### Visible Dark Photons

Minimal Model:

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{\epsilon}{2\mathrm{cos}\theta_W} B_{\mu\nu} A_D^{\mu\nu}$$

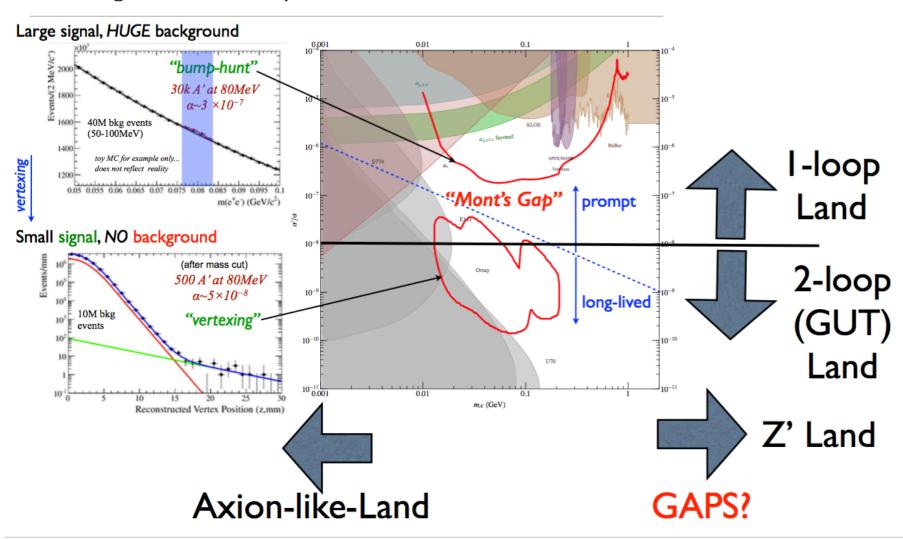
- Two parameters:  $\epsilon, M_D$
- Regions of interest in our working group:

 $MeV < M_D < 10 GeV$   $\epsilon$  as small as you can

- 18 talks, > 15 experiments
- Significant overlap w/DMA (2 joint sessions)

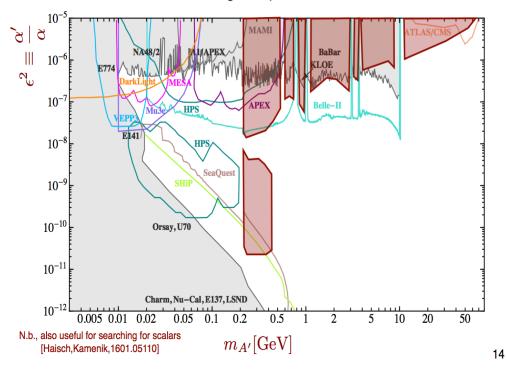
## Lay of the Land (a.k.a. Targets)

**HPS Signal Sensitivity** 



### **Dark Photons**

Move to a triggerless detector readout in Run 3 will have a huge impact on low-mass BSM searches, including dark photons.



#### Comments:

- Time scale: ~ next 10 years. (not more precise!)
- Multiple approaches -> robust, full coverage?

#### **Upper left zone:**

Ruled out by many kinds of experiments

#### Middle left zone:

- bump hunting drives down from above
  - systematics
- Vertexing improvements drive up from below
  - Resolution, boost
- HPS upgrades? VEPP3,PADME, MMAPS?
- Belle-II, LHCb (e+e-)
- Moving right: New expts? New ideas?

#### Lower Left zone:

- High rates
  - Hadronic production (SHIP, SQ, NA64)
- Long decay lengths
- Low background: comprehensive bkg control

#### **Upper Right Zone:**

Collider expts – sqrt(s)

#### **Great Desert:**

What to do here?

# Beyond Minimal Model

 This experimental program is sensitive to other types of new physics, and it is important to understand this sensitivity

 Motivated example is gauge bosons coupled to B, L, or B-L

 Expt's require couplings to leptons, quarks, or both; will have different sensitivity in such models

 Need to develop systematic understanding of this sensitivity



Thanks Mom!