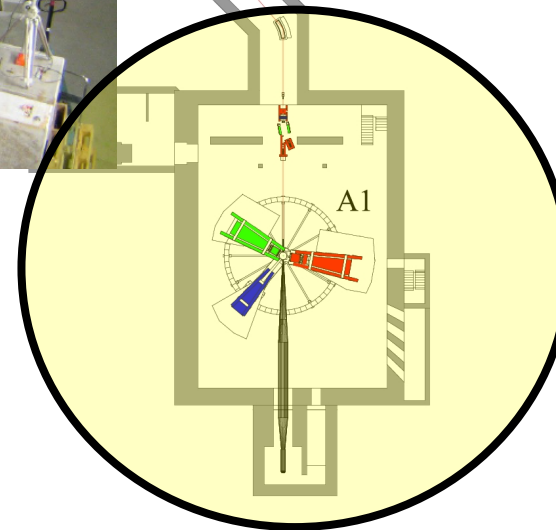
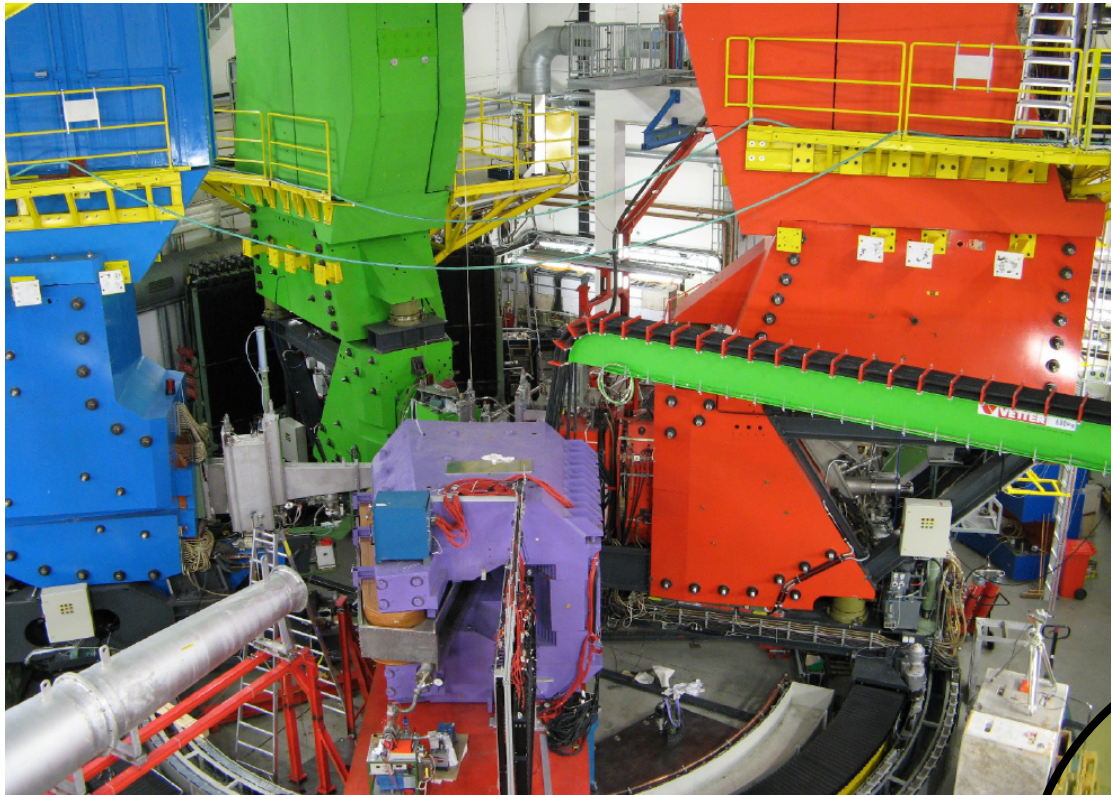
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A1: High-Resolution Spectrometers



A1: High-Resolution Spectrometers



Experiment A1: Electron Scattering

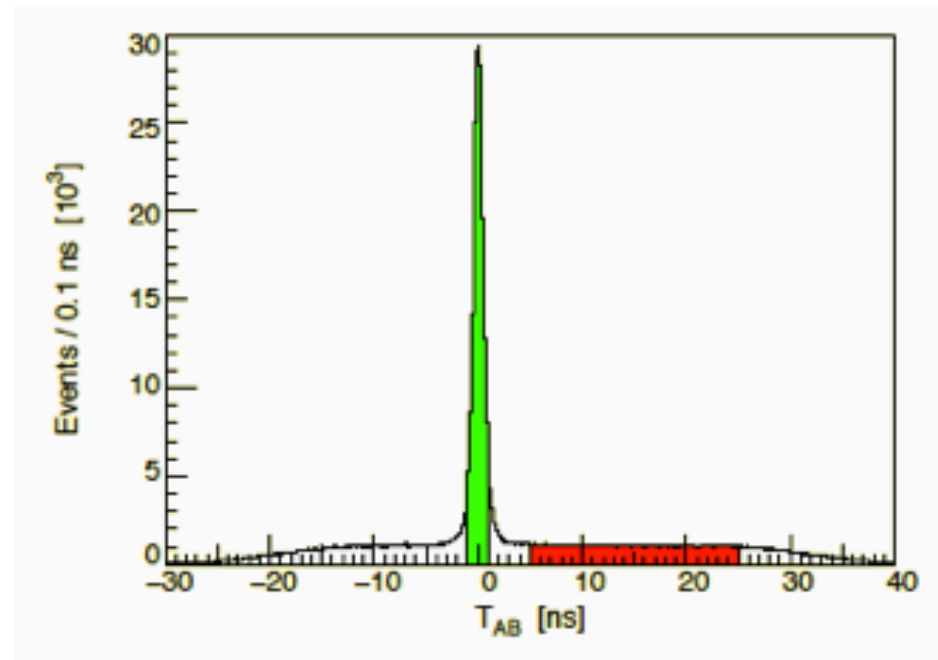
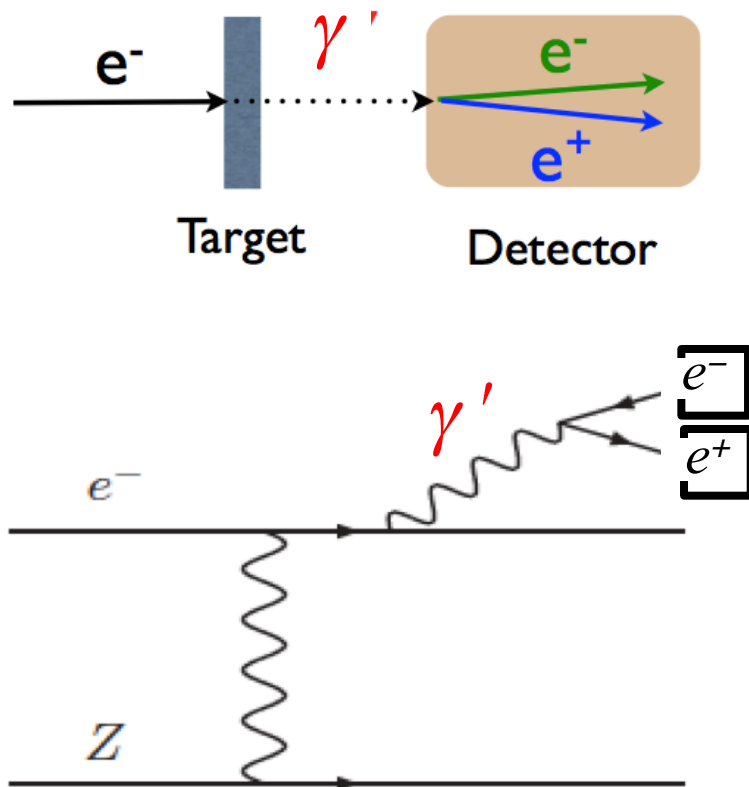
- 4 magnetic focussing spectrometers
- Resolution: $\delta p/p < 10^{-4}$
- Angular acceptance: < 30 mrad

Results from A1/MAMI

Low-Energy Electron Accelerator with high intensity suited for DP search

Bjorken, Esssig,
Schuster, Toro (2009)

Signal processes



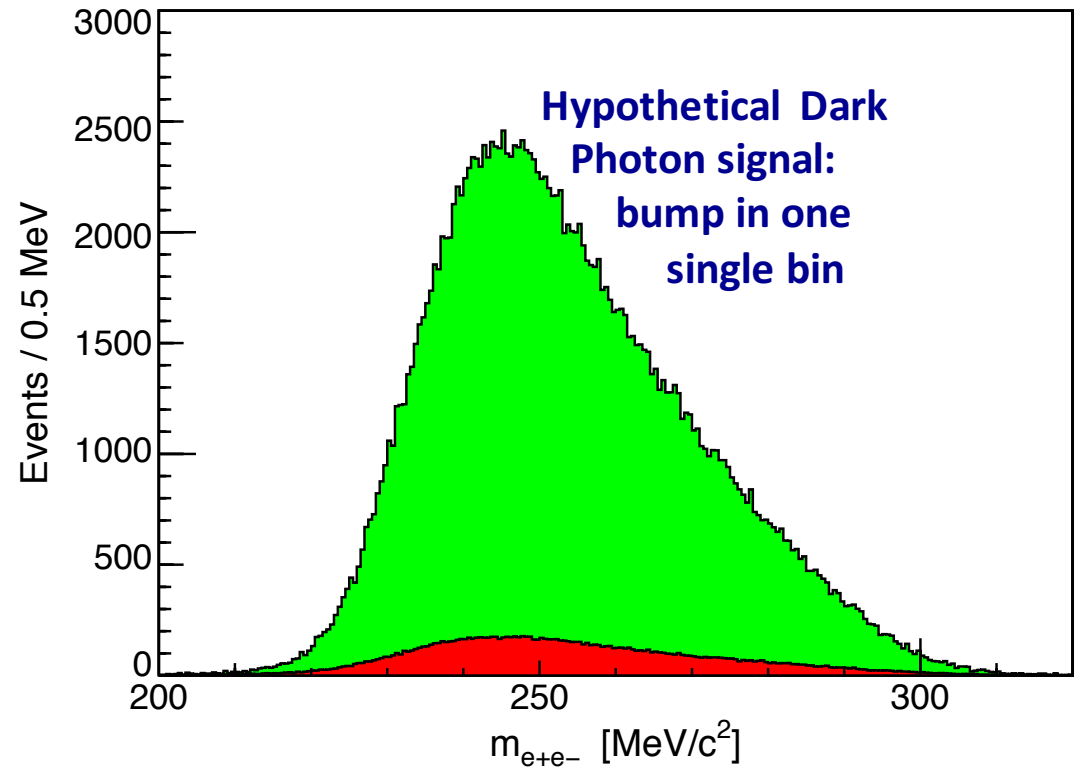
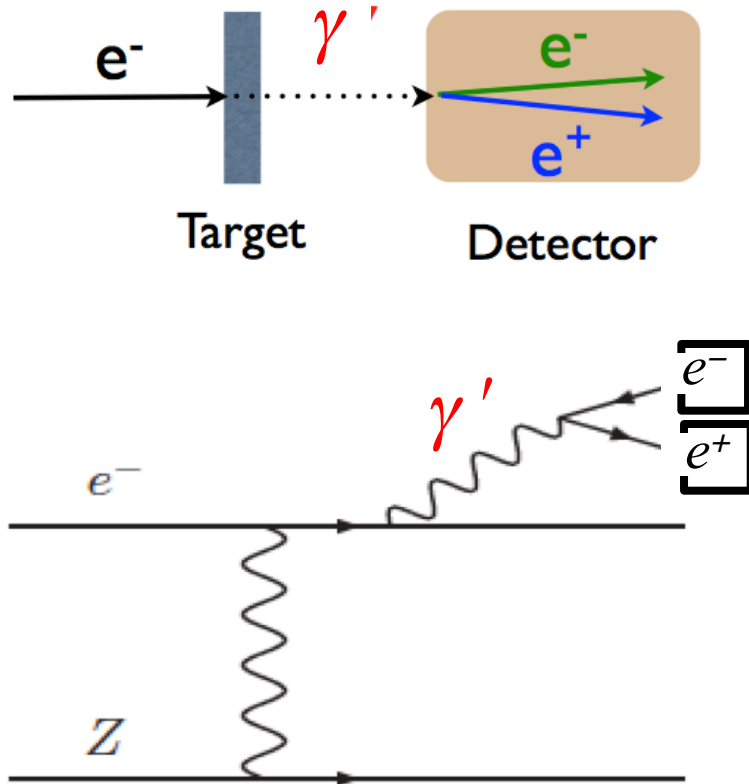
Time difference T_{AB} between both spectrometers

Results from A1/MAMI

Low-Energy Electr. Acceler. with high Intensity suited for DP search

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Signal processes

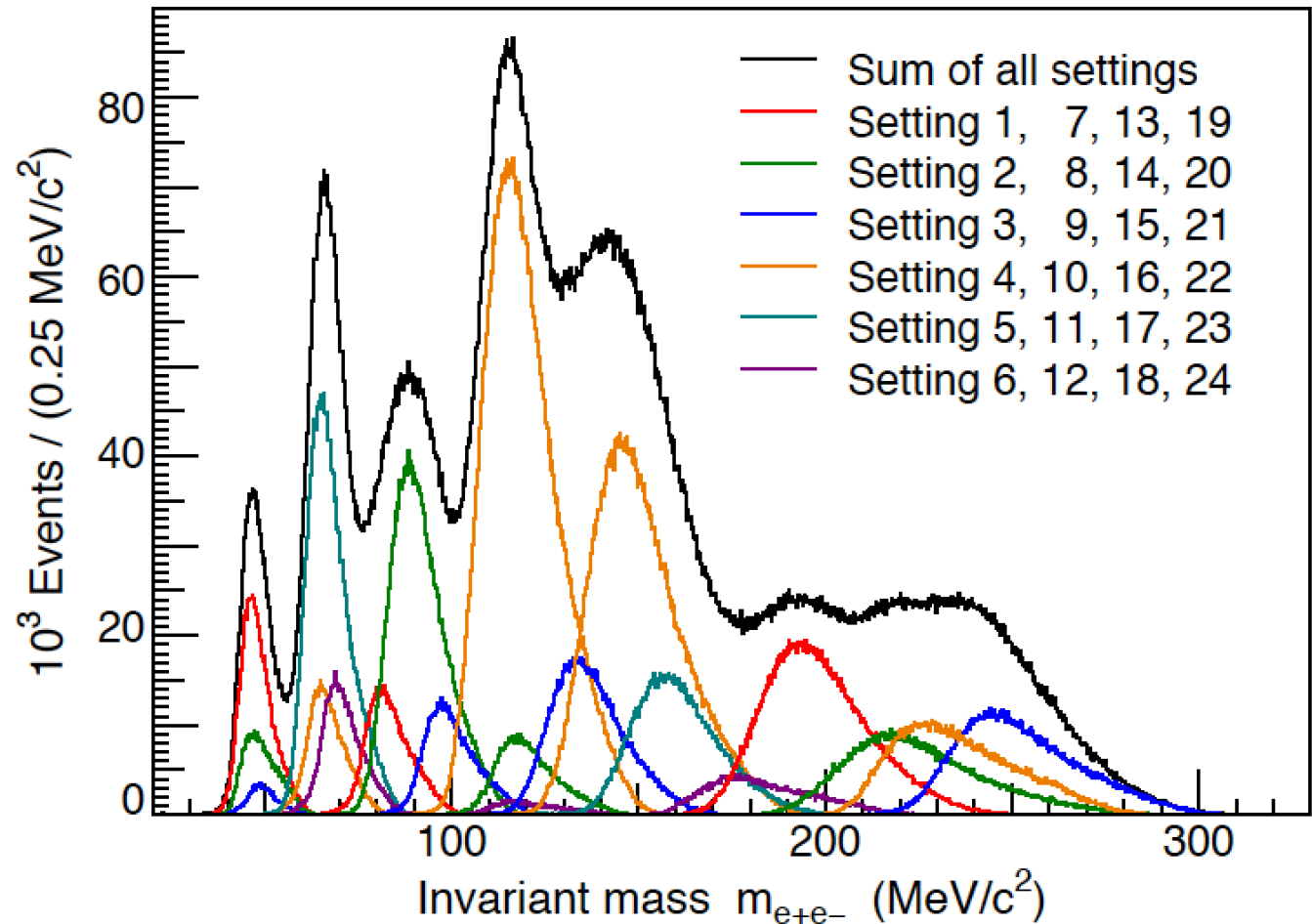


2010 test run
Invariant Mass of e^+e^-

Results from A1

Merkel et al. [A1]
PRL '11
PRL '14

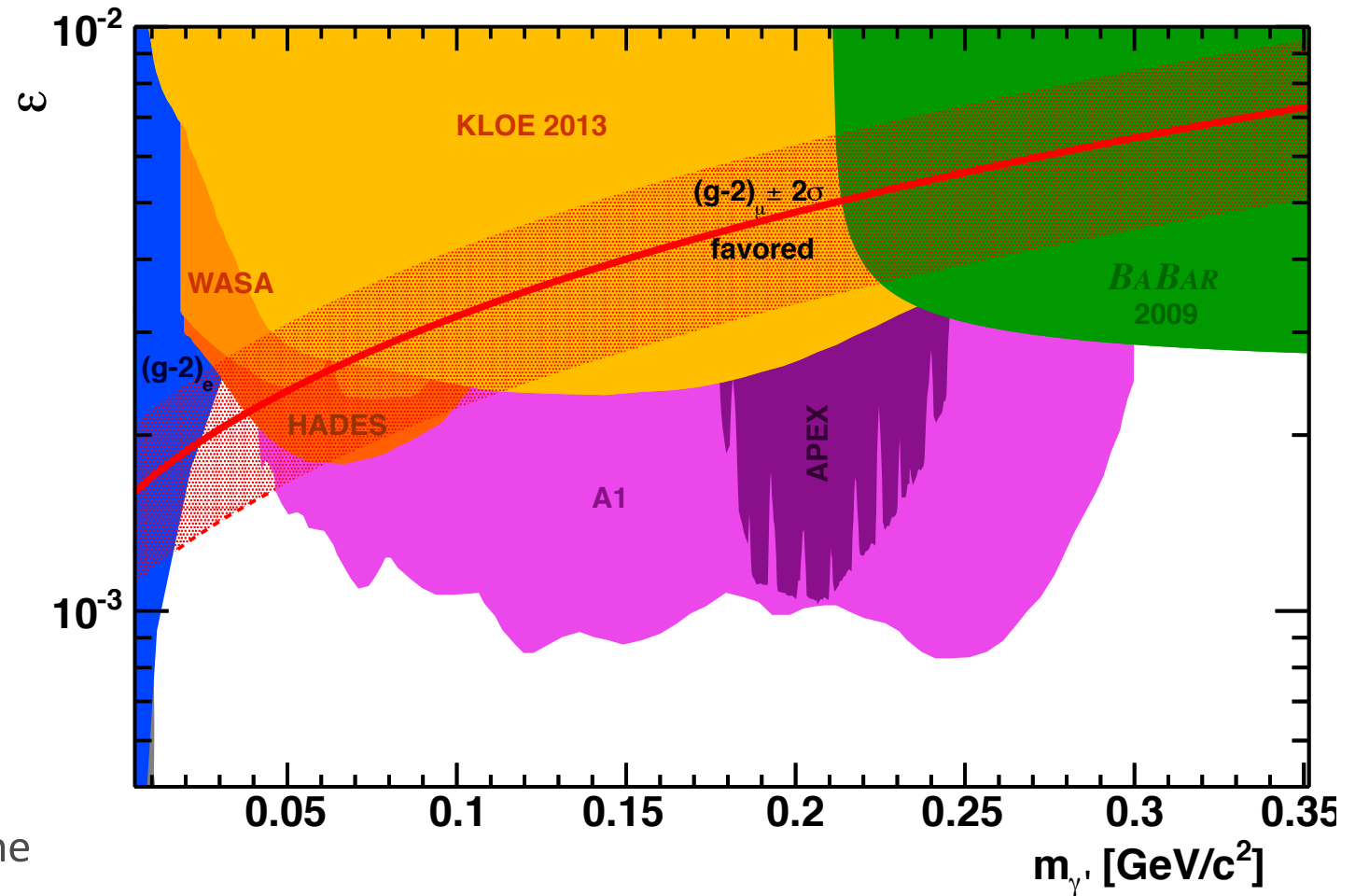
- E_{beam} 180 - 855 MeV
- 100 μA beam current
- Stack of Ta targets
- 22 kinematic settings
- O(1 month) of beam time



→ at time of publication most stringent
limit ruling out major part of the parameter range motivated by $(g-2)_\mu$

Results from A1

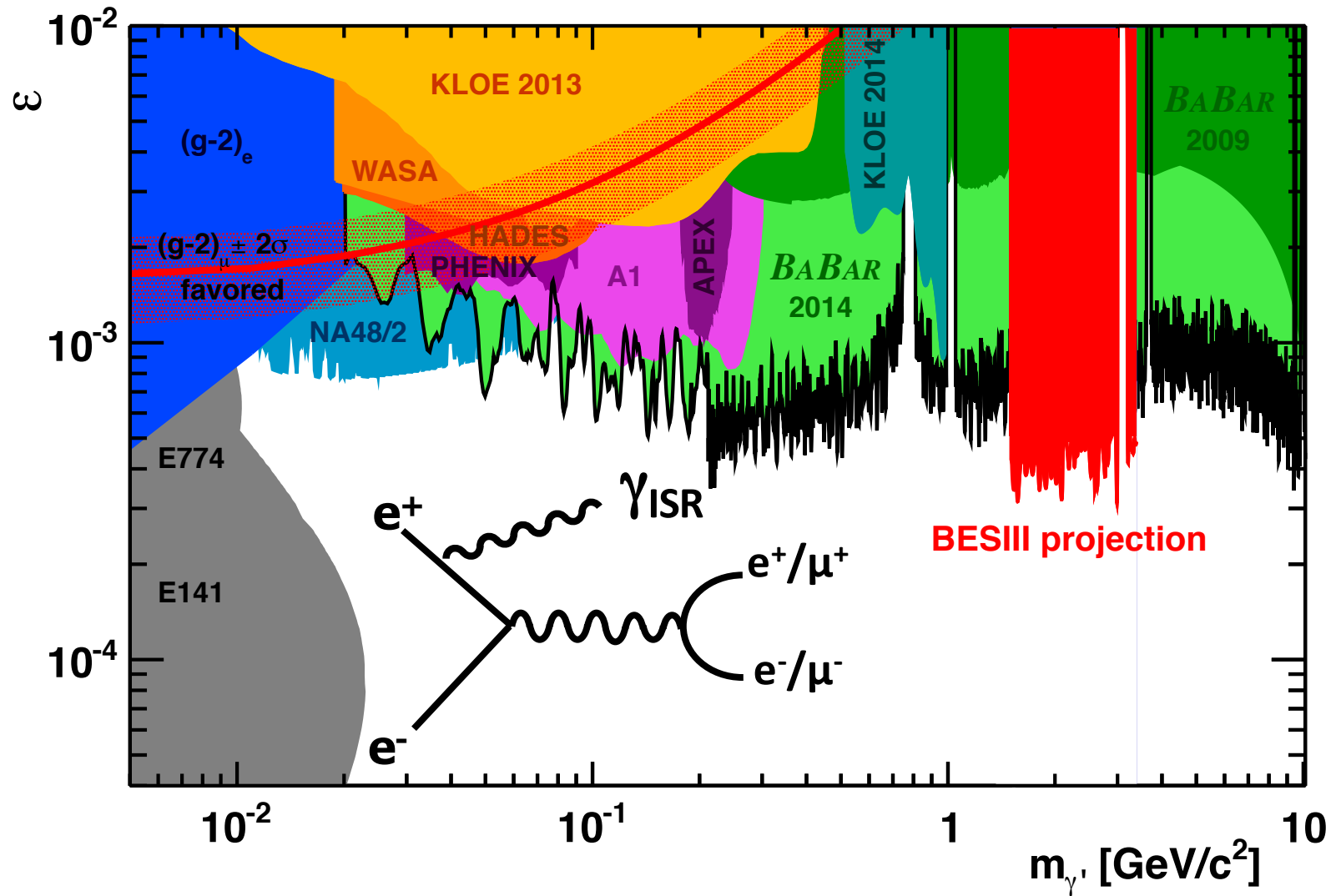
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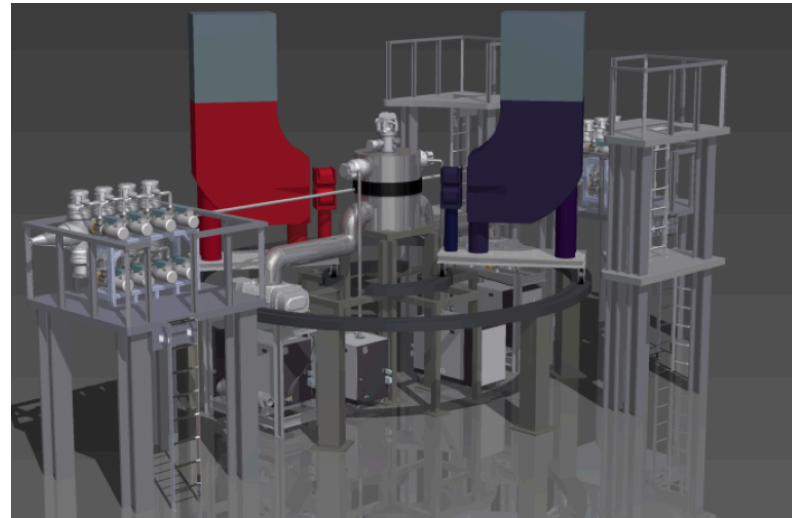
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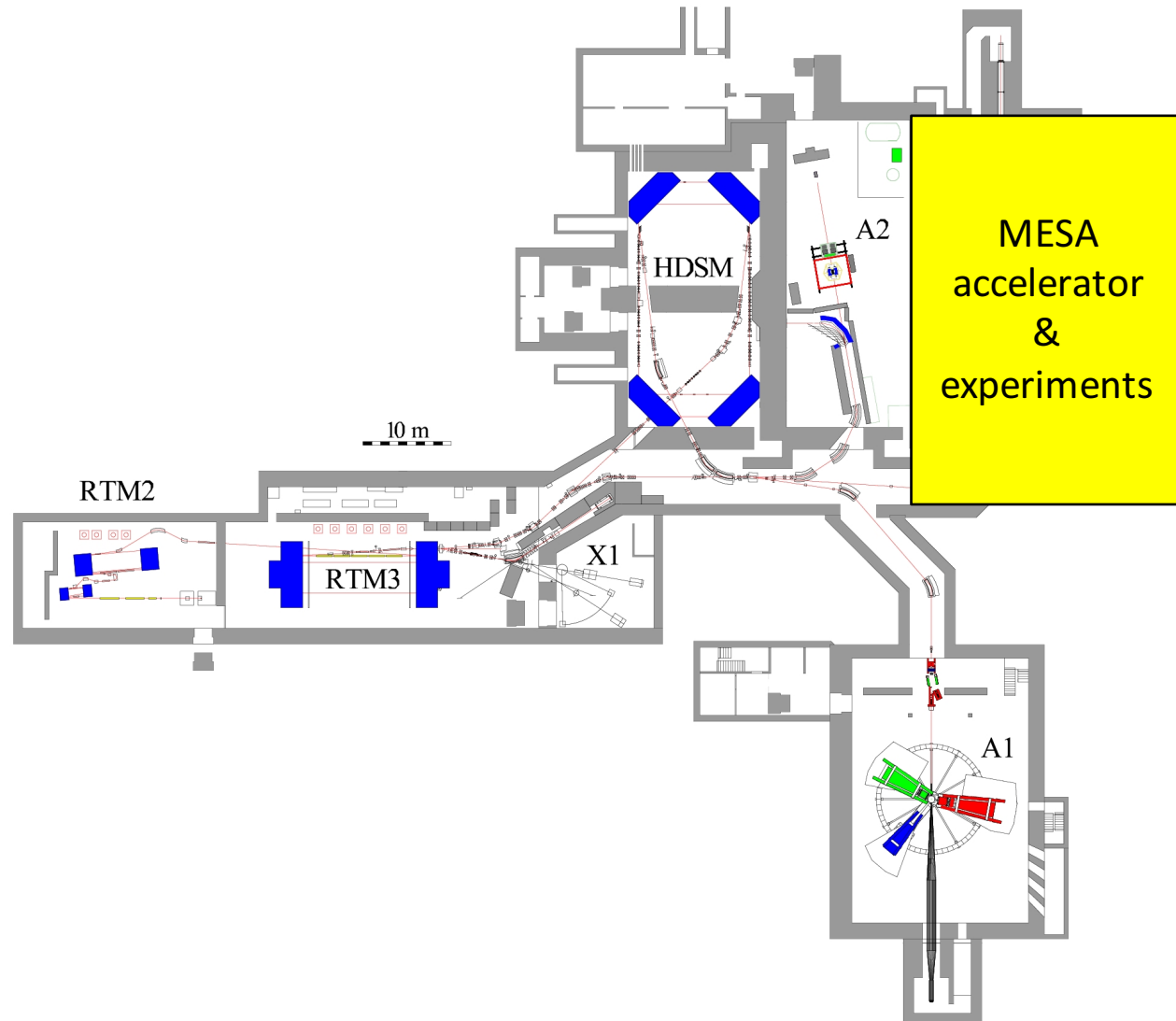
Situation as of today



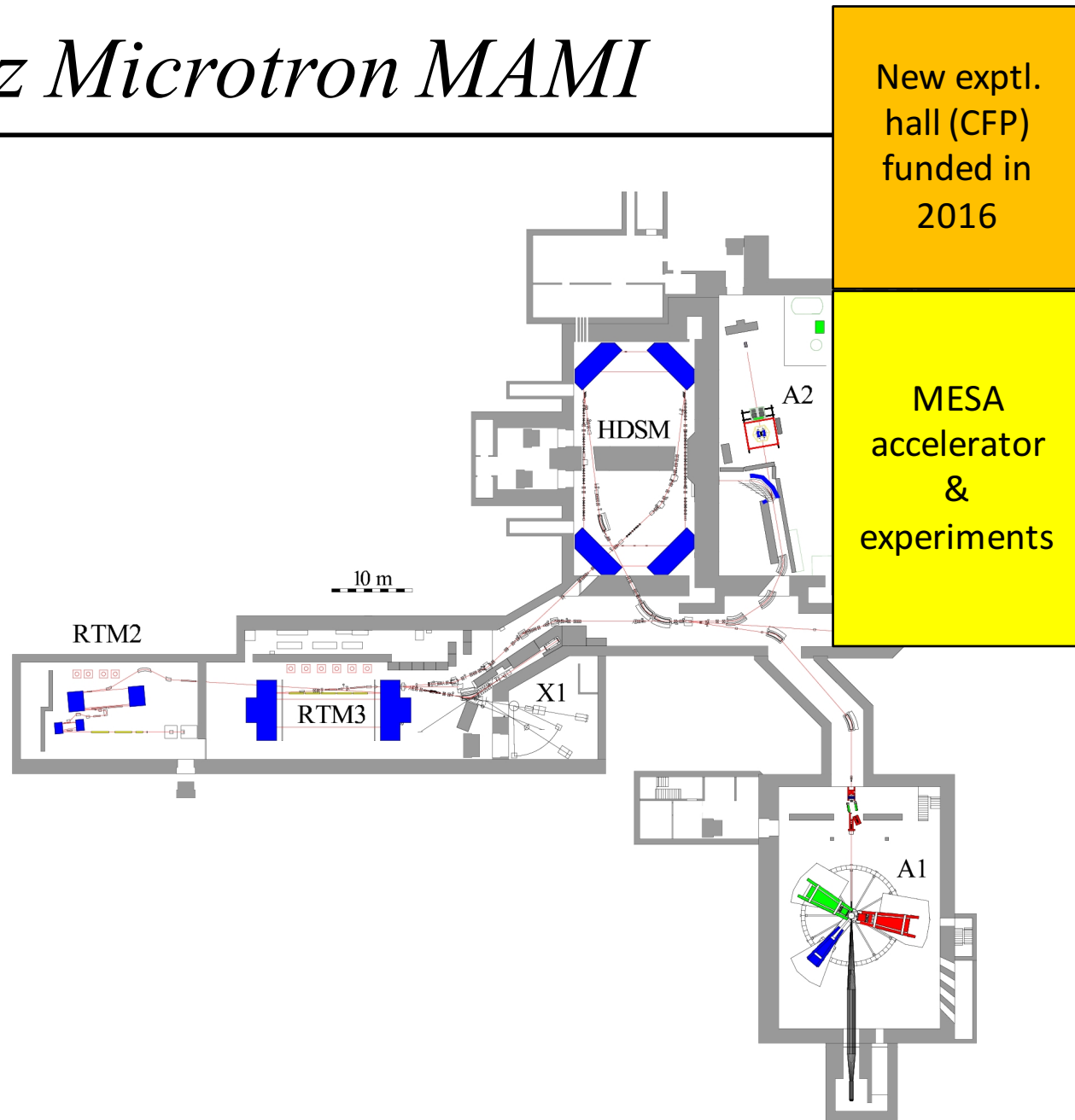
Dark Photon Search at MESA



Mainz Microtron MAMI



Mainz Microtron MAMI



NEW: MESA Accelerator

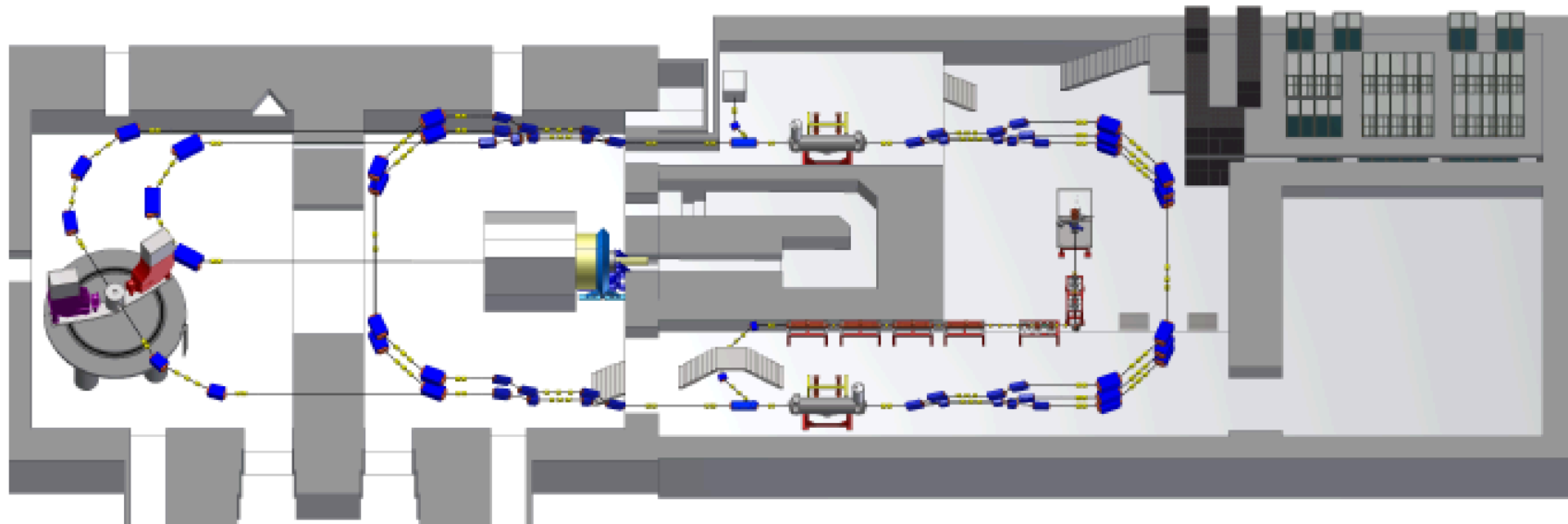
Mainz Energy-Recovering Superconducting Accelerator

Recirculating ERL

$E_{\max} = 155 \text{ MeV}$

$I_{\max} > 1 \text{ mA (ERL)}$

commissioning 2020



NEW: MESA Accelerator

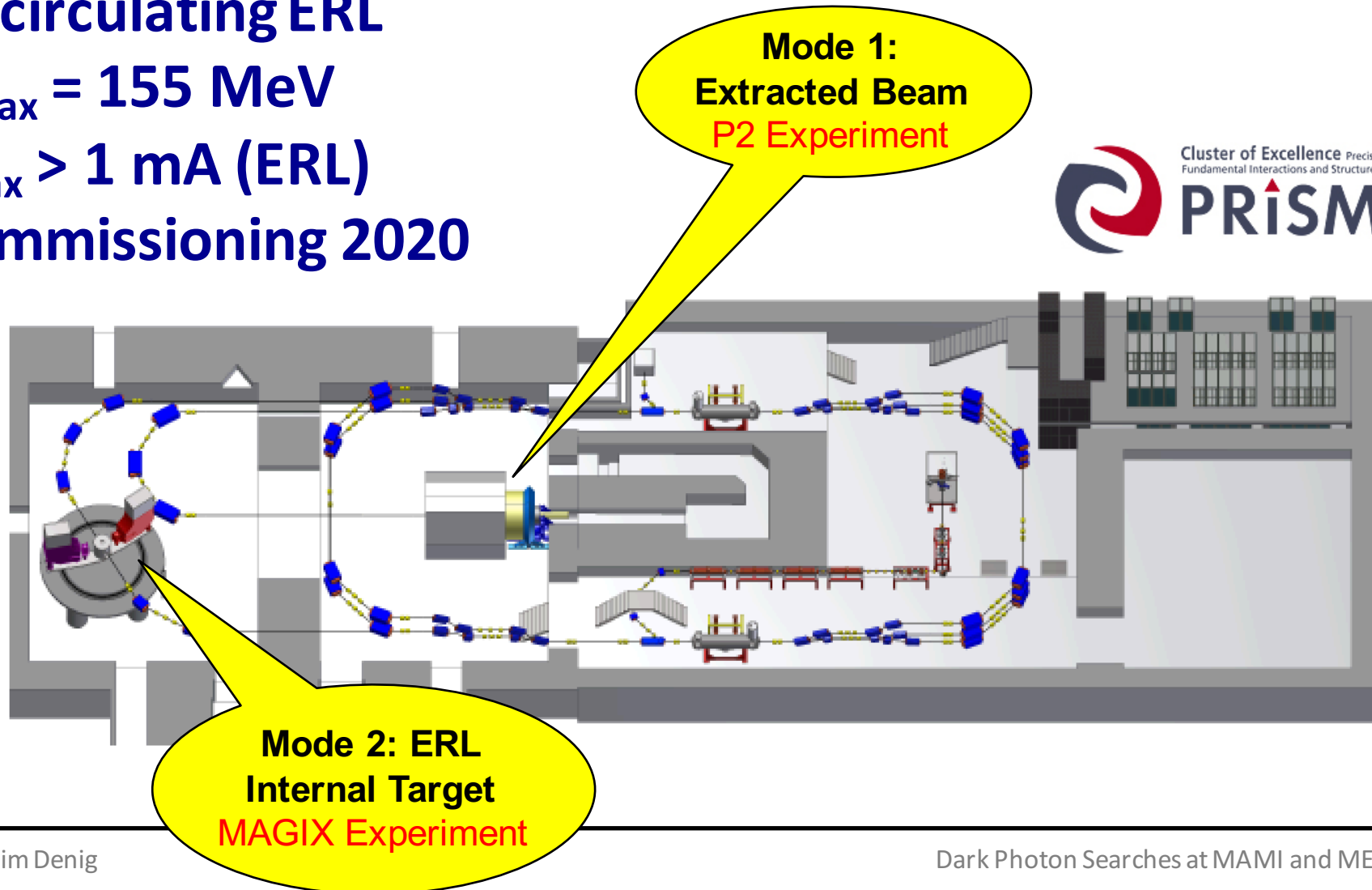
Mainz Energy-Recovering Superconducting Accelerator

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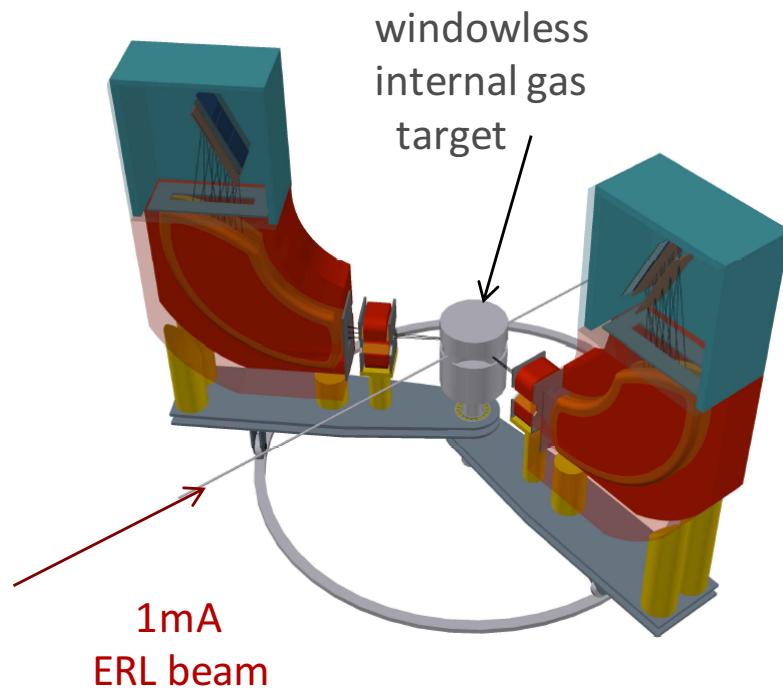
$I_{\max} > 1 \text{ mA (ERL)}$

commissioning 2020



The **MA**inz **G**as **I**nternal **EX**periment

**Operation of a high-intensity ERL beam
in conjunction with light internal target
→ a novel technique in nuclear and particle physics**



High resolution spectrometers MAGIX:

- double arm
- compact design
- momentum resolution: $\Delta p/p < 10^{-4}$
- acceptance: ± 50 mrad
- GEM-based focal plane detectors
- Gas Jet or polarized T-shaped target

MAGIX Physics Program

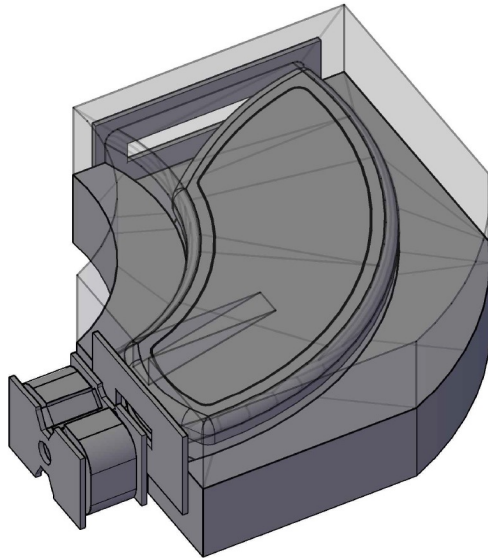
- Electromagnetic Form Factors of the Nucleons
- Nucleon Polarizabilities
- Few Body Physics
- Nuclear Reactions with astrophysical Relevance
- Searches for Particles of the Dark Sector

©Klaus Hansen

The MAGIX Spectrometers

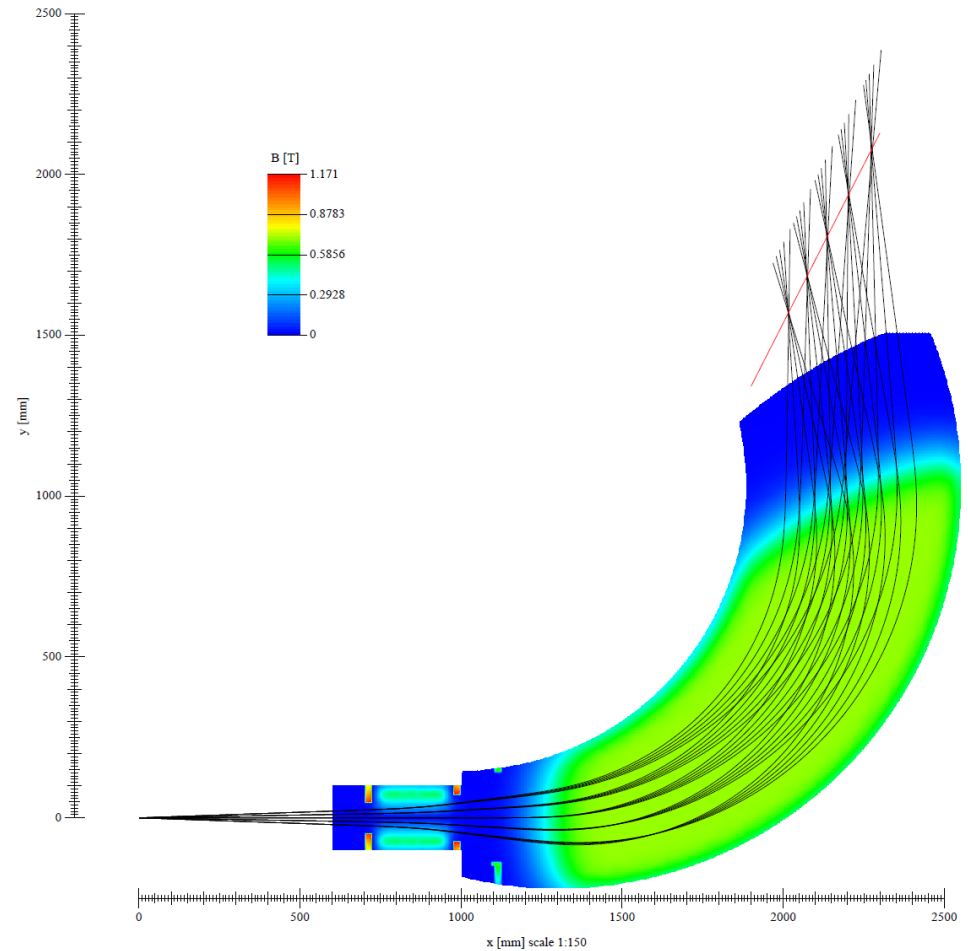
Simple Design: Quadrupole + Dipole

- 200 MeV maximum momentum
- 90 MeV momentum acceptance @ 200 MeV



Finite-element simulations

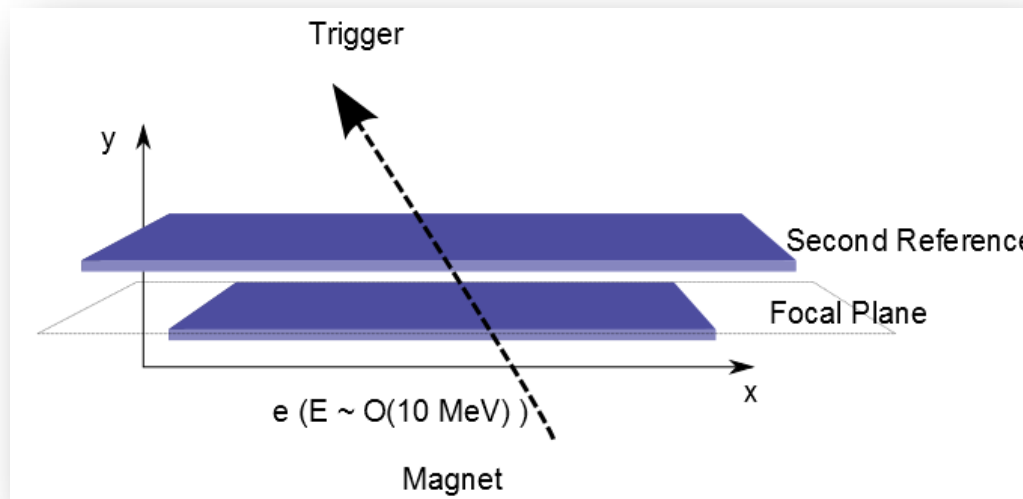
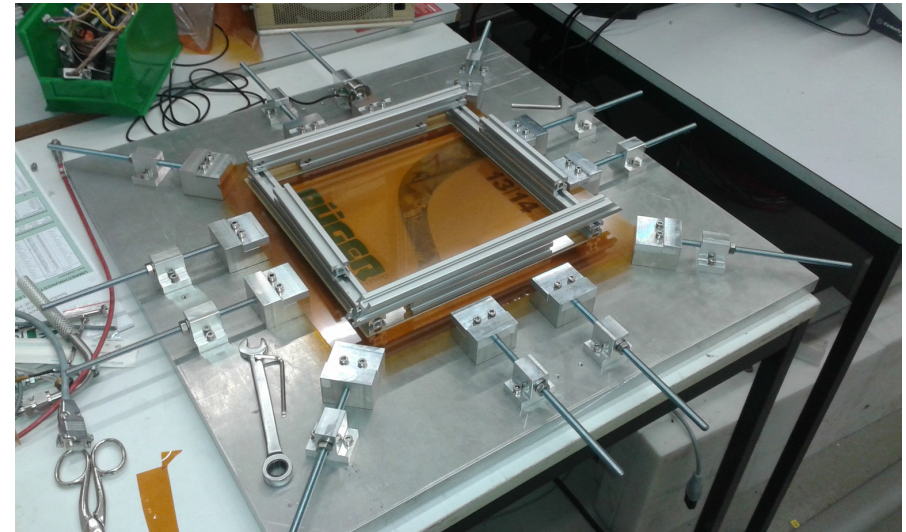
- 10^{-4} relative momentum resolution
- Assuming 50 μm resolution in the focal plane



The Focal Plane Detectors

2 Sensitive layers

- The first centered on the focal plane
- The second with a sizable lever arm to measure the angle
- 30 x 120 cm²

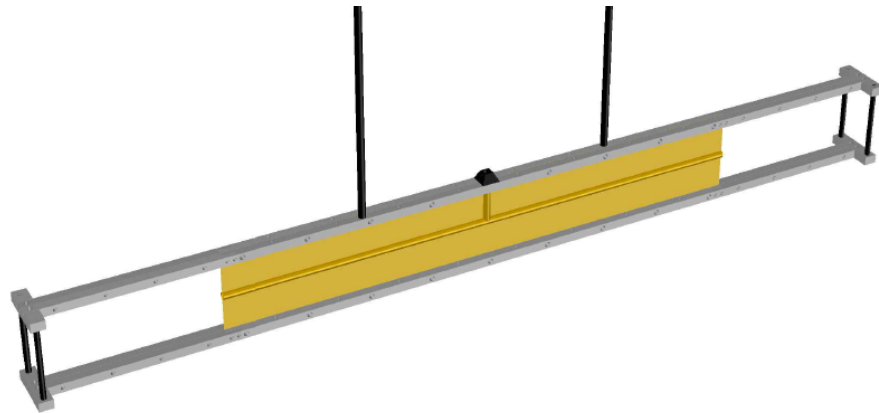


GEM Detectors

- 2D Strip readout
- 0.7% radiation length
- High rate capabilities
- Small TPC detector ???
- **Aim for 50 μm resolution**

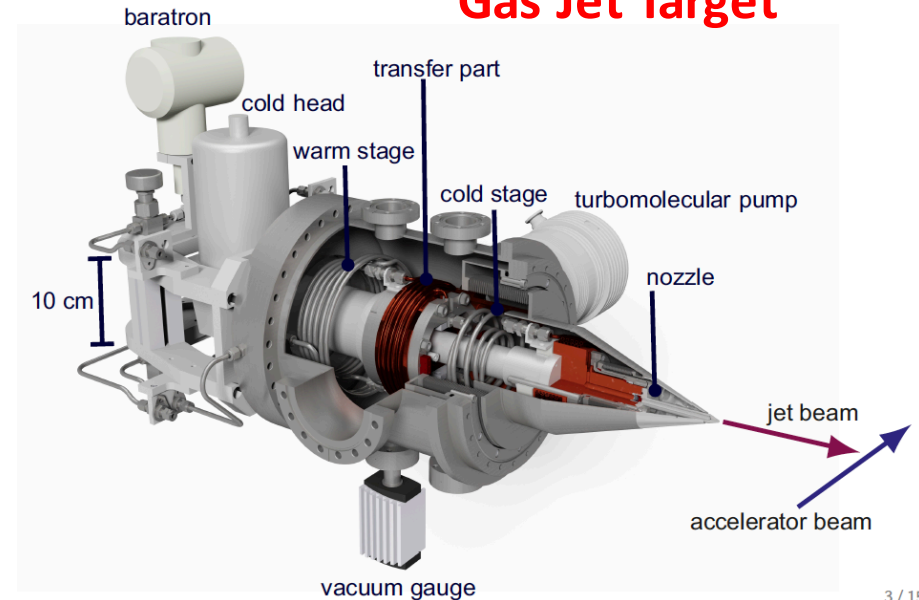
Internal Gas Targets for MAGIX

Thin T-shaped foil



- Length (~ 30 cm)
- First prototype with mylar foil
- Can use polarized gases
- Estimated luminosity with polarized beam $O(>> 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1})$

Gas Jet Target

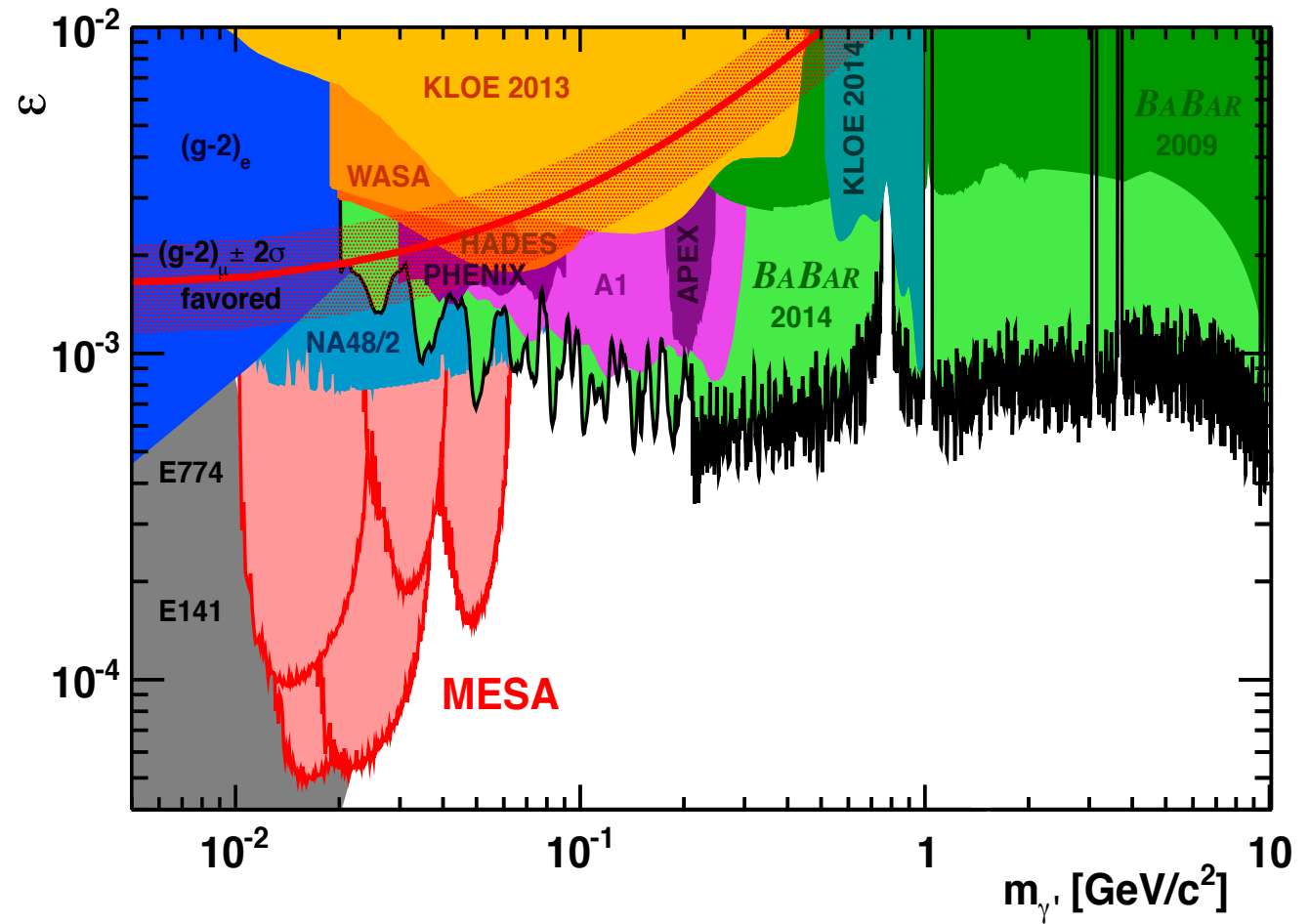


- Supersonic gas /cluster jet
- Higher gas density ($10^{19}/\text{cm}^2$)
- O(mm) target length
- Estimated luminosity $O(10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}) @ 10^{19}/\text{cm}^2$
- Windowless !
- Ready in 2016 !

Dark Sector Searches at MAGIX

Features:

- Xe gas target
- Luminosity $10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- 6 month of data taking



MAGIX / MESA

Model 1: Dark Photon coupling to SM particles

→ parameter range motivated by Dark Photon relation to Dark Matter

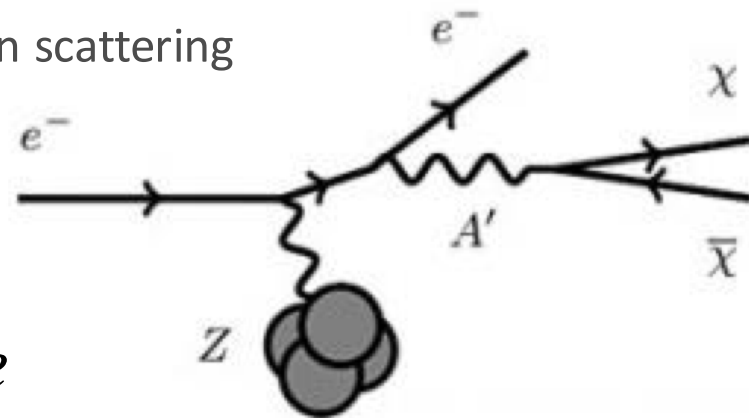
Dark Sector Searches at MAGIX

Model 2: Dark Photon coupling to Dark Matter

- could still explain $(g-2)_\mu$ discrepancy
- exploit excellent momentum resolution of MAGIX (proton recoil!)
- Main background: Virtual Compton scattering

$$e + p \rightarrow e' + p + X$$

\hookrightarrow *invisible*

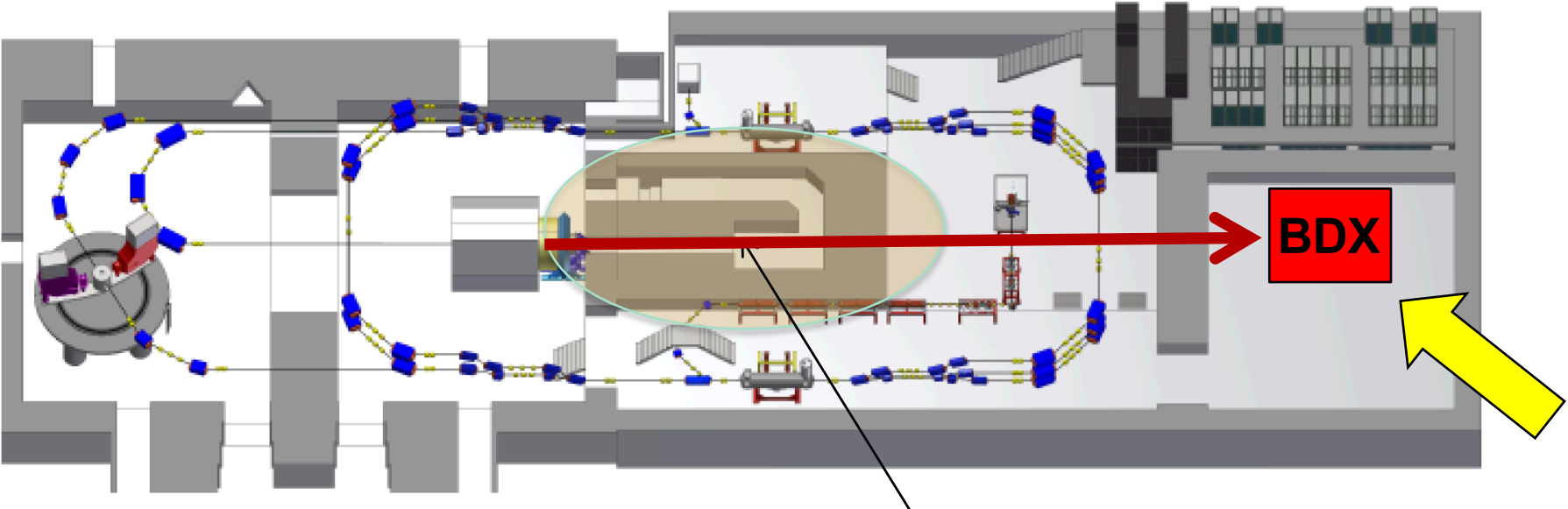
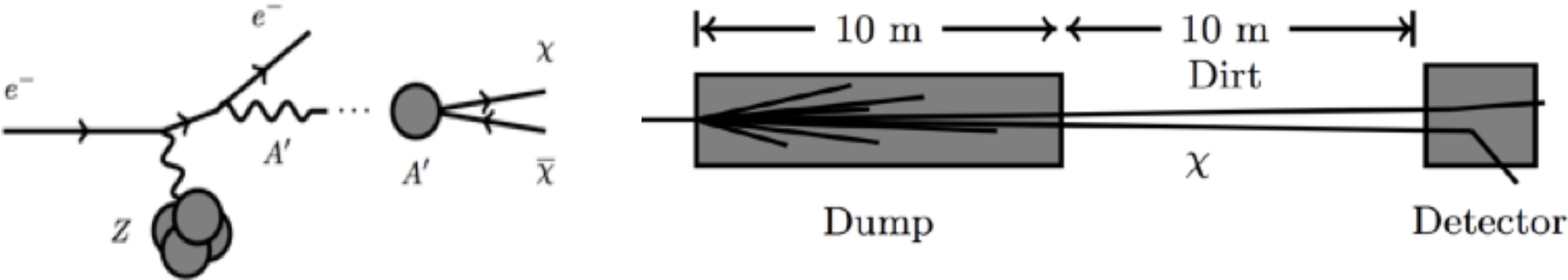


$$m_{\gamma'}^2 = (e + p - e' - p')^2$$

Sensitivity at MAGIX currently calculated within a bachelor thesis
(use of thin HVMAPS detectors for proton recoil under study)

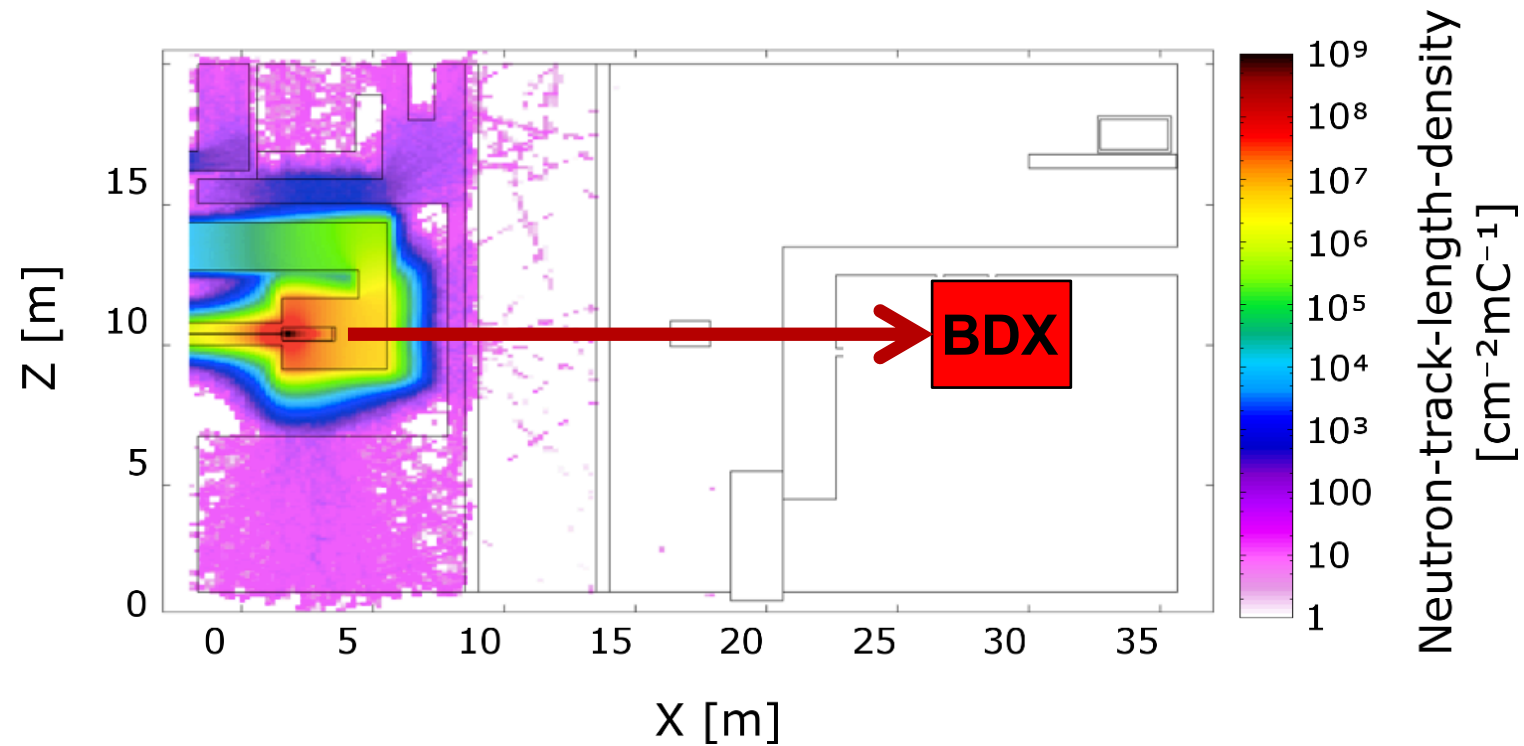
Beam Dump Experiment (BDX) @ MESA

Electron Scattering on Beam Dump → Collimated pair of Dark Matter particles !



This existing beam dump is going to be the P2 beam dump

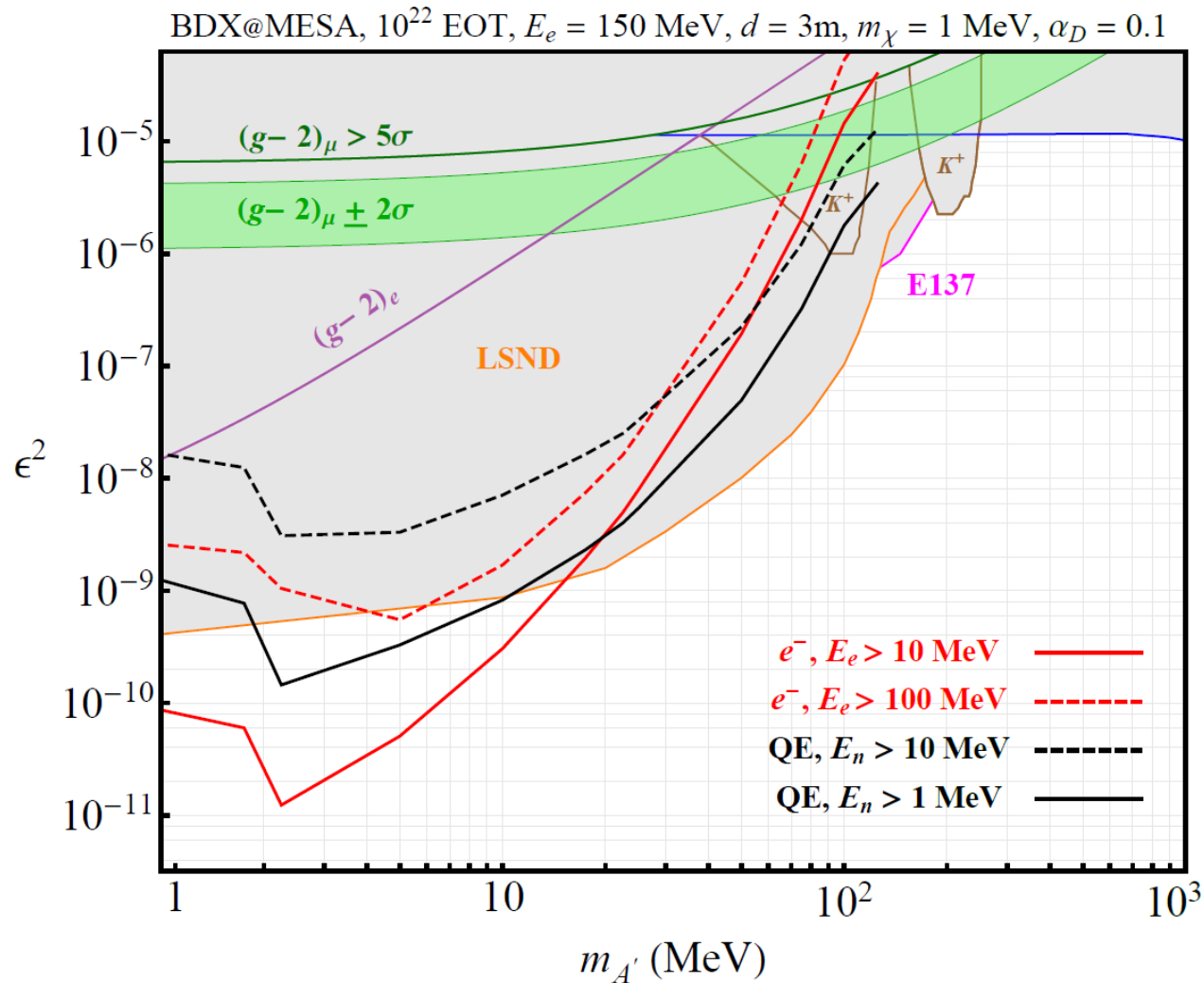
10,000 hours @ 150 μA
→ 10²³ electrons on target (EOT)



Background situation

- FLUKA simulation of neutron background promising ($\sim 10^{11}$ EOT)
- MESA running below pion production threshold \rightarrow no neutrinos!

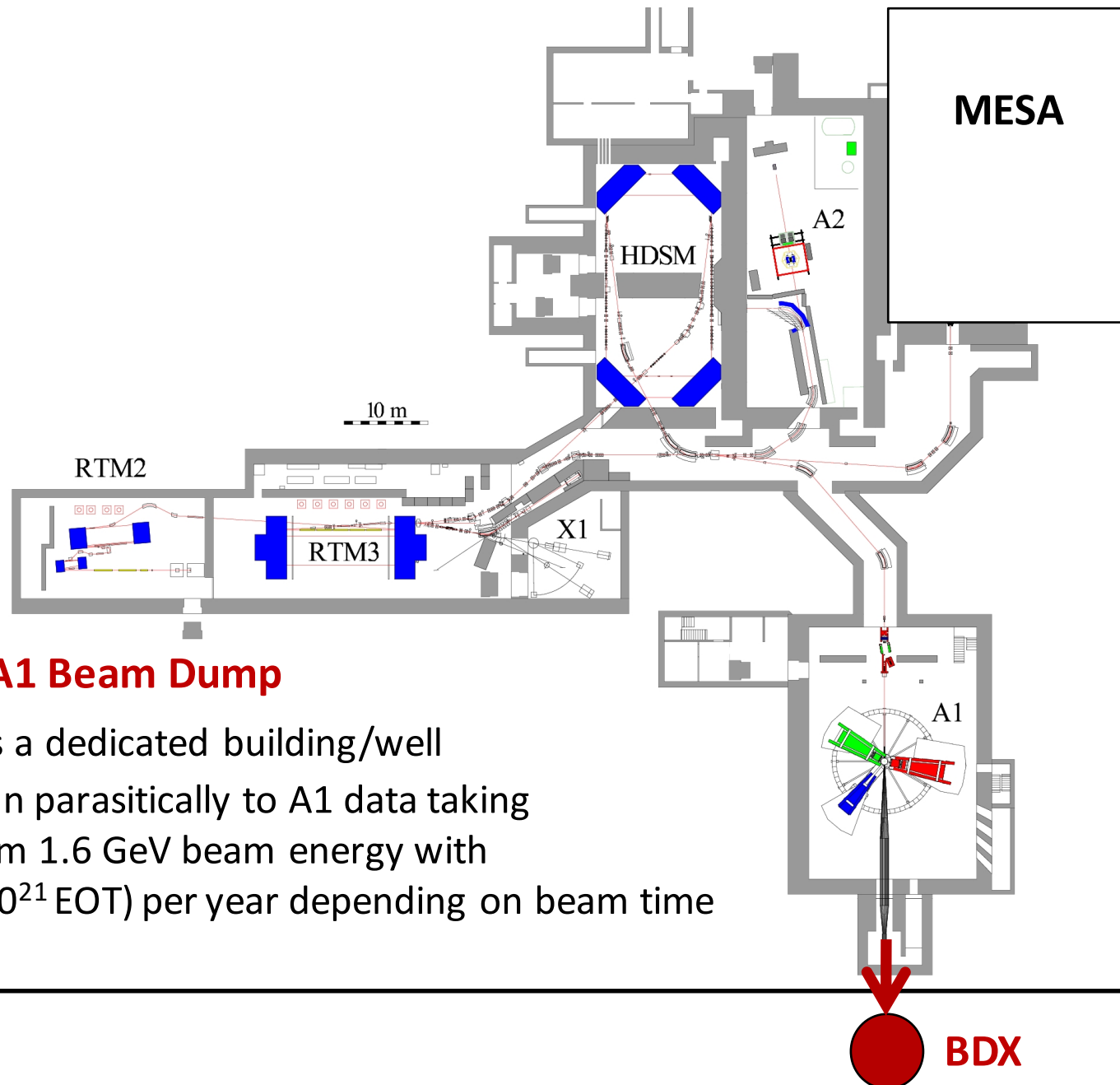
Testing competitive parameter range



G. Krnjaic +
E. Izaguirre
Perimeter Inst.

But what about BDX at MAMI ?

**Same intensity as MESA in
extracted beam mode,
but higher beam energy !!!
11 m underground !!!**

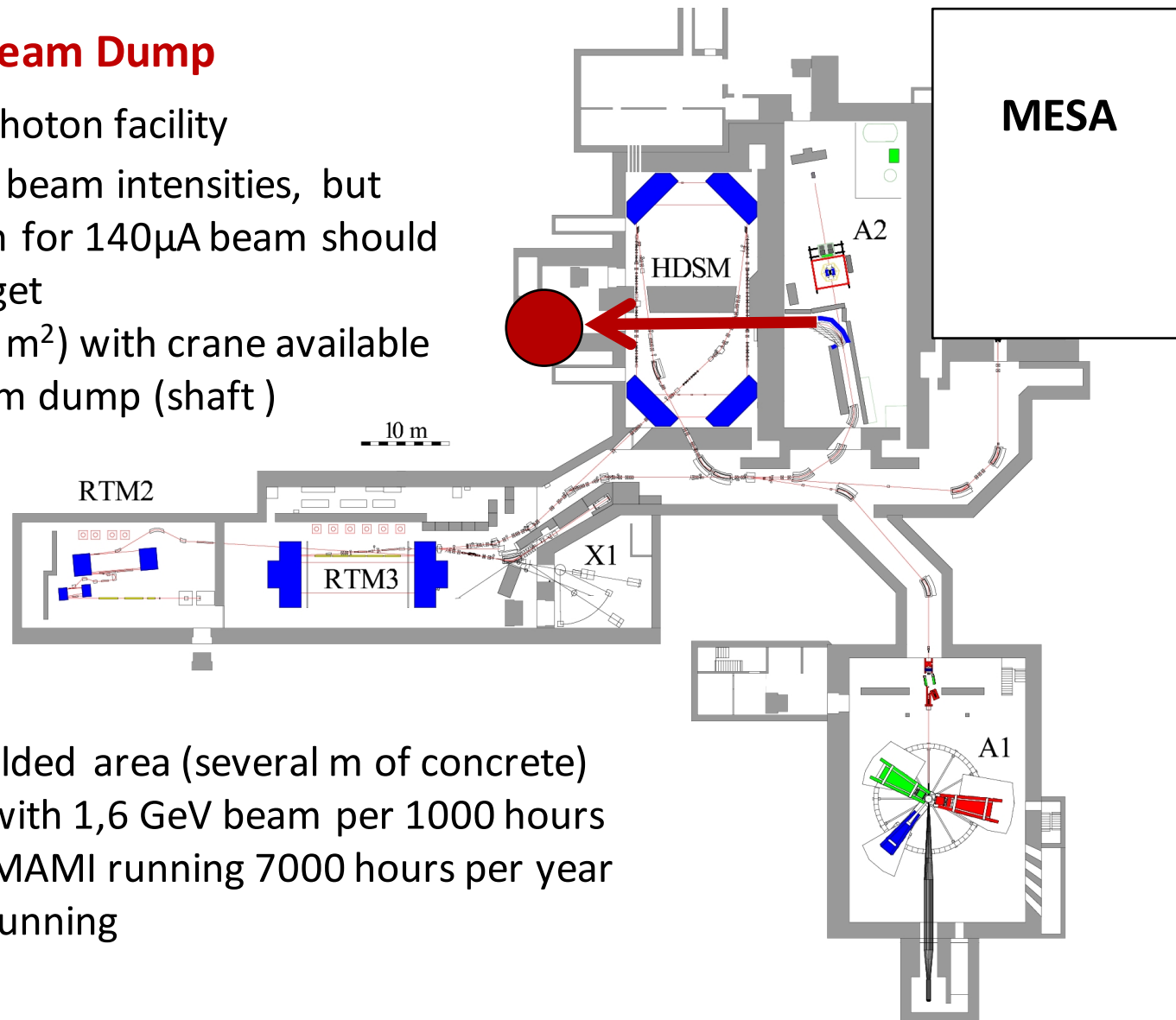


Option 1: A1 Beam Dump

- Requires a dedicated building/well
- Could run parasitically to A1 data taking
- Maximum 1.6 GeV beam energy with $O(\text{few } 10^{21} \text{ EOT})$ per year depending on beam time

Option 2: A2 Beam Dump

- A2: Tagged photon facility
- Typically low beam intensities, but authorisation for 140 μ A beam should be trivial to get
- Space (many m²) with crane available after A2 beam dump (shaft)



- Very well shielded area (several m of concrete)
- 3 x 10²¹ EOT with 1,6 GeV beam per 1000 hours (6 weeks) – MAMI running 7000 hours per year
- No parasitic running

BDX @ MAMI, Bunch-Structure



- Standard operation of MAMI with 2,45 GHz microwave frequency
→ bad for TOF purpose for BDX
- Recently single bunch tests carried out at MAMI
- Findings:
 - Bunch spacing can be varied almost arbitrarily
 - Drop of intensity
 - **12 ns bunch spacing @ 20 μ A** immediately achieved
 - **100 ns bunch spacing @ 3 μ A** possible
- These numbers are conservativ estimates
(A PhD student is working on this)

Conclusions

- **Competitive results achieved at A1/MAMI**
 - **MESA will be operational ~2020**
Great opportunities for Dark Sector physics and beyond; Experiences from Dark Light / JLAB !
 - **Beam Dump Experiment at MESA and MAMI**
 - **10^{23} EOT parasitically to P2 data taking (0,155 GeV)**
 - **10^{22} EOT in 3000 h of beam time (1,6 GeV)**
 - **Option to go for larger bunch spacing 12 ... 100 ns**
- Dedicated beam time for BDX measurement ?!**

MAGIX @ MESA

